1	CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURE MODIFICATIONS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Paul A. Cutler
5	Senate Sponsor: Jerry W Stevenson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	Committee Note:
9	The Political Subdivisions Interim Committee recommended this bill.
10	Legislative Vote: 12 voting for 2 voting against 2 absent
11	General Description:
12	This bill modifies provisions related to conflicts of interest.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	requires an elected official of a political subdivision and a member of a state land
16	use authority to annually file a conflict of interest disclosure on the state's conflict of
17	interest disclosure website;
18	 requires an elected official described above to amend the disclosure if the elected
19	official has a conflict of interest that is otherwise required to be disclosed under the
20	municipal, county, or public officers' ethics acts;
21	 establishes penalties for an elected official or member of a state land use authority
22	who fails to file, amend, or disclose a conflict of interest on the website described
23	above;
24	 standardizes the monetary amount that triggers an elected official's disclosure
25	obligation;
26	 clarifies provisions related to conflicts of interest; and
27	 makes technical and conforming changes.



28	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	10-3-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
35	10-3-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
36	10-3-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
37	10-3-1306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
38	10-3-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
39	10-3-1308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
40	10-3-1309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
41	10-3-1311, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 461
42	10-3-1312, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
43	17-16a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
44	17-16a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 142, 445
45	17-16a-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
46	17-16a-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
47	17-16a-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
48	17-16a-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
49	17-16a-9, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
50	17-16a-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
51	17-16a-12, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
52	20A-11-1602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
53	20A-11-1602.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
54	20A-11-1604 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 170
55	20A-11-1605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
56	67-16-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
57	67-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 196
58	67-16-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 59

59	ENACTS:
60	10-3-1303.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	17-16a-3.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
62	20A-11-1603.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
63	
64	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
65	Section 1. Section 10-3-1303 is amended to read:
66	10-3-1303. Definitions.
67	As used in this part:
68	(1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to:
69	(i) $[any]$ a statutory office or position; or
70	(ii) [any other person appointed to any] a position of employment with a city or with a
71	community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities
72	- Community Reinvestment Agency Act.
73	(b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to, persons serving on] "Appointed
74	officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular, or full-time [committees, agencies,
75	or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their] committee, agency, or board,
76	regardless of whether the individual is compensated for the individual's services. [The use of
77	the word "officer" in this part is not intended to make appointed persons or employees
78	"officers" of the municipality.]
79	(c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer.
80	(2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent,
81	aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
82	entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business
83	entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.
84	(3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint
85	venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on
86	a business.
87	(4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is
88	paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to [any] a person or business entity by

anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services,

90	materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
91	(5) "Conflict of interest disclosure website" means the Candidate and Officeholder
92	Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
93	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> "Elected officer" means [a person]:
94	(a) an individual elected or appointed to fill a vacancy in the office of mayor,
95	commissioner, or council member; or
96	(b) <u>an individual</u> who is considered to be elected to the office of mayor, commissioner,
97	or council member by a municipal legislative body in accordance with Section 20A-1-206.
98	[(6)] (7) "Improper disclosure" means the disclosure of private, controlled, or protected
99	information to [any] a person who does not have both the right and the need to receive the
100	information.
101	[(7)] (8) "Municipal employee" means [a person who is not an elected or appointed
102	officer] an individual who is employed on a full[=] or part-time basis by a municipality or by a
103	community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities
104	- Community Reinvestment Agency Act.
105	(9) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer.
106	[(8)] (10) "Private, controlled, or protected information" means information classified
107	as private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
108	and Management Act, or [other] another applicable provision of law.
109	[9] (11) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
110	individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
111	outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
112	Section 2. Section 10-3-1303.5 is enacted to read:
113	10-3-1303.5. Statutory construction.
114	The definition of appointed officer in Section 10-3-1303 does not have the effect of
115	making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the municipality.
116	Section 3. Section 10-3-1304 is amended to read:
117	10-3-1304. Use of office for personal benefit prohibited.
118	(1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes:
119	(a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then
120	currently prevalent for similar loans; [and] or

121	(b) compensation received for [private services] a private service rendered at a rate
122	substantially exceeding the fair market value of the [services] service.
123	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), it is an offense for an [elected or appointed]
124	officer or municipal employee to:
125	(a) disclose or improperly use private, controlled, or protected information acquired by
126	reason of the officer's or municipal employee's official position or in the course of official
127	duties in order to further substantially the officer's or municipal employee's personal economic
128	interest or to secure special privileges or exemptions for the officer or municipal employee or
129	for others;
130	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's or <u>municipal</u> employee's official position to:
131	(i) further substantially the officer's or municipal employee's personal economic
132	interest; or
133	(ii) secure special privileges for the officer or municipal employee or for others; or
134	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly, for the officer
135	or municipal employee or for another, a gift of substantial value or a substantial economic
136	benefit tantamount to a gift that:
137	(i) would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position to
138	depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties; or
139	(ii) the person knows or that a reasonable person in that position should know under
140	the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the person for official action taken.
141	(3) Subsection (2)(c) does not apply to:
142	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
143	(b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services;
144	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
145	(d) a political campaign contribution.
146	(4) This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed] officer or municipal
147	employee who engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that
148	the [elected or appointed] officer or municipal employee is chargeable, for the same conduct,
149	under Section 76-8-105.
150	Section 4. Section 10-3-1305 is amended to read:
151	10-3-1305. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving municipality

