Representative Jason B. Kyle proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ROLLBACK TAX AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jason B. Kyle
5	Senate Sponsor: David P. Hinkins
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to the rollback tax associated with agricultural and
10	urban farming property tax assessments.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 excludes land acquired by certain governmental entities from the rollback tax;
14	 requires governmental entities exempted from the rollback tax to make a one-time
15	in lieu fee payment before selling the land within a certain period;
16	 extends the due date for paying the rollback tax and the deadline for filing an appeal
17	to the county board of equalization;
18	 requires the State Tax Commission to make rules allowing for an extension of the
19	deadline for filing an appeal; and
20	makes technical changes.
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	This bill provides a special effective date.
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:



AMŁ	ENDS:
	59-2-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 180, 189
	59-2-511, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 180
	59-2-516 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 319
	59-2-1705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 180, 189
	59-2-1710, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 180 and 471
	59-2-1713 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 319
Be it	enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-2-506 is amended to read:
	59-2-506. Rollback tax Penalty Computation of tax Procedure Lien
Inter	rest Notice Collection Distribution.
	(1) Except as provided in this section, Section 59-2-506.5, or Section 59-2-511, if land
is wi	thdrawn from this part, the land is subject to a rollback tax imposed in accordance with
this s	ection.
	(2) (a) An owner shall notify the county assessor that land is withdrawn from this part
withi	n 120 days after the day on which the land is withdrawn from this part.
	(b) An owner that fails to notify the county assessor under Subsection (2)(a) that land is
with	drawn from this part is subject to a penalty equal to the greater of:
	(i) \$10; or
	(ii) 2% of the rollback tax due for the last year of the rollback period.
	(3) (a) The county assessor shall determine the amount of the rollback tax by
comp	outing the difference for the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b) between:
	(i) the tax paid while the land was assessed under this part; and
	(ii) the tax that would have been paid had the property not been assessed under this
part.	
	(b) For purposes of this section, the rollback period is a time period that:
	(i) begins on the later of:
	(A) the date the land is first assessed under this part; or
	(B) five years preceding the day on which the county assessor mails the notice required
by Sı	absection (5); and

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57	(ii) ends the day on which the county assessor mails the notice required by Subsection
58	(5).
59	(4) (a) The county treasurer shall:
60	(i) collect the rollback tax; and
61	(ii) after the rollback tax is paid, certify to the county recorder that the rollback tax lien
62	on the property has been satisfied by:
63	(A) preparing a document that certifies that the rollback tax lien on the property has
64	been satisfied; and
65	(B) providing the document described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A) to the county recorder
66	for recordation.
67	(b) The county treasurer shall pay the rollback tax collected under this section as
68	follows:
69	(i) 20% to the county for use for open land and working agricultural land as those
70	terms are defined in Section 4-46-102; and
71	(ii) 80% to the various taxing entities pro rata in accordance with the property tax
72	levies for the current year.
73	(5) (a) The county assessor shall mail to an owner of the land that is subject to a
74	rollback tax a notice that:
75	(i) the land is withdrawn from this part;
76	(ii) the land is subject to a rollback tax under this section; and
77	(iii) the rollback tax is delinquent if the owner of the land does not pay the tax [within
78	30 days after the day on which the county assessor mails] on or before the due date listed on the
79	notice described in this Subsection (5)(a).
80	(b) (i) The rollback tax is due and payable [on the day] within 60 days after the day on
81	which the county assessor mails the notice required by Subsection (5)(a).
82	(ii) Subject to Subsection (7), the rollback tax is delinquent if an owner of the land that
83	is withdrawn from this part does not pay the rollback tax [within 30 days after the day on which
84	the county assessor mails] on or before the due date listed on the notice [required by] described
85	$\underline{\text{in}}$ Subsection (5)(a).
86	(6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), the following are a lien on the land assessed under
87	this part:

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rollback tax:

- 88 (i) the rollback tax; and 89 (ii) interest imposed in accordance with Subsection (7). 90 (b) The lien described in Subsection (6)(a) shall: 91 (i) arise upon the imposition of the rollback tax under this section; 92 (ii) end on the day on which the rollback tax and interest imposed in accordance with 93 Subsection (7) are paid in full; and 94 (iii) relate back to the first day of the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b). 95 (7) (a) A delinquent rollback tax under this section shall accrue interest: 96 (i) from the date of delinquency until paid; and 97 (ii) at the interest rate established under Section 59-2-1331 and in effect on January 1 98 of the year in which the delinquency occurs. 99 (b) The county treasurer shall include in the notice required by Section 59-2-1317 a 100 rollback tax that is delinquent on September 1 of any year and interest calculated on that delinquent amount through November 30 of the year in which the county treasurer provides the 101 102 notice under Section 59-2-1317. 103 (8) (a) Land that becomes ineligible for assessment under this part only as a result of an 104 amendment to this part is not subject to the rollback tax if the owner of the land notifies the county assessor, in accordance with Subsection (2), that the land is withdrawn from this part. 105 106 (b) Land described in Subsection (8)(a) that is withdrawn from this part as a result of 107 an event other than an amendment to this part, whether voluntary or involuntary, is subject to 108 the rollback tax. 109 (9) Except as provided in Section 59-2-511, land that becomes exempt from taxation 110 under 111 Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3, is not subject to the rollback tax if the land meets the 112 requirements of Section 59-2-503 to be assessed under this part. 113 (10) Land that becomes ineligible for assessment under this part only as a result of a split estate mineral rights owner exercising the right to extract a mineral is not subject to the 114
 - (a) (i) for the portion of the land required by a split estate mineral rights owner to extract a mineral if, after the split estate mineral rights owner exercises the right to extract a mineral, the portion of the property that remains in agricultural production still meets the

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(vi) a special service district; or

119	acreage requirements of Section 59-2-503 for assessment under this part; or
120	(ii) for the entire acreage that would otherwise qualify for assessment under this part if,
121	after the split estate mineral rights owner exercises the right to extract a mineral, the entire
122	acreage that would otherwise qualify for assessment under this part no longer meets the acreage
123	requirements of Section 59-2-503 for assessment under this part only due to the extraction of
124	the mineral by the split estate mineral rights owner; and
125	(b) for the period of time that the property described in Subsection (10)(a) is ineligible
126	for assessment under this part due to the extraction of a mineral by the split estate mineral
127	rights owner.
128	(11) (a) A portion of land withdrawn from this part is not subject to the rollback tax if
129	the portion of land:
130	(i) qualifies for assessment under Part 17, Urban Farming Assessment Act; and
131	(ii) for the tax year immediately following withdrawal, the owner of the portion of land
132	applies in accordance with Section 59-2-1707 for the land to be assessed under Part 17, Urban
133	Farming Assessment Act.
134	(b) Any remaining portion of the withdrawn land that does not satisfy the requirements
135	of Subsection (11)(a) is subject to the rollback tax.
136	Section 2. Section 59-2-511 is amended to read:
137	59-2-511. Acquisition of land by governmental entity Requirements Rollback
138	tax One-time in lieu fee payment Passage of title.
139	(1) For purposes of this section, "governmental entity" means:
140	(a) the United States;
141	(b) the state;
142	(c) a political subdivision of the state, including:
143	(i) a county;
144	(ii) a city;
145	(iii) a town;
146	(iv) a school district;
147	(v) a special district; or

(d) an entity created by the state or the United States, including:

150	(i) an agency;
151	(ii) a board;
152	(iii) a bureau;
153	(iv) a commission;
154	(v) a committee;
155	(vi) a department;
156	(vii) a division;
157	(viii) an institution;
158	(ix) an instrumentality; or
159	(x) an office.
160	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) [and (4)] through (5), land acquired by a
161	governmental entity is subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part if:
162	(i) prior to the governmental entity acquiring the land, the land is assessed under this
163	part; and
164	(ii) after the governmental entity acquires the land, the land does not meet the
165	requirements of Section 59-2-503 for assessment under this part.
166	(b) A person dedicating a public right-of-way to a governmental entity shall pay the
167	rollback tax imposed by this part if:
168	(i) a portion of the public right-of-way is located within a subdivision as defined in
169	Section 10-9a-103; or
170	(ii) in exchange for the dedication, the person dedicating the public right-of-way
171	receives:
172	(A) money; or
173	(B) other consideration.
174	(3) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection (4)] Subsections (4) and (5), land acquired by
175	a governmental entity is not subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part, but is subject to a
176	one-time in lieu fee payment as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if:
177	(i) the governmental entity acquires the land by eminent domain;
178	(ii) (A) the land is under the threat or imminence of eminent domain proceedings; and
179	(B) the governmental entity provides written notice of the proceedings to the owner; or
180	(iii) the land is donated to the governmental entity.

