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DUI TESTING AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox

Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

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LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to testing of bodily fluids for purposes of an investigation of driving under the influence.

Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
 - requires the Department of Health and Human Services to:
- test blood and urine samples for both drugs and alcohol;
- provide the testing results in a timely manner; and
 - provide test results through a secure medium to the Driver License Division and
- 13 relevant law enforcement agencies;
 - requires an administrative testing fee to be charged as part of an administrative impound fee for an individual whose vehicle is impounded related to an arrest for driving under the influence;
 - amends a provision allowing the use of a blood and urine test in certain administrative proceedings;
- 19 enacts provisions regarding permissible uses of a blood and urine test by the Driver
- 20 License Division;
 - amends provisions related to shortening a driver license suspension, in certain circumstances, for a person not participating in a 24-7 sobriety program;
 - requires the Department of Public Safety to make rules to establish standards for proper usage and administration of oral fluid and portable breath tests as part of a field sobriety test;
- 25 amends provisions related to driver license revocation for a subsequent offense related to driving under the influence;
 - requires law enforcement agencies to provide training on the use of oral fluid and

28	portable breath tests as part of a field sobriety test; and			
29	 makes technical changes. 			
30	Money Appropriated in this Bill:			
31	None			
32	Other Special Clauses:			
33	None			
34	Utah Code Sections Affected:			
35	AMENDS:			
36	26B-1-216, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305			
37	26B-1-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 255			
38	26B-8-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306			
39	26B-8-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306			
40	41-6a-509, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 239, 384			
41	41-6a-515.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 283			
42	41-6a-1406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 335			
43	53-3-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 284			
44	53-3-223, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 239, 384			
45	ENACTS:			
46	53-3-111 , as Utah Code Annotated 1953			
47	53-25-102 , as Utah Code Annotated 1953			
48 49	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:			
50	Section 1. Section 26B-1-216 is amended to read:			
51	26B-1-216. Powers and duties of the department Quality and design.			
52	The department shall:			
53	(1) monitor and evaluate the quality of services provided by the department including:			
54	(a) in accordance with Part 5, Fatality Review, monitoring, reviewing, and making			
55	recommendations relating to a fatality review;			
56	(b) overseeing the duties of the child protection ombudsman appointed under Section			
57	80-2-1104; and			
58	(c) conducting internal evaluations of the quality of services provided by the department			
59	and service providers contracted with the department;			
60	(2) conduct investigations described in Section 80-2-703; [and]			

(3) develop an integrated human services system and implement a system of care by:

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62	(a) designing and implementing a comprehensive continuum of services for individuals
63	who receive services from the department or a service provider contracted with the
64	department;
65	(b) establishing and maintaining department contracts with public and private service
66	providers;
67	(c) establishing standards for the use of service providers who contract with the
68	department;
69	(d) coordinating a service provider network to be used within the department to ensure
70	individuals receive the appropriate type of services;
71	(e) centralizing the department's administrative operations; and
72	(f) integrating, analyzing, and applying department-wide data and research to monitor
73	the quality, effectiveness, and outcomes of services provided by the department[-];
74	<u>and</u>
75	(4) (a) coordinate with the Driver License Division, the Department of Public Safety,
76	and any other law enforcement agency to test and provide results of blood or urine
77	samples submitted to the department as part of an investigation for a driving offense
78	that may have occurred and there is reason to believe the individual's blood or urine
79	may contain:
80	(i) alcohol; or
81	(ii) other drugs or substances that the department reasonably determines could impair
82	an individual or that is illegal for the individual to possess or consume; and
83	(b) ensure that the results of the test described in Subsection (4)(a) are provided through
84	a secure medium and in a timely manner.
85	Section 2. Section 26B-1-304 is amended to read:
86	26B-1-304. Restricted account created to fund drug testing for law enforcement
87	agencies.
88	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the State
89	Laboratory Drug Testing Account.
90	(2) The account consists of[-] :
91	(a) a specified portion of fees generated under Subsection 53-3-106(5) from the
92	reinstatement of certain licenses, which shall be deposited in this account[-]; and
93	(b) the deposits described in Subsection 41-6a-1406(6)(b)(v) from the administrative
94	testing fee related to vehicles impounded under Section 41-6a-527.
95	(3) The department shall use funds in this account solely for the costs of performing drug

96	and alcohol analysis tests for state and local law enforcement agencies, and may not
97	assess any charge or fee to the law enforcement agencies for whom the analysis tests are
98	performed.
99	Section 3. Section 26B-8-406 is amended to read:
100	26B-8-406. Disclosure of health data Limitations.
101	The department may not make a disclosure of any identifiable health data unless:
102	(1) one of the following persons has consented to the disclosure:
103	(a) the individual;
104	(b) the next-of-kin if the individual is deceased;
105	(c) the parent or legal guardian if the individual is a minor or mentally incompetent; or
106	(d) a person holding a power of attorney covering such matters on behalf of the
107	individual;
108	(2) the disclosure is to a governmental entity in this or another state or the federal
109	government, provided that:
110	(a) the data will be used for a purpose for which they were collected by the department;
111	and
112	(b) the recipient enters into a written agreement satisfactory to the department agreeing
113	to protect such data in accordance with the requirements of this part and department
114	rule and not permit further disclosure without prior approval of the department;
115	(3) the disclosure is to an individual or organization, for a specified period, solely for bona
116	fide research and statistical purposes, determined in accordance with department rules,
117	and the department determines that the data are required for the research and statistical
118	purposes proposed and the requesting individual or organization enters into a written
119	agreement satisfactory to the department to protect the data in accordance with this part
120	and department rule and not permit further disclosure without prior approval of the
121	department;
122	(4) the disclosure is to a governmental entity for the purpose of conducting an audit,
123	evaluation, or investigation of the department and such governmental entity agrees not
124	to use those data for making any determination affecting the rights, benefits, or
125	entitlements of any individual to whom the health data relates;
126	(5) the disclosure is of specific medical or epidemiological information to authorized
127	personnel within the department, local health departments, public health authorities,
128	official health agencies in other states, the United States Public Health Service, the
129	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), or agencies responsible to enforce

