#### **CRIME VICTIM AMENDMENTS**

2024 GENERAL SESSION

#### STATE OF UTAH

#### **Chief Sponsor: Tyler Clancy**

Senate Sponsor: Michael K. McKell

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to victims of crime.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>defines terms;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>requires the Utah Office for Victims of Crime to provide a law enforcement agency with</li> </ul>
educational materials regarding sexual assault victims;
<ul> <li>amends the duties of the Utah Council on Victims of Crime;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>amends the duties of the Utah Victim Services Commission;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>creates a victim rights committee in each judicial district of the state;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>establishes the membership of a victim rights committee;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>creates a process for submitting a complaint alleging a violation of a victim's right;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>clarifies the relief that a victim may seek from a court for a violation of a victim's right;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>clarifies that a defendant may not seek relief from a court for a violation of victim's</li> </ul>
rights;
<ul> <li>requires a prosecuting attorney to consult with, and receive a request from, a victim</li> </ul>
before a criminal action involving a domestic violence offense is transferred from the justice
court to the district court;
<ul> <li>repeals a statute on district victims' rights committees; and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a coordination clause.

28	Utah Code Sections Affected:
29	AMENDS:
30	63M-7-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 148, 185 and 430
31	63M-7-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 172
32	63M-7-904, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 150
33	77-38-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 331
34	78A-7-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 34
35	ENACTS:
36	<b>63M-7-506.5</b> , as Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	<b>63M-7-1001</b> , as Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	<b>63M-7-1002</b> , as Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	<b>63M-7-1003</b> , as Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	REPEALS:
41	77-37-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 237
42	Utah Code Sections affected by Coordination Clause:
43	63M-7-904, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 150
44	
45	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
45 46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section <b>63M-7-502</b> is amended to read:
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46 47	Section 1. Section <b>63M-7-502</b> is amended to read: <b>63M-7-502</b> . Definitions.
46 47 48	<ul><li>Section 1. Section 63M-7-502 is amended to read:</li><li>63M-7-502 . Definitions.</li><li>As used in this part:</li></ul>
46 47 48 49	Section 1. Section <b>63M-7-502</b> is amended to read: <b>63M-7-502</b> . <b>Definitions.</b> As used in this part: (1) "Accomplice" means an individual who has engaged in criminal conduct as described in
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62	otherwise reparable under this part that the victim or claimant has received, or that is
63	readily available to the victim from:
64	(a) the offender;
65	(b) the insurance of the offender or the victim;
66	(c) the United States government or any of its agencies, a state or any of its political
67	subdivisions, or an instrumentality of two or more states, except in the case on
68	nonobligatory state-funded programs;
69	(d) social security, Medicare, and Medicaid;
70	(e) state-required temporary nonoccupational income replacement insurance or disability
71	income insurance;
72	(f) workers' compensation;
73	(g) wage continuation programs of any employer;
74	(h) proceeds of a contract of insurance payable to the victim for the loss the victim
75	sustained because of the criminally injurious conduct;
76	(i) a contract providing prepaid hospital and other health care services or benefits for
77	disability; or
78	(j) veteran's benefits, including veteran's hospitalization benefits.
79	(8) "Criminal justice system victim advocate" means the same as that term is defined in
80	Section 77-38-403.
81	(9) (a) "Criminally injurious conduct" other than acts of war declared or not declared
82	means conduct that:
83	(i) is or would be subject to prosecution in this state under Section 76-1-201;
84	(ii) occurs or is attempted;
85	(iii) causes, or poses a substantial threat of causing, bodily injury or death;
86	(iv) is punishable by fine, imprisonment, or death if the individual engaging in the
87	conduct possessed the capacity to commit the conduct; and
88	(v) does not arise out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle,
89	aircraft, or water craft, unless the conduct is:
90	(A) intended to cause bodily injury or death;
91	(B) punishable under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Individual; or
92	(C) chargeable as an offense for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
93	(b) "Criminally injurious conduct" includes a felony violation of Section 76-7-101 and
94	other conduct leading to the psychological injury of an individual resulting from
95	living in a setting that involves a bigamous relationship.
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96	(10) (a) "Dependent" means a natural person to whom the victim is wholly or partially
97	legally responsible for care or support.
98	(b) "Dependent" includes a child of the victim born after the victim's death.
99	(11) "Dependent's economic loss" means loss after the victim's death of contributions of
100	things of economic value to the victim's dependent, not including services the dependent
101	would have received from the victim if the victim had not suffered the fatal injury, less
102	expenses of the dependent avoided by reason of victim's death.
103	(12) "Dependent's replacement services loss" means loss reasonably and necessarily
104	incurred by the dependent after the victim's death in obtaining services in lieu of those
105	the decedent would have performed for the victim's benefit if the victim had not suffered
106	the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependent avoided by reason of the victim's death
107	and not subtracted in calculating the dependent's economic loss.
108	(13) "Director" means the director of the office.
109	(14) "Disposition" means the sentencing or determination of penalty or punishment to be
110	imposed upon an individual:
111	(a) convicted of a crime;
112	(b) found delinquent; or
113	(c) against whom a finding of sufficient facts for conviction or finding of delinquency is
114	made.
115	(15) (a) "Economic loss" means economic detriment consisting only of allowable
116	expense, work loss, replacement services loss, and if injury causes death, dependent's
117	economic loss and dependent's replacement service loss.
118	(b) "Economic loss" includes economic detriment even if caused by pain and suffering
119	or physical impairment.
120	(c) "Economic loss" does not include noneconomic detriment.
121	(16) "Elderly victim" means an individual who is 60 years old or older and who is a victim.
122	(17) "Fraudulent claim" means a filed reparations based on material misrepresentation of
123	fact and intended to deceive the reparations staff for the purpose of obtaining reparation
124	funds for which the claimant is not eligible.
125	(18) "Fund" means the Crime Victim Reparations Fund created in Section 63M-7-526.
126	(19) (a) "Interpersonal violence" means an act involving violence, physical harm, or a
127	threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by an individual who is or has
128	been in a domestic, dating, sexual, or intimate relationship with the victim.
129	(b) "Interpersonal violence" includes any attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of an act

