CANDIDATE AND OFFICEHOLDER DISCLOSURE MODIFICATIONS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Paul A. Cutler

Senate Sponsor: Jerry W Stevenson

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LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies provisions related to conflicts of interest and campaign finance disclosure statements.

7 Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
- 9 requires an elected officer of a political subdivision and a member of a state land use 10 authority to annually file a conflict of interest disclosure statement;
- requires the clerk of the political subdivision or state land use authority described above to:
 - post an electronic copy of the conflict of interest disclosure statement on the political subdivision's or state land use authority's website; and
 - provide the lieutenant governor's office with a link to the electronic posting described above;
 - requires the lieutenant governor to post the link described above on the state conflict of interest disclosure website:
 - standardizes the monetary amount that triggers an elected officer's disclosure obligation;
- establishes penalties for an elected officer or a member of a state land use authority who fails to file a conflict of interest disclosure statement;
- requires a municipal or county clerk to provide the lieutenant governor with an
 electronic link to the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate for municipal or county
 office;
- requires the lieutenant governor to post the link described above on the lieutenant governor's website; and
 - makes technical and conforming changes.

28	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	10-3-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 45
35	10-3-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
36	10-3-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
37	10-3-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
38	10-3-1306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
39	10-3-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
40	10-3-1308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
41	10-3-1309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
42	10-3-1311, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 461
43	10-3-1312, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
44	11-58-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 82
45	11-59-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 237
46	11-65-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
47	17-16-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 45
48	17-16a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
49	17-16a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 142, 445
50	17-16a-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
51	17-16a-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
52	17-16a-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
53	17-16a-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
54	17-16a-9, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
55	17-16a-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
56	17-16a-12, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
57	20A-11-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 16
58	20A-11-1602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
59	20A-11-1602.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
60	53C-1-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 373
61	63H-4-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280

62	63H-8-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 373
63	63M-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 98
64	67-16-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
65	67-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 196
66	67-16-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 59
67	73-32-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 34 and renumbered and
68	amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 205
69	ENACTS:
70	10-3-1303.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	10-3-1313 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
72	17-16a-3.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73	17-16a-13, Utah Code Annotated 1953
74	63H-1-304 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	67-16-16 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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77	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
78	Section 1. Section 10-3-208 is amended to read:
79	10-3-208. Campaign finance disclosure in municipal election.
80	(1) Unless a municipality adopts by ordinance more stringent definitions, the following are
81	defined terms for purposes of this section:
82	(a) "Agent of a candidate" means:
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84	(i) a person acting on behalf of a candidate at the direction of the reporting entity;
04	(i) a person acting on behalf of a candidate at the direction of the reporting entity;(ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate;
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	(ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate;
85	(ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate;(iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate;
85 86	(ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate;(iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate;(iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's
85 86 87	(ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate;(iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate;(iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate; or
85 86 87 88	 (ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate; (iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate; (iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate; or (v) a political consultant of a candidate.
85 86 87 88 89	 (ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate; (iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate; (iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate; or (v) a political consultant of a candidate. (b) "Anonymous contribution limit" means for each calendar year:
85 86 87 88 89 90	 (ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate; (iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate; (iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate; or (v) a political consultant of a candidate. (b) "Anonymous contribution limit" means for each calendar year: (i) \$50; or
85 86 87 88 89 90	 (ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate; (iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate; (iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate; or (v) a political consultant of a candidate. (b) "Anonymous contribution limit" means for each calendar year: (i) \$50; or (ii) an amount less than \$50 that is specified in an ordinance of the municipality.
85 86 87 88 89 90 91	 (ii) a person employed by a candidate in the candidate's capacity as a candidate; (iii) the personal campaign committee of a candidate; (iv) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate in the member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate; or (v) a political consultant of a candidate. (b) "Anonymous contribution limit" means for each calendar year: (i) \$50; or (ii) an amount less than \$50 that is specified in an ordinance of the municipality. (c) (i) "Candidate" means a person who:

96	person's nomination or election to a municipal office.
97	(ii) "Candidate" does not mean a person who files for the office of judge.
98	(d) (i) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
99	(A) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything
100	of value given to a candidate;
101	(B) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
102	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of
103	money or anything of value to the candidate;
104	(C) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the candidate;
105	(D) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the candidate
106	for personal services provided without charge to the candidate;
107	(E) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and
108	(F) an in-kind contribution.
109	(ii) "Contribution" does not include:
110	(A) services provided by an individual volunteering a portion or all of the
111	individual's time on behalf of the candidate if the services are provided without
112	compensation by the candidate or any other person;
113	(B) money lent to the candidate by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
114	business; or
115	(C) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate at less than fair
116	market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate.
117	(e) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
118	candidate are provided:
119	(i) with the candidate's prior knowledge, if the candidate does not object;
120	(ii) by agreement with the candidate;
121	(iii) in coordination with the candidate; or
122	(iv) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate.
123	(f) (i) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a candidate or an agent of
124	the candidate on behalf of the candidate:
125	(A) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from an account described
126	in Subsection (3)(a);
127	(B) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of
128	money, or anything of value made for political purposes;
129	(C) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any

130	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of
131	money, or anything of value for a political purpose;
132	(D) compensation paid by a candidate for personal services rendered by a person
133	without charge to a reporting entity;
134	(E) a transfer of funds between the candidate and a candidate's personal campaign
135	committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101; or
136	(F) goods or services provided by a reporting entity to or for the benefit of the
137	candidate for political purposes at less than fair market value.
138	(ii) "Expenditure" does not include:
139	(A) services provided without compensation by an individual volunteering a
140	portion or all of the individual's time on behalf of a candidate; or
141	(B) money lent to a candidate by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
142	business.
143	(g) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value other than money, that is accepted by
144	or coordinated with a candidate.
145	(h) (i) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a candidate, or paid by
146	another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the candidate, to provide
147	political advice to the candidate.
148	(ii) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection (1)(h)(i),
149	where the person:
150	(A) has already been paid, with money or other consideration;
151	(B) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or
152	(C) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the candidate or another
153	person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the candidate, be paid in the
154	future, with money or other consideration.
155	(i) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend
156	to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or
157	against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal office at any caucus, political
158	convention, or election.
159	(j) "Reporting entity" means:
160	(i) a candidate;
161	(ii) a committee appointed by a candidate to act for the candidate;
162	(iii) a person who holds an elected municipal office;
163	(iv) a party committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101;

164	(v) a political action committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101;
165	(vi) a political issues committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101;
166	(vii) a corporation as defined in Section 20A-11-101; or
167	(viii) a labor organization as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
168	(2) (a) A municipality may adopt an ordinance establishing campaign finance disclosure
169	requirements for a candidate that are more stringent than the requirements provided
170	in Subsections (3) through (7).
171	(b) The municipality may adopt definitions that are more stringent than those provided
172	in Subsection (1).
173	(c) If a municipality fails to adopt a campaign finance disclosure ordinance described in
174	Subsection (2)(a), a candidate shall comply with financial reporting requirements
175	contained in Subsections (3) through (7).
176	(3) Each candidate:
177	(a) shall deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution;
178	and
179	(b) may not deposit or mingle any campaign contributions received into a personal or
180	business account.
181	(4) (a) In a year in which a municipal primary is held, each candidate who will
182	participate in the municipal primary shall file a campaign finance statement with the
183	municipal clerk or recorder no later than seven days before the day described in
184	Subsection 20A-1-201.5(2).
185	(b) Each candidate who is not eliminated at a municipal primary election shall file a
186	campaign finance statement with the municipal clerk or recorder no later than:
187	(i) 28 days before the day on which the municipal general election is held;
188	(ii) seven days before the day on which the municipal general election is held; and
189	(iii) 30 days after the day on which the municipal general election is held.
190	(c) Each candidate for municipal office who is eliminated at a municipal primary
191	election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement
192	within 30 days after the day on which the municipal primary election is held.
193	(5) If a municipality does not conduct a primary election for a race, each candidate who will
194	participate in that race shall file a campaign finance statement with the municipal clerk
195	or recorder no later than:
196	(a) 28 days before the day on which the municipal general election is held;
197	(b) seven days before the day on which the municipal general election is held; and

198	(c) 30 days after the day on which the municipal general election is held.
199	(6) Each campaign finance statement described in Subsection (4) or (5) shall:
200	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b):
201	(i) report all of the candidate's itemized and total:
202	(A) contributions, including in-kind and other nonmonetary contributions,
203	received up to and including five days before the campaign finance statement
204	is due, excluding a contribution previously reported; and
205	(B) expenditures made up to and including five days before the campaign finance
206	statement is due, excluding an expenditure previously reported; and
207	(ii) identify:
208	(A) for each contribution, the amount of the contribution and the name of the
209	donor, if known; and
210	(B) for each expenditure, the amount of the expenditure and the name of the
211	recipient of the expenditure; or
212	(b) report the total amount of all contributions and expenditures if the candidate receives
213	\$500 or less in contributions and spends \$500 or less on the candidate's campaign.
214	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a contribution that is cash or a negotiable instrument,
215	exceeds the anonymous contribution limit, and is from a donor whose name is unknown,
216	a candidate shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
217	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
218	political subdivision's general fund; or
219	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3),
220	Internal Revenue Code.
221	(8) (a) A municipality may, by ordinance:
222	(i) provide an anonymous contribution limit less than \$50;
223	(ii) require greater disclosure of contributions or expenditures than is required in this
224	section; and
225	(iii) impose additional penalties on candidates who fail to comply with the applicable
226	requirements beyond those imposed by this section.
227	(b) A candidate is subject to the provisions of this section and not the provisions of an
228	ordinance adopted by the municipality under Subsection (8)(a) if:
229	(i) the municipal ordinance establishes requirements or penalties that differ from
230	those established in this section; and
231	(ii) the municipal clerk or recorder fails to notify the candidate of the provisions of

232	the ordinance as required in Subsection (9).
233	(9) Each municipal clerk or recorder shall, at the time the candidate for municipal office
234	files a declaration of candidacy, and again 35 days before each municipal general
235	election, notify the candidate in writing of:
236	(a) the provisions of statute or municipal ordinance governing the disclosure of
237	contributions and expenditures;
238	(b) the dates when the candidate's campaign finance statement is required to be filed; and
239	(c) the penalties that apply for failure to file a timely campaign finance statement,
240	including the statutory provision that requires removal of the candidate's name from
241	the ballot for failure to file the required campaign finance statement when required.
242	(10) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
243	and Management Act, the municipal clerk or recorder shall:
244	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
245	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
246	(b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
247	inspection by:
248	(i) [(A)] posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the
249	municipality's website no later than seven business days after the day on which
250	the statement is filed; and
251	[(B) verifying that the address of the municipality's website has been provided to
252	the lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection
253	20A-11-103(5); or]
254	(ii) [submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the
255	website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later
256	than two business days after the statement is filed.] in order to comply with the
257	requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(4)(b)(ii), providing the lieutenant
258	governor with a link to the electronic posting described in Subsection (10)(b)(i) no
259	later than two business days after the day on which the statement is filed.
260	(11) (a) If a candidate fails to timely file a campaign finance statement required under
261	Subsection (4) or (5), the municipal clerk or recorder:
262	(i) may send an electronic notice to the candidate that states:
263	(A) that the candidate failed to timely file the campaign finance statement; and
264	(B) that, if the candidate fails to file the report within 24 hours after the deadline
265	for filing the report, the candidate will be disqualified; and

266	(ii) may impose a fine of \$50 on the candidate.
267	(b) The municipal clerk or recorder shall disqualify a candidate and inform the
268	appropriate election official that the candidate is disqualified if the candidate fails to
269	file a campaign finance statement described in Subsection (4) or (5) within 24 hours
270	after the deadline for filing the report.
271	(c) If a candidate is disqualified under Subsection (11)(b), the election official:
272	(i) shall:
273	(A) notify every opposing candidate for the municipal office that the candidate is
274	disqualified;
275	(B) send an email notification to each voter who is eligible to vote in the
276	municipal election office race for whom the election official has an email
277	address informing the voter that the candidate is disqualified and that votes cast
278	for the candidate will not be counted;
279	(C) post notice of the disqualification on a public website; and
280	(D) if practicable, remove the candidate's name from the ballot by blacking out the
281	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; and
282	(ii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
283	(12) An election official may fulfill the requirements described in Subsection (11)(c)(i) in
284	relation to a mailed ballot, including a military overseas ballot, by including with the
285	ballot a written notice:
286	(a) informing the voter that the candidate is disqualified; or
287	(b) directing the voter to a public website to inform the voter whether a candidate on the
288	ballot is disqualified.
289	(13) Notwithstanding Subsection (11)(b), a candidate who timely files each campaign
290	finance statement required under Subsection (4) or (5) is not disqualified if:
291	(a) the statement details accurately and completely the information required under
292	Subsection (6), except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or
293	inaccuracies; and
294	(b) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the
295	next scheduled report.
296	(14) A candidate for municipal office who is disqualified under Subsection (11)(b) shall file
297	with the municipal clerk or recorder a complete and accurate campaign finance
298	statement within 30 days after the day on which the candidate is disqualified.
299	(15) A campaign finance statement required under this section is considered filed if it is

