DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND FOOD AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Rex P. Shipp

Senate Sponsor: Ronald M. Winterton

2 **LONG TITLE**

1

4 General Description:

5 This bill modifies provisions relating to the Department of Agriculture and Food.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

9

- 8 modifies definitions;
 - clarifies appointment provisions and reporting requirements for the Local Food
- 10 Advisory Council;
- repeals certain requirements relating to the registration of weights and measures in
- 12 commerce or trade;
- expands definitions in the Utah Nursery Act;
- changes the reporting date for the Utah Soil Health Program;
- 15 modifies the composition of the Agricultural and Wildlife Damage Prevention Board;
- 16 modifies provisions relating to animal branding;
- 17 changes how the department makes value determinations in relation to the destruction of
- 18 infected livestock;
- clarifies a reporting requirement for a veterinarian who diagnoses a case of vesicular
- 20 disease;
- removes a restriction for funds under the LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch
- 22 Fund:
- repeals a requirement for the department to provide education on horse tripping to horse
- 24 event venues;
- 25 repeals a provision relating to infected dairy animals; and
- 26 makes technical changes.

27 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	None
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	4-2-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 67
34	4-2-604, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 51
35	4-9-118, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
36	4-15-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
37	4-18-308, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 178
38	4-23-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
39	4-24-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 295
40	4-24-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 295
41	4-24-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 79
42	4-31-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 30
43	4-31-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
44	4-31-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
45	4-31-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
46	4-31-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 295
47	4-39-503, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 110
48	4-46-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 180
49	4-46-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 180
50	REPEALS:
51	4-2-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 126
52 52	4-31-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 331
5354	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
55	Section 1. Section 4-2-602 is amended to read:
56	4-2-602 . Local Food Advisory Council created.
57	(1) There is created the Local Food Advisory Council consisting of up to the following 15
58	members appointed to four-year terms of office as follows:
59	(a) one member of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate;
60	(b) two members of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the House
61	of Representatives, each from a different political party;

- 62 (c) the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee; 63 (d) the executive director of the Department of Health, or the executive director's 64 designee; 65 (e) two crop direct-to-consumer food producers, appointed by the governor; (f) two animal direct-to-consumer food producers, appointed by the governor; and 66 67 (g) the following potential members, appointed by the governor as needed: 68 (i) a direct-to-consumer food producer; 69 (ii) a member of a local agriculture organization; (iii) a food retailer; 70 71 (iv) a licensed dietician; 72 (v) a county health department representative; 73 (vi) an urban farming representative; 74 (vii) a representative of a business engaged in the processing, packaging, or 75 distribution of food; 76 (viii) an anti-hunger advocate; 77 (ix) an academic with expertise in agriculture; and 78 (x) a food distributor. 79 (2) (a) The president of the Senate shall designate a member of the Senate appointed 80 under Subsection (1)(a) as a cochair of the council. 81 (b) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate a member of the House of Representatives appointed under Subsection (1)(b) as a cochair of the council. 82 83 (c) The cochairs may, with the consent of a majority of the council, appoint additional 84 nonvoting members to the council who shall serve in a voluntary capacity. 85 (3) In appointing members to the council under Subsections (1)(e) through (g), the governor 86 shall strive to take into account the geographical makeup of the council. 87 (4) A vacancy on the council shall be filled in the same manner in which the original 88 appointment is made. 89 (5) (a) Except as required under Subsection (5)(b), as terms of current board members 90 expire, the appointing entity shall appoint each new member or reappointed member 91 to a four-year term. 92 (b) The appointing entity shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the
 - approximately half of the board is appointed every two years.

