{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0483 but was deleted in HB0483S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0483 but was inserted into HB0483S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Carl R. Albrecht proposes the following substitute bill:

CONSTRUCTION TRADE AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor:

← Carl R. Albrecht

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies the exemptions from licensure under the Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act and adds to the definition of qualifying violation.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- modifies the threshhold dollar amount allowing a person to engage in construction trades without being licensed \{\cdot\}; and
- adds failure to obtain a building permit as a qualifying violation.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

58-55-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 339

58-55-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 111, 223

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **58-55-305** is amended to read:

58-55-305. Exemptions from licensure.

- (1) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following persons may engage in acts or practices included within the practice of construction trades, subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this chapter:
- (a) an authorized representative of the United States government or an authorized employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions when working on construction work of the state or the subdivision, and when acting within the terms of the person's trust, office, or employment;
- (b) a person engaged in construction or operation incidental to the construction and repair of irrigation and drainage ditches of regularly constituted irrigation districts, reclamation districts, and drainage districts or construction and repair relating to farming, dairying, agriculture, livestock or poultry raising, metal and coal mining, quarries, sand and gravel excavations, well drilling, as defined in Section 73-3-25, hauling to and from construction sites, and lumbering;
- (c) public utilities operating under the rules of the Public Service Commission on work incidental to their own business;
 - (d) a sole owner of property engaged in building:
- (i) no more than one residential structure per year on the sole owner's property and no more than three residential structures per five years on the sole owner's property for the sole owner's noncommercial, nonpublic use, except that a person other than the property owner or a person described in Subsection (1)(e), who engages in building a residential structure must be licensed under this chapter if the person is otherwise required to be licensed under this chapter; or
 - (ii) structures on the sole owner's property for the sole owner's noncommercial,

nonpublic use that are incidental to a residential structure on the property, including a shed, carport, or detached garage;

- (e) (i) a person engaged in construction or renovation of a residential building for noncommercial, nonpublic use if that person:
- (A) works without compensation other than token compensation that is not considered salary or wages; and
- (B) works under the direction of the property owner who engages in building the structure; and
- (ii) as used in this Subsection (1)(e), "token compensation" means compensation paid by a sole owner of property exempted from licensure under Subsection (1)(d) to a person exempted from licensure under this Subsection (1)(e), that is:
- (A) minimal in value when compared with the fair market value of the services provided by the person;
 - (B) not related to the fair market value of the services provided by the person; and
- (C) is incidental to the providing of services by the person including paying for or providing meals or refreshment while services are being provided, or paying reasonable transportation costs incurred by the person in travel to the site of construction;
- (f) a person engaged in the sale or merchandising of personal property that by its design or manufacture may be attached, installed, or otherwise affixed to real property who has contracted with a person, firm, or corporation licensed under this chapter to install, affix, or attach that property;
- (g) a contractor submitting a bid on a federal aid highway project, if, before undertaking construction under that bid, the contractor is licensed under this chapter;
- (h) (i) subject to Subsection 58-1-401(2) and Sections 58-55-501 and 58-55-502, a person engaged in the alteration, repair, remodeling, or addition to or improvement of a building with a contracted or agreed value of less than [\$3,000,] \$35,000, including both labor and materials, and including all changes or additions to the contracted or agreed upon work; and
- (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(h)(i) and except as otherwise provided in this section:
 - (A) work in the plumbing and electrical trades on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project within

any six month period of time:

- (I) must be performed by a licensed electrical or plumbing contractor, if the project involves an electrical or plumbing system; and
- (II) may be performed by a licensed journeyman electrician or plumber or an individual referred to in Subsection (1)(h)(ii)(A)(I), if the project involves a component of the system such as a faucet, toilet, fixture, device, outlet, or electrical switch;
- (B) installation, repair, or replacement of a residential or commercial gas appliance or a combustion system on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a person who has received certification under Subsection 58-55-308(2) except as otherwise provided in Subsection 58-55-308(2)(d) or 58-55-308(3);
- (C) installation, repair, or replacement of water-based fire protection systems on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a licensed fire suppression systems contractor or a licensed journeyman plumber;
- (D) work as an alarm business or company or as an alarm company agent shall be performed by a licensed alarm business or company or a licensed alarm company agent, except as otherwise provided in this chapter;
- (E) installation, repair, or replacement of an alarm system on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a licensed alarm business or company or a licensed alarm company agent;
- (F) installation, repair, or replacement of a heating, ventilation, or air conditioning system (HVAC) on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by an HVAC contractor licensed by the division;
- (G) installation, repair, or replacement of a radon mitigation system or a soil depressurization system must be performed by a licensed contractor; and
- (H) if the total value of the project is greater than [\$1,000,] \$3,000, the person shall file with the division a one-time affirmation, subject to periodic reaffirmation as established by division rule, that the person has:
- (I) public liability insurance in coverage amounts and form established by division rule; and
- (II) if applicable, workers compensation insurance which would cover an employee of the person if that employee worked on the construction project;

