HOUSING AFFORDABILITY REVISIONS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Stephen L. Whyte

Senate Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore

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LONG TITLE

5 This bill addresses funding issues related to housing affordability.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

General Description:

- 7 This bill:
 - defines terms and modifies definitions;
- 9 modifies the requirements for a moderate income housing report;
- 10 authorizes redevelopment agencies and community development agencies to use funding
- 11 to pay for or contribute to the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of income targeted
- 12 housing, under certain circumstances;
- 13 ▶ authorizes up to 6% of the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund to be used to offset
- 14 administrative expenses;
- 15 requires the Department of Workforce Services to create pass-through funding
- 16 agreements;
- 17 • describes the minimum requirements of a pass-through funding agreement, including
- 18 requirements that state funds be spent on certain affordable housing investments;
- 19 modifies the Utah low-income housing tax credit;
- 20 • encourages the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority to, if appropriate, utilize
- 21 land use authority to increase the supply of housing in the state;
- 22 modifies reporting requirements; and
- 23 makes technical changes.
- 24 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**
- 25 None
- 26 **Other Special Clauses:**
- 27 None

28 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 29 AMENDS: 30 **10-9a-408**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 88, 501 and 529 and last 31 amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 88 32 11-59-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 406 33 17-27a-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 88, 501 and 529 and last 34 amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 88 35 17C-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 15 **17C-1-412**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 471, 492 36 37 **35A-8-504**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 406 38 **35A-8-2401**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 88 39 **59-7-538**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 258 40 **59-7-607**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 88 41 **59-10-552**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 471 42 **59-10-1010**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 88 43 **59-12-352**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 263 44 45 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: 46 Section 1. Section **10-9a-408** is amended to read: 47 10-9a-408. Moderate income housing report -- Contents -- Prioritization for 48 funds or projects -- Ineligibility for funds after noncompliance -- Civil actions. 49 (1) As used in this section: 50 (a) "Division" means the Housing and Community Development Division within the 51 Department of Workforce Services. 52 (b) "Implementation plan" means the implementation plan adopted as part of the 53 moderate income housing element of a specified municipality's general plan as 54 provided in Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(c). 55 (c) "Initial report" or "initial moderate income housing report" means the one-time report 56 described in Subsection (2). 57 (d) "Moderate income housing strategy" means a strategy described in Subsection 58 10-9a-403(2)(b)(iii). 59 (e) "Report" means an initial report or a subsequent progress report. (f) "Specified municipality" means: 60 61 (i) a city of the first, second, third, or fourth class;

62 (ii) a city of the fifth class with a population of 5,000 or more, if the city is located within a county of the first, second, or third class; or 63 64 (iii) a metro township with a population of 5,000 or more. (g) "Subsequent progress report" means the annual report described in Subsection (3). 65 (2) (a) The legislative body of a specified municipality shall submit an initial report to 66 67 the division. 68 (b) (i) This Subsection (2)(b) applies to a municipality that is not a specified 69 municipality as of January 1, 2023. 70 (ii) As of January 1, if a municipality described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) changes from 71 one class to another or grows in population to qualify as a specified municipality, 72 the municipality shall submit an initial plan to the division on or before August 1 73 of the first calendar year beginning on January 1 in which the municipality 74 qualifies as a specified municipality. 75 (c) The initial report shall: 76 (i) identify each moderate income housing strategy selected by the specified 77 municipality for continued, ongoing, or one-time implementation, restating the 78 exact language used to describe the moderate income housing strategy in 79 Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(b)(iii); and 80 (ii) include an implementation plan. 81 (3) (a) After the division approves a specified municipality's initial report under this 82 section, the specified municipality shall, as an administrative act, annually submit to 83 the division a subsequent progress report on or before August 1 of each year after the 84 year in which the specified municipality is required to submit the initial report. 85 (b) The subsequent progress report shall include: 86 (i) subject to Subsection (3)(c), a description of each action, whether one-time or 87 ongoing, taken by the specified municipality during the previous 12-month period 88 to implement the moderate income housing strategies identified in the initial 89 report for implementation; 90 (ii) a description of each land use regulation or land use decision made by the 91 specified municipality during the previous 12-month period to implement the 92 moderate income housing strategies, including an explanation of how the land use 93 regulation or land use decision supports the specified municipality's efforts to 94 implement the moderate income housing strategies;

(iii) a description of any barriers encountered by the specified municipality in the

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96	previous 12-month period in implementing the moderate income housing
97	strategies;
98	(iv) information regarding the number of internal and external or detached accessory
99	dwelling units located within the specified municipality for which the specified
100	municipality:
101	(A) issued a building permit to construct; or
102	(B) issued a business license or comparable license or permit to rent;
103	(v) the number of residential dwelling units that have been entitled that have not
104	received a building permit as of the submission date of the progress report;
105	(vi) shapefiles, or website links if shapefiles are not available, to current maps and
106	tables related to zoning;
107	[(v)] (vii) a description of how the market has responded to the selected moderate
108	income housing strategies, including the number of entitled moderate income
109	housing units or other relevant data; and
110	[(vi)] (viii) any recommendations on how the state can support the specified
111	municipality in implementing the moderate income housing strategies.
112	(c) For purposes of describing actions taken by a specified municipality under
113	Subsection (3)(b)(i), the specified municipality may include an ongoing action taken
114	by the specified municipality prior to the 12-month reporting period applicable to the
115	subsequent progress report if the specified municipality:
116	(i) has already adopted an ordinance, approved a land use application, made an
117	investment, or approved an agreement or financing that substantially promotes the
118	implementation of a moderate income housing strategy identified in the initial
119	report; and
120	(ii) demonstrates in the subsequent progress report that the action taken under
121	Subsection (3)(c)(i) is relevant to making meaningful progress towards the
122	specified municipality's implementation plan.
123	(d) A specified municipality's report shall be in a form:
124	(i) approved by the division; and
125	(ii) made available by the division on or before May 1 of the year in which the report
126	is required.
127	(4) Within 90 days after the day on which the division receives a specified municipality's
128	report, the division shall:
129	(a) post the report on the division's website;

130	(b)	send a copy of the report to the Department of Transportation, the Governor's Office
131		of Planning and Budget, the association of governments in which the specified
132		municipality is located, and, if the specified municipality is located within the
133		boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization, the appropriate metropolitan
134		planning organization; and
135	(c)	subject to Subsection (5), review the report to determine compliance with this section.
136	(5) (a)	An initial report does not comply with this section unless the report:
137		(i) includes the information required under Subsection (2)(c);
138		(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified municipality made plans to
139		implement:
140		(A) three or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified
141		municipality does not have a fixed guideway public transit station; or
142		(B) subject to Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(b)(iv), five or more moderate income
143		housing strategies if the specified municipality has a fixed guideway public
144		transit station; and
145		(iii) is in a form approved by the division.
146	(b)	A subsequent progress report does not comply with this section unless the report:
147		(i) demonstrates to the division that the specified municipality made plans to
148		implement:
149		(A) three or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified
150		municipality does not have a fixed guideway public transit station; or
151		(B) subject to the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(a)(iii)(D), five or more
152		moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality has a fixed
153		guideway public transit station;
154		(ii) is in a form approved by the division; and
155		(iii) provides sufficient information for the division to:
156		(A) assess the specified municipality's progress in implementing the moderate
157		income housing strategies;
158		(B) monitor compliance with the specified municipality's implementation plan;
159		(C) identify a clear correlation between the specified municipality's land use
160		regulations and land use decisions and the specified municipality's efforts to
161		implement the moderate income housing strategies;
162		(D) identify how the market has responded to the specified municipality's selected
163		moderate income housing strategies; and

164	(E) identify any barriers encountered by the specified municipality in
165	implementing the selected moderate income housing strategies.
166	(6) (a) A specified municipality qualifies for priority consideration under this Subsection
167	(6) if the specified municipality's report:
168	(i) complies with this section; and
169	(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified municipality made plans to
170	implement:
171	(A) five or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality
172	does not have a fixed guideway public transit station; or
173	(B) six or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality
174	has a fixed guideway public transit station.
175	(b) The Transportation Commission may, in accordance with Subsection 72-1-304(3)(c),
176	give priority consideration to transportation projects located within the boundaries of
177	a specified municipality described in Subsection (6)(a) until the Department of
178	Transportation receives notice from the division under Subsection (6)(e).
179	(c) Upon determining that a specified municipality qualifies for priority consideration
180	under this Subsection (6), the division shall send a notice of prioritization to the
181	legislative body of the specified municipality and the Department of Transportation.
182	(d) The notice described in Subsection (6)(c) shall:
183	(i) name the specified municipality that qualifies for priority consideration;
184	(ii) describe the funds or projects for which the specified municipality qualifies to
185	receive priority consideration; and
186	(iii) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified municipality
187	qualifies for priority consideration.
188	(e) The division shall notify the legislative body of a specified municipality and the
189	Department of Transportation in writing if the division determines that the specified
190	municipality no longer qualifies for priority consideration under this Subsection (6).
191	(7) (a) If the division, after reviewing a specified municipality's report, determines that
192	the report does not comply with this section, the division shall send a notice of
193	noncompliance to the legislative body of the specified municipality.
194	(b) A specified municipality that receives a notice of noncompliance may:
195	(i) cure each deficiency in the report within 90 days after the day on which the notice
196	of noncompliance is sent; or
197	(ii) request an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within 10

198		days after the day on which the notice of noncompliance is sent.
199	(c)	The notice described in Subsection (7)(a) shall:
200		(i) describe each deficiency in the report and the actions needed to cure each
201		deficiency;
202		(ii) state that the specified municipality has an opportunity to:
203		(A) submit to the division a corrected report that cures each deficiency in the
204		report within 90 days after the day on which the notice of compliance is sent; or
205		(B) submit to the division a request for an appeal of the division's determination of
206		noncompliance within 10 days after the day on which the notice of
207		noncompliance is sent; and
208		(iii) state that failure to take action under Subsection (7)(c)(ii) will result in the
209		specified municipality's ineligibility for funds under Subsection (9).
210	(d)	For purposes of curing the deficiencies in a report under this Subsection (7), if the
211		action needed to cure the deficiency as described by the division requires the
212		specified municipality to make a legislative change, the specified municipality may
213		cure the deficiency by making that legislative change within the 90-day cure period.
214	(e)	(i) If a specified municipality submits to the division a corrected report in
215		accordance with Subsection (7)(b)(i) and the division determines that the
216		corrected report does not comply with this section, the division shall send a
217		second notice of noncompliance to the legislative body of the specified
218		municipality within 30 days after the day on which the corrected report is
219		submitted.
220		(ii) A specified municipality that receives a second notice of noncompliance may
221		submit to the division a request for an appeal of the division's determination of
222		noncompliance within 10 days after the day on which the second notice of
223		noncompliance is sent.
224		(iii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(e)(i) shall:
225		(A) state that the specified municipality has an opportunity to submit to the
226		division a request for an appeal of the division's determination of
227		noncompliance within 10 days after the day on which the second notice of
228		noncompliance is sent; and
229		(B) state that failure to take action under Subsection (7)(e)(iii)(A) will result in the
230		specified municipality's ineligibility for funds under Subsection (9).
231	(8) (a)	A specified municipality that receives a notice of noncompliance under