 [(5)] (6) Compensation for a member of the council who is a legislator shall be paid in

93 94

95

length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are staggered so that

96	accordance with Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3,
97	Legislator Compensation.
98	[(6)] (7) Council members who are employees of the state shall receive no additional
99	compensation.
100	[(7)] (8) The department shall provide staff support for the council.
101	Section 2. Section 4-2-604 is amended to read:
102	4-2-604 . Duties Interim report.
103	(1) The council shall:
104	(a) convene at least four times each year; and
105	(b) review and make recommendations regarding the policy issues listed in Section
106	4-2-603.
107	(2) The council shall prepare an annual report and present the report each year before
108	November 30[, 2017, and every November thereafter] to:
109	(a) the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee; and
110	(b) the Department of Agriculture and Food[; and] .
111	[(e) the Food Advisory Board.]
112	Section 3. Section 4-9-118 is amended to read:
113	4-9-118. Registration of commercial establishments using weights and measures.
114	[(1) (a) Pursuant to] <u>Under</u> Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
115	department shall [establish] make rules providing for the registration of weights and
116	measures users and issuance of certification of weights and measures devices to ensure
117	the use of correct weights and measures in commerce or trade. The department may:
118	[(b) The division may:]
119	[(i)] (1) determine whether weights and measures are correct through:
120	[(A)] (a) inspection and testing by a department employee; or
121	[(B)] (b) acceptance of an inspection and testing report prepared by a registered weights
122	and measures service person;
123	[(ii)] (2) establish standards and qualifications for a registered weights and measures service
124	person; and
125	[(iii)] (3) determine the form and content of an inspection and testing report.
126	[(e) A weights and measures user shall register with the department.]
127	[(d) Before granting a registration to a weights and measures user, the department shall
128	determine whether the weights and measures user complies with the rules established
129	under Subsection (1)(a).]

130	[(e) An applicant shall register with the department in writing, using forms required by the
131	department.]
132	[(f) The department shall issue a registration to an applicant if the department determines
133	that the applicant meets the qualifications of registration established under Subsection
134	(1)(a).]
135	[(g) If the applicant does not meet the qualifications of registration, the department shall
136	notify the applicant, in writing, that the applicant's registration is denied.]
137	[(h) (i) If an applicant submits an incomplete application, a written notice of conditional
138	denial of registration shall be provided to the applicant.]
139	[(ii) The applicant shall correct the deficiencies within the time period specified in the
140	notice to receive a registration.
141	[(i) (i) The department may, as provided under Subsection 4-2-103(2), charge the weights
142	and measures user a registration fee.]
143	[(ii) The department shall retain the fees as dedicated credits and shall use the fees to
144	administer the registration of weights and measures users.]
145	[(2) (a) A registration issued under this section shall be valid from the date the department
146	issues the registration to December 31 of the year the registration is issued.]
147	[(b) A registration may be renewed for the following year by applying for renewal by
148	December 31 of the year the registration expires.]
149	[(3) A registration issued under this section shall specify:]
150	[(a) the name and address of the weights and measures user;]
151	[(b) the registration issuance and expiration date; and]
152	[(e) the number and type of weights and measures devices to be certified.]
153	[(4) (a) The department may immediately suspend a registration issued under this section if
154	any of the requirements of Section 4-9-116 are violated.]
155	[(b) (i) The holder of a registration suspended under Subsection (4)(a) may apply for the
156	reinstatement of a registration.]
157	[(ii) If the department determines that all requirements under Section 4-9-116 are being
158	met, the department shall reinstate the registration.]
159	[(5) (a) A weights and measures user registered under this section shall allow the
160	department access to the weights and measures user's place of business to determine if
161	the weights and measures user is complying with the registration requirements.]
162	[(b) If a weights and measures user denies access for an inspection required under
163	Subsection (5)(a), the department may suspend the weights and measures user's

