FIREWORKS MODIFICATIONS

2024 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan

Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble

LONG TITLE General Description:
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions related to fireworks.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 modifies the classification of explosives;
 provides that fire districts may issue permits to discharge fireworks; and
 makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
11-3-3.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 61
15A-5-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 14
53-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 448
53-7-221, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 34
53-7-222, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 13 and last amended by
Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 13
53-7-226, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 322
76-10-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 61

- 27 Section 1. Section **11-3-3.5** is amended to read:
- 28 **11-3-3.5**. Licensing of retail sellers of fireworks -- Permit required -- Fee,

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29	insurance, or bond.
30	(1) (a) A municipality or county may require a retail seller to obtain a license and pay a
31	reasonable fee before selling [elass C] a division 1.4G common state-approved [
32	explosives] explosive, as defined in Section 53-7-202, within the jurisdiction of that
33	municipality or county.
34	(b) A municipality or county may not restrict the number of licenses to be issued under
35	this section.
36	(2) (a) A municipality[-or], county, or fire district shall require:
37	(i) a permit to discharge all display fireworks, special effects, and flame effects
38	performances; and
39	(ii) evidence that the display operator, special effects operator, or flame effects
40	operator who will set up and discharge the display has received a license from the
41	State Fire Marshal Division, Department of Public Safety.
42	(b) A municipality[-or], county, or fire district may require a fee, insurance, or a bond
43	before issuing a permit under this Subsection (2).
44	Section 2. Section 15A-5-303 is amended to read:
45	15A-5-303 . Amendments and additions to NFPA related to manufacture,
46	transportation, storage, and retail sales of fireworks.
47	(1) For purposes of this section and subject to Subsection (2), the Utah Fire Prevention
47 48	 For purposes of this section and subject to Subsection (2), the Utah Fire Prevention Board shall adopt standards by rule for the retail sales of consumer fireworks, and in
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48 49	Board shall adopt standards by rule for the retail sales of consumer fireworks, and in doing so, shall consider the applicable provisions of the 2013 edition of NFPA 1124,
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63	approved explosives inside of buildings not protected with an automatic fire sprinkler
64	system shall not exceed 125 pounds of pyrotechnic composition."
65	(d) NFPA 1124, Chapter 7, Section 7.3.15.2, Height of Sales Displays, Subsection
66	7.3.15.2.2, is amended as follows: On line three delete "12 ft. (3.66m)" and replace it
67	with "6 ft.".
68	Section 3. Section 53-7-202 is amended to read:
69	53-7-202 . Definitions.
70	As used in this part:
71	(1) "Agricultural and wildlife fireworks" means a [elass C] division 1.4G dangerous
72	explosive that:
73	(a) uses sound or light when deployed; and
74	(b) is designated to prevent crop damage or unwanted animals from entering a specified
75	area.
76	[(2) "Class A explosive" means a division 1.1 or 1.2 explosive as defined by the United
77	States Department of Transportation in Part 173, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.]
78	[(3) "Class B explosive" means a division 1.2 or 1.3G explosive as defined by the United
79	States Department of Transportation in Part 173, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.]
80	[(4) "Class C explosive" means a division 1.4G explosive as defined by the United States
81	Department of Transportation in Part 173, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.]
82	[(5) "Class C common state approved explosive" means a firework that:]
83	[(a) is purchased at retail for use by a consumer; and]
84	[(b) is not a Class C dangerous explosive.]
85	[(6) (a) "Class C dangerous explosive" means a class C explosive that is:]
86	[(i) a firecracker, cannon cracker, ground salute, M-80, cherry bomb, or other similar
87	explosive;]
88	[(ii) (A) a skyrocket;]
89	[(B) a missile type rocket;]
90	[(C) a single shot, or reloadable aerial shell; or]
91	[(D) a rocket similar to one described in Subsections (6)(a)(ii)(A) through (C), including
92	an aerial salute, a flash shell, a comet, a mine, or a cake containing more than 500
	grams
93	of pyrotechnic composition; or]
94	[(iii) (A) a bottle rocket;]
95	[(B) a roman candle;]

