#### Representative Paul A. Cutler proposes the following substitute bill:

H <b>→</b> [—	<del>conflict of interest</del> ] <u>CANDIDATE AND OFFICEHOLDER</u> ←Ĥ
DISCL	OSURE MODIFICATIONS
	2024 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	<b>Chief Sponsor: Paul A. Cutler</b>
	Senate Sponsor: Jerry W Stevenson
LONG 1	TITLE
General	Description:
Т	his bill modifies provisions related to conflicts of interest and campaign finance
disclosu	re statements.
Highligł	nted Provisions:
Т	his bill:
۲	requires an elected officer of a political subdivision and a member of a state land
use auth	ority to annually file a conflict of interest disclosure statement;
►	requires the clerk of the political subdivision or state land use authority described
above to	
	• post an electronic copy of the conflict of interest disclosure statement on the
political	subdivision's or state land use authority's website; and
	• provide the lieutenant governor's office with a link to the electronic posting
describe	l above;
۲	requires the lieutenant governor to post the link described above on the state conflict
of interes	st disclosure website;
۲	standardizes the monetary amount that triggers an elected officer's disclosure
obligatio	n;
•	establishes penalties for an elected officer or a member of a state land use authority

- 1 -

House Floor Amendments 2-22-2024 ho/mc3

26	who fails to file a conflict of interest disclosure statement;
27	<ul> <li>requires a municipal or county clerk to provide the lieutenant governor with an</li> </ul>
28	electronic link to the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate for municipal
29	or county office;
30	<ul> <li>requires the lieutenant governor to post the link described above on the lieutenant</li> </ul>
31	governor's website; and
32	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	None
37	Utah Code Sections Affected:
38	AMENDS:
39	10-3-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 45
40	10-3-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
41	10-3-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
42	10-3-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
43	10-3-1306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
44	10-3-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
45	10-3-1308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
46	10-3-1309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
47	10-3-1311, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 461
48	10-3-1312, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
49	11-58-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 82
50	11-59-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 237
51	11-65-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
52	17-16-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 45
53	17-16a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
54	17-16a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 142, 445
55	17-16a-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
56	17-16a-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297

57	17-16a-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
58	17-16a-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
59	17-16a-9, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
60	17-16a-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
61	17-16a-12, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
62	20A-11-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 16
63	20A-11-1602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
64	20A-11-1602.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
65	53C-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 373
66	63H-4-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
67	63H-8-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 373
68	63M-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 98
69	67-16-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
70	67-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 196
71	67-16-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 59
72	73-32-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 34 and renumbered and
73	amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 205
74	ENACTS:
75	<b>10-3-1303.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76	<b>10-3-1313</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
77	<b>17-16a-3.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
78	17-16a-13, Utah Code Annotated 1953
79	63H-1-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
80	67-16-16, Utah Code Annotated 1953
81	
82	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
83	Section 1. Section <b>10-3-208</b> is amended to read:
84	10-3-208. Campaign finance disclosure in municipal election.
85	(1) Unless a municipality adopts by ordinance more stringent definitions, the following
86	are defined terms for purposes of this section:
87	(a) "Agent of a candidate" means:

88	(i) a person acting on behalf of a candidate at the direction of the reporting entity;
89	(ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate;
90	(iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate;
91	(iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's
92	capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate; or
93	(v) a political consultant of a candidate.
94	(b) "Anonymous contribution limit" means for each calendar year:
95	(i) \$50; or
96	(ii) an amount less than \$50 that is specified in an ordinance of the municipality.
97	(c) (i) "Candidate" means a person who:
98	(A) files a declaration of candidacy for municipal office; or
99	(B) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person
100	to receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or
101	election to a municipal office.
102	(ii) "Candidate" does not mean a person who files for the office of judge.
103	(d) (i) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
104	(A) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
105	value given to a candidate;
106	(B) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
107	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
108	anything of value to the candidate;
109	(C) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the candidate;
110	(D) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the candidate for
111	personal services provided without charge to the candidate;
112	(E) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and
113	(F) an in-kind contribution.
114	(ii) "Contribution" does not include:
115	(A) services provided by an individual volunteering a portion or all of the individual's
116	time on behalf of the candidate if the services are provided without compensation by the
117	candidate or any other person;
118	(B) money lent to the candidate by a financial institution in the ordinary course of

119	business; or
120	(C) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate at less than fair market
121	value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate.
122	(e) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
123	candidate are provided:
124	(i) with the candidate's prior knowledge, if the candidate does not object;
125	(ii) by agreement with the candidate;
126	(iii) in coordination with the candidate; or
127	(iv) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate.
128	(f) (i) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a candidate or an agent of the
129	candidate on behalf of the candidate:
130	(A) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from an account described in
131	Subsection (3)(a);
132	(B) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
133	or anything of value made for political purposes;
134	(C) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
135	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
136	value for a political purpose;
137	(D) compensation paid by a candidate for personal services rendered by a person
138	without charge to a reporting entity;
139	(E) a transfer of funds between the candidate and a candidate's personal campaign
140	committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101; or
141	(F) goods or services provided by a reporting entity to or for the benefit of the
142	candidate for political purposes at less than fair market value.
143	(ii) "Expenditure" does not include:
144	(A) services provided without compensation by an individual volunteering a portion or
145	all of the individual's time on behalf of a candidate; or
146	(B) money lent to a candidate by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
147	business.
148	(g) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value other than money, that is accepted
149	by or coordinated with a candidate.

150	(h) (i) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a candidate, or paid by
151	another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the candidate, to provide political
152	advice to the candidate.
153	(ii) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection (1)(h)(i),
154	where the person:
155	(A) has already been paid, with money or other consideration;
156	(B) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or
157	(C) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the candidate or another
158	person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the candidate, be paid in the future, with money
159	or other consideration.
160	(i) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or
161	tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or
162	against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal office at any caucus, political
163	convention, or election.
164	(j) "Reporting entity" means:
165	(i) a candidate;
166	(ii) a committee appointed by a candidate to act for the candidate;
167	(iii) a person who holds an elected municipal office;
168	(iv) a party committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101;
169	(v) a political action committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101;
170	(vi) a political issues committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101;
171	(vii) a corporation as defined in Section 20A-11-101; or
172	(viii) a labor organization as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
173	(2) (a) A municipality may adopt an ordinance establishing campaign finance
174	disclosure requirements for a candidate that are more stringent than the requirements provided
175	in Subsections (3) through (7).
176	(b) The municipality may adopt definitions that are more stringent than those provided
177	in Subsection (1).
178	(c) If a municipality fails to adopt a campaign finance disclosure ordinance described
179	in Subsection (2)(a), a candidate shall comply with financial reporting requirements contained
180	in Subsections (3) through (7).

181	(3) Each candidate:
182	(a) shall deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution;
183	and
184	(b) may not deposit or mingle any campaign contributions received into a personal or
185	business account.
186	(4) (a) In a year in which a municipal primary is held, each candidate who will
187	participate in the municipal primary shall file a campaign finance statement with the municipal
188	clerk or recorder no later than seven days before the day described in Subsection
189	20A-1-201.5(2).
190	(b) Each candidate who is not eliminated at a municipal primary election shall file a
191	campaign finance statement with the municipal clerk or recorder no later than:
192	(i) 28 days before the day on which the municipal general election is held;
193	(ii) seven days before the day on which the municipal general election is held; and
194	(iii) 30 days after the day on which the municipal general election is held.
195	(c) Each candidate for municipal office who is eliminated at a municipal primary
196	election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement within 30
197	days after the day on which the municipal primary election is held.
198	(5) If a municipality does not conduct a primary election for a race, each candidate who
199	will participate in that race shall file a campaign finance statement with the municipal clerk or
200	recorder no later than:
201	(a) 28 days before the day on which the municipal general election is held;
202	(b) seven days before the day on which the municipal general election is held; and
203	(c) 30 days after the day on which the municipal general election is held.
204	(6) Each campaign finance statement described in Subsection (4) or (5) shall:
205	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b):
206	(i) report all of the candidate's itemized and total:
207	(A) contributions, including in-kind and other nonmonetary contributions, received up
208	to and including five days before the campaign finance statement is due, excluding a
209	contribution previously reported; and
210	(B) expenditures made up to and including five days before the campaign finance
211	statement is due, excluding an expenditure previously reported; and

212	(ii) identify:
213	(A) for each contribution, the amount of the contribution and the name of the donor, if
214	known; and
215	(B) for each expenditure, the amount of the expenditure and the name of the recipient
216	of the expenditure; or
217	(b) report the total amount of all contributions and expenditures if the candidate
218	receives \$500 or less in contributions and spends \$500 or less on the candidate's campaign.
219	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a contribution that is cash or a negotiable
220	instrument, exceeds the anonymous contribution limit, and is from a donor whose name is
221	unknown, a candidate shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
222	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
223	political subdivision's general fund; or
224	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
225	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
226	(8) (a) A municipality may, by ordinance:
227	(i) provide an anonymous contribution limit less than \$50;
228	(ii) require greater disclosure of contributions or expenditures than is required in this
229	section; and
230	(iii) impose additional penalties on candidates who fail to comply with the applicable
231	requirements beyond those imposed by this section.
232	(b) A candidate is subject to the provisions of this section and not the provisions of an
233	ordinance adopted by the municipality under Subsection (8)(a) if:
234	(i) the municipal ordinance establishes requirements or penalties that differ from those
235	established in this section; and
236	(ii) the municipal clerk or recorder fails to notify the candidate of the provisions of the
237	ordinance as required in Subsection (9).
238	(9) Each municipal clerk or recorder shall, at the time the candidate for municipal
239	office files a declaration of candidacy, and again 35 days before each municipal general
240	election, notify the candidate in writing of:
241	(a) the provisions of statute or municipal ordinance governing the disclosure of
242	contributions and expenditures;

243	(b) the dates when the candidate's campaign finance statement is required to be filed;
244	and
245	(c) the penalties that apply for failure to file a timely campaign finance statement,
246	including the statutory provision that requires removal of the candidate's name from the ballot
247	for failure to file the required campaign finance statement when required.
248	(10) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
249	Access and Management Act, the municipal clerk or recorder shall:
250	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
251	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
252	(b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
253	inspection by:
254	(i) $[(A)]$ posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the
255	municipality's website no later than seven business days after the <u>day on which the</u> statement is
256	filed; and
257	[(B) verifying that the address of the municipality's website has been provided to the
258	lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or]
259	(ii) [submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the
260	website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two
261	business days after the statement is filed.] in order to comply with the requirements of
262	Subsection 20A-11-103(4)(b)(ii), providing the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic
263	posting described in Subsection (10)(b)(i) no later than two business days after the day on
264	which the statement is filed.
265	(11) (a) If a candidate fails to timely file a campaign finance statement required under
266	Subsection (4) or (5), the municipal clerk or recorder:
267	(i) may send an electronic notice to the candidate that states:
268	(A) that the candidate failed to timely file the campaign finance statement; and
269	(B) that, if the candidate fails to file the report within 24 hours after the deadline for
270	filing the report, the candidate will be disqualified; and
271	(ii) may impose a fine of \$50 on the candidate.
272	(b) The municipal clerk or recorder shall disqualify a candidate and inform the
273	appropriate election official that the candidate is disqualified if the candidate fails to file a

274 campaign finance statement described in Subsection (4) or (5) within 24 hours after the 275 deadline for filing the report. 276 (c) If a candidate is disgualified under Subsection (11)(b), the election official: 277 (i) shall: 278 (A) notify every opposing candidate for the municipal office that the candidate is 279 disqualified; 280 (B) send an email notification to each voter who is eligible to vote in the municipal 281 election office race for whom the election official has an email address informing the voter that 282 the candidate is disqualified and that votes cast for the candidate will not be counted; 283 (C) post notice of the disgualification on a public website; and 284 (D) if practicable, remove the candidate's name from the ballot by blacking out the 285 candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; and 286 (ii) may not count any votes for that candidate. (12) An election official may fulfill the requirements described in Subsection (11)(c)(i)287 in relation to a mailed ballot, including a military overseas ballot, by including with the ballot a 288 289 written notice: 290 (a) informing the voter that the candidate is disqualified; or 291 (b) directing the voter to a public website to inform the voter whether a candidate on 292 the ballot is disqualified. 293 (13) Notwithstanding Subsection (11)(b), a candidate who timely files each campaign 294 finance statement required under Subsection (4) or (5) is not disgualified if: 295 (a) the statement details accurately and completely the information required under 296 Subsection (6), except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and 297 (b) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the 298 next scheduled report. 299 (14) A candidate for municipal office who is disgualified under Subsection (11)(b) 300 shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a complete and accurate campaign finance 301 statement within 30 days after the day on which the candidate is disqualified. 302 (15) A campaign finance statement required under this section is considered filed if it 303 is received in the municipal clerk or recorder's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it is due. 304 (16) (a) A private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce

305 the provisions of this section or an ordinance adopted under this section. 306 (b) In a civil action under Subsection (16)(a), the court may award costs and attorney 307 fees to the prevailing party. 308 Section 2. Section 10-3-1303 is amended to read: 309 10-3-1303. Definitions. 310 As used in this part: 311 (1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to: 312 (i) [any] a statutory office or position; or 313 (ii) [any other person appointed to any] a position of employment with a city or with a 314 community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities 315 - Community Reinvestment Agency Act. 316 (b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to, persons serving on] "Appointed officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular, or full-time [committees, agencies, 317 318 or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their] committee, agency, or board, 319 regardless of whether the individual is compensated for the individual's services. [The use of 320 the word "officer" in this part is not intended to make appointed persons or employees "officers" of the municipality.] 321 322 (c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer. 323 (2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, 324 aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business 325 326 entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity. (3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint 327 328 venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on 329 a business. 330 (4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to [any] a person or business entity by 331 332 anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services, 333 materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever. 334 (5) "Elected officer" means [a person]: (a) an individual elected or appointed to fill a vacancy in the office of mayor, 335

336 commissioner, or council member; or 337 (b) an individual who is considered to be elected to the office of mayor, commissioner, 338 or council member by a municipal legislative body in accordance with Section 20A-1-206. 339 (6) "Improper disclosure" means the disclosure of private, controlled, or protected 340 information to [any] a person who does not have both the right and the need to receive the 341 information. 342 (7) "Municipal employee" means [a person who is not an elected or appointed officer] 343 an individual who is employed on a full[-] or part-time basis by a municipality or by a 344 community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities 345 - Community Reinvestment Agency Act. 346 (8) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer. 347 [<del>(8)</del>] (9) "Private, controlled, or protected information" means information classified as 348 private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, or [other] another applicable provision of law. 349 350  $\left[\frac{(9)}{(10)}\right]$  (10) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an 351 individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the 352 outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity. 353 Section 3. Section 10-3-1303.5 is enacted to read: 354 10-3-1303.5. Statutory construction. 355 The definition of appointed officer in Section 10-3-1303 does not have the effect of 356 making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the municipality. 357 Section 4. Section 10-3-1304 is amended to read: 10-3-1304. Use of office for personal benefit prohibited. 358 359 (1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes: 360 (a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then 361 currently prevalent for similar loans; [and] or 362 (b) compensation received for [private services] a private service rendered at a rate 363 substantially exceeding the fair market value of the [services] service. 364 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), it is an offense for an [elected or appointed] 365 officer or municipal employee to: (a) disclose or improperly use private, controlled, or protected information acquired by 366

367	reason of the officer's or municipal employee's official position or in the course of official
368	duties in order to further substantially the officer's or <u>municipal</u> employee's personal economic
369	interest or to secure special privileges or exemptions for the officer or municipal employee or
370	for others;
371	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's or <u>municipal</u> employee's official position to:
372	(i) further substantially the officer's or <u>municipal</u> employee's personal economic
373	interest; or
374	(ii) secure special privileges for the officer or municipal employee or for others; or
375	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly, for the officer
376	or municipal employee or for another, a gift of substantial value or a substantial economic
377	benefit tantamount to a gift that:
378	(i) would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position to
379	depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties; or
380	(ii) the person knows or that a reasonable person in that position should know under
381	the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the person for official action taken.
382	(3) Subsection (2)(c) does not apply to:
383	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
384	(b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services;
385	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
386	(d) a political campaign contribution.
387	(4) This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed] officer or municipal
388	employee who engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that
389	the [elected or appointed] officer or municipal employee is chargeable, for the same conduct,
390	under Section 76-8-105.
391	Section 5. Section <b>10-3-1305</b> is amended to read:
392	10-3-1305. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving municipality
393	Public disclosure and filing required.
394	(1) As used in this section, "municipal body" means any public board, commission,
395	committee, or other public group organized to make public policy decisions or to advise
396	persons who make public policy decisions.
397	(2) Except as provided in Subsection [ $(6)$ ] (9), it is an offense for an [elected officer, or

398	an appointed officer,] officer who is a member of a [public] municipal body to receive or agree
399	to receive compensation for assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction
400	involving the [municipality in which the member is an officer unless the member] municipality
401	of which the officer is elected or appointed unless the officer:
402	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this
403	section] disclosing the information described in Subsection (8); [and]
404	(b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection [(5)] (7) in an open
405	meeting to the members of the municipal body of which the officer is a member immediately
406	before the discussion[-]; and
407	(c) for an officer who is an elected officer, files the sworn statement described in
408	Subsection (2)(a) with the city recorder or town clerk.
409	(3) It is an offense for an appointed officer who is not a member of a [public]
410	municipal body or a municipal employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for
411	assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction involving the municipality by
412	which the [person is employed] appointed officer or municipal employee is employed unless
413	the <u>appointed</u> officer or employee:
414	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this
415	section] disclosing information described in Subsection (8); and
416	(b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection [ $(5)$ ] (8) to:
417	(i) the [officer] appointed officer's or municipal employee's immediate supervisor; and
418	(ii) any other municipal officer or employee who may rely [upon the employee's] on the
419	appointed officer's or municipal employee's representations in evaluating or approving the
420	transaction.
421	(4) (a) [The officer or employee shall file the statement required to be filed by this
422	section] An officer or municipal employee shall file the sworn statement described in
423	Subsection (2)(a) or (3)(a), as applicable, on or before the earlier of:
424	(i) 10 days before the date [of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer
425	or municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted or] on which the officer
426	or municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement;
427	<u>or</u>
428	(ii) 10 days before [the receipt of compensation by the officer or employee, whichever

429	is earlier] the date on which the officer or municipal employee receives compensation.
430	(5) In accordance with Subsection (2)(c), an elected officer shall file the sworn
431	statement with the city recorder or town clerk on or before the earlier of the deadlines described
432	in Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii).
433	(6) A municipal recorder or town clerk who receives a sworn statement described in
434	Subsection (2)(a) shall:
435	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the municipality's website; and
436	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the municipality's website until
437	the elected officer leaves office.
438	(7) [(b)] The [statement is] sworn statements described in this section are public
439	information and shall be available for examination by the public.
440	[(5)] (8) The [statement and disclosure] sworn statement and public disclosure
441	described in Subsections (2) and (3) shall contain:
442	(a) the name and address of the officer or municipal employee;
443	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted or in
444	which the [appointed or elected official or municipal employee] officer or municipal employee
445	has a substantial interest; and
446	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
447	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
448	[(6)] (9) This section does not apply to an [elected officer, or an appointed officer,]
449	officer who is a member of a [public] municipal body and who engages in conduct that
450	constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the [elected officer or appointed] officer
451	is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105.
452	Section 6. Section <b>10-3-1306</b> is amended to read:
453	10-3-1306. Interest in business entity regulated by municipality Disclosure
454	statement required.
455	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer or] An officer under this part, or a municipal
456	employee, who is an officer, director, agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial interest
457	in [any] a business entity [which] that is subject to the regulation of the municipality [in which
458	he is an elected or appointed officer or municipal employee] in which the officer or municipal
459	employee is elected, appointed, or employed, shall disclose the position held and the nature and

460	value of [his] the officer's or employee's interest:
461	(a) upon first becoming appointed, elected, or employed by the municipality[;]; and
462	(b) [again at any time thereafter if the elected or appointed officer's or municipal
463	employee's position in the business entity has changed significantly or if the value of his
464	interest in the entity has increased significantly since the last disclosure] when the officer's or
465	municipal employee's position in the business entity changes significantly or when the value of
466	the officer's or municipal employee's interest in the entity significantly increases above the
467	officer's or municipal employee's most recent disclosure.
468	(2) [The disclosure shall be made in a sworn statement filed with the mayor.] An
469	officer or municipal employee shall make the disclosure described in Subsection (1) in a sworn
470	statement filed with:
471	(a) the mayor; and
472	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, the city recorder or town clerk.
473	(3) The mayor shall:
474	(a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements] the sworn statement
475	described in Subsection (2) to the members of the governing body[;]; or
476	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body copies of the disclosure
477	statement within 30 days after the statement is received by him] provide a copy of the sworn
478	statement to the members of the governing body no later than 30 days after the date on which
479	the mayor receives the statement.
480	(4) The municipal recorder or town clerk who receives the sworn statement described
481	in Subsection (2) shall:
482	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the municipality's website; and
483	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the municipality's website until
484	the elected officer leaves office.
485	[(3)] (5) (a) This section does not apply to [instances] an instance where the value of
486	the interest does not exceed $[2,000]$ <u>\$5,000</u> .
487	(b) [Life insurance policies and annuities] A life insurance policy or an annuity may
488	not be considered in determining the value of [any such] the interest.
489	Section 7. Section <b>10-3-1307</b> is amended to read:
490	10-3-1307. Interest in business entity doing business with municipality

491	Disclosure.
492	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part, or municipal
493	employee, who is an officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in
494	[any] a business entity [which] that does or anticipates doing business with the municipality in
495	which [he is an appointed or elected officer or municipal employee,] the officer or municipal
496	employee is appointed, elected, or employed, shall:
497	(a) publicly disclose the conflict of interest to the members of the body of which [he]
498	the officer is a member or by which [he] the municipal employee is employed, immediately
499	[prior to] before any discussion by [such] the municipal body concerning matters relating to
500	[such] the business entity, the nature of [his] the officer's or municipal employee's interest in
501	[that] the business entity[-]; and
502	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, file a sworn statement describing the
503	conflict of interest with the city recorder or town clerk.
504	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
505	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
506	(3) A city recorder or town clerk who receives the sworn statement described in
507	Subsection (1)(b) shall:
508	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the municipality's website; and
509	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the municipality's website until
510	the elected officer leaves office.
511	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ Disclosure by a municipal employee under this section is satisfied if the
512	municipal employee makes the disclosure in the manner [required by Sections] described in
513	Section 10-3-1305 [and] or Section 10-3-1306.
514	Section 8. Section <b>10-3-1308</b> is amended to read:
515	10-3-1308. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.
516	[Any personal interest or investment by a municipal employee or by any elected or
517	appointed official of a municipality which creates a conflict between the employee's or
518	official's personal interests and his public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to the
519	members of the body in the manner required by Section 10-3-1306] An officer or municipal
520	employee who has a personal interest or investment that creates a conflict between the officer's
521	or municipal employee's personal interests and the officer's or municipal employee's public

522	duties shall disclose the conflict in the manner described in Section 10-3-1306.
523	Section 9. Section <b>10-3-1309</b> is amended to read:
524	10-3-1309. Inducing officer or employee to violate part prohibited.
525	It is a class A misdemeanor for any person to induce or seek to induce [any appointed or
526	elected officer or] an officer or a municipal employee to violate any of the provisions of this
527	part.
528	Section 10. Section <b>10-3-1311</b> is amended to read:
529	10-3-1311. Municipal ethics commission Complaints charging violations.
530	(1) A municipality may establish by ordinance an ethics commission to review a
531	complaint against an officer or <u>a municipal</u> employee subject to this part for a violation of a
532	provision of this part.
533	(2) (a) A person filing a complaint for a violation of this part shall file the complaint:
534	(i) with the municipal ethics commission, if a municipality has established a municipal
535	ethics commission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
536	(ii) with the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission in accordance with
537	Title 63A, Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission, if the municipality
538	has not established a municipal ethics commission.
539	(b) A municipality that receives a complaint described in Subsection (2)(a) may:
540	(i) accept the complaint if the municipality has established a municipal ethics
541	commission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
542	(ii) forward the complaint to the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission
543	established in Section 63A-15-201:
544	(A) regardless of whether the municipality has established a municipal ethics
545	commission; or
546	(B) if the municipality has not established a municipal ethics commission.
547	(3) If the alleged ethics complaint is against a person who is a member of the municipal
548	ethics commission, the complaint shall be filed with or forwarded to the Political Subdivisions
549	Ethics Review Commission.
550	Section 11. Section <b>10-3-1312</b> is amended to read:
551	10-3-1312. Violation of disclosure requirements Penalties Rescission of
552	prohibited transaction.