130	quarantine, when necessary to continue patient services or to undertake public health
131	efforts to control communicable, infectious, acute, chronic, or any other disease or
132	health hazard that the department considers to be dangerous or important or that may
133	affect the public health;
134	(6) (a) the disclosure is of specific medical or epidemiological information to a "health
135	care provider" as defined in Section 78B-3-403, health care personnel, or public
136	health personnel who has a legitimate need to have access to the information in order
137	to assist the patient or to protect the health of others closely associated with the
138	patient; and
139	(b) this Subsection (6) does not create a duty to warn third parties;
140	(7) the disclosure is necessary to obtain payment from an insurer or other third-party payor
141	in order for the department to obtain payment or to coordinate benefits for a patient; [or]
142	(8) the disclosure is to the subject of the identifiable health data[-] ; or
143	(9) the disclosure is limited to the results of a blood or urine test and the disclosure is:
144	(a) to the Driver License Division, as authorized by Section 53-3-111; or
145	(b) to the requesting law enforcement agency as part of an investigation, as authorized
146	by Subsection 26B-1-216(4).
147	Section 4. Section 26B-8-407 is amended to read:
148	26B-8-407 . Disclosure of health data Discretion of department Exception.
149	(1) Any disclosure provided for in Section 26B-8-406 shall be made at the discretion of the
150	department.
151	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the disclosure provided for in[-] :
152	(a) Subsection 26B-8-406(4) shall be made when the requirements of that paragraph are
153	met[-] ; and
154	(b) Subsection 26B-8-406(9) is not discretionary.
155	Section 5. Section 41-6a-509 is amended to read:
156	41-6a-509. Driver license suspension or revocation for a driving under the
157	influence violation.
158	(1) (a) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 21 years old or older at the
159	time of arrest:
160	(i) suspend for a period of 120 days the operator's license of a person convicted for
161	the first time under Section 41-6a-502 or 76-5-102.1; or
162	(ii) revoke for a period of two years the license of a person if:
163	(A) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2);

164	and
165	(B) the current violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 is
166	committed within a period of 10 years from the date of the prior violation.
167	(b) (i) If a person elects to become an interlock restricted driver under Subsection
168	53-3-223(10)(a), the Driver License Division may not suspend the operator's
169	license for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 as described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)
170	unless the person fails to complete 120 days of the interlock restriction.
171	(ii) If a person elects to become an interlock restricted driver under Subsection
172	53-3-223(10)(a), and the person fails to complete the full 120 days of interlock
173	restriction, the Driver License Division:
174	(A) shall suspend the operator's license as described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for a
175	period of 120 days from the date the ignition interlock system was removed
176	from the vehicle; and
177	(B) may not reduce the 120-day suspension for any days the person was compliant
178	with the interlock restriction under Subsection 53-3-223(10)(a).
179	(c) (i) If a person elects to become an interlock restricted driver under Subsection
180	41-6a-521(7), the Driver License Division may not suspend the operator's license
181	for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 as described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) unless the
182	person fails to complete three years of the interlock restriction under Subsection
183	41-6a-521(7).
184	(ii) If a person elects to become an interlock restricted driver under Subsection
185	41-6a-521(7), and the person fails to complete the full three years of interlock
186	restriction, the Driver License Division:
187	(A) shall suspend the operator's license as described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for a
188	period of 120 days from the date the ignition interlock system was removed
189	from the vehicle; and
190	(B) may not reduce the 120-day suspension for any days the person was compliant
191	with the interlock restriction under Subsection 41-6a-521(7).
192	(2) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 19 years old or older but under 21
193	years old at the time of arrest:
194	(a) suspend the person's driver license until the person is 21 years old or for a period of
195	one year, whichever is longer, if the person is convicted for the first time of a
196	violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 of an offense that was
197	committed on or after July 1, 2011;

198	(b) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person is 21
199	years old or for a period of one year, whichever is longer, if the person:
200	(i) is convicted for the first time of a violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1
201	or 76-5-207 of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2011; and
202	(ii) has not been issued an operator license;
203	(c) revoke the person's driver license until the person is 21 years old or for a period of
204	two years, whichever is longer, if:
205	(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
206	(ii) the current violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 is
207	committed within a period of 10 years from the date of the prior violation; or
208	(d) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person is 21
209	years old or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, if:
210	(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
211	(ii) the current violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 is
212	committed within a period of 10 years from the date of the prior violation; and
213	(iii) the person has not been issued an operator license.
214	(3) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is under 19 years old at the time of
215	arrest:
216	(a) suspend the person's driver license until the person is 21 years old if the person is
217	convicted for the first time of a violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or
218	76-5-207;
219	(b) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person is 21
220	years old if the person:
221	(i) is convicted for the first time of a violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1
222	or 76-5-207; and
223	(ii) has not been issued an operator license;
224	(c) revoke the person's driver license until the person is 21 years old if:
225	(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
226	(ii) the current violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 is
227	committed within a period of 10 years from the date of the prior violation; or
228	(d) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person is 21
229	years old if:
230	(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
231	(ii) the current violation under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 is

