### Representative A. Cory Maloy proposes the following substitute bill:

1	<b>DIVISION OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AMENDMENTS</b>
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts and repeals provisions related to consumer complaints to the Division
10	of Consumer Protection (division).
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul> <li>provides that consumer complaints are protected records under the Government</li> </ul>
14	Records Access and Management Act (GRAMA);
15	<ul> <li>requires the division to reclassify consumer complaints as public under GRAMA</li> </ul>
16	under certain circumstances;
17	<ul> <li>grants the division rulemaking authority;</li> </ul>
18	<ul> <li>repeals provisions related to consumer complaints;</li> </ul>
19	<ul> <li>defines terms; and</li> </ul>
20	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	This bill provides a special effective date.
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:

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26	AMENDS:
27	13-2-1 (Superseded 05/02/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 31,
28	36, 377, 458, 477, 498, and 509
29	13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 31, 36,
30	377, 458, 477, 498, 509, and 536
31	13-11-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 92
32	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 1, 16, 205, and 329
33	ENACTS:
34	13-2-11, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	REPEALS:
36	13-15-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 243
37	13-26-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 324
38	
39	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
40	Section 1. Section 13-2-1 (Superseded 05/02/24) is amended to read:
41	13-2-1 (Superseded 05/02/24). Consumer protection division established
42	Functions.
43	(1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer
44	Protection.
45	(2) The division shall administer and enforce the following:
46	(a) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act;
47	(b) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act;
48	(c) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act;
49	(d) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act;
50	(e) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act;
51	(f) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act;
52	(g) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act;
53	(h) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act;
54	(i) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;
55	(j) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;
56	(k) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter

57	Transaction Information Act;
58	(1) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary School and State Authorization Act;
59	(m) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act;
60	(n) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act;
61	(o) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act;
62	(p) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act;
63	(q) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;
64	(r) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;
65	(s) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act;
66	(t) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act;
67	(u) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act;
68	(v) Chapter 61, Utah Consumer Privacy Act;
69	(w) Chapter 63, Utah Social Media Regulation Act;
70	(x) Chapter 64, Vehicle Value Protection Agreement Act;
71	(y) Chapter 65, Utah Commercial Email Act; and
72	(z) Chapter 67, Online Dating Safety Act.
73	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
74	division may make rules to establish:
75	(a) a public list that identifies a person who:
76	(i) violates a chapter described in Subsection (2);
77	(ii) without proper legal justification, fails to comply with an order, subpoena,
78	judgment, or other legal process issued by:
79	(A) the division; or
80	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; or
81	(iii) breaches a settlement agreement, stipulation, assurance of voluntary compliance,
82	or similar instrument signed by the person and the division; and
83	(b) a process by which a person may be removed from the list the division establishes
84	as described in Subsection (3)(a).
85	Section 2. Section 13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24) is amended to read:
86	13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24). Consumer protection division established
87	Functions.

88	(1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consu	ımer
89	Protection.	
90	(2) The division shall administer and enforce the following:	
91	(a) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act;	
92	(b) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act;	
93	(c) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act;	
94	(d) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act;	
95	(e) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act;	
96	(f) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act;	
97	(g) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act;	
98	(h) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act;	
99	(i) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;	
100	(j) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;	
101	(k) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter	
102	Transaction Information Act;	
103	(1) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary School and State Authorization Act;	
104	(m) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act;	
105	(n) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act;	
106	(o) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act;	
107	(p) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act;	
108	(q) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;	
109	(r) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;	
110	(s) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act;	
111	(t) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act;	
112	(u) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act;	
113	(v) Chapter 61, Utah Consumer Privacy Act;	
114	(w) Chapter 63, Utah Social Media Regulation Act;	
115	(x) Chapter 64, Vehicle Value Protection Agreement Act;	
116	(y) Chapter 65, Utah Commercial Email Act;	
117	(z) Chapter 67, Online Dating Safety Act; and	
118	(aa) Chapter 68, Lawyer Referral Consultants Registration Act.	