164		registration until the department is allowed access to the weights and measures user's
165		place of business.]
166		Section 4. Section 4-15-103 is amended to read:
167		4-15-103. Definitions.
168		As used in this part:
169	(1)	"Balled and burlapped stock" means nursery stock that is removed from the growing site
170		with a ball of soil containing its root system intact and encased in burlap or other
171		material to hold the soil in place.
172	(2)	"Bare-root stock" means nursery stock that is removed from the growing site with the
173		root system free of soil.
174	(3)	"Compliance agreement" means any written agreement between a person and a
175		regulatory agency to achieve compliance with any set of requirements being enforced by
176		the department.
177	(4)	"Container stock" means nursery stock that is transplanted in soil or in a potting mixture
178		contained within a metal, clay, plastic, or other rigid container for a period sufficient to
179		allow newly developed fibrous roots to form, so that if the plant is removed from the
180		container the plant's root-media ball will remain intact.
181	(5)	"Etiolated growth" means bleached and unnatural growth resulting from the exclusion
182		of sunlight.
183	(6)	"Minimum indices of vitality" mean standards adopted by the department to determine
184		the health and vigor of nursery stock offered for sale in this state.
185	(7)	"National nursery stock cleanliness standards" means nursery stock that:
186		(a) is free from quarantine pests and pests of concern;
187		(b) has all nonquarantine plant pests under effective control;
188		(c) meets the national nursery stock cleanliness standards; and
189		(d) is eligible for nursery stock certification and shipping permits.
190	(8)	"Nonestablished container stock" means deciduous nursery stock that is transplanted in
191		soil or in a potting mixture contained within a metal, clay, plastic, or other rigid
192		container for a period insufficient to allow the formation of fibrous roots sufficient to
193		form a root-media ball.
194	(9)	"Nursery" means any place where nursery stock is propagated and grown for sale or
195		distribution.
196	(10)	(a) "Nursery agent" means a person who solicits or takes an order for the sale of

nursery stock, other than on the premises of a nursery or nursery outlet.

197

198	(b) "Nursery agent" includes a nursery landscaper.
199	(11) "Nursery outlet" means any place or location where nursery stock is offered for
200	wholesale or retail sale.
201	(12) (a) "Nursery stock" means:
202	(i) all plants, whether field grown, container grown, or collected native plants;
203	(ii) trees, shrubs, vines, grass sod;
204	(iii) seedlings, perennials, biennials, annuals; and
205	(iv) buds, cuttings, grafts, or scions grown or collected or kept for propagation, sale,
206	or distribution.
207	(b) "Nursery stock" does not [mean] include:
208	(i) dormant bulbs, tubers, roots, corms, rhizomes, or pips;
209	(ii) field, vegetable, or flower seeds; or
210	(iii) [bedding plants, annual plants, florists' greenhouse or field-grown plants, or
211	flowers or cuttings.] cut flowers, unless stems or other portions of the cut flowers
212	are intended for propagation.
213	(13) "Packaged stock" means bare-root stock that is packed either in bundles or in single
214	plants with the roots in some type of moisture-retaining material designed to retard
215	evaporation and hold the moisture-retaining material in place.
216	(14) "Pests of concern" means a nonquarantine pest that:
217	(a) is not known to occur in the state, or that has a limited distribution within the state;
218	and
219	(b) has the potential to negatively impact nursery stock health or pose an unacceptable
220	economic or environmental risk.
221	(15) "Place of business" means each separate nursery, or nursery outlet, where nursery
222	stock is offered for sale, sold, or distributed.
223	(16) "Plant pests" means:
224	(a) the egg, pupal, and larval stage, as well as any other living stage of any insect, mite,
225	nematode, slug, snail, protozoa, or other invertebrate animal;
226	(b) bacteria;
227	(c) fungi;
228	(d) parasitic plant or a reproductive part of a parasitic plant;
229	(e) virus or viroid;
230	(f) phytoplasma; or
231	(g) any infectious substance that can injure or cause disease or damage in any plant.