96	[(C) a rocket mounted on a wire or stick; or]
97	[(D) a device containing a rocket described in this Subsection (6)(a)(iii).]
98	[(b) A "class C dangerous explosive" does not mean exempt explosives.]
99	[(7)] (2) "Commercial cooking appliance fire suppression system":
100	(a) means an automatic or manual fire protection system designed for commercial
101	cooking appliances, exhaust hoods, and ducts; and
102	(b) includes a commercial kitchen exhaust system attached to a fire suppression system
103	that is designed to remove smoke, soot, toxic gases, and grease-laden vapor resulting
104	from cooking operations.
105	[(8)] (3) (a) "Display fireworks" means large firework devices that consist of explosive
106	materials that are intended for use in outdoor aerial fireworks displays to produce
107	visible or audible effects by combustion, deflagration, or detonation.
108	(b) "Display fireworks" includes aerial shells, salutes, roman candles, flash shells,
109	comets, mines, and other similar explosives.
110	[(9)] (4) (a) "Display operator" means a person licensed under Section 53-7-223 and who
111	is responsible for site selection, setting up, permits, overseeing assistants and support
112	personnel, and discharging display fireworks outdoors in situations where the
113	audience maintains a specific distance separating it from the display fireworks being
114	discharged.
115	(b) "Display operator" does not mean a fire department.
116	(5) "Division 1.4G common state approved explosive" means a firework that:
117	(a) is purchased at retail for use by a consumer; and
118	(b) is not a division 1.4G dangerous explosive.
119	(6) (a) "Division 1.4G dangerous explosive" means a division 1.4G explosive that is:
120	(i) a firecracker, cannon cracker, ground salute, M-80, cherry bomb, or other similar
121	explosive;
122	(ii) (A) a skyrocket;
123	(B) a missile type rocket;
124	(C) a single shot or reloadable aerial shell; or
125	(D) a rocket similar to an item described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A), (B), or (C),
126	including an aerial salute, a flash shell, a comet, a mine, or a cake containing
127	more than 500 grams of pyrotechnic composition; or
128	(iii) (A) a bottle rocket;
129	(B) a roman candle;

130	(C) a rocket mounted on a wire or stick; or
131	(D) a device containing a rocket described in this Subsection (6)(a)(iii).
132	(b) "Division 1.4G dangerous explosive" does not mean an exempt explosive.
133	(7) "Division 1.1G explosive" means an explosive described in 49 C.F.R. Sec. 173.50 (b)(1).
134	(8) "Division 1.2G explosive" means an explosive described in 49 C.F.R. Sec. 173.50 (b)(2).
135	(9) "Division 1.3G explosive" means an explosive described in 49 C.F.R. Sec. 173.50(b)(3).
136	(10) "Division 1.4G explosive" means an explosive described in 49 C.F.R. Sec. 173.50
137	<u>(b)(4).</u>
138	[(10)] (11) "Exempt explosive" means a model rocket, toy pistol cap, emergency signal
139	flare, snake or glow worm, party popper, trick noisemaker, match, and wire sparkler
140	under 12 inches in length.
141	[(11)] (12) "Fire executive" means a fire chief, deputy fire chief, or other active member of a
142	fire department or fire district who has been appointed by the elected officials of a
143	municipality or county, by a fire district board, or by an established procedure within a
144	volunteer fire service organization, to officially represent a fire department.
145	[(12)] (13) "Fire extinguisher" means a portable or stationary device that discharges water,
146	foam, gas, or other material to extinguish a fire.
147	[(13)] (14) "Fire suppression system" means an automatic fire protection system that
148	automatically detects fire and discharges a fire extinguishing agent onto or in the area of
149	the fire.
150	[(14)] (15) (a) "Fireworks" means:
151	(i) [elass C explosives] a division 1.4G explosive;
152	(ii) [elass C dangerous explosives] a division 1.4G dangerous explosive; and
153	(iii) [elass C] a division 1.4G common state approved [explosives] explosive.
154	(b) "Fireworks" does not mean:
155	(i) <u>an exempt [explosives] explosive; or[;</u>]
156	(ii) [class A explosives; or] a division 1.1G explosive, a division 1.12 explosive, or a
157	division 1.3G explosive.
158	[(iii) class B explosives.]
159	[(15)] (16) "Flame effects" means the combustion of flammable solids, liquids, or gases to
160	produce thermal, physical, visual, or audible phenomena before an audience.
161	[(16)] (17) (a) "Flame effects operator" means a person licensed under Section 53-7-223
162	who, regarding flame effects, is responsible for:
163	(i) storage, setup, operations, teardown, devices, equipment, overseeing assistants and