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130 described in Subsection (19)(a). 131 (20) "Law enforcement agency" means a public or private agency having general police 132 power and charged with making arrests in connection with enforcement of the criminal 133 statutes and ordinances of this state or any political subdivision of this state. 134 [(20)] (21) "Law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 135 53-13-103. 136  $\left[\frac{(21)}{(22)}\right]$  (2) (a) "Medical examination" means a physical examination necessary to 137 document criminally injurious conduct. 138 (b) "Medical examination" does not include mental health evaluations for the 139 prosecution and investigation of a crime. 140  $\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$  (23) "Mental health counseling" means outpatient and inpatient counseling 141 necessitated as a result of criminally injurious conduct, is subject to rules made by the 142 board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 143 [(23)] (24) "Misconduct" means conduct by the victim that was attributable to the injury or 144 death of the victim as provided by rules made by the board in accordance with Title 145 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 146 [(24)] (25) "Noneconomic detriment" means pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical 147 impairment, and other nonpecuniary damage, except as provided in this part. 148  $\left[\frac{(25)}{26}\right]$  (26) "Nongovernment organization victim advocate" means the same as that term is 149 defined in Section 77-38-403. [(26)] (27) "Pecuniary loss" does not include loss attributable to pain and suffering except as 150 151 otherwise provided in this part. 152 [<del>(27)</del>] (28) "Offender" means an individual who has violated Title 76, Utah Criminal Code, 153 through criminally injurious conduct regardless of whether the individual is arrested, 154 prosecuted, or convicted. 155 [(28)] (29) "Offense" means a violation of Title 76, Utah Criminal Code. 156  $\left[\frac{(29)}{(29)}\right]$  (30) "Office" means the director, the reparations and assistance officers, and any other 157 staff employed for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this part. 158 [(30)] (31) "Perpetrator" means the individual who actually participated in the criminally 159 injurious conduct. 160 [(31)] (32) "Reparations award" means money or other benefits provided to a claimant or to 161 another on behalf of a claimant after the day on which a reparations claim is approved 162 by the office. 163  $\left[\frac{(32)}{(33)}\right]$  "Reparations claim" means a claimant's request or application made to the office