Public	disclosure	and filing	required.
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- (1) As used in this section, "municipal body" means any public board, commission, committee, or other public group organized to make public policy decisions or to advise persons who make public policy decisions.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsection (6), it is an offense for an [elected officer, or an appointed officer,] officer who is a member of a [public] municipal body to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction involving the [municipality in which the member is an officer unless the member] municipality of which the officer is elected or appointed unless the officer:
- (a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this section] disclosing the information described in Subsection (5); [and]
- (b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection (5) in an open meeting to the members of the municipal body of which the officer is a member immediately before the discussion[-]; and
- (c) for an officer who is an elected officer, discloses the information described in Subsection (5) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
- (3) It is an offense for an appointed officer who is not a member of a [public] municipal body or a municipal employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction involving the municipality by which the [person is employed] appointed officer or municipal employee is employed unless the appointed officer or employee:
- (a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this section] disclosing information described in Subsection (5); and
 - (b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection (5) to:
 - (i) the [officer] appointed officer's or municipal employee's immediate supervisor; and
- (ii) any other municipal officer or employee who may rely [upon the employee's] on the appointed officer's or municipal employee's representations in evaluating or approving the transaction.
- (4) (a) [The officer or employee shall file the statement required to be filed by this section] An officer or municipal employee shall file the sworn statement described in Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a), as applicable, on or before the earlier of:

183	(i) 10 days before the date [of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer
184	or municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted or] on which the officer
185	or municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement;
186	<u>or</u>
187	(ii) 10 days before [the receipt of compensation by the officer or employee, whichever
188	is earlier] the date on which the officer or municipal employee receives compensation.
189	(b) An elected officer shall make the website disclosure described in Subsection (2)(c)
190	on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii).
191	[(b)] (c) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a) is
192	public information and shall be available for examination by the public.
193	(5) The [statement and disclosure] disclosures described in Subsections (2) and (3)
194	shall contain:
195	(a) the name and address of the officer or municipal employee;
196	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted or in
197	which the [appointed or elected official or municipal employee] officer or municipal employee
198	has a substantial interest; and
199	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
200	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
201	(6) This section does not apply to an [elected officer, or an appointed officer,] officer
202	who is a member of a [public] municipal body and who engages in conduct that constitutes a
203	violation of this section to the extent that the [elected officer or appointed] officer is
204	chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105.
205	Section 5. Section 10-3-1306 is amended to read:
206	10-3-1306. Interest in business entity regulated by municipality Disclosure
207	statement required.
208	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer or] An officer under this part, or a municipal
209	employee, who is an officer, director, agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial interest
210	in [any] a business entity [which] that is subject to the regulation of the municipality [in which
211	he is an elected or appointed officer or municipal employee] in which the officer or municipal
212	employee is elected, appointed, or employed, shall disclose the position held and the nature and
213	value of [his] the officer's or employee's interest:

214	(a) upon first becoming appointed, elected, or employed by the municipality[5], and
215	(b) [again at any time thereafter if the elected or appointed officer's or municipal
216	employee's position in the business entity has changed significantly or if the value of his
217	interest in the entity has increased significantly since the last disclosure] when the officer's or
218	municipal employee's position in the business entity changes significantly or when the value of
219	the officer's or municipal employee's interest in the entity significantly increases above the
220	officer's or municipal employee's most recent disclosure.
221	(2) [The disclosure shall be made] An officer or municipal employee shall make the
222	disclosure:
223	(a) in a sworn statement filed with the mayor[-]; and
224	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, on the conflict of interest disclosure
225	website.
226	(3) The mayor shall:
227	(a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements] the sworn statement to the
228	members of the governing body[,]; or
229	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body copies of the disclosure
230	statement within 30 days after the statement is received by him] provide a copy of the sworn
231	statement to the members of the governing body no later than 30 days after the date on which
232	the mayor receives the statement.
233	[(3)] (4) (a) This section does not apply to [instances] an instance where the value of
234	the interest does not exceed $[\$2,000]$ $\$5,000$.
235	(b) [Life insurance policies and annuities] A life insurance policy or an annuity may
236	not be considered in determining the value of [any such] the interest.
237	Section 6. Section 10-3-1307 is amended to read:
238	10-3-1307. Interest in business entity doing business with municipality
239	Disclosure.
240	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part, or municipal
241	employee, who is an officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in
242	[any] <u>a</u> business entity $[which]$ <u>that</u> does or anticipates doing business with the municipality in
243	which [he is an appointed or elected officer or municipal employee,] the officer or municipal
244	employee is appointed, elected, or employed, shall:

243	(a) publicly disclose to the members of the body of which [ne] the officer is a member
246	or by which [he] the municipal employee is employed, immediately [prior to] before any
247	discussion by [such] the municipal body concerning matters relating to [such] the business
248	entity, the nature of [his] the officer's or municipal employee's interest in [that] the business
249	entity[-]; and
250	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, disclose the conflict described in this
251	Subsection (1) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
252	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
253	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
254	(3) Disclosure by a municipal employee under this section is satisfied if the municipal
255	employee makes the disclosure in the manner [required by Sections] described in Section
256	10-3-1305 [and] or Section 10-3-1306.
257	Section 7. Section 10-3-1308 is amended to read:
258	10-3-1308. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.
259	[Any personal interest or investment by a municipal employee or by any elected or
260	appointed official of a municipality which creates a conflict between the employee's or
261	official's personal interests and his public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to the
262	members of the body in the manner required by Section 10-3-1306] An officer or municipal
263	employee who has a personal interest or investment that creates a conflict between the officer's
264	or municipal employee's personal interests and the officer's or municipal employee's public
265	duties shall disclose the conflict in the manner described in Section 10-3-1306.
266	Section 8. Section 10-3-1309 is amended to read:
267	10-3-1309. Inducing officer or employee to violate part prohibited.
268	It is a class A misdemeanor for any person to induce or seek to induce [any appointed or
269	elected officer or] an officer or a municipal employee to violate any of the provisions of this
270	part.
271	Section 9. Section 10-3-1311 is amended to read:
272	10-3-1311. Municipal ethics commission Complaints charging violations.
273	(1) A municipality may establish by ordinance an ethics commission to review a
274	complaint against an officer or a municipal employee subject to this part for a violation of a
275	provision of this part.

