I	FEDERAL FUNDS CONTINGENCY PLANNING
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Ken Ivory
5	Senate Sponsor: Michael S. Kennedy
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses contingency planning related to federal funds.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>through July 1, 2027, requires a state agency to provide a contingency analysis and</li> </ul>
13	plan, and a state sovereignty evaluation, when submitting a federal funds
14	reauthorization or a new federal funds request;
15	<ul> <li>requires a state agency that meets certain thresholds for federal funding to create a</li> </ul>
16	contingency plan related to that funding and provides a sunset date for this
17	requirement;
18	<ul> <li>repeals provisions regarding federal receipts reporting requirements; and</li> </ul>
19	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
25	AMENDS:



26	26B-3-130, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 16 and renumbered and
27	amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
28	63I-1-263, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 33, 47, 104, 109, 139, 155,
29	212, 218, 249, 270, 448, 489, and 534
30	63J-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 467
31	63J-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 247
32	63J-5-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 272
33	ENACTS:
34	63J-5-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	63J-5-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	REPEALS:
37	63J-1-219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
38	63J-5-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
39	
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section <b>26B-3-130</b> is amended to read:
42	26B-3-130. Medicaid intergovernmental transfer report Approval
43	requirements.
44	(1) As used in this section:
45	(a) (i) "Intergovernmental transfer" means the transfer of public funds from:
46	(A) a local government entity to another nonfederal governmental entity; or
47	(B) from a nonfederal, government owned health care facility regulated under Chapter
48	2, Part 2, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection, to another nonfederal governmental
49	entity.
50	(ii) "Intergovernmental transfer" does not include:
51	(A) the transfer of public funds from one state agency to another state agency; or
52	(B) a transfer of funds from the University of Utah Hospitals and Clinics.
53	(b) (i) "Intergovernmental transfer program" means a federally approved
54	reimbursement program or category that is authorized by the Medicaid state plan or waiver
55	authority for intergovernmental transfers.
56	(ii) "Intergovernmental transfer program" does not include the addition of a provider to

- an existing intergovernmental transfer program.
  - (c) "Local government entity" means a county, city, town, special service district, special district, or local education agency as that term is defined in Section 63J-5-102.
  - (d) "Non-state government entity" means a hospital authority, hospital district, health care district, special service district, county, or city.
  - (2) (a) An entity that receives federal Medicaid dollars from the department as a result of an intergovernmental transfer shall, on or before August 1, 2017, and on or before August 1 each year thereafter, provide the department with:
  - (i) information regarding the payments funded with the intergovernmental transfer as authorized by and consistent with state and federal law;
  - (ii) information regarding the entity's ability to repay federal funds, to the extent required by the department in the contract for the intergovernmental transfer; and
  - (iii) other information reasonably related to the intergovernmental transfer that may be required by the department in the contract for the intergovernmental transfer.
  - (b) On or before October 15, 2017, and on or before October 15 each subsequent year, the department shall prepare a report for the Executive Appropriations Committee that includes:
    - (i) the amount of each intergovernmental transfer under Subsection (2)(a);
  - (ii) a summary of changes to CMS regulations and practices that are known by the department regarding federal funds related to an intergovernmental transfer program; and
  - (iii) other information the department gathers about the intergovernmental transfer under Subsection (2)(a).
  - (3) The department shall not create a new intergovernmental transfer program after July 1, 2017, unless the department reports to the Executive Appropriations Committee, in accordance with Section 63J-5-206, before submitting the new intergovernmental transfer program for federal approval. The report shall include information required by Subsection [63J-5-102(1)(d)] 63J-5-102(1)(e) and the analysis required in Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
  - (4) (a) The department shall enter into new Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program contracts and contract amendments adding new nursing care facilities and new non-state government entity operators in accordance with this Subsection (4).