300	received in the municipal clerk or recorder's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it is due.
301	(16) (a) A private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce the
302	provisions of this section or an ordinance adopted under this section.
303	(b) In a civil action under Subsection (16)(a), the court may award costs and attorney
304	fees to the prevailing party.
305	Section 2. Section 10-3-1303 is amended to read:
306	10-3-1303 . Definitions.
307	As used in this part:
308	(1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to:
309	(i) [any] a statutory office or position; or
310	(ii) [-any other person appointed to any] a position of employment with a city or with
311	a community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
312	Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act.
313	(b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to, persons serving on] "Appointed
314	officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular, or full-time [committees,
315	agencies, or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their]
316	committee, agency, or board, regardless of whether the individual is compensated for
317	the individual's services. [The use of the word "officer" in this part is not intended to
318	make appointed persons or employees "officers" of the municipality.]
319	(c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer.
320	(2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, aid,
321	advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
322	entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or
323	business entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.
324	(3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint venture,
325	corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on a
326	business.
327	(4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is paid,
328	loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to [any-] a person or business entity by
329	anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal
330	services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
331	(5) "Elected officer" means[-a person]:
332	(a) <u>an individual</u> elected or appointed to <u>fill a vacancy in</u> the office of mayor,
333	commissioner, or council member; or

334	(b) an individual who is considered to be elected to the office of mayor, commissioner,
335	or council member by a municipal legislative body in accordance with Section
336	20A-1-206.
337	(6) "Improper disclosure" means the disclosure of private, controlled, or protected
338	information to [any-] a person who does not have both the right and the need to receive
339	the information.
340	(7) "Municipal employee" means [a person who is not an elected or appointed officer] an
341	individual who is employed on a full[-] or part-time basis by a municipality or by a
342	community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government
343	Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act.
344	(8) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer.
345	[(8)] (9) "Private, controlled, or protected information" means information classified as
346	private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
347	Access and Management Act, or [other] another applicable provision of law.
348	[(9)] (10) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
349	individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of
350	the outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
351	Section 3. Section 10-3-1303.5 is enacted to read:
352	10-3-1303.5 . Statutory construction.
353	The definition of appointed officer in Section 10-3-1303 does not have the effect
354	of making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the municipality.
355	Section 4. Section 10-3-1304 is amended to read:
356	10-3-1304. Use of office for personal benefit prohibited.
357	(1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes:
358	(a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then
359	currently prevalent for similar loans; [and] or
360	(b) compensation received for [private services] a private service rendered at a rate
361	substantially exceeding the fair market value of the [services] service.
362	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), it is an offense for an [elected or appointed]
363	officer or municipal employee to:
364	(a) disclose or improperly use private, controlled, or protected information acquired by
365	reason of the officer's or municipal employee's official position or in the course of
366	official duties in order to further substantially the officer's or municipal employee's
367	personal economic interest or to secure special privileges or exemptions for the

368	officer or municipal employee or for others;
369	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's or municipal employee's official position to:
370	(i) further substantially the officer's or municipal employee's personal economic
371	interest; or
372	(ii) secure special privileges for the officer or municipal employee or for others; or
373	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly, for the officer
374	or municipal employee or for another, a gift of substantial value or a substantial
375	economic benefit tantamount to a gift that:
376	(i) would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position to
377	depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties; or
378	(ii) the person knows or that a reasonable person in that position should know under
379	the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the person for official
380	action taken.
381	(3) Subsection (2)(c) does not apply to:
382	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
383	(b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services;
384	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
385	(d) a political campaign contribution.
386	(4) This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed] officer or municipal employee
387	who engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the [
388	elected or appointed officer or municipal employee is chargeable, for the same conduct,
389	under Section 76-8-105.
390	Section 5. Section 10-3-1305 is amended to read:
391	10-3-1305. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving municipality
392	Public disclosure and filing required.
393	(1) As used in this section, "municipal body" means any public board, commission,
394	committee, or other public group organized to make public policy decisions or to advise
395	persons who make public policy decisions.
396	(2) Except as provided in Subsection [(6)] (9), it is an offense for an [elected officer, or an
397	appointed officer,] officer who is a member of a [public] municipal body to receive or
398	agree to receive compensation for assisting $[any]$ \underline{a} person or business entity in $[any]$ \underline{a}
399	transaction involving the [municipality in which the member is an officer unless the
400	member] municipality of which the officer is elected or appointed unless the officer:
401	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this

402	section] disclosing the information described in Subsection (8); [and]
403	(b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection [(5)] (8) in an open
404	meeting to the members of the municipal body of which the officer is a member
405	immediately before the discussion[-] ; and
406	(c) for an officer who is an elected officer, files the sworn statement described in
407	Subsection (2)(a) with the city recorder or town clerk.
408	(3) It is an offense for an appointed officer who is not a member of a [public] municipal
409	body or a municipal employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting [
410	$\frac{1}{2}$ a person or business entity in $\frac{1}{2}$ a transaction involving the municipality by
411	which the [person is employed] appointed officer or municipal employee is employed
412	unless the appointed officer or employee:
413	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this
414	section] disclosing the information described in Subsection (8); and
415	(b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection [(5)] (8) to:
416	(i) the [officer] appointed officer's or municipal employee's immediate supervisor; an
417	(ii) any other municipal officer or employee who may rely [upon the employee's] on
418	the appointed officer's or municipal employee's representations in evaluating or
419	approving the transaction.
420	(4) (a) [The officer or employee shall file the statement required to be filed by this
421	section-] An officer or municipal employee shall file the sworn statement described in
422	Subsection (2)(a) or (3)(a), as applicable, on or before the earlier of:
423	(i) 10 days before the date [of any agreement between the elected or appointed office
424	or municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted or] on
425	which the officer or municipal employee and the person or business entity being
426	assisted enter into an agreement; or
427	(ii) 10 days before [the receipt of compensation by the officer or employee,
428	whichever is earlier] the date on which the officer or municipal employee receive
429	compensation.
430	(5) In accordance with Subsection (2)(c), an elected officer shall file the sworn statement
431	with the city recorder or town clerk on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in
432	Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii).
433	(6) A municipal recorder or town clerk who receives a sworn statement described in
434	Subsection (2)(a) shall:
435	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the municipality's website; and

436	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the municipality's website until
437	the elected officer leaves office.
438	[(b)] (7) The [statement is] sworn statements described in this section are public information
439	and shall be available for examination by the public.
440	[(5)] (8) The [statement and disclosure] sworn statement and public disclosure described in
441	Subsections (2) and (3) shall contain:
442	(a) the name and address of the officer or municipal employee;
443	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted or in
444	which the [appointed or elected official or municipal employee] officer or municipal
445	employee has a substantial interest; and
446	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
447	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
448	[(6)] (9) This section does not apply to an [elected officer, or an appointed officer,] officer
449	who is a member of a [public] municipal body and who engages in conduct that
450	constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the [elected officer or appointed-]
451	officer is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105.
452	Section 6. Section 10-3-1306 is amended to read:
453	10-3-1306. Interest in business entity regulated by municipality Disclosure
454	statement required.
455	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer or] An officer under this part, or a municipal
456	employee, who is an officer, director, agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial
457	interest in [any] a business entity [which] that is subject to the regulation of the
458	municipality [in which he is an elected or appointed officer or municipal employee] in
459	which the officer or municipal employee is elected, appointed, or employed, shall
460	disclose the position held and the nature and value of [his] the officer's or employee's
461	interest:
462	(a) upon first becoming appointed, elected, or employed by the municipality[7]; and
463	(b) [again at any time thereafter if the elected or appointed officer's or municipal
464	employee's position in the business entity has changed significantly or if the value of
465	his interest in the entity has increased significantly since the last disclosure] when the
466	officer's or municipal employee's position in the business entity changes significantly
467	or when the value of the officer's or municipal employee's interest in the entity
468	significantly increases above the officer's or municipal employee's most recent
469	disclosure.

470	(2) [The disclosure shall be made in a sworn statement filed with the mayor.] An officer or
471	municipal employee shall make the disclosure described in Subsection (1) in a sworn
472	statement filed with:
473	(a) the mayor; and
474	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, the city recorder or town clerk.
475	(3) The mayor shall:
476	(a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements-] the sworn statement described
477	in Subsection (2) to the members of the governing body[5]; or
478	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body copies of the disclosure
479	statement within 30 days after the statement is received by him.] provide a copy of the
480	sworn statement to the members of the governing body no later than 30 days after the
481	date on which the mayor receives the statement.
482	(4) The municipal recorder or town clerk who receives the sworn statement described in
483	Subsection (2) shall:
484	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the municipality's website; and
485	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the municipality's website until
486	the elected officer leaves office.
487	[(3)] (5) (a) This section does not apply to [instances] an instance where the value of the
488	interest does not exceed $\{[\frac{2,000}{}]$ $\underline{$5,000}$.
489	(b) [Life insurance policies and annuities] A life insurance policy or an annuity may not
490	be considered in determining the value of [any such] the interest.
491	Section 7. Section 10-3-1307 is amended to read:
492	10-3-1307. Interest in business entity doing business with municipality
493	Disclosure.
494	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part, or municipal employee,
495	who is an officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in $[any]$ \underline{a}
496	business entity [which] that does or anticipates doing business with the municipality in
497	which [he is an appointed or elected officer or municipal employee,] the officer or
498	municipal employee is appointed, elected, or employed, shall:
499	(a) publicly disclose the conflict of interest to the members of the body of which [he] the
500	officer is a member or by which [he] the municipal employee is employed,
501	immediately [prior to] before any discussion by [such] the municipal body concerning
502	matters relating to [such] the business entity, the nature of [his] the officer's or
503	municipal employee's interest in [that] the business entity[-]; and

504	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, file a sworn statement describing the conflict
505	of interest with the city recorder or town clerk.
506	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
507	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
508	(3) A city recorder or town clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection
509	(1)(b) shall:
510	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the municipality's website; and
511	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the municipality's website until
512	the elected officer leaves office.
513	[(3)] (4) Disclosure by a municipal employee under this section is satisfied if the municipal
514	employee makes the disclosure in the manner [required by Sections] described in Section
515	10-3-1305 [and] or Section 10-3-1306.
516	Section 8. Section 10-3-1308 is amended to read:
517	10-3-1308. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.
518	[Any personal interest or investment by a municipal employee or by any elected
519	or appointed official of a municipality which creates a conflict between the employee's
520	or official's personal interests and his public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to
521	the members of the body in the manner required by Section 10-3-1306] An officer or
522	municipal employee who has a personal interest or investment that creates a conflict
523	between the officer's or municipal employee's personal interests and the officer's or
524	municipal employee's public duties shall disclose the conflict in the manner described in
525	Section 10-3-1306.
526	Section 9. Section 10-3-1309 is amended to read:
527	10-3-1309. Inducing officer or employee to violate part prohibited.
528	It is a class A misdemeanor for any person to induce or seek to induce [any
529	appointed or elected officer or a municipal employee to violate any of the
530	provisions of this part.
531	Section 10. Section 10-3-1311 is amended to read:
532	10-3-1311. Municipal ethics commission Complaints charging violations.
533	(1) A municipality may establish by ordinance an ethics commission to review a complaint
534	against an officer or a municipal employee subject to this part for a violation of a
535	provision of this part.
536	(2) (a) A person filing a complaint for a violation of this part shall file the complaint:

(i) with the municipal ethics commission, if a municipality has established a

537

538	municipal ethics commission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
539	(ii) with the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission in accordance with
540	Title 63A, Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission, if the
541	municipality has not established a municipal ethics commission.
542	(b) A municipality that receives a complaint described in Subsection (2)(a) may:
543	(i) accept the complaint if the municipality has established a municipal ethics
544	commission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
545	(ii) forward the complaint to the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission
546	established in Section 63A-15-201:
547	(A) regardless of whether the municipality has established a municipal ethics
548	commission; or
549	(B) if the municipality has not established a municipal ethics commission.
550	(3) If the alleged ethics complaint is against a person who is a member of the municipal
551	ethics commission, the complaint shall be filed with or forwarded to the Political
552	Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission.
553	Section 11. Section 10-3-1312 is amended to read:
554	10-3-1312 . Violation of disclosure requirements Penalties Rescission of
555	prohibited transaction.
556	If [any] a transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section
557	10-3-1305, 10-3-1306, 10-3-1307, or 10-3-1308, the municipality:
558	(1) shall dismiss or remove the [appointed or elected-]officer or municipal employee who
559	knowingly and intentionally violates this part from employment or office; and
560	(2) may rescind or void [any] a contract or subcontract entered into pursuant to that
561	transaction without returning any part of the consideration received by the municipality.
562	Section 12. Section 10-3-1313 is enacted to read:
563	10-3-1313 . Annual conflict of interest disclosure City recorder or town clerk
564	Posting of written disclosure statement Penalties.
565	(1) In addition to any other disclosure obligation described in this part, an elected officer
566	shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which
567	the elected officer holds the office of mayor, commissioner, or council member:
568	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
569	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
570	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the city recorder or town clerk.
571	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the day on which the elected officer submits

572	the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) to the city recorder or
573	town clerk, the city recorder or town clerk shall:
574	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the municipality's
575	website; and
576	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
577	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
578	(b) The city recorder or town clerk shall ensure that the elected officer's written
579	disclosure statement remains posted on the municipality's website until the elected
580	officer leaves office.
581	(3) A city recorder or town clerk shall take the action described in Subsection (4) if:
582	(a) an elected officer fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
583	Subsection (1); or
584	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
585	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
586	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the city recorder or town clerk
587	shall, within five days after the day on which the city recorder or town clerk determines
588	that a violation occurred, notify the elected officer of the violation and direct the elected
589	officer to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
590	(5) (a) It is unlawful for an elected officer to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
591	statement within seven days after the day on which the elected officer receives the
592	notice described in Subsection (4).
593	(b) An elected officer who violates Subsection (5)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
594	(c) The city recorder or town clerk shall report a violation of Subsection (5)(a) to the
595	attorney general.
596	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the city recorder of
597	town clerk shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an elected officer who violates
598	Subsection (5)(a).
599	(6) The city recorder or town clerk shall deposit a fine collected under this section into the
600	municipality's general fund as a dedicated credit to pay for the costs of administering
601	this section.
602	Section 13. Section 11-58-304 is amended to read:
603	11-58-304. Limitations on board members and executive director Annual
604	conflict of interest disclosure statement Penalties.
605	(1) As used in this section:

606	(a) "Direct financial benefit":
607	(i) means any form of financial benefit that accrues to an individual directly,
608	including:
609	(A) compensation, commission, or any other form of a payment or increase of
610	money; and
611	(B) an increase in the value of a business or property; and
612	(ii) does not include a financial benefit that accrues to the public generally.
613	(b) "Family member" means a parent, spouse, sibling, child, or grandchild.
614	(2) An individual may not serve as a voting member of the board or as executive director if:
615	(a) the individual owns real property, other than a personal residence in which the
616	individual resides, within a project area, whether or not the ownership interest is a
617	recorded interest;
618	(b) a family member of the individual owns an interest in real property, other than a
619	personal residence in which the family member resides, located within a project area;
620	or
621	(c) the individual or a family member of the individual owns an interest in, is directly
622	affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of a private firm, private company, or
623	other private entity that the individual reasonably believes is likely to:
624	(i) participate in or receive a direct financial benefit from the development of the
625	authority jurisdictional land; or
626	(ii) acquire an interest in or locate a facility within a project area.
627	(3) Before taking office as a voting member of the board or accepting employment as
628	executive director, an individual shall submit to the authority a statement verifying that
629	the individual's service as a board member or employment as executive director does not
630	violate Subsection (2).
631	(4) (a) An individual may not, at any time during the individual's service as a voting
632	member or employment with the authority, acquire, or take any action to initiate,
633	negotiate, or otherwise arrange for the acquisition of, an interest in real property
634	located within a project area, if:
635	(i) the acquisition is in the individual's personal capacity or in the individual's
636	capacity as an employee or officer of a private firm, private company, or other
637	private entity; and
638	(ii) the acquisition will enable the individual to receive a direct financial benefit as a
639	result of the development of the project area.

640	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to an individual's acquisition of, or action to initiate,
641	negotiate, or otherwise arrange for the acquisition of, an interest in real property that
642	is a personal residence in which the individual will reside upon acquisition of the real
643	property.
644	(5) (a) A voting member or nonvoting member of the board or an employee of the
645	authority may not receive a direct financial benefit from the development of a project
646	area.
647	(b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), a direct financial benefit does not include:
648	(i) expense reimbursements;
649	(ii) per diem pay for board member service, if applicable; or
650	(iii) an employee's compensation or benefits from employment with the authority.
651	(6) In addition to any other limitation on a board member described in this section, a voting
652	member or nonvoting member of the board shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later
653	than January 31 of each year during which the board member holds office on the
654	authority's board:
655	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
656	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
657	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the authority's
658	board.
659	(7) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member submits
660	the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (6) to the administrator or
661	clerk of the authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
662	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's
663	website; and
664	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
665	Subsection (7)(a)(i).
666	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
667	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the board member leaves
668	office.
669	(8) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall take the action described in
670	Subsection (9) if:
671	(a) a board member fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
672	Subsection (6); or
673	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of

674	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
675	(9) If a circumstance described in Subsection (8) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
676	authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
677	determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct
678	the board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the
679	problem.
680	(10) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
681	statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
682	notice described in Subsection (9).
683	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (10)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
684	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall report a violation of
685	Subsection (10)(a) to the attorney general.
686	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (10)(b), the administrator
687	or clerk of the authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board
688	member who violates Subsection (10)(a).
689	(11) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall deposit a fine collected under
690	this section into the authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
691	[(6)] (12) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the application or effect of any
692	other code provision applicable to a board member or employee relating to ethics or
693	conflicts of interest.
694	Section 14. Section 11-59-306 is amended to read:
695	11-59-306. Limitations on board members Annual conflict of interest
696	disclosure statement Exception Penalties.
697	(1) As used in this section:
698	(a) "Designated individual" means an individual:
699	(i) (A) who is a member of the Senate or House of Representatives;
700	(B) who has been appointed as a member of the board under Subsection 11-59-302
701	(2)(a) or (b); and
702	(C) whose legislative district includes some or all of the point of the mountain
703	state land; or
704	(ii) who is designated to serve as a board member under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(e)
705	or (f).
706	(b) "Direct financial benefit":
707	(i) means any form of financial benefit that accrues to an individual directly as a

708	result of the development of the point of the mountain state land, including:
709	(A) compensation, commission, or any other form of a payment or increase of
710	money; and
711	(B) an increase in the value of a business or property; and
712	(ii) does not include a financial benefit that accrues to the public generally as a resu
713	of the development of the point of the mountain state land.
714	(c) "Family member" means a parent, spouse, sibling, child, or grandchild.
715	(d) "Interest in real property" means every type of real property interest, whether
716	recorded or unrecorded, including:
717	(i) a legal or equitable interest;
718	(ii) an option on real property;
719	(iii) an interest under a contract;
720	(iv) fee simple ownership;
721	(v) ownership as a tenant in common or in joint tenancy or another joint ownership
722	arrangement;
723	(vi) ownership through a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that
724	holds title to a real property interest in the name of the partnership, limited
725	liability company, or corporation;
726	(vii) leasehold interest; and
727	(viii) any other real property interest that is capable of being owned.
728	(2) An individual may not serve as a member of the board if:
729	(a) subject to Subsection (5) for a designated individual, the individual owns an interest
730	in real property, other than a personal residence in which the individual resides, on o
731	within five miles of the point of the mountain state land;
732	(b) a family member of the individual owns an interest in real property, other than a
733	personal residence in which the family member resides, located on or within one-hal
734	mile of the point of the mountain state land;
735	(c) the individual or a family member of the individual owns an interest in, is directly
736	affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of a firm, company, or other entity that
737	the individual reasonably believes is likely to participate in or receive compensation
738	or other direct financial benefit from the development of the point of the mountain
739	state land; or
740	(d) the individual or a family member of the individual receives or is expected to receiv
741	a direct financial benefit

742 (3) (a) Before taking office as a board member, an individual shall submit to the authority a statement:

- (i) verifying that the individual's service as a board member does not violate Subsection (2); and
- (ii) for a designated individual, identifying any interest in real property, other than a personal residence in which the individual resides, located on or within five miles of the point of the mountain state land.
- (b) If a designated individual takes action, during the individual's service as a board member, to initiate, negotiate, or otherwise arrange for the acquisition of an interest in real property, other than a personal residence in which the individual intends to live, located on or within five miles of the point of the mountain state land, the designated individual shall submit a written statement to the board chair describing the action, the interest in real property that the designated individual intends to acquire, and the location of the real property.
- (4) Except for a board member who is a designated individual, a board member is disqualified from further service as a board member if the board member, at any time during the board member's service on the board, takes any action to initiate, negotiate, or otherwise arrange for the acquisition of an interest in real property, other than a personal residence in which the member intends to reside, located on or within five miles of the point of the mountain state land.
- (5) A designated individual who submits a written statement under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or (b) may not serve or continue to serve as a board member unless at least two-thirds of all other board members conclude that the designated individual's service as a board member does not and will not create a material conflict of interest impairing the ability of the designated individual to exercise fair and impartial judgment as a board member and to act in the best interests of the authority.
- (6) (a) The board may not allow a firm, company, or other entity to participate in planning, managing, or implementing the development of the point of the mountain state land if a board member or a family member of a board member owns an interest in, is directly affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of the firm, company, or other entity.
 - (b) Before allowing a firm, company, or other entity to participate in planning, managing, or implementing the development of the point of the mountain state land, the board may require the firm, company, or other entity to certify that no board

776	member or family member of a board member owns an interest in, is directly
777	affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of the firm, company, or other entity.
778	(7) Except as provided in Subsection (13), a board member shall, no sooner than January 1
779	and no later than January 31 of each year during which the board member holds office
780	on the authority's board:
781	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
782	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
783	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the authority's
784	board.
785	(8) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member submits
786	the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (7) to the administrator or
787	clerk of the authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
788	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's
789	website; and
790	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
791	Subsection (8)(a)(i).
792	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
793	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the board member leaves
794	office.
795	(9) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall take the action described in
796	Subsection (10) if:
797	(a) a board member fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
798	Subsection (7); or
799	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
800	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
801	(10) If a circumstance described in Subsection (9) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
802	authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
803	determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct
804	the board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the
805	problem.
806	(11) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
807	statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
808	notice described in Subsection (10).
809	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (11)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

810	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall report a violation of
811	Subsection (11)(a) to the attorney general.
812	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (11)(b), the administrator
813	or clerk of the authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board
814	member who violates Subsection (11)(a).
815	(12) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall deposit a fine collected under
816	this section into the authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
817	(13) For an individual who is appointed as a board member under Subsection 11-59-302
818	(2)(a), (b), (c)(iii), (d), or (e):
819	(a) Subsection (7) does not apply; and
820	(b) the administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall, instead:
821	(i) post an electronic link on the authority's website to the written disclosure
822	statement the board member made in the board member's capacity as:
823	(A) a state legislator, under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 16, Conflict of Interest
824	Disclosures; or
825	(B) an elected officer of a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
826	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
827	Subsection (13)(b)(i).
828	Section 15. Section 11-65-304 is amended to read:
829	11-65-304. Limitations on board members and executive director Annual
830	conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception Penalties.
831	(1) As used in this section:
832	(a) "Direct financial benefit":
833	(i) means any form of financial benefit that accrues to an individual directly,
834	including:
835	(A) compensation, commission, or any other form of a payment or increase of
836	money; and
837	(B) an increase in the value of a business or property; and
838	(ii) does not include a financial benefit that accrues to the public generally.
839	(b) "Family member" means a parent, spouse, sibling, child, or grandchild.
840	(2) An individual may not serve as a voting member of the board or as executive director if
841	the individual or a family member of the individual owns an interest in, is directly
842	affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of a private firm, private company, or other
843	private entity that the individual reasonably believes is likely to participate in or receive