232		committed within a period of 10 years from the date of the prior violation; and
233		(iii) the person has not been issued an operator license.
234	(4)	The Driver License Division shall suspend or revoke the license of a person as ordered
235		by the court under Subsection (9).
236	(5)	The Driver License Division shall subtract from any suspension or revocation period the
237		number of days for which a license was previously suspended under Section 53-3-223 or
238		53-3-231, if the previous suspension was based on the same occurrence upon which the
239		record of conviction is based.
240	(6)	If a conviction recorded as impaired driving is amended to a driving under the influence
241		conviction under Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 in accordance with
242		Subsection 41-6a-502.5(3)(a)(ii), the Driver License Division:
243		(a) may not subtract from any suspension or revocation any time for which a license was
244		previously suspended or revoked under Section 53-3-223 or 53-3-231; and
245		(b) shall start the suspension or revocation time under Subsection (1) on the date of the
246		amended conviction.
247	(7)	A court that reported a conviction of a violation of Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or
248		76-5-207 for a violation that occurred on or after July 1, 2009, to the Driver License
249		Division may shorten the suspension period imposed under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) or
250		Subsection (3)(a) or (b) prior to completion of the suspension period if the person:
251		(a) completes at least six months of the license suspension;
252		(b) completes a screening;
253		(c) completes an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a screening under Subsection
254		(7)(b);
255		(d) completes substance abuse treatment if it is found appropriate by the assessment
256		under Subsection (7)(c);
257		(e) completes an educational series if substance abuse treatment is not required by an
258		assessment under Subsection (7)(c) or the court does not order substance abuse
259		treatment;
260		(f) has not been convicted of a violation of any motor vehicle law in which the person
261		was involved as the operator of the vehicle during the suspension period imposed
262		under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) or Subsection (3)(a) or (b);
263		(g) has complied with all the terms of the person's probation or all orders of the court if
264		not ordered to probation; and
265		(h) (i) is 18 years old or older and provides a sworn statement to the court that the

266 person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period 267 imposed under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) or Subsection (3)(a) or (b); or 268 (ii) is under 18 years old and has the person's parent or legal guardian provide an 269 affidavit or sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal 270 guardian's knowledge the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol during the 271 suspension period imposed under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) or Subsection (3)(a) or 272 (b). 273 (8) If the court shortens a person's license suspension period in accordance with the 274 requirements of Subsection (7), the court shall forward the order shortening the person's 275 suspension period to the Driver License Division in a manner specified by the division 276 prior to the completion of the suspension period imposed under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) 277 or Subsection (3)(a) or (b). 278 (9) (a) (i) In addition to any other penalties provided in this section, a court may order 279 the operator's license of a person who is convicted of a violation of Section 280 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207 to be suspended or revoked for an additional 281 period of 90 days, 120 days, 180 days, one year, or two years to remove from the 282 highways those persons who have shown they are safety hazards. 283 (ii) The additional suspension or revocation period provided in this Subsection (9) 284 shall begin the date on which the individual would be eligible to reinstate the 285 individual's driving privilege for a violation of Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 286 76-5-207. 287 (b) If the court suspends or revokes the person's license under this Subsection (9), the 288 court shall prepare and send to the Driver License Division an order to suspend or 289 revoke that person's driving privileges for a specified period of time. 290 (10) (a) The court shall notify the Driver License Division if a person fails to complete 291 all court ordered: 292 (i) screenings; 293 (ii) assessments; 294 (iii) educational series; 295 (iv) substance abuse treatment; and 296 (v) hours of work in a compensatory-service work program. 297 (b) Subject to Subsection 53-3-218(3), upon receiving the notification described in Subsection (10)(a), the division shall suspend the person's driving privilege in 298 299 accordance with Subsection 53-3-221(2).

(11) (a) A court that reported a conviction of a violation of Section 41-6a-502 to the
Driver License Division may shorten the suspension or revocation period imposed
under Subsection (1) before completion of the suspension or revocation period if the
person:
(i) is participating in or has successfully completed a 24-7 sobriety program as
defined in Section 41-6a-515.5; [or]
(ii) (A) is participating in or has successfully completed a problem solving court
program approved by the Judicial Council, including a driving under the
influence court program or a drug court program; and
(B) has elected to become an interlock restricted driver as a condition of probation
during the remainder of the person's suspension or revocation period in
accordance with Section 41-6a-518[-] ; or
(iii) has had their operator license suspended under Subsection (1)(a)(i), and the court
does not have a problem solving court program approved by the Judicial Council
or access to a 24-7 sobriety program as defined in Section 41-6a-515.5, if the
person:
(A) has installed an ignition interlock device in any vehicle owned or driven by
the person in accordance with Section 53-3-1007; and
(B) did not inflict bodily injury upon another as a proximate result of having
operated the vehicle in a negligent manner.
(b) If a court shortens a person's license suspension or revocation period in accordance
with the requirements of this Subsection (11), the court shall forward the order
shortening the person's suspension or revocation period to the Driver License
Division in a manner specified by the division.
(c) The court shall notify the Driver License Division, in a manner specified by the
Driver License Division, if a person fails to complete or comply with a condition that
allowed the court to shorten the person's license suspension or revocation period
under Subsection (11)(a).
(d) (i) (A) Upon receiving the notification described in Subsection (11)(c), for a
first offense, the division shall suspend the person's driving privilege for a
period of 120 days from the date of notice.
(B) For a suspension described under Subsection (11)(d)(i)(A), no days shall be
subtracted from the 120-day suspension period for which a driving privilege
was previously suspended under this section or Section 53-3-223, if the