- (b) (i) If the nursing care facility expects to receive less than \$1,000,000 in federal funds each year from the Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program, excluding seed funding and administrative fees paid by the non-state government entity, the department shall enter into a Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program contract with the non-state government entity operator of the nursing care facility.
- (ii) If the nursing care facility expects to receive between \$1,000,000 and \$10,000,000 in federal funds each year from the Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program, excluding seed funding and administrative fees paid by the non-state government entity, the department shall enter into a Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program contract with the non-state government entity operator of the nursing care facility after receiving the approval of the Executive Appropriations Committee.
- (iii) If the nursing care facility expects to receive more than \$10,000,000 in federal funds each year from the Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program, excluding seed funding and administrative fees paid by the non-state government entity, the department may not approve the application without obtaining approval from the Legislature and the governor.
- (c) A non-state government entity may not participate in the Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program unless the non-state government entity is a special service district, county, or city that operates a hospital or holds a license under Chapter 2, Part 2, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection.
- (d) Each non-state government entity that participates in the Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program shall certify to the department that:
- (i) the non-state government entity is a local government entity that is able to make an intergovernmental transfer under applicable state and federal law;
- (ii) the non-state government entity has sufficient public funds or other permissible sources of seed funding that comply with the requirements in 42 C.F.R. Part 433, Subpart B;
- (iii) the funds received from the Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program are:

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119 (A) for each nursing care facility, available for patient care until the end of the 120 non-state government entity's fiscal year; and 121 (B) used exclusively for operating expenses for nursing care facility operations, patient 122 care, capital expenses, rent, royalties, and other operating expenses; and 123 (iv) the non-state government entity has completed all licensing, enrollment, and other 124 forms and documents required by federal and state law to register a change of ownership with 125 the department and with CMS. 126 (5) The department shall add a nursing care facility to an existing Nursing Care Facility 127 Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program contract if: 128 (a) the nursing care facility is managed by or affiliated with the same non-state 129 government entity that also manages one or more nursing care facilities that are included in an 130 existing Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program 131 contract: and 132 (b) the non-state government entity makes the certification described in Subsection 133 (4)(d)(ii). 134 (6) The department may not increase the percentage of the administrative fee paid by a 135 non-state government entity to the department under the Nursing Care Facility Non-State 136 Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program. 137 (7) The department may not condition participation in the Nursing Care Facility 138 Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program on: 139 (a) a requirement that the department be allowed to direct or determine the types of 140 patients that a non-state government entity will treat or the course of treatment for a patient in a 141 non-state government nursing care facility; or 142 (b) a requirement that a non-state government entity or nursing care facility post a 143 bond, purchase insurance, or create a reserve account of any kind. 144 (8) The non-state government entity shall have the primary responsibility for ensuring 145 compliance with Subsection (4)(d)(ii). 146 (9) (a) The department may not enter into a new Nursing Care Facility Non-State

(i) a new Nursing Care Facility Non-State Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit

Government-Owned Upper Payment Limit program contract before January 1, 2019.

(b) Subsection (9)(a) does not apply to:

- program contract that was included in the federal funds request summary under Section
- 151 63J-5-201 for fiscal year 2018; or
- (ii) a nursing care facility that is operated or managed by the same company as a
- nursing care facility that was included in the federal funds request summary under Section
- 154 63J-5-201 for fiscal year 2018.
- Section 2. Section **63I-1-263** is amended to read:
- 156 **63I-1-263.** Repeal dates: Titles 63A to 63N.
- 157 (1) Subsection 63A-5b-405(5), relating to prioritizing and allocating capital
- improvement funding, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 159 (2) Section 63A-5b-1003, State Facility Energy Efficiency Fund, is repealed July 1,
- 160 2023.
- 161 (3) Sections 63A-9-301 and 63A-9-302, related to the Motor Vehicle Review
- 162 Committee, are repealed July 1, 2023.
- 163 (4) Title 63C, Chapter 4a, Constitutional and Federalism Defense Act, is repealed July
- 164 1, 2028.
- 165 (5) Title 63C, Chapter 6, Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is repealed January 1,
- 166 2025.
- 167 (6) Title 63C, Chapter 12, Snake Valley Aguifer Advisory Council, is repealed July 1,
- 168 2024.
- 169 (7) Title 63C, Chapter 17, Point of the Mountain Development Commission Act, is
- 170 repealed July 1, 2023.
- 171 (8) Title 63C, Chapter 18, Behavioral Health Crisis Response Commission, is repealed
- 172 December 31, 2026.
- 173 (9) Title 63C, Chapter 23, Education and Mental Health Coordinating Council, is
- 174 repealed July 1, 2026.
- 175 (10) Title 63C, Chapter 27, Cybersecurity Commission, is repealed July 1, 2032.
- 176 (11) Title 63C, Chapter 28, Ethnic Studies Commission, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 177 (12) Title 63C, Chapter 29, Domestic Violence Data Task Force, is repealed December
- 178 31, 2024.
- 179 (13) Title 63C, Chapter 31, State Employee Benefits Advisory Commission, is
- 180 repealed on July 1, 2028.

