DIVISION OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AMENDMENTS
2024 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Business and Labor Interim Committee recommended this bill.
Legislative Vote: 13 voting for 0 voting against 8 absent
General Description:
This bill enacts and repeals provisions related to consumer complaints to the Division
of Consumer Protection (division).
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 consolidates the process for submitting and addressing consumer complaints to the
division;
 provides that consumer complaints are protected records under the Government
Records Access and Management Act (GRAMA);
 requires the division to reclassify consumer complaints as public under GRAMA
under certain circumstances;
grants the division rulemaking authority;
 repeals certain other provisions related to consumer complaints;
defines terms; and
makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None



	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
1	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	13-2-1 (Superseded 05/02/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 31,
	36, 377, 458, 477, 498, and 509
	13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 31, 36,
	377, 458, 477, 498, 509, and 536
	13-11-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 92
	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 1, 16, 205, and 329
	ENACTS:
1	13-2-11, Utah Code Annotated 1953
1	REPEALS:
	13-15-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 243
	13-26-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 324
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	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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59	(i) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;
60	(j) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;
61	(k) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter
62	Transaction Information Act;
63	(l) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary School and State Authorization Act;
64	(m) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act;
65	(n) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act;
66	(o) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act;
67	(p) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act;
68	(q) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;
69	(r) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;
70	(s) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act;
71	(t) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act;
72	(u) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act;
73	(v) Chapter 61, Utah Consumer Privacy Act;
74	(w) Chapter 63, Utah Social Media Regulation Act;
75	(x) Chapter 64, Vehicle Value Protection Agreement Act;
76	(y) Chapter 65, Utah Commercial Email Act; and
77	(z) Chapter 67, Online Dating Safety Act.
78	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
79	division may make rules to establish:
80	(a) a public list that identifies a person who:
81	(i) violates a chapter described in Subsection (2);
82	(ii) without proper legal justification, fails to comply with an order, subpoena,
83	judgment, or other legal process issued by:
84	(A) the division; or
85	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; or
86	(iii) breaches a settlement agreement, stipulation, assurance of voluntary compliance,
87	or similar instrument signed by the person and the division; and
88	(b) a process by which a person may be removed from the list the division establishes
89	as described in Subsection (3)(a).

90	Section 2. Section 13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24) is amended to read:
91	13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24). Consumer protection division established
92	Functions.
93	(1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer
94	Protection.
95	(2) The division shall administer and enforce the following:
96	(a) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act;
97	(b) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act;
98	(c) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act;
99	(d) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act;
100	(e) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act;
101	(f) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act;
102	(g) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act;
103	(h) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act;
104	(i) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;
105	(j) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;
106	(k) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter
107	Transaction Information Act;
108	(l) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary School and State Authorization Act;
109	(m) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act;
110	(n) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act;
111	(o) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act;
112	(p) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act;
113	(q) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;
114	(r) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;
115	(s) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act;
116	(t) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act;
117	(u) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act;
118	(v) Chapter 61, Utah Consumer Privacy Act;
119	(w) Chapter 63, Utah Social Media Regulation Act;
120	(x) Chapter 64, Vehicle Value Protection Agreement Act;

121	(y) Chapter 65, Utah Commercial Email Act;
122	(z) Chapter 67, Online Dating Safety Act; and
123	(aa) Chapter 68, Lawyer Referral Consultants Registration Act.
124	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
125	division may make rules to establish:
126	(a) a public list that identifies a person who:
127	(i) violates a chapter described in Subsection (2);
128	(ii) without proper legal justification, fails to comply with an order, subpoena,
129	judgment, or other legal process issued by:
130	(A) the division; or
131	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; or
132	(iii) breaches a settlement agreement, stipulation, assurance of voluntary compliance,
133	or similar instrument signed by the person and the division; and
134	(b) a process by which a person may be removed from the list the division establishes
135	as described in Subsection (3)(a).
136	Section 3. Section 13-2-11 is enacted to read:
137	13-2-11. Consumer complaints.
138	(1) As used in this section:
139	(a) "Consumer complaint" means a complaint that:
140	(i) a person files with the division; and
141	(ii) alleges facts relating to conduct that the division regulates under Section 13-2-1.
142	(b) "Consumer narrative" means the narrative description required to be included in a
143	consumer complaint under Subsection (2).
144	(c) "Filer" means a person who files a consumer complaint.
145	(d) "Respondent" means a person against whom a filer files a consumer complaint.
146	(2) A filer shall include in a consumer complaint:
147	(a) information that identifies the respondent; and
148	(b) a narrative description of the conduct alleged as described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
149	(3) A consumer complaint is a protected record as provided in Subsection
150	<u>63G-2-305(88).</u>
151	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (3):