2/0	(2) (a) A person ming a complaint for a violation of this part shall me the complaint:
277	(i) with the municipal ethics commission, if a municipality has established a municipal
278	ethics commission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
279	(ii) with the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission in accordance with
280	Title 63A, Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission, if the municipality
281	has not established a municipal ethics commission.
282	(b) A municipality that receives a complaint described in Subsection (2)(a) may:
283	(i) accept the complaint if the municipality has established a municipal ethics
284	commission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
285	(ii) forward the complaint to the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission
286	established in Section 63A-15-201:
287	(A) regardless of whether the municipality has established a municipal ethics
288	commission; or
289	(B) if the municipality has not established a municipal ethics commission.
290	(3) If the alleged ethics complaint is against a person who is a member of the municipal
291	ethics commission, the complaint shall be filed with or forwarded to the Political Subdivisions
292	Ethics Review Commission.
293	Section 10. Section 10-3-1312 is amended to read:
294	10-3-1312. Violation of disclosure requirements Penalties Rescission of
295	prohibited transaction.
296	If $[any]$ <u>a</u> transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section
297	10-3-1305, 10-3-1306, 10-3-1307, or 10-3-1308, the municipality:
298	(1) shall dismiss or remove the [appointed or elected] officer or municipal employee
299	who knowingly and intentionally violates this part from employment or office; and
300	(2) may rescind or void $[any]$ \underline{a} contract or subcontract entered into pursuant to that
301	transaction without returning any part of the consideration received by the municipality.
302	Section 11. Section 17-16a-3 is amended to read:
303	17-16a-3. Definitions.
304	As used in this part:
305	(1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to:
306	(i) [any] a statutory office or position; or

307	(11) [any other person appointed to any position of employment with a county, except
308	special employees] a position of employment with a county, except a special employee.
309	(b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to persons serving on] "Appointed
310	officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular or full-time [committees, agencies,
311	or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their] committee, agency, or board,
312	regardless of whether the individual is compensated for the individual's services. [The use of
313	the word "officer" in this part is not intended to make appointed persons or employees
314	"officers" of the county.]
315	(c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer.
316	(2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent,
317	aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
318	entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business
319	entity and with the intent to so assist such person or business entity.
320	(3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint
321	venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on
322	a business.
323	(4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is
324	paid, loaned, granted, given, donated or transferred to any person or business entity for or in
325	consideration of personal services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
326	(5) "Conflict of interest disclosure website" means the Candidate and Officeholder
327	Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
328	[(5)] (6) "Elected officer" means [any person] an individual elected or appointed to
329	[any] an office in the county.
330	[6] [7] "Governmental action" means $[any]$ and action on the part of a county
331	including:
332	(a) $[any]$ <u>a</u> decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; $[and]$
333	(b) $[any]$ \underline{a} grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision,
334	sanction, or approval[, or]; or
335	(c) [the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to] the denial of, or failure to act
336	upon, a matter described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b).
337	(8) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer.

338	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> "Special employee" means [any person] an individual hired on the basis of a
339	contract to perform a special service for the county pursuant to an award of a contract
340	following a public bid.
341	[(8)] (10) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
342	individual, the individual's spouse, and the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
343	outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
344	Section 12. Section 17-16a-3.5 is enacted to read:
345	17-16a-3.5. Statutory construction.
346	The definition of appointed officer in Section 17-16a-3 does not have the effect of
347	making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the county.
348	Section 13. Section 17-16a-4 is amended to read:
349	17-16a-4. Prohibited use of official position Exception.
350	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), it is an offense for an [elected or
351	appointed] officer to:
352	(a) disclose confidential information acquired by reason of the officer's official position
353	or use that information to secure special privileges or exemptions for [himself] the officer or
354	others;
355	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's official position to secure special privileges for
356	the officer or for others; or
357	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek or solicit, directly or indirectly, any gift or
358	loan for the officer or for another, if the gift or loan tends to influence the officer in the
359	discharge of the officer's official duties.
360	(2) This section [is inapplicable] does not apply to:
361	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
362	(b) an award publicly presented;
363	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
364	(d) political campaign contributions subject to Section 17-16-6.5.
365	(3) A member of a county legislative body who is also a member of the governing
366	board of a provider of mental health or substance abuse services under contract with the county
367	does not commit an offense under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by discharging, in good faith, the
368	duties and responsibilities of each position, if the county legislative body member does not