- 181 (14) Section 63G-6a-805, which creates the Purchasing from Persons with Disabilities 182 Advisory Board, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 183 (15) Title 63G, Chapter 21, Agreements to Provide State Services, is repealed July 1,
- 184 2028.
- 185 (16) Title 63H, Chapter 4, Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority, is repealed July 1,
- 186 2024.
- 187 (17) Title 63H, Chapter 8, Utah Housing Corporation Act, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 188 (18) Subsection 63J-1-602.2(25), related to the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is
- repealed January 1, 2025.
- 190 (19) Title 63J, Chapter 5, Part 3, Federal Funds Contingency Plan, is repealed July 1,
- 191 2027.
- 192 [(19)] (20) Section 63L-11-204, creating a canyon resource management plan to Provo
- 193 Canyon, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 194 [(20)] (21) Title 63L, Chapter 11, Part 4, Resource Development Coordinating
- 195 Committee, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 196 [(21)] (22) In relation to the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council,
- 197 on January 1, 2033:
- 198 (a) Sections 63M-7-301, 63M-7-302, 63M-7-303, 63M-7-304, and 63M-7-306 are
- 199 repealed;
- 200 (b) Section 63M-7-305, the language that states "council" is replaced with
- 201 "commission";
- 202 (c) Subsection 63M-7-305(1)(a) is repealed and replaced with:
- "(1) "Commission" means the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice."; and
- 204 (d) Subsection 63M-7-305(2) is repealed and replaced with:
- 205 "(2) The commission shall:
- 206 (a) provide ongoing oversight of the implementation, functions, and evaluation of the
- 207 Drug-Related Offenses Reform Act; and
- 208 (b) coordinate the implementation of Section 77-18-104 and related provisions in
- 209 Subsections 77-18-103(2)(c) and (d).".
- 210 [(22)] (23) The Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board, created in Section
- 211 63M-7-504, is repealed July 1, 2027.

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212 [<del>(23)</del>] (24) Title 63M, Chapter 7, Part 8, Sex Offense Management Board, is repealed 213 July1, 2026. 214 [(24)] (25) Title 63M, Chapter 11, Utah Commission on Aging, is repealed July 1, 215 2026. 216 [<del>(25)</del>] (26) Title 63N, Chapter 1b, Part 4, Women in the Economy Subcommittee, is 217 repealed January 1, 2025. 218 [(26)] (27) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act, is repealed July 1, 2028. 219 [(27)] (28) Section 63N-2-512, related to the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund, is repealed 220 July 1, 2028. 221 [(28)] (29) Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 9, Strategic Innovation Grant Pilot Program, is 222 repealed July 1, 2027. 223 [<del>(29)</del>] (30) Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 11, Manufacturing Modernization Grant 224 Program, is repealed July 1, 2025. 225 [<del>(30)</del>] (31) In relation to the Rural Employment Expansion Program, on July 1, 2028: 226 (a) Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural Employment Expansion Program, is repealed; 227 and 228 (b) Subsection 63N-4-805(5)(b), referring to the Rural Employment Expansion 229 Program, is repealed. 230 [<del>(31)</del>] (32) In relation to the Board of Tourism Development, on July 1, 2025: 231 (a) Subsection 63N-2-511(1)(b), which defines "tourism board," is repealed: 232 (b) Subsections 63N-2-511(3)(a) and (5), the language that states "tourism board" is 233 repealed and replaced with "Utah Office of Tourism"; 234 (c) Subsection 63N-7-101(1), which defines "board," is repealed; 235 (d) Subsection 63N-7-102(3)(c), which requires the Utah Office of Tourism to receive 236 approval from the Board of Tourism Development, is repealed; and 237 (e) Title 63N, Chapter 7, Part 2, Board of Tourism Development, is repealed. 238 [<del>(32)</del>] (33) Subsection 63N-8-103(3)(c), which allows the Governor's Office of 239 Economic Opportunity to issue an amount of tax credit certificates only for rural productions, 240 is repealed on July 1, 2024.

