| 1      | PARENTAL RIGHTS AMENDMENTS   |
|--------|--|
| 2      | 2024 GENERAL SESSION   |
| 3      | STATE OF UTAH  |
| 4      | Chief Sponsor: Kera Birkeland  |
| 5      | Senate Sponsor: Luz Escamilla  |
| 6<br>7 | LONG TITLE   |
| 8      | Committee Note:  |
| 9      | The Judiciary Interim Committee recommended this bill.   |
| 10     | Legislative Vote: 15 voting for 0 voting against 2 absent  |
| 11     | General Description:   |
| 12     | This bill addresses the voluntary relinquishment of parental rights.                             |
| 13     | Highlighted Provisions:  |
| 14     | This bill:   |
| 15     | <ul> <li>clarifies the requirements and procedure for an individual to consent to the</li> </ul> |
| 16     | termination of parental rights or voluntarily relinquish parental rights.                        |
| 17     | Money Appropriated in this Bill:   |
| 18     | None   |
| 19     | Other Special Clauses:   |
| 20     | None   |
| 21     | Utah Code Sections Affected:   |
| 22     | AMENDS:  |
| 23     | 80-4-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 274                                      |
| 24     |  |
| 25     | Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:   |
| 26     | Section 1. Section 80-4-307 is amended to read:  |
| 27     | 80-4-307. Voluntary relinquishment Irrevocable.  |



H.B. 20 12-19-23 9:41 AM

(1) The individual consenting to termination of parental rights or voluntarily relinquishing parental rights shall sign [or confirm] the consent or relinquishment, or confirm a consent or relinquishment previously signed by the individual, under oath before:

- (a) a judge of any court that has jurisdiction over proceedings for termination of parental rights in this state or any other state, or a public officer appointed by that court for the purpose of taking consents or relinquishments; or
- (b) except as provided in Subsection (2), any person authorized to take consents or relinquishments under Subsections 78B-6-124(1) and (2).
- (2) Only the juvenile court is authorized to take consents or relinquishments from a parent who has any child who is in the custody of a state agency or who has a child who is otherwise under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
- (3) The court, appointed officer, or other authorized person shall certify to the best of that person's information and belief that the individual executing the consent or relinquishment, or confirming a consent or relinquishment previously signed by the individual, has read and understands the consent or relinquishment and has signed the consent or relinquishment freely and voluntarily.
- (4) [A voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination of parental rights is effective when the voluntary relinquishment or consent is signed and may not be revoked.] At the time that an individual consenting to termination of parental rights or voluntarily relinquishing parental rights signs a voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination of parental rights, that relinquishment or consent is effective as against that individual and may not be revoked without the court's approval.
- (5) (a) The requirements and processes described in Section 80-4-104, Sections 80-4-301 through 80-4-304, and Part 2, Petition for Termination of Parental Rights, do not apply to a voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination of parental rights.
- (b) When determining voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination of parental rights, the juvenile court need only find that the relinquishment or termination is in the child's best interest.
- (6) (a) There is a presumption that voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination of parental rights is not in the child's best interest where it appears to the juvenile court that the primary purpose for relinquishment or consent for termination is to avoid a financial support

12-19-23 9:41 AM H.B. 20

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| (b) The presumption described in Subsection (6)(a) may be rebutted if the juvenile              |
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| court finds the relinquishment or consent to termination of parental rights will facilitate the |
| establishment of stability and permanency for the child.  |

- (7) Upon granting a voluntary relinquishment the juvenile court may make orders relating to the child's care and welfare that the juvenile court considers to be in the child's best interest.
- Section 2. **Effective date.**
- This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.