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EMINENT DOMAIN MODIFICATIONS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Bridger Bolinder

Senate Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall

Senate Sponsor: Scott D. Sandan					
LONG TITLE					
General Description:					
This bill addresses eminent domain.					
Highlighted Provisions:					
This bill:					
► defines terms;					
 addresses when eminent domain related to mining is prohibited; and 					
makes technical and conforming amendments.					
Money Appropriated in this Bill:					
None					
Other Special Clauses:					
None					
Utah Code Sections Affected:					
AMENDS:					
78B-6-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 34					
78B-6-502 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3					
78B-6-503 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3					
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:					
Section 1. Section 78B-6-501 is amended to read:					
78B-6-501 . Eminent domain Uses for which right may be exercised					
Limitations on eminent domain.					
(1) As used in this section[, "century]:					
(a) "Century farm" means real property that is:					
[(a)] (i) assessed under Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 5, Farmland Assessment Act; a	and				

[(b)] (ii) owned or held by the same family for a continuous period of 100 years or

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29	more.
30	(b) (i) "Mining use" means:
31	(A) the full range of permitted or active activities, from prospecting and
32	exploration to reclamation and closure, associated with the exploitation of a
33	mineral deposit; and
34	(B) the use of the surface, subsurface, groundwater, and surface water of an area
35	in connection with the activities described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A) that have
36	been, are being, or will be conducted.
37	(ii) "Mining use" includes, whether conducted on-site or off-site:
38	(A) sampling, staking, surveying, exploration, or development activity;
39	(B) drilling, blasting, excavating, or tunneling;
40	(C) the removal, transport, treatment, deposition, and reclamation of overburden,
41	development rock, tailings, and other waste material;
42	(D) the recovery of sand and gravel;
43	(E) removal, transportation, extraction, beneficiation, or processing of ore;
44	(F) use of solar evaporation ponds and other facilities for the recovery of minerals
45	in solution;
46	(G) smelting, refining, autoclaving, or other primary or secondary processing
47	operation;
48	(H) the recovery of any mineral left in residue from a previous extraction or
49	processing operation;
50	(I) a mining activity that is identified in a work plan or permitting document;
51	(J) the use, operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, construction, or alteration
52	of a building, structure, facility, equipment, machine, tool, or other material or
53	property that results from or is used in a surface or subsurface mining operation
54	or activity;
55	(K) an accessory, incidental, or ancillary activity or use, both active and passive,
56	including a utility, private way or road, pipeline, land excavation, working,
57	embankment, pond, gravel excavation, mining waste, conveyor, power line,
58	trackage, storage, reserve, passive use area, buffer zone, and power production
59	facility;
60	(L) the construction of a storage, factory, processing, or maintenance facility; and
61	(M) an activity described in Subsection 40-8-4(17)(a).
52	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3)[-and], (4), and (5) and subject to the provisions

63 of this part, the right of eminent domain may be exercised on behalf of the following 64 public uses: 65 (a) all public uses authorized by the federal government; 66 (b) public buildings and grounds for the use of the state, and all other public uses 67 authorized by the Legislature; 68 (c) (i) public buildings and grounds for the use of any county, city, town, or board of 69 education; 70 (ii) reservoirs, canals, aqueducts, flumes, ditches, or pipes for conducting water or 71 sewage, including to or from a development, for the use of the inhabitants of any 72 county, city, or town, or for the draining of any county, city, or town; 73 (iii) the raising of the banks of streams, removing obstructions from streams, and 74 widening, deepening, or straightening their channels; 75 (iv) bicycle paths and sidewalks adjacent to paved roads; 76 (v) roads, byroads, streets, and alleys for public vehicular use, including for access to 77 a development; and 78 (vi) all other public uses for the benefit of any county, city, or town, or its inhabitants; 79 (d) wharves, docks, piers, chutes, booms, ferries, bridges, toll roads, byroads, plank and 80 turnpike roads, roads for transportation by traction engines or road locomotives, 81 roads for logging or lumbering purposes, and railroads and street railways for public 82 transportation; 83 (e) reservoirs, dams, watergates, canals, ditches, flumes, tunnels, aqueducts and pipes for 84 the supplying of persons, mines, mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of 85 ores, with water for domestic or other uses, or for irrigation purposes, or for the 86 draining and reclaiming of lands, or for solar evaporation ponds and other facilities 87 for the recovery of minerals in solution; 88 (f) (i) roads, railroads, tramways, tunnels, ditches, flumes, pipes, and dumping places 89 to access or facilitate the milling, smelting, or other reduction of ores, or the 90 working of mines, quarries, coal mines, or mineral deposits including oil, gas, and 91 minerals in solution; 92 (ii) outlets, natural or otherwise, for the deposit or conduct of tailings, refuse or water 93 from mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores, or from mines, 94 quarries, coal mines or mineral deposits including minerals in solution; (iii) mill dams; 95

