Representative Rosemary T. Lesser proposes the following substitute bill:

ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION AND CANAL TRAIL AMENDMENTS
2024 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Rosemary T. Lesser
Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill clarifies how the Department of Transportation addresses canal corridors in
transportation corridor preservation and project prioritization, and canal trails in active
transportation planning.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 requires a canal owner or operator to notify certain entities of the intent to abandon
or transfer title of a canal;
 requires the Department of Natural Resources to compile a list of certain canals and
provide that list to the Department of Transportation;
 requires the Department of Transportation to:
develop a canal trail toolkit;
• inventory certain canals in the state;
• consider creating a canal trail as part of the active transportation plan; and
• identify certain canal corridors for transportation corridor preservation;
 enables the Transportation Commission to consider water savings and improvement
of canal infrastructure when prioritizing a transportation project; and
 makes technical changes.

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26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None
28	Other Special Clauses:
29	None
30	Utah Code Sections Affected:
31	AMENDS:
32	57-13a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 175
33	57-13a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 435
34	72-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 22, 88 and 219
35	72-2-117.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479
36	72-5-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 39
37	ENACTS:
38	72-1-218, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	79-2-409 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	
41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
42	Section 1. Section 57-13a-101 is amended to read:
43	57-13a-101. Definitions.
44	As used in this chapter:
45	(1) "Department of Transportation" means the Department of Transportation created in
46	<u>Section 72-1-201</u> .
47	(2) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in
48	<u>Section 72-1-208.5.</u>
49	(3) "Water conveyance" means a canal, ditch, pipeline, or other means of conveying
50	water.
51	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(4)}\right]$ "Water user" means a water user or the water user's predecessor whose water
52	being conveyed is represented by a water right recognized under state law or by shares in a
53	mutual irrigation company.
54	Section 2. Section 57-13a-104 is amended to read:
55	57-13a-104. Abandonment of prescriptive easement for water conveyance.
56	(1) A holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under

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57	Section 57-13a-102 may, in accordance with this section, abandon all or part of the easement.
58	(2) (a) A holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under
59	Section 57-13a-102 who seeks to abandon the easement or part of the easement shall, in each
60	county where the easement or part of the easement is located, file in the office of the county
61	recorder a notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement that describes the easement or
62	part of the easement to be abandoned.
63	(b) A county recorder who receives a notice of intent to abandon a prescriptive
64	easement shall:
65	(i) publish copies of the notice for the area generally served by the water conveyance
66	that utilizes the easement, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least 45 days;
67	and
68	(ii) mail a copy of the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement to:
69	(A) each [municipal and] county government, municipal government, and, if
70	applicable, metropolitan planning organization where the easement or part of the easement is
71	located [-]; and
72	(B) the Department of Transportation.
73	(3) After meeting the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) and at least 45 days after the
74	last day on which the county recorder posts the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive
75	easement in accordance with Subsection (2)(b), the holder of the prescriptive easement shall
76	file in the office of the county recorder for each county where the easement or part of the
77	easement is located a notice of abandonment that contains the same description required by
78	Subsection (2)(a).
79	(4) (a) Upon completion of the requirements described in Subsection (2):
80	(i) all interest to the easement or part of the easement abandoned by the holder of the
81	easement is extinguished; and
82	(ii) subject to each legal right that exists as described in Subsection (4)(b), the owner of
83	a servient estate whose land was encumbered by the easement or part of the easement
84	abandoned may reclaim the land area occupied by the former easement or part of the easement
85	and resume full utilization of the land without liability to the former holder of the easement.
86	(b) Abandonment of a prescriptive easement under this section does not affect a legal
87	right to have water delivered or discharged through the water conveyance and easement