309	participate in the process of selecting the mental health of substance abuse service provider.
370	(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a county or county official may
371	encourage support from a public or private individual or institution, whether in financial
372	contributions or by other means, on behalf of an organization or activity that benefits the
373	community.
374	(5) This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed] officer who engages in
375	conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the [elected or appointed]
376	officer is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105.
377	Section 14. Section 17-16a-5 is amended to read:
378	17-16a-5. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving county Public
379	disclosure and filing required.
380	(1) [No elected or appointed officer may] An officer may not receive or agree to
381	receive compensation for assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction
382	involving the county in which [he is an officer unless he] the officer is elected or appointed
383	unless the officer:
384	(a) [files with the county legislative body a sworn statement giving the information
385	required by this section, and] files with the county legislative body a sworn statement
386	disclosing the information described in Subsection (5);
387	(b) discloses in open meeting to the members of the body of which [he] the officer is a
388	member, immediately [prior to] before the discussion, the information [required by Subsection
389	(3).] described in Subsection (5); and
390	(c) for an officer who is an elected officer, discloses the information described in
391	Subsection (5) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
392	(2) [The statement required to be filed by this section shall be filed] An officer shall
393	file the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) on or before the earlier of:
394	(a) 10 days [prior to the date of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer
395	and the person or business entity being assisted or] before the date on which the officer and the
396	person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement; or
397	(b) 10 days [prior to the receipt of compensation by the business entity] before the date
398	on which the officer receives compensation.
399	(3) An officer shall make the website disclosure described in Subsection (1)(c) on or

400	before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
401	(4) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) is public
402	information and is available for examination by the public.
403	[(3)] (5) The [statement and disclosure] disclosures described in Subsection (1) shall
404	contain the following information:
405	(a) the name and address of the officer;
406	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted, or in
407	which the [appointed or elected official] officer has a substantial interest; and
408	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
409	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
410	Section 15. Section 17-16a-6 is amended to read:
411	17-16a-6. Interest in business entity regulated by county Disclosure.
412	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer,
413	director, agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial interest in any business entity [which]
414	that is subject to the regulation of the county [in which the officer is an elected or appointed
415	officer] in which the officer is appointed or elected shall disclose the position held and the
416	precise nature and value of the officer's interest:
417	(a) upon first becoming appointed or elected[-,]; and
418	(b) [again] during January of each year [thereafter] during which the officer continues
419	to be an appointed or elected officer.
420	(2) [The disclosure shall be made] An officer shall make the disclosure:
421	(a) in a sworn statement filed with the county legislative body[:]; and
422	(b) if the officer is an elected officer, on the conflict of interest disclosure website
423	described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
424	(3) The commission shall:
425	(a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements] the sworn statement to the
426	members of the governing body; or
427	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body, copies of the disclosure
428	statement within 30 days after the statement is received] provide a copy of the sworn statement
429	to the members of the governing body no later than 30 days after the day on which the
430	commission receives the statement

431	(4) (a) This section does not apply to instances where the value of the interest does not
432	exceed [\$2,000, and] <u>\$5,000.</u>
433	(b) A life insurance [policies and annuities] policy or an annuity may not be considered
434	in determining the value of the interest.
435	Section 16. Section 17-16a-7 is amended to read:
436	17-16a-7. Interest in business entity doing business with county Disclosure.
437	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer,
438	director, agent, or employee, or owner of a substantial interest in [any] a business entity
439	[which] that does or anticipates doing business with the county [in which he is an appointed or
440	elected officer,] in which the officer is appointed or elected shall:
441	(a) publicly disclose to the members of the body [on which he] of which the officer is a
442	member, immediately [prior to any] before a discussion by [such] the body on matters relating
443	to [such] the business entity, the nature of [his] the officer's interest in [that] the business
444	entity[-]; and
445	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, disclose the conflict described in Subsection
446	(1) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
447	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
448	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
449	Section 17. Section 17-16a-8 is amended to read:
450	17-16a-8. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.
451	[Any personal interest of or investment by any elected or appointed official of a county
452	which creates a potential or actual conflict between the official's personal interests and his
453	public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to the members of the body in the manner
454	required by Section 17-16a-6] An officer who has a personal interest or investment that creates
455	a potential or actual conflict between the officer's personal interests and the officer's public
456	duties shall disclose the conflict in the manner described in Section 17-16a-6.
457	Section 18. Section 17-16a-9 is amended to read:
458	17-16a-9. Inducing officer to violate provisions prohibited.
459	No person shall induce or seek to induce [any appointed or elected] an officer to violate
460	any of the provisions of this part.
461	Section 19. Section 17-16a-10 is amended to read:

462 17-16a-10. Violation a misdemeanor -- Removal from office.

In addition to any penalty contained in any other provision of law, [any] a person who knowingly and intentionally violates this part is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be dismissed from employment or removed from office.

Section 20. Section 17-16a-12 is amended to read:

17-16a-12. Rescission of prohibited transaction.

If [any] <u>a</u> transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section 17-16a-6, the county may rescind or void [any] <u>a</u> contract or subcontract entered into pursuant to that transaction without returning any part of the consideration received by the county.

Section 21. Section **20A-11-1602** is amended to read:

20A-11-1602. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Conflict of interest" means an action that is taken by a regulated officeholder that the officeholder reasonably believes may cause direct financial benefit or detriment to the officeholder, a member of the officeholder's immediate family, or an individual or entity that the officeholder is required to disclose under the provisions of this section, if that benefit or detriment is distinguishable from the effects of that action on the public or on the officeholder's profession, occupation, or association generally.
- (2) "Conflict of interest disclosure" means a disclosure, on the website, of all information required under Section 20A-11-1604.
- (3) "Entity" means a corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, a limited partnership, a sole proprietorship, an association, a cooperative, a trust, an organization, a joint venture, a governmental entity, an unincorporated organization, or any other legal entity, regardless of whether it is established primarily for the purpose of gain or economic profit.
 - (4) "Filing officer" means:
- (a) the lieutenant governor, for the office of a state constitutional officer or State Board of Education member; or
- (b) the lieutenant governor or the county clerk in the county of the candidate's residence, for a state legislative office.
- (5) "Immediate family" means the regulated officeholder's spouse, a child living in the regulated officeholder's immediate household, or an individual claimed as a dependent for state