334	previous suspension was based on the same occurrence upon which the
335	conviction under Section 41-6a-502 is based.
336	(ii) (A) Upon receiving the notification described in Subsection (11)(c), for a
337	second or subsequent offense, the division shall revoke the person's driving
338	privilege for a period of two years from the date of notice.
339	(B) For a license revocation described in Subsection (11)(d)(ii)(A), no days shall
340	be subtracted from the two-year revocation period for which a driving privilege
341	was previously revoked under this section or Section 53-3-223, if the previous
342	revocation was based on the same occurrence upon which the conviction under
343	Section 41-6a-502 is based.
344	Section 6. Section 41-6a-515.6 is amended to read:
345	41-6a-515.6 . Field sobriety test training.
346	Each law enforcement agency shall ensure that each peace officer receives training
347	on the current standard field sobriety testing guidelines established by the
348	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration and in accordance with
349	Section 53-25-102.
350	Section 7. Section 41-6a-1406 is amended to read:
351	41-6a-1406. Removal and impoundment of vehicles Reporting and notification
352	requirements Administrative impound fee Refunds Possessory lien
353	Rulemaking.
354	(1) If a vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is removed or impounded as provided under
355	Section 41-1a-1101, 41-6a-527, 41-6a-1405, 41-6a-1408, or 73-18-20.1 by an order of a
356	peace officer or by an order of a person acting on behalf of a law enforcement agency or
357	highway authority, the removal or impoundment of the vehicle, vessel, or outboard
358	motor shall be at the expense of the owner.
359	(2) The vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor under Subsection (1) shall be removed or
360	impounded to a state impound yard.
361	(3) The peace officer may move a vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor or cause it to be
362	removed by a tow truck motor carrier that meets standards established:
363	(a) under Title 72, Chapter 9, Motor Carrier Safety Act; and
364	(b) by the department under Subsection (10).
365	(4) (a) A report described in this Subsection (4) is required for a vehicle, vessel, or
366	outboard motor that is:
367	(i) removed or impounded as described in Subsection (1); or

368		(ii) removed or impounded by any law enforcement or government entity.
369	(b)	Before noon on the next business day after the date of the removal of the vehicle,
370		vessel, or outboard motor, a report of the removal shall be sent to the Motor Vehicle
371		Division by:
372		(i) the peace officer or agency by whom the peace officer is employed; and
373		(ii) the tow truck operator or the tow truck motor carrier by whom the tow truck
374		operator is employed.
375	(c)	The report shall be in a form specified by the Motor Vehicle Division and shall
376		include:
377		(i) the operator's name, if known;
378		(ii) a description of the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor;
379		(iii) the vehicle identification number or vessel or outboard motor identification
380		number;
381		(iv) the license number, temporary permit number, or other identification number
382		issued by a state agency;
383		(v) the date, time, and place of impoundment;
384		(vi) the reason for removal or impoundment;
385		(vii) the name of the tow truck motor carrier who removed the vehicle, vessel, or
386		outboard motor; and
387		(viii) the place where the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is stored.
388	(d)	In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
389		State Tax Commission shall make rules to establish proper format and information
390		required on the form described in this Subsection (4).
391	(e)	Until the tow truck operator or tow truck motor carrier reports the removal as
392		required under this Subsection (4), a tow truck motor carrier or impound yard may
393		not:
394		(i) collect any fee associated with the removal; and
395		(ii) begin charging storage fees.
396	(5) (a)	Except as provided in Subsection (5)(e) and upon receipt of the report, the Motor
397	Ve	hicle Division shall give notice, in the manner described in Section 41-1a-114, to
398	the	following parties with an interest in the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor, as
399	app	blicable:
400		(i) the registered owner;
401		(ii) any lien holder; or