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164 for a reparations award. [(33)] (34) (a) "Reparations officer" means an individual employed by the office to 165 166 investigate claims of victims and award reparations under this part. 167 (b) "Reparations officer" includes the director when the director is acting as a 168 reparations officer. [(34)] (35) "Replacement service loss" means expenses reasonably and necessarily incurred 169 170 in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the injured individual would 171 have performed, not for income but the benefit of the injured individual or the injured 172 individual's dependents if the injured individual had not been injured. 173  $\left[\frac{(35)}{(36)}\right]$  (36) (a) "Representative" means the victim, immediate family member, legal 174 guardian, attorney, conservator, executor, or an heir of an individual. 175 (b) "Representative" does not include a service provider or collateral source. 176 [(36)] (37) "Restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-38b-102. 177 [(37)] (38) "Secondary victim" means an individual who is traumatically affected by the 178 criminally injurious conduct subject to rules made by the board in accordance with Title 179 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 180  $\left[\frac{(38)}{(39)}\right]$  "Service provider" means an individual or agency who provides a service to a 181 victim for a monetary fee, except attorneys as provided in Section 63M-7-524. 182 [(39)] (40) "Serious bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section 183 76-1-101.5. 184 [(40)] (41) "Sexual assault" means any criminal conduct described in Title 76, Chapter 5, 185 Part 4, Sexual Offenses. 186  $\left[\frac{41}{2}\right]$  (42) "Strangulation" means any act involving the use of unlawful force or violence 187 that: 188 (a) impedes breathing or the circulation of blood; and 189 (b) is likely to produce a loss of consciousness by: 190 (i) applying pressure to the neck or throat of an individual; or 191 (ii) obstructing the nose, mouth, or airway of an individual. 192  $\left[\frac{(42)}{(43)}\right]$  "Substantial bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section 193 76-1-101.5. 194 [(43)] (44) (a) "Victim" means an individual who suffers bodily or psychological injury 195 or death as a direct result of: 196 (i) criminally injurious conduct; or 197 (ii) the production of pornography in violation of Section 76-5b-201 or 76-5b-201.1

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198	if the individual is a minor.
199	(b) "Victim" does not include an individual who participated in or observed the judicial
200	proceedings against an offender unless otherwise provided by statute or rule made in
201	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
202	[(44)] (45) "Work loss" means loss of income from work the injured victim would have
203	performed if the injured victim had not been injured and expenses reasonably incurred
204	by the injured victim in obtaining services in lieu of those the injured victim would have
205	performed for income, reduced by any income from substitute work the injured victim
206	was capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake.
207	Section 2. Section 63M-7-506.5 is enacted to read:
208	<u>63M-7-506.5</u> . Duties of the office.
209	The office shall provide educational materials to a law enforcement agency to assist
210	the law enforcement agency with informing a victim of a sexual assault of the victim's
211	right to request testing of the victim and of the offender alleged to have committed the
212	sexual assault as described in Section 53-10-802.
213	Section 3. Section <b>63M-7-603</b> is amended to read:
214	63M-7-603 . Duties of the council.
215	(1) The council shall:
216	(a) make recommendations to the Legislature, the governor, and the Judicial Council on
217	the following:
218	(i) enforcing existing rights of victims of crime;
219	(ii) enhancing rights of victims of crime;
220	(iii) the role of victims of crime in the criminal justice system;
221	(iv) victim restitution;
222	(v) educating and training criminal justice professionals on the rights of victims of
223	crime; and
224	(vi) enhancing services to victims of crimes; and
225	(b) provide training on the rights of victims of crime[; and] .
226	[(c) establish a subcommittee to consider complaints not resolved by the Victims'
227	Rights Committee established in Section 77-37-5.]
228	(2) The council:
229	(a) shall advocate the adoption, repeal, or modification of laws or proposed legislation in
230	the interest of victims of crime;
231	(b) subject to court rules and the governor's approval, may advocate in appellate courts

