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121	63N-16-302. Proactive regulatory relief efforts.
122	(1) As used in this section:
123	(a) "Regulatory framework" means a framework for determining the risk level to the
124	public if a law or regulation that inhibits the creation or success of new and existing companies
125	or industries were to be permanently removed or temporarily waived.
126	(b) "Risk level" means a level of risk categorized from low, medium, and high.
127	(2) The regulatory relief office may:
128	(a) review, at any time, any existing state laws or regulations that may unnecessarily
129	inhibit the creation or success of companies or industries $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{other than the occupational}$
129a	regulations of individuals reviewed by the Office of Professional Licensure Review under Title
129b	13, Chapter 1b, Office of Professional Licensure Review & Ĥ ; and
130	(b) provide recommendations to the governor and the Legislature on modifying those
131	state laws and regulations described in Subsection (2)(a).
132	(3) The regulatory relief office shall:
133	(a) create a regulatory framework; and
134	(b) annually study the laws and regulations of at least two industries selected from:
135	(i) an industry targeted for economic development by the Unified Economic
136	Opportunity Commission as described in Section 63N-1a-202; or
137	(ii) an industry designated by the General Regulatory Sandbox Program Advisory
138	Committee for study by the regulatory relief office.
139	(4) In undertaking the review described in Subsection (3), the regulatory relief office
140	shall:
141	(a) identify any law or regulation that the regulatory relief office determines inhibits the
142	creation or success of new and existing companies or industries;
143	(b) apply the regulatory framework to the identified law or regulation; and
144	(c) consider:
145	(i) the history of the identified regulation or law, including the reasons why the
146	regulation or law was originally enacted:
147	(ii) whether the identified regulation or law:
148	(A) creates an unnecessary barrier to industry for businesses; or
149	(B) imposes an unnecessary cost to businesses or consumers;
150	(iii) whether the penalty for violation of the regulation or law, if any, is proportional to
151	the potential harm; and