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181	(b) (i) If a governmental entity acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the
182	governmental entity shall make a one-time in lieu fee payment:
183	(A) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located; and
184	(B) in an amount equal to the amount of rollback tax calculated under Section
185	59-2-506.
186	(ii) If a governmental entity acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (3)(a)(ii), the
187	governmental entity shall make a one-time in lieu fee payment:
188	(A) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located; and
189	(B) (I) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity meets the
190	requirements of Section 59-2-503, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section
191	59-2-506 on the land acquired by the governmental entity; or
192	(II) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity is less than
193	five acres, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-506 on the land acquired
194	by the governmental entity and the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental
195	entity.
196	(iii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(b)(ii), "land remaining after the acquisition by the
197	governmental entity" includes other eligible acreage that is used in conjunction with the land
198	remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity.
199	(c) A county receiving an in lieu fee payment under Subsection (3)(b) shall distribute
200	the revenues generated by the payment as follows:
201	(i) 20% to the county for use for open land and working agricultural land as those
202	terms are defined in Section 4-46-102; and
203	(ii) 80% to the taxing entities in which the land is located.
204	(4) Except as provided in Section 59-2-506.5, if land acquired by a governmental entity
205	is made subject to a conservation easement in accordance with Section 59-2-506.5:
206	(a) the land is not subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part; and
207	(b) the governmental entity acquiring the land is not required to make an in lieu fee
208	payment under Subsection (3)(b).
209	(5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies only to a governmental entity that is the state or a
210	political subdivision of the state as described in Subsections (1)(b) and (c).

(b) Land acquired by a governmental entity described in Subsection (5)(a) is not

212	subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part.
213	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b), a governmental entity described in Subsection
214	(5)(a) may not, within five years after the day on which the governmental entity acquires land,
215	sell the land to a private entity unless the governmental entity makes a one-time in lieu fee
216	payment:
217	(i) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located;
218	(ii) in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-506 on the land acquired
219	by the governmental entity at the time of acquisition; and
220	(iii) before selling the land to the private entity.
221	[(5)] (6) If a governmental entity acquires land subject to assessment under this part,
222	title to the land may not pass to the governmental entity until the following are paid to the
223	county treasurer:
224	(a) any tax due under this part;
225	(b) any one-time in lieu fee payment due under this part; and
226	(c) any interest due under this part.
227	Section 3. Section 59-2-516 is amended to read:
228	59-2-516. Appeal to the county board of equalization.
229	(1) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-1004 [or 63G-4-301] and except as provided in
230	Subsection (2), the owner of land may appeal the determination or denial of a county assessor
231	to the county board of equalization within [45] 60 days after the day on which:
232	[(1)] (a) the county assessor makes a determination under this part; or
233	[(2)] (b) the county assessor's failure to make a determination results in the owner's
234	request being considered denied under this part.
235	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall, in accordance with Title
236	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules establishing circumstances
237	under which an appeal may be filed with the county board of equalization no later than 60 days
238	after the deadline for an appeal described in Subsection (1).
239	Section 4. Section 59-2-1705 is amended to read:
240	59-2-1705. Rollback tax Penalty Computation of tax Procedure Lien
241	Interest Notice Collection Distribution.
242	(1) Except as provided in this section or Section 59-2-1710, land that is withdrawn