553	If [any] a transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section
554	10-3-1305, 10-3-1306, 10-3-1307, or 10-3-1308, the municipality:
555	(1) shall dismiss or remove the [appointed or elected] officer or municipal employee
556	who knowingly and intentionally violates this part from employment or office; and
557	(2) may rescind or void $[any] \underline{a}$ contract or subcontract entered into pursuant to that
558	transaction without returning any part of the consideration received by the municipality.
559	Section 12. Section <b>10-3-1313</b> is enacted to read:
560	<u>10-3-1313.</u> Annual conflict of interest disclosure City recorder or town clerk
561	Posting of written disclosure statement Penalties.
562	(1) In addition to the any other disclosure obligation described in this part, an elected
563	officer shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which
564	the elected officer holds the office of mayor, commissioner, or council member:
565	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
566	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
567	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the city recorder or town clerk.
568	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the day on which the elected officer submits
569	the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) to the city recorder or town clerk,
570	the city recorder or town clerk shall:
571	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the municipality's
572	website; and
573	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
574	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
575	(b) The city recorder or town clerk shall ensure that the elected officer's written
576	disclosure statement remains posted on the municipality's website until the elected officer
577	leaves office.
578	(3) A city recorder or town clerk shall take the action described in Subsection (4) if:
579	(a) an elected officer fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described
580	in Subsection (1); or
581	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
582	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
583	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the city recorder or town clerk

584	shall, within five days after the day on which the city recorder or town clerk determines that a
585	violation occurred, notify the elected officer of the violation and direct the elected officer to
586	submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
587	(5) (a) It is unlawful for an elected officer to fail to submit or amend a written
588	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the elected officer receives the
589	notice described in Subsection (4).
590	(b) An elected officer who violates Subsection (5)(a) is guilty of a class B
591	misdemeanor.
592	(c) The city recorder or town clerk shall report a violation of Subsection (5)(a) to the
593	attorney general.
594	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the city recorder
595	or town clerk shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an elected officer who violates
596	Subsection (5)(a).
597	(6) The city recorder or town shall deposit a fine collected under this section into the
598	municipality's general fund as a dedicated credit to pay for the costs of administering this
599	section.
600	Section 13. Section <b>11-58-304</b> is amended to read:
601	11-58-304. Limitations on board members and executive director Annual
602	conflict of interest disclosure statement Penalties.
603	(1) As used in this section:
604	(a) "Direct financial benefit":
605	(i) means any form of financial benefit that accrues to an individual directly, including:
606	(A) compensation, commission, or any other form of a payment or increase of money;
607	and
608	(B) an increase in the value of a business or property; and
609	(ii) does not include a financial benefit that accrues to the public generally.
610	(b) "Family member" means a parent, spouse, sibling, child, or grandchild.
611	(2) An individual may not serve as a voting member of the board or as executive
612	director if:
613	(a) the individual owns real property, other than a personal residence in which the
614	individual resides, within a project area, whether or not the ownership interest is a recorded

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615 interest; 616 (b) a family member of the individual owns an interest in real property, other than a 617 personal residence in which the family member resides, located within a project area; or 618 (c) the individual or a family member of the individual owns an interest in, is directly 619 affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of a private firm, private company, or other private 620 entity that the individual reasonably believes is likely to: 621 (i) participate in or receive a direct financial benefit from the development of the 622 authority jurisdictional land; or 623 (ii) acquire an interest in or locate a facility within a project area. 624 (3) Before taking office as a voting member of the board or accepting employment as 625 executive director, an individual shall submit to the authority a statement verifying that the 626 individual's service as a board member or employment as executive director does not violate 627 Subsection (2). (4) (a) An individual may not, at any time during the individual's service as a voting 628 629 member or employment with the authority, acquire, or take any action to initiate, negotiate, or 630 otherwise arrange for the acquisition of, an interest in real property located within a project 631 area, if: 632 (i) the acquisition is in the individual's personal capacity or in the individual's capacity 633 as an employee or officer of a private firm, private company, or other private entity; and 634 (ii) the acquisition will enable the individual to receive a direct financial benefit as a 635 result of the development of the project area. 636 (b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to an individual's acquisition of, or action to 637 initiate, negotiate, or otherwise arrange for the acquisition of, an interest in real property that is 638 a personal residence in which the individual will reside upon acquisition of the real property. 639 (5) (a) A voting member or nonvoting member of the board or an employee of the 640 authority may not receive a direct financial benefit from the development of a project area. 641 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), a direct financial benefit does not include: 642 (i) expense reimbursements: 643 (ii) per diem pay for board member service, if applicable; or (iii) an employee's compensation or benefits from employment with the authority. 644 645 (6) In addition to any other limitation on a board member described in this section, a

646	voting member or nonvoting member of the board shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later
647	than January 31 of each year during which the board member holds office on the authority's
648	board:
649	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
650	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
651	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the
652	authority's board.
653	(7) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member
654	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (6) to the administrator or
655	clerk of the authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
656	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's
657	website;
658	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
659	Subsection (7)(a)(i).
660	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
661	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the board member leaves office.
662	(8) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall take the action described in
663	Subsection (9) if:
664	(a) a board member fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
665	Subsection (6); or
666	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
667	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
668	(9) If a circumstance described in Subsection (8) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
669	the authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
670	determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct the
671	board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
672	(10) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written
673	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
674	notice described in Subsection (9).
675	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (10)(a) is guilty of a class B
676	misdemeanor.

677	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall report a violation of
678	Subsection (10)(a) to the attorney general.
679	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (10)(b), the
680	administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board
681	member who violates Subsection (10)(a).
682	(11) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall deposit a fine collected
683	under this section into authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
684	[(6)] (12) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the application or effect of
685	any other code provision applicable to a board member or employee relating to ethics or
686	conflicts of interest.
687	Section 14. Section <b>11-59-306</b> is amended to read:
688	11-59-306. Limitations on board members Annual conflict of interest disclosure
689	statement Exception Penalties.
690	(1) As used in this section:
691	(a) "Designated individual" means an individual:
692	(i) (A) who is a member of the Senate or House of Representatives;
693	(B) who has been appointed as a member of the board under Subsection
694	11-59-302(2)(a) or (b); and
695	(C) whose legislative district includes some or all of the point of the mountain state
696	land; or
697	(ii) who is designated to serve as a board member under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(e) or
698	(f).
699	(b) "Direct financial benefit":
700	(i) means any form of financial benefit that accrues to an individual directly as a result
701	of the development of the point of the mountain state land, including:
702	(A) compensation, commission, or any other form of a payment or increase of money;
703	and
704	(B) an increase in the value of a business or property; and
705	(ii) does not include a financial benefit that accrues to the public generally as a result of
706	the development of the point of the mountain state land.
707	(c) "Family member" means a parent, spouse, sibling, child, or grandchild.

708	(d) "Interest in real property" means every type of real property interest, whether
709	recorded or unrecorded, including:
710	(i) a legal or equitable interest;
711	(ii) an option on real property;
712	(iii) an interest under a contract;
713	(iv) fee simple ownership;
714	(v) ownership as a tenant in common or in joint tenancy or another joint ownership
715	arrangement;
716	(vi) ownership through a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that
717	holds title to a real property interest in the name of the partnership, limited liability company,
718	or corporation;
719	(vii) leasehold interest; and
720	(viii) any other real property interest that is capable of being owned.
721	(2) An individual may not serve as a member of the board if:
722	(a) subject to Subsection (5) for a designated individual, the individual owns an interest
723	in real property, other than a personal residence in which the individual resides, on or within
724	five miles of the point of the mountain state land;
725	(b) a family member of the individual owns an interest in real property, other than a
726	personal residence in which the family member resides, located on or within one-half mile of
727	the point of the mountain state land;
728	(c) the individual or a family member of the individual owns an interest in, is directly
729	affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of a firm, company, or other entity that the
730	individual reasonably believes is likely to participate in or receive compensation or other direct
731	financial benefit from the development of the point of the mountain state land; or
732	(d) the individual or a family member of the individual receives or is expected to
733	receive a direct financial benefit.
734	(3) (a) Before taking office as a board member, an individual shall submit to the
735	authority a statement:
736	(i) verifying that the individual's service as a board member does not violate
737	Subsection (2); and
738	(ii) for a designated individual, identifying any interest in real property, other than a

personal residence in which the individual resides, located on or within five miles of the pointof the mountain state land.

(b) If a designated individual takes action, during the individual's service as a board member, to initiate, negotiate, or otherwise arrange for the acquisition of an interest in real property, other than a personal residence in which the individual intends to live, located on or within five miles of the point of the mountain state land, the designated individual shall submit a written statement to the board chair describing the action, the interest in real property that the designated individual intends to acquire, and the location of the real property.

(4) Except for a board member who is a designated individual, a board member is
disqualified from further service as a board member if the board member, at any time during
the board member's service on the board, takes any action to initiate, negotiate, or otherwise
arrange for the acquisition of an interest in real property, other than a personal residence in
which the member intends to reside, located on or within five miles of the point of the
mountain state land.

(5) A designated individual who submits a written statement under Subsection
(3)(a)(ii) or (b) may not serve or continue to serve as a board member unless at least two-thirds
of all other board members conclude that the designated individual's service as a board member
does not and will not create a material conflict of interest impairing the ability of the
designated individual to exercise fair and impartial judgment as a board member and to act in
the best interests of the authority.

(6) (a) The board may not allow a firm, company, or other entity to participate in
planning, managing, or implementing the development of the point of the mountain state land
if a board member or a family member of a board member owns an interest in, is directly
affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of the firm, company, or other entity.

(b) Before allowing a firm, company, or other entity to participate in planning,
managing, or implementing the development of the point of the mountain state land, the board
may require the firm, company, or other entity to certify that no board member or family
member of a board member owns an interest in, is directly affiliated with, or is an employee or
officer of the firm, company, or other entity.

768 (7) Except as provided in Subsection (13), a board member shall, no sooner than
 769 January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the board member holds

- 25 -

770	office on the authority's board:
771	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
772	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
773	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the
774	authority's board.
775	(8) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member
776	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (7) to the administrator or
777	clerk of the authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
778	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's
779	website; and
780	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
781	Subsection (8)(a)(i).
782	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
783	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the board member leaves office.
784	(9) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall take the action described in
785	Subsection (10) if:
786	(a) a board member fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
787	Subsection (7); or
788	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
789	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
790	(10) If a circumstance described in Subsection (9) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
791	the authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
792	determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct the
793	board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
794	(11) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written
795	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
796	notice described in Subsection (10).
797	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (11)(a) is guilty of a class B
798	misdemeanor.
799	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall report a violation of
800	Subsection (11)(a) to the attorney general.

