1	MODIFICATIONS RELATING TO THE USE OF LAND
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: R. Neil Walter
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
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7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to uses of land within a county or municipality.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 prohibits a county or municipality from changing or adding to building permit
13	requirements after issuance of the building permit, except in certain circumstances;
14	 prohibits a county or municipality from revoking a building permit, or taking action
15	that has the effect of revoking a building permit, after issuance of the building
16	permit;
17	 enacts provisions limiting the ability of a county or municipality to impose
18	requirements on the operation of a tower crane as a condition of approving a
19	building permit or authorizing a development activity; and
20	enacts a provision relating to the operation of a tower crane.
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:



AMENDS:
10-9a-509, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 478
17-27a-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 478
ENACTS:
10-9a-538, Utah Code Annotated 1953
15A-6-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
17-27a-534, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-9a-509 is amended to read:
10-9a-509. Applicant's entitlement to land use application approval
Municipality's requirements and limitations Vesting upon submission of development
plan and schedule.
(1) (a) (i) An applicant who has submitted a complete land use application as described
in Subsection (1)(c), including the payment of all application fees, is entitled to substantive
review of the application under the land use regulations:
(A) in effect on the date that the application is complete; and
(B) applicable to the application or to the information shown on the application.
(ii) An applicant is entitled to approval of a land use application if the application
conforms to the requirements of the applicable land use regulations, land use decisions, and
development standards in effect when the applicant submits a complete application and pays
application fees, unless:
(A) the land use authority, on the record, formally finds that a compelling,
countervailing public interest would be jeopardized by approving the application and specifies
the compelling, countervailing public interest in writing; or
(B) in the manner provided by local ordinance and before the applicant submits the
application, the municipality formally initiates proceedings to amend the municipality's land
use regulations in a manner that would prohibit approval of the application as submitted.
(b) The municipality shall process an application without regard to proceedings the
municipality initiated to amend the municipality's ordinances as described in Subsection
(1)(a)(ii)(B) if:

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57	(i) 180 days have passed since the municipality initiated the proceedings; and
58	(ii) (A) the proceedings have not resulted in an enactment that prohibits approval of the
59	application as submitted; or
60	(B) during the 12 months prior to the municipality processing the application, or
51	multiple applications of the same type, are impaired or prohibited under the terms of a
52	temporary land use regulation adopted under Section 10-9a-504.
63	(c) A land use application is considered submitted and complete when the applicant
54	provides the application in a form that complies with the requirements of applicable ordinances
65	and pays all applicable fees.
66	(d) A subsequent incorporation of a municipality or a petition that proposes the
67	incorporation of a municipality does not affect a land use application approved by a county in
68	accordance with Section 17-27a-508.
59	(e) The continuing validity of an approval of a land use application is conditioned upon
70	the applicant proceeding after approval to implement the approval with reasonable diligence.
71	(f) A municipality may not impose on an applicant who has submitted a complete
72	application a requirement that is not expressed in:
73	(i) this chapter;
74	(ii) a municipal ordinance in effect on the date that the applicant submits a complete
75	application, subject to Subsection 10-9a-509(1)(a)(ii); or
76	(iii) a municipal specification for public improvements applicable to a subdivision or
77	development that is in effect on the date that the applicant submits an application.
78	(g) A municipality may not impose on a holder of an issued land use permit or a final,
79	unexpired subdivision plat a requirement that is not expressed:
30	(i) in a land use permit;
31	(ii) on the subdivision plat;
32	(iii) in a document on which the land use permit or subdivision plat is based;
33	(iv) in the written record evidencing approval of the land use permit or subdivision
34	plat;
35	(v) in this chapter;
36	(vi) in a municipal ordinance; or

(vii) in a municipal specification for residential roadways in effect at the time a

88 residential subdivision was approved.

- (h) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(i), a municipality may not withhold issuance of a certificate of occupancy or acceptance of subdivision improvements because of an applicant's failure to comply with a requirement that is not expressed:
- (i) in the building permit or subdivision plat, documents on which the building permit or subdivision plat is based, or the written record evidencing approval of the land use permit or subdivision plat; or
 - (ii) in this chapter or the municipality's ordinances.
- (i) A municipality may not unreasonably withhold issuance of a certificate of occupancy where an applicant has met all requirements essential for the public health, public safety, and general welfare of the occupants, in accordance with this chapter, unless:
- (i) the applicant and the municipality have agreed in a written document to the withholding of a certificate of occupancy; or
- (ii) the applicant has not provided a financial assurance for required and uncompleted public landscaping improvements or infrastructure improvements in accordance with an applicable ordinance that the legislative body adopts under this chapter.
- (2) A municipality is bound by the terms and standards of applicable land use regulations and shall comply with mandatory provisions of those regulations.
- (3) A municipality may not, as a condition of land use application approval, require a person filing a land use application to obtain documentation regarding a school district's willingness, capacity, or ability to serve the development proposed in the land use application.
- (4) Upon a specified public agency's submission of a development plan and schedule as required in Subsection 10-9a-305(8) that complies with the requirements of that subsection, the specified public agency vests in the municipality's applicable land use maps, zoning map, hookup fees, impact fees, other applicable development fees, and land use regulations in effect on the date of submission.
- (5) (a) If sponsors of a referendum timely challenge a project in accordance with Subsection 20A-7-601(6), the project's affected owner may rescind the project's land use approval by delivering a written notice:
 - (i) to the local clerk as defined in Section 20A-7-101; and
- (ii) no later than seven days after the day on which a petition for a referendum is