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88	established by a person other than the holder of the easement who abandons an easement as
89	provided in this section.
90	(5) A county recorder may bill the holder of the prescriptive easement for the cost of
91	preparing, printing, and publishing the notice required under Subsection (2)(b).
92	Section 3. Section 72-1-218 is enacted to read:
93	<u>72-1-218.</u> Canal trails.
94	(1) As used in this section, "political subdivision" means a municipality, city, town,
95	county, or metro township as defined in Section 10-2a-403.
96	(2) The department, in coordination with the Department of Agriculture and Food and
97	the Department of Natural Resources, shall:
98	(a) develop a toolkit for a political subdivision to develop and maintain a canal trail,
99	including:
100	(i) sample license agreements;
101	(ii) available resources that can assist the political subdivision in funding a canal trail;
102	and
103	(iii) best methods, modes, and practices in developing and maintaining a canal trail;
104	(b) make the toolkit described in Subsection (2)(a) publicly available on the
105	department's website;
106	(c) receive the list of canals described in Section 79-2-409 from the Department of
107	Natural Resources created in Section 79-2-201;
108	(d) identify each canal on the list described in Subsection (2)(c) that the department
109	considers to be a high priority corridor as described in Section 72-5-403; and
110	(e) create an inventory of each canal the department identifies as a high priority
111	corridor as described in Subsection (2)(d) that includes:
112	(i) the type of land ownership held by each owner of a canal or portion of a canal;
113	(ii) whether an easement exists pertaining to the canal and the type of easement;
114	(iii) feasibility and cost estimates to acquire rights for an active transportation trail;
115	(iv) whether the owner of a canal or owner of a portion of a canal is willing to allow
116	piping of the canal or allow construction of a trail on or along the canal; and
117	(v) the maximum operating flow rate of the canal.
118	(3) As the department develops the active transportation plan as required in Subsection

119	72-2-124(11)(d)(ii), the department shall consider developing a canal trail along or on an
120	existing canal right-of-way.
121	Section 4. Section 72-1-304 is amended to read:
122	72-1-304. Written project prioritization process for new transportation capacity
123	projects Rulemaking.
124	(1) (a) The Transportation Commission, in consultation with the department and the
125	metropolitan planning organizations as defined in Section 72-1-208.5, shall develop a written
126	prioritization process for the prioritization of:
127	(i) new transportation capacity projects that are or will be part of the state highway
128	system under Chapter 4, Part 1, State Highways;
129	(ii) paved pedestrian or paved nonmotorized transportation projects described in
130	Section 72-2-124;
131	(iii) public transit projects that directly add capacity to the public transit systems within
132	the state, not including facilities ancillary to the public transit system; and
133	(iv) pedestrian or nonmotorized transportation projects that provide connection to a
134	public transit system.
135	(b) (i) A local government or district may nominate a project for prioritization in
136	accordance with the process established by the commission in rule.
137	(ii) If a local government or district nominates a project for prioritization by the
138	commission, the local government or district shall provide data and evidence to show that:
139	(A) the project will advance the purposes and goals described in Section 72-1-211;
140	(B) for a public transit project, the local government or district has an ongoing funding
141	source for operations and maintenance of the proposed development; and
142	(C) the local government or district will provide the percentage of the costs for the
143	project as required by Subsection 72-2-124(4)(a)(viii) or 72-2-124(9)(e).
144	(2) The following shall be included in the written prioritization process under
145	Subsection (1):
146	(a) a description of how the strategic initiatives of the department adopted under
147	Section 72-1-211 are advanced by the written prioritization process;
148	(b) a definition of the type of projects to which the written prioritization process
149	applies;