(iv) gas, oil or coal pipelines, tanks or reservoirs, including any subsurface stratum or

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97	formation in any land for the underground storage of natural gas, and in
98	connection with that, any other interests in property which may be required to
99	adequately examine, prepare, maintain, and operate underground natural gas
100	storage facilities;
101	(v) solar evaporation ponds and other facilities for the recovery of minerals in
102	solution; and
103	(vi) any occupancy in common by the owners or possessors of different mines,
104	quarries, coal mines, mineral deposits, mills, smelters, or other places for the
105	reduction of ores, or any place for the flow, deposit or conduct of tailings or refuse
106	matter;
107	(g) byroads leading from a highway to:
108	(i) a residence; or
109	(ii) a farm;
110	(h) telecommunications, electric light and electric power lines, sites for electric light and
111	power plants, or sites for the transmission of broadcast signals from a station licensed
112	by the Federal Communications Commission in accordance with 47 C.F.R. Part 73
113	and that provides emergency broadcast services;
114	(i) sewage service for:
115	(i) a city, a town, or any settlement of not fewer than 10 families;
116	(ii) a public building belonging to the state; or
117	(iii) a college or university;
118	(j) canals, reservoirs, dams, ditches, flumes, aqueducts, and pipes for supplying and
119	storing water for the operation of machinery for the purpose of generating and
120	transmitting electricity for power, light or heat;
121	(k) cemeteries and public parks; and
122	(l) sites for mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores and necessary to their
123	successful operation, including the right to take lands for the discharge and natural
124	distribution of smoke, fumes, and dust, produced by the operation of works, provided
125	that the powers granted by this section may not be exercised in any county where the
126	population exceeds 20,000, or within one mile of the limits of any city or
127	incorporated town nor unless the proposed condemner has the right to operate by
128	purchase, option to purchase or easement, at least 75% in value of land acreage
129	owned by persons or corporations situated within a radius of four miles from the mill,
130	smelter or other works for the reduction of ores; nor beyond the limits of the

131	four-mile radius; nor as to lands covered by contracts, easements, or agreements
132	existing between the condemner and the owner of land within the limit and providing
133	for the operation of such mill, smelter, or other works for the reduction of ores; nor
134	until an action shall have been commenced to restrain the operation of such mill,
135	smelter, or other works for the reduction of ores.
136	(3) The right of eminent domain may not be exercised on behalf of the following uses:
137	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(iv), trails, paths, or other ways for walking,
138	hiking, bicycling, equestrian use, or other recreational uses, or whose primary
139	purpose is as a foot path, equestrian trail, bicycle path, or walkway;
140	(b) (i) a public park whose primary purpose is:
141	(A) as a trail, path, or other way for walking, hiking, bicycling, or equestrian use
142	or
143	(B) to connect other trails, paths, or other ways for walking, hiking, bicycling, or
144	equestrian use; or
145	(ii) a public park established on real property that is:
146	(A) a century farm; and
147	(B) located in a county of the first class.
148	(4) (a) The right of eminent domain may not be exercised within a migratory bird
149	production area created on or before December 31, 2020, under Title 23A, Chapter
150	13, Migratory Bird Production Area, except as follows:
151	(i) subject to Subsection (4)(b), an electric utility may condemn land within a
152	migratory bird production area located in a county of the first class only for the
153	purpose of installing buried power lines;
154	(ii) an electric utility may condemn land within a migratory bird production area in a
155	county other than a county of the first class to install:
156	(A) buried power lines; or
157	(B) a new overhead transmission line that is parallel to and abutting an existing
158	overhead transmission line or collocated within an existing overhead
159	transmission line right of way; or
160	(iii) the Department of Transportation may exercise eminent domain for the purpose
161	of the construction of the West Davis Highway.
162	(b) Before exercising the right of eminent domain under Subsection (4)(a)(i), the electric
163	utility shall demonstrate that:
164	(i) the proposed condemnation would not have an unreasonable adverse effect on the