844		a direct financial benefit from the management of Utah Lake.
845	(3)	Before taking office as a voting member of the board or accepting employment as
846		executive director, an individual shall submit to the lake authority a statement verifying
847		that the individual's service as a board member or employment as executive director
848		does not violate Subsection (2).
849	(4)	(a) A voting member or nonvoting member of the board or an employee of the lake
850		authority may not receive a direct financial benefit from the management of Utah
851		Lake.
852		(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), a direct financial benefit does not include:
853		(i) expense reimbursements;
854		(ii) per diem pay for board member service, if applicable; or
855		(iii) an employee's compensation or benefits from employment with the lake
856		authority.
857	<u>(5)</u>	Except as provided Subsection (11), a voting member or nonvoting member of the
858		board shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during
859		which the board member holds office on the lake authority's board:
860		(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
861		each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
862		(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the lake
863		authority's board.
864	<u>(6)</u>	(a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member submits
865		the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (5) to the administrator or
866		clerk of the lake authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
867		(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the lake authority's
868		website; and
869		(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
870		Subsection (6)(a)(i).
871		(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
872		statement remains posted on the lake authority's website until the board member
873		leaves office.
874	<u>(7)</u>	The administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall take the action described in
875		Subsection (8) if:
876		(a) a board member fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
877		Subsection (5): or

878	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
879	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
880	(8) If a circumstance described in Subsection (7) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
881	lake authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or
882	clerk determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and
883	direct the board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting
884	the problem.
885	(9) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
886	statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
887	notice described in Subsection (8).
888	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (9)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
889	(c) The administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall report a violation of
890	Subsection (9)(a) to the attorney general.
891	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (9)(b), the administrator
892	or clerk of the lake authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board
893	member who violates Subsection (9)(a).
894	(10) The administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall deposit a fine collected
895	under this section into the lake authority's account to pay for the costs of administering
896	this section.
897	(11) For an individual who is appointed as a board member under Subsection 11-65-302
898	(2)(b), (c), (d), or (e)(ii):
899	(a) Subsection (5) does not apply; and
900	(b) the administrator or clerk of the lake authority's board shall, instead:
901	(i) post an electronic link on the lake authority's website to the written disclosure
902	statement the board member made in the board member's capacity as:
903	(A) a state legislator, under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 16, Conflict of Interest
904	<u>Disclosures</u> ;
905	(B) an elected officer of a county, under Section 17-16a-13; or
906	(C) an elected officer of a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
907	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
908	Subsection (11)(b)(i).
909	[(5)] (12) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the application or effect of any
910	other code provision applicable to a board member or employee relating to ethics or
911	conflicts of interest.

) 12	Section 16. Section 17-16-6.5 is amended to read:
913	17-16-6.5. Campaign financial disclosure in county elections.
914	(1) (a) A county shall adopt an ordinance establishing campaign finance disclosure
915	requirements for:
916	(i) candidates for county office; and
917	(ii) candidates for local school board office who reside in that county.
918	(b) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
919	(i) a requirement that each candidate for county office or local school board office
920	report the candidate's itemized and total campaign contributions and expenditures
921	at least once within the two weeks before the election and at least once within two
922	months after the election;
923	(ii) a definition of "contribution" and "expenditure" that requires reporting of
924	nonmonetary contributions such as in-kind contributions and contributions of
925	tangible things;
926	(iii) a requirement that the financial reports identify:
927	(A) for each contribution, the name of the donor of the contribution, if known, and
928	the amount of the contribution; and
929	(B) for each expenditure, the name of the recipient and the amount of the
930	expenditure;
931	(iv) a requirement that a candidate for county office or local school board office
932	deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution;
933	(v) a prohibition against a candidate for county office or local school board office
934	depositing or mingling any contributions received into a personal or business
935	account; and
936	(vi) a requirement that a candidate for county office who receives a contribution that
937	is cash or a negotiable instrument, exceeds \$50, and is from a donor whose name
938	is unknown, shall, within 30 days after receiving the contribution, disburse the
939	amount of the contribution to:
940	(A) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
941	political subdivision's general fund; or
942	(B) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
943	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
944	(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (1)(c), "account" means an account in a financial
945	institution:

946	(A) that is not described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv); and
947	(B) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other
948	than a county office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or
949	federal office, or as a holder of an office, other than a county office for which
950	the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, deposits a
951	contribution or makes an expenditure.
952	(ii) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include a requirement that a
953	candidate for county office or local school board office include on a financial
954	report filed in accordance with the ordinance a contribution deposited in or an
955	expenditure made from an account:
956	(A) since the last financial report was filed; or
957	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the
958	account.
959	(2) If any county fails to adopt a campaign finance disclosure ordinance described in
960	Subsection (1), candidates for county office, other than community council office, and
961	candidates for local school board office shall comply with the financial reporting
962	requirements contained in Subsections (3) through (8).
963	(3) A candidate for elective office in a county or local school board office:
964	(a) shall deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution;
965	and
966	(b) may not deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business
967	account.
968	(4) Each candidate for elective office in any county who is not required to submit a
969	campaign financial statement to the lieutenant governor, and each candidate for local
970	school board office, shall file a signed campaign financial statement with the county
971	clerk:
972	(a) seven days before the date of the regular general election, reporting each contribution
973	and each expenditure as of 10 days before the date of the regular general election; and
974	(b) no later than 30 days after the date of the regular general election.
975	(5) (a) The statement filed seven days before the regular general election shall include:
976	(i) a list of each contribution received by the candidate, and the name of the donor, if
977	known; and
978	(ii) a list of each expenditure for political purposes made during the campaign period,
979	and the recipient of each expenditure.

980	(b) The statement filed 30 days after the regular general election shall include:
981	(i) a list of each contribution received after the cutoff date for the statement filed
982	seven days before the election, and the name of the donor; and
983	(ii) a list of all expenditures for political purposes made by the candidate after the
984	cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election, and the recipient
985	of each expenditure.
986	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial
987	institution:
988	(i) that is not described in Subsection (3)(a); and
989	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
990	county office for which the person filed a declaration of candidacy or federal
991	office, or as a holder of an office, other than a county office for which the person
992	filed a declaration of candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes
993	an expenditure.
994	(b) A county office candidate and a local school board office candidate shall include on
995	any campaign financial statement filed in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5):
996	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
997	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
998	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the
999	account; or
1000	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
1001	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
1002	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the
1003	account.
1004	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a contribution that is cash or a negotiable instrument,
1005	exceeds \$50, and is from a donor whose name is unknown, a county office candidate
1006	shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
1007	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
1008	political subdivision's general fund; or
1009	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3),
1010	Internal Revenue Code.
1011	(8) Candidates for elective office in any county, and candidates for local school board
1012	office, who are eliminated at a primary election shall file a signed campaign financial
1013	statement containing the information required by this section not later than 30 days after

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the primary election.

1015	(9) Any person who fails to comply with this section is guilty of an infraction.
1016	(10) (a) Counties may, by ordinance, enact requirements that:
1017	(i) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures; and
1018	(ii) impose additional penalties.
1019	(b) The requirements described in Subsection (10)(a) apply to a local school board office
1020	candidate who resides in that county.
1021	(11) If a candidate fails to file an interim report due before the election, the county clerk:
1022	(a) may send an electronic notice to the candidate and the political party of which the
1023	candidate is a member, if any, that states:
1024	(i) that the candidate failed to timely file the report; and
1025	(ii) that, if the candidate fails to file the report within 24 hours after the deadline for
1026	filing the report, the candidate will be disqualified and the political party will not
1027	be permitted to replace the candidate; and
1028	(b) impose a fine of \$100 on the candidate.
1029	(12) (a) The county clerk shall disqualify a candidate and inform the appropriate election
1030	officials that the candidate is disqualified if the candidate fails to file an interim
1031	report described in Subsection (11) within 24 hours after the deadline for filing the
1032	report.
1033	(b) The political party of a candidate who is disqualified under Subsection (12)(a) may
1034	not replace the candidate.
1035	(c) A candidate who is disqualified under Subsection (12)(a) shall file with the county
1036	clerk a complete and accurate campaign finance statement within 30 days after the
1037	day on which the candidate is disqualified.
1038	(13) If a candidate is disqualified under Subsection (12)(a), the election official:
1039	(a) shall:
1040	(i) notify every opposing candidate for the county office that the candidate is
1041	disqualified;
1042	(ii) send an email notification to each voter who is eligible to vote in the county
1043	election office race for whom the election official has an email address informing
1044	the voter that the candidate is disqualified and that votes cast for the candidate will
1045	not be counted;
1046	(iii) post notice of the disqualification on the county's website; and
1047	(iv) if practicable, remove the candidate's name from the ballot by blacking out the

1048	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; and
1049	(b) may not count any votes for that candidate.
1050	(14) An election official may fulfill the requirement described in Subsection (13)(a) in
1051	relation to a mailed ballot, including a military or overseas ballot, by including with the
1052	ballot a written notice directing the voter to the county's website to inform the voter
1053	whether a candidate on the ballot is disqualified.
1054	(15) A candidate is not disqualified if:
1055	(a) the candidate files the interim reports described in Subsection (11) no later than 24
1056	hours after the applicable deadlines for filing the reports;
1057	(b) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
1058	required by this section except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or
1059	inaccuracies; and
1060	(c) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the
1061	next scheduled report.
1062	(16) (a) A report is considered timely filed if:
1063	(i) the report is received in the county clerk's office no later than midnight, Mountain
1064	Time, at the end of the day on which the report is due;
1065	(ii) the report is received in the county clerk's office with a United States Postal
1066	Service postmark three days or more before the date that the report was due; or
1067	(iii) the candidate has proof that the report was mailed, with appropriate postage and
1068	addressing, three days before the report was due.
1069	(b) For a county clerk's office that is not open until midnight at the end of the day on
1070	which a report is due, the county clerk shall permit a candidate to file the report via
1071	email or another electronic means designated by the county clerk.
1072	(17) (a) Any private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce
1073	the provisions of this section or any ordinance adopted under this section.
1074	(b) In a civil action filed under Subsection (17)(a), the court shall award costs and
1075	attorney fees to the prevailing party.
1076	(18) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
1077	and Management Act, the county clerk shall:
1078	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
1079	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
1080	(b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
1081	inspection by:

1082	(i) [(A)] posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the county's
1083	website no later than seven business days after the day on which the statement
1084	is filed; and
1085	[(B) verifying that the address of the county's website has been provided to the
1086	lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection
1087	20A-11-103(5); or]
1088	(ii) [submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the
1089	website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later
1090	than two business days after the statement is filed.] in order to meet the
1091	requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(4)(b)(ii), providing the lieutenant
1092	governor with a link to the electronic posting described in Subsection (18)(b)(i) no
1093	later than two business days after the day the statement is filed.
1094	Section 17. Section 17-16a-3 is amended to read:
1095	17-16a-3 . Definitions.
1096	As used in this part:
1097	(1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to[-]:
1098	(i) [any] a statutory office or position; or
1099	(ii) [any other person appointed to any position of employment with a county, except
1100	special employees] a position of employment with a county, except a special
1101	employee.
1102	(b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to persons serving on] "Appointed
1103	officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular or full-time [committees,
1104	agencies, or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their]
1105	committee, agency, or board, regardless of whether the individual is compensated for
1106	the individual's services. [The use of the word "officer" in this part is not intended to
1107	make appointed persons or employees "officers" of the county.]
1108	(c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer.
1109	(2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, aid,
1110	advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
1111	entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or
1112	business entity and with the intent to so assist such person or business entity.
1113	(3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint venture,
1114	corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on a
1115	husiness

1116	(4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is paid,
1117	loaned, granted, given, donated or transferred to any person or business entity for or in
1118	consideration of personal services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
1119	(5) "Elected officer" means [any person] an individual elected or appointed to [any] an
1120	office in the county.
1121	(6) "Governmental action" means [any-] an action on the part of a county including:
1122	(a) [any-] a decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; [and]
1123	(b) [any-] a grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision,
1124	sanction, or approval[, or] ; or
1125	(c) [the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to-] the denial of, or failure to act
1126	upon, a matter described in Subsection (6)(a) or (b).
1127	(7) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer.
1128	[(7)] (8) "Special employee" means [any person] an individual hired on the basis of a
1129	contract to perform a special service for the county pursuant to an award of a contract
1130	following a public bid.
1131	[(8)] (9) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
1132	individual, the individual's spouse, and the individual's minor children, of at least 10%
1133	of the outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
1134	Section 18. Section 17-16a-3.5 is enacted to read:
1135	17-16a-3.5 . Statutory construction.
1136	The definition of appointed officer in Section 17-16a-3 does not have the effect of
1137	making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the county.
1138	Section 19. Section 17-16a-4 is amended to read:
1139	17-16a-4. Prohibited use of official position Exception.
1140	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), it is an offense for an [elected or appointed-]
1141	officer to:
1142	(a) disclose confidential information acquired by reason of the officer's official position
1143	or use that information to secure special privileges or exemptions for [himself] the
1144	officer or others;
1145	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's official position to secure special privileges for the
1146	officer or for others; or
1147	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek or solicit, directly or indirectly, any gift or loan
1148	for the officer or for another, if the gift or loan tends to influence the officer in the
1149	discharge of the officer's official duties.