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232	on behalf of a victim of crime as described in Subsection 77-38-11(2)(a)(ii); and
233	(c) may establish additional subcommittees to assist in accomplishing its duties[; and] .
234	[(d) shall select and appoint individuals in accordance with Section 77-37-5 to act as
235	chairpersons of the judicial district victims' rights committees and provide assistance
236	to the committees in their operations.]
237	The following section is affected by a coordination clause at the end of this bill.
238	Section 4. Section <b>63M-7-904</b> is amended to read:
239	63M-7-904 . Duties of the commission Report.
240	(1) The commission shall, in partnership with state agencies and organizations, including
241	the Children's Justice Center Program, the Utah Office for Victims of Crime, the Utah
242	Council on Victims of Crime, and the Division of Child and Family Services:
243	(a) review and assess the duties and practices of the State Commission on Criminal and
244	Juvenile Justice regarding services and criminal justice policies pertaining to victims;
245	(b) encourage and facilitate the development and coordination of trauma-informed
246	services for crime victims throughout the state;
247	(c) encourage and foster public and private partnerships for the purpose of:
248	(i) assessing needs for crime victim services throughout the state;
249	(ii) developing crime victim services and resources throughout the state; and
250	(iii) coordinating crime victim services and resources throughout the state;
251	(d) generate unity for ongoing efforts to reduce and eliminate the impact of crime on
252	victims through a comprehensive and evidence-based prevention, treatment, and
253	justice strategy;
254	(e) recommend and support the creation, dissemination, and implementation of statewide
255	policies and plans to address crimes, including domestic violence, sexual violence,
256	child abuse, and driving under the influence of drugs and alcohol;
257	(f) develop a systematic process and clearinghouse for the collection and dissemination
258	of data on domestic violence and sexual violence;
259	(g) collect information on statewide funding for crime victim services and prevention
260	efforts, including the sources, disbursement, and outcomes of statewide funding for
261	crime victim services and prevention efforts;
262	(h) consider recommendations from any subcommittee of the commission; and
263	(i) make recommendations regarding:
264	(i) the duties and practices of the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice
265	to ensure that:

266	(A) crime victims are a vital part of the criminal justice system of the state;
267	(B) all crime victims and witnesses are treated with dignity, respect, courtesy, and
268	sensitivity; and
269	(C) the rights of crime victims and witnesses are honored and protected by law in
270	a manner no less vigorous than protections afforded to criminal defendants; and
271	(ii) statewide funding for crime victim services and prevention efforts.
272	(2) The commission may[-] :
273	(a) recommend to the Legislature the services to be funded by the Victim Services
274	Restricted Account[-];
275	(b) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
276	Rulemaking Act, regarding the process by which a victim, or a representative of a
277	victim, may submit a complaint alleging a violation of the victim's rights; and
278	(c) review any action taken by a victim rights committee created in accordance with
279	Section 63M-7-1002.
280	(3) The commission shall report the commission's recommendations annually to the State
281	Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, the governor, the Judicial Council, the
282	Executive Offices and Criminal Justice Appropriations Subcommittee, the Health and
283	Human Services Interim Committee, the Judiciary Interim Committee, and the Law
284	Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee.
285	(4) When taking an action or making a recommendation, the commission shall respect that
286	a state agency is bound to follow state law and may have duties or responsibilities
287	imposed by state law.
288	Section 5. Section 63M-7-1001 is enacted to read:
289	Part 10. Victim Rights Committees
290	<u>63M-7-1001</u> . Definitions.
291	As used in this part:
292	(1) <u>"Committee" means a victim rights committee established in each judicial district as</u>
293	described in Section 63M-7-1002.
294	(2) "Victim Services Commission" means the Utah Victim Services Commission
295	established in Section 63M-7-902.
296	(3) (a) "Criminal justice agency" means an agency that is directly involved in the
297	apprehension, prosecution, incarceration, or supervision of an individual involved in
298	criminal conduct.