119	determined sufficient under Subsection 20A-7-607(5).
120	(b) Upon delivery of a written notice described in Subsection (5)(a) the following are
121	rescinded and are of no further force or effect:
122	(i) the relevant land use approval; and
123	(ii) any land use regulation enacted specifically in relation to the land use approval.
124	(6) (a) After issuance of a building permit, a municipality may not:
125	(i) change or add to the requirements expressed in the building permit, unless the
126	change or addition is:
127	(A) requested by the building permit holder; or
128	(B) necessary to comply with an applicable state building code; or
129	(ii) revoke the building permit or take action that has the effect of revoking the
130	building permit.
131	(b) Subsection (6)(a) does not prevent a municipality from issuing a building permit
132	that contains an expiration date defined in the building permit.
133	Section 2. Section 10-9a-538 is enacted to read:
134	10-9a-538. Operation of a tower crane.
135	(1) As used in this section:
136	(a) "Affected land" means a parcel of land over which a part of a tower crane travels,
137	other than the parcel on which the tower crane is located.
138	(b) "Airspace approval" means a license, easement, permission of the owner of affected
139	land, or other approval for a part of a tower crane to travel within the air space over affected
140	<u>land.</u>
141	(c) (i) "Live load" means material being suspended from or lifted by a tower crane;
142	(ii) "Live load" does not include the components of a tower crane.
143	(d) "Permit period" means the period during which a land use permit is in effect.
144	(e) (i) "Tower crane" means a crane that is attached to and supported by a building or
145	<u>foundation.</u>
146	(ii) "Tower crane" does not include a crane supported by tracks or tires.
147	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a municipality may not require airspace
148	approval as a condition for the municipality's:
149	(a) approval of a building permit; or

150	(b) authorization of a development activity.
151	(3) A municipality may require airspace approval relating to affected land as a
152	condition for the municipality's approval of a building permit or for the municipality's
153	authorization of a development activity if:
154	(a) the tower crane will, during the permit period or development activity, carry a live
155	load over the affected land; or
156	(b) the affected land is within:
157	(i) an airport overlay zone; or
158	(ii) another zone designated to protect the airspace around an airport.
159	Section 3. Section 15A-6-301 is enacted to read:
160	Part 3. Tower Cranes
161	15A-6-301. Tower crane operation.
162	(1) As used in this section:
163	(a) "Affected land" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
164	(b) "Airspace approval" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
165	(c) "Jib" means the part of a tower crane that:
166	(i) extends horizontally or almost horizontally from the main vertical component of the
167	tower crane; and
168	(ii) carries the live load.
169	(d) "Live load" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
170	(e) "Minimum hook height" means the distance that, measured from the lowest point of
171	a hook suspended from a jib, is:
172	(i) 50 feet above the ground level of affected land; or
173	(ii) 20 feet above a building on affected land.
174	(f) "Tower crane" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
175	(2) An operator of a tower crane shall operate the tower crane in accordance with the
176	requirements of the manufacturer of the tower crane.
177	(3) (a) A live load may travel over affected land at the minimum hook height with
178	airspace approval.
179	(b) A jib, but not a live load, may travel over the affected land at the minimum hook
180	height without airspace approval.

181	(4) The functioning of a tower crane in accordance with Subsection (3) does not
182	constitute a trespass on affected land.
183	Section 4. Section 17-27a-508 is amended to read:
184	17-27a-508. Applicant's entitlement to land use application approval
185	Application relating to land in a high priority transportation corridor County's
186	requirements and limitations Vesting upon submission of development plan and
187	schedule.
188	(1) (a) (i) An applicant who has submitted a complete land use application, including
189	the payment of all application fees, is entitled to substantive review of the application under the
190	land use regulations:
191	(A) in effect on the date that the application is complete; and
192	(B) applicable to the application or to the information shown on the submitted
193	application.
194	(ii) An applicant is entitled to approval of a land use application if the application
195	conforms to the requirements of the applicable land use regulations, land use decisions, and
196	development standards in effect when the applicant submits a complete application and pays all
197	application fees, unless:
198	(A) the land use authority, on the record, formally finds that a compelling,
199	countervailing public interest would be jeopardized by approving the application and specifies
200	the compelling, countervailing public interest in writing; or
201	(B) in the manner provided by local ordinance and before the applicant submits the
202	application, the county formally initiates proceedings to amend the county's land use
203	regulations in a manner that would prohibit approval of the application as submitted.
204	(b) The county shall process an application without regard to proceedings the county
205	initiated to amend the county's ordinances as described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) if:
206	(i) 180 days have passed since the county initiated the proceedings; and
207	(ii) (A) the proceedings have not resulted in an enactment that prohibits approval of the
208	application as submitted; or
209	(B) during the 12 months prior to the county processing the application or multiple
210	applications of the same type, the application is impaired or prohibited under the terms of a
211	temporary land use regulation adopted under Section 17-27a-504.