- (i) a person practicing a specialty contractor classification or construction trade which the director does not classify by administrative rule as significantly impacting the public's health, safety, and welfare;
- (j) owners and lessees of property and persons regularly employed for wages by owners or lessees of property or their agents for the purpose of maintaining the property, are exempt from this chapter when doing work upon the property;
- (k) (i) a person engaged in minor plumbing work that is incidental, as defined by the division by rule, to the replacement or repair of a fixture or an appliance in a residential or small commercial building, or structure used for agricultural use, as defined in Section 15A-1-202, provided that no modification is made to:
 - (A) existing culinary water, soil, waste, or vent piping; or
 - (B) a gas appliance or combustion system; and
- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), installation for the first time of a fixture or an appliance is not included in the exemption provided under Subsection (1)(k)(i);
- (l) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the plumber licensure requirements under this chapter when installing or repairing a water conditioner or other water treatment apparatus if the conditioner or apparatus:
 - (i) meets the appropriate state construction codes or local plumbing standards; and
- (ii) is installed or repaired under the direction of a person authorized to do the work under an appropriate specialty contractor license;
- (m) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the electrician licensure requirements under this chapter when employed by:
- (i) railroad corporations, telephone corporations or their corporate affiliates, elevator contractors or constructors, or street railway systems; or
- (ii) public service corporations, rural electrification associations, or municipal utilities who generate, distribute, or sell electrical energy for light, heat, or power;
- (n) a person involved in minor electrical work incidental to a mechanical or service installation, including the outdoor installation of an above-ground, prebuilt hot tub;
- (o) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the electrician licensure requirements under this chapter but who during calendar years 2009, 2010, or 2011 was issued a specialty contractor license for the electrical work associated with the installation, repair, or maintenance

of solar energy panels, may continue the limited electrical work for solar energy panels under a specialty contractor license;

- (p) a student participating in construction trade education and training programs approved by the commission with the concurrence of the director under the condition that:
- (i) all work intended as a part of a finished product on which there would normally be an inspection by a building inspector is, in fact, inspected and found acceptable by a licensed building inspector; and
 - (ii) a licensed contractor obtains the necessary building permits;
- (q) a delivery person when replacing any of the following existing equipment with a new gas appliance, provided there is an existing gas shutoff valve at the appliance:
 - (i) gas range;
 - (ii) gas dryer;
 - (iii) outdoor gas barbeque; or
 - (iv) outdoor gas patio heater;
- (r) a person performing maintenance on an elevator as defined in Section 58-55-102, if the maintenance is not related to the operating integrity of the elevator; and
- (s) an apprentice or helper of an elevator mechanic licensed under this chapter when working under the general direction of the licensed elevator mechanic.
- (2) A compliance agency as defined in Section 15A-1-202 that issues a building permit to a person requesting a permit as a sole owner of property referred to in Subsection (1)(d) shall notify the division, in writing or through electronic transmission, of the issuance of the permit.

Section 2. Section 58-55-503 is amended to read:

58-55-503. Penalty for unlawful conduct -- Citations.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Person" means, in reference to Subsection 58-55-504(2), an individual, and does not include a sole proprietorship, joint venture, corporation, limited liability company, association, or organization of any type.
 - (b) "Qualifying violation" means a violation under:
 - (i) Subsection 58-55-308(2);
- (ii) Subsections 58-55-501(1) through (3), (7), (9), (10), (12), (14), (16)(e), (18), or (20) through (28);

