Representative Karen M. Peterson proposes the following substitute bill:

	PROPOSAL TO AMEND UTAH CONSTITUTION - INCOME
	TAX
	2023 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
	House Sponsor: Karen M. Peterson
LO	NG TITLE
Gei	neral Description:
	This joint resolution of the Legislature proposes to amend the Utah Constitution to
mo	lify provisions related to the use of taxes on intangible property and income.
Hig	hlighted Provisions:
	This resolution proposes to amend the Utah Constitution to:
	 require taxes on intangible property and income to be used to:
	• maintain a statutory public education funding framework; and
	• fund a budgetary stabilization account; and
	 permit tax on intangible property and income to be used to support state needs in
add	ition to other permitted uses.
Spe	cial Clauses:
	This resolution directs the lieutenant governor to submit this proposal to voters.
	This resolution provides a contingent effective date of January 1, 2025 for this proposal.
Uta	h Constitution Sections Affected:
AM	ENDS:
	Article XIII, Section 5

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26	Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah, two-thirds of all members elected to each
27	of the two houses voting in favor thereof:
28	Section 1. It is proposed to amend Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 5, to read:
29	Article XIII, Section 5. [Use and amount of taxes and expenditures.]
30	(1) (a) The Legislature shall provide by statute for an annual tax sufficient, with other
31	revenues, to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the State for each fiscal year.
32	(b) If the ordinary expenses of the State will exceed revenues for a fiscal year, the
33	Governor shall:
34	(i) reduce all State expenditures on a pro rata basis, except for expenditures for debt of
35	the State; or
36	(ii) convene the Legislature into session under Article VII, Section 6 to address the
37	deficiency.
38	(2) (a) For any fiscal year, the Legislature may not make an appropriation or authorize
39	an expenditure if the State's expenditure exceeds the total tax provided for by statute and
40	applicable to the particular appropriation or expenditure.
41	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to an appropriation or expenditure to suppress
42	insurrection, defend the State, or assist in defending the United States in time of war.
43	(3) For any debt of the State, the Legislature shall provide by statute for an annual tax
44	sufficient to pay:
45	(a) the annual interest; and
46	(b) the principal within 20 years after the final passage of the statute creating the debt.
47	(4) Except as provided in Article X, Section 5, Subsection (5)(a), the Legislature may
48	not impose a tax for the purpose of a political subdivision of the State, but may by statute
49	authorize political subdivisions of the State to assess and collect taxes for their own purposes.
50	(5) All revenue from taxes on intangible property or from a tax on income shall be
51	used:
52	(a) to support the systems of public education and higher education as defined in
53	Article X, Section 2; [and]
54	(b) to maintain a statutory public education funding framework that:
55	(i) uses a portion of revenue growth for expenditures from the Uniform School Fund
56	for changes in student enrollment and long-term inflation; and

vehicles on public highways and proceeds from an excise tax on liquid motor fuel used topropel those motor vehicles shall be used for:

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(5)(b).

(a) statutory refunds and adjustments and costs of collection and administration;

[(b)] (c) to support children and to support individuals with a disability[-]; and

(d) to support other state needs after the fulfillment of the requirements in Subsection

(b) the construction, maintenance, and repair of State and local roads, including
payment for property taken for or damaged by rights-of-way and for associated administrative
costs;

68 (c) driver education;

69 (d) enforcement of state motor vehicle and traffic laws; and

(ii) provides a budgetary stabilization account;

(e) the payment of the principal of and interest on any obligation of the State or a city
or county, issued for any of the purposes set forth in Subsection (6)(b) and to which any of the
fees, taxes, or other charges described in this Subsection (6) have been pledged, including any
paid to the State or a city or county, as provided by statute.

(7) Fees and taxes on tangible personal property imposed under Section 2, Subsection
(6) of this article are not subject to Subsection (6) of this Section 5 and shall be distributed to
the taxing districts in which the property is located in the same proportion as that in which the
revenue collected from real property tax is distributed.

(8) A political subdivision of the State may share its tax and other revenues withanother political subdivision of the State as provided by statute.

(9) Beginning July 1, 2016, the aggregate annual revenue from all severance taxes, as
those taxes are defined by statute, except revenue that by statute is used for purposes related to
any federally recognized Indian tribe, shall be deposited annually into the permanent State trust
fund under Article XXII, Section 4, as follows:

- 84 (a) 25% of the first \$50,000,000 of aggregate annual revenue;
- (b) 50% of the next \$50,000,000 of aggregate annual revenue; and
- 86 (c) 75% of the aggregate annual revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000.
- 87 Section 2. Submittal to voters.

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- The lieutenant governor is directed to submit this proposed amendment to the voters of
 the state at the next regular general election in the manner provided by law.
 Section 3. Contingent effective date.
 If the amendment proposed by this joint resolution is approved by a majority of those
 voting on it at the next regular general election, the amendment shall take effect on January 1,
- 93 <u>2025.</u>