164	support personnel, and preventing accidental discharge; and
165	(ii) completion of the sequence of control system functions that release the fuel for
166	ignition to cause combustion and create the flame effects.
167	(b) (i) "Flame effects operator" does not include a person who participates in a
168	meeting, as limited under Subsection (16)(b)(ii), with other persons solely to
169	receive training, to practice, or provide instruction regarding flame effects
170	performance.
171	(ii) A meeting under Subsection (16)(b)(i) may include a nonpaying and unsolicited
172	audience of not more than 25 persons.
173	[(17)] (18) "Importer" means a person who brings [elass B or class C] division 1.2G
174	explosives, division 1.3G explosives, or division 1.4G explosives into [Utah] the state for
175	the general purpose of:
176	(a) resale or use within the state; or
177	(b) exportation to other states.
178	[(18)] (19) (a) "Pyrotechnic" means any composition or device manufactured or used to
179	produce a visible or audible effect by combustion, deflagration, or detonation.
180	(b) "Pyrotechnic" does not mean exempt explosives.
181	[(19)] (20) "Retail seller" means a person who sells [elass C] division 1.4G common state
182	approved explosives to the public during the period authorized under Section 53-7-225.
183	[(20)] (21) "Service" means the inspection, maintenance, repair, modification, testing, or
184	cleaning of an automatic fire suppression system.
185	[(21)] (22) "Special effects" means a visual or audible effect caused by chemical mixtures
186	that produce a controlled, self-sustaining, and self-controlled exothermic chemical
187	reaction that results in heat, gas, sound, or light and may also create an illusion.
188	[(22)] (23) "Special effects operator" means a person licensed under Section 53-7-223 who
189	is responsible for setting up, permits, overseeing assistants and support personnel,
190	analyzing potential hazards, setting clearances, and discharging pyrotechnic devices,
191	either indoor or outdoor, where the audience is allowed to be in closer proximity to the
192	pyrotechnic devices than the audience separation distance generally required for display
193	fireworks.
194	[(23)] (24) "Trick noisemaker" includes a:
195	(a) tube or sphere containing pyrotechnic composition that produces a white or colored
196	smoke as its primary effect when ignited; and
197	(b) device that produces a small report intended to surprise the user, including a:

198	(i) "booby trap," which is a small tube with a string protruding from both ends that
199	ignites the friction sensitive composition in the tube when the string is pulled;
200	(ii) "snapper," which is a small paper-wrapped device containing a minute quantity of
201	explosive composition coated on bits of sand that explodes producing a small
202	report;
203	(iii) "trick match," which is a kitchen or book match coated with a small quantity of
204	explosive or pyrotechnic composition that produces a small shower of sparks
205	when ignited;
206	(iv) "cigarette load," which is a small wooden peg coated with a small quantity of
207	explosive composition that produces a small report when ignited; and
208	(v) "auto burglar alarm," which is a tube that:
209	(A) contains pyrotechnic composition that produces a loud whistle and smoke
210	when ignited;
211	(B) may contain a small quantity of explosive to produce a small explosive noise;
212	and
213	(C) is ignited by a squib.
214	[(24)] <u>(25)</u> "Unclassified fireworks" means:
215	(a) a pyrotechnic device that is used, given away, or offered for sale, that has not been
216	tested, approved, and classified by the United States Department of Transportation;
217	(b) an approved device that has been altered or redesigned since obtaining approval by
218	the United States Department of Transportation; and
219	(c) a pyrotechnic device that is being tested by a manufacturer, importer, or wholesaler
220	before receiving approval by the United States Department of Transportation.
221	[(25)] (26) "Wholesaler" means:
222	(a) a person who sells [elass C] division 1.4G common state approved explosives to a
223	retailer; or
224	(b) a person who sells [elass B explosives or class C dangerous] division 1.2G
225	explosives, division 1.3G explosives, or division 1.4G explosives for display use.
226	Section 4. Section 53-7-221 is amended to read:
227	53-7-221 . Exceptions from Utah Fireworks Act.
228	(1) Sections 53-7-220 through 53-7-225 do not apply to [class A, class B, and class C
229	explosives that are] a division 1.1G explosive, a division 1.2G explosive, a division 1.3G
230	explosive, or a division 1.4G explosive that is not for use in [Utah] the state, but [are] is
231	manufactured, stored, warehoused, or in transit for destinations outside of [Utah] the state.