- 212 (c) A land use application is considered submitted and complete when the applicant 213 provides the application in a form that complies with the requirements of applicable ordinances 214 and pays all applicable fees. 215 (d) The continuing validity of an approval of a land use application is conditioned upon 216 the applicant proceeding after approval to implement the approval with reasonable diligence. 217 (e) A county may not impose on an applicant who has submitted a complete 218 application a requirement that is not expressed in: 219 (i) this chapter; 220 (ii) a county ordinance in effect on the date that the applicant submits a complete application, subject to Subsection 17-27a-508(1)(a)(ii); or 221 222 (iii) a county specification for public improvements applicable to a subdivision or 223 development that is in effect on the date that the applicant submits an application. 224 (f) A county may not impose on a holder of an issued land use permit or a final, 225 unexpired subdivision plat a requirement that is not expressed: 226 (i) in a land use permit; 227 (ii) on the subdivision plat; 228 (iii) in a document on which the land use permit or subdivision plat is based; 229 (iv) in the written record evidencing approval of the land use permit or subdivision 230 plat; 231 (v) in this chapter; 232 (vi) in a county ordinance; or 233 (vii) in a county specification for residential roadways in effect at the time a residential 234 subdivision was approved. 235 (g) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(h), a county may not withhold issuance of a 236 certificate of occupancy or acceptance of subdivision improvements because of an applicant's 237 failure to comply with a requirement that is not expressed: 238 (i) in the building permit or subdivision plat, documents on which the building permit 239 or subdivision plat is based, or the written record evidencing approval of the building permit or 240 subdivision plat; or
 - (ii) in this chapter or the county's ordinances.

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(h) A county may not unreasonably withhold issuance of a certificate of occupancy

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- where an applicant has met all requirements essential for the public health, public safety, and general welfare of the occupants, in accordance with this chapter, unless:
 - (i) the applicant and the county have agreed in a written document to the withholding of a certificate of occupancy; or
 - (ii) the applicant has not provided a financial assurance for required and uncompleted public landscaping improvements or infrastructure improvements in accordance with an applicable ordinance that the legislative body adopts under this chapter.
 - (2) A county is bound by the terms and standards of applicable land use regulations and shall comply with mandatory provisions of those regulations.
 - (3) A county may not, as a condition of land use application approval, require a person filing a land use application to obtain documentation regarding a school district's willingness, capacity, or ability to serve the development proposed in the land use application.
 - (4) Upon a specified public agency's submission of a development plan and schedule as required in Subsection 17-27a-305(8) that complies with the requirements of that subsection, the specified public agency vests in the county's applicable land use maps, zoning map, hookup fees, impact fees, other applicable development fees, and land use regulations in effect on the date of submission.
 - (5) (a) If sponsors of a referendum timely challenge a project in accordance with Subsection 20A-7-601(6), the project's affected owner may rescind the project's land use approval by delivering a written notice:
 - (i) to the local clerk as defined in Section 20A-7-101; and
 - (ii) no later than seven days after the day on which a petition for a referendum is determined sufficient under Subsection [20A-7-607(5)] 20A-7-607(4).
 - (b) Upon delivery of a written notice described in Subsection(5)(a) the following are rescinded and are of no further force or effect:
 - (i) the relevant land use approval; and
 - (ii) any land use regulation enacted specifically in relation to the land use approval.
 - (6) (a) After issuance of a building permit, a county may not:
- 271 (i) change or add to the requirements expressed in the building permit, unless the change or addition is:
 - (A) requested by the building permit holder; or

274	(B) necessary to comply with an applicable state building code; or
275	(ii) revoke the building permit or take action that has the effect of revoking the
276	building permit.
277	(b) Subsection (6)(a) does not prevent a county from issuing a building permit that
278	contains an expiration date defined in the building permit.
279	Section 5. Section 17-27a-534 is enacted to read:
280	17-27a-534. Operation of a tower crane.
281	(1) As used in this section:
282	(a) "Affected land" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
283	(b) "Airspace approval" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
284	(c) "Live load" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
285	(d) "Permit period" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
286	(e) "Tower crane" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-538.
287	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a county may not require airspace approval as
288	a condition for the county's:
289	(a) approval of a building permit; or
290	(b) authorization of a development activity.
291	(3) A county may require airspace approval relating to affected land as a condition for
292	the county's approval of a building permit or for the county's authorization of a development
293	activity if:
294	(a) the tower crane will, during the permit period or development activity, carry a live
295	load over the affected land; or
296	(b) the affected land is within:
297	(i) an airport overlay zone; or
298	(ii) another zone designated to protect the airspace around an airport.
299	Section 6. Effective date.
300	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.