402		(iii) a dealer, as defined in Section 41-1a-102, if the vehicle, vessel, or outboard
403		motor is currently operating under a temporary permit issued by the dealer, as
404		described in Section 41-3-302.
405	(b)	The notice shall:
406		(i) state the date, time, and place of removal, the name, if applicable, of the person
407		operating the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor at the time of removal, the reason
408		for removal, and the place where the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is stored;
409		(ii) state that the registered owner is responsible for payment of towing, impound,
410		and storage fees charged against the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor;
411		(iii) state the conditions that must be satisfied before the vehicle, vessel, or outboard
412		motor is released; and
413		(iv) inform the parties described in Subsection (5)(a) of the division's intent to sell the
414		vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor, if, within 30 days after the day of the removal
415		or impoundment under this section, one of the parties fails to make a claim for
416		release of the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor.
417	(c)	Except as provided in Subsection (5)(e) and if the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor
418		is not registered in this state, the Motor Vehicle Division shall make a reasonable
419		effort to notify the parties described in Subsection (5)(a) of the removal and the place
420		where the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is stored.
421	(d)	The Motor Vehicle Division shall forward a copy of the notice to the place where the
422		vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is stored.
423	(e)	The Motor Vehicle Division is not required to give notice under this Subsection (5) if
424		a report was received by a tow truck operator or tow truck motor carrier reporting a
425		tow truck service in accordance with Subsection 72-9-603(1)(a)(i).
426	(6) (a)	The vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor shall be released after a party described in
427	Sub	osection (5)(a):
428		(i) makes a claim for release of the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor at any office of
429		the State Tax Commission;
430		(ii) presents identification sufficient to prove ownership of the impounded vehicle,
431		vessel, or outboard motor;
432		(iii) completes the registration, if needed, and pays the appropriate fees;
433		(iv) if the impoundment was made under Section 41-6a-527, pays[-] :
434		(A) an administrative impound fee of \$400; and
435		(B) in addition to the administrative fee described in Subsection (6)(a)(iv)(A), an

436	administrative testing fee of \$30; and	
437	(v) pays all towing and storage fees to the place where the vehicle, vessel, or	
438	outboard motor is stored.	
439	(b) (i) Twenty-nine dollars of the administrative impound fee assessed under	
440	Subsection (6)(a)(iv)(A) shall be dedicated credits to the Motor Vehicle Division	[;] <u>.</u>
441	(ii) [\$147] One-hundred and forty-seven dollars of the administrative impound for	ee
442	assessed under Subsection (6)(a)(iv)(A) shall be deposited into the Departme	nt of
443	Public Safety Restricted Account created in Section 53-3-106[;] .	
444	(iii) [\$20] Twenty dollars of the administrative impound fee assessed under	
445	Subsection (6)(a)(iv)(A) shall be deposited into the Neuro-Rehabilitation Fun	nd
446	created in Section 26B-1-319[; and] .	
447	(iv) [the] After the distributions described in Subsections (6)(b)(i) through (iii), the	<u>he</u>
448	remainder of the administrative impound fee assessed under Subsection (6)(a	ı)(iv)
449	(A) shall be deposited into the General Fund.	
450	(v) The administrative testing fee described in Subsection (6)(a)(iv)(B) shall be	
451	deposited into the State Laboratory Drug Testing Account created in Section	
452	26B-1-304.	
453	(c) The administrative impound fee and the administrative testing fee assessed under	•
454	Subsection (6)(a)(iv) shall be waived or refunded by the State Tax Commission i	f the
455	registered owner, lien holder, or owner's agent presents written evidence to the S	tate
456	Tax Commission that:	
457	(i) the Driver License Division determined that the arrested person's driver license	se
458	should not be suspended or revoked under Section 53-3-223 or 41-6a-521 as	
459	shown by a letter or other report from the Driver License Division presented	
460	within 180 days after the day on which the Driver License Division mailed the	ne
461	final notification; or	
462	(ii) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the impoundment as shown by a copy of	the
463	stolen vehicle report presented within 180 days after the day of the impounding	nent.
464	(d) A tow truck operator, a tow truck motor carrier, and an impound yard shall accept	t
465	payment by cash and debit or credit card for a removal or impoundment under	
466	Subsection (1) or any service rendered, performed, or supplied in connection with	h a
467	removal or impoundment under Subsection (1).	
468	(e) The owner of an impounded vehicle may not be charged a fee for the storage of t	he
469	impounded vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor if:	

470	(i) the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is being held as evidence; and
471	(ii) the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is not being released to a party described in
472	Subsection (5)(a), even if the party satisfies the requirements to release the
473	vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor under this Subsection (6).
474	(7) (a) For an impounded vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor not claimed by a party
475	described in Subsection (5)(a) within the time prescribed by Section 41-1a-1103, the
476	Motor Vehicle Division shall issue a certificate of sale for the impounded vehicle,
477	vessel, or outboard motor as described in Section 41-1a-1103.
478	(b) The date of impoundment is considered the date of seizure for computing the time
479	period provided under Section 41-1a-1103.
480	(8) A party described in Subsection (5)(a) that pays all fees and charges incurred in the
481	impoundment of the owner's vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor has a cause of action for
482	all the fees and charges, together with damages, court costs, and attorney fees, against
483	the operator of the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor whose actions caused the removal
484	or impoundment.
485	(9) Towing, impound fees, and storage fees are a possessory lien on the vehicle, vessel, or
486	outboard motor.
487	(10) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
488	department shall make rules setting the performance standards for towing companies to
489	be used by the department.
490	(11) (a) The Motor Vehicle Division may specify that a report required under Subsection
491	(4) be submitted in electronic form utilizing a database for submission, storage, and
492	retrieval of the information.
493	(b) (i) Unless otherwise provided by statute, the Motor Vehicle Division or the
494	administrator of the database may adopt a schedule of fees assessed for utilizing
495	the database.
496	(ii) The fees under this Subsection (11)(b) shall:
497	(A) be reasonable and fair; and
498	(B) reflect the cost of administering the database.
499	Section 8. Section 53-3-104 is amended to read:
500	53-3-104 . Division duties.
501	The division shall:
502	(1) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make
503	rules:

504		(a) for examining applicants for a license, as necessary for the safety and welfare of the
505		traveling public;
506		(b) for acceptable documentation of an applicant's identity, Social Security number,
507		Utah resident status, Utah residence address, proof of legal presence, proof of
508		citizenship in the United States, honorable or general discharge from the United
509		States military, and other proof or documentation required under this chapter;
510		(c) for acceptable documentation to verify that an individual is homeless as verified by
511		the Department of Workforce Services, for purposes of residency, address
512		verification, and obtaining a fee waiver;
513		(d) regarding the restrictions to be imposed on an individual driving a motor vehicle
514		with a temporary learner permit or learner permit;
515		(e) for exemptions from licensing requirements as authorized in this chapter;
516		(f) establishing procedures for the storage and maintenance of applicant information
517		provided in accordance with Section 53-3-205, 53-3-410, or 53-3-804; and
518		(g) to provide educational information to each applicant for a license, which information
519		shall be based on data provided by the Division of Air Quality, including:
520		(i) ways drivers can improve air quality; and
521		(ii) the harmful effects of vehicle emissions;
522	(2)	examine each applicant according to the class of license applied for;
523	(3)	license motor vehicle drivers;
524	(4)	file every application for a license received by the division and shall maintain indices
525		containing:
526		(a) all applications denied and the reason each was denied;
527		(b) all applications granted; and
528		(c) the name of every licensee whose license has been suspended, disqualified, or
529		revoked by the division and the reasons for the action;
530	(5)	suspend, revoke, disqualify, cancel, or deny any license issued in accordance with this
531		chapter;
532	(6)	file all accident reports and abstracts of court records of convictions received by the
533		division under state law;
534	(7)	maintain a record of each licensee showing the licensee's convictions and the traffic
535		accidents in which the licensee has been involved where a conviction has resulted;
536	(8)	consider the record of a licensee upon an application for renewal of a license and at
537		other appropriate times;

538	(9) search the license files, compile, and furnish a report on the driving record of any
539	individual licensed in the state in accordance with Section 53-3-109;
540	(10) develop and implement a record system as required by Section 41-6a-604;
541	(11) in accordance with Section 53G-10-507, establish:
542	(a) procedures and standards to certify teachers of driver education classes to administer
543	knowledge and skills tests;
544	(b) minimal standards for the tests; and
545	(c) procedures to enable school districts to administer or process any tests for students to
546	receive a class D operator's license;
547	(12) in accordance with Section 53-3-510, establish:
548	(a) procedures and standards to certify licensed instructors of commercial driver training
549	school courses to administer the skills test;
550	(b) minimal standards for the test; and
551	(c) procedures to enable licensed commercial driver training schools to administer or
552	process skills tests for students to receive a class D operator's license;
553	(13) provide administrative support to the Driver License Medical Advisory Board created
554	in Section 53-3-303;
555	(14) upon request by the lieutenant governor, provide the lieutenant governor with a digital
556	copy of the driver license or identification card signature of an individual who is an
557	applicant for voter registration under Section 20A-2-206; [and]
558	(15) in accordance with Section 53-3-407.1, establish:
559	(a) procedures and standards to license a commercial driver license third party tester or
560	commercial driver license third party examiner to administer the commercial driver
561	license skills tests;
562	(b) minimum standards for the commercial driver license skills test; and
563	(c) procedures to enable a licensed commercial driver license third party tester or
564	commercial driver license third party examiner to administer a commercial driver
565	license skills test for an applicant to receive a commercial driver license[-]; and
566	(16) receive from the Department of Health and Human Services a result from a blood or
567	urine test of an individual arrested for driving under the influence and use the blood or
568	urine test result in an administrative hearing or agency review involving the individual
569	who is the subject of the blood or urine test as described in Section 53-3-111.
570	Section 9. Section 53-3-111 is enacted to read:
571	53-3-111 . Blood and urine test reports Permissible uses and restrictions.

572	(1) The division shall receive a result of a blood or urine test report in accordance with Title
573	26B, Chapter 8, Part 4, Health Statistics.
574	(2) (a) The division may only use an individual's personally identifiable health data from
575	a blood and urine test in connection with:
576	(i) an administrative hearing involving that individual;
577	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Part 3, Agency Review, an agency
578	review of the administrative hearing described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); or
579	(iii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Part 4, Judicial Review, a judicial
580	review of the administrative hearing described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
581	(b) (i) The division shall aggregate and anonymize data from a blood and urine test.
582	(ii) The division may only use the anonymized and aggregated data from blood and
583	urine tests:
584	(A) to create a report required or requested by the Legislature; or
585	(B) to create statistical reports for criminal justice agencies.
586	(3) The division shall securely retain each blood and urine test as a private record as
587	provided in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
588	(4) The division may provide the information from a blood and urine test received under
589	this section:
590	(a) to the individual who is the subject of the blood and urine test;
591	(b) to the individual's attorney in connection with an administrative proceeding before
592	the division; or
593	(c) as otherwise required by law.
594	Section 10. Section 53-3-223 is amended to read:
595	53-3-223 . Chemical test for driving under the influence Temporary license
596	Hearing and decision Suspension and fee Judicial review.
597	(1) (a) If a peace officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person may be
598	violating or has violated Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207, the
599	peace officer may, in connection with arresting the person, request that the person
600	submit to a chemical test or tests to be administered in compliance with the standards
601	under Section 41-6a-520.
602	(b) In this section, a reference to Section 41-6a-502 includes any similar local ordinance
603	adopted in compliance with Subsection 41-6a-510(1).
604	(2) The peace officer shall advise a person prior to the person's submission to a chemical
605	test that a test result indicating a violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1,