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232	(2) Sections 53-7-220 through 53-7-225 do not supersede Section 23A-2-208, regarding use
233	of fireworks and explosives by the Division of Wildlife Resources and federal game
234	agents.
235	(3) Section 53-7-225 does not supersede Section 65A-8-212 regarding the authority of the
236	state forester to close hazardous areas.
237	Section 5. Section 53-7-222 is amended to read:
238	53-7-222 . Restrictions on the sale or use of fireworks.
239	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), [class C dangerous explosives] a division
240	1.4G dangerous explosive may not be possessed, discharged, sold, or offered for
241	retail sale.
242	(b) (i) The following persons may purchase, possess, or discharge [class C dangerous
243	explosives] a division 1.4G dangerous explosive:
244	(A) display operators and special effects operators who receive a license from the
245	division in accordance with Section 53-7-223 and approval from their local
246	licensing authority in accordance with Section 11-3-3.5; and
247	(B) operators approved by the Division of Wildlife Resources or Department of
248	Agriculture and Food to discharge agricultural and wildlife fireworks.
249	(ii) Importers and wholesalers licensed under Section 53-7-224 may possess, sell, and
250	offer to sell [elass C] division 1.4G dangerous explosives.
251	(2) Unclassified fireworks may not be sold, or offered for sale.
252	Section 6. Section 53-7-226 is amended to read:
253	53-7-226 . Violations Misdemeanor.
254	A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if he:
255	(1) violates this part;
256	(2) violates any order made under this part;
257	(3) produces, reproduces, or uses the official seal of registration of the division in any
258	manner or for any purpose inconsistent with the designated purpose of the seal;
259	(4) removes, uses, or damages service tags or other labels or markings in a manner
260	inconsistent with the designated use of the service tag;
261	(5) engages in the sale, storage, or handling of [class C fireworks] division 1.4G common
262	state approved explosives without a permit where a local government requires a permit;
263	(6) sells at retail, transports, possesses, or discharges [elass C] division 1.4G dangerous
264	explosives[-as defined in Section 53-7-202];
265	(7) performs or intends to perform services or induces the public to enter into any