Section 3. Section **63J-5-102** is amended to read:

63J-5-102. Definitions.

243	(1) As used in this chapter:
244	(a) (i) "Agency" means a department, division, committee, commission, council, court
245	or other administrative subunit of the state.
246	(ii) "Agency" includes:
247	(A) executive branch entities;
248	(B) judicial branch entities; and
249	(C) the State Board of Education.
250	(iii) "Agency" does not mean higher education institutions or political subdivisions.
251	(b) "Contingency analysis and plan" means, with respect to a federal funds
252	reauthorization or new federal funds request, the submitting or requesting agency's:
253	(i) analysis of:
254	(A) the likelihood that the amount or value of the federal funds will be reduced, and
255	how that likelihood changes over time; and
256	(B) the likelihood that the federal funds will become unavailable, and how that
257	likelihood changes over time;
258	(ii) explanation of:
259	(A) whether accepting the federal funds may create an expectation of ongoing funding
260	by any beneficiary of the funds; and
261	(B) as applicable, how the agency will communicate to stakeholders that services
262	funded by the federal funds may or will be temporary;
263	(iii) plan for how the agency will:
264	(A) proceed if the amount or value of the federal funds are unexpectedly reduced in
265	any material degree or amount;
266	(B) proceed if the federal funds become unavailable unexpectedly;
267	(C) wind down the program or services funded by the federal funds when the federal
268	funds are exhausted; and
269	(D) transition any beneficiaries of the funds to a different program or service provider
270	if the agency is unable to continue providing the same program or services due to a decrease or
271	loss of federal funds; and
272	(iv) designation of the federal funds and the program or purpose for which the funds
273	will be used as either:

274	(A) mandatory under federal or state law;
275	(B) high priority; or
276	(C) low priority.
277	[(b)] (c) (i) "Federal funds" means cash or other money received from the United States
278	government or from other individuals or entities for or on behalf of the United States and
279	deposited with the state treasurer or any agency of the state.
280	(ii) "Federal funds" includes federal assistance and federal assistance programs,
281	however described.
282	[(iii) "Federal funds" does not include money received from the United States
283	government to reimburse the state or local government entity for money expended by the state
284	or local government entity.]
285	[(c)] (d) "Federal funds reauthorization" means:
286	(i) the formal submission from an agency to the federal government applying for or
287	seeking reauthorization of federal funds which the state is currently receiving;
288	(ii) the formal submission from an agency to the federal government applying for or
289	seeking reauthorization to participate in a federal program in which the state is currently
290	participating that will result in federal funds being transferred to an agency; or
291	(iii) that period after the first year of a previously authorized and awarded grant or
292	funding award, during which federal funds are disbursed or are scheduled to be disbursed after
293	the first year because the term of the grant or financial award extends for more than one year.
294	[(d)] (e) (i) "Federal funds request summary" means a document detailing:
295	(A) the amount of money that is being requested or is available to be received by the
296	state from the federal government for each federal funds reauthorization or new federal funds
297	request;
298	(B) those federal funds reauthorizations and new federal funds requests that are
299	included as part of the agency's proposed budget for the fiscal year, and the amount of those
300	requests;
301	(C) through July 1, 2027, a contingency analysis and plan for each federal funds
302	reauthorization and each new federal funds request;
303	[(C)] (D) the amount of new state money, if any, that will be required to receive the
304	federal funds or participate in the federal program;