232	Subsection (7)(a) or (7)(e)(i) may request an appeal of the division's determination of
233	noncompliance within 10 days after the day on which the notice of noncompliance is
234	sent.
235	(b) Within 90 days after the day on which the division receives a request for an appeal,
236	an appeal board consisting of the following three members shall review and issue a
237	written decision on the appeal:
238	(i) one individual appointed by the Utah League of Cities and Towns;
239	(ii) one individual appointed by the Utah Homebuilders Association; and
240	(iii) one individual appointed by the presiding member of the association of
241	governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement under Title 11,
242	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which the specified municipality is a
243	member.
244	(c) The written decision of the appeal board shall either uphold or reverse the division's
245	determination of noncompliance.
246	(d) The appeal board's written decision on the appeal is final.
247	(9) (a) A specified municipality is ineligible for funds under this Subsection (9) if:
248	(i) the specified municipality fails to submit a report to the division;
249	(ii) after submitting a report to the division, the division determines that the report
250	does not comply with this section and the specified municipality fails to:
251	(A) cure each deficiency in the report within 90 days after the day on which the
252	notice of noncompliance is sent; or
253	(B) request an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within 10
254	days after the day on which the notice of noncompliance is sent;
255	(iii) after submitting to the division a corrected report to cure the deficiencies in a [
256	previously-submitted] previously submitted report, the division determines that the
257	corrected report does not comply with this section and the specified municipality
258	fails to request an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within
259	10 days after the day on which the second notice of noncompliance is sent; or
260	(iv) after submitting a request for an appeal under Subsection (8), the appeal board
261	issues a written decision upholding the division's determination of noncompliance
262	(b) The following apply to a specified municipality described in Subsection (9)(a) until
263	the division provides notice under Subsection (9)(e):
264	(i) the executive director of the Department of Transportation may not program funds
265	from the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005, including the Transit

266	Transportation Investment Fund, to projects located within the boundaries of the
267	specified municipality in accordance with Subsection 72-2-124(5);
268	(ii) beginning with a report submitted in 2024, the specified municipality shall pay a
269	fee to the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund in the amount of \$250 per day that
270	the specified municipality:
271	(A) fails to submit the report to the division in accordance with this section,
272	beginning the day after the day on which the report was due; or
273	(B) fails to cure the deficiencies in the report, beginning the day after the day by
274	which the cure was required to occur as described in the notice of
275	noncompliance under Subsection (7); and
276	(iii) beginning with the report submitted in 2025, the specified municipality shall pay
277	a fee to the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund in the amount of \$500 per day that
278	the specified municipality, in a consecutive year:
279	(A) fails to submit the report to the division in accordance with this section,
280	beginning the day after the day on which the report was due; or
281	(B) fails to cure the deficiencies in the report, beginning the day after the day by
282	which the cure was required to occur as described in the notice of
283	noncompliance under Subsection [(6)] (7).
284	(c) Upon determining that a specified municipality is ineligible for funds under this
285	Subsection (9), and is required to pay a fee under Subsection (9)(b), if applicable, the
286	division shall send a notice of ineligibility to the legislative body of the specified
287	municipality, the Department of Transportation, the State Tax Commission, and the
288	Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
289	(d) The notice described in Subsection (9)(c) shall:
290	(i) name the specified municipality that is ineligible for funds;
291	(ii) describe the funds for which the specified municipality is ineligible to receive;
292	(iii) describe the fee the specified municipality is required to pay under Subsection
293	(9)(b), if applicable[-,]; and
294	(iv) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified municipality is
295	ineligible for funds.
296	(e) The division shall notify the legislative body of a specified municipality and the
297	Department of Transportation in writing if the division determines that the provisions
298	of this Subsection (9) no longer apply to the specified municipality.
299	(f) The division may not determine that a specified municipality that is required to pay a

300	fee under Subsection (9)(b) is in compliance with the reporting requirements of this
301	section until the specified municipality pays all outstanding fees required under
302	Subsection (9)(b) to the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, created under Title 35A,
303	Chapter 8, Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
304	(10) In a civil action seeking enforcement or claiming a violation of this section or of
305	Subsection 10-9a-404(4)(c), a plaintiff may not recover damages but may be awarded
306	only injunctive or other equitable relief.
307	Section 2. Section 11-59-203 is amended to read:
308	11-59-203. Authority duties and responsibilities.
309	(1) As the authority plans, manages, and implements the development of the point of the
310	mountain state land, the authority shall pursue development strategies and objectives
311	designed to:
312	(a) maximize the creation of high-quality jobs and encourage and facilitate a highly
313	trained workforce;
314	(b) ensure strategic residential and commercial growth;
315	(c) promote a high quality of life for residents on and surrounding the point of the
316	mountain state land, including strategic planning to facilitate:
317	(i) jobs close to where people live;
318	(ii) vibrant urban centers;
319	(iii) housing types that incorporate affordability factors and match workforce needs;
320	(iv) parks, connected trails, and open space, including the preservation of natural
321	lands to the extent practicable and consistent with the overall development plan;
322	and
323	(v) preserving and enhancing recreational opportunities;
324	(d) complement the development on land in the vicinity of the point of the mountain
325	state land;
326	(e) improve air quality and minimize resource use; [and]
327	(f) accommodate and incorporate the planning, funding, and development of an
328	enhanced and expanded future transit and transportation infrastructure and other
329	investments, including:
330	(i) the acquisition of rights-of-way and property necessary to ensure transit access to
331	the point of the mountain state land; and
332	(ii) a world class mass transit infrastructure, to service the point of the mountain state
333	land and to enhance mobility and protect the environment[-]; and

334	(g) if appropriate, exercise its land use authority to increase the supply of housing in the
335	state.
336	(2) In planning the development of the point of the mountain state land, the authority shall:
337	(a) consult with applicable governmental planning agencies, including:
338	(i) relevant metropolitan planning organizations;
339	(ii) Draper City and Salt Lake County planning and governing bodies; and
340	(iii) in regards to the factors described in Subsections (1)(c)(i) and (iii), the Unified
341	Economic Opportunity Commission created in Section 63N-1a-201;
342	(b) research and explore the feasibility of attracting a nationally recognized research
343	center; and
344	(c) research and explore the appropriateness of including labor training centers and a
345	higher education presence on the point of the mountain state land.
346	Section 3. Section 17-27a-408 is amended to read:
347	17-27a-408. Moderate income housing report Contents Prioritization for
348	funds or projects Ineligibility for funds after noncompliance Civil actions.
349	(1) As used in this section:
350	(a) "Division" means the Housing and Community Development Division within the
351	Department of Workforce Services.
352	(b) "Implementation plan" means the implementation plan adopted as part of the
353	moderate income housing element of a specified county's general plan as provided in
354	Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(e).
355	(c) "Initial report" means the one-time moderate income housing report described in
356	Subsection (2).
357	(d) "Moderate income housing strategy" means a strategy described in Subsection
358	17-27a-403(2)(b)(ii).
359	(e) "Report" means an initial report or a subsequent report.
360	(f) "Specified county" means a county of the first, second, or third class, which has a
361	population of more than 5,000 in the county's unincorporated areas.
362	(g) "Subsequent progress report" means the annual moderate income housing report
363	described in Subsection (3).
364	(2) (a) The legislative body of a specified county shall annually submit an initial report
365	to the division.
366	(b) (i) This Subsection (2)(b) applies to a county that is not a specified county as of
367	January 1, 2023

368	(11) As of January 1, if a county described in Subsection (2)(b)(1) changes from one
369	class to another or grows in population to qualify as a specified county, the county
370	shall submit an initial plan to the division on or before August 1 of the first
371	calendar year beginning on January 1 in which the county qualifies as a specified
372	county.
373	(c) The initial report shall:
374	(i) identify each moderate income housing strategy selected by the specified county
375	for continued, ongoing, or one-time implementation, using the exact language
376	used to describe the moderate income housing strategy in Subsection 17-27a-403
377	(2)(b)(ii); and
378	(ii) include an implementation plan.
379	(3) (a) After the division approves a specified county's initial report under this section,
380	the specified county shall, as an administrative act, annually submit to the division a
381	subsequent progress report on or before August 1 of each year after the year in which
382	the specified county is required to submit the initial report.
383	(b) The subsequent progress report shall include:
384	(i) subject to Subsection (3)(c), a description of each action, whether one-time or
385	ongoing, taken by the specified county during the previous 12-month period to
386	implement the moderate income housing strategies identified in the initial report
387	for implementation;
388	(ii) a description of each land use regulation or land use decision made by the
389	specified county during the previous 12-month period to implement the moderate
390	income housing strategies, including an explanation of how the land use
391	regulation or land use decision supports the specified county's efforts to
392	implement the moderate income housing strategies;
393	(iii) a description of any barriers encountered by the specified county in the previous
394	12-month period in implementing the moderate income housing strategies;
395	(iv) the number of residential dwelling units that have been entitled that have not
396	received a building permit as of the submission date of the progress report;
397	(v) shapefiles, or website links if shapefiles are not available, to current maps and
398	tables related to zoning;
399	[(iv)] (vi) information regarding the number of internal and external or detached
100	accessory dwelling units located within the specified county for which the
401	specified county:

402	(A) issued a building permit to construct; or
403	(B) issued a business license or comparable license or permit to rent;
404	[(v)] (vii) a description of how the market has responded to the selected moderate
405	income housing strategies, including the number of entitled moderate income
406	housing units or other relevant data; and
407	[(vii)] (viii) any recommendations on how the state can support the specified county in
408	implementing the moderate income housing strategies.
409	(c) For purposes of describing actions taken by a specified county under Subsection
410	(3)(b)(i), the specified county may include an ongoing action taken by the specified
411	county prior to the 12-month reporting period applicable to the subsequent progress
412	report if the specified county:
413	(i) has already adopted an ordinance, approved a land use application, made an
414	investment, or approved an agreement or financing that substantially promotes the
415	implementation of a moderate income housing strategy identified in the initial
416	report; and
417	(ii) demonstrates in the subsequent progress report that the action taken under
418	Subsection (3)(c)(i) is relevant to making meaningful progress towards the
419	specified county's implementation plan.
420	(d) A specified county's report shall be in a form:
421	(i) approved by the division; and
422	(ii) made available by the division on or before May 1 of the year in which the report
423	is required.
424	(4) Within 90 days after the day on which the division receives a specified county's report,
425	the division shall:
426	(a) post the report on the division's website;
427	(b) send a copy of the report to the Department of Transportation, the Governor's Office
428	of Planning and Budget, the association of governments in which the specified
429	county is located, and, if the unincorporated area of the specified county is located
430	within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization, the appropriate
431	metropolitan planning organization; and
432	(c) subject to Subsection (5), review the report to determine compliance with this section.
433	(5) (a) An initial report does not comply with this section unless the report:
434	(i) includes the information required under Subsection (2)(c);
435	(ii) subject to Subsection (5)(c), demonstrates to the division that the specified county

436	made plans to implement three or more moderate income housing strategies; and
437	(iii) is in a form approved by the division.
438	(b) A subsequent progress report does not comply with this section unless the report:
439	(i) subject to Subsection (5)(c), demonstrates to the division that the specified county
440	made plans to implement three or more moderate income housing strategies;
441	(ii) is in a form approved by the division; and
442	(iii) provides sufficient information for the division to:
443	(A) assess the specified county's progress in implementing the moderate income
444	housing strategies;
445	(B) monitor compliance with the specified county's implementation plan;
446	(C) identify a clear correlation between the specified county's land use decisions
447	and efforts to implement the moderate income housing strategies;
448	(D) identify how the market has responded to the specified county's selected
449	moderate income housing strategies; and
450	(E) identify any barriers encountered by the specified county in implementing the
451	selected moderate income housing strategies.
452	(c) (i) This Subsection (5)(c) applies to a specified county that has created a small
453	public transit district, as defined in Section 17B-2a-802, on or before January 1,
454	2022.
455	(ii) In addition to the requirements of Subsections (5)(a) and (b), a report for a
456	specified county described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) does not comply with this
457	section unless the report demonstrates to the division that the specified county:
458	(A) made plans to implement the moderate income housing strategy described in
459	Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(b)(ii)(Q); and
460	(B) is in compliance with Subsection 63N-3-603(8).
461	(6) (a) A specified county qualifies for priority consideration under this Subsection (6) if
462	the specified county's report:
463	(i) complies with this section; and
464	(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified county made plans to implement
465	five or more moderate income housing strategies.
466	(b) The Transportation Commission may, in accordance with Subsection 72-1-304(3)(c),
467	give priority consideration to transportation projects located within the
468	unincorporated areas of a specified county described in Subsection (6)(a) until the
469	Department of Transportation receives notice from the division under Subsection

470	(6)(e).
471	(c) Upon determining that a specified county qualifies for priority consideration under
472	this Subsection (6), the division shall send a notice of prioritization to the legislative
473	body of the specified county and the Department of Transportation.
474	(d) The notice described in Subsection (6)(c) shall:
475	(i) name the specified county that qualifies for priority consideration;
476	(ii) describe the funds or projects for which the specified county qualifies to receive
477	priority consideration; and
478	(iii) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified county qualifies
479	for priority consideration.
480	(e) The division shall notify the legislative body of a specified county and the
481	Department of Transportation in writing if the division determines that the specified
482	county no longer qualifies for priority consideration under this Subsection (6).
483	(7) (a) If the division, after reviewing a specified county's report, determines that the
484	report does not comply with this section, the division shall send a notice of
485	noncompliance to the legislative body of the specified county.
486	(b) A specified county that receives a notice of noncompliance may:
487	(i) cure each deficiency in the report within 90 days after the day on which the notice
488	of noncompliance is sent; or
489	(ii) request an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within 10
490	days after the day on which the notice of noncompliance is sent.
491	(c) The notice described in Subsection (7)(a) shall:
492	(i) describe each deficiency in the report and the actions needed to cure each
493	deficiency;
494	(ii) state that the specified county has an opportunity to:
495	(A) submit to the division a corrected report that cures each deficiency in the
496	report within 90 days after the day on which the notice of noncompliance is
497	sent; or
498	(B) submit to the division a request for an appeal of the division's determination of
499	noncompliance within 10 days after the day on which the notice of
500	noncompliance is sent; and
501	(iii) state that failure to take action under Subsection (7)(c)(ii) will result in the
502	specified county's ineligibility for funds and fees owed under Subsection (9).
503	(d) For purposes of curing the deficiencies in a report under this Subsection (7) if the

504	action needed to cure the deficiency as described by the division requires the
505	specified county to make a legislative change, the specified county may cure the
506	deficiency by making that legislative change within the 90-day cure period.
507	(e) (i) If a specified county submits to the division a corrected report in accordance
508	with Subsection (7)(b)(i), and the division determines that the corrected report
509	does not comply with this section, the division shall send a second notice of
510	noncompliance to the legislative body of the specified county.
511	(ii) A specified county that receives a second notice of noncompliance may request
512	an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within 10 days after
513	the day on which the second notice of noncompliance is sent.
514	(iii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(e)(i) shall:
515	(A) state that the specified county has an opportunity to submit to the division a
516	request for an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within
517	10 days after the day on which the second notice of noncompliance is sent; and
518	(B) state that failure to take action under Subsection (7)(e)(iii)(A) will result in the
519	specified county's ineligibility for funds under Subsection (9).
520	(8) (a) A specified county that receives a notice of noncompliance under Subsection
521	(7)(a) or (7)(e)(i) may request an appeal of the division's determination of
522	noncompliance within 10 days after the day on which the notice of noncompliance is
523	sent.
524	(b) Within 90 days after the day on which the division receives a request for an appeal,
525	an appeal board consisting of the following three members shall review and issue a
526	written decision on the appeal:
527	(i) one individual appointed by the Utah Association of Counties;
528	(ii) one individual appointed by the Utah Homebuilders Association; and
529	(iii) one individual appointed by the presiding member of the association of
530	governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement under Title 11,
531	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which the specified county is a member
532	(c) The written decision of the appeal board shall either uphold or reverse the division's
533	determination of noncompliance.
534	(d) The appeal board's written decision on the appeal is final.
535	(9) (a) A specified county is ineligible for funds and owes a fee under this Subsection (9)
536	if:
537	(i) the specified county fails to submit a report to the division;

538	(ii) after submitting a report to the division, the division determines that the report
539	does not comply with this section and the specified county fails to:
540	(A) cure each deficiency in the report within 90 days after the day on which the
541	notice of noncompliance is sent; or
542	(B) request an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within 10
543	days after the day on which the notice of noncompliance is sent;
544	(iii) after submitting to the division a corrected report to cure the deficiencies in a [
545	previously-submitted] previously submitted report, the division determines that the
546	corrected report does not comply with this section and the specified county fails to
547	request an appeal of the division's determination of noncompliance within 10 days
548	after the day on which the second notice of noncompliance is sent; or
549	(iv) after submitting a request for an appeal under Subsection (8), the appeal board
550	issues a written decision upholding the division's determination of noncompliance.
551	(b) The following apply to a specified county described in Subsection (9)(a) until the
552	division provides notice under Subsection (9)(e):
553	(i) the executive director of the Department of Transportation may not program funds
554	from the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005, including the Transit
555	Transportation Investment Fund, to projects located within the unincorporated
556	areas of the specified county in accordance with Subsection 72-2-124(6);
557	(ii) beginning with the report submitted in 2024, the specified county shall pay a fee
558	to the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund in the amount of \$250 per day that the
559	specified county:
560	(A) fails to submit the report to the division in accordance with this section,
561	beginning the day after the day on which the report was due; or
562	(B) fails to cure the deficiencies in the report, beginning the day after the day by
563	which the cure was required to occur as described in the notice of
564	noncompliance under Subsection (7); and
565	(iii) beginning with the report submitted in 2025, the specified county shall pay a fee
566	to the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund in the amount of \$500 per day that the
567	specified county, for a consecutive year:
568	(A) fails to submit the report to the division in accordance with this section,
569	beginning the day after the day on which the report was due; or
570	(B) fails to cure the deficiencies in the report, beginning the day after the day by
571	which the cure was required to occur as described in the notice of

572	noncompliance under Subsection (7).
573	(c) Upon determining that a specified county is ineligible for funds under this
574	Subsection (9), and is required to pay a fee under Subsection (9)(b), if applicable, the
575	division shall send a notice of ineligibility to the legislative body of the specified
576	county, the Department of Transportation, the State Tax Commission, and the
577	Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
578	(d) The notice described in Subsection (9)(c) shall:
579	(i) name the specified county that is ineligible for funds;
580	(ii) describe the funds for which the specified county is ineligible to receive;
581	(iii) describe the fee the specified county is required to pay under Subsection (9)(b),
582	if applicable; and
583	(iv) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified county is
584	ineligible for funds.
585	(e) The division shall notify the legislative body of a specified county and the
586	Department of Transportation in writing if the division determines that the provisions
587	of this Subsection (9) no longer apply to the specified county.
588	(f) The division may not determine that a specified county that is required to pay a fee
589	under Subsection (9)(b) is in compliance with the reporting requirements of this
590	section until the specified county pays all outstanding fees required under Subsection
591	(9)(b) to the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, created under Title 35A, Chapter 8,
592	Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
593	(10) In a civil action seeking enforcement or claiming a violation of this section or of
594	Subsection 17-27a-404(5)(c), a plaintiff may not recover damages but may be awarded
595	only injunctive or other equitable relief.
596	Section 4. Section 17C-1-102 is amended to read:
597	17C-1-102 . Definitions.
598	As used in this title:
599	(1) "Active project area" means a project area that has not been dissolved in accordance
600	with Section 17C-1-702.
601	(2) "Adjusted tax increment" means the percentage of tax increment, if less than 100%,
602	that an agency is authorized to receive:
603	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-403, excluding tax
604	increment under Subsection 17C-1-403(3);
605	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-404, excluding tax

606		increment under Section 17C-1-406;
607		(c) under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee; or
608		(d) under an interlocal agreement that authorizes the agency to receive a taxing entity's
609		tax increment.
610	(3)	"Affordable housing" means housing owned or occupied by a low or moderate income
611		family, as determined by resolution of the agency.
612	(4)	"Agency" or "community reinvestment agency" means a separate body corporate and
613		politic, created under Section 17C-1-201.5 or as a redevelopment agency or community
614		development and renewal agency under previous law:
615		(a) that is a political subdivision of the state;
616		(b) that is created to undertake or promote project area development as provided in this
617		title; and
618		(c) whose geographic boundaries are coterminous with:
619		(i) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and
620		(ii) for an agency created by a municipality, the boundaries of the municipality.
621	(5)	"Agency funds" means money that an agency collects or receives for agency operations,
622		implementing a project area plan or an implementation plan as defined in Section
623		17C-1-1001, or other agency purposes, including:
624		(a) project area funds;
625		(b) income, proceeds, revenue, or property derived from or held in connection with the
626		agency's undertaking and implementation of project area development or
627		agency-wide project development as defined in Section 17C-1-1001;
628		(c) a contribution, loan, grant, or other financial assistance from any public or private
629		source;
630		(d) project area incremental revenue as defined in Section 17C-1-1001; or
631		(e) property tax revenue as defined in Section 17C-1-1001.
632	(6)	"Annual income" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the United
633		States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 5.609, as
634		amended or as superseded by replacement regulations.
635	(7)	"Assessment roll" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.
636	(8)	"Base taxable value" means, unless otherwise adjusted in accordance with provisions of
637		this title, a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized
638		during the base year.

