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VULNERABLE POPULATION AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee



makes technical and conforming changes.

26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None
28	Other Special Clauses:
29	This bill provides a special effective date.
30	This bill provides a coordination clause.
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	26B-2-236, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
34	26B-2-238, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
35	26B-2-240, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
36	63I-2-226 (Effective 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 33,
37	139, 249, 295, 310, and 465 and repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2023,
38	Chapter 329 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter
39	329
40	64-13-48, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 144
41	ENACTS:
42	26B-2-243, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	Utah Code Sections Affected By Coordination Clause:
44	26B-2-240, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
45 46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
47	Section 1. Section 26B-2-236 is amended to read:
48	26B-2-236. Monitoring device Installation, notice, and consent Admission
49	and discharge Liability.
50	(1) As used in this section:
51	(a) "Facility" means an assisted living facility or a nursing care facility.
52	(b) "Legal representative" means an individual who is legally authorized to make
53	health care decisions on behalf of another individual.
54	[(b)] (c) (i) "Monitoring device" means:
55	(A) a video surveillance camera; or
56	(B) a microphone or other device that captures audio.

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57	(ii) "Monitoring device" does not include:
58	(A) a device that is specifically intended to intercept wire, electronic, or oral
59	communication without notice to or the consent of a party to the communication; or
60	(B) a device that is connected to the Internet or that is set up to transmit data via an
61	electronic communication.
62	[(e)] (d) "Resident" means an individual who receives health care from a facility.
63	[(d)] (e) "Room" means a resident's private or shared primary living space.
64	[(e)] (f) "Roommate" means an individual sharing a room with a resident.
65	(2) A resident or the resident's legal representative may operate or install a monitoring
66	device in the resident's room if the resident and the resident's legal representative, if any, unless
67	the resident is incapable of informed consent:
68	(a) notifies the resident's [assisted living] facility in writing that the resident or the
69	resident's legal representative, if any:
70	(i) intends to operate or install a monitoring device in the resident's room; and
71	(ii) consents to a waiver agreement, if required by [an assisted living] a facility;
72	(b) obtains written consent from each of the resident's roommates, and their legal
73	representative, if any, that specifically states the hours when each roommate consents to the
74	resident or the resident's legal representative operating the monitoring device; and
75	(c) assumes all responsibility for any cost related to installing or operating the
76	monitoring device.
77	(3) [An assisted living] \underline{A} facility shall not be civilly or criminally liable to:
78	(a) a resident or resident's roommate for the operation of a monitoring device
79	consistent with this part; and
80	(b) any person other than the resident or resident's roommate for any claims related to
81	the use or operation of a monitoring device consistent with this part, unless the claim is caused
82	by the acts or omissions of an employee or agent of the [assisted living] facility.
83	(4) (a) [An assisted living] \underline{A} facility may not deny an individual admission to the
84	facility for the sole reason that the individual or the individual's legal representative requests to
85	install or operate a monitoring device in the individual's room.

(b) [An assisted living] \underline{A} facility may not discharge a resident for the sole reason that

the resident or the resident's legal representative requests to install or operate a monitoring

88	device in the individual's room.
89	(c) A facility shall prohibit all employees of a facility from deactivating, repositioning,
90	or otherwise interfering with the operation of a monitoring device in an individual's room.
91	[(c) An assisted living facility may require the resident or the resident's legal
92	representative to place a sign near the entrance of the resident's room that states that the room
93	contains a monitoring device.]
94	(5) Upon the request of a resident or the resident's legal representative, a facility may
95	not inform the employees of the facility of the presence of the monitoring device in the
96	individual's room.
97	[(5)] (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, an individual may not, under
98	this part, operate a monitoring device in [an assisted living] a facility without a court order:
99	(a) in secret; or
100	(b) with an intent to intercept a wire, electronic, or oral communication without notice
101	to or the consent of a party to the communication.
102	Section 2. Section 26B-2-238 is amended to read:
103	26B-2-238. Definitions for Sections 26B-2-238 through 26B-2-241.
104	As used in this section and Sections 26B-2-239, 26B-2-240, and 26B-2-241:
105	(1) "Clearance" means approval by the department under Section 26B-2-239 for an
106	individual to have direct patient access.
107	(2) "Covered body" means a covered provider, covered contractor, or covered
108	employer.
109	(3) "Covered contractor" means a person that supplies covered individuals, by contract,
110	to a covered employer or covered provider.
111	(4) "Covered employer" means an individual who:
112	(a) engages a covered individual to provide services in a private residence to:
113	(i) an aged individual, as defined by department rule; or
114	(ii) a disabled individual, as defined by department rule;
115	(b) is not a covered provider; and
116	(c) is not a licensed health care facility within the state.
117	(5) "Covered individual":
118	(a) means an individual:

119	(i) whom a covered body engages; and
120	(ii) who may have direct patient access;
121	(b) includes:
122	(i) a nursing assistant, as defined by department rule;
123	(ii) a personal care aide, as defined by department rule;
124	(iii) an individual licensed to engage in the practice of nursing under Title 58, Chapter
125	31b, Nurse Practice Act;
126	(iv) a provider of medical, therapeutic, or social services, including a provider of
127	laboratory and radiology services;
128	(v) an executive;
129	(vi) administrative staff, including a manager or other administrator;
130	(vii) dietary and food service staff;
131	(viii) housekeeping and maintenance staff; and
132	(ix) any other individual, as defined by department rule, who has direct patient access;
133	and
134	(c) does not include a student, as defined by department rule, directly supervised by a
135	member of the staff of the covered body or the student's instructor.
136	(6) "Covered provider" means:
137	(a) an end stage renal disease facility;
138	(b) a long-term care hospital;
139	(c) a nursing care facility;
140	(d) a small health care facility;
141	(e) an assisted living facility;
142	(f) a hospice;
143	(g) a home health agency; or
144	(h) a personal care agency.
145	(7) "Direct patient access" means for an individual to be in a position where the
146	individual could, in relation to a patient or resident of the covered body who engages the
147	individual:
148	(a) cause physical or mental harm;
149	(b) commit theft; or

150	(c) view medical or financial records.
151	(8) "Engage" means to obtain one's services:
152	(a) by employment;
153	(b) by contract;
154	(c) as a volunteer; or
155	(d) by other arrangement.
156	(9) "Long-term care hospital":
157	(a) means a hospital that is certified to provide long-term care services under the
158	provisions of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395tt; and
159	(b) does not include a critical access hospital, designated under 42 U.S.C. Sec.
160	1395i-4(c)(2).
161	(10) "Patient" means an individual who receives health care services from one of the
162	following covered providers:
163	(a) an end stage renal disease facility;
164	(b) a long-term care hospital;
165	(c) a hospice;
166	(d) a home health agency; or
167	(e) a personal care agency.
168	(11) "Personal care agency" means a health care facility defined by department rule.
169	(12) "Rap back system" means a system that enables authorized entities to receive
170	ongoing status notifications of any criminal history reported on individuals who are registered
171	in the system.
172	[(12)] (13) "Resident" means an individual who receives health care services from one
173	of the following covered providers:
174	(a) a nursing care facility;
175	(b) a small health care facility;
176	(c) an assisted living facility; or
177	(d) a hospice that provides living quarters as part of its services.
178	[(13)] (14) "Residential setting" means a place provided by a covered provider:
179	(a) for residents to live as part of the services provided by the covered provider; and
180	(b) where an individual who is not a resident also lives.

181	$\left[\frac{(14)}{(15)}\right]$ "Volunteer" means an individual, as defined by department rule, who
182	provides services without pay or other compensation.
183	The following section is affected by a coordination clause at the end of this bill.
184	Section 3. Section 26B-2-240 is amended to read:
185	26B-2-240. Department authorized to grant, deny, or revoke clearance
186	Department may limit direct patient access Clearance.
187	(1) The definitions in Section 26B-2-238 apply to this section.
188	(2) (a) As provided in this section, the department may grant, deny, or revoke clearance
189	for an individual, including a covered individual.
190	(b) The department may limit the circumstances under which a covered individual
191	granted clearance may have direct patient access, based on the relationship factors under
192	Subsection (4) and other mitigating factors related to patient and resident protection.
193	(c) The department shall determine whether to grant clearance for each applicant for
194	whom it receives:
195	(i) the personal identification information specified by the department under
196	Subsection (4)(b); and
197	(ii) any fees established by the department under Subsection (9).
198	(d) The department shall:
199	(i) establish a procedure for obtaining and evaluating relevant information concerning
200	covered individuals, including fingerprinting the applicant and submitting the prints to the
201	Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety for
202	checking against applicable state, regional, and national criminal records files[:]; and
203	(ii) require that a finding of clearance include a fingerprint-based criminal history
204	background check in the databases described under Subsection (3)(a), including the inclusion
205	of the individual's fingerprints in a rap back system.
206	(3) The department may review the following sources to determine whether an
207	individual should be granted or retain clearance, which may include:
208	(a) Department of Public Safety arrest, conviction, and disposition records described in
209	Title 53, Chapter 10, Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Act, including
210	information in state, regional, and national records files;
211	(b) juvenile court arrest, adjudication, and disposition records, as allowed under