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150	(c) specification of a weighted criteria system that is used to rank proposed projects
151	and how it will be used to determine which projects will be prioritized;
152	(d) specification of the data that is necessary to apply the weighted ranking criteria; and
153	(e) any other provisions the commission considers appropriate, which may include
154	consideration of:
155	(i) regional and statewide economic development impacts, including improved local
156	access to:
157	(A) employment;
158	(B) educational facilities;
159	(C) recreation;
160	(D) commerce; and
161	(E) residential areas, including moderate income housing as demonstrated in the local
162	government's or district's general plan pursuant to Section 10-9a-403 or 17-27a-403;
163	(ii) the extent to which local land use plans relevant to a project support and
164	accomplish the strategic initiatives adopted under Section 72-1-211; and
165	(iii) any matching funds provided by a political subdivision or public transit district in
166	addition to the percentage of costs required by Subsections 72-2-124(4)(a)(viii) and
167	72-2-124(9)(e).
168	(3) (a) When prioritizing a public transit project that increases capacity, the
169	commission:
170	(i) may give priority consideration to projects that are part of a transit-oriented
171	development or transit-supportive development as defined in Section 17B-2a-802; and
172	(ii) shall give priority consideration to projects that are within the boundaries of a
173	housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 6,
174	Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act.
175	(b) When prioritizing a transportation project that increases capacity, the commission
176	may give priority consideration to projects that are:
177	(i) part of a transportation reinvestment zone created under Section 11-13-227 if:
178	(A) the state is a participant in the transportation reinvestment zone; or
179	(B) the commission finds that the transportation reinvestment zone provides a benefit
180	to the state transportation system; or

181	(ii) within the boundaries of a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant
182	to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act.
183	(c) If the department receives a notice of prioritization for a municipality as described
184	in Subsection 10-9a-408(5), or a notice of prioritization for a county as described in Subsection
185	17-27a-408(5), the commission may give priority consideration to transportation projects that
186	are within the boundaries of the municipality or the unincorporated areas of the county until the
187	department receives notification from the Housing and Community Development Division
188	within the Department of Workforce Services that the municipality or county no longer
189	qualifies for prioritization under this Subsection (3)(c).
190	(d) When prioritizing funding from the Active Transportation Investment Fund created
191	under Subsection 72-2-124(11):
192	(i) the department shall provide the commission with information on a project's
193	potential to save water or improve canal infrastructure; and
194	(ii) the commission may consider the information the department provides the
195	commission on a project's potential to save water or improve canal infrastructure.
196	(4) In developing the written prioritization process, the commission:
197	(a) shall seek and consider public comment by holding public meetings at locations
198	throughout the state; and
199	(b) may not consider local matching dollars as provided under Section 72-2-123 unless
200	the state provides an equal opportunity to raise local matching dollars for state highway
201	improvements within each county.
202	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
203	Transportation Commission, in consultation with the department, shall make rules establishing
204	the written prioritization process under Subsection (1).
205	(6) The commission shall submit the proposed rules under this section to a committee
206	or task force designated by the Legislative Management Committee for review prior to taking
207	final action on the proposed rules or any proposed amendment to the rules described in
208	Subsection (5).
209	Section 5. Section 72-2-117.5 is amended to read:
210	72-2-117.5. Definitions Local Highway and Transportation Corridor
211	Preservation Fund Disposition of fund money.

212	(1) As used in this section:
213	(a) "Council of governments" means a decision-making body in each county composed
214	of membership including the county governing body and the mayors of each municipality in the
215	county.
216	(b) "Metropolitan planning organization" has the same meaning as defined in Section
217	72-1-208.5.
218	(2) There is created the Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund
219	within the Transportation Fund.
220	(3) The fund shall be funded from the following sources:
221	(a) a local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee
222	imposed under Section 41-1a-1222;
223	(b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature;
224	(c) contributions from other public and private sources for deposit into the fund;
225	(d) all money collected from rents and sales of real property acquired with fund money;
226	(e) proceeds from general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, or other obligations issued
227	as authorized by Title 63B, Bonds; and
228	(f) sales and use tax revenues deposited into the fund in accordance with Title 59,
229	Chapter 12, Part 22, Local Option Sales and Use Taxes for Transportation Act.
230	(4) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
231	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
232	(c) The State Tax Commission shall allocate the revenues:
233	(i) provided under Subsection (3)(a) to each county imposing a local option highway
234	construction and transportation corridor preservation fee under Section 41-1a-1222;
235	(ii) provided under Subsection 59-12-2217(2) to each county imposing a county option
236	sales and use tax for transportation; and
237	(iii) provided under Subsection (3)(f) to each county of the second class or city or town
238	within a county of the second class that imposes the sales and use tax authorized by Section
239	59-12-2218.
240	(d) The department shall distribute the funds allocated to each county, city, or town
241	under Subsection (4)(c) to each county, city, or town.
242	(e) The money allocated and distributed under this Subsection (4):

