150	telecommunication systems;
151	(31) establish standards for the information technology needs of a collection of
152	executive branch agencies or programs that share common characteristics relative to the types
153	of stakeholders the agencies or programs serve, including:
154	(a) project management;
155	(b) application development; and
156	(c) subject to Subsections (5) and 63G-6a-109.5(9), procurement;
157	(32) provide oversight of information technology standards that impact multiple
158	executive branch agency information technology services, assets, or functions to:
159	(a) control costs;
160	(b) ensure business value to a project;
161	(c) maximize resources;
162	(d) ensure the uniform application of best practices; and
163	(e) avoid duplication of resources; [and]
164	(33) establish a system of accountability to user agencies through the use of service
165	agreements[-]; and
166	(34) provide the services described in Section 63A-16-109 for a state elected official or
167	state employee who has been threatened.
168	Section 2. Section 63A-16-109 is enacted to read:
169	63A-16-109. Removal of state elected official or employee personal identifying
170	information.
171	(1) As used in this section:
172	(a) "Open web" means the Internet used for everyday activities like browsing,
173	searching, reading media, online shopping, or other website or online applications.
174	(b) $\$ \rightarrow [\underbrace{\text{(i)}}] \leftarrow \$$ "Personal identifying information" means $\$ \rightarrow [\underbrace{\text{information that}}]$ the
174a	<u>following</u> ←Ŝ :
175	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(A)}]$ identifies, or can be used to identify, an individual;
176	(B) distinguishes an individual from one or more other individuals; or
177	(C) is, or can be, logically associated with other information or data, through
178	technology or otherwise, to identify an individual or distinguish an individual from one or more
179	other individuals.
180	(ii) "Personal identifying information" includes the following:

(A) current name, former names, nicknames, and aliases;
(B) date of birth;
(C) (i) ←Ŝ physical home address and personal email address;
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(D)}]$ (ii) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ home telephone number and personal mobile telephone number;
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{E}]$ (iii) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ driver license or other government-issued identification; or
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{F}]$ (iv) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ social security number.
(c) (i) "State elected official" means a person who holds an office in state government
that is required by law to be filled by an election, including the offices of governor, lieutenant
governor, attorney general, state auditor, state treasurer, and legislator.
(ii) "State elected official" does not include a judge.
(d) "State employee who has been threatened" means an individual:
(i) (A) who is a cabinet level official or senior staff of the governor; or
(B) who is an employee of the state executive branch and meets selective criteria
implemented by the division that are established by rule made under Subsection (4); and
(ii) whose life or safety has been threatened in the course of performing the individual's
state duties through a text, phone call, email, postal delivery, face-to-face encounter, or website
or online application.
(2) At the written request of a state elected official or a state employee who has been
threatened, the division shall within 30 days of receipt of the request:
(a) search the open web for personal identifying information that is about the state
elected official or state employee who has been threatened;
(b) when possible, remove the personal identifying information found under
Subsection (2)(a) from the open web; and
(c) conduct continuous monthly removal when possible of personal identifying
information from the open web.
(3) The chief information officer may contract, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
6a, Utah Procurement Code, with a third party to provide the services described in Subsection
<u>(2).</u>
(4) The chief information officer may by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establish requirements related to:
(a) what information the state elected official or state employee who has been