801	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (11)(b), the
802	administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board
803	member who violates Subsection (11)(a).
804	(12) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall deposit a fine collected
805	under this section into the authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
806	(13) For an individual who is appointed as a board member under Subsection
807	<u>11-59-302(2)(a), (b), (c)(iii), (d), or (e):</u>
808	(a) Subsection (7) does not apply; and
809	(b) the administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall, instead:
810	(i) post an electronic link on the authority's website to the written disclosure statement
811	the board member made in the board member's capacity as:
812	(A) a state legislator, under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 16, Conflict of Interest
813	Disclosures; or
814	(B) an elected officer of a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
815	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
816	Subsection (13)(b)(i).
817	Section 15. Section <b>11-65-304</b> is amended to read:
818	11-65-304. Limitations on board members and executive director Annual
819	conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception Penalties.
820	(1) As used in this section:
821	(a) "Direct financial benefit":
822	(i) means any form of financial benefit that accrues to an individual directly, including:
823	(A) compensation, commission, or any other form of a payment or increase of money;
824	and
825	(B) an increase in the value of a business or property; and
826	(ii) does not include a financial benefit that accrues to the public generally.
827	(b) "Family member" means a parent, spouse, sibling, child, or grandchild.
828	(2) An individual may not serve as a voting member of the board or as executive
829	director if the individual or a family member of the individual owns an interest in, is directly
830	affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of a private firm, private company, or other private
831	entity that the individual reasonably believes is likely to participate in or receive a direct

832	financial benefit from the management of Utah Lake.
833	(3) Before taking office as a voting member of the board or accepting employment as
834	executive director, an individual shall submit to the lake authority a statement verifying that the
835	individual's service as a board member or employment as executive director does not violate
836	Subsection (2).
837	(4) (a) A voting member or nonvoting member of the board or an employee of the lake
838	authority may not receive a direct financial benefit from the management of Utah Lake.
839	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), a direct financial benefit does not include:
840	(i) expense reimbursements;
841	(ii) per diem pay for board member service, if applicable; or
842	(iii) an employee's compensation or benefits from employment with the lake authority.
843	(5) Except as provided Subsection (11), a voting member or nonvoting member of the
844	board shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which
845	the board member holds office on the lake authority's board:
846	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
847	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
848	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the lake
849	authority's board.
850	(6) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member
851	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (5) to the administrator or
852	clerk of the lake authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
853	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the lake authority's
854	website; and
855	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
856	Subsection (6)(a)(i).
857	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
858	statement remains posted on the lake authority's website until the board member leaves office.
859	(7) The administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall take the action
860	described in Subsection (8) if:
861	(a) a board member fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
862	Subsection (5); or

863	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
864	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
865	(8) If a circumstance described in Subsection (7) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
866	the lake authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or
867	clerk determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct
868	the board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
869	(9) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
870	statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the notice
871	described in Subsection (8).
872	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (9)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
873	(c) The administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall report a violation of
874	Subsection (9)(a) to the attorney general.
875	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (9)(b), the administrator
876	or clerk of the lake authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board member
877	who violates Subsection (9)(a).
878	(10) The administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall deposit a fine
879	collected under this section into the lake authority's account to pay for the costs of
880	administering this section.
881	(11) For an individual who is appointed as a board member under Subsection
882	<u>11-65-302(2)(b), (c), (d), or (e)(ii):</u>
883	(a) Subsection (5) does not apply; and
884	(b) the administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall, instead:
885	(i) post an electronic link on the lake authority's website to the written disclosure
886	statement the board member made in the board member's capacity as:
887	(A) a state legislator, under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 16, Conflict of Interest
888	Disclosures;
889	(B) an elected officer of a county, under Section 17-16a-13; or
890	(C) an elected officer of a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
891	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
892	Subsection (11)(b)(i).
893	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(12)}\right]$ Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the application or effect of

894	any other code provision applicable to a board member or employee relating to ethics or
895	conflicts of interest.
896	Section 16. Section 17-16-6.5 is amended to read:
897	17-16-6.5. Campaign financial disclosure in county elections.
898	(1) (a) A county shall adopt an ordinance establishing campaign finance disclosure
899	requirements for:
900	(i) candidates for county office; and
901	(ii) candidates for local school board office who reside in that county.
902	(b) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
903	(i) a requirement that each candidate for county office or local school board office
904	report the candidate's itemized and total campaign contributions and expenditures at least once
905	within the two weeks before the election and at least once within two months after the election;
906	(ii) a definition of "contribution" and "expenditure" that requires reporting of
907	nonmonetary contributions such as in-kind contributions and contributions of tangible things;
908	(iii) a requirement that the financial reports identify:
909	(A) for each contribution, the name of the donor of the contribution, if known, and the
910	amount of the contribution; and
911	(B) for each expenditure, the name of the recipient and the amount of the expenditure;
912	(iv) a requirement that a candidate for county office or local school board office
913	deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution;
914	(v) a prohibition against a candidate for county office or local school board office
915	depositing or mingling any contributions received into a personal or business account; and
916	(vi) a requirement that a candidate for county office who receives a contribution that is
917	cash or a negotiable instrument, exceeds \$50, and is from a donor whose name is unknown,
918	shall, within 30 days after receiving the contribution, disburse the amount of the contribution
919	to:
920	(A) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
921	political subdivision's general fund; or
922	(B) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
923	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
924	(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (1)(c), "account" means an account in a financial

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925 institution: 926 (A) that is not described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv); and 927 (B) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a county office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a 928 929 holder of an office, other than a county office for which the person files a declaration of 930 candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure. 931 (ii) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include a requirement that a candidate for county office or local school board office include on a financial report filed in 932 933 accordance with the ordinance a contribution deposited in or an expenditure made from an 934 account: 935 (A) since the last financial report was filed; or 936 (B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account. 937 (2) If any county fails to adopt a campaign finance disclosure ordinance described in Subsection (1), candidates for county office, other than community council office, and 938 939 candidates for local school board office shall comply with the financial reporting requirements 940 contained in Subsections (3) through (8). 941 (3) A candidate for elective office in a county or local school board office: 942 (a) shall deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution: 943 and 944 (b) may not deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business 945 account. 946 (4) Each candidate for elective office in any county who is not required to submit a 947 campaign financial statement to the lieutenant governor, and each candidate for local school 948 board office, shall file a signed campaign financial statement with the county clerk: 949 (a) seven days before the date of the regular general election, reporting each 950 contribution and each expenditure as of 10 days before the date of the regular general election; 951 and 952 (b) no later than 30 days after the date of the regular general election. 953 (5) (a) The statement filed seven days before the regular general election shall include: 954 (i) a list of each contribution received by the candidate, and the name of the donor, if 955 known; and

956	(ii) a list of each expenditure for political purposes made during the campaign period,
957	and the recipient of each expenditure.
958	(b) The statement filed 30 days after the regular general election shall include:
959	(i) a list of each contribution received after the cutoff date for the statement filed seven
960	days before the election, and the name of the donor; and
961	(ii) a list of all expenditures for political purposes made by the candidate after the
962	cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election, and the recipient of each
963	expenditure.
964	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial
965	institution:
966	(i) that is not described in Subsection (3)(a); and
967	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
968	county office for which the person filed a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
969	holder of an office, other than a county office for which the person filed a declaration of
970	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
971	(b) A county office candidate and a local school board office candidate shall include on
972	any campaign financial statement filed in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5):
973	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
974	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
975	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
976	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
977	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
978	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
979	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a contribution that is cash or a negotiable
980	instrument, exceeds \$50, and is from a donor whose name is unknown, a county office
981	candidate shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
982	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
983	political subdivision's general fund; or
984	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
985	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
986	(8) Candidates for elective office in any county, and candidates for local school board

987	office, who are eliminated at a primary election shall file a signed campaign financial statement
988	containing the information required by this section not later than 30 days after the primary
989	election.
990	(9) Any person who fails to comply with this section is guilty of an infraction.
991	(10) (a) Counties may, by ordinance, enact requirements that:
992	(i) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures; and
993	(ii) impose additional penalties.
994	(b) The requirements described in Subsection (10)(a) apply to a local school board
995	office candidate who resides in that county.
996	(11) If a candidate fails to file an interim report due before the election, the county
997	clerk:
998	(a) may send an electronic notice to the candidate and the political party of which the
999	candidate is a member, if any, that states:
1000	(i) that the candidate failed to timely file the report; and
1001	(ii) that, if the candidate fails to file the report within 24 hours after the deadline for
1002	filing the report, the candidate will be disqualified and the political party will not be permitted
1003	to replace the candidate; and
1004	(b) impose a fine of \$100 on the candidate.
1005	(12) (a) The county clerk shall disqualify a candidate and inform the appropriate
1006	election officials that the candidate is disqualified if the candidate fails to file an interim report
1007	described in Subsection (11) within 24 hours after the deadline for filing the report.
1008	(b) The political party of a candidate who is disqualified under Subsection (12)(a) may
1009	not replace the candidate.
1010	(c) A candidate who is disqualified under Subsection (12)(a) shall file with the county
1011	clerk a complete and accurate campaign finance statement within 30 days after the day on
1012	which the candidate is disqualified.
1013	(13) If a candidate is disqualified under Subsection (12)(a), the election official:
1014	(a) shall:
1015	(i) notify every opposing candidate for the county office that the candidate is
1016	disqualified;
1017	(ii) send an email notification to each voter who is eligible to vote in the county

1018	election office race for whom the election official has an email address informing the voter that
1019	the candidate is disqualified and that votes cast for the candidate will not be counted;
1020	(iii) post notice of the disqualification on the county's website; and
1021	(iv) if practicable, remove the candidate's name from the ballot by blacking out the
1022	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; and
1023	(b) may not count any votes for that candidate.
1024	(14) An election official may fulfill the requirement described in Subsection (13)(a) in
1025	relation to a mailed ballot, including a military or overseas ballot, by including with the ballot a
1026	written notice directing the voter to the county's website to inform the voter whether a
1027	candidate on the ballot is disqualified.
1028	(15) A candidate is not disqualified if:
1029	(a) the candidate files the interim reports described in Subsection (11) no later than 24
1030	hours after the applicable deadlines for filing the reports;
1031	(b) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
1032	required by this section except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
1033	and
1034	(c) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the
1035	next scheduled report.
1036	(16) (a) A report is considered timely filed if:
1037	(i) the report is received in the county clerk's office no later than midnight, Mountain
1038	Time, at the end of the day on which the report is due;
1039	(ii) the report is received in the county clerk's office with a United States Postal Service
1040	postmark three days or more before the date that the report was due; or
1041	(iii) the candidate has proof that the report was mailed, with appropriate postage and
1042	addressing, three days before the report was due.
1043	(b) For a county clerk's office that is not open until midnight at the end of the day on
1044	which a report is due, the county clerk shall permit a candidate to file the report via email or
1045	another electronic means designated by the county clerk.
1046	(17) (a) Any private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce
1047	the provisions of this section or any ordinance adopted under this section.
1048	(b) In a civil action filed under Subsection (17)(a), the court shall award costs and

1049	attorney fees to the prevailing party.
1050	(18) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
1051	Access and Management Act, the county clerk shall:
1052	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
1053	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
1054	(b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
1055	inspection by:
1056	(i) $[(A)]$ posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the county's
1057	website no later than seven business days after the day on which the statement is filed; and
1058	[(B) verifying that the address of the county's website has been provided to the
1059	lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or]
1060	(ii) [submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the
1061	website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two
1062	business days after the statement is filed.] in order to meet the requirements of Subsection
1063	20A-11-103(4)(b)(ii), providing the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting
1064	described in Subsection (18)(b)(i) no later than two business days after the day the statement is
1065	filed.
1066	Section 17. Section 17-16a-3 is amended to read:
1067	17-16a-3. Definitions.
1068	As used in this part:
1069	(1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to:
1070	(i) [any] a statutory office or position; or
1071	(ii) [any other person appointed to any position of employment with a county, except
1072	special employees] a position of employment with a county, except a special employee.
1073	(b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to persons serving on] "Appointed
1074	officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular or full-time [committees, agencies,
1075	or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their] committee, agency, or board,
1076	regardless of whether the individual is compensated for the individual's services. [The use of
1077	the word "officer" in this part is not intended to make appointed persons or employees
1078	"officers" of the county.]
1079	(c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer.

1080	(2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent,
1081	aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
1082	entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business
1083	entity and with the intent to so assist such person or business entity.
1084	(3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint
1085	venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on
1086	a business.
1087	(4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is
1088	paid, loaned, granted, given, donated or transferred to any person or business entity for or in
1089	consideration of personal services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
1090	(5) "Elected officer" means [any person] an individual elected or appointed to [any] an
1091	office in the county.
1092	(6) "Governmental action" means $[any]$ an action on the part of a county including:
1093	(a) [any] <u>a</u> decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; [and]
1094	(b) [any] a grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision,
1095	sanction, or approval[ <del>, or</del> ]; or
1096	(c) [the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to] the denial of, or failure to act
1097	upon, a matter described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b).
1098	(7) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer.
1099	[(7)] (8) "Special employee" means [any person] an individual hired on the basis of a
1100	contract to perform a special service for the county pursuant to an award of a contract
1101	following a public bid.
1102	[(8)] (9) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
1103	individual, the individual's spouse, and the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
1104	outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
1105	Section 18. Section 17-16a-3.5 is enacted to read:
1106	<b><u>17-16a-3.5.</u></b> Statutory construction.
1107	The definition of appointed officer in Section 17-16a-3 does not have the effect of
1108	making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the county.
1109	Section 19. Section 17-16a-4 is amended to read:
1110	17-16a-4. Prohibited use of official position Exception.

