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## **ROLLBACK TAX AMENDMENTS**

# 2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jason B. Kyle

Senate Sponsor: David P. Hinkins

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### LONG TITLE

#### General Description:

5 This bill modifies provisions related to the rollback tax associated with agricultural and

6 urban farming property tax assessments.

## 7 Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
  - excludes land acquired by certain governmental entities from the rollback tax;
- requires governmental entities exempted from the rollback tax to make a one-time in
- lieu fee payment before selling the land within a certain period;
- extends the due date for paying the rollback tax and the deadline for filing an appeal to
- the county board of equalization;
- requires the State Tax Commission to make rules allowing for an extension of the
- deadline for filing an appeal; and
- 16 ► makes technical changes.

## 17 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

- None None
- 19 Other Special Clauses:
- This bill provides a special effective date.
- 21 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 22 AMENDS:
- 23 **59-2-506**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 180, 189
- **59-2-511**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 180
- 25 **59-2-516**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 319
- 26 **59-2-1705**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 180, 189
- 27 **59-2-1710**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 180 and 471

= Be	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
	Section 1. Section <b>59-2-506</b> is amended to read:	
	59-2-506 . Rollback tax Penalty Computation of tax Procedure Lien	
In	Interest Notice Collection Distribution.	
(1	(1) Except as provided in this section, Section 59-2-506.5, or Section 59-2-511, if land is	
	withdrawn from this part, the land is subject to a rollback tax imposed in accordance	
	with this section.	
(2	(2) (a) An owner shall notify the county assessor that land is withdrawn from this part	
	within 120 days after the day on which the land is withdrawn from this part.	
	(b) An owner that fails to notify the county assessor under Subsection (2)(a) that land is	;
	withdrawn from this part is subject to a penalty equal to the greater of:	
	(i) \$10; or	
	(ii) 2% of the rollback tax due for the last year of the rollback period.	
(3	(3) (a) The county assessor shall determine the amount of the rollback tax by computing	
	the difference for the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b) between:	
	(i) the tax paid while the land was assessed under this part; and	
	(ii) the tax that would have been paid had the property not been assessed under this	
	part.	
	(b) For purposes of this section, the rollback period is a time period that:	
	(i) begins on the later of:	
	(A) the date the land is first assessed under this part; or	
	(B) five years preceding the day on which the county assessor mails the notice	
	required by Subsection (5); and	
	(ii) ends the day on which the county assessor mails the notice required by	
	Subsection (5).	
(4	(4) (a) The county treasurer shall:	
	(i) collect the rollback tax; and	
	(ii) after the rollback tax is paid, certify to the county recorder that the rollback tax	
	lien on the property has been satisfied by:	
	(A) preparing a document that certifies that the rollback tax lien on the property	У
	has been satisfied; and	
	(B) providing the document described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A) to the county	

62	recorder for recordation.
63	(b) The county treasurer shall pay the rollback tax collected under this section as follows:
64	(i) 20% to the county for use for open land and working agricultural land as those
65	terms are defined in Section 4-46-102; and
66	(ii) 80% to the various taxing entities pro rata in accordance with the property tax
67	levies for the current year.
68	(5) (a) The county assessor shall mail to an owner of the land that is subject to a rollback
69	tax a notice that:
70	(i) the land is withdrawn from this part;
71	(ii) the land is subject to a rollback tax under this section; and
72	(iii) the rollback tax is delinquent if the owner of the land does not pay the tax [within
73	30 days after the day on which the county assessor mails] on or before the due date
74	<u>listed on</u> the notice described in this Subsection (5)(a).
75	(b) (i) The rollback tax is due and payable [on the day] within 60 days after the day on
76	which the county assessor mails the notice required by Subsection (5)(a).
77	(ii) Subject to Subsection (7), the rollback tax is delinquent if an owner of the land
78	that is withdrawn from this part does not pay the rollback tax [within 30 days after
79	the day on which the county assessor mails] on or before the due date listed on the
80	notice [required by] described in Subsection (5)(a).
81	(6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), the following are a lien on the land assessed under
82	this part:
83	(i) the rollback tax; and
84	(ii) interest imposed in accordance with Subsection (7).
85	(b) The lien described in Subsection (6)(a) shall:
86	(i) arise upon the imposition of the rollback tax under this section;
87	(ii) end on the day on which the rollback tax and interest imposed in accordance with
88	Subsection (7) are paid in full; and
89	(iii) relate back to the first day of the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b).
90	(7) (a) A delinquent rollback tax under this section shall accrue interest:
91	(i) from the date of delinquency until paid; and
92	(ii) at the interest rate established under Section 59-2-1331 and in effect on January 1
93	of the year in which the delinquency occurs.
94	(b) The county treasurer shall include in the notice required by Section 59-2-1317 a
95	rollback tax that is delinquent on September 1 of any year and interest calculated on