212	Section 78A-6-209;
213	(c) federal criminal background databases available to the state;
214	(d) the Division of Child and Family Services Licensing Information System described
215	in Section 80-2-1002;
216	(e) child abuse or neglect findings described in Section 80-3-404;
217	(f) the Division of Aging and Adult Services vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or
218	exploitation database described in Section 26B-6-210;
219	(g) registries of nurse aids described in 42 C.F.R. Sec. 483.156;
220	(h) licensing and certification records of individuals licensed or certified by the
221	Division of Professional Licensing under Title 58, Occupations and Professions; and
222	(i) the List of Excluded Individuals and Entities database maintained by the United
223	States Department of Health and Human Services' Office of Inspector General.
224	(4) The department shall adopt rules that:
225	(a) specify the criteria the department will use to determine whether an individual is
226	granted or retains clearance:
227	(i) based on an initial evaluation and ongoing review of information under Subsection
228	(3); and
229	(ii) including consideration of the relationship the following may have to patient and
230	resident protection:
231	(A) warrants for arrest;
232	(B) arrests;
233	(C) convictions, including pleas in abeyance;
234	(D) pending diversion agreements;
235	(E) adjudications by a juvenile court under Section 80-6-701 if the individual is over
236	28 years old and has been convicted, has pleaded no contest, or is subject to a plea in abeyance
237	or diversion agreement for a felony or misdemeanor, or the individual is under 28 years old;
238	and
239	(F) any other findings under Subsection (3); and
240	(b) specify the personal identification information that must be submitted by an
241	individual or covered body with an application for clearance, including:
242	(i) the applicant's Social Security number; and

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243	(11)	-11113	gerprints.

- (5) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the department shall classify a crime committed in another state according to the closest matching crime under Utah law, regardless of how the crime is classified in the state where the crime was committed.
- (6) The Department of Public Safety, the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division of Professional Licensing, and any other state agency or political subdivision of the state:
- (a) shall allow the department to review the information the department may review under Subsection (3); and
- (b) except for the Department of Public Safety, may not charge the department for access to the information.
- (7) The department shall adopt measures to protect the security of the information it reviews under Subsection (3) and strictly limit access to the information to department employees responsible for processing an application for clearance.
- (8) The department may disclose personal identification information specified under Subsection (4)(b) to other divisions and offices within the department to verify that the subject of the information is not identified as a perpetrator or offender in the information sources described in Subsections (3)(d) through (f).
- (9) The department may establish fees, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, for an application for clearance, which may include:
 - (a) the cost of obtaining and reviewing information under Subsection (3);
- (b) a portion of the cost of creating and maintaining the Direct Access Clearance System database under Section 26B-2-241; and
- (c) other department costs related to the processing of the application and the ongoing review of information pursuant to Subsection (4)(a) to determine whether clearance should be retained.
 - Section 4. Section **26B-2-243** is enacted to read:
- <u>26B-2-243.</u> Data collection and reporting requirements concerning incidents of abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
- 272 (1) As used in this section, "facility" means an assisted living facility or a nursing care 273 facility.

274	(2) In addition to the requirements in Section 26B-6-205 or 80-2-602, the department
275	shall require a facility to report any incident of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a resident:
276	(a) to the department; and
277	(b) to the Division of Child and Family Services or Adult Protective Services, if
278	appropriate, or a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the covered provider in which
279	the alleged incident occurred.
280	(3) The department shall collect and compile all reported incidents described in
281	Subsection (2)(a) and annually on or before June 30 report the data to the Health and Human
282	Services Interim Committee.
283	Section 5. Section 63I-2-226 (Effective 07/01/24) is amended to read:
284	63I-2-226 (Effective 07/01/24). Repeal dates: Titles 26A through 26B.
285	(1) Section 26B-1-241 is repealed July 1, 2024.
286	(2) Section 26B-1-302 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
287	(3) Section 26B-1-313 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
288	(4) Section 26B-1-314 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
289	(5) Section 26B-1-321 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
290	(6) Section 26B-1-419, which creates the Utah Health Care Workforce Financial
291	Assistance Program Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2027.
292	(7) In relation to the Air Ambulance Committee, on July 1, 2024, Subsection
293	26B-2-231(1)(a) is amended to read:
294	"(a) provide the patient or the patient's representative with the following information
295	before contacting an air medical transport provider:
296	(i) which health insurers in the state the air medical transport provider contracts with;
297	(ii) if sufficient data is available, the average charge for air medical transport services
298	for a patient who is uninsured or out of network; and
299	(iii) whether the air medical transport provider balance bills a patient for any charge not
300	paid by the patient's health insurer; and".
301	(8) Section 26B-2-243 is repealed July 1, 2027.
302	[(8)] <u>(9)</u> Section 26B-3-142 is repealed July 1, 2024.
303	[(9)] (10) Subsection 26B-3-215(5), related to reporting on coverage for in vitro
304	fertilization and genetic testing, is repealed July 1, 2030.