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299	(b) "Criminal justice agency" includes:
300	(i) a law enforcement agency as defined in Section 63M-7-502;
301	(ii) a prosecuting agency;
302	(iii) the Department of Corrections created in Section 64-13-2; or
303	(iv) the Board of Pardons and Parole created in Section 77-27-2.
304	(4) "Member" means an individual appointed to a committee.
305	(5) "Representative of a victim" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-38-2.
306	(6) (a) "Victim" means an individual against whom criminal conduct has allegedly been
307	committed.
308	(b) "Victim" does not include an individual who is an accomplice or codefendant to
309	criminal conduct.
310	(7) "Victim advocate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-37-403.
311	(8) "Victim's rights" means the rights afforded to a victim under Title 77, Chapter 37,
312	Victims' Rights, Title 77, Chapter 38, Crime Victims, and Utah Constitution, Article I,
313	Section 28.
314	Section 6. Section 63M-7-1002 is enacted to read:
315	<u>63M-7-1002</u> . Victim rights committee for each judicial district Members
316	Terms.
316 317	<b>Terms.</b> (1) There is created a victim rights committee in each judicial district of this state.
317	(1) There is created a victim rights committee in each judicial district of this state.
317 318	<ul> <li>(1) There is created a victim rights committee in each judicial district of this state.</li> <li>(2) The Victim Services Commission shall appoint a chair to serve on each committee.</li> </ul>
317 318 319	<ol> <li>(1) There is created a victim rights committee in each judicial district of this state.</li> <li>(2) The Victim Services Commission shall appoint a chair to serve on each committee.</li> <li>(3) The chair shall appoint, with the Victim Services Commission's consent, the following</li> </ol>
<ul><li>317</li><li>318</li><li>319</li><li>320</li></ul>	<ol> <li>(1) There is created a victim rights committee in each judicial district of this state.</li> <li>(2) The Victim Services Commission shall appoint a chair to serve on each committee.</li> <li>(3) The chair shall appoint, with the Victim Services Commission's consent, the following individuals to serve on each committee:</li> </ol>
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333	(5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of a committee for any reason, the
334	replacement shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term.
335	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but a
336	member may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
337	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
338	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
339	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
340	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
341	Section 7. Section <b>63M-7-1003</b> is enacted to read:
342	63M-7-1003 . Complaint of violation of victim rights Criminal justice agency
343	policy about complaints.
344	(1) (a) When a committee receives a complaint, the committee shall review the
345	complaint to determine whether the complaint alleges a violation of a victim's rights.
346	(b) If a complaint alleges a violation of a victim's rights in another judicial district, the
347	committee shall forward the complaint to the judicial district where the violation
348	allegedly occurred.
349	(2) (a) If the committee receives a complaint that does not allege a violation of a victim's
350	rights, the committee shall send a letter to the victim, or the representative of a victim:
351	(i) explaining that the committee may only address a violation of the victim's rights;
352	and
353	(ii) describing any other resources that may be available to the victim or the
354	representative of the victim.
355	(b) The committee shall send the letter described in Subsection (2)(a) within 30 days
356	after the day on which the committee receives the complaint.
357	(3) If the complaint does allege a violation of a victim's rights, the committee shall forward
358	a copy of the complaint to the person that is the subject of the complaint.
359	(4) The committee shall schedule a meeting for the committee to review the complaint as
360	soon as practicable.
361	(5) If a criminal justice agency investigates a complaint regarding a violation of a victim's
362	rights and the committee receives a complaint about the same violation, the criminal
363	justice agency shall provide the criminal justice agency's investigative findings related to
364	the complaint to the committee.
365	(6) After reviewing the complaint and any findings submitted by a criminal justice agency
366	under Subsection (5), the committee may:

367	(a) inform the person of a victim's rights and the obligations required by law;
368	(b) refer the victim, or the representative of a victim, to other resources in the
369	<u>community; or</u>
370	(c) inform the victim, or the representative of a victim, of the victim's rights and
371	remedies described in Title 77, Chapter 37, Victims' Rights, Title 77, Chapter 38,
372	Crime Victims, and Utah Constitution, Article I, Section 28.
373	(7) Within 30 days after the day on which the committee meeting is held, the chair of the
374	committee shall send a letter to the victim, or the representative of a victim, describing
375	any action taken by the committee.
376	(8) A criminal justice agency shall establish a policy for addressing a complaint alleging a
377	violation of a victim's rights.
378	Section 8. Section 77-38-11 is amended to read:
379	77-38-11 . Enforcement Appellate review No right to money damages.
380	(1) If a person acting under color of state law allegedly violates the rights of a victim
381	described in this chapter, Chapter 37, Victims' Rights, or Utah Constitution, Article I,
382	Section 28, the victim, or a representative of a victim, may file a complaint with a victim
383	rights committee as described in Section 63M-7-1003.
384	[(1)] (2) If a person acting under color of state law willfully or wantonly fails to perform
385	duties so that the rights in this chapter are not provided, an action for injunctive relief,
386	including prospective injunctive relief, may be brought against the individual and the
387	governmental entity that employs the individual.
388	[(2)] (a) The victim of a crime or representative of a victim of a crime[, including any
389	Victims' Rights Committee as defined in Section 77-37-5] may:
390	(i) bring an action for declaratory relief or for a writ of mandamus defining or
391	enforcing the rights of victims and the obligations of government entities under
392	this chapter;
393	(ii) petition to file an amicus brief in any court in any case affecting crime victims;
394	and
395	(iii) after giving notice to the prosecution and the defense, seek an appropriate
396	remedy for a violation of a victim's right from the [judge] court assigned to the
397	case involving the issue[-as provided in Section 77-38-11].
398	(b) Adverse rulings on these actions or on a motion or request brought by a victim of a
399	crime or a representative of a victim of a crime may be appealed under the rules
400	governing appellate actions, provided that an appeal may not constitute grounds for

401	delaying any criminal or juvenile proceeding.
402	(c) An appellate court shall review all properly presented issues, including issues that are
403	capable of repetition but would otherwise evade review.
404	[(3)] (4) (a) Upon a showing that the victim has not unduly delayed in seeking to protect
405	the victim's right, and after hearing from the prosecution and the defense, the [judge]
406	court shall determine whether a right of the victim has been violated.
407	(b) If the [judge] court determines that a victim's right has been violated, the [judge shall
408	proceed to-] court shall:
409	(i) determine the appropriate remedy for the violation of the victim's right by hearing
410	from the victim and the parties[,] and considering all factors relevant to the issue[,
411	and then awarding]: and
412	(ii) award an appropriate remedy to the victim.
413	(5) (a) The court shall[-] :
414	(i) reconsider any judicial decision or judgment affected by a violation of the victim's
415	right; and
416	(ii) [-determine whether, ]upon affording the victim the right and further hearing from
417	the prosecution and the defense, determine whether the decision or judgment
418	would have been different.
419	(b) If the court's decision or judgment would have been different, the court shall enter
420	the new different decision or judgment as the appropriate remedy.
421	(c) If necessary to protect the victim's right, [the new decision or judgment shall be
422	entered] the court shall enter the new decision or judgment nunc pro tunc to the time
423	the first decision or judgment was reached.
424	(d) In no event shall the appropriate remedy be a new trial, damages, attorney fees, or
425	costs.
426	[(e)] (6) (a) The appropriate remedy under Subsection (4) or (5) shall include only
427	actions necessary to provide the victim the right to which the victim was entitled[-and] .
428	(b) The appropriate remedy under Subsection (4) or (5) may include reopening
429	previously held proceedings.
430	(7) (a) Subject to Subsection $[(3)(d)]$ (7)(c), the court may reopen a sentence or a
431	previously entered guilty or no contest plea only if [doing so-] reopening the sentence
432	or plea:
433	(i) would not preclude continued prosecution or sentencing the defendant; and
434	(ii) would not otherwise permit the defendant to escape justice.