493	or rederal income tax purposes by the regulated officeholder.
494	(6) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or any other payment made to an
495	individual for gain, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission,
496	pay, bonus, severance pay, incentive pay, contract payment, interest, per diem, expenses,
497	reimbursement, dividends, or otherwise.
498	(7) (a) "Local official" means an individual who holds an office on the legislative body
499	of a political subdivision.
500	(b) "Local official" includes an individual who:
501	(i) is elected to an office described in Subsection (7)(a);
502	(ii) is appointed to fill a vacancy in an office described in Subsection (7)(a); or
503	(iii) is appointed to serve as a member of the governing body of a special district.
504	$\left[\frac{7}{8}\right]$ (a) "Owner or officer" means an individual who owns an ownership interest in
505	an entity or holds a position where the person has authority to manage, direct, control, or make
506	decisions for:
507	(i) the entity or a portion of the entity; or
508	(ii) an employee, agent, or independent contractor of the entity.
509	(b) "Owner or officer" includes:
510	(i) a member of a board of directors or other governing body of an entity; or
511	(ii) a partner in any type of partnership.
512	(9) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, metro township, school district,
513	or special district.
514	[(8)] (10) "Preceding year" means the year immediately preceding the day on which the
515	regulated officeholder makes a conflict of interest disclosure.
516	[9) (11) "Regulated officeholder" means an individual who is required to make a
517	conflict of interest disclosure under the provisions of this part.
518	(12) "Special filing officer" means:
519	(a) the lieutenant governor, for the office of a state constitutional officer, state
520	legislator, or State Board of Education member;
521	(b) the county clerk, for a local official who holds an office on the legislative body of a
522	county;
523	(c) the city recorder or town clerk, for a local official who holds an office on a

524	municipal legislative body;
525	(d) the special district clerk, for a local official who holds an office on the governing
526	body of a special district;
527	(e) the school district administrator, for a local official who holds an office on a local
528	school board; or
529	(f) the administrator or clerk of a state land use authority, for a state board member.
530	(13) (a) "State board member" means an individual appointed to the board of a state
531	land use authority.
532	(b) "State board member" includes a nonvoting member of a board described in
533	Subsection (12)(a).
534	[(10)] (14) "State constitutional officer" means the governor, the lieutenant governor,
535	the state auditor, the state treasurer, or the attorney general.
536	(15) "State land use authority" means:
537	(a) the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section 11-58-201;
538	(b) the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201; or
539	(c) the Military Installation Development Authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
540	[(11)] (16) "Website" means the Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest
541	Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
542	Section 22. Section 20A-11-1602.5 is amended to read:
543	20A-11-1602.5. Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure
544	Website.
545	(1) The lieutenant governor shall, in cooperation with the county clerks and other
546	special filing officers, establish and administer a Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of
547	Interest Disclosure Website.
548	(2) The website shall:
549	(a) permit a candidate or officeholder to securely access the website for the purpose of
550	(i) complying with the conflict of interest disclosure requirements described in this
551	part; and
552	(ii) editing conflict of interest disclosures;
553	(b) contain a record of all conflict of interest disclosures and edits made by the
554	candidate or officeholder for at least the preceding four years; and

555	(c) permit any person to view a conflict of interest disclosure made by a candidate or
556	officeholder.
557	Section 23. Section 20A-11-1603.5 is enacted to read:
558	20A-11-1603.5. Conflict of interest disclosure Required after election or
559	appointment of local official or state board member Public availability.
560	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a local official shall make the local official's
561	first conflict of interest disclosure on the website no sooner than January 1, and before January
562	11, the year after the year in which the local official is appointed or elected.
563	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a state board member shall make the state
564	board member's first conflict of interest disclosure on the website no sooner than January 1,
565	and before January 11, the year after the year in which the state board member is appointed.
566	(3) A local official is not required to comply with Subsection (1) if, during the time
567	period the local official would otherwise make the conflict of interest disclosure under
568	Subsection (1):
569	(a) (i) the local official is a state board member; and
570	(ii) the local official makes a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website in
571	the local official's capacity as a state board member, in accordance with Section 20A-11-1604;
572	<u>or</u>
573	(b) (i) the local official holds an office on the legislative body of a political subdivision
574	that is different from the legislative body to which the local official was appointed or elected;
575	<u>and</u>
576	(ii) the local official makes a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website in
577	the local official's capacity as a member of the other legislative body, in accordance with
578	<u>Section 20A-11-1604.</u>
579	(4) A local official who is elected or appointed to more than one legislative body of a
580	political subdivision in the same year complies with Subsection (1) by making one complete
581	conflict of interest disclosure on the website during the time period described in Subsection (1)
582	(5) A state board member is not required to comply with Subsection (2) if:
583	(a) (i) on the day the state board member is appointed, the state board member holds
584	the office of state legislator or State Board of Education member;
585	(ii) the state board member already, that same year, filed the conflict of interest