been satisfied; and

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243	from this part is subject to a rollback tax imposed as provided in this section.
244	(2) (a) An owner shall notify the county assessor that land is withdrawn from this part
245	within 120 days after the day on which the land is withdrawn from this part.
246	(b) An owner who fails to notify the county assessor under Subsection (2)(a) that land
247	is withdrawn from this part is subject to a penalty equal to the greater of:
248	(i) \$10; or
249	(ii) 2% of the rollback tax due for the last year of the rollback period.
250	(3) (a) The county assessor shall determine the amount of the rollback tax by
251	computing the difference for the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b) between:
252	(i) the tax paid while the land was assessed under this part; and
253	(ii) the tax that would have been paid had the property not been assessed under this
254	part.
255	(b) For purposes of this section, the rollback period is a time period that:
256	(i) begins on the later of:
257	(A) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the date the land is first assessed under
258	this part; or
259	(B) five years preceding the day on which the county assessor mails the notice required
260	by Subsection (5); and
261	(ii) ends the day on which the county assessor mails the notice required by Subsection
262	(5).
263	(c) For land that was previously assessed under Part 5, Farmland Assessment Act, the
264	date described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) is the date the land was first assessed under Part 5,
265	Farmland Assessment Act, unless the land was subject to a rollback tax imposed under Section
266	59-2-506.
267	(4) (a) The county treasurer shall:
268	(i) collect the rollback tax; and
269	(ii) after the rollback tax is paid, certify to the county recorder that the rollback tax lien
270	on the property has been satisfied by:
271	(A) preparing a document that certifies that the rollback tax lien on the property has

(B) providing the document described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A) to the county recorder

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of the year in which the delinquency occurs.

274 for recording. 275 (b) The county treasurer shall pay the rollback tax collected under this section as 276 follows: 277 (i) 20% to the county for use for land and working agricultural land as those terms are 278 defined in Section 4-46-102; and 279 (ii) 80% to the various taxing entities pro rata in accordance with the property tax 280 levies for the current year. 281 (5) (a) The county assessor shall mail to an owner of the land that is subject to a 282 rollback tax a notice that: 283 (i) the land is withdrawn from this part; 284 (ii) the land is subject to a rollback tax under this section; and 285 (iii) the rollback tax is delinquent if the owner of the land does not pay the tax [within 286 30 days after the day on which the county assessor mails] on or before the due date listed on the 287 notice described in this Subsection (5)(a). 288 (b) (i) The rollback tax is due and payable [on the day] within 60 days after the day on 289 which the county assessor mails the notice required by Subsection (5)(a). 290 (ii) Subject to Subsection (7), the rollback tax is delinquent if an owner of the land that 291 is withdrawn from this part does not pay the rollback tax [within 30 days after the day on which 292 the county assessor mails] on or before the due date listed on the notice [required by] described 293 in Subsection (5)(a). 294 (6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), the rollback tax and interest imposed under 295 Subsection (7) are a lien on the land assessed under this part. 296 (b) The lien described in Subsection (6)(a) shall: 297 (i) arise upon the imposition of the rollback tax under this section; 298 (ii) end on the day on which the rollback tax and interest imposed under Subsection (7) 299 are paid in full; and 300 (iii) relate back to the first day of the rollback period described in Subsection (3)(b). 301 (7) (a) A delinquent rollback tax under this section shall accrue interest: 302 (i) from the date of delinquency until paid; and

(ii) at the interest rate established under Section 59-2-1331 and in effect on January 1