266	obligation relating to the performance of those services that are untrue, misleading, or
267	reasonably known to be untrue or misleading; or
268	(8) builds in violation of the division's plan review or written instructions conducted on
269	building specifications, building plans, or amendments of those specifications or plans
270	as required under this part.
271	Section 7. Section 76-10-306 is amended to read:
272	76-10-306 . Explosive, chemical, or incendiary device and parts Definitions
273	Persons exempted Penalties.
274	(1) As used in this section:
275	(a) "Explosive, chemical, or incendiary device" means:
276	(i) dynamite and all other forms of high explosives, including water gel, slurry,
277	military C-4 (plastic explosives), blasting agents to include nitro-carbon-nitrate,
278	ammonium nitrate, fuel oil mixtures, cast primers and boosters, R.D.X., P.E.T.N.,
279	electric and nonelectric blasting caps, exploding cords commonly called
280	detonating cord, detcord, or primacord, picric acid explosives, T.N.T. and T.N.T.
281	mixtures, nitroglycerin and nitroglycerin mixtures, or any other chemical mixture
282	intended to explode with fire or force;
283	(ii) any explosive bomb, grenade, missile, or similar device; and
284	(iii) any incendiary bomb, grenade, fire bomb, chemical bomb, or similar device,
285	including any device, except kerosene lamps, if criminal intent has not been
286	established, which consists of or includes a breakable container including a
287	flammable liquid or compound and a wick composed of any material which, when
288	ignited, is capable of igniting the flammable liquid or compound or any breakable
289	container which consists of, or includes a chemical mixture that explodes with fire
290	or force and can be carried, thrown, or placed.
291	(b) "Explosive, chemical, or incendiary device" does not include rifle, pistol, or shotgun
292	ammunition, reloading components, or muzzleloading equipment.
293	(c) "Explosive, chemical, or incendiary parts" means any substances or materials or
294	combinations which have been prepared or altered for use in the creation of an
295	explosive, chemical, or incendiary device. These substances or materials include:
296	(i) timing device, clock, or watch which has been altered in such a manner as to be
297	used as the arming device in an explosive;
298	(ii) pipe, end caps, or metal tubing which has been prepared for a pipe bomb; and
299	(iii) mechanical timers, mechanical triggers, chemical time delays, electronic time

300	delays, or commercially made or improvised items which, when used singly or in
301	combination, may be used in the construction of a timing delay mechanism, booby
302	trap, or activating mechanism for any explosive, chemical, or incendiary device.
303	(d) "Explosive, chemical, or incendiary parts" does not include rifle, pistol, or shotgun
304	ammunition, or any signaling device customarily used in operation of railroad
305	equipment.
306	(2) The provisions in Subsections (3) and (6) do not apply to:
307	(a) any public safety officer while acting in an official capacity transporting or otherwise
308	handling explosives, chemical, or incendiary devices;
309	(b) any member of the armed forces of the United States or Utah National Guard while
310	acting in an official capacity;
311	(c) any person possessing a valid permit issued under the provisions of [Uniform Fire
312	Code, Article 77] the International Fire Code, Section 105 and Chapter 56, or any
313	employee of the permittee acting within the scope of employment;
314	(d) any person possessing a valid license as an importer, wholesaler, display operator,
315	special effects operator, or flame effects operator under the provisions of Sections
316	11-3-3.5 and 53-7-223; and
317	(e) any person or entity possessing or controlling an explosive, chemical, or incendiary
318	device as part of its lawful business operations.
319	(3) Any person is guilty of a second degree felony who, under circumstances not amounting
320	to a violation of Part 4, Weapons of Mass Destruction, knowingly, intentionally, or
321	recklessly possesses or controls an explosive, chemical, or incendiary device.
322	(4) Any person is guilty of a first degree felony who, under circumstances not amounting to
323	a violation of Part 4, Weapons of Mass Destruction, knowingly or intentionally:
324	(a) uses or causes to be used an explosive, chemical, or incendiary device in the
325	commission of or an attempt to commit a felony;
326	(b) injures another or attempts to injure another person or another person's property
327	through the use of an explosive, chemical, or incendiary device; or
328	(c) transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive, chemical, or incendiary
329	device in a secure area established pursuant to Section 76-8-311.1, 76-8-311.3,
330	76-10-529, or 78A-2-203.
331	(5) Any person who, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Part 4, Weapons
332	of Mass Destruction, knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly removes or causes to be
333	removed or carries away any explosive, chemical, or incendiary device from the

- 334 premises where the explosive, chemical, or incendiary device is kept by the lawful user,
- 335 vendor, transporter, or manufacturer without the consent or direction of the lawful
- possessor is guilty of a second degree felony.
- 337 (6) Any person who, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Part 4, Weapons
- of Mass Destruction, knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly possesses any explosive,
- 339 chemical, or incendiary parts is guilty of a third degree felony.
- 340 Section 8. Effective date.
- 341 This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.