1111	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), it is an offense for an [elected or
1112	appointed] officer to:
1113	(a) disclose confidential information acquired by reason of the officer's official position
1114	or use that information to secure special privileges or exemptions for [himself] the officer or
1115	others;
1116	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's official position to secure special privileges for
1117	the officer or for others; or
1118	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek or solicit, directly or indirectly, any gift or
1119	loan for the officer or for another, if the gift or loan tends to influence the officer in the
1120	discharge of the officer's official duties.
1121	(2) This section [is inapplicable] does not apply to:
1122	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
1123	(b) an award publicly presented;
1124	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
1125	(d) political campaign contributions subject to Section 17-16-6.5.
1126	(3) A member of a county legislative body who is also a member of the governing
1127	board of a provider of mental health or substance abuse services under contract with the county
1128	does not commit an offense under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by discharging, in good faith, the
1129	duties and responsibilities of each position, if the county legislative body member does not
1130	participate in the process of selecting the mental health or substance abuse service provider.
1131	(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a county or county official may
1132	encourage support from a public or private individual or institution, whether in financial
1133	contributions or by other means, on behalf of an organization or activity that benefits the
1134	community.
1135	(5) This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed] officer who engages in
1136	conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the [elected or appointed]
1137	officer is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105.
1138	Section 20. Section 17-16a-5 is amended to read:
1139	17-16a-5. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving county Public
1140	disclosure and filing required.
1141	(1) [No elected or appointed officer may] An officer may not receive or agree to

1142	receive compensation for assisting $[any] \underline{a}$ person or business entity in $[any] \underline{a}$ transaction
1143	involving the county in which [he is an officer unless he] the officer is elected or appointed
1144	unless the officer:
1145	(a) [files with the county legislative body a sworn statement giving the information
1146	required by this section, and] files with the county legislative body a sworn statement
1147	disclosing the information described in Subsection (5);
1148	(b) discloses in open meeting to the members of the body of which [he] the officer is a
1149	member, immediately [prior to] before the discussion, the information [required by Subsection
1150	(3).] described in Subsection (5); and
1151	(c) for an officer who is an elected officer, files the sworn statement described in
1152	Subsection (1)(a) with the county clerk.
1153	(2) [The statement required to be filed by this section shall be filed] An officer shall
1154	file the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) on or before the earlier of:
1155	(a) 10 days [prior to the date of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer
1156	and the person or business entity being assisted or] before the date on which the officer and the
1157	person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement; or
1158	(b) 10 days [prior to the receipt of compensation by the business entity] before the date
1159	on which the officer receives compensation.
1160	(3) In accordance with Subsection (1)(c), an elected officer shall file the sworn
1161	statement with the county clerk on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in
1162	Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
1163	(4) A county clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a)
1164	shall:
1165	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the county's website; and
1166	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the county's website until the
1167	elected officer leaves office.
1168	(5) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) is public
1169	information and is available for examination by the public.
1170	[(3)] (6) The [statement and disclosure] sworn statement and public disclosure
1171	described in Subsection (1) shall contain the following information:
1172	(a) the name and address of the officer;

1173	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted, or in
1174	which the [appointed or elected official] officer has a substantial interest; and
1175	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
1176	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
1177	Section 21. Section 17-16a-6 is amended to read:
1178	17-16a-6. Interest in business entity regulated by county Disclosure.
1179	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer,
1180	director, agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial interest in any business entity [which]
1181	that is subject to the regulation of the county [in which the officer is an elected or appointed
1182	officer] in which the officer is appointed or elected shall disclose the position held and the
1183	precise nature and value of the officer's interest:
1184	(a) upon first becoming appointed or elected[;]; and
1185	(b) [again] during January of each year [thereafter] during which the officer continues
1186	to be an appointed or elected officer.
1187	(2) [The disclosure shall be made in a sworn statement filed with the county legislative
1188	body.] An officer shall make the disclosure described in Subsection (1) in a sworn statement
1189	filed with:
1190	(a) the county legislative body; and
1191	(b) if the officer is an elected officer, the county clerk.
1192	(3) The commission shall:
1193	(a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements] the sworn statement
1194	described in Subsection (2) to the members of the governing body; or
1195	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body, copies of the disclosure
1196	statement within 30 days after the statement is received] provide a copy of the sworn statement
1197	described in Subsection (2) to the members of the governing body no later than 30 days after
1198	the day on which the commission receives the statement.
1199	(4) A county clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (2) shall:
1200	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the county's website; and
1201	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the county's website until the
1202	elected officer leaves office.
1203	(5) (a) This section does not apply to instances where the value of the interest does not

1204	exceed \$[ <del>2,000, and</del> ] <u>5,000.</u>
1205	(b) A life insurance [policies and annuities] policy or an annuity may not be considered
1206	in determining the value of the interest.
1207	Section 22. Section 17-16a-7 is amended to read:
1208	17-16a-7. Interest in business entity doing business with county Disclosure.
1209	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer,
1210	director, agent, or employee, or owner of a substantial interest in [any] a business entity
1211	[which] that does or anticipates doing business with the county [in which he is an appointed or
1212	elected officer,] in which the officer is appointed or elected shall:
1213	(a) publicly disclose the conflict of interest to the members of the body [on which he]
1214	of which the officer is a member, immediately [prior to any] before a discussion by [such] the
1215	body on matters relating to [such] the business entity, the nature of [his] the officer's interest in
1216	[that] the business entity[-]; and
1217	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, file a sworn statement describing the
1218	conflict of interest with the county clerk.
1219	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
1220	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
1221	(3) A county clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(b)
1222	shall:
1223	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the county's website; and
1224	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the county's website until the
1225	elected officer leaves office.
1226	Section 23. Section 17-16a-8 is amended to read:
1227	17-16a-8. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.
1228	[Any personal interest of or investment by any elected or appointed official of a county
1229	which creates a potential or actual conflict between the official's personal interests and his
1230	public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to the members of the body in the manner
1231	required by Section 17-16a-6] An officer who has a personal interest or investment that creates
1232	a potential or actual conflict between the officer's personal interests and the officer's public
1233	duties shall disclose the conflict in the manner described in Section 17-16a-6.
1234	Section 24. Section 17-16a-9 is amended to read:

1235	17-16a-9. Inducing officer to violate provisions prohibited.
1236	No person shall induce or seek to induce [any appointed or elected] an officer to violate
1237	any of the provisions of this part.
1238	Section 25. Section 17-16a-10 is amended to read:
1239	17-16a-10. Violation a misdemeanor Removal from office.
1240	In addition to any penalty contained in any other provision of law, [any] a person who
1241	knowingly and intentionally violates this part is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be
1242	dismissed from employment or removed from office.
1243	Section 26. Section 17-16a-12 is amended to read:
1244	17-16a-12. Rescission of prohibited transaction.
1245	If [any] a transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section 17-16a-6,
1246	the county may rescind or void [any] a contract or subcontract entered into pursuant to that
1247	transaction without returning any part of the consideration received by the county.
1248	Section 27. Section 17-16a-13 is enacted to read:
1249	<u>17-16a-13.</u> Annual conflict of interest disclosure County clerk Penalties.
1250	(1) In addition to the any other disclosure obligation described in this part, an elected
1251	officer shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which
1252	the elected officer holds county elective office:
1253	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1254	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1255	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the county clerk.
1256	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the day on which an elected officer submits
1257	the written disclosure described in Subsection (1) to the county clerk, the county clerk shall:
1258	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure on the county's website; and
1259	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1260	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
1261	(b) The county clerk shall ensure that the elected officer's written disclosure statement
1262	remains posted on the county's website until the elected officer leaves office.
1263	(3) A county clerk shall take the action described in Subsection (4) if:
1264	(a) an elected officer fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described
1265	in Subsection (1); or

1266	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1267	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1268	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the county clerk shall, within
1269	five days after the day on which the county clerk determines that a violation occurred, notify
1270	the elected officer of the violation and direct the elected officer to submit an amended written
1271	disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1272	(5) (a) It is unlawful for an elected officer to fail to submit or amend a written
1273	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the elected officer receives the
1274	notice described in Subsection (4).
1275	(b) A regulated officeholder who violates Subsection (5)(a) is guilty of a class B
1276	misdemeanor.
1277	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report a violation of Subsection (5)(a) to the attorney
1278	general.
1279	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the county clerk
1280	shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an elected officer who violates Subsection (5)(a).
1281	(6) The county clerk shall deposit a fine collected under this part into the county's
1282	general fund as a dedicated credit to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1283	Section 28. Section <b>20A-11-103</b> is amended to read:
1284	20A-11-103. Notice of pending interim and summary reports Form of
1285	submission Public availability Notice of reporting and filing requirements.
1286	(1) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (1)(b), 10 days before an interim report or
1287	summary report is due under this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections,
1288	the chief election officer shall inform the filing entity by electronic mail unless postal mail is
1289	requested:
1290	(i) that the financial statement is due;
1291	(ii) of the date that the financial statement is due; and
1292	(iii) of the penalty for failing to file the financial statement.
1293	(b) The chief election officer is not required to provide notice:
1294	(i) to a candidate or political party of the financial statement that is due before the
1295	candidate's or political party's political convention;
1296	(ii) of a financial statement due in connection with a public hearing for an initiative

1297	under the requirements of Section 20A-7-204.1; or
1298	(iii) to a corporation or labor organization, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
1299	(2) A filing entity shall electronically file a financial statement via electronic mail or
1300	the Internet according to specifications established by the chief election officer.
1301	(3) (a) A financial statement is considered timely filed if the financial statement is
1302	received by the chief election officer's office before midnight, Mountain Time, at the end of the
1303	day on which the financial statement is due.
1304	(b) For a county clerk's office that is not open until midnight at the end of the day on
1305	which a financial statement is due, the county clerk shall permit a candidate to file the financial
1306	statement via email or another electronic means designated by the county clerk.
1307	(c) A chief election officer may extend the time in which a filing entity is required to
1308	file a financial statement if a filing entity notifies the chief election officer of the existence of
1309	an extenuating circumstance that is outside the control of the filing entity.
1310	(4) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
1311	Access and Management Act, the lieutenant governor shall:
1312	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
1313	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
1314	[(b) post an electronic copy or the contents of each financial statement in a searchable
1315	format on a website established by the lieutenant governor:]
1316	[(i) for campaign finance statements submitted to the lieutenant governor under the
1317	requirements of Section 10-3-208 or Section 17-16-6.5, no later than seven business days after
1318	the date of receipt of the campaign finance statement; or]
1319	[(ii) for a summary report or interim report filed under the requirements of this chapter
1320	or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections, no later than three business days after the
1321	date the summary report or interim report is electronically filed.]
1322	(b) post on a website established by the lieutenant governor:
1323	(i) an electronic copy or the contents of each summary report or interim report filed
1324	under the requirements of this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections, no
1325	later than three business days after the date on which the summary report or interim report is
1326	electronically filed; or
1327	(ii) for a campaign finance statement filed under the requirements of Section 10-3-208,

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1328	for a municipality, or Section 17-16-6.5, for a county, a link to the municipal or county website
1329	that hosts the campaign finance statement, no later than seven business days after the date on
1330	which the lieutenant governor receives the link from:
1331	(A) the municipal clerk or recorder, in accordance with Subsection 10-3-208(10)(b)(ii);
1332	<u>or</u>
1333	(B) the county clerk, in accordance with Subsection 17-16-6.5(18)(b)(ii).
1334	[(5) If a municipality, under Section 10-3-208, or a county, under Section 17-16-6.5,
1335	elects to provide campaign finance disclosure on its own website, rather than through the
1336	lieutenant governor, the website established by the lieutenant governor shall contain a link or
1337	other access point to the municipality or county website.]
1338	[(6)] (5) Between January 1 and January 15 of each year, the chief election officer shall
1339	provide notice, by postal mail or email, to each filing entity for which the chief election officer
1340	has a physical or email address, of the reporting and filing requirements described in this
1341	chapter.
1342	Section 29. Section <b>20A-11-1602</b> is amended to read:
1343	20A-11-1602. Definitions.
1344	As used in this part:
1345	(1) "Conflict of interest" means an action that is taken by a regulated officeholder that
1346	the officeholder reasonably believes may cause direct financial benefit or detriment to the
1347	officeholder, a member of the officeholder's immediate family, or an individual or entity that
1348	the officeholder is required to disclose under the provisions of this section, if that benefit or
1349	detriment is distinguishable from the effects of that action on the public or on the officeholder's
1350	profession, occupation, or association generally.
1351	(2) "Conflict of interest disclosure" means a disclosure, on the website, of all
1352	information required under Section 20A-11-1604.
1353	(3) "Entity" means a corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, a limited
1354	partnership, a sole proprietorship, an association, a cooperative, a trust, an organization, a joint
1355	venture, a governmental entity, an unincorporated organization, or any other legal entity,
1356	regardless of whether it is established primarily for the purpose of gain or economic profit.
1357	(4) "Local official" means:
1358	(a) an elected officer of:

1359	(i) a municipality under Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 13, Municipal Officers' and
1360	Employees' Ethics Act; or
1361	(ii) a county under Title 17, Chapter 16a, County Officers and Employees Disclosure
1362	Act;
1363	(b) a special public officer under Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and
1364	Employees' Ethics Act; or
1365	(c) another individual:
1366	(i) who is not a regulated officeholder; and
1367	(ii) who is required to annually make a conflict of interest disclosure in accordance
1368	with Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1369	[(4)] (5) "Filing officer" means:
1370	(a) the lieutenant governor, for the office of a state constitutional officer or State Board
1371	of Education member; or
1372	(b) the lieutenant governor or the county clerk in the county of the candidate's
1373	residence, for a state legislative office.
1374	[(5)] (6) "Immediate family" means the regulated officeholder's spouse, a child living
1375	in the regulated officeholder's immediate household, or an individual claimed as a dependent
1376	for state or federal income tax purposes by the regulated officeholder.
1377	[(6)] (7) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or any other payment made to an
1378	individual for gain, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission,
1379	pay, bonus, severance pay, incentive pay, contract payment, interest, per diem, expenses,
1380	reimbursement, dividends, or otherwise.
1381	[(7)] (8) (a) "Owner or officer" means an individual who owns an ownership interest in
1382	an entity or holds a position where the person has authority to manage, direct, control, or make
1383	decisions for:
1384	(i) the entity or a portion of the entity; or
1385	(ii) an employee, agent, or independent contractor of the entity.
1386	(b) "Owner or officer" includes:
1387	(i) a member of a board of directors or other governing body of an entity; or
1388	(ii) a partner in any type of partnership.
1389	[(8)] (9) "Preceding year" means the year immediately preceding the day on which the

1390	regulated officeholder makes a conflict of interest disclosure.
1391	[(9)] (10) "Regulated officeholder" means an individual who is required to make a
1392	conflict of interest disclosure under the provisions of this part.
1393	[(10)] (11) "State constitutional officer" means the governor, the lieutenant governor,
1394	the state auditor, the state treasurer, or the attorney general.
1395	[(11)] (12) "Website" means the Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest
1396	Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
1397	Section 30. Section <b>20A-11-1602.5</b> is amended to read:
1398	20A-11-1602.5. Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure
1399	Website.
1400	(1) The lieutenant governor shall, in cooperation with the county clerks, establish and
1401	administer a Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website.
1402	(2) The website shall:
1403	(a) permit a candidate or officeholder to securely access the website for the purpose of:
1404	(i) complying with the conflict of interest disclosure requirements described in this
1405	part; and
1406	(ii) editing conflict of interest disclosures;
1407	(b) contain a record of all conflict of interest disclosures and edits made by the
1408	candidate or officeholder for at least the preceding four years; [and]
1409	(c) permit any person to view a conflict of interest disclosure made by a candidate or
1410	officeholder[-]; and
1411	(d) contain a link to the conflict of interest disclosure made by a local official.
1412	Section 31. Section <b>53C-1-202</b> is amended to read:
1413	53C-1-202. Board of trustees membership Nomination list Qualifications
1414	Terms Replacement Chair Quorum Annual conflict of interest disclosure
1415	statement Penalties.
1416	(1) There is established the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees.
1417	(2) The board shall consist of seven members appointed on a nonpartisan basis by the
1418	governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1419	24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1420	(3) (a) Except for the appointment made pursuant to Subsection (5), all appointments

1421	to the board shall be for a nonconsecutive term of six years, or until a replacement has been
1422	appointed and confirmed pursuant to this section.
1423	(b) If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint a replacement, following the
1424	procedures set forth in Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6), to fill the unexpired term.
1425	(c) Any member of the board who has served less than six years upon the expiration of
1426	that member's term is eligible for a consecutive reappointment.
1427	(4) (a) The governor shall select six of the seven appointees to the board from a
1428	nomination list of at least two candidates for each position or vacancy submitted pursuant to
1429	Section 53C-1-203.
1430	(b) The governor may request an additional nomination list of at least two candidates
1431	from the nominating committee if the initial list of candidates for a given position is
1432	unacceptable.
1433	(c) (i) If the governor fails to select an appointee within 60 days after receipt of the
1434	initial list or within 60 days after the receipt of an additional list, the nominating committee
1435	shall make an interim appointment by majority vote.
1436	(ii) The interim appointee shall serve until the matter is resolved by the committee and
1437	the governor or until replaced pursuant to this chapter.
1438	(5) (a) The governor may appoint one member without requiring a nomination list.
1439	(b) The member appointed under Subsection (5)(a) serves at the pleasure of the
1440	governor.
1441	(6) (a) Each board candidate shall possess outstanding professional qualifications
1442	pertinent to the purposes and activities of the trust.
1443	(b) The board shall represent the following areas of expertise:
1444	(i) nonrenewable resource management or development;
1445	(ii) renewable resource management or development; and
1446	(iii) real estate.
1447	(c) Other qualifications which are pertinent for membership to the board are expertise
1448	in any of the following areas:
1449	(i) business;
1450	(ii) investment banking;
1451	(iii) finance;

1452	(iv) trust administration;
1453	(v) asset management; and
1454	(vi) the practice of law in any of the areas referred to in Subsections (6)(b) and (6)(c)(i)
1455	through (v).
1456	(7) The board of trustees shall select a chair and vice chair from its membership.
1457	(8) Before assuming a position on the board, each member shall take an oath of office.
1458	(9) Four members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
1459	(10) The governor or five board members may, for cause, remove a member of the
1460	board.
1461	(11) A member of the board shall:
1462	(a) comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24,
1463	Part 3, Conflicts of Interest[-]; and
1464	(b) no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the
1465	member holds office on the board:
1466	(i) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1467	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1468	(ii) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the board.
1469	(12) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member
1470	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (11)(b) to the administrator or
1471	clerk of the board, the administrator or clerk shall:
1472	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the administration's
1473	website; and
1474	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1475	Subsection (12)(a)(i).
1476	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
1477	statement remains posted on the administration's website until the board member leaves office.
1478	(13) The administrator or clerk of the board shall take the action described in
1479	Subsection (14) if:
1480	(a) a board member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in
1481	Subsection (11)(b); or
1482	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of

1483	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1484	(14) If a circumstance described in Subsection (13) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
1485	the board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk determines
1486	that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct the board member
1487	to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1488	(15) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written
1489	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
1490	notice described in Subsection (14).
1491	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (15)(a) is guilty of a class B
1492	misdemeanor.
1493	(c) The administrator or clerk of the board shall report a violation of Subsection (15)(a)
1494	to the attorney general.
1495	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (15)(b), the
1496	administrator or clerk of the board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board member
1497	who violates Subsection (15)(a).
1498	(16) The administrator or clerk of the board shall deposit a fine collected under this
1499	section into the board's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1500	Section 32. Section 63H-1-304 is enacted to read:
1501	<u>63H-1-304.</u> Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception
1502	Penalties.
1503	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a board member shall, no sooner than
1504	January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the board member holds
1505	office on the authority's board:
1506	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1507	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1508	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the
1509	authority's board.
1510	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member
1511	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) to the administrator or
1512	clerk of the authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
1513	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's

1514	website; and
1515	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1516	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
1517	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
1518	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the board member leaves office.
1519	(3) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall take the action described in
1520	Subsection (4) if:
1521	(a) a board member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in
1522	Subsection (1); or
1523	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1524	<u>Subsection 20A-11-1604(b).</u>
1525	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
1526	the authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1527	determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct the
1528	board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1529	(5) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
1530	statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the notice
1531	described in Subsection (4).
1532	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (5)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1533	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall report a violation of
1534	Subsection (5)(a) to the attorney general.
1535	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the administrator
1536	or clerk of the authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board member who
1537	violates Subsection (5)(a).
1538	(6) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall deposit a fine collected
1539	under this section into the board's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1540	(7) For an individual who is appointed as a board member under Subsection
1541	<u>63H-1-302(2)(b):</u>
1542	(a) Subsection (1) does not apply; and
1543	(b) the administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall, instead:
1544	(i) post an electronic link on the authority's website to the written disclosure statement

1545	the board member made in the board member's capacity as an elected officer of:
1546	(A) a county, under Section 17-16a-13; or
1547	(B) a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
1548	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1549	Subsection (7)(b)(i).
1550	Section 33. Section 63H-4-102 is amended to read:
1551	63H-4-102. Creation Members Chair Powers Quorum Per diem and
1552	expenses Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception Penalties.
1553	(1) There is created an independent state agency and a body politic and corporate
1554	known as the "Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority."
1555	(2) The authority is composed of eight members as follows:
1556	(a) one member of the county legislative body of Wasatch County;
1557	(b) the mayor of Heber City;
1558	(c) the mayor of Midway;
1559	(d) the executive director of the Department of Transportation or the executive
1560	director's designee;
1561	(e) the director of the Division of State Parks, or the director's designee; and
1562	(f) three public members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the
1563	Senate, being private citizens of the state, as follows:
1564	(i) two people representing the tourism industry, one each from Wasatch and Utah
1565	counties; and
1566	(ii) one person representing the public at large.
1567	(3) All members shall be residents of the state.
1568	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), the three public members are appointed
1569	for four-year terms beginning July 1, 2010.
1570	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
1571	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
1572	authority members are staggered so that approximately half of the authority is appointed every
1573	two years.
1574	(5) Any of the three public members may be removed from office by the governor or
1575	for cause by an affirmative vote of any four members of the authority.

1576	(6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement is
1577	appointed for the unexpired term by the governor with advice and consent of the Senate for the
1578	unexpired term.
1579	(7) Each public member shall hold office for the term of appointment and until a
1580	successor has been appointed and qualified.
1581	(8) A public member is eligible for reappointment, but may not serve more than two
1582	full consecutive terms.
1583	(9) The governor shall appoint the chair of the authority from among its members.
1584	(10) The members shall elect from among their number a vice chair and other officers
1585	they may determine.
1586	(11) The powers of the authority are vested in its members.
1587	(12) (a) Four members constitute a quorum for transaction of authority business.
1588	(b) An affirmative vote of at least four members is necessary for any action taken by
1589	the authority.
1590	(13) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1591	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1592	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1593	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1594	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections $63A-3-106$ and
1595	63A-3-107.
1596	(14) Except as provided in Subsection (20), a member shall, no sooner than January 1
1597	and no later than January 31 of each year during which the member holds office on the
1598	authority:
1599	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1600	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1601	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the
1602	authority.
1603	(15) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the member submits the
1604	written disclosure statement described in Subsection (14) to the administrator or clerk of the
1605	authority, the administrator or clerk shall:
1606	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's

1607	website; and
1608	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1609	Subsection (15)(a)(i).
1610	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the member's written disclosure
1611	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the member leaves office.
1612	(16) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall take the action described in
1613	Subsection (17) if:
1614	(a) a member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in
1615	Subsection (14); or
1616	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1617	<u>Subsection 20A-11-1604(b).</u>
1618	(17) If a circumstance described in Subsection (16) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
1619	the authority shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1620	determines that a violation occurred, notify the member of the violation and direct the member
1621	to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1622	(18) (a) It is unlawful for a member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
1623	statement within seven days after the day on which the member receives the notice described in
1624	Subsection (17).
1625	(b) A member who violates Subsection (18)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1626	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall report a violation of Subsection
1627	(18)(a) to the attorney general.
1628	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (18)(b), the
1629	administrator or clerk of the authority shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a member who
1630	violates Subsection (18)(a).
1631	(19) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall deposit a fine collected under this
1632	section into the authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1633	(20) For an individual who is appointed to the authority under Subsection (2)(a), (b), or
1634	<u>(c):</u>
1635	(a) Subsection (14) does not apply; and
1636	(b) the administrator or clerk of the authority shall, instead:
1637	(i) post an electronic link on the authority's website to the written disclosure statement

