



Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
77-40a-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 265
ENACTS:
<b>80-6-508</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 77-40a-402 is amended to read:
77-40a-402. Distribution for order for vacatur.
(1) An individual who receives an order for vacatur under Subsection 78B-9-108(2) or
Section 80-6-508 shall be responsible for delivering a copy of the order for vacatur to all
affected criminal justice agencies and officials.
(2) To complete delivery of the order for vacatur to the bureau, the individual shall
complete and attach to the order for vacatur an application for a certificate of eligibility for
expungement, including identifying information and fingerprints, in accordance with Section
77-40a-301.
(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the bureau shall treat the order for
vacatur and attached certificate of eligibility for expungement the same as a valid order for
expungement under Section 77-40a-401.
(4) Unless otherwise provided by law or ordered by a court to respond differently, an
individual who has received a vacatur of conviction under Subsection 78B-9-108(2) may
respond to any inquiry as though the conviction did not occur.
(5) The bureau shall forward a copy of the order for vacatur to the Federal Bureau of
Investigation.
(6) An agency receiving an order for vacatur shall expunge the individual's identifying
information contained in records in the agency's possession relating to the incident for which
vacatur is ordered.
(7) A government agency or official may not divulge information contained in a record
of arrest, investigation, detention, or conviction after receiving an order for vacatur to any
person or agency, except for:
(a) the individual for whom vacatur was ordered; or

57	(b) Peace Officer Standards and Training, in accordance with Section 53-6-203 and
58	Subsection 77-40a-403(4)(b).
59	(8) The bureau may not count vacated convictions against any future expungement
60	eligibility.
61	Section 2. Section <b>80-6-508</b> is enacted to read:
62	Part 5. Minor Tried as an Adult
63	80-6-508. Blended plea Not permitted Petition procedures Vacation of adult
64	sentence Expungement order.
65	(1) As used in this section:
66	(a) "Blended plea" means a plea bargain entered into by a minor that results in a
67	combination of a juvenile adjudication and disposition and a criminal conviction and sentence
68	for a criminal offense that arises from a single criminal episode.
69	(b) "Single criminal episode" means the same as that term is defined in Section
70	<u>76-1-401.</u>
71	(2) (a) Beginning May 1, 2024, a district court, juvenile court, or a justice court may
72	not accept a plea bargain that is a blended plea.
73	(b) Any criminal conviction or sentence resulting from a blended plea that is entered
74	into on or after May 1, 2024 is void.
75	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), the district court may, in the interest of justice, vacate
76	the criminal conviction and sentence of an individual if:
77	(i) the individual files a petition with the district court to vacate the individual's
78	conviction and sentence;
79	(ii) the conviction and sentence was part of a blended plea that was entered into before
80	May 1, 2024; and
81	(iii) the individual is:
82	(A) currently housed within a secure juvenile facility operated by the Division of
83	Juvenile Justice and Youth Services; and
84	(B) scheduled to be discharged within six months or less.
85	(b) (i) The Division of Juvenile Justice Services shall provide a recommendation to the
86	district court as to whether or not it favorably recommends that the district court vacate the
87	conviction and sentence. As part of its recommendation, the division shall ensure that a victim

88	of a criminal conviction being considered for vacation has had reasonable notice to participate
89	in the recommendation process or to provide input for consideration.
90	(ii) As part of its evaluation the district court shall review and consider the
91	recommendation of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.
92	(c) The district court may:
93	(i) conduct a hearing to receive arguments or information in relation to the petition
94	before rendering a decision; or
95	(ii) render a decision without conducting a hearing.
96	(4) A petition filed under this section shall:
97	(a) identify each criminal conviction and sentence that the individual is requesting the
98	district court to vacate;
99	(b) demonstrate that the requirements of Subsections (3)(a)(ii) and (3)(a)(iii) are met;
100	<u>and</u>
101	(c) be sent, concurrently at the time of filing, to the Division of Juvenile Justice
102	Services with a request that the division provide a recommendation to the district court as to
103	whether the criminal conviction and sentence should be vacated.
104	(5) A conviction for murder, as described in Section 76-5-203, or for aggravated
105	murder, as described in Section 76-5-202, is not eligible for vacation of the adult sentence
106	under this section.
107	(6) If a district court vacates a conviction and sentence under this section, the district
108	court shall order expungement of all records pertaining to each conviction and sentence that is
109	vacated by the district court.
110	Section 3. Effective date.
111	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.