435	(b) [Any remedy shall be tailored ] The court shall tailor a remedy to provide the victim
436	with an appropriate remedy without violating any constitutional right of the
437	defendant.
438	[(d)] (c) If the court sets aside a previously entered plea of guilty or no contest, and [
439	thereafter ] the continued prosecution of the charge is held to be prevented by the
440	defendant's having been previously put in jeopardy, the order setting aside the plea is
441	void and the plea is reinstated as of the date of [its-] the plea's original entry.
442	[(e)] (d) The court may not award as a remedy the dismissal of any criminal charge.
443	[(f)] (e) The court may not award any remedy if the proceeding that the victim is
444	challenging occurred more than 90 days before the day on which the victim filed an
445	action alleging the violation of the right.
446	[(4)] (8) The failure to provide the rights in this chapter or [Title 77, Chapter 37, Victims'
447	Rights-] Chapter 37, Victims' Rights, shall not constitute cause for a judgment against the
448	state or any government entity, or any individual employed by the state or any
449	government entity, for monetary damages, attorney fees, or the costs of exercising any
450	rights under this chapter.
451	(9) A defendant convicted of an offense may not bring an action or complaint concerning a
452	violation of this chapter or Chapter 37, Victims' Rights.
453	Section 9. Section <b>78A-7-106</b> is amended to read:
454	78A-7-106 . Jurisdiction.
455	(1) (a) Except for an offense for which the district court has original jurisdiction under
456	Subsection 78A-5-102(8) or an offense for which the juvenile court has original
457	jurisdiction under Subsection 78A-6-103(1)(c), a justice court has original
458	jurisdiction over class B and C misdemeanors, violation of ordinances, and
459	infractions committed within the justice court's territorial jurisdiction by an
460	individual who is 18 years old or older.
461	(b) A justice court has original jurisdiction over the following offenses committed within
462	the justice court's territorial jurisdiction by an individual who is 18 years old or older:
463	(i) class C misdemeanor and infraction violations of Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 2,
464	Driver Licensing Act; and
465	(ii) class B and C misdemeanor and infraction violations of:
466	(A) Title 23A, Wildlife Resources Act;
467	(B) Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act;
468	(C) Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code, except Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving

469	Under the Influence and Reckless Driving;
470	(D) Title 41, Chapter 12a, Financial Responsibility of Motor Vehicle Owners and
471	Operators Act;
472	(E) Title 41, Chapter 22, Off-highway Vehicles;
473	(F) Title 73, Chapter 18, State Boating Act, except Section 73-18-12;
474	(G) Title 73, Chapter 18a, Boating - Litter and Pollution Control;
475	(H) Title 73, Chapter 18b, Water Safety; and
476	(I) Title 73, Chapter 18c, Financial Responsibility of Motorboat Owners and
477	Operators Act.
478	(2) Except for an offense for which the district court has exclusive jurisdiction under
479	Section 78A-5-102.5 or an offense for which the juvenile court has exclusive
480	jurisdiction under Section 78A-6-103.5, a justice court has original jurisdiction over the
481	following offenses committed within the justice court's territorial jurisdiction by an
482	individual who is 16 or 17 years old:
483	(a) class C misdemeanor and infraction violations of Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 2, Driver
484	Licensing Act; and
485	(b) class B and C misdemeanor and infraction violations of:
486	(i) Title 23A, Wildlife Resources Act;
487	(ii) Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act;
488	(iii) Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code, except Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving
489	Under the Influence and Reckless Driving;
490	(iv) Title 41, Chapter 12a, Financial Responsibility of Motor Vehicle Owners and
491	Operators Act;
492	(v) Title 41, Chapter 22, Off-highway Vehicles;
493	(vi) Title 73, Chapter 18, State Boating Act, except for an offense under Section
494	73-18-12;
495	(vii) Title 73, Chapter 18a, Boating - Litter and Pollution Control;
496	(viii) Title 73, Chapter 18b, Water Safety; and
497	(ix) Title 73, Chapter 18c, Financial Responsibility of Motorboat Owners and
498	Operators Act.
499	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "body of water" includes any stream, river, lake,
500	or reservoir, whether natural or man-made.
501	(b) An offense is committed within the territorial jurisdiction of a justice court if:
502	(i) conduct constituting an element of the offense or a result constituting an element