305	$\left[\frac{(D)}{(E)}\right]$ the number of additional permanent full-time employees, additional
306	permanent part-time employees, or combination of additional permanent full-time employees
307	and additional permanent part-time employees, if any, that the state estimates are needed in
308	order to receive the federal funds or participate in the federal program; [and]
309	[(E)] (F) any requirements that the state must meet as a condition for receiving the
310	federal funds or participating in the federal program[-]; and
311	(G) through July 1, 2027, a state sovereignty evaluation as defined in Subsection
312	<u>(1)(n).</u>
313	(ii) "Federal funds request summary" includes, if available:
314	(A) the letter awarding an agency a grant of federal funds or other official
315	documentation awarding an agency a grant of federal funds; and
316	(B) a document detailing federal maintenance of effort requirements.
317	[(e)] (f) "Federal maintenance of effort requirements" means any matching, level of
318	effort, or earmarking requirements, as defined in Office of Management and Budget
319	requirements, that are imposed on an agency as a condition of receiving federal funds.
320	[(f)] (g) (i) "Intergovernmental transfer program" means an existing reimbursement
321	program or category that is authorized by the Medicaid state plan or waiver authority for
322	intergovernmental transfers.
323	(ii) "Intergovernmental transfer program" does not include the addition of a provider to
324	an existing intergovernmental transfer program.
325	[ <del>(g)</del> ] (h) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
326	(i) a school district;
327	(ii) a charter school; or
328	(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
329	[(h)] (i) "New federal funds" means:
330	(i) federal assistance or other federal funds that are available from the federal
331	government that:
332	(A) the state is not currently receiving; or
333	(B) exceed the federal funds amount most recently approved by the Legislature by
334	more than 25% for a federal grant or program in which the state is currently participating;
335	(ii) a federal assistance program or other federal program in which the state is not

336	currently participating; or
337	(iii) a one-time TANF request.
338	[(i)] (j) "New federal funds request" means:
339	(i) the formal submission from an agency to the federal government:
340	(A) applying for or otherwise seeking to obtain new federal funds; or
341	(B) applying for or seeking to participate in a new federal program that will result in
342	federal funds being transferred to an agency; or
343	(ii) a one-time TANF request.
344	[(j)] (k) (i) "New state money" means money, whether specifically appropriated by the
345	Legislature or not, that the federal government requires Utah to expend as a condition for
346	receiving the federal funds or participating in the federal program.
347	(ii) "New state money" includes money expended to meet federal maintenance of effort
348	requirements.
349	[(k)] (1) "One-time TANF request" means a proposed expenditure by the Department of
350	Workforce Services from its reserves of federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
351	funds:
352	(i) for a project or program that will last for a fixed amount of time and is not an
353	ongoing project or program of the Department of Workforce Services; and
354	(ii) that is greater than \$1,000,000 over the amount most recently approved by the
355	Legislature.
356	[(1) (i) "Pass-through federal funds" means federal funds provided to an agency that are
357	distributed to local governments or private entities without being used by the agency.]
358	[(ii) "Pass-through federal funds" does not include federal funds provided to the State
359	Board of Education that are distributed to a local education agency or other subrecipient
360	without being used by the State Board of Education.]
361	(m) "State" means the state of Utah and all of its agencies, and any administrative
362	subunits of those agencies.
363	(n) (i) "State sovereignty evaluation" means an analysis of the extent to which
364	accepting the federal funds or participating in the federal program may impair, restrict, or limit
365	the sovereignty of the state or the police power jurisdiction of the state.
366	(ii) "State sovereignty evaluation" includes the consideration of:

36/	(A) the possible impacts of accepting the federal funds, alone;
368	(B) the possible impacts of accepting the federal funds in light of other federal funds or
369	federal programs the agency receives or participates in; and
370	(C) the possible impacts of accepting the federal funds at the time the federal funds
371	would be accepted and throughout the anticipated duration of the federal funding.
372	(2) When this chapter describes an employee as a "permanent full-time employee" or a
373	"permanent part-time employee," it is not intended to, and may not be construed to, affect the
374	employee's status as an at-will employee.
375	Section 4. Section <b>63J-5-103</b> is amended to read:
376	63J-5-103. Scope and applicability of chapter.
377	(1) Except as [provided in Subsection (2), and except as] otherwise provided by a
378	statute superseding provisions of this chapter by explicit reference to this chapter, the
379	provisions of this chapter apply to each agency and govern each federal funds request.
380	[(2) (a) This chapter does not govern federal funds requests for:]
381	[(i) except as provided in Section 63J-5-206, the Medical Assistance Program,
382	commonly known as Medicaid; and]
383	[(ii) except as provided in Section 63J-5-206, the Children's Health Insurance
384	Program.]
385	[(b) Until Subsections (2)(c) and (d) apply, this chapter does not govern federal funds
386	requests for:]
387	[(i) the Women, Infant, and Children program;]
388	[(ii) the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program, except for a one-time
389	TANF request as defined in Section 63J-5-102;
390	[(iii) Social Security Act money;]
391	[(iv) the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment program;]
392	[(v) Child Care and Development Block Grant;]
393	[(vi) SNAP Administration and Training money;]
394	[(vii) Unemployment Insurance Operations money;]
395	[(viii) Federal Highway Administration money;]
396	[(ix) the Utah National Guard; or]
397	[(x) pass-through federal funds.]