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305	[(10)] (11) Section 26B-4-702, related to the Utah Health Care Workforce Financial
306	Assistance Program, is repealed July 1, 2027.
307	[(11)] (12) Section 26B-5-117, related to early childhood mental health support grant
308	programs, is repealed January 2, 2025.
309	[(12)] (13) Subsection 26B-7-117(3), related to reports to the Legislature on syringe
310	exchange and education, is repealed January 1, 2027.
311	[(13)] (14) Section 26B-7-120, relating to sickle cell disease, is repealed on July 1,
312	2025.
313	Section 6. Section 64-13-48 is amended to read:
314	64-13-48. Educational and career-readiness programs.
315	(1) The department shall, in accordance with Subsection 64-13-6(1)(c), ensure that
316	appropriate evidence-based and evidence-informed educational or career-readiness programs
317	are made available to an inmate as soon as practicable after the creation of the inmate's case
318	action plan.
319	(2) The department shall provide incarcerated women with substantially equivalent
320	educational and career-readiness opportunities as incarcerated men.
321	(3) Before an inmate begins an educational or career-readiness program, the
322	department shall provide reasonable access to resources necessary for an inmate to apply for
323	grants or other available financial aid that may be available to pay for the inmate's program.
324	(4) (a) The department shall consider an inmate's current participation in an
325	educational or career-readiness program when the department makes a decision with regard to
326	an inmate's:
327	(i) transfer to another area or facility; or
328	(ii) appropriate disciplinary sanction.
329	(b) When possible, the department shall use best efforts to allow an inmate to continue
330	the inmate's participation in an educational or career-readiness program while the facility is
331	under lockdown, quarantine, or a similar status.
332	(5) (a) The department shall maintain records on an inmate's educational progress,
333	including completed life skills, certifications, and credit- and non-credit-bearing courses, made
334	while the inmate is incarcerated.

(b) The department shall facilitate the transfer of information related to the inmate's

336	educational process upon the inmate's release, including the inmate's post-release contact
337	information and the records described in Subsection (5)(a), to:
338	(i) the inmate; or
339	(ii) an entity that the inmate has authorized to receive the inmate's records or
340	post-release contact information, including an institution:
341	(A) from which the inmate received educational instruction while the inmate was
342	incarcerated; or
343	(B) at which the inmate plans to continue the inmate's post-incarceration education.
344	(6) Beginning May 1, 2023, the department shall provide an annual report to the
345	Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee regarding educational and career-readiness
346	programs for inmates, which shall include:
347	(a) the number of inmates who are participating in an educational or career-readiness
348	program, including an accredited postsecondary education program;
349	(b) the percentage of inmates who are participating in an educational or
350	career-readiness program as compared to the total inmate population;
351	(c) inmate program completion and graduation data, including the number of
352	completions and graduations in each educational or career-readiness program;
353	(d) the potential effect of educational or career-readiness programs on recidivism, as
354	determined by a comparison of:
355	(i) the total number of inmates who return to incarceration after a previous
356	incarceration; and
357	(ii) the number of inmates who return to incarceration after a previous incarceration
358	who participated in or completed an educational or career-readiness program;
359	(e) the number of inmates who were transferred to a different facility while currently
360	participating in an educational or career-readiness program, including the number of inmates
361	who were unable to continue a program after a transfer to a different facility; and
362	(f) the department's:
363	(i) recommendation for resources that may increase inmates' access to and participation
364	in an educational or career-readiness program; and
365	(ii) estimate of how many additional inmates would participate in an educational or
366	career-readiness program if the resources were provided.

367	(7) The department may not offer training for an inmate to become a certified nursing
368	assistant certified by the Department of Health and Human Services.
369	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> The department may make rules in accordance with Section 64-13-10 and
370	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to carry out the provisions of this
371	section.
372	Section 7. Effective date.
373	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2024.
374	Section 8. Coordinating H.B. 495 with S.B. 46.
375	If H.B. 495, Vulnerable Population Amendments, and S.B. 46, Health and Human
376	Services Amendments, both pass and become law, the Legislature intends that, on July 1, 2024,
377	Subsection 26B-2-240(2)(d) be amended to read:
378	<u>"(d)</u> The department shall:
379	(i) establish a procedure for obtaining and evaluating relevant information concerning
380	covered individuals, including fingerprinting the applicant and submitting the prints to the
381	Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety for
382	checking against applicable state, regional, and national criminal records files[-]; and
383	(ii) require that a certification for direct patient access include a fingerprint-based
384	criminal history background check in the databases described under Subsection (3)(a),
385	including the inclusion of the individual's fingerprints in a rap back system.".