232 (17) "Quarantine pest" means a pest that poses potential negative economic or 233 environmental impact to an area in which the pest currently: 234 (a) does not exist; or 235 (b) exists, but its presence is not widely distributed or is being officially controlled. 236 (18) "Shipping permit or certificate of inspection" means a sticker, stamp, imprint, or other 237 document that accompanies nursery stock shipped intrastate and documents that the 238 originating nursery: 239 (a) is licensed; and 240 (b) (i) has stock that has passed annual inspection; or 241 (ii) produces stock that meets the National Nursery Stock Compliance Standard. 242 Section 5. Section **4-18-308** is amended to read: 243 4-18-308. Reporting requirement. 244 (1) Each year, [by no later than June 30] before November 1, the department shall prepare 245 and make available to the public a report on the department's official website that 246 contains the following information: 247 (a) an accounting of money received and spent for the program; 248 (b) a description of activities undertaken, including the number and type of grant-funded 249 projects and the educational and stakeholder engagement activities; and 250 (c) a summary of the activities and recommendations of the Soil Health Advisory 251 Committee. 252 (2) The commissioner shall annually report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and 253 Environment Interim Committee by no later than the November interim meeting of that 254 committee. The report shall include the information described in Subsection (1). 255 Section 6. Section **4-23-104** is amended to read: 256 4-23-104. Agricultural and Wildlife Damage Prevention Board created --257 **Composition -- Appointment -- Terms -- Vacancies -- Compensation.** 258 (1) There is created an Agricultural and Wildlife Damage Prevention Board composed of 259 the commissioner and the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources who shall serve, 260 respectively, as the board's chair and vice chair together with seven other members 261 appointed by the governor to four-year terms of office as follows: 262 (a) one sheep producer representing wool growers of the state; 263 (b) one cattle producer representing range cattle producers of the state;

(c) [one person from the United States Department of Agriculture] one person from an

organization representing the agricultural interests of the state;

264

265

- 266 (d) one agricultural landowner representing agricultural landowners of the state;
- 267 (e) one person representing the wildlife interests [in] of the state;
- 268 (f) one person from the United States Forest Service; and
- 269 (g) one person from the United States Bureau of Land Management.
- 270 (2) Appointees' term of office shall commence June 1.
- 271 (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current board members
- expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
- four-year term.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
- 275 time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
- terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
- 277 appointed every two years.
- 278 (4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
- appointed for the unexpired term.
- 280 (5) (a) Attendance of five members at a duly called meeting shall constitute a quorum
- for the transaction of official business.
- 282 (b) The board shall convene at the times and places prescribed by the chair or vice chair.
- 283 (6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
- receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 285 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 286 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
- 288 63A-3-107.
- Section 7. Section **4-24-102** is amended to read:
- 290 **4-24-102** . **Definitions**.
- As used in this chapter:
- 292 (1) "Brand" means an identifiable mark, including a tattoo or cutting and shaping of the ears
- or brisket area, applied to livestock that is intended to show ownership and the mark's
- 294 location.
- 295 (2) "Carcass" means any part of the body of an animal, including entrails and edible meats.
- 296 (3) "Domesticated elk" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-39-102.
- 297 (4) "Hide" means any skins or wool removed from livestock.
- 298 (5) "Livestock" means cattle, calves, horses, mules, or sheep[, goats, or hogs.] .
- 299 (6) (a) "Livestock market" means a public market place consisting of pens or other