96 that delinquent amount through November 30 of the year in which the county 97 treasurer provides the notice under Section 59-2-1317. 98 (8) (a) Land that becomes ineligible for assessment under this part only as a result of an 99 amendment to this part is not subject to the rollback tax if the owner of the land 100 notifies the county assessor, in accordance with Subsection (2), that the land is 101 withdrawn from this part. 102 (b) Land described in Subsection (8)(a) that is withdrawn from this part as a result of an 103 event other than an amendment to this part, whether voluntary or involuntary, is 104 subject to the rollback tax. 105 (9) Except as provided in Section 59-2-511, land that becomes exempt from taxation under 106 Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3, is not subject to the rollback tax if the land meets 107 the requirements of Section 59-2-503 to be assessed under this part. 108 (10) Land that becomes ineligible for assessment under this part only as a result of a split 109 estate mineral rights owner exercising the right to extract a mineral is not subject to the 110 rollback tax: 111 (a) (i) for the portion of the land required by a split estate mineral rights owner to 112 extract a mineral if, after the split estate mineral rights owner exercises the right to 113 extract a mineral, the portion of the property that remains in agricultural 114 production still meets the acreage requirements of Section 59-2-503 for 115 assessment under this part; or 116 (ii) for the entire acreage that would otherwise qualify for assessment under this part 117 if, after the split estate mineral rights owner exercises the right to extract a 118 mineral, the entire acreage that would otherwise qualify for assessment under this 119 part no longer meets the acreage requirements of Section 59-2-503 for assessment 120 under this part only due to the extraction of the mineral by the split estate mineral 121 rights owner; and 122 (b) for the period of time that the property described in Subsection (10)(a) is ineligible 123 for assessment under this part due to the extraction of a mineral by the split estate 124 mineral rights owner. 125 (11) (a) A portion of land withdrawn from this part is not subject to the rollback tax if 126 the portion of land: (i) qualifies for assessment under Part 17, Urban Farming Assessment Act; and 127 128 (ii) for the tax year immediately following withdrawal, the owner of the portion of 129 land applies in accordance with Section 59-2-1707 for the land to be assessed

130	under Part 17, Urban Farming Assessment Act.
131	(b) Any remaining portion of the withdrawn land that does not satisfy the requirements
132	of Subsection (11)(a) is subject to the rollback tax.
133	Section 2. Section <b>59-2-511</b> is amended to read:
134	59-2-511 . Acquisition of land by governmental entity Requirements
135	Rollback tax One-time in lieu fee payment Passage of title.
136	(1) For purposes of this section, "governmental entity" means:
137	(a) the United States;
138	(b) the state;
139	(c) a political subdivision of the state, including:
140	(i) a county;
141	(ii) a city;
142	(iii) a town;
143	(iv) a school district;
144	(v) a special district; or
145	(vi) a special service district; or
146	(d) an entity created by the state or the United States, including:
147	(i) an agency;
148	(ii) a board;
149	(iii) a bureau;
150	(iv) a commission;
151	(v) a committee;
152	(vi) a department;
153	(vii) a division;
154	(viii) an institution;
155	(ix) an instrumentality; or
156	(x) an office.
157	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) [and (4)] through (5), land acquired by a
158	governmental entity is subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part if:
159	(i) prior to the governmental entity acquiring the land, the land is assessed under this
160	part; and
161	(ii) after the governmental entity acquires the land, the land does not meet the
162	requirements of Section 59-2-503 for assessment under this part.
163	(b) A person dedicating a public right-of-way to a governmental entity shall pay the