(9) "Base year" means, except as provided in Subsection 17C-1-402(4)(c), the year during

639

640	which the assessment roll is last equalized:
641	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area plan,
642	before the project area plan's effective date;
643	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area plan,
644	or a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
645	committee:
646	(i) before the date on which the taxing entity committee approves the project area
647	budget; or
648	(ii) if taxing entity committee approval is not required for the project area budget,
649	before the date on which the community legislative body adopts the project area
650	plan;
651	(c) for a project on an inactive airport site, after the later of:
652	(i) the date on which the inactive airport site is sold for remediation and
653	development; or
654	(ii) the date on which the airport that operated on the inactive airport site ceased
655	operations; or
656	(d) for a community development project area plan or a community reinvestment project
657	area plan that is subject to an interlocal agreement, as described in the interlocal
658	agreement.
659	(10) "Basic levy" means the portion of a school district's tax levy constituting the minimum
660	basic levy under Section 59-2-902.
661	(11) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as described in Section 17C-1-203.
662	(12) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area budget required
663	under Subsection 17C-2-201(2)(d) for an urban renewal project area budget, Subsection
664	17C-3-201(2)(d) for an economic development project area budget, or Subsection
665	17C-5-302(2)(e) for a community reinvestment project area budget.
666	(13) "Closed military base" means land within a former military base that the Defense Base
667	Closure and Realignment Commission has voted to close or realign when that action has
668	been sustained by the president of the United States and Congress.
669	(14) "Combined incremental value" means the combined total of all incremental values
670	from all project areas, except project areas that contain some or all of a military
671	installation or inactive industrial site, within the agency's boundaries under project area
672	plans and project area budgets at the time that a project area budget for a new project
673	area is being considered.

- 674 (15) "Community" means a county or municipality.
- 675 (16) "Community development project area plan" means a project area plan adopted under
- 676 Chapter 4, Part 1, Community Development Project Area Plan.
- 677 (17) "Community legislative body" means the legislative body of the community that
- created the agency.
- 679 (18) "Community reinvestment project area plan" means a project area plan adopted under
- Chapter 5, Part 1, Community Reinvestment Project Area Plan.
- 681 (19) "Contest" means to file a written complaint in the district court of the county in which
- the agency is located.
- 683 (20) "Development impediment" means a condition of an area that meets the requirements
- described in Section 17C-2-303 for an urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-405
- for a community reinvestment project area.
- 686 (21) "Development impediment hearing" means a public hearing regarding whether a
- development impediment exists within a proposed:
- (a) urban renewal project area under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C) and Section
- 689 17C-2-302; or
- (b) community reinvestment project area under Section 17C-5-404.
- 691 (22) "Development impediment study" means a study to determine whether a development
- impediment exists within a survey area as described in Section 17C-2-301 for an urban
- renewal project area or Section 17C-5-403 for a community reinvestment project area.
- 694 (23) "Economic development project area plan" means a project area plan adopted under
- 695 Chapter 3, Part 1, Economic Development Project Area Plan.
- 696 (24) "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:
- (a) for a municipality, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the
- municipality that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the
- percentage of all housing units within the county in which the municipality is located
- that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units; or
- (b) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing
- units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted
- housing units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are
- 704 publicly subsidized income targeted housing units.
- 705 (25) "Family" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the United States
- Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Section 5.403, as amended
- or as superseded by replacement regulations.

708	(26) "Greenfield" means land not developed beyond agricultural, range, or forestry use.	
709	(27) "Hazardous waste" means any substance defined, regulated, or listed as a hazardous	
710	substance, hazardous material, hazardous waste, toxic waste, pollutant, contaminant, or	
711	toxic substance, or identified as hazardous to human health or the environment, under	
712	state or federal law or regulation.	
713	(28) "Housing allocation" means project area funds allocated for housing under Section	
714	17C-2-203, 17C-3-202, or 17C-5-307 for the purposes described in Section 17C-1-412.	
715	(29) "Housing fund" means a fund created by an agency for purposes described in Section	
716	17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412 that is comprised of:	
717	(a) project area funds, project area incremental revenue as defined in Section 17C-1-1001,	
718	or property tax revenue as defined in Section 17C-1-1001 allocated for the purposes	
719	described in Section 17C-1-411; or	
720	(b) an agency's housing allocation.	
721	(30) (a) "Inactive airport site" means land that:	
722	(i) consists of at least 100 acres;	
723	(ii) is occupied by an airport:	
724	(A) (I) that is no longer in operation as an airport; or	
725	(II) (Aa) that is scheduled to be decommissioned; and	
726	(Bb) for which a replacement commercial service airport is under	
727	construction; and	
728	(B) that is owned or was formerly owned and operated by a public entity; and	
729	(iii) requires remediation because:	
730	(A) of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste; or	
731	(B) the site lacks sufficient public infrastructure and facilities, including public	
732	roads, electric service, water system, and sewer system, needed to support	
733	development of the site.	
734	(b) "Inactive airport site" includes a perimeter of up to 2,500 feet around the land	
735	described in Subsection (30)(a).	
736	(31) (a) "Inactive industrial site" means land that:	
737	(i) consists of at least 1,000 acres;	
738	(ii) is occupied by an inactive or abandoned factory, smelter, or other heavy industrial	
739	facility; and	
740	(iii) requires remediation because of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste.	
741	(b) "Inactive industrial site" includes a perimeter of up to 1,500 feet around the land	

- 742 described in Subsection (31)(a).
- 743 (32) "Income targeted housing" means housing that is[-]:
- 744 (a) owned and occupied by a family whose annual income is at or below 120% of the
- median annual income for a family within the county in which the housing is located;
- 746 or
- 747 (b) occupied by a family whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual
- income for a family within the county in which the housing is located.
- 749 (33) "Incremental value" means a figure derived by multiplying the marginal value of the
- property located within a project area on which tax increment is collected by a number
- 751 that represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is paid to the
- agency.
- 753 (34) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board, established
- under Title 35A, Chapter 8, Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
- 755 (35) (a) "Local government building" means a building owned and operated by a
- community for the primary purpose of providing one or more primary community
- 757 functions, including:
- 758 (i) a fire station;
- 759 (ii) a police station;
- 760 (iii) a city hall; or
- 761 (iv) a court or other judicial building.
- (b) "Local government building" does not include a building the primary purpose of
- which is cultural or recreational in nature.
- 764 (36) "Major transit investment corridor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 765 10-9a-103.
- 766 (37) "Marginal value" means the difference between actual taxable value and base taxable
- 767 value.
- 768 (38) "Military installation project area" means a project area or a portion of a project area
- 769 located within a federal military installation ordered closed by the federal Defense Base
- Realignment and Closure Commission.
- 771 (39) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township as defined in Section 10-2a-403.
- 772 (40) "Participant" means one or more persons that enter into a participation agreement with
- an agency.
- 774 (41) "Participation agreement" means a written agreement between a person and an agency
- 775 that:

- (a) includes a description of:
- (i) the project area development that the person will undertake;
- (ii) the amount of project area funds the person may receive; and
- (iii) the terms and conditions under which the person may receive project area funds;

780 and

- (b) is approved by resolution of the board.
- 782 (42) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area plan required
- under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(vi) for an urban renewal project area plan, Subsection
- 784 17C-3-102(1)(d) for an economic development project area plan, Subsection 17C-4-102
- 785 (1)(d) for a community development project area plan, or Subsection 17C-5-104(3)(e)
- for a community reinvestment project area plan.
- 787 (43) "Post-June 30, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted on or after
- July 1, 1993, and before May 10, 2016, whether or not amended subsequent to the
- 789 project area plan's adoption.
- 790 (44) "Pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted before July 1,
- 791 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to the project area plan's adoption.
- 792 (45) "Private," with respect to real property, means property not owned by a public entity or
- any other governmental entity.
- 794 (46) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan within which
- the project area development described in the project area plan takes place or is
- proposed to take place.
- 797 (47) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative revenues
- and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a project area prepared in accordance
- 799 with:
- 800 (a) for an urban renewal project area, Section 17C-2-201;
- (b) for an economic development project area, Section 17C-3-201;
- 802 (c) for a community development project area, Section 17C-4-204; or
- 803 (d) for a community reinvestment project area, Section 17C-5-302.
- 804 (48) "Project area development" means activity within a project area that, as determined by
- the board, encourages, promotes, or provides development or redevelopment for the
- purpose of implementing a project area plan, including:
- 807 (a) promoting, creating, or retaining public or private jobs within the state or a
- 808 community;
- (b) providing office, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, parking, or other