300	enclosures where cattle, calves, horses, or mules are received on consignment and
301	kept for subsequent sale, either through public auction or private sale.
302	(b) "Livestock market" does not mean:
303	(i) a place used solely for liquidation of livestock by a farmer, dairyman, livestock
304	breeder, or feeder who is going out of business; or
305	(ii) a place where an association of livestock breeders under the association's own
306	management:
307	(A) offers registered livestock or breeding sires for sale;
308	(B) assumes the responsibility for the sale;
309	(C) guarantees title to the livestock or sires sold; and
310	(D) arranges with the department for brand inspection of the animals sold.
311	(7) "Open range" means land upon which cattle, sheep, or other domestic animals are
312	grazed or permitted to roam by custom, license, lease, or permit.
313	(8) "Slaughterhouse" means a building, plant, or establishment where animals are
314	harvested, dressed, or processed and the animals' meat or meat products produced for
315	human consumption.
316	Section 8. Section 4-24-201 is amended to read:
317	4-24-201 . Central Brand Registry Division of state into brand districts
318	Identical or confusingly similar brands Publication of registered brands.
319	(1) The department shall maintain a central Brand Registry that lists each brand recorded in
320	this state. For each brand registered the list shall specify:
321	(a) the name and address of the registrant;
322	(b) a facsimile or diagram of the brand recorded;
323	(c) the location of the brand upon the animal; and
324	(d) the date the brand is filed in the central Brand Registry.
325	(2) The commissioner may divide the state into districts for the purpose of recording
326	brands, but a brand that is identical or confusingly similar to a brand previously recorded
327	in a district may not be recorded.
328	(3) (a) A brand that is identical or confusingly similar to a brand previously filed in the
329	central Brand Registry may not be recorded.
330	(b) If two or more brands appear identical or confusingly similar:
331	(i) the brand first recorded shall prevail over a later conflicting brand; and
332	(ii) the later brand shall be cancelled and the recording fees refunded to the owner.
333	(4) (a) The commissioner shall publish from time to time a list of all brands recorded in

334	the central Brand Registry and may issue supplements to that publication containing
335	additional brands or changes in ownership of brands recorded after the last
336	publication.
337	(b) The commissioner may publish the publication described in Subsection (4)(a) in hard
338	copy or electronic copy.
339	[(b)] (c) The publication published under Subsection (4)(a) shall contain a facsimile or
340	diagram of all brands recorded together with the owner's name and address.
341	[(e)] (d) The commissioner shall, upon request, send one electronic copy of the
342	publication published under Subsection (4)(a) and each supplement to each brand
343	inspector, county clerk, county sheriff, livestock organization, or any other person
344	considered appropriate.
345	[(d)] (e) The department shall make [publications under this] the publication described in
346	Subsection (4)(a) available to the public[-] .
347	(f) The department shall, upon request, make a hard copy of the publication described in
348	Subsection (4)(a) available at the cost of printing and distribution per publication.
349	Section 9. Section 4-24-306 is amended to read:
350	4-24-306. Movement across state line Brand inspection required Exception
351	Request for brand inspection Time and place of inspection.
352	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person may not drive or transport any cattle,
353	calves, horses, domesticated elk, or mules from any place within this state to a place
354	outside this state until the animal has been brand inspected.
355	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply:
356	(a) if the animals [specified] described in Subsection (1) customarily forage on an open
357	range [which] that transgresses the Utah state line and that of an adjoining state; [or]
358	(b) to rodeo stock that have received a current yearly brand inspection[-] : or
359	(c) to non-resident equine traveling to Utah for 30 or fewer days.
360	(3) The owner or person responsible for driving or transporting the animals shall request the
361	department to inspect the brands of the animals to be moved.
362	(4) The department shall conduct the inspection at the time and place determined by the
363	department.
364	Section 10. Section 4-31-102 is amended to read:
365	4-31-102. Dead domestic animals Duty of owner to bury or otherwise dispose
366	Liability for costs.
367	(1) An owner or other person responsible for a domestic animal that dies shall bury or