606 or 76-5-207 shall, and the existence of a blood alcohol content sufficient to render the 607 person incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle may, result in suspension or 608 revocation of the person's license to drive a motor vehicle. 609 (3) If the person submits to a chemical test and the test results indicate a blood or breath alcohol content in violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207. 610 or if a peace officer makes a determination, based on reasonable grounds, that the person 611 612 is otherwise in violation of Section 41-6a-502, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207, a peace officer 613 shall, on behalf of the division and within 24 hours of arrest, give notice of the division's 614 intention to suspend the person's license to drive a motor vehicle. 615 (4) When a peace officer gives notice on behalf of the division, the peace officer shall 616 supply to the driver, in a manner specified by the division, basic information regarding 617 how to obtain a prompt hearing before the division. 618 (5) As a matter of procedure, a peace officer shall send to the division within 10 calendar 619 days after the day on which notice is provided: 620 (a) a copy of the citation issued for the offense; 621 (b) a signed report in a manner specified by the division indicating the chemical test 622 results, if any; and 623 (c) any other basis for the peace officer's determination that the person has violated 624 Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207. 625 (6) (a) Upon request in a manner specified by the division, the division shall grant to the 626 person an opportunity to be heard within 29 days after the date of arrest. The request 627 to be heard shall be made within 10 calendar days of the day on which notice is 628 provided under Subsection (5). 629 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a hearing, if held, shall be before 630 the division in: 631 (A) the county in which the arrest occurred; or 632 (B) a county that is adjacent to the county in which the arrest occurred. 633 (ii) The division may hold a hearing in some other county if the division and the 634 person both agree. 635 (c) The hearing shall be documented and shall cover the issues of: 636 (i) whether a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving 637 a motor vehicle in violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 638 76-5-207;

(ii) whether the person refused to submit to the test; and

639

640	(iii) the test results, if any.
641	(d) (i) In connection with a hearing the division or its authorized agent:
642	(A) may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses
643	and the production of relevant books and papers; or
644	(B) may issue subpoenas for the attendance of necessary peace officers.
645	(ii) The division shall pay witness fees and mileage from the Transportation Fund in
646	accordance with the rates established in Section 78B-1-119.
647	(e) The division may designate one or more employees to conduct the hearing.
648	(f) Any decision made after a hearing before any designated employee is as valid as if
649	made by the division.
650	(7) (a) If, after a hearing, the division determines that a peace officer had reasonable
651	grounds to believe that the person was driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section
652	41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207, if the person failed to appear before
653	the division as required in the notice, or if a hearing is not requested under this
654	section, the division shall:
655	(i) if the person is 21 years old or older at the time of arrest, suspend the person's
656	license or permit to operate a motor vehicle for a period of:
657	(A) 120 days beginning on the 45th day after the date of arrest for a first
658	suspension; or
659	(B) two years beginning on the 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or
660	subsequent suspension for an offense that occurred within the previous 10
661	years; or
662	(ii) if the person is under 21 years old at the time of arrest:
663	(A) suspend the person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle:
664	(I) for a period of six months, beginning on the 45th day after the date of arrest
665	for a first suspension; or
666	(II) until the person is 21 years old or for a period of two years, whichever is
667	longer, beginning on the 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or
668	subsequent suspension for an offense that occurred within the previous 10
669	years; or
670	(B) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit:
671	(I) for a period of six months beginning on the 45th day after the date of the
672	arrest for a first suspension, if the person has not been issued an operator
673	license; or

674	(II) until the person is 21 years old or for a period of two years, whichever is
675	longer, beginning on the 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or
676	subsequent suspension for an offense that occurred within the previous 10
677	years.
678	(b) (i) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A), the division shall
679	reinstate a person's license prior to completion of the 120 day suspension period
680	imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A):
681	(A) immediately upon receiving written verification of the person's dismissal of a
682	charge for a violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207
683	if the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension
684	period; or
685	(B) no sooner than 60 days beginning on the 45th day after the date of arrest upon
686	receiving written verification of the person's reduction of a charge for a
687	violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207, if the
688	written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension period.
689	(ii) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A), the division shall
690	reinstate a person's license prior to completion of the 120-day suspension period
691	imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) immediately upon receiving written
692	verification of the person's conviction of impaired driving under Section
693	41-6a-502.5 if:
694	(A) the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension
695	period; and
696	(B) the reporting court notifies the Driver License Division that the defendant is
697	participating in or has successfully completed the program of a driving under
698	the influence court as defined in Section 41-6a-501.
699	(iii) If a person's license is reinstated under this Subsection (7)(b), the person is
700	required to pay the license reinstatement application fees under Subsections
701	53-3-105(26) and (27).
702	(iv) The driver license reinstatements authorized under this Subsection (7)(b) only
703	apply to a 120-day suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A).
704	(8) (a) The division shall assess against a person, in addition to any fee imposed under
705	Subsection 53-3-205(12) for driving under the influence, a fee under Section 53-3-105
706	to cover administrative costs, which shall be paid before the person's driving
707	privilege is reinstated. This fee shall be cancelled if the person obtains an unappealed