398	(c) Federal funds requests described in Subsection (2)(b) are subject to the provisions
399	of this chapter:
400	[(i) beginning on January 1, 2018, for each agency that receives more than
401	\$200,000,000 annually in federal funds; or]
402	[(ii) beginning on July 1, 2018, for each agency that receives \$200,000,000 or less
403	annually in federal funds.]
404	[(d) Maintenance of effort reporting requirements described in Subsection
405	63J-5-102(1)(d)(ii)(B) may not be required until:]
406	[(i) January 1, 2018, for each agency that receives more than \$200,000,000 annually in
407	federal funds; or]
408	[(ii) July 1, 2018, for each agency that receives \$200,000,000 or less annually in
409	federal funds.]
410	[(3)] (2) The governor need not seek legislative review or approval of federal funds
411	received by the state if:
412	(a) the governor has declared a state of emergency; and
413	(b) the federal funds are received to assist victims of the state of emergency under
414	Section 53-2a-204.
415	Section 5. Section <b>63J-5-204</b> is amended to read:
416	63J-5-204. Legislative review and approval of certain federal funds requests.
417	(1) As used in this section:
418	(a) "High impact federal funds request" means a new federal funds request that will or
419	could:
420	(i) result in the state receiving total payments of \$10,000,000 or more per year from the
421	federal government;
422	(ii) require the state to add 11 or more permanent full-time employees, 11 or more
423	permanent part-time employees, or combination of permanent full-time and permanent
424	part-time employees equal to 11 or more in order to receive the new federal funds or participate
425	in the new federal program; or
426	(iii) require the state to expend more than \$1,000,000 of new state money in a fiscal
427	year in order to receive or administer the new federal funds or participate in the new federal
428	program.

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- 429 (b) "Medium impact federal funds request" means a new federal funds request that will 430 or could: 431 (i) result in the state receiving total payments of more than \$1,000,000 but less than 432 \$10,000,000 per year from the federal government; 433 (ii) require the state to add more than zero but less than 11 permanent full-time 434 employees, more than zero but less than 11 permanent part-time employees, or a combination 435 of permanent full-time employees and permanent part-time employees equal to more than zero 436 but less than 11 in order to receive or administer the new federal funds or participate in the new 437 federal program; or 438 (iii) require the state to expend \$1 to \$1,000,000 of new state money in a fiscal year in 439 order to receive or administer the new federal funds or participate in the new federal program. 440 (2) (a) (i) Before obligating the state to accept or receive new federal funds or to 441 participate in a new federal program under a medium impact federal funds request that was not authorized during a legislative session as provided in Section 63J-5-201, an agency shall: 442 443 (A) submit the federal funds request summary to the governor, the Judicial Council, or 444 the State Board of Education, as appropriate, for approval or rejection; and 445 (B) if the governor, the Judicial Council, or the State Board of Education approves the 446 new federal funds request, submit the federal funds request summary to the Legislative 447 Executive Appropriations Committee for its review and recommendations. 448 (ii) The procedures required under Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall be performed, if possible, 449 before the date that the medium impact funds request is formally submitted, but not later than 450 three months after the date of formal submission. 451 (b) The Legislative Executive Appropriations Committee shall review the federal funds 452 request summary and may: 453 (i) recommend that the agency accept the new federal funds; 454 (ii) recommend that the agency not accept the new federal funds; or 455 (iii) recommend to the governor that the governor call a special session of the
  - participate in a new federal program under a high impact federal funds request that was not authorized during a legislative session as provided in Section 63J-5-201, an agency shall:

(3) (a) (i) Before obligating the state to accept or receive new federal funds or to

Legislature to review and approve or reject the acceptance of the new federal funds.