368		dispose of the animal within a reasonable period of time after the owner or other person
369		responsible for the animal becomes aware that the animal is dead.
370	(2)	The owner of a dead bovine, horse, mule, goat, sheep, bird, or swine may bury the dead
371		animal on the owner's property.
372	(3)	If the owner or other person responsible for the dead animal cannot be found, the
373		county, city, or town within which the dead animal is found, shall, at the political
374		subdivision's expense, bury the dead animal.
375	(4)	A county, city, or town that incurs expense under this section is entitled to
376		reimbursement from the owner of the dead animal.
377		Section 11. Section 4-31-106 is amended to read:
378		4-31-106. Epidemic of contagious or infectious disease Condemnation or
379	des	truction of infected or exposed livestock Destruction of other property.
380	(1)	If there is an outbreak of contagious or infectious [foreign animal] disease of epidemic
381		proportion among domestic animals in this state that imperils livestock, the
382		commissioner, with approval of the governor, may condemn, destroy, or dispose of any
383		infected livestock or any livestock exposed to the disease or considered by the
384		commissioner capable of [communicating] transmitting the disease to other domestic
385		animals.
386	(2)	The commissioner may, with gubernatorial approval, condemn and destroy any barns,
387		sheds, corrals, pens, or other property necessary to prevent the spread of contagion or
388		infection.
389		Section 12. Section 4-31-107 is amended to read:
390		4-31-107. Value determination before destruction.
391	(1)	Before any livestock or property that is not otherwise indemnified is destroyed under
392		Section 4-31-106, [an appraisal of the fair market value of the livestock or other
393		property shall be forwarded to the commissioner by a panel of three qualified appraisers
394		appointed as follows:] the commissioner shall determine the value of the livestock or
395		other property in consultation with the state veterinarian.
396		[(a) one by the commissioner;]
397		[(b) one by the owner of the livestock or other property subject to condemnation; and]
398		[(e) one by the appraisers specified in Subsections (1)(a) and (b).]
399	<u>(2)</u>	The commissioner shall make the value determination described in Subsection (1) based
400		on available data from the United States Department of Agriculture or other reliable
401		government sources.

402	[(2)] (3) After review, the commissioner shall forward the [appraisal] determined value and
403	an appraisal described in Subsection (4), if any, to the board of examiners described in
404	Subsection 63G-9-201(2) together with the commissioner's recommendation concerning
405	the amount, if any, that should be [allowed] reimbursed.
406	[(3) Any costs incurred in the appraisal shall be paid by the state.]
407	(4) An owner of livestock or other property subject to destruction may pay for an
408	independent appraisal of the value of the livestock or other property, which appraisal the
409	board of examiners shall consider in the board of examiners' recommendation described
410	in Subsection (3).
411	Section 13. Section 4-31-114 is amended to read:
412	4-31-114. Report of vesicular disease.
413	(1) A person who identifies symptoms of vesicular disease in livestock shall immediately
414	report it to the department.
415	(2) [Failure of a] The department may report a veterinarian licensed in this state [to report to
416	the department] to the veterinarian's licensing authority for the veterinarian's failure to
417	report a diagnosed case of vesicular disease [constitutes ground for the revocation of
418	such veterinarian's license] to the department.
419	(3) Failure by an owner of livestock to report symptoms of vesicular disease among the
420	owner's livestock constitutes forfeiture of the right to claim an indemnity for an animal
421	euthanized on account of the disease.
422	Section 14. Section 4-31-115 is amended to read:
423	4-31-115. Contagious or infectious disease, or any epidemic or poisoning
424	Duties of department.
425	(1) (a) The department shall investigate and may quarantine a reported case of
426	contagious or infectious disease, or any epidemic or poisoning, affecting a domestic
427	animal or an animal that the department believes may jeopardize the health of
428	animals within the state.
429	(b) The department shall make a prompt and thorough examination of the circumstances
430	surrounding the disease, epidemic, or poisoning and may order quarantine, care, or
431	any necessary remedies.
432	(c) The department may also order immunization or testing and sanitary measures to
433	prevent the spread of disease.
434	(d) An investigation involving fish or wildlife shall be conducted under a cooperative
435	agreement with the Division of Wildlife Resources.