243	(i) shall be used for the purposes provided in this section for each county, city, or town;
244	(ii) is allocated to each county, city, or town as provided in this section with the
245	condition that the state will not be charged for any asset purchased with the money allocated
246	and distributed under this Subsection (4), unless there is a written agreement in place with the
247	department prior to the purchase of the asset stipulating a reimbursement by the state to the
248	county, city, or town of no more than the original purchase price paid by the county, city, or
249	town; and
250	(iii) is considered a local matching contribution for the purposes described under
251	Section 72-2-123 if used on a state highway.
252	(f) Administrative costs of the department to implement this section shall be paid from
253	the fund.
254	(5) (a) A highway authority may acquire real property or any interests in real property
255	for state, county, and municipal highway [or] corridors, public transit corridors, or active
256	transportation corridors, subject to:
257	(i) money available in the fund to each county under Subsection (4); and
258	(ii) the provisions of this section.
259	(b) Fund money may be used to pay interest on debts incurred in accordance with this
260	section.
261	(c) (i) (A) Fund money may be used to pay maintenance costs of properties acquired
262	under this section but limited to a total of 5% of the purchase price of the property.
263	(B) Any additional maintenance cost shall be paid from funds other than under this
264	section.
265	(C) Revenue generated by any property acquired under this section is excluded from
266	the limitations under this Subsection (5)(c)(i).
267	(ii) Fund money may be used to pay direct costs of acquisition of properties acquired
268	under this section.
269	(d) Fund money allocated and distributed under Subsection (4) may be used by a
270	county highway authority for countywide transportation or public transit planning if:
271	(i) the county's planning focus area is outside the boundaries of a metropolitan
272	planning organization;
273	(ii) the transportation planning is part of the county's continuing, cooperative, and

274 comprehensive process for transportation or public transit planning, corridor preservation,

275 right-of-way acquisition, and project programming;

(iii) no more than four years allocation every 20 years to each county is used for
transportation planning under this Subsection (5)(d); and

(iv) the county otherwise qualifies to use the fund money as provided under thissection.

(e) (i) Subject to Subsection (11), fund money allocated and distributed under
Subsection (4) may be used by a county highway authority for transportation or public transit
corridor planning that is part of the corridor elements of an ongoing work program of
transportation or public transit projects.

(ii) The transportation corridor planning under Subsection (5)(e)(i) shall be under thedirection of:

(A) the metropolitan planning organization if the county is within the boundaries of ametropolitan planning organization; or

(B) the department if the county is not within the boundaries of a metropolitanplanning organization.

(f) (i) A county, city, or town that imposes a local option highway construction and
transportation corridor preservation fee under Section 41-1a-1222 may elect to administer the
funds allocated and distributed to that county, city, or town under Subsection (4) as a revolving
loan fund.

(ii) If a county, city, or town elects to administer the funds allocated and distributed to
that county, city, or town under Subsection (4) as a revolving loan fund, a local highway
authority shall repay the fund money authorized for the project to the fund.

(iii) A county, city, or town that elects to administer the funds allocated and distributed
to that county, city, or town under Subsection (4) as a revolving loan fund shall establish
repayment conditions of the money to the fund from the specified project funds.