1638	the member made in the member's capacity as an elected officer of:
1639	(A) a county, under Section 17-16a-13; or
1640	(B) a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
1641	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1642	Subsection (20)(b)(i).
1643	Section 34. Section 63H-8-201 is amended to read:
1644	63H-8-201. Creation Trustees Terms Vacancies Chair Powers
1645	Quorum Per diem and expenses Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement
1646	Penalties.
1647	(1) (a) There is created an independent body politic and corporate, constituting a public
1648	corporation, known as the "Utah Housing Corporation."
1649	(b) The corporation may also be known and do business as the:
1650	(i) Utah Housing Finance Association; and
1651	(ii) Utah Housing Finance Agency in connection with a contract entered into when that
1652	was the corporation's legal name.
1653	(c) No other entity may use the names described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b) without
1654	the express approval of the corporation.
1655	(2) The corporation is governed by a board of trustees composed of the following nine
1656	trustees:
1657	(a) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services or the executive
1658	director's designee;
1659	(b) the commissioner of the Department of Financial Institutions or the commissioner's
1660	designee;
1661	(c) the state treasurer or the treasurer's designee; and
1662	(d) six public trustees, who are private citizens of the state, as follows:
1663	(i) two people who represent the mortgage lending industry;
1664	(ii) two people who represent the home building and real estate industry; and
1665	(iii) two people who represent the public at large.
1666	(3) The governor shall:
1667	(a) appoint the six public trustees of the corporation with the advice and consent of the
1668	Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies; and

1669	(b) ensure that:
1670	(i) the six public trustees are from different counties and are residents of the state; and
1671	(ii) not more than three of the public trustees are members of the same political party.
1672	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), the governor shall appoint the six
1673	public trustees to terms of office of four years each.
1674	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
1675	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
1676	corporation trustees are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every
1677	two years.
1678	(5) (a) A public trustee of the corporation may be removed from office for cause either
1679	by the governor or by an affirmative vote of six trustees of the corporation.
1680	(b) When a vacancy occurs in the board of trustees for any reason, the replacement
1681	shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
1682	(c) A public trustee shall hold office for the term of appointment and until the trustee's
1683	successor has been appointed and qualified.
1684	(d) A public trustee is eligible for reappointment but may not serve more than two full
1685	consecutive terms.
1686	(6) (a) The governor shall select the chair of the corporation.
1687	(b) The trustees shall elect from among their number a vice chair and other officers
1688	they may determine.
1689	(7) (a) Five trustees of the corporation constitute a quorum for transaction of business.
1690	(b) An affirmative vote of at least five trustees is necessary for any action to be taken
1691	by the corporation.
1692	(c) A vacancy in the board of trustees does not impair the right of a quorum to exercise
1693	all rights and perform all duties of the corporation.
1694	(8) A trustee may not receive compensation or benefits for the trustee's service, but
1695	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1696	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1697	(b) Section $63A-3-107$ ; and
1698	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1699	63A-3-107.

1700	(9) A trustee shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year
1701	during which the trustee holds office on the board of trustees:
1702	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1703	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1704	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the board of
1705	trustees.
1706	(10) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the trustee submits the
1707	written disclosure statement described in Subsection (9) to the administrator or clerk of the
1708	board of trustees, the administrator or clerk shall:
1709	(i) post a copy of the written disclosure statement on the corporation's website; and
1710	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1711	Subsection (10)(a)(i).
1712	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the trustee's written disclosure
1713	statement remains posted on the corporation's website until the trustee leaves office.
1714	(11) The administrator or clerk of the board of trustees shall take the action described
1715	in Subsection (12) if:
1716	(a) a trustee fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in Subsection
1717	<u>(9); or</u>
1718	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1719	<u>Subsection 20A-11-1604(b).</u>
1720	(12) If a circumstance described in Subsection (11) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
1721	the board of trustees shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1722	determines that a violation occurred, notify the trustee of the violation and direct the trustee to
1723	submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1724	(13) (a) It is unlawful for a trustee to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
1725	statement within seven days after the day on which the trustee receives the notice described in
1726	Subsection (12).
1727	(b) A trustee who violates Subsection (13)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1728	(c) The administrator or clerk of the board of trustees shall report a violation of
1729	Subsection (13)(a) to the attorney general.
1730	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (13)(b), the

1731	administrator or clerk of the board of trustees shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a
1732	member who violates Subsection (13)(a).
1733	(14) The administrator or clerk of the board shall deposit a fine collected under this
1734	section into the corporation's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1735	[(9)] (15) [A] In addition to the written disclosure statement described in Subsection
1736	(9), a trustee described in Subsection (2)(d) shall also comply with the conflict of interest
1737	provisions described in Section 63G-24-301.
1738	Section 35. Section 63M-14-202 is amended to read:
1739	63M-14-202. Organization of the authority Annual conflict of interest
1740	disclosure statement Penalties.
1741	(1) The authority is composed of seven authority members:
1742	(a) five authority members who represent Colorado River authority areas;
1743	(b) one authority member who represents the governor; and
1744	(c) one authority member who represents tribal interests.
1745	(2) The five Colorado River authority areas, defined by existing county boundaries that
1746	reflect the historic and current use of the Colorado River system, include:
1747	(a) the Central Utah Area composed of Salt Lake, Utah, Juab, Sanpete, Summit,
1748	Wasatch, Duchesne, and Uintah counties, located within the service area of the Central Utah
1749	Water Conservancy District;
1750	(b) the Uintah Basin Area composed of Duchesne and Uintah counties,
1751	notwithstanding that these counties fall within the Central Utah Area, and Daggett county;
1752	(c) the Price and San Rafael Area composed of Carbon and Emery counties;
1753	(d) the Virgin River Area composed of Kane and Washington counties; and
1754	(e) the State of Utah Area that represents:
1755	(i) the remaining counties using the Colorado River system;
1756	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources and the Department of Natural Resources'
1757	divisions; and
1758	(iii) the users of the Colorado River system that are not specifically included in the
1759	other four Colorado River authority areas and include Garfield, Grand, San Juan, and Wayne
1760	counties.
1761	(3) The members of the authority are:

1762	(a) four members appointed as follows:
1763	(i) a representative of the Central Utah Area appointed by the board of trustees of the
1764	Central Utah Water Conservancy District;
1765	(ii) a representative of the Uintah Basin Area appointed jointly by the boards of
1766	trustees of the Duchesne County and Uintah Water Conservancy Districts;
1767	(iii) a representative of the Price and San Rafael Area appointed jointly by the county
1768	commission of Carbon County and the board of trustees of the Emery Water Conservancy
1769	District; and
1770	(iv) a representative of the Virgin River Area appointed by the board of trustees of the
1771	Washington County Water Conservancy District;
1772	(b) the director of the Division of Water Resources as the representative of the State of
1773	Utah Area created in Subsection (2)(e);
1774	(c) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources as the representative
1775	of the governor; and
1776	(d) a representative of tribal interests who is:
1777	(i) appointed by the governor; and
1778	(ii) a member of a federally recognized Indian tribe if the tribe is, in whole or in part,
1779	located within the state and within the Colorado River system.
1780	(4) A joint appointment required under Subsection (3) requires the agreement of both
1781	appointing authorities before the authority member seat is filled.
1782	(5) An authority member who is appointed under Subsection (3) shall:
1783	(a) be a resident of the state; and
1784	(b) have experience and a general knowledge of:
1785	(i) Colorado River issues and the use of the Colorado River system in the member's
1786	respective Colorado River authority area;
1787	(ii) the development of the use of the waters of the Colorado River system; and
1788	(iii) the rights of this state concerning the resources and benefits of the Colorado River
1789	system.
1790	(6) (a) An appointing authority shall notify the chair of:
1791	(i) the appointing authority's initial appointment to the authority; and
1792	(ii) the appointment of a new member or when a vacancy is being filled.

1793 (b) An appointment of an authority member is effective when received by the chair. 1794 (c) The initial term of an appointed authority member expires June 30, 2027. Before 1795 June 30, 2027, the authority shall adopt a system to stagger the terms of appointed authority 1796 members beginning July 1, 2027, and notify each appointing authority of the duration of the 1797 term of the appointing authority's authority member. The staggering of terms after July 1, 2027, 1798 shall result in approximately one-third of the appointed authority members' terms expiring 1799 every two years. After the respective terms of adjustment are complete, subsequent authority 1800 members shall be appointed by an appointing authority for six-year terms. 1801 (d) An authority member term shall end on June 30. New terms commence on July 1. 1802 (e) An authority member whose term has expired shall serve until replaced or 1803 reappointed by the applicable appointing authority. 1804 (f) An appointing authority may at any time remove the appointing authority's authority 1805 member for neglect of duty or malfeasance in office. If the authority member is jointly 1806 appointed, the authority member may only be removed by joint agreement of both appointing authorities. 1807 1808 (7) In the event of a vacancy in the authority, the chair shall notify the appointing 1809 authority of the vacancy and ask that an authority member be promptly appointed. 1810 (8) (a) An authority member may not receive compensation or benefits for the 1811 member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with: 1812 (i) Section 63A-3-106; 1813 (ii) Section 63A-3-107; and 1814 (iii) rules made by the Department of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 1815 63A-3-107. 1816 (b) If an authority member is a full-time employee with either the state or a water 1817 conservancy district, the authority member is not eligible for the per diem compensation. 1818 (9) The executive director appointed under Section 63M-14-401 shall provide staff 1819 services to the authority. 1820 (10) An authority member shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 1821 of each year during which the authority member holds office on the authority: 1822 (a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to 1823 each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and

1824	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the
1825	authority.
1826	(11) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the authority member
1827	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (10) to the administrator or
1828	clerk of the authority, the administrator or clerk shall:
1829	(i) post a copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's website; and
1830	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1831	Subsection (11)(a)(i).
1832	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the authority member's written
1833	disclosure statement remains posted on the authority's website until the authority member
1834	leaves office.
1835	(12) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall take the action described in
1836	Subsection (13) if:
1837	(a) an authority member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described
1838	in Subsection (10); or
1839	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1840	Subsection 20A-11-1604(b).
1841	(13) If a circumstance described in Subsection (12) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
1842	the authority shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1843	determines that a violation occurred, notify the authority member of the violation and direct the
1844	authority member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1845	(14) (a) It is unlawful for an authority member to fail to submit or amend a written
1846	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the authority member receives
1847	the notice described in Subsection (13).
1848	(b) An authority member who violates Subsection (14)(a) is guilty of a class B
1849	misdemeanor.
1850	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall report a violation of Subsection
1851	(14)(a) to the attorney general.
1852	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (14)(b), the
1853	administrator or clerk of the authority shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an authority
1854	member who violates Subsection (14)(a).

1855	(15) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall deposit a fine collected under this
1856	section into the authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1857	Section 36. Section 67-16-3 is amended to read:
1858	67-16-3. Definitions.
1859	As used in this chapter:
1860	(1) "Agency" means:
1861	(a) any department, division, agency, commission, board, council, committee,
1862	authority, or any other institution of the state or any of its political subdivisions; or
1863	(b) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101.
1864	(2) "Agency head" means the chief executive or administrative officer of any agency.
1865	(3) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent,
1866	aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
1867	entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business
1868	entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.
1869	(4) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint
1870	venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on
1871	a business.
1872	(5) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is
1873	paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to any person or business entity by anyone
1874	other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services, materials,
1875	property, or any other thing whatsoever.
1876	(6) "Controlled, private, or protected information" means information classified as
1877	controlled, private, or protected in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1878	Management Act, or other applicable provision of law.
1879	(7) "Filing clerk" means:
1880	(a) the special district clerk, for a special public officer who holds an office on:
1881	(i) the board of trustees of a special district; or
1882	(ii) the governing body of a special service district; or
1883	(b) the $\hat{H} \rightarrow [section district administrator]$ chief administrative officer $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ , for a special
1883a	public officer who holds an office on
1884	a local school board.
1885	(8) "Governing body" means:

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1886 (a) the legislative body of a county, city, or town that establishes a special service 1887 district, if an administrative control board has not been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or 1888 (b) the administrative control board of a special service district, if the administrative 1889 control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301. [(7)] (9) "Governmental action" means any action on the part of the state, a political 1890 1891 subdivision, or an agency, including: 1892 (a) any decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; and 1893 (b) any grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision, 1894 sanction, or approval, or the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to. 1895 [<del>(8)</del>] (10) "Improper disclosure" means disclosure of controlled, private, or protected 1896 information to any person who does not have the right to receive the information. 1897 [<del>(9)</del>] (11) "Legislative employee" means any officer or employee of the Legislature, or 1898 any committee of the Legislature, who is appointed or employed to serve, either with or 1899 without compensation, for an aggregate of less than 800 hours during any period of 365 days. 1900 "Legislative employee" does not include legislators. 1901 [(10)] (12) "Legislator" means a member or member-elect of either house of the 1902 Legislature of the state of Utah. 1903 [(11)] (13) "Political subdivision" means a district, school district, or any other 1904 political subdivision of the state that is not an agency, but does not include a municipality or a 1905 county. 1906 [(12)] (14) (a) "Public employee" means a person who is not a public officer who is 1907 employed on a full-time, part-time, or contract basis by: 1908 (i) the state; 1909 (ii) a political subdivision of the state; or 1910 (iii) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101. 1911 (b) "Public employee" does not include legislators or legislative employees. 1912 [(13)] (15) (a) "Public officer" means an elected or appointed officer: 1913 (i) (A) of the state; 1914 (B) of a political subdivision of the state; or 1915 (C) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101; and 1916 (ii) who occupies a policymaking post.