380	disclosure for an office described in Subsection (3)(a)(1), in accordance with Section
587	20A-11-1604;
588	(iii) the state board member is seeking reelection to an office described in Subsection
589	(5)(a)(i); and
590	(iv) at the time the state board member files the declaration of candidacy for an office
591	described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), the state board member indicates, in writing, that the conflict
592	of interest disclosure described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii) is updated and accurate as of the date of
593	filing the declaration of candidacy; or
594	(b) (i) during the time period the state board member would otherwise make the
595	conflict of interest disclosure under Subsection (2), the state board member holds the office of
596	state legislator, State Board of Education member, or a local official; and
597	(ii) the state board member makes a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the
598	website in the state board member's capacity as a state legislator, State Board of Education
599	member, or a local official, in accordance with Section 20A-11-1604.
600	(6) A state board member who is appointed to a state land use authority in the same
601	year the state board member is appointed or elected to the legislative body of a political
602	subdivision complies with Subsection (2) by making one complete conflict of interest
603	disclosure on the website during the time period described in Subsection (2).
604	(7) If a local official or state board member fails to comply with Subsection (1) or (2),
605	as applicable, the special filing officer shall, no later than 21 days after the deadline described
606	in Subsection (1) or (2), as applicable, provide electronic notice to the local official or state
607	board member that the local official or state board member has not made a complete conflict of
608	interest disclosure on the website.
609	(8) The conflict of interest disclosure described in Subsections (1) and (2) shall contain
610	the same information and shall be in the same format as the conflict of interest disclosure
611	described in Section 20A-11-1604.
612	(9) The lieutenant governor shall make the complete conflict of interest disclosure
613	made by each local official or state board member available for public inspection on the
614	website.
615	Section 24. Section 20A-11-1604 is amended to read:
616	20A-11-1604. Failure to disclose conflict of interest Failure to comply with

reporting requirements.

- (1) (a) Before or during the execution of any order, settlement, declaration, contract, or any other official act of office in which a state constitutional officer has actual knowledge that the state constitutional officer has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the state constitutional officer shall publicly declare that the state constitutional officer may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict of interest is.
- (b) Before or during any vote on legislation or any legislative matter in which a legislator or local official has actual knowledge that the legislator or local official has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the legislator or local official shall orally declare to the committee or body before which the matter is pending that the legislator or local official may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict is.
- (c) Before or during any vote on any rule, resolution, order, or any other board matter in which a member of the State Board of Education has actual knowledge that the member has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the member shall orally declare to the board that the member may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict of interest is.
- (d) Before or during any vote on any board matter in which a state board member has actual knowledge that the state board member has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the state board member shall orally declare to the board that the member may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict of interest is.
- (2) Any public declaration of a conflict of interest that is made under Subsection (1) shall be noted:
 - (a) on the official record of the action taken, for a state constitutional officer;
- (b) in the minutes of the committee meeting or in the Senate or House Journal, as applicable, for a legislator; or
- (c) in the minutes of the meeting or on the official record of the action taken, for a <u>local</u> <u>official, a state board member, or a member of the State Board of Education.</u>
- (3) A state constitutional officer shall make a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website:
 - (a) (i) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; or
- (ii) if the state constitutional officer takes office after January 10, within 10 days after

648	the day on which the state constitutional officer takes office; and
649	(b) each time the state constitutional officer changes employment.
650	(4) A legislator shall make a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website:
651	(a) (i) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; or
652	(ii) if the legislator takes office after January 10, within 10 days after the day on which
653	the legislator takes office; and
654	(b) each time the legislator changes employment.
655	(5) A member of the State Board of Education shall make a complete conflict of
656	interest disclosure on the website:
657	(a) (i) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; or
658	(ii) if the member takes office after January 10, within 10 days after the day on which
659	the member takes office; and
660	(b) each time the member changes employment.
661	(6) A local official shall make a successive conflict of interest disclosure on the
662	website:
663	(a) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; and
664	(b) each time the local official changes employment.
665	(7) A state board member shall make a successive conflict of interest disclosure on the
666	website:
667	(a) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; and
668	(b) each time the state board member changes employment.
669	(8) (a) A local official who holds an office on more than one legislative body of a
670	political subdivision complies with Subsection (6) by making one complete conflict of interest
671	disclosure on the website during the time period described in Subsection (6)(a) or (b), as
672	applicable.
673	(b) A state board member who holds an office on the legislative body of a political
674	subdivision complies with Subsection (7) by making one complete conflict of interest
675	disclosure on the website during the time period described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b), as
676	applicable.
677	[(6)] (9) A conflict of interest disclosure described in [Subsection (3), (4), or (5)]
678	Subsections (3) through (7) shall include:

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- 679 (a) the regulated officeholder's name: 680 (b) the name and address of each of the regulated officeholder's current employers and 681 each of the regulated officeholder's employers during the preceding year; 682 (c) for each employer described in Subsection $[\frac{(6)(b)}{(9)}]$ (9)(b), a brief description of the 683 employment, including the regulated officeholder's occupation and, as applicable, job title; 684 (d) for each entity in which the regulated officeholder is an owner or officer, or was an 685 owner or officer during the preceding year: 686 (i) the name of the entity; 687 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; and 688 (iii) the regulated officeholder's position in the entity; 689 (e) in accordance with Subsection $[\frac{7}{1}]$ (10), for each individual from whom, or entity 690 from which, the regulated officeholder has received \$5,000 or more in income during the 691 preceding year: 692 (i) the name of the individual or entity; and 693 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the individual or 694 entity; 695 (f) for each entity in which the regulated officeholder holds any stocks or bonds having a fair market value of \$5,000 or more as of the date of the disclosure form or during the 696 697 preceding year, but excluding funds that are managed by a third party, including blind trusts, 698 managed investment accounts, and mutual funds: 699 (i) the name of the entity; and 700 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; 701 (g) for each entity not listed in Subsections [(6)(d)] (9)(d) through (f) in which the 702 regulated officeholder currently serves, or served in the preceding year, in a paid leadership 703 capacity or in a paid or unpaid position on a board of directors: 704 (i) the name of the entity or organization; 705 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; and
 - (h) at the option of the regulated officeholder, a description of any real property in which the regulated officeholder holds an ownership or other financial interest that the regulated officeholder believes may constitute a conflict of interest, including a description of