1150	(2)	This section [is inapplicable] does not apply to:
1151		(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
1152		(b) an award publicly presented;
1153		(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
1154		(d) political campaign contributions subject to Section 17-16-6.5.
1155	(3)	A member of a county legislative body who is also a member of the governing board of
1156		a provider of mental health or substance abuse services under contract with the county
1157		does not commit an offense under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by discharging, in good faith,
1158		the duties and responsibilities of each position, if the county legislative body member
1159		does not participate in the process of selecting the mental health or substance abuse
1160		service provider.
1161	(4)	Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a county or county official may
1162		encourage support from a public or private individual or institution, whether in financial
1163		contributions or by other means, on behalf of an organization or activity that benefits the
1164		community.
1165	(5)	This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed]officer who engages in conduct
1166		that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the [elected or appointed-]
1167		officer is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105.
1168		Section 20. Section 17-16a-5 is amended to read:
1169		17-16a-5. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving county Public
1170	dis	closure and filing required.
1171	(1)	[No elected or appointed officer may] An officer may not receive or agree to receive
1172		compensation for assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction
1173		involving the county in which [he is an officer unless he] the officer is elected or
1174		appointed unless the officer:
1175		(a) [files with the county legislative body a sworn statement giving the information
1176		required by this section, and] files with the county legislative body a sworn statement
1177		disclosing the information described in Subsection (5);
1178		(b) discloses in open meeting to the members of the body of which [he] the officer is a
1179		member, immediately [prior to] before the discussion, the information [required by
1180		Subsection (3).] described in Subsection (5); and
1181		(c) for an officer who is an elected officer, files the sworn statement described in
1182		Subsection (1)(a) with the county clerk.
1183	(2)	[The statement required to be filed by this section shall be filed] An officer shall file the

1184	sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) on or before the earlier of:
1185	(a) 10 days [prior to the date of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer
1186	and the person or business entity being assisted or] before the date on which the
1187	officer and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement; or
1188	(b) 10 days [prior to the receipt of compensation by the business entity] before the date
1189	on which the officer receives compensation.
1190	(3) In accordance with Subsection (1)(c), an elected officer shall file the sworn statement
1191	with the county clerk on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections
1192	(2)(a) and (b).
1193	(4) A county clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) shall:
1194	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the county's website; and
1195	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the county's website until the
1196	elected officer leaves office.
1197	(5) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) is public information
1198	and is available for examination by the public.
1199	[(3)] (6) The [statement and disclosure] sworn statement and public disclosure described in
1200	Subsection (1) shall contain the following information:
1201	(a) the name and address of the officer;
1202	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted, or in
1203	which the [appointed or elected official] officer has a substantial interest; and
1204	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
1205	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
1206	Section 21. Section 17-16a-6 is amended to read:
1207	17-16a-6. Interest in business entity regulated by county Disclosure.
1208	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer, director,
1209	agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial interest in any business entity [which]
1210	that is subject to the regulation of the county [in which the officer is an elected or
1211	appointed officer] in which the officer is appointed or elected shall disclose the position
1212	held and the precise nature and value of the officer's interest:
1213	(a) upon first becoming appointed or elected[-,]; and
1214	(b) [again-]during January of each year [thereafter-]during which the officer continues
1215	to be an appointed or elected officer.
1216	(2) [The disclosure shall be made in a sworn statement filed with the county legislative
1217	body.] An officer shall make the disclosure described in Subsection (1) in a sworn

1218	statement filed with:
1219	(a) the county legislative body; and
1220	(b) if the officer is an elected officer, the county clerk.
1221	(3) The commission shall:
1222	(a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements-] the sworn statement described
1223	in Subsection (2) to the members of the governing body; or
1224	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body, copies of the disclosure
1225	statement within 30 days after the statement is received] provide a copy of the sworn
1226	statement described in Subsection (2) to the members of the governing body no later
1227	than 30 days after the day on which the commission receives the statement.
1228	(4) A county clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (2) shall:
1229	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the county's website; and
1230	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the county's website until the
1231	elected officer leaves office.
1232	(5) (a) This section does not apply to instances where the value of the interest does not
1233	exceed \$[2,000, and] <u>5,000.</u>
1234	(b) A life insurance [policies and annuities] policy or an annuity may not be considered
1235	in determining the value of the interest.
1236	Section 22. Section 17-16a-7 is amended to read:
1237	17-16a-7. Interest in business entity doing business with county Disclosure.
1238	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer, director,
1239	agent, or employee, or owner of a substantial interest in [any] a business entity [which]
1240	that does or anticipates doing business with the county [in which he is an appointed or
1241	elected officer, in which the officer is appointed or elected shall:
1242	(a) publicly disclose the conflict of interest to the members of the body [on which he] of
1243	which the officer is a member, immediately [prior to any] before a discussion by [such]
1244	the body on matters relating to [such] the business entity, the nature of [his] the
1245	officer's interest in [that] the business entity[-]; and
1246	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, file a sworn statement describing the conflict
1247	of interest with the county clerk.
1248	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
1249	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
1250	(3) A county clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(b) shall:
1251	(a) post a copy of the sworn statement on the county's website; and

1252	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the county's website until the
1253	elected officer leaves office.
1254	Section 23. Section 17-16a-8 is amended to read:
1255	17-16a-8. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.
1256	[Any personal interest of or investment by any elected or appointed official of a
1257	county which creates a potential or actual conflict between the official's personal
1258	interests and his public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to the members of
1259	the body in the manner required by Section 17-16a-6] An officer who has a personal
1260	interest or investment that creates a potential or actual conflict between the officer's
1261	personal interests and the officer's public duties shall disclose the conflict in the
1262	manner described in Section 17-16a-6.
1263	Section 24. Section 17-16a-9 is amended to read:
1264	17-16a-9. Inducing officer to violate provisions prohibited.
1265	No person shall induce or seek to induce [any appointed or elected] an officer to
1266	violate any of the provisions of this part.
1267	Section 25. Section 17-16a-10 is amended to read:
1268	17-16a-10. Violation a misdemeanor Removal from office.
1269	In addition to any penalty contained in any other provision of law, [any] a person
1270	who knowingly and intentionally violates this part is guilty of a class A misdemeanor
1271	and shall be dismissed from employment or removed from office.
1272	Section 26. Section 17-16a-12 is amended to read:
1273	17-16a-12. Rescission of prohibited transaction.
1274	If [any] a transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section
1275	17-16a-6, the county may rescind or void [any] a contract or subcontract entered into
1276	pursuant to that transaction without returning any part of the consideration received
1277	by the county.
1278	Section 27. Section 17-16a-13 is enacted to read:
1279	17-16a-13 . Annual conflict of interest disclosure County clerk Penalties.
1280	(1) In addition to any other disclosure obligation described in this part, an elected officer
1281	shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which
1282	the elected officer holds county elective office:
1283	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1284	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1285	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the county clerk

1286	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the day on which an elected officer submits
1287	the written disclosure described in Subsection (1) to the county clerk, the county
1288	clerk shall:
1289	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the county's website;
1290	<u>and</u>
1291	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1292	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
1293	(b) The county clerk shall ensure that the elected officer's written disclosure statement
1294	remains posted on the county's website until the elected officer leaves office.
1295	(3) A county clerk shall take the action described in Subsection (4) if:
1296	(a) an elected officer fails to timely submit the written disclosure statement described in
1297	Subsection (1); or
1298	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1299	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1300	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the county clerk shall, within five
1301	days after the day on which the county clerk determines that a violation occurred, notify
1302	the elected officer of the violation and direct the elected officer to submit an amended
1303	written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1304	(5) (a) It is unlawful for an elected officer to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
1305	statement within seven days after the day on which the elected officer receives the
1306	notice described in Subsection (4).
1307	(b) A regulated officeholder who violates Subsection (5)(a) is guilty of a class B
1308	misdemeanor.
1309	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report a violation of Subsection (5)(a) to the attorney
1310	general.
1311	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the county clerk
1312	shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an elected officer who violates Subsection
1313	<u>(5)(a).</u>
1314	(6) The county clerk shall deposit a fine collected under this part into the county's general
1315	fund as a dedicated credit to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1316	Section 28. Section 20A-11-103 is amended to read:
1317	20A-11-103. Notice of pending interim and summary reports Form of
1318	submission Public availability Notice of reporting and filing requirements.
1319	(1) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (1)(b), 10 days before an interim report or

1320	summary report is due under this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention
1321	Elections, the chief election officer shall inform the filing entity by electronic mail
1322	unless postal mail is requested:
1323	(i) that the financial statement is due;
1324	(ii) of the date that the financial statement is due; and
1325	(iii) of the penalty for failing to file the financial statement.
1326	(b) The chief election officer is not required to provide notice:
1327	(i) to a candidate or political party of the financial statement that is due before the
1328	candidate's or political party's political convention;
1329	(ii) of a financial statement due in connection with a public hearing for an initiative
1330	under the requirements of Section 20A-7-204.1; or
1331	(iii) to a corporation or labor organization, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
1332	(2) A filing entity shall electronically file a financial statement via electronic mail or the
1333	Internet according to specifications established by the chief election officer.
1334	(3) (a) A financial statement is considered timely filed if the financial statement is
1335	received by the chief election officer's office before midnight, Mountain Time, at the
1336	end of the day on which the financial statement is due.
1337	(b) For a county clerk's office that is not open until midnight at the end of the day on
1338	which a financial statement is due, the county clerk shall permit a candidate to file
1339	the financial statement via email or another electronic means designated by the
1340	county clerk.
1341	(c) A chief election officer may extend the time in which a filing entity is required to file
1342	a financial statement if a filing entity notifies the chief election officer of the
1343	existence of an extenuating circumstance that is outside the control of the filing entity.
1344	(4) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
1345	and Management Act, the lieutenant governor shall:
1346	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
1347	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
1348	[(b) post an electronic copy or the contents of each financial statement in a searchable
1349	format on a website established by the lieutenant governor:]
1350	[(i) for campaign finance statements submitted to the lieutenant governor under the
1351	requirements of Section 10-3-208 or Section 17-16-6.5, no later than seven business
1352	days after the date of receipt of the campaign finance statement; or]
1353	(ii) for a summary report or interim report filed under the requirements of this chapter

1354	or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections, no later than three business days
1355	after the date the summary report or interim report is electronically filed.]
1356	(b) post on a website established by the lieutenant governor:
1357	(i) an electronic copy or the contents of each summary report or interim report filed
1358	under the requirements of this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention
1359	Elections, no later than three business days after the date on which the summary
1360	report or interim report is electronically filed; or
1361	(ii) for a campaign finance statement filed under the requirements of Section 10-3-208.
1362	for a municipality, or Section 17-16-6.5, for a county, a link to the municipal or
1363	county website that hosts the campaign finance statement, no later than seven
1364	business days after the date on which the lieutenant governor receives the link
1365	<u>from:</u>
1366	(A) the municipal clerk or recorder, in accordance with Subsection 10-3-208
1367	(10)(b)(ii); or
1368	(B) the county clerk, in accordance with Subsection 17-16-6.5(18)(b)(ii).
1369	[(5) If a municipality, under Section 10-3-208, or a county, under Section 17-16-6.5, elects
1370	to provide campaign finance disclosure on its own website, rather than through the
1371	licutenant governor, the website established by the licutenant governor shall contain a
1372	link or other access point to the municipality or county website.]
1373	[(6)] (5) Between January 1 and January 15 of each year, the chief election officer shall
1374	provide notice, by postal mail or email, to each filing entity for which the chief election
1375	officer has a physical or email address, of the reporting and filing requirements
1376	described in this chapter.
1377	Section 29. Section 20A-11-1602 is amended to read:
1378	20A-11-1602 . Definitions.
1379	As used in this part:
1380	(1) "Conflict of interest" means an action that is taken by a regulated officeholder that the
1381	officeholder reasonably believes may cause direct financial benefit or detriment to the
1382	officeholder, a member of the officeholder's immediate family, or an individual or entity
1383	that the officeholder is required to disclose under the provisions of this section, if that
1384	benefit or detriment is distinguishable from the effects of that action on the public or on
1385	the officeholder's profession, occupation, or association generally.
1386	(2) "Conflict of interest disclosure" means a disclosure, on the website, of all information
1387	required under Section 20A-11-1604.