- (iii) Subsection 58-55-502(4)(a) or (11); or
- (iv) Subsection 58-55-504(2).
- (2) (a) A person who violates Subsection 58-55-501(1) through (7), (9), (10), (12), (14), (15), (16)(e), or (21) through (28), Subsection 58-55-308(2), or Subsection 58-55-504(2), or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this section after the citation is final, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- (b) A person who violates the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(8) may not be awarded and may not accept a contract for the performance of the work.
 - (3) A person who violates Subsection 58-55-501(13) is guilty of:
 - (a) an infraction; or
- (b) if the violator did so with the intent to deprive the person to whom money is to be paid of the money received, of theft under Section 76-6-404.
- (4) Grounds for immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the division and the commission include:
- (a) the issuance of a citation for violation of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Section 58-55-501, or Subsection 58-55-504(2); and
- (b) the failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with respect to any matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, including:
- (i) applying to the division for a new license to engage in a new specialty classification or to do business under a new form of organization or business structure;
 - (ii) filing a current financial statement with the division; and
 - (iii) notifying the division concerning loss of insurance coverage or change in qualifier.
- (5) (a) (i) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has committed a qualifying violation or violated any rule or order issued with respect to a qualifying violation, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division shall:
- (A) promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules;
 - (B) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
 - (C) notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under

Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.

- (ii) A person who committed a qualifying violation, as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from engaging in the qualifying violation.
- (iii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-55-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
 - (b) A citation shall:
- (i) be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
- (ii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days after the day on which the citation is served if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
- (iii) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
- (c) A citation issued under this section, or a copy of a citation, may be served upon a person upon whom a summons may be served:
 - (i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
- (ii) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by a person specially designated by the director; or
 - (iii) by mail.
- (d) (i) If within 20 calendar days after the day on which a citation is served, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
 - (ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (e) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after the citation becomes final.
- (f) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after the citation becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
- (g) A citation may not be issued under this section after the expiration of one year after the date on which the violation that is the subject of the citation is reported to the division.

- (h) (i) Except as provided in Subsections (5)(h)(ii) and (6), the director or the director's designee shall assess a fine in accordance with the following:
 - (A) for a first offense handled under Subsection (5)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
 - (B) for a second offense handled under Subsection (5)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
- (C) for any subsequent offense handled under Subsection (5)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
- (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (6), if a person violates Subsection 58-55-501(16)(e) or (28), the director or the director's designee shall assess a fine in accordance with the following:
 - (A) for a first offense handled under Subsection (5)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000;
 - (B) for a second offense handled under Subsection (5)(a), a fine of up to \$4,000; and
- (C) for any subsequent offense handled under Subsection (5)(a), a fine of up to \$4,000 for each day of continued offense.
- (i) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine under Subsection (5)(h), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:
- (A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a first or second qualifying violation; or
 - (B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
- (II) a final order has not been issued by the division in the action initiated under Subsection (5)(i)(i)(B)(I);
- (III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of the action under Subsection (5)(i)(i)(B)(I) that the person committed a second or subsequent qualifying violation; and
- (IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent qualifying violation under Subsection (5)(i)(i)(B)(III), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under Subsection (5)(i)(i)(B)(I).
- (ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (5)(i)(i), the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
- (j) In addition to any other licensure sanction or fine imposed under this section, the division shall revoke the license of a licensee that violates Subsection 58-55-501(23) or (24) two or more times within a 12-month period, unless, with respect to a violation of Subsection

- 58-55-501(23), the licensee can demonstrate that the licensee successfully verified the federal legal working status of the individual who was the subject of the violation using a status verification system, as defined in Section 13-47-102.
- (k) For purposes of this Subsection (4), a violation of Subsection 58-55-501(23) or (24) for each individual is considered a separate violation.
- (6) If a person violates Section 58-55-501, the division may not treat the violation as a subsequent violation of a previous violation if the violation occurs five years or more after the day on which the person committed the previous violation.
- (7) If, after an investigation, the division determines that a person has committed multiple of the same type of violation of Section 58-55-501, the division may treat each violation as a separate violation of Section 58-55-501 and apply a penalty under this section to each violation.
- (8) (a) A penalty imposed by the director under Subsection (5) shall be deposited into the Commerce Service Account created by Section 13-1-2.
- (b) A penalty that is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
- (c) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
- (d) In an action brought to collect a penalty, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party.

Section $\{2\}$ 3. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.