(iii) the type of position held by the regulated officeholder;

710 the type of interest held by the regulated officeholder in the property; 711 (i) the name of the regulated officeholder's spouse and any other adult residing in the 712 regulated officeholder's household who is not related by blood or marriage, as applicable; 713 (j) for the regulated officeholder's spouse, the information that a regulated officeholder 714 is required to provide under Subsection [(6)(b)] (9)(b); 715 (k) a brief description of the employment and occupation of each adult who: 716 (i) resides in the regulated officeholder's household; and 717 (ii) is not related to the regulated officeholder by blood or marriage: 718 (l) at the option of the regulated officeholder, a description of any other matter or 719 interest that the regulated officeholder believes may constitute a conflict of interest; 720 (m) the date the form was completed; 721 (n) a statement that the regulated officeholder believes that the form is true and 722 accurate to the best of the regulated officeholder's knowledge; and 723 (o) the signature of the regulated officeholder. 724 [(7)] (10) In making the disclosure described in Subsection [(6)(e)] (9)(e), a regulated 725 officeholder who provides goods or services to multiple customers or clients as part of a 726 business or a licensed profession is only required to provide the information described in 727 Subsection $\lceil \frac{(6)(e)}{(e)} \rceil$ (9)(e) in relation to the entity or practice through which the regulated 728 officeholder provides the goods or services and is not required to provide the information 729 described in Subsection [(6)(e)] (9)(e) in relation to the regulated officeholder's individual 730 customers or clients. 731 [(8)] (11) The disclosure requirements described in this section do not prohibit a 732 regulated officeholder from voting or acting on any matter. 733 [(9)] (12) A regulated officeholder may amend a conflict of interest disclosure 734 described in this part at any time. 735 [(10)] (13) A regulated officeholder who violates the requirements of Subsection (1) is 736 guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

[(11)] (14) (a) A regulated officeholder who intentionally or knowingly violates a provision of this section, other than Subsection (1), is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

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(b) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection $[\frac{(11)(a)}{a}]$ (14)(a), the [lieutenant governor] special filing officer shall impose a civil penalty of \$100 against a

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741	regulated officeholder who violates a provision of this section, other than Subsection (1).
742	Section 25. Section 20A-11-1605 is amended to read:
743	20A-11-1605. Failure to file Penalties.
744	(1) Within 60 days after the day on which a regulated officeholder is required to file a
745	conflict of interest disclosure under [Subsection 20A-11-1604(3), (4) or (5)] Subsections
746	20A-11-1604(3) through (7), the [lieutenant governor] special filing officer shall review each
747	filed conflict of interest disclosure to ensure that:
748	(a) each regulated officeholder who is required to file a conflict of interest disclosure
749	has filed one; and
750	(b) each conflict of interest disclosure contains the information required under Section
751	20A-11-1604.
752	(2) The [lieutenant governor] special filing officer shall take the action described in
753	Subsection (3) if:
754	(a) a regulated officeholder has failed to timely file a conflict of interest disclosure;
755	(b) a filed conflict of interest disclosure does not comply with the requirements of
756	Section 20A-11-1604; or
757	(c) the [Hieutenant governor] special filing officer receives a written complaint alleging
758	a violation of Section 20A-11-1604, other than Subsection 20A-11-1604(1), and after receiving
759	the complaint and giving the regulated officeholder notice and an opportunity to be heard, the
760	[Hieutenant governor] special filing officer determines that a violation occurred.
761	(3) If a circumstance described in Subsection (2) occurs, the [lieutenant governor]
762	special filing officer shall, within five days after the day on which the [lieutenant governor] the
763	special filing officer determines that a violation occurred, notify the regulated officeholder of
764	the violation and direct the regulated officeholder to file an amended report correcting the
765	problem.
766	(4) (a) It is unlawful for a regulated officeholder to fail to file or amend a conflict of
767	interest disclosure within seven days after the day on which the regulated officeholder receives
768	the notice described in Subsection (3).

- (b) A regulated officeholder who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
 - (c) The [lieutenant governor] special filing officer shall report all violations of

772 Subsection (4)(a) to the attorney general.

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- (d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (4)(b), the [lieutenant governor] special filing officer shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a regulated officeholder who violates Subsection (4)(a).
- (5) The [Heutenant governor] special filing officer shall deposit a fine collected under this part into the [General Fund] state's or political subdivision's general fund as a dedicated credit to pay for the costs of administering the provisions of this part.
 - Section 26. Section **67-16-3** is amended to read:

67-16-3. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Agency" means:
- (a) any department, division, agency, commission, board, council, committee, authority, or any other institution of the state or any of its political subdivisions; or
 - (b) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101.
 - (2) "Agency head" means the chief executive or administrative officer of any agency.
- (3) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.
- (4) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on a business.
- (5) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to any person or business entity by anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
- (6) "Conflict of interest disclosure website" means the Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
- [(6)] (7) "Controlled, private, or protected information" means information classified as controlled, private, or protected in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, or other applicable provision of law.