1388	(3) "Entity" means a corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, a limited
1389	partnership, a sole proprietorship, an association, a cooperative, a trust, an organization,
1390	a joint venture, a governmental entity, an unincorporated organization, or any other legal
1391	entity, regardless of whether it is established primarily for the purpose of gain or
1392	economic profit.
1393	(4) "Local official" means:
1394	(a) an elected officer of:
1395	(i) a municipality under Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 13, Municipal Officers' and
1396	Employees' Ethics Act; or
1397	(ii) a county under Title 17, Chapter 16a, County Officers and Employees Disclosure
1398	Act:
1399	(b) a special public officer under Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and
1400	Employees' Ethics Act; or
1401	(c) another individual:
1402	(i) who is not a regulated officeholder; and
1403	(ii) who is required to annually make a conflict of interest disclosure in accordance
1404	with Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1405	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Filing officer" means:
1406	(a) the lieutenant governor, for the office of a state constitutional officer or State Board
1407	of Education member; or
1408	(b) the lieutenant governor or the county clerk in the county of the candidate's residence,
1409	for a state legislative office.
1410	[(5)] (6) "Immediate family" means the regulated officeholder's spouse, a child living in the
1411	regulated officeholder's immediate household, or an individual claimed as a dependent
1412	for state or federal income tax purposes by the regulated officeholder.
1413	[(6)] (7) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or any other payment made to an
1414	individual for gain, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary,
1415	commission, pay, bonus, severance pay, incentive pay, contract payment, interest, per
1416	diem, expenses, reimbursement, dividends, or otherwise.
1417	[(7)] (8) (a) "Owner or officer" means an individual who owns an ownership interest in
1418	an entity or holds a position where the person has authority to manage, direct,
1419	control, or make decisions for:
1420	(i) the entity or a portion of the entity; or
1421	(ii) an employee, agent, or independent contractor of the entity.

1422	(b) "Owner or officer" includes:
1423	(i) a member of a board of directors or other governing body of an entity; or
1424	(ii) a partner in any type of partnership.
1425	[(8)] (9) "Preceding year" means the year immediately preceding the day on which the
1426	regulated officeholder makes a conflict of interest disclosure.
1427	[(9)] (10) "Regulated officeholder" means an individual who is required to make a conflict
1428	of interest disclosure under the provisions of this part.
1429	[(10)] (11) "State constitutional officer" means the governor, the lieutenant governor, the
1430	state auditor, the state treasurer, or the attorney general.
1431	[(11)] (12) "Website" means the Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure
1432	Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
1433	Section 30. Section 20A-11-1602.5 is amended to read:
1434	20A-11-1602.5. Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure
1435	Website.
1436	(1) The lieutenant governor shall, in cooperation with the county clerks, establish and
1437	administer a Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website.
1438	(2) The website shall:
1439	(a) permit a candidate or officeholder to securely access the website for the purpose of:
1440	(i) complying with the conflict of interest disclosure requirements described in this
1441	part; and
1442	(ii) editing conflict of interest disclosures;
1443	(b) contain a record of all conflict of interest disclosures and edits made by the candidate
1444	or officeholder for at least the preceding four years; [and]
1445	(c) permit any person to view a conflict of interest disclosure made by a candidate or
1446	officeholder[-] ; and
1447	(d) contain a link to the conflict of interest disclosure made by a local official.
1448	Section 31. Section 53C-1-202 is amended to read:
1449	53C-1-202. Board of trustees membership Nomination list Qualifications
1450	Terms Replacement Chair Quorum Annual conflict of interest
1451	disclosure statement Penalties.
1452	(1) There is established the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees.
1453	(2) The board shall consist of seven members appointed on a nonpartisan basis by the
1454	governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and in accordance with Title 63G,
1455	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.

1456	(3) (a) Except for the appointment made pursuant to Subsection (5), all appointments to
1457	the board shall be for a nonconsecutive term of six years, or until a replacement has
1458	been appointed and confirmed pursuant to this section.
1459	(b) If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint a replacement, following the
1460	procedures set forth in Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6), to fill the unexpired term.
1461	(c) Any member of the board who has served less than six years upon the expiration of
1462	that member's term is eligible for a consecutive reappointment.
1463	(4) (a) The governor shall select six of the seven appointees to the board from a
1464	nomination list of at least two candidates for each position or vacancy submitted
1465	pursuant to Section 53C-1-203.
1466	(b) The governor may request an additional nomination list of at least two candidates
1467	from the nominating committee if the initial list of candidates for a given position is
1468	unacceptable.
1469	(c) (i) If the governor fails to select an appointee within 60 days after receipt of the
1470	initial list or within 60 days after the receipt of an additional list, the nominating
1471	committee shall make an interim appointment by majority vote.
1472	(ii) The interim appointee shall serve until the matter is resolved by the committee
1473	and the governor or until replaced pursuant to this chapter.
1474	(5) (a) The governor may appoint one member without requiring a nomination list.
1475	(b) The member appointed under Subsection (5)(a) serves at the pleasure of the governo
1476	(6) (a) Each board candidate shall possess outstanding professional qualifications
1477	pertinent to the purposes and activities of the trust.
1478	(b) The board shall represent the following areas of expertise:
1479	(i) nonrenewable resource management or development;
1480	(ii) renewable resource management or development; and
1481	(iii) real estate.
1482	(c) Other qualifications which are pertinent for membership to the board are expertise in
1483	any of the following areas:
1484	(i) business;
1485	(ii) investment banking;
1486	(iii) finance;
1487	(iv) trust administration;
1488	(v) asset management; and
1489	(vi) the practice of law in any of the areas referred to in Subsections (6)(b) and

1490	(6)(c)(i) through (v) .
1491	(7) The board of trustees shall select a chair and vice chair from its membership.
1492	(8) Before assuming a position on the board, each member shall take an oath of office.
1493	(9) Four members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
1494	(10) The governor or five board members may, for cause, remove a member of the board.
1495	(11) A member of the board shall <u>:</u>
1496	(a) comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24,
1497	Part 3, Conflicts of Interest[-] : and
1498	(b) no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the
1499	member holds office on the board:
1500	(i) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response
1501	to each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1502	(ii) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the board.
1503	(12) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member
1504	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (11)(b) to the
1505	administrator or clerk of the board, the administrator or clerk shall:
1506	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the administration's
1507	website; and
1508	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1509	Subsection (12)(a)(i).
1510	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
1511	statement remains posted on the administration's website until the board member
1512	leaves office.
1513	(13) The administrator or clerk of the board shall take the action described in Subsection
1514	<u>(14) if:</u>
1515	(a) a board member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in
1516	Subsection (11)(b); or
1517	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1518	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1519	(14) If a circumstance described in Subsection (13) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
1520	board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk determines
1521	that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct the board
1522	member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1523	(15) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure

1524	statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
1525	notice described in Subsection (14).
1526	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (15)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1527	(c) The administrator or clerk of the board shall report a violation of Subsection (15)(a)
1528	to the attorney general.
1529	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (15)(b), the administrator
1530	or clerk of the board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board member who
1531	violates Subsection (15)(a).
1532	(16) The administrator or clerk of the board shall deposit a fine collected under this section
1533	into the board's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1534	Section 32. Section 63H-1-304 is enacted to read:
1535	63H-1-304. Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception
1536	Penalties.
1537	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a board member shall, no sooner than January 1
1538	and no later than January 31 of each year during which the board member holds office
1539	on the authority's board:
1540	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1541	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1542	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the authority's
1543	<u>board.</u>
1544	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the board member submits
1545	the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) to the administrator or
1546	clerk of the authority's board, the administrator or clerk shall:
1547	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's
1548	website; and
1549	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1550	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
1551	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the board member's written disclosure
1552	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the board member leaves
1553	office.
1554	(3) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall take the action described in
1555	Subsection (4) if:
1556	(a) a board member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in
1557	Subsection (1); or

1558	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1559	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1560	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
1561	authority's board shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1562	determines that a violation occurred, notify the board member of the violation and direct
1563	the board member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the
1564	problem.
1565	(5) (a) It is unlawful for a board member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
1566	statement within seven days after the day on which the board member receives the
1567	notice described in Subsection (4).
1568	(b) A board member who violates Subsection (5)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1569	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall report a violation of
1570	Subsection (5)(a) to the attorney general.
1571	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the administrator
1572	or clerk of the authority's board shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a board
1573	member who violates Subsection (5)(a).
1574	(6) The administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall deposit a fine collected under
1575	this section into the board's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1576	(7) For an individual who is appointed as a board member under Subsection 63H-1-302
1577	(2)(b):
1578	(a) Subsection (1) does not apply; and
1579	(b) the administrator or clerk of the authority's board shall, instead:
1580	(i) post an electronic link on the authority's website to the written disclosure
1581	statement the board member made in the board member's capacity as an elected
1582	officer of:
1583	(A) a county, under Section 17-16a-13; or
1584	(B) a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
1585	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1586	Subsection (7)(b)(i).
1587	Section 33. Section 63H-4-102 is amended to read:
1588	63H-4-102. Creation Members Chair Powers Quorum Per diem and
1589	expenses Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception
1590	Penalties.
1591	(1) There is created an independent state agency and a body politic and corporate known as

- the "Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority."
- 1593 (2) The authority is composed of eight members as follows:
- (a) one member of the county legislative body of Wasatch County;
- (b) the mayor of Heber City;
- (c) the mayor of Midway;
- (d) the executive director of the Department of Transportation or the executive director's designee;
- (e) the director of the Division of State Parks, or the director's designee; and
- 1600 (f) three public members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the 1601 Senate, being private citizens of the state, as follows:
- (i) two people representing the tourism industry, one each from Wasatch and Utah counties; and
- 1604 (ii) one person representing the public at large.
- 1605 (3) All members shall be residents of the state.
- 1606 (4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), the three public members are appointed for four-year terms beginning July 1, 2010.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of authority members are staggered so that approximately half of the authority is appointed every two years.
- 1612 (5) Any of the three public members may be removed from office by the governor or for cause by an affirmative vote of any four members of the authority.
- 1614 (6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement is appointed for the unexpired term by the governor with advice and consent of the Senate for the unexpired term.
- 1617 (7) Each public member shall hold office for the term of appointment and until a successor has been appointed and qualified.
- 1619 (8) A public member is eligible for reappointment, but may not serve more than two full consecutive terms.
- 1621 (9) The governor shall appoint the chair of the authority from among its members.
- 1622 (10) The members shall elect from among their number a vice chair and other officers they
 1623 may determine.
- 1624 (11) The powers of the authority are vested in its members.
- 1625 (12) (a) Four members constitute a quorum for transaction of authority business.

1626	(b) An affirmative vote of at least four members is necessary for any action taken by the
1627	authority.
1628	(13) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1629	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1630	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1631	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1632	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1633	63A-3-107.
1634	(14) Except as provided in Subsection (20), a member shall, no sooner than January 1 and
1635	no later than January 31 of each year during which the member holds office on the
1636	authority:
1637	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1638	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1639	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the authority.
1640	(15) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the member submits the
1641	written disclosure statement described in Subsection (14) to the administrator or clerk
1642	of the authority, the administrator or clerk shall:
1643	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's
1644	website; and
1645	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1646	Subsection (15)(a)(i).
1647	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the member's written disclosure
1648	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the member leaves office.
1649	(16) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall take the action described in Subsection
1650	<u>(17) if:</u>
1651	(a) a member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in Subsection
1652	<u>(14); or</u>
1653	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1654	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1655	(17) If a circumstance described in Subsection (16) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
1656	authority shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1657	determines that a violation occurred, notify the member of the violation and direct the
1658	member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1659	(18) (a) It is unlawful for a member to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure

1660	statement within seven days after the day on which the member receives the notice
1661	described in Subsection (17).
1662	(b) A member who violates Subsection (18)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1663	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall report a violation of Subsection
1664	(18)(a) to the attorney general.
1665	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (18)(b), the administrator
1666	or clerk of the authority shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a member who
1667	violates Subsection (18)(a).
1668	(19) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall deposit a fine collected under this
1669	section into the authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1670	(20) For an individual who is appointed to the authority under Subsection (2)(a), (b), or (c):
1671	(a) Subsection (14) does not apply; and
1672	(b) the administrator or clerk of the authority shall, instead:
1673	(i) post an electronic link on the authority's website to the written disclosure
1674	statement the member made in the member's capacity as an elected officer of:
1675	(A) a county, under Section 17-16a-13; or
1676	(B) a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
1677	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1678	Subsection (20)(b)(i).
1679	Section 34. Section 63H-8-201 is amended to read:
1680	63H-8-201 . Creation Trustees Terms Vacancies Chair Powers
1681	Quorum Per diem and expenses Annual conflict of interest disclosure
1682	statement Penalties.
1683	(1) (a) There is created an independent body politic and corporate, constituting a public
1684	corporation, known as the "Utah Housing Corporation."
1685	(b) The corporation may also be known and do business as the:
1686	(i) Utah Housing Finance Association; and
1687	(ii) Utah Housing Finance Agency in connection with a contract entered into when
1688	that was the corporation's legal name.
1689	(c) No other entity may use the names described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b) without
1690	the express approval of the corporation.
1691	(2) The corporation is governed by a board of trustees composed of the following nine
1692	trustees:
1693	(a) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services or the executive