- (A) submit the federal funds request summary to the governor, the Judicial Council, or the State Board of Education, as appropriate, for approval or rejection; and
- (B) if the governor, the Judicial Council, or the State Board of Education approves the new federal funds request, submit the federal funds request summary to the Legislature for its approval or rejection in an annual general session or a special session.
- (ii) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the procedures required under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be performed, if possible, before the date that the high impact funds request is formally submitted, but not later than three months after the date of formal submission.
- (iii) For a high impact federal funds request for the Medical Assistance Program, commonly known as Medicaid, or the Children's Health Insurance Program, the procedures required under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be performed, if possible, before the date that the high impact funds request is formally submitted, but not later than the end of the earlier of the next annual general session or special session of the Legislature after the date of formal submission.
- (b) (i) If the Legislature approves the new federal funds request, the agency may accept the new federal funds or participate in the new federal program.
- (ii) If the Legislature fails to approve the new federal funds request, the agency may not accept the new federal funds or participate in the new federal program.
- (4) If an agency fails to comply with the procedures of this section or fails to obtain the Legislature's approval:
- (a) the governor, the Judicial Council, or the State Board of Education, as appropriate, may require the agency to withdraw the new federal funds request or refuse or return the new federal funds;
- (b) the Legislature may, if federal law allows, opt out or decline to participate in the new federal program or decline to receive the new federal funds; or
- (c) the Legislature may reduce the agency's General Fund appropriation in an amount less than, equal to, or greater than the amount of federal funds received by the agency.
- (5) If a letter or other official documentation awarding an agency a grant of federal funds is not available to be included in the agency's federal funds request summary to the governor, the Judicial Council, or the State Board of Education, as appropriate, under this section, the agency shall submit to the governor, the Judicial Council, or the State Board of

491	Education, as appropriate, the letter or other official documentation awarding the agency a
492	grant of federal funds before expending the federal funds granted.
493	Section 6. Section 63J-5-301 is enacted to read:
494	Part 3. Federal Funds Contingency Plan
495	63J-5-301. Definitions.
496	As used in this part:
497	(1) "Federal receipts" means the federal financial assistance, as defined in 31 U.S.C.
498	Sec. 7501, that is reported as part of a single audit.
499	(2) "Qualifying agency" means an agency that, in a single fiscal year, has federal
500	receipts composing more than 33% of the agency's total budget.
501	(3) "Single audit" means the same as that term is defined in 31 U.S.C. Sec. 7501.
502	Section 7. Section <b>63J-5-302</b> is enacted to read:
503	63J-5-302. Federal funds contingency plan.
504	(1) A qualifying agency shall prepare a federal funds contingency plan that meets the
505	requirements described in Subsection (2).
506	(2) A federal funds contingency plan shall:
507	(a) identify short-term and long-term risks to the agency if there is a reduction in the
508	amount or value of federal funds the agency receives;
509	(b) identify short-term and long-term strategies the agency may use to respond to the
510	risks described in Subsection (2)(a); and
511	(c) designate agency personnel who are responsible for implementing the strategies
512	described in Subsection (2)(b).
513	(3) A qualifying agency shall update the agency's federal funds contingency plan:
514	(a) at least every other year; and
515	(b) in any year in which the qualifying agency submits a new federal funds request that
516	exceeds \$10,000,000.
517	(4) On or before December 15 of each year that a qualifying agency prepares a federal
518	funds contingency plan or an update to a federal funds contingency plan, the qualifying agency
519	shall provide a copy of the contingency plan or update to:
520	(a) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget;
521	(b) the Executive Appropriations Committee; and

## (c) the Legislative Fiscal Analyst. Section 8. Repealer. This bill repeals: Section 63J-1-219, Definitions -- Federal receipts reporting requirements. Section 63J-5-101, Title. Section 9. Effective date.

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This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.