164	rollback tax imposed by this part if:
165	(i) a portion of the public right-of-way is located within a subdivision as defined in
166	Section 10-9a-103; or
167	(ii) in exchange for the dedication, the person dedicating the public right-of-way
168	receives:
169	(A) money; or
170	(B) other consideration.
171	(3) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection (4)] Subsections (4) and (5), land acquired by a
172	governmental entity is not subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part, but is
173	subject to a one-time in lieu fee payment as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if:
174	(i) the governmental entity acquires the land by eminent domain;
175	(ii) (A) the land is under the threat or imminence of eminent domain proceedings;
176	and
177	(B) the governmental entity provides written notice of the proceedings to the
178	owner; or
179	(iii) the land is donated to the governmental entity.
180	(b) (i) If a governmental entity acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the
181	governmental entity shall make a one-time in lieu fee payment:
182	(A) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located; and
183	(B) in an amount equal to the amount of rollback tax calculated under Section
184	59-2-506.
185	(ii) If a governmental entity acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (3)(a)(ii), the
186	governmental entity shall make a one-time in lieu fee payment:
187	(A) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located; and
188	(B) (I) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity
189	meets the requirements of Section 59-2-503, in an amount equal to the
190	rollback tax under Section 59-2-506 on the land acquired by the
191	governmental entity; or
192	(II) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity is less
193	than five acres, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section
194	59-2-506 on the land acquired by the governmental entity and the land
195	remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity.
196	(iii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(b)(ii), "land remaining after the acquisition by the
197	governmental entity" includes other eligible acreage that is used in conjunction

198	with the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity.
199	(c) A county receiving an in lieu fee payment under Subsection (3)(b) shall distribute the
200	revenues generated by the payment as follows:
201	(i) 20% to the county for use for open land and working agricultural land as those
202	terms are defined in Section 4-46-102; and
203	(ii) 80% to the taxing entities in which the land is located.
204	(4) Except as provided in Section 59-2-506.5, if land acquired by a governmental entity is
205	made subject to a conservation easement in accordance with Section 59-2-506.5:
206	(a) the land is not subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part; and
207	(b) the governmental entity acquiring the land is not required to make an in lieu fee
208	payment under Subsection (3)(b).
209	(5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies only to a governmental entity that is the state or a
210	political subdivision of the state as described in Subsections (1)(b) and (c).
211	(b) Land acquired by a governmental entity described in Subsection (5)(a) is not subject
212	to the rollback tax imposed by this part.
213	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b), a governmental entity described in Subsection
214	(5)(a) may not, within five years after the day on which the governmental entity
215	acquires land, sell the land to a private entity unless the governmental entity makes a
216	one-time in lieu fee payment:
217	(i) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located;
218	(ii) in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-506 on the land
219	acquired by the governmental entity at the time of acquisition; and
220	(iii) before selling the land to the private entity.
221	[(5)] (6) If a governmental entity acquires land subject to assessment under this part, title to
222	the land may not pass to the governmental entity until the following are paid to the
223	county treasurer:
224	(a) any tax due under this part;
225	(b) any one-time in lieu fee payment due under this part; and
226	(c) any interest due under this part.
227	Section 3. Section <b>59-2-516</b> is amended to read:
228	59-2-516. Appeal to the county board of equalization.
229	(1) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-1004 [or 63G-4-301] and except as provided in
230	Subsection (2), the owner of land may appeal the determination or denial of a county
231	assessor to the county board of equalization within [45] 60 days after the day on which:

232	[(1)] (a) the county assessor makes a determination under this part; or
233	[(2)] (b) the county assessor's failure to make a determination results in the owner's
234	request being considered denied under this part.
235	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall, in accordance with Title 63G,
236	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules establishing circumstances
237	under which an appeal may be filed with the county board of equalization no later than
238	60 days after the deadline for an appeal described in Subsection (1).
239	Section 4. Section <b>59-2-1705</b> is amended to read:
240	59-2-1705 . Rollback tax Penalty Computation of tax Procedure Lien
241	Interest Notice Collection Distribution.
242	(1) Except as provided in this section or Section 59-2-1710, land that is withdrawn from
243	this part is subject to a rollback tax imposed as provided in this section.
244	(2) (a) An owner shall notify the county assessor that land is withdrawn from this part
245	within 120 days after the day on which the land is withdrawn from this part.
246	(b) An owner who fails to notify the county assessor under Subsection (2)(a) that land is
247	withdrawn from this part is subject to a penalty equal to the greater of:
248	(i) \$10; or
249	(ii) 2% of the rollback tax due for the last year of the rollback period.
250	(3) (a) The county assessor shall determine the amount of the rollback tax by computing
251	the difference for the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b) between:
252	(i) the tax paid while the land was assessed under this part; and
253	(ii) the tax that would have been paid had the property not been assessed under this
254	part.
255	(b) For purposes of this section, the rollback period is a time period that:
256	(i) begins on the later of:
257	(A) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the date the land is first assessed
258	under this part; or
259	(B) five years preceding the day on which the county assessor mails the notice
260	required by Subsection (5); and
261	(ii) ends the day on which the county assessor mails the notice required by
262	Subsection (5).
263	(c) For land that was previously assessed under Part 5, Farmland Assessment Act, the
264	date described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) is the date the land was first assessed under
265	Part 5, Farmland Assessment Act, unless the land was subject to a rollback tax

266	imposed under Section 59-2-506.
267	(4) (a) The county treasurer shall:
268	(i) collect the rollback tax; and
269	(ii) after the rollback tax is paid, certify to the county recorder that the rollback tax
270	lien on the property has been satisfied by:
271	(A) preparing a document that certifies that the rollback tax lien on the property
272	has been satisfied; and
273	(B) providing the document described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A) to the county
274	recorder for recording.
275	(b) The county treasurer shall pay the rollback tax collected under this section as follows:
276	(i) 20% to the county for use for land and working agricultural land as those terms
277	are defined in Section 4-46-102; and
278	(ii) 80% to the various taxing entities pro rata in accordance with the property tax
279	levies for the current year.
280	(5) (a) The county assessor shall mail to an owner of the land that is subject to a rollback
281	tax a notice that:
282	(i) the land is withdrawn from this part;
283	(ii) the land is subject to a rollback tax under this section; and
284	(iii) the rollback tax is delinquent if the owner of the land does not pay the tax [within
285	30 days after the day on which the county assessor mails] on or before the due day
286	<u>listed on</u> the notice described in this Subsection (5)(a).
287	(b) (i) The rollback tax is due and payable [on the day] within 60 days after the day on
288	which the county assessor mails the notice required by Subsection (5)(a).
289	(ii) Subject to Subsection (7), the rollback tax is delinquent if an owner of the land
290	that is withdrawn from this part does not pay the rollback tax [within 30 days after
291	the day on which the county assessor mails] on or before the due date listed on the
292	notice [required by] described in Subsection (5)(a).
293	(6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), the rollback tax and interest imposed under
294	Subsection (7) are a lien on the land assessed under this part.
295	(b) The lien described in Subsection (6)(a) shall:
296	(i) arise upon the imposition of the rollback tax under this section;
297	(ii) end on the day on which the rollback tax and interest imposed under Subsection
298	(7) are paid in full; and
299	(iii) relate back to the first day of the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b).

300	(7) (a) A delinquent rollback tax under this section shall accrue interest:
301	(i) from the date of delinquency until paid; and
302	(ii) at the interest rate established under Section 59-2-1331 and in effect on January 1
303	of the year in which the delinquency occurs.
304	(b) The county treasurer shall include in the notice required by Section 59-2-1317 a
305	rollback tax that is delinquent on September 1 of any year and interest calculated on
306	that delinquent amount through November 30 of the year in which the county
307	treasurer provides the notice under Section 59-2-1317.
308	(8) (a) Land that becomes ineligible for assessment under this part only as a result of an
309	amendment to this part is not subject to the rollback tax if the owner of the land
310	notifies the county assessor, in accordance with Subsection (2), that the land is
311	withdrawn from this part.
312	(b) Land described in Subsection (8)(a) that is withdrawn from this part as a result of an
313	event other than an amendment to this part, whether voluntary or involuntary, is
314	subject to the rollback tax.
315	(9) Except as provided in Section 59-2-1710, land that becomes exempt from taxation
316	under Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3, is not subject to the rollback tax if the
317	land meets the requirements of Section 59-2-1703 to be assessed under this part.
318	Section 5. Section 59-2-1710 is amended to read:
319	59-2-1710 . Acquisition of land by governmental entity Requirements
320	Rollback tax One-time in lieu fee payment Passage of title.
321	(1) For purposes of this section, "governmental entity" means:
322	(a) the United States;
323	(b) the state;
324	(c) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district,
325	special district, or special service district; or
326	(d) an entity created by the state or the United States, including an agency, board,
327	bureau, commission, committee, department, division, institution, instrumentality, or
328	office.
329	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), land acquired by a governmental
330	entity is subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part if:
331	(i) before the governmental entity acquires the land, the land is assessed under this
332	part; and
333	(ii) after the governmental entity acquires the land, the land does not meet the