1694 director's designee; 1695 (b) the commissioner of the Department of Financial Institutions or the commissioner's 1696 designee; 1697 (c) the state treasurer or the treasurer's designee; and 1698 (d) six public trustees, who are private citizens of the state, as follows: 1699 (i) two people who represent the mortgage lending industry; 1700 (ii) two people who represent the home building and real estate industry; and 1701 (iii) two people who represent the public at large. 1702 (3) The governor shall: 1703 (a) appoint the six public trustees of the corporation with the advice and consent of the 1704 Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies; and 1705 (b) ensure that: 1706 (i) the six public trustees are from different counties and are residents of the state; and 1707 (ii) not more than three of the public trustees are members of the same political party. 1708 (4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), the governor shall appoint the six public 1709 trustees to terms of office of four years each. 1710 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the 1711 time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the 1712 terms of corporation trustees are staggered so that approximately half of the board is 1713 appointed every two years. 1714 (5) (a) A public trustee of the corporation may be removed from office for cause either 1715 by the governor or by an affirmative vote of six trustees of the corporation. 1716 (b) When a vacancy occurs in the board of trustees for any reason, the replacement shall 1717 be appointed for the unexpired term. 1718 (c) A public trustee shall hold office for the term of appointment and until the trustee's 1719 successor has been appointed and qualified. 1720 (d) A public trustee is eligible for reappointment but may not serve more than two full 1721 consecutive terms. 1722 (6) (a) The governor shall select the chair of the corporation. 1723 (b) The trustees shall elect from among their number a vice chair and other officers they 1724 may determine. 1725 (7) (a) Five trustees of the corporation constitute a quorum for transaction of business. 1726 (b) An affirmative vote of at least five trustees is necessary for any action to be taken by

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the corporation.

1728	(c) A vacancy in the board of trustees does not impair the right of a quorum to exercise
1729	all rights and perform all duties of the corporation.
1730	(8) A trustee may not receive compensation or benefits for the trustee's service, but may
1731	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1732	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1733	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1734	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1735	63A-3-107.
1736	(9) A trustee shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year
1737	during which the trustee holds office on the board of trustees:
1738	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1739	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1740	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the board of
1741	<u>trustees.</u>
1742	(10) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the trustee submits the
1743	written disclosure statement described in Subsection (9) to the administrator or clerk
1744	of the board of trustees, the administrator or clerk shall:
1745	(i) post a copy of the written disclosure statement on the corporation's website; and
1746	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1747	Subsection (10)(a)(i).
1748	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the trustee's written disclosure statement
1749	remains posted on the corporation's website until the trustee leaves office.
1750	(11) The administrator or clerk of the board of trustees shall take the action described in
1751	Subsection (12) if:
1752	(a) a trustee fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in Subsection
1753	<u>(9); or</u>
1754	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1755	<u>Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).</u>
1756	(12) If a circumstance described in Subsection (11) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
1757	board of trustees shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1758	determines that a violation occurred, notify the trustee of the violation and direct the
1759	trustee to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1760	(13) (a) It is unlawful for a trustee to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
1761	statement within seven days after the day on which the trustee receives the notice

1762	described in Subsection (12).
1763	(b) A trustee who violates Subsection (13)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1764	(c) The administrator or clerk of the board of trustees shall report a violation of
1765	Subsection (13)(a) to the attorney general.
1766	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (13)(b), the administrator
1767	or clerk of the board of trustees shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a member
1768	who violates Subsection (13)(a).
1769	(14) The administrator or clerk of the board shall deposit a fine collected under this section
1770	into the corporation's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1771	[(9)] (15) [A] In addition to the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (9), a
1772	trustee described in Subsection (2)(d) shall also comply with the conflict of interest
1773	provisions described in Section 63G-24-301.
1774	Section 35. Section 63M-14-202 is amended to read:
1775	63M-14-202. Organization of the authority Annual conflict of interest
1776	disclosure statement Penalties.
1777	(1) The authority is composed of seven authority members:
1778	(a) five authority members who represent Colorado River authority areas;
1779	(b) one authority member who represents the governor; and
1780	(c) one authority member who represents tribal interests.
1781	(2) The five Colorado River authority areas, defined by existing county boundaries that
1782	reflect the historic and current use of the Colorado River system, include:
1783	(a) the Central Utah Area composed of Salt Lake, Utah, Juab, Sanpete, Summit,
1784	Wasatch, Duchesne, and Uintah counties, located within the service area of the
1785	Central Utah Water Conservancy District;
1786	(b) the Uintah Basin Area composed of Duchesne and Uintah counties, notwithstanding
1787	that these counties fall within the Central Utah Area, and Daggett county;
1788	(c) the Price and San Rafael Area composed of Carbon and Emery counties;
1789	(d) the Virgin River Area composed of Kane and Washington counties; and
1790	(e) the State of Utah Area that represents:
1791	(i) the remaining counties using the Colorado River system;
1792	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources and the Department of Natural Resources'
1793	divisions; and
1794	(iii) the users of the Colorado River system that are not specifically included in the
1795	other four Colorado River authority areas and include Garfield, Grand, San Juan,

1796	and Wayne counties.
1797	(3) The members of the authority are:
1798	(a) four members appointed as follows:
1799	(i) a representative of the Central Utah Area appointed by the board of trustees of the
1800	Central Utah Water Conservancy District;
1801	(ii) a representative of the Uintah Basin Area appointed jointly by the boards of
1802	trustees of the Duchesne County and Uintah Water Conservancy Districts;
1803	(iii) a representative of the Price and San Rafael Area appointed jointly by the county
1804	commission of Carbon County and the board of trustees of the Emery Water
1805	Conservancy District; and
1806	(iv) a representative of the Virgin River Area appointed by the board of trustees of
1807	the Washington County Water Conservancy District;
1808	(b) the director of the Division of Water Resources as the representative of the State of
1809	Utah Area created in Subsection (2)(e);
1810	(c) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources as the representative
1811	of the governor; and
1812	(d) a representative of tribal interests who is:
1813	(i) appointed by the governor; and
1814	(ii) a member of a federally recognized Indian tribe if the tribe is, in whole or in part,
1815	located within the state and within the Colorado River system.
1816	(4) A joint appointment required under Subsection (3) requires the agreement of both
1817	appointing authorities before the authority member seat is filled.
1818	(5) An authority member who is appointed under Subsection (3) shall:
1819	(a) be a resident of the state; and
1820	(b) have experience and a general knowledge of:
1821	(i) Colorado River issues and the use of the Colorado River system in the member's
1822	respective Colorado River authority area;
1823	(ii) the development of the use of the waters of the Colorado River system; and
1824	(iii) the rights of this state concerning the resources and benefits of the Colorado
1825	River system.
1826	(6) (a) An appointing authority shall notify the chair of:
1827	(i) the appointing authority's initial appointment to the authority; and
1828	(ii) the appointment of a new member or when a vacancy is being filled.
1829	(b) An appointment of an authority member is effective when received by the chair.

1830	(c)	The initial term of an appointed authority member expires June 30, 2027. Before
1831		June 30, 2027, the authority shall adopt a system to stagger the terms of appointed
1832		authority members beginning July 1, 2027, and notify each appointing authority of
1833		the duration of the term of the appointing authority's authority member. The
1834		staggering of terms after July 1, 2027, shall result in approximately one-third of the
1835		appointed authority members' terms expiring every two years. After the respective
1836		terms of adjustment are complete, subsequent authority members shall be appointed
1837		by an appointing authority for six-year terms.
1838	(d)	An authority member term shall end on June 30. New terms commence on July 1.
1839	(e)	An authority member whose term has expired shall serve until replaced or
1840		reappointed by the applicable appointing authority.
1841	(f)	An appointing authority may at any time remove the appointing authority's authority
1842		member for neglect of duty or malfeasance in office. If the authority member is
1843		jointly appointed, the authority member may only be removed by joint agreement of
1844		both appointing authorities.
1845	(7) In	the event of a vacancy in the authority, the chair shall notify the appointing authority
1846	of	the vacancy and ask that an authority member be promptly appointed.
1847	(8) (a)	An authority member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
1848	ser	vice, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1849		(i) Section 63A-3-106;
1850		(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
1851		(iii) rules made by the Department of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1852		63A-3-107.
1853	(b)	If an authority member is a full-time employee with either the state or a water
1854		conservancy district, the authority member is not eligible for the per diem
1855		compensation.
1856	(9) Th	e executive director appointed under Section 63M-14-401 shall provide staff services
1857	to	the authority.
1858	(10) A	n authority member shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of
1859	eac	ch year during which the authority member holds office on the authority:
1860	<u>(a)</u>	prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
1861		each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and

(11) (a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the authority member

(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the authority.

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1864	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (10) to the
1865	administrator or clerk of the authority, the administrator or clerk shall:
1866	(i) post a copy of the written disclosure statement on the authority's website; and
1867	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1868	Subsection (11)(a)(i).
1869	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the authority member's written disclosure
1870	statement remains posted on the authority's website until the authority member leaves
1871	office.
1872	(12) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall take the action described in Subsection
1873	<u>(13) if:</u>
1874	(a) an authority member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in
1875	Subsection (10); or
1876	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1877	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1878	(13) If a circumstance described in Subsection (12) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
1879	authority shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1880	determines that a violation occurred, notify the authority member of the violation and
1881	direct the authority member to submit an amended written disclosure statement
1882	correcting the problem.
1883	(14) (a) It is unlawful for an authority member to fail to submit or amend a written
1884	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the authority member
1885	receives the notice described in Subsection (13).
1886	(b) An authority member who violates Subsection (14)(a) is guilty of a class B
1887	misdemeanor.
1888	(c) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall report a violation of Subsection
1889	(14)(a) to the attorney general.
1890	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (14)(b), the administrator
1891	or clerk of the authority shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an authority member
1892	who violates Subsection (14)(a).
1893	(15) The administrator or clerk of the authority shall deposit a fine collected under this
1894	section into the authority's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1895	Section 36. Section 67-16-3 is amended to read:
1896	67-16-3 . Definitions.
1897	As used in this chapter:

1898	(1)	"Agency" means:
1899		(a) any department, division, agency, commission, board, council, committee, authority
1900		or any other institution of the state or any of its political subdivisions; or
1901		(b) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101.
1902	(2)	"Agency head" means the chief executive or administrative officer of any agency.
1903	(3)	"Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, aid,
1904		advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
1905		entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or
1906		business entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.
1907	(4)	"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint venture,
1908		corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on a
1909		business.
1910	(5)	"Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is paid
1911		loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to any person or business entity by
1912		anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal
1913		services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
1914	(6)	"Controlled, private, or protected information" means information classified as
1915		controlled, private, or protected in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
1916		and Management Act, or other applicable provision of law.
1917	<u>(7)</u>	"Filing clerk" means:
1918		(a) the special district clerk, for a special public officer who holds an office on:
1919		(i) the board of trustees of a special district; or
1920		(ii) the governing body of a special service district; or
1921		(b) the chief administrative officer, for a special public officer who holds an office on a
1922		local school board.
1923	<u>(8)</u>	"Governing body" means:
1924		(a) the legislative body of a county, city, or town that establishes a special service
1925		district, if an administrative control board has not been appointed under Section
1926		17D-1-301; or
1927		(b) the administrative control board of a special service district, if the administrative
1928		control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301.
1929	[(7)	[9] "Governmental action" means any action on the part of the state, a political
1930		subdivision, or an agency, including:
1931		(a) any decision determination finding ruling or order; and

1932	(b) any grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision,
1933	sanction, or approval, or the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to.
1934	[(8)] (10) "Improper disclosure" means disclosure of controlled, private, or protected
1935	information to any person who does not have the right to receive the information.
1936	[(9)] (11) "Legislative employee" means any officer or employee of the Legislature, or any
1937	committee of the Legislature, who is appointed or employed to serve, either with or
1938	without compensation, for an aggregate of less than 800 hours during any period of 365
1939	days. "Legislative employee" does not include legislators.
1940	[(10)] (12) "Legislator" means a member or member-elect of either house of the Legislature
1941	of the state of Utah.
1942	[(11)] (13) "Political subdivision" means a district, school district, or any other political
1943	subdivision of the state that is not an agency, but does not include a municipality or a
1944	county.
1945	[(12)] (14) (a) "Public employee" means a person who is not a public officer who is
1946	employed on a full-time, part-time, or contract basis by:
1947	(i) the state;
1948	(ii) a political subdivision of the state; or
1949	(iii) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101.
1950	(b) "Public employee" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
1951	[(13)] (15) (a) "Public officer" means an elected or appointed officer:
1952	(i) (A) of the state;
1953	(B) of a political subdivision of the state; or
1954	(C) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101; and
1955	(ii) who occupies a policymaking post.
1956	(b) "Public officer" includes a special public officer.
1957	[(b)] (c) "Public officer" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
1958	(16) "Special public officer" means a public officer who is an elected or appointed member
1959	<u>of:</u>
1960	(a) the board of trustees of a special district or the governing body of a special service
1961	district, if the special district or the special service district has an annual budget that
1962	is equal to or exceeds 10 times the revenue and expenditure amount described in
1963	Subsection 51-2a-201(1); or
1964	(b) a local school board.
1965	[(14)] (17) "State" means the state of Utah.