300 (g) (i) Subject to the restrictions in Subsections (5)(g)(ii) and (iii), fund money may be
301 used by a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class or by a city or town within a county of
302 the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class for:

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(A) the construction, operation, or maintenance of a class B road or class C road; or

304 (B) the restoration or repair of survey monuments associated with transportation

305	infrastructure.
306	(ii) A county, city, or town may not use more than 50% of the current balance of fund
307	money allocated to the county, city, or town for the purposes described in Subsection $(5)(g)(i)$.
308	(iii) A county, city, or town may not use more than 50% of the fund revenue collections
309	allocated to a county, city, or town in the current fiscal year for the purposes described in
310	Subsection (5)(g)(i).
311	(6) (a) (i) The Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall be
312	used to preserve highway and public transit corridors, promote long-term statewide
313	transportation planning, save on acquisition costs, and promote the best interests of the state in
314	a manner which minimizes impact on prime agricultural land.
315	(ii) The Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall only be
316	used to preserve a highway [or] corridor, a public transit corridor, or an active transportation
317	<u>corridor</u> , that is right-of-way:
318	(A) in a county of the first or second class for:
319	(I) a state highway;
320	(II) a principal arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
321	(III) a minor arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
322	(IV) a collector highway in an urban area as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; [or]
323	(V) a transit facility as defined in Section 17B-2a-802; or
324	(VI) a facility for active transportation as described in Subsection 72-2-124(11); or
325	(B) in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class for:
326	(I) a state highway;
327	(II) a principal arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
328	(III) a minor arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
329	(IV) a major collector highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
330	(V) a minor collector road as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; or
331	(VI) a transit facility as defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
332	(iii) The Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund may not be
333	used for a highway corridor that is primarily a recreational trail as defined under Section
334	79-5-102.
335	(b) A highway authority shall authorize the expenditure of fund money after

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336	determining that the expenditure is being made in accordance with this section from
337	applications that are:
338	(i) endorsed by the council of governments; and
339	(ii) for a right-of-way purchase for a highway or public transit corridor authorized
340	under Subsection (6)(a)(ii).
341	(7) (a) (i) A council of governments shall establish a council of governments
342	endorsement process which includes prioritization and application procedures for use of the
343	money allocated to each county under this section.
344	(ii) The endorsement process under Subsection (7)(a)(i) may include review or
345	endorsement of the preservation project by:
346	(A) the metropolitan planning organization if the county is within the boundaries of a
347	metropolitan planning organization; or
348	(B) the department if the county is not within the boundaries of a metropolitan
349	planning organization.
350	(b) All fund money shall be prioritized by each highway authority and council of
351	governments based on considerations, including:
352	(i) areas with rapidly expanding population;
353	(ii) the willingness of local governments to complete studies and impact statements
354	that meet department standards;
355	(iii) the preservation of corridors by the use of local planning and zoning processes;
356	(iv) the availability of other public and private matching funds for a project;
357	(v) the cost-effectiveness of the preservation projects;
358	(vi) long and short-term maintenance costs for property acquired; and
359	(vii) whether the transportation or public transit corridor is included as part of:
360	(A) the county and municipal master plan; and
361	(B) (I) the statewide long range plan; or
362	(II) the regional transportation plan of the area metropolitan planning organization if
363	one exists for the area.
364	(c) The council of governments shall:
365	(i) establish a priority list of highway and public transit corridor preservation projects

366 within the county;