810	facilities or improvements;
811	(c) planning, designing, demolishing, clearing, constructing, rehabilitating, or
812	remediating environmental issues;
813	(d) providing residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or spaces,
814	including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to the structures
815	or spaces;
816	(e) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating
817	existing structures;
818	(f) providing open space, including streets or other public grounds or space around
819	buildings;
820	(g) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, or improvements;
821	(h) relocating a business;
822	(i) improving public or private recreation areas or other public grounds;
823	(j) eliminating a development impediment or the causes of a development impediment
824	(k) redevelopment as defined under the law in effect before May 1, 2006; or
825	(l) any activity described in this Subsection (48) outside of a project area that the board
826	determines to be a benefit to the project area.
827	(49) "Project area funds" means tax increment or sales and use tax revenue that an agency
828	receives under a project area budget adopted by a taxing entity committee or an
829	interlocal agreement.
830	(50) "Project area funds collection period" means the period of time that:
831	(a) begins the day on which the first payment of project area funds is distributed to an
832	agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an
833	interlocal agreement; and
834	(b) ends the day on which the last payment of project area funds is distributed to an
835	agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an
836	interlocal agreement.
837	(51) "Project area plan" means an urban renewal project area plan, an economic
838	development project area plan, a community development project area plan, or a
839	community reinvestment project area plan that, after the project area plan's effective
840	date, guides and controls the project area development.
841	(52) (a) "Property tax" means each levy on an ad valorem basis on tangible or intangible
842	personal or real property.
843	(b) "Property tax" includes a privilege tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 4, Privilege

844	Tax.
845	(53) "Public entity" means:
846	(a) the United States, including an agency of the United States;
847	(b) the state, including any of the state's departments or agencies; or
848	(c) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, municipality, school district,
849	special district, special service district, community reinvestment agency, or interlocal
850	cooperation entity.
851	(54) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer, storm
852	drainage, electrical, natural gas, telecommunication, or other similar systems and lines,
853	streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation
854	facilities, or other facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and
855	to be publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated.
856	(55) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of real
857	property, as shown on the records of the county in which the property is located, to
858	whom the property's tax notice is sent.
859	(56) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is:
860	(a) generated from a tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and
861	(b) distributed to a taxing entity in accordance with Sections 59-12-204 and 59-12-205.
862	(57) "Superfund site":
863	(a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive
864	Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
865	9605; and
866	(b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in
867	Subsection (57)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on
868	site the waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List.
869	(58) "Survey area" means a geographic area designated for study by a survey area
870	resolution to determine whether:
871	(a) one or more project areas within the survey area are feasible; or
872	(b) a development impediment exists within the survey area.
873	(59) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by a board that designates a
874	survey area.
875	(60) "Taxable value" means:
876	(a) the taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in accordance with
877	Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;

878	(b) the taxable value of all real and personal property the commission assesses in	
879	accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current	
880	year; and	
881	(c) the year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor assesses in	
882	accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the	
883	prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.	
884	(61) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between:	
885	(i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from	
886	the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from	
887	which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the	
888	property and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section	
889	59-2-924; and	
890	(ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area	
891	using the base taxable value of the property and each taxing entity's current	
892	certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924.	
893	(b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section 59-2-1602	
894	on or after January 1, 1994, upon the taxable property in the project area unless:	
895	(i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project	
896	area plan was subsequently amended; and	
897	(ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual	
898	obligations of the agency.	
899	(62) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that:	
900	(a) levies a tax on property located within a project area; or	
901	(b) imposes a sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.	
902	(63) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of taxing	
903	entities, created in accordance with Section 17C-1-402.	
904	(64) "Unincorporated" means not within a municipality.	
905	(65) "Urban renewal project area plan" means a project area plan adopted under Chapter 2,	
906	Part 1, Urban Renewal Project Area Plan.	
907	Section 5. Section 17C-1-412 is amended to read:	
908	17C-1-412. Use of housing allocation Separate accounting required Issuance	
909	of bonds for housing Action to compel agency to provide housing allocation.	
910	(1) (a) An agency shall use the agency's housing allocation to:	
911	(i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing	

912	within the boundary of the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development
913	or area;
914	(ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the
915	boundary of the agency;
916	(iii) lend, grant, or contribute money to a person, public entity, housing authority,
917	private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for income targeted housing
918	within the boundary of the agency;
919	(iv) plan or otherwise promote income targeted housing within the boundary of the
920	agency;
921	(v) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of
922	any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including
923	infrastructure improvements, related to housing located in a project area where a
924	board has determined that a development impediment exists;
925	(vi) replace housing units lost as a result of the project area development;
926	(vii) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
927	(A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides
928	income targeted housing within the community; and
929	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the
930	purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
931	(viii) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project
932	area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
933	(A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing
934	authority that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
935	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the
936	purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
937	(ix) relocate mobile home park residents displaced by project area development;
938	(x) subject to Subsection (7), transfer funds to a community that created the agency;
939	or
940	(xi) pay for or make a contribution toward the acquisition, construction, or
941	rehabilitation of housing that:
942	(A) is located in the same county as the agency;
943	(B) is owned in whole or in part by, or is dedicated to supporting, a public
944	nonprofit college or university; and
945	(C) only students of the relevant college or university, including the students'

946	immediate families, occupy.
947	(b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), an agency may pay all or
948	any portion of the agency's housing allocation to:
949	(i) the community for use as described in Subsection (1)(a);
950	(ii) a housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community
951	for use in providing income targeted housing within the community;
952	(iii) a housing authority established by the county in which the agency is located for
953	providing:
954	(A) income targeted housing within the county;
955	(B) permanent housing, permanent supportive housing, or a transitional facility, as
956	defined in Section 35A-5-302, within the county; or
957	(C) homeless assistance within the county;
958	(iv) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 35A, Chapter 8,
959	Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted
960	housing within the community;
961	(v) pay for or make a contribution toward the acquisition, construction, or
962	rehabilitation of income targeted housing that is outside of the community if the
963	housing is located along or near a major transit investment corridor that services
964	the community and the related project has been approved by the community in
965	which the housing is or will be located; [or]
966	(vi) pay for or make a contribution toward the acquisition, construction, or
967	rehabilitation of income targeted housing that is outside of the community if there
968	is an interlocal agreement between the agency and the receiving community; or
969	[(vi)] (vii) pay for or make a contribution toward the expansion of child care facilities
970	within the boundary of the agency, provided that any recipient of funds from the
971	agency's housing allocation reports annually to the agency on how the funds were
972	used.
973	(2) (a) An agency may combine all or any portion of the agency's housing allocation
974	with all or any portion of one or more additional agency's housing allocations if the
975	agencies execute an interlocal agreement in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13,
976	Interlocal Cooperation Act.
977	(b) An agency that has entered into an interlocal agreement as described in Subsection
978	(2)(a), meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) if the use of the housing
979	allocation meets the requirements for at least one agency that is a party to the

980	interlocal agreement.	
981	(3) The agency shall create a housing fund and	separately account for the agency's housing
982	allocation, together with all interest earned l	by the housing allocation and all payments or
983	repayments for loans, advances, or grants fr	om the housing allocation.
984	(4) An agency may:	
985	(a) issue bonds to finance a housing-related	project under this section, including the
986	payment of principal and interest upon a	advances for surveys and plans or preliminary
987	loans; and	
988	(b) issue refunding bonds for the payment of	or retirement of bonds under Subsection
989	(4)(a) previously issued by the agency.	
990	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)	, an agency shall allocate money to the
991	housing fund each year in which the agency	receives sufficient tax increment to make
992	a housing allocation required by the project	area budget.
993	(b) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply in a ye	ar in which tax increment is insufficient.
994	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)	, if an agency fails to provide a housing
995	allocation in accordance with the project are	ea budget and the housing plan adopted
996	under Subsection 17C-2-204(2), the loan fu	nd board may bring legal action to
997	compel the agency to provide the housing al	location.
998	(b) In an action under Subsection (6)(a), the	e court:
999	(i) shall award the loan fund board reas	onable attorney fees, unless the court finds
1000	that the action was frivolous; and	
1001	(ii) may not award the agency the agen	cy's attorney fees, unless the court finds that
1002	the action was frivolous.	
1003	(7) For the purpose of offsetting the community	's annual local contribution to the Homeless
1004	Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Accoun	t, the total amount an agency transfers in a
1005	calendar year to a community under Subsec	tions $(1)(a)(x)$, 17C-1-409 $(1)(a)(v)$, and
1006	17C-1-411(1)(d) may not exceed the comm	unity's annual local contribution as defined
1007	in Subsection 59-12-205(4).	
1008	(8) An agency shall spend, encumber, or allot the	ne money contributed to the housing fund
1009	under Subsection (5)(a) within six years from	m the day on which the agency first receives
1010	the money.	
1011	Section 6. Section 35A-8-504 is amended	I to read:
1012	35A-8-504 . Distribution of fund money	•
1013	(1) As used in this section:	

1014 (a) "Community" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. 1015 (b) "Income targeted housing" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1016 17C-1-102. 1017 (2) The executive director shall: 1018 (a) make grants and loans from the fund for any of the activities authorized by Section 1019 35A-8-505, as directed by the board; 1020 (b) establish the criteria with the approval of the board by which loans and grants will be 1021 made: and 1022 (c) determine with the approval of the board the order in which projects will be funded. 1023 (3) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any federal money 1024 contained in the fund according to the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed 1025 upon the use of the money by the federal government. 1026 (4) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any funds received under Section 17C-1-412 to pay the costs of providing income targeted housing within 1027 1028 the community that created the community reinvestment agency under Title 17C. 1029 Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act. 1030 (5) Except for federal money, money received under Section 17C-1-412, and money 1031 appropriated for use in accordance with Section 35A-8-2105, the executive director shall 1032 distribute, as directed by the board, money in the fund according to the following 1033 requirements: 1034 (a) the executive director shall distribute at least 70% of the money in the fund to benefit 1035 persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for 1036 the state; 1037 (b) the executive director may use up to [3] 6% of the revenues of the fund, including 1038 any appropriation to the fund, to offset department or board administrative expenses; 1039 (c) the executive director shall distribute any remaining money in the fund to benefit 1040 persons whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median family income for 1041 the state; and 1042 (d) if the executive director or the executive director's designee makes a loan in 1043 accordance with this section, the interest rate of the loan shall be based on the 1044 borrower's ability to pay. 1045 (6) The executive director may, with the approval of the board: 1046 (a) enact rules to establish procedures for the grant and loan process by following the 1047 procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