334	requirements of Section 59-2-1703 for assessment under this part.
335	(b) A person dedicating a public right-of-way to a governmental entity shall pay the
336	rollback tax imposed by this part if:
337	(i) a portion of the public right-of-way is located within a subdivision as defined in
338	Section 10-9a-103; or
339	(ii) in exchange for the dedication, the person dedicating the public right-of-way
340	receives money or other consideration.
341	(3) (a) [Land] Except as provided in Subsection (4), land acquired by a governmental
342	entity is not subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part, but is subject to a
343	one-time in lieu fee payment as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if:
344	(i) the governmental entity acquires the land by eminent domain;
345	(ii) (A) the land is under the threat or imminence of eminent domain proceedings;
346	and
347	(B) the governmental entity provides written notice of the proceedings to the
348	owner; or
349	(iii) the land is donated to the governmental entity.
350	(b) (i) If a governmental entity acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the
351	governmental entity shall make a one-time in lieu fee payment:
352	(A) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located; and
353	(B) in an amount equal to the amount of rollback tax calculated under Section
354	59-2-1705.
355	(ii) A governmental entity that acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (ii) shall
356	make a one-time in lieu fee payment to the county treasurer of the county in which
357	the land is located:
358	(A) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity meets
359	the requirements of Section 59-2-1703, in an amount equal to the rollback tax
360	under Section 59-2-1705 on the land acquired by the governmental entity; or
361	(B) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity is less
362	than one acre, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-1705
363	on the land acquired by the governmental entity and the land remaining after
364	the acquisition by the governmental entity.
365	(c) A county receiving an in lieu fee payment under Subsection (3)(b) shall distribute the
366	revenues collected from the payment as follows:
367	(i) 20% to the county for use for open land and working agricultural land as those

368	terms are defined in Section 4-46-102; and
369	(ii) 80% to the taxing entities in which the land is located.
370	(4) (a) This Subsection (4) applies only to a governmental entity that is the state or a
371	political subdivision of the state as described in Subsections (1)(b) and (c).
372	(b) Land acquired by a governmental entity described in Subsection (4)(a) is not subject
373	to the rollback tax imposed by this part.
374	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), a governmental entity described in Subsection
375	(4)(a) may not, within five years after the day on which the governmental entity
376	acquires land, sell the land to a private entity unless the governmental entity makes a
377	one-time in lieu fee payment:
378	(i) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located;
379	(ii) in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-1705 on the land
380	acquired by the governmental entity at the time of acquisition; and
381	(iii) before selling the land to the private entity.
382	[(4)] (5) If a governmental entity acquires land subject to assessment under this part, title to
383	the land may not pass to the governmental entity until any tax, one-time in lieu fee
384	payment, and applicable interest due under this part are paid to the county treasurer.
385	Section 6. Section <b>59-2-1713</b> is amended to read:
386	59-2-1713. Appeal to the county board of equalization.
387	(1) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-1004 [or 63G-4-301] and except as provided in
388	Subsection (2), the owner of land may appeal the determination or denial of a county
389	assessor to the county board of equalization within [45] 60 days after the day on which:
390	[(1)] (a) the county assessor makes a determination under this part; or
391	[(2)] (b) the county assessor's failure to make a determination results in the owner's
392	request being considered denied under this part.
393	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall, in accordance with Title 63G,
394	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules establishing circumstances
395	under which an appeal may be filed with the county board of equalization no later than
396	60 days after the deadline for an appeal described in Subsection (1).
397	Section 7. Effective date.
398	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2025.