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367 (ii) submit the list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) to the county's legislative body for 368 approval; and 369 (iii) obtain approval of the list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) from a majority of the 370 members of the county legislative body. 371 (d) A county's council of governments may only submit one priority list described in 372 Subsection (7)(c)(i) per calendar year. 373 (e) A county legislative body may only consider and approve one priority list described 374 in Subsection (7)(c)(i) per calendar vear. 375 (8) (a) Unless otherwise provided by written agreement with another highway authority 376 or public transit district, the highway authority that holds the deed to the property is responsible 377 for maintenance of the property. 378 (b) The transfer of ownership for property acquired under this section from one 379 highway authority to another shall include a recorded deed for the property and a written agreement between the highway authorities or public transit district. 380 381 (9) (a) The proceeds from any bonds or other obligations secured by revenues of the 382 Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall be used for the purposes 383 authorized for funds under this section. 384 (b) The highway authority shall pledge the necessary part of the revenues of the Local 385 Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund to the payment of principal and 386 interest on the bonds or other obligations. 387 (10) (a) A highway authority may not expend money under this section to purchase a 388 right-of-way for a state highway unless the highway authority has: 389 (i) a transportation corridor property acquisition policy or ordinance in effect that 390 meets department requirements for the acquisition of real property or any interests in real 391 property under this section; and (ii) an access management policy or ordinance in effect that meets the requirements 392 393 under Subsection 72-2-117(8). 394 (b) The provisions of Subsection (10)(a)(i) do not apply if the highway authority has a 395 written agreement with the department for the department to acquire real property or any 396 interests in real property on behalf of the local highway authority under this section. 397 (11) The county shall ensure, to the extent possible, that the fund money allocated and

398 distributed to a city or town in accordance with Subsection (4) is expended: 399 (a) to fund a project or service as allowed by this section within the city or town to 400 which the fund money is allocated; 401 (b) to pay debt service, principal, or interest on a bond or other obligation as allowed 402 by this section if that bond or other obligation is: 403 (i) secured by money allocated to the city or town; and 404 (ii) issued to finance a project or service as allowed by this section within the city or 405 town to which the fund money is allocated: 406 (c) to fund transportation planning as allowed by this section within the city or town to 407 which the fund money is allocated; or 408 (d) for another purpose allowed by this section within the city or town to which the 409 fund money is allocated. 410 (12) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, any amounts within the fund allocated to a public transit district or for a public transit corridor may only be derived from the 411 412 portion of the fund that does not include constitutionally restricted sources related to the 413 operation of a motor vehicle on a public highway or proceeds from an excise tax on liquid 414 motor fuel to propel a motor vehicle. 415 Section 6. Section 72-5-403 is amended to read: 416 72-5-403. Transportation corridor preservation powers. (1) The department, counties, and municipalities may: 417 418 (a) act in cooperation with one another and other government entities to promote 419 planning for and enhance the preservation of transportation corridors and to more effectively 420 use the money available in the Marda Dillree Corridor Preservation Fund created in Section 421 72-2-117; 422 (b) undertake transportation corridor planning, review, and preservation processes; and 423 (c) acquire fee simple rights and other rights of less than fee simple, including easement and development rights, or the rights to limit development, including rights in 424 425 alternative transportation corridors, and to make these acquisitions up to a projected 40 years in 426 advance of using those rights in actual transportation facility construction. 427 (2) In addition to the powers described under Subsection (1), counties and 428 municipalities may:

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429	(a) limit development for transportation corridor preservation by land use regulation
430	and by official maps; and
431	(b) by ordinance prescribe procedures for approving limited development in
432	transportation corridors until the time transportation facility construction begins.
433	(3) (a) (i) The department shall identify and the commission shall approve
434	transportation corridors as high priority transportation corridors for transportation corridor
435	preservation.
436	(ii) As part of the identification process described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the
437	department shall identify statewide and regional canal corridors as high priority transportation
438	corridors for transportation corridor preservation.
439	(b) The department shall notify a county or municipality if the county or municipality
440	has land within its boundaries that is located within the boundaries of a high priority
441	transportation corridor.
442	(c) The department may, on a voluntary basis, acquire private property rights within the
443	boundaries of a high priority transportation corridor for which a notification has been received
444	in accordance with Section 10-9a-206 or 17-27a-206.
445	Section 7. Section 79-2-409 is enacted to read:
446	<u>79-2-409.</u> Canal list and map.
447	The department shall:
448	(1) compile a list and map of the canals in the state that have a flow rate 40 cubic feet
449	per second or greater when operating at maximum capacity; and
450	(2) send the list and map to the Department of Transportation created in Section
451	<u>72-1-201</u> before October 31, 2024.
452	Section 8. Effective date.

453 <u>This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.</u>