1917	(b) "Public officer" includes a special public officer.
1918	[(b)] (c) "Public officer" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
1919	(16) "Special public officer" means a public officer who is an elected or appointed
1920	member of:
1921	(a) the board of trustees of a special district or the governing body of a special service
1922	district, if the special district or the special service district has an annual budget that is equal to
1923	or exceeds 10 times the revenue and expenditure amount described in Subsection 51-2a-201(1);
1924	<u>or</u>
1925	(b) a local school board.
1926	$\left[\frac{(14)}{(17)}\right]$ "State" means the state of Utah.
1927	[(15)] (18) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by
1928	an individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
1929	outstanding capital stock of a corporation or a 10% interest in any other business entity.
1930	Section 37. Section 67-16-6 is amended to read:
1931	67-16-6. Receiving compensation for assistance in transaction involving an
1932	agency Sworn statement.
1933	(1) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ (6), it is an offense for a public officer or
1934	public employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or
1935	business entity in any transaction involving an agency unless the public officer or public
1936	employee files a sworn, written statement [containing the information required by] disclosing
1937	the information described in Subsection (2) with:
1938	(a) the head of the officer or employee's own agency;
1939	(b) the agency head of the agency with which the transaction is being conducted; [and]
1940	(c) the state attorney general[ <del>.</del> ]; and
1941	(d) for a public officer who is a special public officer, the filing clerk of the board of
1942	trustees, governing body, or local school board, as applicable, of which the special public
1943	officer is an elected or appointed member.
1944	(2) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsection (1) shall contain:
1945	(a) the name and address of the public officer or public employee involved;
1946	(b) the name of the public officer's or public employee's agency;
1947	(c) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted; and

1948	(d) a brief description of:
1949	(i) the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be rendered; and
1950	(ii) the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
1951	(3) [The statement required to be filed under Subsection (1) shall be filed within] $\underline{A}$
1952	public officer or public employee shall file the sworn statement described in Subsection (1) on
1953	or before the earlier of:
1954	(a) 10 days after the date [of any agreement between the public officer or public
1955	employee and the person or business entity being assisted] on which the public officer or public
1956	employee and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement; or
1957	(b) the [receipt of compensation, whichever is earlier] public officer's or public
1958	employee's receipt of compensation.
1959	(4) In accordance with Subsection (1)(d), a special public officer shall file the sworn
1960	statement with the filing clerk on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections
1961	<u>(3)(a) and (b).</u>
1962	(5) A filing clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1) shall:
1963	(a) post a copy of the special public officer's sworn statement on, as applicable, the
1964	special district's, special service district's, or school district's website; and
1965	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the website described in
1966	Subsection (5)(a) until the special public officer leaves office.
1967	[(4)] (6) The [statement is] sworn statement described in Subsection (1) is public
1968	information and shall be available for examination by the public.
1969	[(5)] (7) This section does not apply to a public officer or public employee who
1970	engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the public
1971	officer or public employee is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 63G-6a-2404 or
1972	Section 76-8-105.
1973	Section 38. Section 67-16-7 is amended to read:
1974	67-16-7. Disclosure of substantial interest in regulated business Exceptions.
1975	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a public officer or public employee who is an
1976	officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in any business entity that
1977	is subject to the regulation of the agency by which the public officer or public employee is
1978	employed shall disclose [any] a position held in the entity and the precise nature and value of

1979	the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity:
1980	(a) upon first becoming a public officer or public employee;
1981	(b) whenever the public officer's or public employee's position in the business entity
1982	changes significantly; and
1983	(c) if the value of the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity
1984	increases significantly.
1985	(2) The disclosure required under Subsection (1) shall be made in a sworn statement
1986	filed with:
1987	(a) for a public officer or a public employee of the state, the attorney general;
1988	(b) for a public officer or a public employee of a political subdivision, the chief
1989	governing body of the political subdivision;
1990	(c) the head of the agency with which the public officer or public employee is
1991	affiliated; [ <del>and</del> ]
1992	(d) for a public employee, the public employee's immediate supervisor[-]; and
1993	(e) for a public officer who is a special public officer, the filing clerk of the board or
1994	trustees, governing body, or local school board, as applicable, of which the special public
1995	officer is an elected or appointed member.
1996	(3) A filing clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1) shall:
1997	(a) post a copy of the special public officer's sworn statement on, as applicable, the
1998	special district's, special service district's, or school district's website; and
1999	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the website described in
2000	Subsection (3)(a) until the special public officer leaves office.
2001	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ (a) This section does not apply to instances where the total value of the
2002	substantial interest does not exceed $[2,000]$ 5,000.
2003	(b) A life insurance policy or an annuity is not required to be considered in determining
2004	the value of a substantial interest under this section.
2005	[(4)] (5) A disclosure made under this section is a public record and a person with
2006	whom a disclosure is filed under Subsection (2) shall make the disclosure available for public
2007	inspection.
2008	[(5)] (6) A public officer is not required to file a disclosure under this section if the
2009	public officer files a disclosure under Section 20A-11-1604.

2010	Section 39. Section 67-16-16 is enacted to read:
2011	67-16-16. Special public officer Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement
2012	Exception Penalties.
2013	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a special public officer shall, no sooner than
2014	January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the special public officer
2015	holds elected or appointed office:
2016	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
2017	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
2018	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the filing clerk.
2019	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the day on which a special public officer
2020	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) to the filing clerk, the
2021	filing clerk shall:
2022	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on, as applicable, the
2023	special district's, special service district's, or school district's website; and
2024	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2025	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
2026	(b) The filing clerk shall ensure that the special public officer's written disclosure
2027	statement remains posted on the website described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) until the special
2028	public officer leaves office.
2029	(3) The filing clerk shall take the action described in Subsection (4) if:
2030	(a) a special public officer fails to timely submit a written disclosure statement; or
2031	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
2032	<u>Section 20A-11-1604(6).</u>
2033	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the filing clerk shall, within
2034	five days after the day on which the filing clerk determines that a violation occurred, notify the
2035	special public officer of the violation and direct the special public officer to submit an amended
2036	report correcting the problem.
2037	(5) (a) It is unlawful for a special public officer to fail to submit or amend a written
2038	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the special public officer
2039	receives the notice described in Subsection (4).
2040	(b) A special public officer who violates Subsection $(5)(a)$ is guilty of a class B

2041	misdemeanor.
2042	(c) The filing clerk shall report a violation of Subsection (5)(a) to the attorney general.
2043	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the filing clerk
2044	shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a special public officer who violates Subsection (5)(a).
2045	(6) The filing clerk shall deposit a fine collected under this section into the, as
2046	applicable, special district's, special service district's, or school district's general fund as a
2047	dedicated credit to pay for the costs of administering this section.
2048	(7) For a special public officer who is also a state legislator, a member of the
2049	legislative body of a county or municipality, or who is otherwise required to make the written
2050	disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) under another provision of law:
2051	(a) Subsection (1) does not apply; and
2052	(b) the filing clerk shall, instead:
2053	(i) post an electronic link on the website described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to the written
2054	disclosure statement the special public officer made in the special public officer's capacity as:
2055	(A) a state legislator, under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 16, Conflict of Interest
2056	Disclosures;
2057	(B) an elected officer of a county, under Section <u>17-16a-13</u> ;
2058	(C) an elected officer of a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; or
2059	(D) an individual who is otherwise required make the written disclosure statement
2060	described in Subsection (1) under another provision of law; and
2061	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2062	Subsection (7)(b)(i).
2063	Section 40. Section 73-32-302 is amended to read:
2064	73-32-302. Advisory council created Staffing Per diem and travel expenses
2065	Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception Penalties.
2066	(1) There is created an advisory council known as the "Great Salt Lake Advisory
2067	Council" consisting of 11 members listed in Subsection (2).
2068	(2) (a) The governor shall appoint the following members, with the advice and consent
2069	of the Senate:
2070	(i) one representative of industry representing the extractive industry;
2071	(ii) one representative of industry representing aquaculture;

2072	(iii) one representative of conservation interests;
2073	(iv) one representative of a migratory bird protection area as defined in Section
2074	23A-13-101;
2075	(v) one representative who is an elected official from municipal government, or the
2076	elected official's designee;
2077	(vi) five representatives who are elected officials from county government, or the
2078	elected official's designee, one each representing:
2079	(A) Box Elder County;
2080	(B) Davis County;
2081	(C) Salt Lake County;
2082	(D) Tooele County; and
2083	(E) Weber County; and
2084	(vii) one representative of a publicly owned treatment works.
2085	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), each member shall serve a four-year
2086	term.
2087	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), at the time of appointment or reappointment,
2088	the governor shall adjust the length of terms of voting members to ensure that the terms of
2089	council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two
2090	years.
2091	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall
2092	appoint a replacement for the unexpired term with the advice and consent of the Senate.
2093	(d) A member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed and qualified.
2094	(4) The council shall determine:
2095	(a) the time and place of meetings; and
2096	(b) any other procedural matter not specified in this chapter.
2097	(5) (a) Attendance of six members at a meeting of the council constitutes a quorum.
2098	(b) A vote of the majority of the members present at a meeting when a quorum is
2099	present constitutes an action of the council.
2100	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2101	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2102	(a) Section 63A-3-106;

2103	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2104	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2105	63A-3-107.
2106	(7) The office, the department, and the Department of Environmental Quality shall
2107	coordinate and provide necessary staff assistance to the council.
2108	(8) Except as provided in Subsection (14), a council member shall, no sooner than
2109	January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the council member holds
2110	office on the council:
2111	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
2112	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
2113	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the council.
2114	(9) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the council member
2115	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (8) to the administrator or
2116	clerk of the council, the administrator or clerk shall:
2117	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the council's website;
2118	and
2119	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2120	Subsection (9)(a)(i).
2121	(b) The administrator or clerk of the council shall ensure that the council member's
2122	written disclosure statement remains posted on the council's website until the council member
2123	leaves office.
2124	(10) The administrator or clerk of the council shall take the action described in
2125	Subsection (11) if:
2126	(a) a council member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in
2127	Subsection (8); or
2128	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
2129	Subsection 20A-11-1604(b).
2130	(11) If a circumstance described in Subsection (10) occurs, the administrator or clerk of
2131	the council shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk determines
2132	that a violation occurred, notify the council member of the violation and direct the council
2133	member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.

2134	(12) (a) It is unlawful for a council member to fail to submit or amend a written
2135	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the council member receives the
2136	notice described in Subsection (11).
2137	(b) A council member who violates Subsection (12)(a) is guilty of a class B
2138	misdemeanor.
2139	(c) The administrator or clerk of the council shall report a violation of Subsection
2140	(12)(a) to the attorney general.
2141	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (12)(b), the
2142	administrator or clerk of the council shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a council member
2143	who violates Subsection (12)(a).
2144	(13) The administrator or clerk of the council shall deposit a fine collected under this
2145	section into the council's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
2146	(14) For an individual appointed to the council under Subsection (2)(a)(v) or (vi):
2147	(a) Subsection (8) does not apply; and
2148	(b) the administrator or clerk of the council shall, instead:
2149	(i) post an electronic link on the council's website to the written disclosure statement
2150	the council member made in the council member's capacity as an elected officer of:
2151	(A) a county, under Section <u>17-16a-13</u> ; or
2152	(B) a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
2153	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2154	Subsection (14)(b)(i).
2155	Section 41. Effective date.
2156	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.