305	(b) The county treasurer shall include in the notice required by Section 59-2-1317 a
306	rollback tax that is delinquent on September 1 of any year and interest calculated on that
307	delinquent amount through November 30 of the year in which the county treasurer provides the
308	notice under Section 59-2-1317.
309	(8) (a) Land that becomes ineligible for assessment under this part only as a result of ar
310	amendment to this part is not subject to the rollback tax if the owner of the land notifies the
311	county assessor, in accordance with Subsection (2), that the land is withdrawn from this part.
312	(b) Land described in Subsection (8)(a) that is withdrawn from this part as a result of
313	an event other than an amendment to this part, whether voluntary or involuntary, is subject to
314	the rollback tax.
315	(9) Except as provided in Section 59-2-1710, land that becomes exempt from taxation
316	under Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3, is not subject to the rollback tax if the land
317	meets the requirements of Section 59-2-1703 to be assessed under this part.
318	Section 5. Section 59-2-1710 is amended to read:
319	59-2-1710. Acquisition of land by governmental entity Requirements
320	Rollback tax One-time in lieu fee payment Passage of title.
321	(1) For purposes of this section, "governmental entity" means:
322	(a) the United States;
323	(b) the state;
324	(c) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district,
325	special district, or special service district; or
326	(d) an entity created by the state or the United States, including an agency, board,
327	bureau, commission, committee, department, division, institution, instrumentality, or office.
328	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), land acquired by a governmental
329	entity is subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part if:
330	(i) before the governmental entity acquires the land, the land is assessed under this
331	part; and
332	(ii) after the governmental entity acquires the land, the land does not meet the
333	requirements of Section 59-2-1703 for assessment under this part.
334	(b) A person dedicating a public right-of-way to a governmental entity shall pay the
335	rollback tax imposed by this part if:

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336 (i) a portion of the public right-of-way is located within a subdivision as defined in 337 Section 10-9a-103; or 338 (ii) in exchange for the dedication, the person dedicating the public right-of-way 339 receives money or other consideration. 340 (3) (a) [Land] Except as provided in Subsection (4), land acquired by a governmental 341 entity is not subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part, but is subject to a one-time in lieu 342 fee payment as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if: 343 (i) the governmental entity acquires the land by eminent domain: 344 (ii) (A) the land is under the threat or imminence of eminent domain proceedings; and 345 (B) the governmental entity provides written notice of the proceedings to the owner; or 346 (iii) the land is donated to the governmental entity. 347 (b) (i) If a governmental entity acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the 348 governmental entity shall make a one-time in lieu fee payment: 349 (A) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located; and 350 (B) in an amount equal to the amount of rollback tax calculated under Section 351 59-2-1705. 352 (ii) A governmental entity that acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (ii) shall 353 make a one-time in lieu fee payment to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is 354 located: 355 (A) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity meets the 356 requirements of Section 59-2-1703, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-1705 on the land acquired by the governmental entity; or 357 358 (B) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity is less than 359 one acre, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-1705 on the land acquired 360 by the governmental entity and the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental 361 entity. 362 (c) A county receiving an in lieu fee payment under Subsection (3)(b) shall distribute 363 the revenues collected from the payment as follows: 364 (i) 20% to the county for use for open land and working agricultural land as those 365 terms are defined in Section 4-46-102; and

(ii) 80% to the taxing entities in which the land is located.

367	(4) (a) This Subsection (4) applies only to a governmental entity that is the state or a
368	political subdivision of the state as described in Subsections (1)(b) and (c).
369	(b) Land acquired by a governmental entity described in Subsection (4)(a) is not
370	subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part.
371	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), a governmental entity described in Subsection
372	(4)(a) may not, within five years after the day on which the governmental entity acquires land,
373	sell the land to a private entity unless the governmental entity makes a one-time in lieu fee
374	payment:
375	(i) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located;
376	(ii) in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-1705 on the land
377	acquired by the governmental entity at the time of acquisition; and
378	(iii) before selling the land to the private entity.
379	[(4)] (5) If a governmental entity acquires land subject to assessment under this part,
380	title to the land may not pass to the governmental entity until any tax, one-time in lieu fee
381	payment, and applicable interest due under this part are paid to the county treasurer.
382	Section 6. Section 59-2-1713 is amended to read:
383	59-2-1713. Appeal to the county board of equalization.
384	(1) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-1004 [or 63G-4-301] and except as provided in
385	Subsection (2), the owner of land may appeal the determination or denial of a county assessor
386	to the county board of equalization within $[45]$ $\underline{60}$ days after the day on which:
387	[(1)] (a) the county assessor makes a determination under this part; or
388	[(2)] (b) the county assessor's failure to make a determination results in the owner's
389	request being considered denied under this part.
390	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall, in accordance with Title
391	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules establishing circumstances
392	under which an appeal may be filed with the county board of equalization no later than 60 days
393	after the deadline for an appeal described in Subsection (1).
394	Section 7. Effective date.
395	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2025.