119	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
120	division may make rules to establish:
121	(a) a public list that identifies a person who:
122	(i) violates a chapter described in Subsection (2);
123	(ii) without proper legal justification, fails to comply with an order, subpoena,
124	judgment, or other legal process issued by:
125	(A) the division; or
126	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; or
127	(iii) breaches a settlement agreement, stipulation, assurance of voluntary compliance,
128	or similar instrument signed by the person and the division; and
129	(b) a process by which a person may be removed from the list the division establishes
130	as described in Subsection (3)(a).
131	Section 3. Section <b>13-2-11</b> is enacted to read:
132	<b><u>13-2-11.</u></b> Publication of consumer complaints.
133	(1) As used in this section:
134	(a) "Consumer complaint" means a complaint that:
135	(i) is provided to the division;
136	(ii) alleges facts relating to conduct that the division regulates under Section 13-2-1;
137	and
138	(iii) may contain:
139	(A) information that identifies a respondent; and
140	(B) a narrative description of and information relevant to the conduct described in
141	Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
142	(b) "Consumer narrative" means the narrative description contained in a consumer
143	complaint as described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(B).
144	(c) "Filer" means a person who files a consumer complaint.
145	(d) "Respondent" means a person against whom a filer files a consumer complaint.
146	(2) (a) A consumer complaint is a protected record as provided in Subsection
147	<u>63G-2-305(88).</u>
148	(b) In carrying out the division's duties, the division may not publicly disclose the
149	identity of a person the division investigates unless:

150	(i) the person's identity becomes a matter of public record in an enforcement
151	proceeding; or
152	(ii) the person consents to public disclosure.
153	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):
154	(a) the division may reclassify a consumer complaint as public if:
155	(i) (A) the consumer complaint is one of at least 10 consumer complaints filed with the
156	division against the same person, alleging the same or similar conduct, and during the
157	12-month period immediately preceding the day on which the filer files the consumer
158	complaint;
159	(B) the consumer complaint does not contain information that an agreement with
160	another state or federal agency or a condition of participation in an investigation or litigation
161	requires the division keep confidential;
162	(C) the consumer complaint is not classified as controlled, private, or protected as
163	described in Sections 63G-2-302 through 63G-2-305, for a reason other than that identified by
164	Subsection 63G-2-305(88); and
165	(D) access to the record is not restricted as described by Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b);
166	<u>or</u>
167	(ii) the division takes public enforcement action against a respondent as a result of the
168	consumer complaint; and
169	(b) the division may disclose a consumer complaint to the respondent.
170	(4) In determining the number of complaints against the same person in accordance
171	with Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), the division may consider consumer complaints that are filed
172	against multiple entities under common ownership as consumer complaints against the same
173	person.
174	(5) A respondent's initial, written response to a consumer complaint that is public
175	under Subsection (3) is a public record.
176	(6) Before making a consumer complaint that is reclassified as public under Subsection
177	(3), or a response described in Subsection (5), available to the public, the division:
178	(a) shall redact from the consumer complaint or the response any information that
179	would disclose:
180	(i) the filer's:

181	(A) address;
182	(B) social security number;
183	(C) bank account information;
184	(D) email address; or
185	(E) telephone number; or
186	(ii) information similar in nature to the information described in Subsection (6)(a)(i);
187	and
188	(b) may redact the filer's name and any other information that could, in the division's
189	judgment, disclose the filer's identity.
190	(7) If the division discloses the consumer complaint to the respondent as described in
191	Subsection (3)(b), the division may redact the filer's:
192	(a) bank account information;
193	(b) social security number;
194	(c) name and any other information that could, in the division's judgment, disclose the
195	filer's identity, if the filer requests anonymity; and
196	(d) other information the disclosure of which constitutes a clearly unwarranted
197	invasion of personal privacy.
197a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow (8)$ Nothing in this section precludes the division from disclosing a consumer complaint in
197b	<u>accordance with Section 63G-2-201.</u> ←Ŝ
198	Section 4. Section 13-11-7 is amended to read:
199	13-11-7. Duties of enforcing authority Confidentiality of identity of persons
200	investigated Civil penalty for violation of restraining or injunctive orders.
201	(1) The enforcing authority shall:
202	(a) enforce this chapter throughout the state;
203	(b) cooperate with state and local officials, officials of other states, and officials of the
204	federal government in the administration of comparable statutes;
205	(c) inform consumers and suppliers on a continuing basis of the provisions of this
206	chapter and of acts or practices that violate this chapter [including mailing information
207	concerning final judgments to persons who request it, for which he may charge a reasonable fee
208	to cover the expense];
209	(d) receive and act on complaints; and
210	(e) maintain a public file of final judgments rendered under this chapter that have been
211	