504	of the offense occurs within the court's jurisdiction, regardless of whether the conduct or result is itself unlawful;
505	(ii) either an individual committing an offense or a victim of an offense is located
506	within the court's jurisdiction at the time the offense is committed;
507	(iii) either a cause of injury occurs within the court's jurisdiction or the injury occurs
508	within the court's jurisdiction;
509	(iv) an individual commits any act constituting an element of an inchoate offense
510	within the court's jurisdiction, including an agreement in a conspiracy;
511	(v) an individual solicits, aids, or abets, or attempts to solicit, aid, or abet another
512	individual in the planning or commission of an offense within the court's
513	jurisdiction;
514	(vi) the investigation of the offense does not readily indicate in which court's
515	jurisdiction the offense occurred, and:
516	(A) the offense is committed upon or in any railroad car, vehicle, watercraft, or
517	aircraft passing within the court's jurisdiction;
518	(B) the offense is committed on or in any body of water bordering on or within
519	this state if the territorial limits of the justice court are adjacent to the body of
520	water;
521	(C) an individual who commits theft exercises control over the affected property
522	within the court's jurisdiction; or
523	(D) the offense is committed on or near the boundary of the court's jurisdiction;
524	(vii) the offense consists of an unlawful communication that was initiated or received
525	within the court's jurisdiction; or
526	(viii) jurisdiction is otherwise specifically provided by law.
527	(4) If in a criminal case the defendant is 16 or 17 years old, a justice court judge may
528	transfer the case to the juvenile court for further proceedings if the justice court judge
529	determines and the juvenile court concurs that the best interests of the defendant would
530	be served by the continuing jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
531	(5) Justice courts have jurisdiction of small claims cases under Title 78A, Chapter 8, Small
532	Claims Courts, if a defendant resides in or the debt arose within the territorial
533	jurisdiction of the justice court.
534	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "domestic violence offense" means the same as
535	that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
536	(b) If a justice court has jurisdiction over a criminal action involving a domestic violence

537	offense and the criminal action is set for trial, the prosecuting attorney or the
538	defendant may file a notice of transfer in the justice court to transfer the criminal
539	action from the justice court to the district court.
540	(c) If a notice of transfer is filed by the prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney
541	shall certify in the notice of transfer that:
542	(i) the prosecuting attorney, or a representative from the prosecuting attorney's office,
543	has consulted with all alleged victims about transferring the criminal action to the
544	district court; and
545	(ii) an alleged victim requested the transfer of the criminal action to the district court.
546	(d) The justice court shall transfer a criminal action to the district court if the justice
547	court receives a notice of transfer from:
548	(i) the defendant as described in Subsection (6)(b); or
549	(ii) the prosecuting attorney as described in Subsection (6)(b) and the prosecuting
550	attorney's notice of intent complies with Subsection (6)(c).
551	[(c) If a justice court receives a notice of transfer from the prosecuting attorney or the
552	defendant as described in Subsection (6)(b), the justice court shall transfer the
553	criminal action to the district court.]
554	Section 10. Repealer.
555	This bill repeals:
556	Section 77-37-5, Remedies District Victims' Rights Committee.
557	Section 11. Effective date.
558	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.
559	Section 12. Coordinating H.B. 308 with H.B. 532.
560	If H.B. 308, Crime Victim Amendments, and H.B. 532, State Boards and
561	Commissions Modifications, both pass and become law, the Legislature intends that,
562	on December 31, 2024, the following language replace Subsection 63M-7-904(3)(d)
563	enacted in H.B. 532:
564	"(d) review any action taken by a victim rights committee created in accordance with
565	<u>Section 63M-7-1002.".</u>