152	(a) the division shall reclassify a consumer complaint as public if:
153	(i) the consumer complaint is one of at least 10 complaints filed with the division:
154	(A) against the same person;
155	(B) alleging the same or similar conduct; and
156	(C) during the 12-month period immediately preceding the day on which the filer files
157	the consumer complaint; or
158	(ii) the division takes public enforcement action against a respondent as a result of the
159	consumer complaint; and
160	(b) the division may disclose a consumer complaint to the respondent.
161	(5) For purposes of determining the number of complaints against the same person
162	under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A), the division may consider consumer complaints that are filed
163	against multiple corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships, or other business
164	entities under common ownership to be consumer complaints against the same person.
165	(6) A respondent's initial, written response to a consumer complaint that is public
166	under Subsection (4) is a public record.
167	(7) Before making a consumer complaint that is reclassified as public under Subsection
168	(4), or a response described in Subsection (6), available to the public, the division:
169	(a) shall redact from the consumer complaint or the response any information that
170	would disclose:
171	(i) the filer's:
172	(A) address;
173	(B) social security number;
174	(C) bank account information;
175	(D) email address; or
176	(E) telephone number; or
177	(ii) information similar in nature to the information described in Subsection (7)(a)(i);
178	<u>and</u>
179	(b) may redact the filer's name and any other information that could, in the division's
180	judgment, disclose the filer's identity.
181	(8) If the division discloses the consumer complaint to the respondent as described in
182	Subsection (4)(b) the division may reduct the filer's:

183	(a) bank account information;
184	(b) social security number;
185	(c) name and any other information that could, in the division's judgment, disclose the
186	filer's identity, if the filer requests anonymity; and
187	(d) other information the disclosure of which constitutes a clearly unwarranted
188	invasion of personal privacy.
189	Section 4. Section 13-11-7 is amended to read:
190	13-11-7. Duties of enforcing authority Civil penalty for violation of restraining
191	or injunctive orders.
192	(1) The enforcing authority shall:
193	(a) enforce this chapter throughout the state;
194	(b) cooperate with state and local officials, officials of other states, and officials of the
195	federal government in the administration of comparable statutes;
196	(c) inform consumers and suppliers on a continuing basis of the provisions of this
197	chapter and of acts or practices that violate this chapter [including mailing information
198	concerning final judgments to persons who request it, for which he may charge a reasonable fee
199	to cover the expense];
200	(d) receive and act on complaints; and
201	(e) maintain a public file of final judgments rendered under this chapter that have been
202	either reported officially or made available for public dissemination under Subsection (1)(c),
203	final consent judgments, and to the extent the enforcing authority considers appropriate,
204	assurances of voluntary compliance.
205	[(2) In carrying out his duties, the enforcing authority may not publicly disclose the
206	identity of a person investigated unless his identity has become a matter of public record in an
207	enforcement proceeding or he has consented to public disclosure.]
208	[(3)] (2) On motion of the enforcing authority, or on its own motion, the court may
209	impose a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each day a temporary restraining order,
210	preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction issued under this chapter is violated, if the
211	supplier received notice of the restraining or injunctive order. Civil penalties imposed under
212	this section shall be paid to the General Fund.
213	Section 5 Section 63C-2-305 is amended to read:

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The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:

(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;

- (2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person if:
- (a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
- (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than the public in obtaining access; and
- (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
- (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
- (4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
- (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, employment, or academic examinations;
- (6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
- (a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:
 - (i) an invitation for bids;
- 244 (ii) a request for proposals:

245	(iii) a request for quotes;
246	(iv) a grant; or
247	(v) other similar document; or
248	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
249	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
250	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict
251	the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
252	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
253	awarded and signed by all parties; or
254	(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
255	subject of the request for information; and
256	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is
257	issued;
258	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real
259	or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition
260	before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
261	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
262	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
263	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
264	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
265	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
266	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
267	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
268	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value
269	of the property; or
270	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
271	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire
272	the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
273	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other

compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if

disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value

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of the subject property, unless:

(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or

- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
- (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
- (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the
Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that are based
on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the
board's jurisdiction;
(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational
procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
audits or collections;
(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit
until the final audit is released;
(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial,
quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
from a member of the Legislature; and
(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
with the preparation of legislation between:
(A) members of a legislative body;
(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated
legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the
legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator

asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;

- (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in response to these requests;
 - (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
- (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
- (a) collective bargaining; or

- (b) imminent or pending litigation;
- (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
- (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
- (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
- (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
- (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
 - (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,

revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;

- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:
 - (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
- (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
- (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged

400	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
401	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
402	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
403	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
404	73-18-13;
405	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
406	34A-2-205;
407	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
408	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
409	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
410	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
411	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
412	(A) relating to research; and
413	(B) of:
414	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
415	53B-1-102; or
416	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
417	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
418	(iv) creative works in process;
419	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
420	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
421	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
422	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
423	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
424	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
425	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit
426	prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
427	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
428	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
429	the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would
430	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as

431	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
432	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
433	other document that indicates the location of:
434	(a) a production facility; or
435	(b) a magazine;
436	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and
437	Adult Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
438	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
439	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
440	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
441	National Guard's federal mission;
442	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
443	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop,
444	Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
445	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
446	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
447	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
448	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or
449	prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of
450	which would jeopardize:
451	(a) the safety of the general public; or
452	(b) the security of:
453	(i) governmental property;
454	(ii) governmental programs; or
455	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
456	Management information;
457	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the
458	identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under
459	Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
460	of Animal Disease;
461	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-408:

(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related to a complaint regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to substantiate; and
(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health

- (b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
- (51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or personal mobile phone number, if:
- (a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law, ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
- (b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be kept confidential due to:
 - (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
 - (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
 - (52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number where the candidate may be contacted:
- 480 (a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination, 481 described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408, 482 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
 - (b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
- 484 (c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 485 20A-9-408;
 - (53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
- 488 (a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section 489 53B-1-102; and
 - (b) conducted using animals;

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491 (54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance 492 Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to whether a

judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection 78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);

- (55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public, the information or report;
- (56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63L-11-202;
- (57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
 - (58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:

- (a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
- (b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or municipality;
- (59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
- (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
- (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
- (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not

524 an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information; 525 (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey 526 plan, or audit program; or 527 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an 528 investigation or audit; (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 529 530 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover 531 Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse: 532 (61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the 533 Division of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 534 58-68-304(3) and (4); 535 (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210; 536 (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003; 537 538 (64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a 539 victim, including: 540 (a) a victim's application or request for benefits; 541 (b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and 542 (c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to, 543 evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim 544 Reparations Fund; 545 (65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is 546 defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care 547 facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care 548 provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as 549 that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that: 550 (a) depict the commission of an alleged crime; 551 (b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in 552 death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;

(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against

a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

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555	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection
556	76-2-408(1)(f); or
557	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
558	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;
559	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
560	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
561	announced finalist;
562	(67) an audio recording that is:
563	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
564	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an
565	individual with a life-threatening condition;
566	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
567	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:
568	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
569	condition; and
570	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
571	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
572	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
573	their response to an emergency situation;
574	(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a
575	recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget
576	Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an
577	employment position with the Legislature;
578	(69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
579	(70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
580	under Section 61-1-206;
581	(71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
582	31A-37-201;
583	(72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
584	(73) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of
585	Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);

586 (74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury 587 involving an amusement ride; 588 (75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual 589 on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition, 590 including a petition or request described in the following titles: 591 (a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code; 592 (b) Title 17, Counties; 593 (c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts; 594 (d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and 595 (e) Title 20A, Election Code; 596 (76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in 597 a voter registration record; 598 (77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a 599 signature described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a 600 local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code; 601 (78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 602 5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act; 603 (79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103; 604 (80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is 605 prohibited under Section 63G-26-103; 606 (81) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into 607 jail, unless: 608 (a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which 609 the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken; 610 (b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image: 611 (i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an 612 individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist in 613 apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or

(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal proceeding; or

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617	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
618	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest;
619	(82) a record:
620	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
621	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
622	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
623	63M-14-205; and
624	(c) the disclosure of which would:
625	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
626	Colorado River system;
627	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
628	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River
629	system; or
630	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
631	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
632	(83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's
633	Office of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
634	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83) may
635	not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval decision;
636	(84) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
637	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
638	and
639	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
640	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records described
641	in Subsection (84)(a);
642	(85) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the
643	governmental entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative
644	investigation into potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
645	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
646	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the statement; and
647	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the

648	employee in any criminal proceeding;
649	(86) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in
650	Section 53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
651	53F-6-401; [and]
652	(87) a record:
653	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
654	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
655	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the federal
656	government; and
657	(c) the disclosure of which would:
658	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the Great
659	Salt Lake;
660	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
661	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
662	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
663	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake[-]; and
664	(88) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer
665	complaint is reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(3).
666	Section 6. Repealer.
667	This bill repeals:
668	Section 13-15-401, Consumer complaints.
669	Section 13-26-12, Consumer complaints are public.
670	Section 7. Effective date.
671	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024, with the exception of Section 13-2-1 (Effective
672	05/02/24) which takes effect on May 2, 2024.