212 final consent judgments, and to the extent the enforcing authority considers appropriate, 213 assurances of voluntary compliance. 214 [(2) In carrying out his duties, the enforcing authority may not publicly disclose the identity of a person investigated unless his identity has become a matter of public record in an 215 216 enforcement proceeding or he has consented to public disclosure.] 217  $\left[\frac{3}{2}\right]$  (2) On motion of the enforcing authority, or on its own motion, the court may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each day a temporary restraining order, 218 219 preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction issued under this chapter is violated, if the 220 supplier received notice of the restraining or injunctive order. Civil penalties imposed under 221 this section shall be paid to the General Fund. 222 Section 5. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read: 223 63G-2-305. Protected records. 224 The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity: 225 (1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret 226 has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309; 227 (2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person if: 228 229 (a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair 230 competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the 231 governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future; 232 (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access 233 than the public in obtaining access; and 234 (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with 235 the information specified in Section 63G-2-309; 236 (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity 237 to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause 238 239 substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy; 240 (4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as 241 242 defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4):

242	(5) test questions and answers to be used in fature lisense soutification maintention
243	(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
244	employment, or academic examinations;
245	(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement
246	proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or
247	agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
248	Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or
249	grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
250	(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental
251	entity in response to:
252	(i) an invitation for bids;
253	(ii) a request for proposals;
254	(iii) a request for quotes;
255	(iv) a grant; or
256	(v) other similar document; or
257	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
258	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
259	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict
260	the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
261	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
262	awarded and signed by all parties; or
263	(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
264	subject of the request for information; and
265	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is
266	issued;
267	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real
268	or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition
269	before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
270	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
271	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
272	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
273	duty of confidentiality to the entity;

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274 (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described 275 property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property; 276 (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of 277 property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value 278 of the property; or 279 (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence 280 and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire 281 the property as required under Section 78B-6-505: 282 (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other 283 compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if 284 disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value 285 of the subject property, unless: 286 (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting 287 access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the 288 transaction; or 289 (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of 290 the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or 291 under a duty of confidentiality to the entity: 292 (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement 293 purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if 294 release of the records: 295 (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for 296 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes; 297 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement 298 proceedings; 299 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial 300 hearing; 301 (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not 302 generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of 303 an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of 304 government if disclosure would compromise the source; or

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305 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques,
306 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would
307 interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;

308 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an309 individual;

(12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental
 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft,
 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;

(13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional
facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere
with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the
Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that are based
on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the
board's jurisdiction;

(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational
 procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
 audits or collections;

324 (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit325 until the final audit is released;

326 (17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;

(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial,
quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;

(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
 from a member of the Legislature; and

(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and

(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connectionwith the preparation of legislation between:

336	(A) members of a legislative body;
337	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
338	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
339	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
340	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
341	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
342	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated
343	legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the
344	legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
345	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
346	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator
347	asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such
348	time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
349	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and
350	General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared
351	in response to these requests;
352	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
353	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
354	(a) collective bargaining; or
355	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
356	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that
357	may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
358	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
359	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
360	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
361	personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
362	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or
363	biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of
364	valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
365	(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would
366	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

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367 (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
368 Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
369 retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in
accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of
371 the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students
372 admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative
proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated
policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected
those policies or courses of action or made them public;

377 (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
378 revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final
379 recommendations in these areas;

(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected
records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure
if retained by it;

384 (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a
385 public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;

(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including
final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from
disclosure;

(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an
administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any
other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;

(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered
by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand
or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the
person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not
be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;

397 (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining

398	the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents,
399	copyrights, and trade secrets;
400	(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an
401	institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other
402	information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of
403	the donor, provided that:
404	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
405	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
406	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
407	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
408	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged
409	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
410	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
411	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
412	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
413	73-18-13;
414	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
415	34A-2-205;
416	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
417	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
418	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
419	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
420	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
421	(A) relating to research; and
422	(B) of:
423	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
424	53B-1-102; or
425	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
426	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
427	(iv) creative works in process;
428	(v) scholarly correspondence; and

429	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
430	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
431	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
432	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
433	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
434	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit
435	prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
436	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
437	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
438	the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would
439	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as
440	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
441	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
442	other document that indicates the location of:
443	(a) a production facility; or
444	(b) a magazine;
445	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and
446	Adult Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
447	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
448	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
449	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
450	National Guard's federal mission;
451	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
452	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop,
453	Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
454	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
455	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
456	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
457	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or
458	prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of
459	which would jeopardize:

460	(a) the safety of the general public; or
461	(b) the security of:
462	(i) governmental property;
463	(ii) governmental programs; or
464	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
465	Management information;
466	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the
467	identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under
468	Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
469	of Animal Disease;
470	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-408:
471	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services
472	related to a complaint regarding a child care program or residential child care which the
473	department is unable to substantiate; and
474	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
475	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or
476	residential child care;
477	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
478	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
479	personal mobile phone number, if:
480	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
481	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
482	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
483	kept confidential due to:
484	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
485	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
486	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
487	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number
488	where the candidate may be contacted:
489	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
490	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408,

491	20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
492	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
493	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section
494	20A-9-408;
495	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
496	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
497	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
498	53B-1-102; and
499	(b) conducted using animals;
500	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
501	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to whether a
502	judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection 78A-12-203(4), and
503	information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
504	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
505	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
506	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
507	the information or report;
508	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
509	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63L-11-202;
510	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section
511	63H-7a-302;
512	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
513	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
514	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
515	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
516	municipality;
517	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General
518	of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
519	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
520	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or
521	allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services

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through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied
upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation
report or final audit report;

(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;

(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final
investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not
an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;

(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit surveyplan, or audit program; or

(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of aninvestigation or audit;

(60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover
Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;

(61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the
Division of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections
58-68-304(3) and (4);

544 (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;

545 (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader
546 system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;

547 (64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a548 victim, including:

549 (a) a victim's application or request for benefits;

(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and

(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,
evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim

553	Reparations Fund;
554	(65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is
555	defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care
556	facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care
557	provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as
558	that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
559	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
560	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
561	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
562	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against
563	a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
564	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection
565	76-2-408(1)(f); or
566	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
567	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;
568	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
569	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
570	announced finalist;
571	(67) an audio recording that is:
572	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
573	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an
574	individual with a life-threatening condition;
575	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
576	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:
577	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
578	condition; and
579	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
580	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
581	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
582	their response to an emergency situation;
583	(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a

584 recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget 585 Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an 586 employment position with the Legislature: 587 (69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204; 588 (70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency 589 under Section 61-1-206; 590 (71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section 591 31A-37-201; 592 (72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503; 593 (73) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of 594 Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii); 595 (74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury 596 involving an amusement ride: 597 (75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual 598 on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition, 599 including a petition or request described in the following titles: 600 (a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code: 601 (b) Title 17, Counties; 602 (c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts; 603 (d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and 604 (e) Title 20A, Election Code; 605 (76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in 606 a voter registration record; 607 (77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a 608 signature described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a 609 local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code; (78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 610 611 5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act; 612 (79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103; 613 (80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is 614 prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;

615	(81) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into
616	jail, unless:
617	(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
618	the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
619	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
620	(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
621	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist in
622	apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
623	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
624	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or locating an
625	individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal proceeding; or
626	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
627	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest;
628	(82) a record:
629	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
630	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
631	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
632	63M-14-205; and
633	(c) the disclosure of which would:
634	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
635	Colorado River system;
636	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
637	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River
638	system; or
639	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
640	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
641	(83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's
642	Office of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
643	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83) may
644	not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval decision;
645	(84) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:

646	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
647	and
648	(b) except as provided in Section $63G-2-106$ , a record detailing tools or processes the
649	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records described
650	in Subsection (84)(a);
651	(85) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the
652	governmental entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative
653	investigation into potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
654	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
655	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the statement; and
656	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
657	employee in any criminal proceeding;
658	(86) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in
659	Section 53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
660	53F-6-401; [and]
661	(87) a record:
662	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
663	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
664	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the federal
665	government; and
666	(c) the disclosure of which would:
667	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the Great
668	Salt Lake;
669	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
670	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
671	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
672	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake[-]; and
673	(88) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer
674	complaint is reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(4).
675	Section 6. Repealer.
676	This bill repeals:

- 677 Section 13-15-401, Consumer complaints.
- 678 Section 13-26-12, Consumer complaints are public.
- 679 Section 7. Effective date.
- 680 This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024, with the exception of Section 13-2-1 (Effective
- 681 <u>05/02/2024</u>) which takes effect on May 2, 2024.