708 division hearing or court decision that the suspension was not proper. 709 (b) A person whose license has been suspended by the division under this section 710 following an administrative hearing may file a petition within 30 days after the 711 suspension for a hearing on the matter which, if held, is governed by Section 53-3-224. 712 (9) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i), the division shall reinstate 713 a person's license before completion of the suspension period imposed under 714 Subsection (7)(a)(i) if: 715 (i) (A) the reporting court notifies the Driver License Division that the person is 716 participating in or has successfully completed a 24-7 sobriety program as 717 defined in Section 41-6a-515.5; or 718 (B) the reporting court notifies the Driver License Division that the person is 719 participating in or has successfully completed a problem solving court program 720 approved by the Judicial Council, including a driving under the influence court 721 program or a drug court program, and has elected to become an interlock 722 restricted driver as a condition of probation during the remainder of the 723 person's suspension period in accordance with Section 41-6a-518; and 724 (ii) the person has a valid driving privilege, with the exception of the suspension 725 under Subsection (7)(a)(i). 726 (b) If a person's license is reinstated under Subsection (9)(a), the person is required to 727 pay the license reinstatement application fees under Subsections 53-3-105(26) and 728 (27).729 (10) (a) If the division suspends a person's license for an alcohol related offense under 730 Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A), the person may petition the division and elect to become an 731 ignition interlock restricted driver if the person: 732 (i) has a valid driving privilege, with the exception of the suspension under 733 Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A); 734 (ii) installs an ignition interlock device in any vehicle owned or driven by the person 735 in accordance with Section 53-3-1007; and 736 (iii) pays the license reinstatement application fees described in Subsections 53-3-105 737 (26) and (27). 738 (b) (i) The person shall remain an ignition interlock restricted driver for a period of 739 120 days from the original effective date of the suspension under Subsection 740 (7)(a)(i)(A). 741 (ii) If the person removes an ignition interlock device from a vehicle owned or driven

742	by the person prior to the expiration of the 120-day ignition interlock restriction
743	period and does not install a new ignition interlock device from the same or a
744	different provider within 24 hours:
745	(A) the person's driver license shall be suspended under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A)
746	for the remainder of the 120-day ignition interlock restriction period;
747	(B) the person is required to pay the license reinstatement application fee under
748	Subsection 53-3-105(26); and
749	(C) the person may not elect to become an ignition interlock restricted driver
750	under this section.
751	(c) If a person elects to become an ignition interlock restricted driver under Subsection
752	(10)(a), the provisions under Subsection (7)(b) do not apply.
753	(11) (a) If the division suspends a person's license for an alcohol related offense under
754	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B), the person may petition the division and elect to become an
755	ignition interlock restricted driver after the driver serves at least 90 days of the
756	suspension if the person:
757	(i) was charged with a violation of Section 41-6a-502 that is a misdemeanor;
758	(ii) has a valid driving privilege, with the exception of the suspension under
759	Subsection $(7)(a)(i)(B)$;
760	(iii) installs an ignition interlock device in any vehicle owned or driven by the person
761	in accordance with Section 53-3-1007; and
762	(iv) pays the license reinstatement application fees described in Subsections 53-3-105
763	(26) and (27);
764	(b) (i) The person shall remain an ignition interlock restricted driver for a period of
765	two years from the original effective date of the suspension under Subsection
766	(7)(a)(i)(B).
767	(ii) If the person removes an ignition interlock device from a vehicle owned or driven
768	by the person prior to the expiration of the two-year ignition interlock restriction
769	period and does not install a new ignition interlock device from the same or a
770	different provider within 24 hours:
771	(A) the person's driver license shall be suspended under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B)
772	for the remainder of the two-year ignition interlock restriction period;
773	(B) the person is required to pay the license reinstatement application fee under
774	Subsection 53-3-105(26); and
775	(C) the person may not elect to become an ignition interlock restricted driver

776	under this section.
777	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (11)(a) and (b), if the person is subsequently convicted
778	of the violation of Section 41-6a-502 that gave rise to the suspension under
779	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B), the division shall revoke the person's license under
780	Subsection 41-6a-509(1)(a)(ii), and the person is no longer an ignition interlock
781	restricted driver under this Subsection (11).
782	(12) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B), the division shall
783	reinstate a person's license prior to completion of the two-year suspension period
784	imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B) immediately upon receiving written
785	verification of the person's dismissal of a charge for a violation of Section 41-6a-502,
786	41-6a-517, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207, if the written verification is received prior to
787	completion of the suspension period.
788	(b) If the person elected to become an ignition interlock restricted driver under
789	Subsection (11), and the division receives written verification of the person's
790	dismissal of a charge for violation of Section 41-6a-502, the driver is no longer an
791	ignition interlock restricted driver under Subsection (11)(b)(i), and the division shall
792	reinstate the person's license prior to the completion of the two-year ignition interlock
793	restriction period under Subsection (11)(b)(i).
794	Section 11. Section 53-25-102 is enacted to read:
795	53-25-102. Standards for oral fluid and portable breath tests Rulemaking.
796	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
797	department shall make rules to establish standards for the proper use of oral fluid and
798	portable breath testing as part of a field sobriety test.
799	(2) Each law enforcement agency shall provide training to ensure that:
800	(a) oral fluid and portable breath testing techniques and practices comply with the rules
801	described in Subsection (1); and
802	(b) oral fluid and portable breath testing equipment is used in a manner consistent with
803	manufacturer and industry standards.
804	Section 12. Effective date.
805	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.