436	(2) (a) If the owner or person in possession of an animal with a contagious or infectious
437	disease, epidemic, or poisoning, after written notice from the department, fails to take
438	the action ordered, the commissioner may seize and hold the animal and take action
439	necessary to prevent the spread of disease, including immunization, testing, [dipping,
440	or spraying] or treatment.
441	(b) An animal seized for testing or treatment under this section may be sold by the
442	commissioner at public sale to reimburse the department for the costs incurred in the
443	seizure, testing, treatment, maintenance, and sale of the animal unless the owner,
444	before the sale, tenders payment for the costs incurred by the department.
445	(c) (i) The commissioner may not sell a seized animal until the owner or person in
446	possession of the animal is served with a notice specifying the itemized costs
447	incurred by the department, the time, place, and purpose of sale, and the number
448	of animals to be sold.
449	(ii) The notice shall be served at least three days in advance of sale in the manner:
450	(A) prescribed for personal service in Rule 4(d)(1), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure
451	or
452	(B) if the owner cannot be found after due diligence, prescribed for service by
453	publication in Rule 4(d)(4), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
454	(3) (a) Any amount realized from the sale of the animal over the total charges shall be
455	paid to the owner of the animal if the owner is known or can by reasonable diligence
456	be found.
457	(b) If the owner is unknown and cannot be found by reasonable diligence, as described
458	in Subsection (3)(a), the excess shall remain in the General Fund.
459	(c) If the total cost incurred is greater than the amount realized, the owner shall pay the
460	difference.
461	Section 15. Section 4-39-503 is amended to read:
462	4-39-503. Grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of licenses for domestic
463	elk facilities.
464	(1) The department shall deny, suspend, or revoke a license to operate a domestic elk
465	facility if the licensee or applicant:
466	(a) fails, for two consecutive years, to:
467	(i) meet inventory requirements as required by the department;
468	(ii) submit chronic wasting disease test samples for at least 90% of mortalities over
469	12 months old; or

470	(iii) notify the department that there are wild cervids inside a domestic elk farm or elk
471	ranch;
472	(b) fails to present animals for identification at the request of the department or allow the
473	department to have access to facility records; or
474	(c) violates the import requirements [of] described in Section 4-39-303.
475	(2) The department may deny, revoke, or suspend a license to operate a domestic elk
476	facility if, after delivery of notice and an opportunity to correct, the licensee or applicant:
477	(a) provides:
478	(i) an unfinished application or incorrect application information; or
479	(ii) incorrect records or fails to maintain required records;
480	(b) fails to:
481	(i) notify the department of movement of elk onto or off of the facility;
482	(ii) identify elk as required;
483	(iii) notify the department concerning an escape of an animal from a domestic elk
484	facility;
485	(iv) maintain a perimeter fence that prevents escape of domestic elk or ingress of
486	wild cervids into the facility;
487	(v) participate with the department in a cooperative wild cervid removal program;
488	(vi) submit chronic wasting disease test samples for at least 90% of mortalities over
489	12 months old; or
490	(vii) have the minimum proper equipment necessary to safely and humanely handle
491	animals in the facility;
492	(c) moves imported elk onto a facility without getting a Certificate of Veterinary
493	Inspection that has an import permit number from the department;
494	(d) imports animals that are prohibited or controlled by the division; or
495	(e) handles animals in a manner that violates acceptable animal husbandry practices.
496	Section 16. Section 4-46-301 is amended to read:
497	4-46-301 . LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund.
498	(1) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund entitled the "LeRay
499	McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund."
500	(2) The [restricted account] LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund shall consist
501	of:
502	(a) appropriations by the Legislature;
503	(b) grants from federal or private sources; and