1966	[(15)] (18) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
1967	individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of
1968	the outstanding capital stock of a corporation or a 10% interest in any other business
1969	entity.
1970	Section 37. Section 67-16-6 is amended to read:
1971	67-16-6. Receiving compensation for assistance in transaction involving an
1972	agency Sworn statement.
1973	(1) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ (6) , it is an offense for a public officer or public
1974	employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or
1975	business entity in any transaction involving an agency unless the public officer or public
1976	employee files a sworn, written statement [eontaining the information required by]
1977	disclosing the information described in Subsection (2) with:
1978	(a) the head of the officer or employee's own agency;
1979	(b) the agency head of the agency with which the transaction is being conducted; [and]
1980	(c) the state attorney general[-] ; and
1981	(d) for a public officer who is a special public officer, the filing clerk of the board of
1982	trustees, governing body, or local school board, as applicable, of which the special
1983	public officer is an elected or appointed member.
1984	(2) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsection (1) shall contain:
1985	(a) the name and address of the public officer or public employee involved;
1986	(b) the name of the public officer's or public employee's agency;
1987	(c) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted; and
1988	(d) a brief description of:
1989	(i) the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be rendered; and
1990	(ii) the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
1991	(3) [The statement required to be filed under Subsection (1) shall be filed within] A public
1992	officer or public employee shall file the sworn statement described in Subsection (1) on
1993	or before the earlier of:
1994	(a) 10 days after the date [of any agreement between the public officer or public
1995	employee and the person or business entity being assisted] on which the public officer
1996	or public employee and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an
1997	agreement; or
1998	(b) the [receipt of compensation, whichever is earlier] public officer's or public
1999	employee's receipt of compensation.

2000	(4) In accordance with Subsection (1)(d), a special public officer shall file the sworn
2001	statement with the filing clerk on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in
2002	Subsections (3)(a) and (b).
2003	(5) A filing clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1) shall:
2004	(a) post a copy of the special public officer's sworn statement on, as applicable, the
2005	special district's, special service district's, or school district's website; and
2006	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the website described in
2007	Subsection (5)(a) until the special public officer leaves office.
2008	[(4)] (6) The [statement is] sworn statement described in Subsection (1) is public
2009	information and shall be available for examination by the public.
2010	[(5)] (7) This section does not apply to a public officer or public employee who engages in
2011	conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the public officer or
2012	public employee is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 63G-6a-2404 or
2013	Section 76-8-105.
2014	Section 38. Section 67-16-7 is amended to read:
2015	67-16-7. Disclosure of substantial interest in regulated business Exceptions.
2016	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a public officer or public employee who is an
2017	officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in any business
2018	entity that is subject to the regulation of the agency by which the public officer or public
2019	employee is employed shall disclose [any] a position held in the entity and the precise
2020	nature and value of the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity:
2021	(a) upon first becoming a public officer or public employee;
2022	(b) whenever the public officer's or public employee's position in the business entity
2023	changes significantly; and
2024	(c) if the value of the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity increases
2025	significantly.
2026	(2) The disclosure required under Subsection (1) shall be made in a sworn statement filed
2027	with:
2028	(a) for a public officer or a public employee of the state, the attorney general;
2029	(b) for a public officer or a public employee of a political subdivision, the chief
2030	governing body of the political subdivision;
2031	(c) the head of the agency with which the public officer or public employee is affiliated;
2032	and]
2033	(d) for a public employee, the public employee's immediate supervisor[-]; and

2034	(e) for a public officer who is a special public officer, the filing clerk of the board or
2035	trustees, governing body, or local school board, as applicable, of which the special
2036	public officer is an elected or appointed member.
2037	(3) A filing clerk who receives the sworn statement described in Subsection (1) shall:
2038	(a) post a copy of the special public officer's sworn statement on, as applicable, the
2039	special district's, special service district's, or school district's website; and
2040	(b) ensure that the sworn statement remains posted on the website described in
2041	Subsection (3)(a) until the special public officer leaves office.
2042	[(3)] (4) (a) This section does not apply to instances where the total value of the
2043	substantial interest does not exceed \$[2,000] 5,000.
2044	(b) A life insurance policy or an annuity is not required to be considered in determining
2045	the value of a substantial interest under this section.
2046	[(4)] (5) A disclosure made under this section is a public record and a person with whom a
2047	disclosure is filed under Subsection (2) shall make the disclosure available for public
2048	inspection.
2049	[(5)] (6) A public officer is not required to file a disclosure under this section if the public
2050	officer files a disclosure under Section 20A-11-1604.
2051	Section 39. Section 67-16-16 is enacted to read:
2052	67-16-16 . Special public officer Annual conflict of interest disclosure
2053	statement Exception Penalties.
2054	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a special public officer shall, no sooner than
2055	January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the special public
2056	officer holds elected or appointed office:
2057	(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
2058	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
2059	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the filing clerk.
2060	(2) (a) No later than 10 business days after the day on which a special public officer
2061	submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) to the filing
2062	clerk, the filing clerk shall:
2063	(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on, as applicable, the
2064	special district's, special service district's, or school district's website; and
2065	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2066	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
2067	(b) The filing clerk shall ensure that the special public officer's written disclosure

2068	statement remains posted on the website described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) until the
2069	special public officer leaves office.
2070	(3) The filing clerk shall take the action described in Subsection (4) if:
2071	(a) a special public officer fails to timely submit a written disclosure statement; or
2072	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
2073	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
2074	(4) If a circumstance described in Subsection (3) occurs, the filing clerk shall, within five
2075	days after the day on which the filing clerk determines that a violation occurred, notify
2076	the special public officer of the violation and direct the special public officer to submit
2077	an amended report correcting the problem.
2078	(5) (a) It is unlawful for a special public officer to fail to submit or amend a written
2079	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the special public
2080	officer receives the notice described in Subsection (4).
2081	(b) A special public officer who violates Subsection (5)(a) is guilty of a class B
2082	misdemeanor.
2083	(c) The filing clerk shall report a violation of Subsection (5)(a) to the attorney general.
2084	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (5)(b), the filing clerk
2085	shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a special public officer who violates
2086	Subsection (5)(a).
2087	(6) The filing clerk shall deposit a fine collected under this section into the, as applicable,
2088	special district's, special service district's, or school district's general fund as a dedicated
2089	credit to pay for the costs of administering this section.
2090	(7) For a special public officer who is also a state legislator, a member of the legislative
2091	body of a county or municipality, or who is otherwise required to make the written
2092	disclosure statement described in Subsection (1) under another provision of law:
2093	(a) Subsection (1) does not apply; and
2094	(b) the filing clerk shall, instead:
2095	(i) post an electronic link on the website described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to the
2096	written disclosure statement the special public officer made in the special public
2097	officer's capacity as:
2098	(A) a state legislator, under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 16, Conflict of Interest
2099	Disclosures;
2100	(B) an elected officer of a county, under Section 17-16a-13;
2101	(C) an elected officer of a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; or

2102	(D) an individual who is otherwise required to make the written disclosure
2103	statement described in Subsection (1) under another provision of law; and
2104	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2105	Subsection (7)(b)(i).
2106	Section 40. Section 73-32-302 is amended to read:
2107	73-32-302 . Advisory council created Staffing Per diem and travel expenses
2108	Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement Exception Penalties.
2109	(1) There is created an advisory council known as the "Great Salt Lake Advisory Council"
2110	consisting of 11 members listed in Subsection (2).
2111	(2) (a) The governor shall appoint the following members, with the advice and consent
2112	of the Senate:
2113	(i) one representative of industry representing the extractive industry;
2114	(ii) one representative of industry representing aquaculture;
2115	(iii) one representative of conservation interests;
2116	(iv) one representative of a migratory bird protection area as defined in Section
2117	23A-13-101;
2118	(v) one representative who is an elected official from municipal government, or the
2119	elected official's designee;
2120	(vi) five representatives who are elected officials from county government, or the
2121	elected official's designee, one each representing:
2122	(A) Box Elder County;
2123	(B) Davis County;
2124	(C) Salt Lake County;
2125	(D) Tooele County; and
2126	(E) Weber County; and
2127	(vii) one representative of a publicly owned treatment works.
2128	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), each member shall serve a four-year
2129	term.
2130	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), at the time of appointment or reappointment, the
2131	governor shall adjust the length of terms of voting members to ensure that the terms
2132	of council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is
2133	appointed every two years.
2134	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall appoint
2135	a replacement for the unexpired term with the advice and consent of the Senate.

2136		(d) A member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed and qualified.
2137	(4)	The council shall determine:
2138		(a) the time and place of meetings; and
2139		(b) any other procedural matter not specified in this chapter.
2140	(5)	(a) Attendance of six members at a meeting of the council constitutes a quorum.
2141		(b) A vote of the majority of the members present at a meeting when a quorum is present
2142		constitutes an action of the council.
2143	(6)	A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
2144		receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2145		(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2146		(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2147		(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2148		63A-3-107.
2149	(7)	The office, the department, and the Department of Environmental Quality shall
2150		coordinate and provide necessary staff assistance to the council.
2151	<u>(8)</u>	Except as provided in Subsection (14), a council member shall, no sooner than January
2152		1 and no later than January 31 of each year during which the council member holds
2153		office on the council:
2154		(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to
2155		each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
2156		(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the council.
2157	<u>(9)</u>	(a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the council member
2158		submits the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (8) to the
2159		administrator or clerk of the council, the administrator or clerk shall:
2160		(i) post an electronic copy of the written disclosure statement on the council's
2161		website; and
2162		(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2163		Subsection (9)(a)(i).
2164		(b) The administrator or clerk of the council shall ensure that the council member's
2165		written disclosure statement remains posted on the council's website until the council
2166		member leaves office.
2167	<u>(10</u>	The administrator or clerk of the council shall take the action described in Subsection
2168		(11) if:
2169		(a) a council member fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in

2170	Subsection (8); or
2171	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
2172	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
2173	(11) If a circumstance described in Subsection (10) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
2174	council shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
2175	determines that a violation occurred, notify the council member of the violation and
2176	direct the council member to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting
2177	the problem.
2178	(12) (a) It is unlawful for a council member to fail to submit or amend a written
2179	disclosure statement within seven days after the day on which the council member
2180	receives the notice described in Subsection (11).
2181	(b) A council member who violates Subsection (12)(a) is guilty of a class B
2182	misdemeanor.
2183	(c) The administrator or clerk of the council shall report a violation of Subsection (12)(a)
2184	to the attorney general.
2185	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (12)(b), the administrator
2186	or clerk of the council shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a council member
2187	who violates Subsection (12)(a).
2188	(13) The administrator or clerk of the council shall deposit a fine collected under this
2189	section into the council's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
2190	(14) For an individual appointed to the council under Subsection (2)(a)(v) or (vi):
2191	(a) Subsection (8) does not apply; and
2192	(b) the administrator or clerk of the council shall, instead:
2193	(i) post an electronic link on the council's website to the written disclosure statement
2194	the council member made in the council member's capacity as an elected officer of
2195	(A) a county, under Section 17-16a-13; or
2196	(B) a municipality, under Section 10-3-1313; and
2197	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
2198	Subsection (14)(b)(i).
2199	Section 41. Effective date.
2200	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.