803	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (8) "Governmental action" means any action on the part of the state, a political
804	subdivision, or an agency, including:
805	(a) any decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; and
806	(b) any grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision,
807	sanction, or approval, or the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to.
808	[(8)] (9) "Improper disclosure" means disclosure of controlled, private, or protected
809	information to any person who does not have the right to receive the information.
810	[(9)] (10) "Legislative employee" means any officer or employee of the Legislature, or
811	any committee of the Legislature, who is appointed or employed to serve, either with or
812	without compensation, for an aggregate of less than 800 hours during any period of 365 days.
813	"Legislative employee" does not include legislators.
814	[(10)] (11) "Legislator" means a member or member-elect of either house of the
815	Legislature of the state of Utah.
816	[(11)] (12) "Political subdivision" means a district, school district, or any other
817	political subdivision of the state that is not an agency, but does not include a municipality or a
818	county.
819	[(12)] (13) (a) "Public employee" means a person who is not a public officer who is
820	employed on a full-time, part-time, or contract basis by:
821	(i) the state;
822	(ii) a political subdivision of the state; or
823	(iii) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101.
824	(b) "Public employee" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
825	[(13)] (14) (a) "Public officer" means an elected or appointed officer:
826	(i) (A) of the state;
827	(B) of a political subdivision of the state; or
828	(C) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101; and
829	(ii) who occupies a policymaking post.
830	(b) "Public officer" includes a special public officer.
831	[(b)] (c) "Public officer" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
832	(15) "Special public officer" means a public officer who is an elected or appointed
833	member of:

834	(a) the board of trustees of a special district;
835	(b) the administrative control board of a special service district; or
836	(c) a local school board.
837	$[\frac{(14)}{(16)}]$ "State" means the state of Utah.
838	[(15)] (17) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by
839	an individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
840	outstanding capital stock of a corporation or a 10% interest in any other business entity.
841	Section 27. Section 67-16-6 is amended to read:
842	67-16-6. Receiving compensation for assistance in transaction involving an
843	agency Filing sworn statement.
844	(1) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ (6) , it is an offense for a public officer or
845	public employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or
846	business entity in any transaction involving an agency unless:
847	(a) the public officer or public employee files a sworn, written statement [containing
848	the information required by] disclosing the information described in Subsection (2) with:
849	[(a)] (i) the head of the officer or employee's own agency;
850	[(b)] (ii) the agency head of the agency with which the transaction is being conducted;
851	and
852	[(c)] (iii) the state attorney general[-]; and
853	(b) for a public officer who is a special public officer, the public officer discloses the
854	information described in Subsection (2) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
855	(2) The [statement] disclosures described in Subsection (1) shall contain:
856	(a) the name and address of the public officer or public employee involved;
857	(b) the name of the public officer's or public employee's agency;
858	(c) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted; and
859	(d) a brief description of:
860	(i) the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be rendered; and
861	(ii) the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
862	(3) [The statement required to be filed under Subsection (1) shall be filed within] \underline{A}
863	public officer or public employee shall file the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a)
864	on or before the earlier of:

865	(a) 10 days after the date (of any agreement between the public officer or public
866	employee and the person or business entity being assisted] on which the public officer or public
867	employee and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement; or
868	(b) the [receipt of compensation, whichever is earlier] public officer's or public
869	employee's receipt of compensation.
870	(4) A public officer who is a special public officer shall make the website disclosure
871	described in Subsection (1)(b) on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections
872	(3)(a) and (b).
873	[(4)] (5) The [statement is] sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) is public
874	information and shall be available for examination by the public.
875	[(5)] (6) This section does not apply to a public officer or public employee who
876	engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the public
877	officer or public employee is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 63G-6a-2404 or
878	Section 76-8-105.
879	Section 28. Section 67-16-7 is amended to read:
880	67-16-7. Disclosure of substantial interest in regulated business Exceptions.
881	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a public officer or public employee who is an
882	officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in any business entity that
883	is subject to the regulation of the agency by which the public officer or public employee is
884	employed shall disclose $[any]$ \underline{a} position held in the entity and the precise nature and value of
885	the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity:
886	(a) upon first becoming a public officer or public employee;
887	(b) whenever the public officer's or public employee's position in the business entity
888	changes significantly; and
889	(c) if the value of the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity
890	increases significantly.
891	(2) The disclosure required under Subsection (1) shall be made:
892	(a) in a sworn statement filed with:
893	[(a)] (i) for a public officer or a public employee of the state, the attorney general;
894	[(b)] (ii) for a public officer or a public employee of a political subdivision, the chief
895	governing body of the political subdivision:

896	[(c)] (iii) the head of the agency with which the public officer or public employee is
897	affiliated; and
898	[(d)] (iv) for a public employee, the public employee's immediate supervisor[-]; and
899	(b) for a public officer who is a special public officer, on the conflict of interest
900	disclosure website.
901	(3) (a) This section does not apply to instances where the total value of the substantial
902	interest does not exceed $[\$2,000]$ $\$5,000$.
903	(b) A life insurance policy or an annuity is not required to be considered in determining
904	the value of a substantial interest under this section.
905	(4) A disclosure made under this section is a public record and a person with whom a
906	disclosure is filed under Subsection (2) shall make the disclosure available for public
907	inspection.
908	(5) A public officer, other than a special public officer, who is required to file a
909	<u>disclosure on the conflict of interest disclosure website</u> is not required to file $[a]$ <u>the</u> disclosure
910	under this section if the public officer files a disclosure under Section 20A-11-1604.
911	Section 29. Effective date.
912	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.