504	(c) interest and earnings from the account.	
505	(3) The Land Conservation Board created in Section 4-46-201 may use appropriations from	
506	the fund in accordance with Section 4-46-302.	
507	Section 17. Section 4-46-302 is amended to read:	
508	4-46-302. Use of money in fund Criteria Administration.	
509	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the board may authorize the use of money in the fund, by	
510	grant, to:	
511	(a) a local entity;	
512	(b) the Department of Natural Resources created under Section 79-2-201;	
513	(c) an entity within the department; or	
514	(d) a charitable organization that qualifies as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3),	
515	Internal Revenue Code.	
516	(2) (a) The money in the fund shall be used for preserving or restoring open land and	
517	agricultural land.	
518	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), money from the fund:	
519	(i) may be used to:	
520	(A) establish a conservation easement under Title 57, Chapter 18, Land	
521	Conservation Easement Act; or	
522	(B) fund similar methods to preserve open land or agricultural land; and	
523	(ii) may not be used to [: (A)] purchase a fee interest in real property to preserve	
524	open land or agricultural land[; or] .	
525	[(B) purchase additional property for the purpose of tax deferral.]	
526	(c) Money from the fund may be used to purchase a fee interest in real property to	
527	preserve open land or agricultural land if:	
528	(i) the property to be purchased is no more than 20 acres in size; and	
529	(ii) with respect to a parcel purchased in a county in which over 50% of the land are	ea
530	is publicly owned, real property roughly equivalent in size and located within the	at
531	county is contemporaneously transferred to private ownership from the	
532	governmental entity that purchased the fee interest in real property.	
533	(d) Eminent domain may not be used or threatened in connection with any purchase	
534	using money from the fund.	
535	(e) A parcel of land larger than 20 acres in size may not be divided to create one or mor	e
536	parcels that are smaller than 20 acres in order to comply with Subsection (2)(c)(i).	
537	(f) A local entity, department, or organization under Subsection (1) may not receive	

538	money from the fund unless the local entity, department, or organization provides	
539	matching funds equal to or greater than the amount of money received from the fu	nd.
540	(g) In granting money from the fund, the board may impose conditions on the recipier	ıt
541	as to how the money is to be spent.	
542	(h) The board shall give priority to:	
543	(i) working agricultural land; and	
544	(ii) after giving priority to working agricultural land under Subsection (2)(h)(i),	
545	requests from the Department of Natural Resources for up to 20% of each ann	ual
546	increase in the amount of money in the fund if the money is used for the	
547	protection of wildlife or watershed.	
548	(i) (i) The board may not make a grant from the fund that exceeds \$1,000,000 until	
549	after making a report to the Legislative Management Committee about the grant.	
550	(ii) The Legislative Management Committee may make a recommendation to the	
551	board concerning the intended grant, but the recommendation is not binding or	n
552	the board.	
553	(3) In determining the amount and type of financial assistance to provide a local entity,	
554	department, or organization under Subsection (1) and subject to Subsection (2)(i), the	
555	board shall consider:	
556	(a) the nature and amount of open land and agricultural land proposed to be preserved	or
557	restored;	
558	(b) the qualities of the open land and agricultural land proposed to be preserved or	
559	restored;	
560	(c) the cost effectiveness of the project to preserve or restore open land or agricultural	
561	land;	
562	(d) the funds available;	
563	(e) the number of actual and potential applications for financial assistance and the	
564	amount of money sought by those applications;	
565	(f) the open land preservation plan of the local entity where the project is located and	the
566	priority placed on the project by that local entity;	
567	(g) the effects on housing affordability and diversity; and	
568	(h) whether the project protects against the loss of private property ownership.	
569	(4) If a local entity, department, or organization under Subsection (1) seeks money from the	ne
570	fund for a project whose purpose is to protect critical watershed, the board shall require	e
571	that the needs and quality of that project be verified by the state engineer.	

572 (5) An interest in real property purchased with money from the fund shall be held and 573 administered by the state or a local entity. 574 (6) (a) The board may not authorize the use of money under this section for a project 575 unless the land use authority for the land in which the project is located consents to 576 the project. 577 (b) To obtain consent to a project, the person who is seeking money from the fund shall 578 submit a request for consent to a project with the applicable land use authority. The 579 land use authority may grant or deny consent. If the land use authority does not take 580 action within 60 days from the day on which the request for consent is filed with the 581 land use authority under this Subsection (6), the board shall treat the project as 582 having the consent of the land use authority. 583 (c) An action of a land use authority under this Subsection (6) is not a land use decision 584 subject to: 585 (i) Title 10, Chapter 9a, Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act; or (ii) Title 17, Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management Act. 586 587 Section 18. Repealer. 588 This bill repeals: 589 Section 4-2-504, Horse tripping education -- Reporting requirements.

Section 4-31-110, Dairy cattle subject to inspection for disease.

590

This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.