1048	Rulemaking Act; and
1049	(b) service or contract, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, for the
1050	servicing of loans made by the fund.
1051	Section 7. Section 35A-8-2401 is amended to read:
1052	35A-8-2401 . Pass-through funding agreements Accounting for expenditures of
1053	a housing organization.
1054	(1) As used in this section:
1055	(a) "Housing organization" means an entity that:
1056	(i) manages a portfolio of investments;
1057	(ii) is dedicated to the preservation, enhancement, improvement, and rehabilitation of
1058	affordable housing through property investment; and
1059	(iii) is controlled by a registered nonprofit.
1060	(b) "Pass-through funding" means state money appropriated by the Legislature to the
1061	department with the intent that the department grant or otherwise disburse the state
1062	money to a third party.
1063	(c) "Rural" means the same as that term is defined in Section 35A-8-501.
1064	(2) (a) This section applies to funds appropriated by the Legislature to the department
1065	for pass-through to [the Utah Housing Preservation Fund] a housing organization.
1066	(b) The department shall ensure that pass-through funding granted or distributed before
1067	May 1, 2024 to a housing organization is subject to an agreement as described in this
1068	section, either through amending existing agreements or canceling existing
1069	agreements and issuing new agreements.
1070	(3) (a) The department shall create agreements governing the use of pass-through
1071	funding as described in this section.
1072	(b) Before a housing organization may accept pass-through funding pursuant to this
1073	section, the entity shall enter into an agreement with the department governing the
1074	use of pass-through funding.
1075	(4) An agreement for pass-through funding shall require, at a minimum:
1076	(a) the housing organization match pass-through funding with private funding at no less
1077	than a 70% private, 30% state split;
1078	(b) all pass-through funding be used by the housing organization to invest in housing
1079	units that are rented at rates affordable to households with an annual income at or
1080	below 80% of the area median income for a family within the county in which the
1081	housing is located;

1082	(c) that 50% of pass-through funding be used by the housing organization to invest in
1083	housing units that are rented at rates affordable to households with an annual income
1084	at or below 50% of the area median income for a family within the county in which
1085	the housing is located;
1086	(d) that at least 30% of pass-through funding be used by the housing organization to
1087	invest in housing units that are located in a rural county;
1088	(e) that any property purchased with pass-through funding be subject to a deed
1089	restriction for a minimum of 40 years to ensure the property remains a rental property
1090	affordable to households as described in Subsection (4)(b);
1091	(f) that returns on investment generated by pass-through funding shall be reinvested by
1092	the housing organization the same as if the returns on investment are pass-through
1093	funding; and
1094	(g) that the housing organization shall provide the division with the following
1095	information at the end of each fiscal year:
1096	(i) the housing organization's annual audit, including:
1097	(A) a third-party independent auditor's findings on the housing organization's
1098	compliance with this section and the terms of the housing organization's
1099	agreement for pass-through funding; and
1100	(B) the audited financial statements for a legal entity used by the housing
1101	organization to carry out activities authorized by this section;
1102	(ii) allocation of pass-through funds by county and housing type;
1103	(iii) progress and status of funded projects; and
1104	(iv) impact of pass-through funds on the availability of affordable housing across the
1105	state and by region.
1106	[(2)] (5) The department shall include in the annual written report described in Section
1107	35A-1-109 a report accounting for the expenditures authorized by [the Utah Housing
1108	Preservation Fund] a housing organization pursuant to an agreement with the department.
1109	Section 8. Section 59-7-538 is amended to read:
1110	59-7-538. Carry forward of expired or repealed tax credit.
1111	(1) [When] Except as provided in Subsection (2), when a nonrefundable corporate income
1112	tax credit under Part 6, Credits, expires or is repealed, the commission shall allow a
1113	taxpayer to carry forward any amount of the tax credit that remains for the period of
1114	time described in the tax credit for the taxable year in which the taxpayer first claimed
1115	the tax credit.

1116	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a tax credit described in Subsection 59-7-607(2)(c)(iv).
1117	Section 9. Section 59-7-607 is amended to read:
1118	59-7-607 . Utah low-income housing tax credit.
1119	(1) As used in this section:
1120	(a) "Allocation certificate" means a certificate in a form prescribed by the commission
1121	and issued by the corporation to a housing sponsor that specifies the aggregate
1122	amount of the tax credit awarded under this section to a qualified development and
1123	includes:
1124	(i) the aggregate annual amount of the tax credit awarded that may be claimed by one
1125	or more qualified taxpayers; and
1126	(ii) the credit period over which the tax credit may be claimed by one or more
1127	qualified taxpayers.
1128	(b) "Building" means a qualified low-income building as defined in Section 42(c),
1129	Internal Revenue Code.
1130	(c) "Corporation" means the Utah Housing Corporation created in Section 63H-8-201.
1131	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), "credit period" means the same as that term
1132	is defined in Section 42(f)(1), Internal Revenue Code.
1133	(e) "Designated reporter" means, as selected by a housing sponsor, the housing sponsor
1134	or one of the housing sponsor's direct or indirect partners, members, or shareholders
1135	that will provide information to the commission regarding the allocation of tax
1136	credits under this section.
1137	(f) "Federal low-income housing tax credit" means the federal tax credit described in
1138	Section 42, Internal Revenue Code.
1139	(g) "Housing sponsor" means an entity that owns a qualified development.
1140	(h) "Pass-through entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1402.
1141	(i) Subject to Subsection (1)(i)(ii), "pass-through entity taxpayer" means the same
1142	as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1402.
1143	(ii) The determination of whether a pass-through entity taxpayer is considered a
1144	partner, member, or shareholder of a pass-through entity shall be made in
1145	accordance with applicable state law governing the pass-through entity.
1146	(j) "Qualified allocation plan" means a qualified allocation plan adopted by the
1147	corporation in accordance with Section 42(m), Internal Revenue Code.
1148	(k) "Qualified development" means a "qualified low-income housing project":
1149	(i) as defined in Section 42(g)(1), Internal Revenue Code; and

1150	(ii) that is located in the state.
1151	(l) (i) "Qualified taxpayer" means a person that:
1152	(A) owns a direct interest or an indirect interest, through one or more pass-through
1153	entities, in a qualified development; and
1154	(B) meets the requirements to claim a tax credit under this section.
1155	(ii) "Qualified taxpayer" includes a pass-through entity taxpayer to which a tax credit
1156	under this section is passed through by a pass-through entity.
1157	(2) (a) A qualified taxpayer may claim a nonrefundable tax credit under this section
1158	against taxes otherwise due under this chapter, Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on
1159	Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act,
1160	or Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers.
1161	(b) The tax credit shall be in an amount equal to the tax credit amount specified on the
1162	allocation certificate that the corporation issues to a housing sponsor under this
1163	section.
1164	(c) (i) For a calendar year beginning on or before December 31, 2016, the aggregate
1165	annual tax credit that the corporation may allocate for each year of the credit
1166	period pursuant to this section and Section 59-10-1010 is an amount equal to the
1167	product of:
1168	(A) 12.5 cents; and
1169	(B) the population of Utah.
1170	(ii) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but beginning on or
1171	before December 31, 2022, the aggregate annual tax credit that the corporation
1172	may allocate for each year of the credit period pursuant to this section and Section
1173	59-10-1010 is an amount equal to the product of:
1174	(A) 34.5 cents; and
1175	(B) the population of Utah.
1176	(iii) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2023, but beginning on or
1177	before December 31, 2028, the aggregate annual tax credit that the corporation
1178	may allocate for each year of the credit period pursuant to this section and Section
1179	59-10-1010 is \$10,000,000.
1180	(iv) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2024, in addition to the
1181	amount of annual tax credits available for allocation as described in Subsections
1182	(2)(c)(i) through (2)(c)(iii), the corporation shall have the following tax credit
1183	amounts available for allocation:

1184	(A) any tax credits allocated in a calendar year that are subsequently returned to
1185	the corporation or recaptured by the corporation may be allocated in the
1186	following year, except no tax credits under this Subsection (2)(c)(iv) shall be
1187	allocated after December 31, 2028; and
1188	(B) if the actual amount of tax credits allocated in a calendar year to qualified
1189	developments is less than the total amount of credits available to be allocated
1190	to qualified developments, the balance of the credits but no more than 15% of
1191	the total amount of credits available for allocation to qualified developments
1192	may be allocated by the corporation to qualified developments in the following
1193	calendar year, except no tax credits under this Subsection (2)(c)(iv) shall be
1194	allocated after December 31, 2028.
1195	[(iv)] (v) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2029, the aggregate
1196	annual tax credit that the corporation may allocate for each year of the credit
1197	period pursuant to this section and Section 59-10-1010 is the amount described in
1198	Subsection (2)(c)(ii).
1199	[(vi)] (vi) For purposes of this Subsection (2)(c), the population of Utah shall be
1200	determined in accordance with Section 146(j), Internal Revenue Code.
1201	(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(ii), a qualified taxpayer that is a pass-through
1202	entity may allocate a tax credit under this section to one or more of the
1203	pass-through entity's pass-through entity taxpayers in any manner agreed upon,
1204	regardless of whether:
1205	(A) the pass-through entity taxpayer is eligible to claim any portion of a federal
1206	low-income housing tax credit for the qualified development;
1207	(B) the allocation of the tax credit has substantial economic effect within the
1208	meaning of Section 704(b), Internal Revenue Code; or
1209	(C) the pass-through entity taxpayer is considered a partner for federal income tax
1210	purposes.
1211	(ii) With respect to a tax year, a qualified taxpayer that is a pass-through entity
1212	taxpayer may claim a tax credit allocated to the qualified taxpayer by a
1213	pass-through entity under Subsection (2)(d)(i) so long as the qualified taxpayer's
1214	ownership interest in the pass-through entity is:
1215	(A) acquired on or before December 31 of the tax year to which the tax credit
1216	relates; and
1217	(B) reflected in the report required in Subsection (6)(b) for the tax year to which