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165	preservation, use, and enhancement of the migratory bird production area; and
166	(ii) there is no reasonable alternative to constructing the power line within the
167	boundaries of a migratory bird production area.
168	(5) If the intended public purpose is for a mining use, a private person may not exercise the
169	power of eminent domain over property, or an interest in property, that is already used
170	for a mining use within the boundary of:
171	(a) a permit area, as defined in Section 40-8-4;
172	(b) an area for which a permit has been issued by the Division of Water Quality, as part
173	of the underground injection control program, under rules made by the Water Quality
174	Board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
175	(c) private property; or
176	(d) an area under a state or federal lease.
177	Section 2. Section 78B-6-502 is amended to read:
178	78B-6-502. Estates and rights that may be taken.
179	[The] Except as provided in Subsection 78B-6-501(3), (4), or (5), the following
180	estates and rights in lands are subject to being taken for public use:
181	(1) a fee simple, when taken for:
182	(a) public buildings or grounds;
183	(b) permanent buildings;
184	(c) reservoirs and dams, and permanent flooding occasioned by them;
185	(d) any permanent flood control structure affixed to the land;
186	(e) an outlet for a flow, a place for the deposit of debris or tailings of a mine, mill,
187	smelter, or other place for the reduction of ores; and
188	(f) solar evaporation ponds and other facilities for the recovery of minerals in solution,
189	except when the surface ground is underlaid with minerals, coal, or other deposits
190	sufficiently valuable to justify extraction, only a perpetual easement may be taken
191	over the surface ground over the deposits;
192	(2) an easement, when taken for any other use; and
193	(3) the right of entry upon and occupation of lands, with the right to take from those lands
194	earth, gravel, stones, trees, and timber as necessary for a public use.
195	Section 3. Section 78B-6-503 is amended to read:
196	78B-6-503 . Private property which may be taken.
197	[Private property which] Except as provided in Subsection 78B-6-501(3), (4), or
198	(5), private property that may be taken under this part includes:

199	(1)	all real property belonging to any person;
200	(2)	lands belonging to the state, or to any county, city or incorporated town, not
201		appropriated to some public use;
202	(3)	property appropriated to public use[; provided] . except that the property may not be
203		taken unless for a more necessary public use than that to which [it] the property has
204		already been appropriated;
205	(4)	franchises for toll roads, toll bridges, ferries, and all other franchises[; provided] , except
206		that the franchises may not be taken unless for free highways, railroads, or other more
207		necessary public use;
208	(5)	all rights of way for any and all purposes mentioned in Section 78B-6-501 [hereof], and
209		any and all structures and improvements on the property, and the lands held or used in
210		connection with the property, [shall be] except that:
211		(a) the property is subject to be connected with, crossed, or intersected by any other right
212		of way or improvement or structure; [they shall also be]
213		(b) the property is subject to a limited use in common with the owners, when necessary; [
214		but-] and
215		(c) uses of crossings, intersections, and connections shall be made in the manner most
216		compatible with the greatest public benefit and the least private injury; and
217	(6)	all classes of private property not enumerated if the taking is authorized by law.
218		Section 4. Effective date.

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This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.