1218	the tax credit relates.
1219	(e) If a qualified taxpayer that is a pass-through entity taxpayer assigns to another
1220	taxpayer the pass-through entity taxpayer's ownership interest in a pass-through
1221	entity, including the pass-through entity taxpayer's interest in the tax credit associated
1222	with the ownership interest, the assignee shall be considered a qualified taxpayer and
1223	may claim the tax credit so long as the assignee's ownership interest in the
1224	pass-through entity is:
1225	(i) acquired on or before December 31 of the tax year to which the tax credit relates;
1226	and
1227	(ii) reflected in the report required in Subsection (6)(b) for the tax year to which the
1228	tax credit relates.
1229	(3) (a) The corporation shall determine criteria and procedures for allocating the tax
1230	credit under this section and Section 59-10-1010 and incorporate the criteria and
1231	procedures into the corporation's qualified allocation plan.
1232	(b) The corporation shall create the criteria under Subsection (3)(a) based on:
1233	(i) the number of affordable housing units to be created in Utah for low and moderate
1234	income persons in a qualified development;
1235	(ii) the level of area median income being served by a qualified development;
1236	(iii) the need for the tax credit for the economic feasibility of a qualified
1237	development; and
1238	(iv) the extended period for which a qualified development commits to remain as
1239	affordable housing.
1240	(4) Any housing sponsor may apply to the corporation for a tax credit allocation under this
1241	section.
1242	(5) (a) (i) The corporation shall determine the amount of the tax credit to allocate to a
1243	qualified development in accordance with the qualified allocation plan.
1244	(ii) (A) Before the allocation certificate is issued to the housing sponsor, the
1245	corporation shall send to the housing sponsor written notice of the corporation's
1246	preliminary determination of the tax credit amount to be allocated to the
1247	qualified development.
1248	(B) The notice described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(A) shall specify the corporation's
1249	preliminary determination of the tax credit amount to be allocated to the
1250	qualified development for each year of the credit period and state that
1251	allocation of the tax credit is contingent upon the issuance of an allocation

1252	certificate.
1253	(iii) Upon approving a final cost certification in accordance with the qualified
1254	allocation plan, the corporation shall issue an allocation certificate to the housing
1255	sponsor as evidence of the allocation.
1256	(iv) The amount of the tax credit specified in an allocation certificate may not exceed
1257	100% of the federal low-income housing tax credit awarded to a qualified
1258	development.
1259	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), if a housing sponsor applies to the
1260	corporation for a tax credit under this section and an allocation certificate is not
1261	yet issued, a qualified taxpayer may claim a tax credit based upon the
1262	corporation's preliminary determination of the tax credit amount as stated in the
1263	notice under Subsection (5)(a)(ii).
1264	(ii) Upon issuance of the allocation certificate to the housing sponsor, a qualified
1265	taxpayer that claims a tax credit under this Subsection (5)(b) shall file an amended
1266	tax return to adjust the tax credit amount if the amount previously claimed by the
1267	qualified taxpayer is different than the amount specified in the allocation
1268	certificate.
1269	(c) The amount of tax credit that may be claimed in the first year of the credit period
1270	may not be reduced as a result of the calculation in Section 42(f)(2), Internal Revenue
1271	Code.
1272	(d) On or before January 31 of each year, the corporation shall provide to the
1273	commission in a form prescribed by the commission a report that describes each
1274	allocation certificate that the corporation issued during the previous calendar year.
1275	(6) (a) A housing sponsor shall provide to the commission identification of the housing
1276	sponsor's designated reporter.
1277	(b) For each tax year in which a tax credit is claimed under this section, the designated
1278	reporter shall provide to the commission in a form prescribed by the commission:
1279	(i) a list of each qualified taxpayer that has been allocated a portion of the tax credit
1280	awarded in the allocation certificate for that tax year;
1281	(ii) the amount of tax credit that has been allocated to each qualified taxpayer
1282	described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) for that tax year; and
1283	(iii) any other information, as prescribed by the commission, to demonstrate that the
1284	aggregate annual amount of tax credits allocated to all qualified taxpayers for that
1285	tax year does not exceed the aggregate annual tax credit amount specified in the

1286	allocation certificate.
1287	(7) (a) All elections made by a housing sponsor pursuant to Section 42, Internal Revenue
1288	Code, shall apply to this section.
1289	(b) (i) If a qualified development is required to recapture a portion of any federal
1290	low-income housing tax credit, then each qualified taxpayer that has been
1291	allocated a portion of a tax credit under this section shall also be required to
1292	recapture a portion of the tax credit under this section.
1293	(ii) The state recapture amount shall be equal to the percentage of the state tax credit
1294	that equals the proportion the federal recapture amount bears to the original
1295	federal low-income housing tax credit amount subject to recapture.
1296	(iii) The designated reporter shall identify each qualified taxpayer that is required to
1297	recapture a portion of any state tax credit as described in this Subsection (7)(b).
1298	(8) (a) Any tax credits returned to the corporation in any year may be reallocated within
1299	the same time period as provided in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code.
1300	(b) Tax credits that are unallocated by the corporation in any year may be carried over
1301	for allocation in subsequent years.
1302	(9) (a) If a tax credit is not claimed by a qualified taxpayer in the year in which it is
1303	earned because the tax credit is more than the tax owed by the qualified taxpayer, the
1304	tax credit may be carried back three years or may be carried forward five years as a
1305	credit against the tax.
1306	(b) Carryover tax credits under Subsection (9)(a) shall be applied against the tax:
1307	(i) before the application of the tax credits earned in the current year; and
1308	(ii) on a first-earned first-used basis.
1309	(10) Any tax credit taken in this section may be subject to an annual audit by the
1310	commission.
1311	(11) The corporation shall annually provide an electronic report to the Revenue and
1312	Taxation Interim Committee that includes:
1313	(a) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits;
1314	(b) any recommendations for legislative changes to the aggregate tax credit amount that
1315	the corporation is authorized to allocate each year under Subsection (2)(c); and
1316	(c) the benefits of the tax credits to the state.
1317	(12) The commission may, in consultation with the corporation, make rules in accordance
1318	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this
1319	section.

1320	(13) (a) Beginning in 2026, and every three years thereafter, the Revenue and Taxation
1321	Interim Committee shall conduct a review of the aggregate tax credit amount that the
1322	corporation is authorized to allocate and has allocated each year under Subsection
1323	(2)(c).
1324	(b) In a review under this Subsection (13), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
1325	shall:
1326	(i) study any recommendations provided by the corporation under Subsection (11)(b):
1327	and
1328	(ii) if the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee decides to recommend legislative
1329	action to the Legislature, prepare legislation for consideration by the Legislature
1330	in the next general session.
1331	Section 10. Section 59-10-552 is amended to read:
1332	59-10-552. Carry forward of expired or repealed tax credit.
1333	(1) [When] Except as provided in Subsection (2), when a nonrefundable individual income
1334	tax credit, under Part 10, Nonrefundable Tax Credit Act, expires or is repealed, the
1335	commission shall allow a claimant, estate, or trust to carry forward any amount of the
1336	tax credit that remains for the period of time described in the tax credit for the taxable
1337	year in which the claimant, estate, or trust first claimed the tax credit.
1338	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a tax credit described in Subsection 59-10-1010
1339	(2)(c)(iv).
1340	Section 11. Section 59-10-1010 is amended to read:
1341	59-10-1010 . Utah low-income housing tax credit.
1342	(1) As used in this section:
1343	(a) "Allocation certificate" means a certificate in a form prescribed by the commission
1344	and issued by the corporation to a housing sponsor that specifies the aggregate
1345	amount of the tax credit awarded under this section to a qualified development and
1346	includes:
1347	(i) the aggregate annual amount of the tax credit awarded that may be claimed by one
1348	or more qualified taxpayers; and
1349	(ii) the credit period over which the tax credit may be claimed by one or more
1350	qualified taxpayers.
1351	(b) "Building" means a qualified low-income building as defined in Section 42(c),
1352	Internal Revenue Code.
1353	(c) "Corporation" means the Utah Housing Corporation created in Section 63H-8-201.

1354	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), "credit period" means the same as that term	
1355	is defined in Section 42(f)(1), Internal Revenue Code.	
1356	(e) "Designated reporter" means, as selected by a housing sponsor, the housing sponsor	
1357	or one of the housing sponsor's direct or indirect partners, members, or shareholders	
1358	that will provide information to the commission regarding the allocation of tax	
1359	credits under this section.	
1360	(f) "Federal low-income housing credit" means the federal low-income housing credit	
1361	described in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code.	
1362	(g) "Housing sponsor" means an entity that owns a qualified development.	
1363	(h) "Pass-through entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1402.	
1364	(i) Subject to Subsection (1)(i)(ii), "pass-through entity taxpayer" means the same	
1365	as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1402.	
1366	(ii) The determination of whether a pass-through entity taxpayer is considered a	
1367	partner, member, or shareholder of a pass-through entity shall be made in	
1368	accordance with applicable state law governing the pass-through entity.	
1369	(j) "Qualified allocation plan" means a qualified allocation plan adopted by the	
1370	corporation in accordance with Section 42(m), Internal Revenue Code.	
1371	(k) "Qualified development" means a "qualified low-income housing project":	
1372	(i) as defined in Section 42(g)(1), Internal Revenue Code; and	
1373	(ii) that is located in the state.	
1374	(l) (i) "Qualified taxpayer" means a claimant, estate, or trust that:	
1375	(A) owns a direct or indirect interest, through one or more pass-through entities,	in
1376	a qualified development; and	
1377	(B) meets the requirements to claim a tax credit under this section.	
1378	(ii) "Qualified taxpayer" includes a pass-through entity taxpayer to which a tax credit	t
1379	under this section is passed through by a pass-through entity.	
1380	(2) (a) A qualified taxpayer may claim a nonrefundable tax credit under this section	
1381	against taxes otherwise due under this chapter.	
1382	(b) The tax credit shall be in an amount equal to the tax credit amount specified on the	
1383	allocation certificate that the corporation issues to a housing sponsor under this	
1384	section.	
1385	(c) (i) For a calendar year beginning on or before December 31, 2016, the aggregate	
1386	annual tax credit that the corporation may allocate for each year of the credit	
1387	period pursuant to this section and Section 59-7-607 is an amount equal to the	

1388	product of:
1389	(A) 12.5 cents; and
1390	(B) the population of Utah.
1391	(ii) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but beginning on or
1392	before December 31, 2022, the aggregate annual tax credit that the corporation
1393	may allocate for each year of the credit period pursuant to this section and Section
1394	59-7-607 is an amount equal to the product of:
1395	(A) 34.5 cents; and
1396	(B) the population of Utah.
1397	(iii) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2023, but beginning on or
1398	before December 31, 2028, the aggregate annual tax credit that the corporation
1399	may allocate for each year of the credit period pursuant to this section and Section
1400	59-7-607 is \$10,000,000.
1401	(iv) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2024, in addition to the
1402	amount of annual tax credits available for allocation as described in Subsections
1403	(2)(c)(i) through (2)(c)(iii), the corporation shall have the following tax credit
1404	amounts available for allocation:
1405	(A) any tax credits allocated in a calendar year that are subsequently returned to
1406	the corporation or recaptured by the corporation may be allocated in the
1407	following calendar year, except no tax credits under this Subsection (2)(c)(iv)
1408	shall be allocated after December 31, 2028; and
1409	(B) if the actual amount of tax credits allocated in a calendar year to qualified
1410	developments is less than the total amount of credits available to be allocated
1411	to qualified developments, the balance of the credits but no more than 15% of
1412	the total amount of credits available for allocation to qualified developments
1413	may be allocated by the corporation to qualified developments in the following
1414	calendar year, except no tax credits under this Subsection (2)(c)(iv) shall be
1415	allocated after December 31, 2028.
1416	[(iv)] (v) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2029, the aggregate
1417	annual tax credit that the corporation may allocate for each year of the credit
1418	period pursuant to this section and Section 59-7-607 is the amount described in
1419	Subsection (2)(c)(ii).
1420	[(v)] (vi) For purposes of this Subsection (2)(c), the population of Utah shall be
1421	determined in accordance with Section 146(i) Internal Revenue Code

1422	(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(ii), a qualified taxpayer that is a pass-through
1423	entity may allocate a tax credit under this section to one or more of the
1424	pass-through entity's pass-through entity taxpayers in any manner agreed upon,
1425	regardless of whether:
1426	(A) the pass-through entity taxpayer is eligible to claim any portion of a federal
1427	low-income housing tax credit for the qualified development;
1428	(B) the allocation of the tax credit has substantial economic effect within the
1429	meaning of Section 704(b), Internal Revenue Code; or
1430	(C) the pass-through entity taxpayer is considered a partner for federal income tax
1431	purposes.
1432	(ii) With respect to a tax year, a qualified taxpayer that is a pass-through entity
1433	taxpayer may claim a tax credit allocated to the qualified taxpayer by a
1434	pass-through entity under Subsection (2)(d)(i) so long as the qualified taxpayer's
1435	ownership interest in the pass-through entity is:
1436	(A) acquired on or before December 31 of the tax year to which the tax credit
1437	relates; and
1438	(B) reflected in the report required in Subsection (6)(b) for the tax year to which
1439	the tax credit relates.
1440	(e) If a qualified taxpayer that is a pass-through entity taxpayer assigns to another
1441	taxpayer the pass-through entity taxpayer's ownership interest in a pass-through
1442	entity, including the pass-through entity taxpayer's interest in the tax credit associated
1443	with the ownership interest, the assignee shall be considered a qualified taxpayer and
1444	may claim the tax credit so long as the assignee's ownership interest in the
1445	pass-through entity is:
1446	(i) acquired on or before December 31 of the tax year to which the tax credit relates;
1447	and
1448	(ii) reflected in the report required in Subsection (6)(b) for the tax year to which the
1449	tax credit relates.
1450	(3) (a) The corporation shall determine criteria and procedures for allocating the tax
1451	credit under this section and Section 59-7-607 and incorporate the criteria and
1452	procedures into the corporation's qualified allocation plan.
1453	(b) The corporation shall create the criteria under Subsection (3)(a) based on:
1454	(i) the number of affordable housing units to be created in Utah for low and moderate
1455	income persons in a qualified development;

1456	(ii) the level of area median income being served by a qualified development;
1457	(iii) the need for the tax credit for the economic feasibility of a qualified
1458	development; and
1459	(iv) the extended period for which a qualified development commits to remain as
1460	affordable housing.
1461	(4) Any housing sponsor may apply to the corporation for a tax credit allocation under this
1462	section.
1463	(5) (a) (i) The corporation shall determine the amount of the tax credit to allocate to a
1464	qualified development in accordance with the qualified allocation plan.
1465	(ii) (A) Before the allocation certificate is issued to the housing sponsor, the
1466	corporation shall send to the housing sponsor written notice of the corporation's
1467	preliminary determination of the tax credit amount to be allocated to the
1468	qualified development.
1469	(B) The notice described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(A) shall specify the corporation's
1470	preliminary determination of the tax credit amount to be allocated to the
1471	qualified development for each year of the credit period and state that
1472	allocation of the tax credit is contingent upon the issuance of an allocation
1473	certificate.
1474	(iii) Upon approving a final cost certification in accordance with the qualified
1475	allocation plan, the corporation shall issue an allocation certificate to the housing
1476	sponsor as evidence of the allocation.
1477	(iv) The amount of the tax credit specified in an allocation certificate may not exceed
1478	100% of the federal low-income housing credit awarded to a qualified
1479	development.
1480	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), if a housing sponsor applies to the
1481	corporation for a tax credit under this section and an allocation certificate is not
1482	yet issued, a qualified taxpayer may claim a tax credit based upon the
1483	corporation's preliminary determination of the tax credit amount as stated in the
1484	notice under Subsection (5)(a)(ii).
1485	(ii) Upon issuance of the allocation certificate to the housing sponsor, a qualified
1486	taxpayer that claims a tax credit under this Subsection (5)(b) shall file an amended
1487	tax return to adjust the tax credit amount if the amount previously claimed by the
1488	qualified taxpayer is different than the amount specified in the allocation
1489	certificate.

1490	(c) The amount of tax credit that may be claimed in the first year of the credit period
1491	may not be reduced as a result of the calculation in Section 42(f)(2), Internal Revenue
1492	Code.
1493	(d) On or before January 31 of each year, the corporation shall provide to the
1494	commission in a form prescribed by the commission a report that describes each
1495	allocation certificate that the corporation issued during the previous calendar year.
1496	(6) (a) A housing sponsor shall provide to the commission identification of the housing
1497	sponsor's designated reporter.
1498	(b) For each tax year in which a tax credit is claimed under this section, the designated
1499	reporter shall provide to the commission in a form prescribed by the commission:
1500	(i) a list of each qualified taxpayer that has been allocated a portion of the tax credit
1501	awarded in the allocation certificate for that tax year;
1502	(ii) the amount of tax credit that has been allocated to each qualified taxpayer
1503	described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) for that tax year; and
1504	(iii) any other information, as prescribed by the commission, to demonstrate that the
1505	aggregate annual amount of tax credits allocated to all qualified taxpayers for that
1506	tax year does not exceed the aggregate annual tax credit amount specified in the
1507	allocation certificate.
1508	(7) (a) All elections made by a housing sponsor pursuant to Section 42, Internal Revenue
1509	Code, shall apply to this section.
1510	(b) (i) If a qualified taxpayer is required to recapture a portion of any federal
1511	low-income housing credit, the qualified taxpayer that has been allocated a portion
1512	of a tax credit under this section shall also be required to recapture a portion of the
1513	tax credit under this section.
1514	(ii) The state recapture amount shall be equal to the percentage of the state tax credit
1515	that equals the proportion the federal recapture amount bears to the original
1516	federal low-income housing credit amount subject to recapture.
1517	(iii) The designated reporter shall identify each qualified taxpayer that is required to
1518	recapture a portion of any state tax credits as described in this Subsection (7)(b).
1519	(8) (a) Any tax credits returned to the corporation in any year may be reallocated within
1520	the same time period as provided in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code.
1521	(b) Tax credits that are unallocated by the corporation in any year may be carried over
1522	for allocation in subsequent years.
1523	(9) (a) If a tax credit is not claimed by a qualified taxpayer in the year in which it is

1524	earned because the tax credit is more than the tax owed by the qualified taxpayer, the
1525	tax credit may be carried back three years or may be carried forward five years as a
1526	credit against the tax.
1527	(b) Carryover tax credits under Subsection (9)(a) shall be applied against the tax:
1528	(i) before the application of the tax credits earned in the current year; and
1529	(ii) on a first-earned first-used basis.
1530	(10) Any tax credit taken in this section may be subject to an annual audit by the
1531	commission.
1532	(11) The corporation shall annually provide an electronic report to the Revenue and
1533	Taxation Interim Committee that includes:
1534	(a) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits;
1535	(b) any recommendations for legislative changes to the aggregate tax credit amount that
1536	the corporation is authorized to allocate each year under Subsection (2)(c); and
1537	(c) the benefits of the tax credits to the state.
1538	(12) The commission may, in consultation with the corporation, promulgate rules to
1539	implement this section.
1540	(13) (a) Beginning in 2026, and every three years thereafter, the Revenue and Taxation
1541	Interim Committee shall conduct a review of the aggregate tax credit amount that the
1542	corporation is authorized to allocate and has allocated each year under Subsection
1543	(2)(c).
1544	(b) In a review under this Subsection (13), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
1545	shall:
1546	(i) study any recommendations provided by the corporation under Subsection (11)(b)
1547	and
1548	(ii) if the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee decides to recommend legislative
1549	action to the Legislature, prepare legislation for consideration by the Legislature
1550	in the next general session.
1551	Section 12. Section 59-12-352 is amended to read:
1552	59-12-352 . Transient room tax authority for municipalities, military installation
1553	development authority, and Point of the Mountain State Land Authority
1554	Purposes for which revenues may be used.
1555	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the governing body of a municipality may
1556	impose a tax of not to exceed 1% on charges for the accommodations and services
1557	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).

1558	(b) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority creat	ed
1559	in Section 63H-1-201 may impose a tax under this section for accommodations and	
1560	services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within a project area described in	a
1561	project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military	
1562	Installation Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a municipality	y.
1563	(2) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (1), a governing body of a municipality may, by	/
1564	ordinance, increase or decrease the tax under this part.	
1565	(3) A governing body of a municipality shall regulate the tax under this part by ordinance.	
1566	(4) A municipality may use revenues generated by the tax under this part for general fund	
1567	purposes.	
1568	(5) (a) A municipality may not impose a tax under this section for accommodations and	
1569	services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within a project area described in a	
1570	project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military	
1571	Installation Development Authority Act.	
1572	(b) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to the military installation development authority's	3
1573	imposition of a tax under this section.	
1574	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):	
1575	(i) "Authority" means the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority, created in	
1576	Section 11-59-201.	
1577	(ii) "Authority board" means the board referred to in Section 11-59-301.	
1578	(b) The authority may, by a resolution adopted by the authority board, impose a tax of	
1579	not to exceed 5% on charges for the accommodations and services described in	
1580	Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) for transactions that occur on point of the mountain state	e
1581	land, as defined in Section 11-59-102.	
1582	(c) The authority board, by resolution, shall regulate the tax under this Subsection (6).	
1583	(d) The authority shall use all revenue from a tax imposed under this Subsection (6) to	
1584	provide affordable housing, consistent with the manner that a community	
1585	reinvestment agency uses funds for [affordable housing] income targeted housing	
1586	under Section 17C-1-412.	
1587	(e) A tax under this Subsection (6) is in addition to any other tax that may be imposed	
1588	under this part.	
1589	Section 13. Effective date.	

1590

This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.