1	LOBBYIST DISCLOSURE AND REGULATION ACT
2	MODIFICATIONS
3	2024 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Brady Brammer
6	Senate Sponsor: Ann Millner
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends provisions of the Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	 modifies and clarifies the definitions of lobbyist, lobbying, and a principal;
15	 prohibits consideration, a reward, or an incentive for lobbying that is contingent on
16	certain government action and provides criminal and civil penalties for violation of
17	the prohibition;
18	 replaces the offense of employing or soliciting a person to lobby for contingent
19	compensation with the offense described in the preceding paragraph;
20	creates an exception to the definition of "expenditure" in relation to certain sporting
21	events, performances, or exhibitions of a state institution of higher education or a
22	non-profit institution of higher education;
23	 amends provisions relating to lobbying by a former state official; and
24	makes technical and conforming changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:



None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
36-11-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 16
36-11-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 16
53-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 349, 360
53-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 328, 447
63G-23-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 125
67-24-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 360
REPEALS AND REENACTS:
36-11-301 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 280
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 36-11-102 is amended to read:
36-11-102. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Aggregate daily expenditures" means:
(a) for a single lobbyist, principal, or government officer, the total of all expenditures
made within a calendar day by the lobbyist, principal, or government officer for the benefit of
an individual public official;
(b) for an expenditure made by a member of a lobbyist group, the total of all
expenditures made within a calendar day by every member of the lobbyist group for the benefit
of an individual public official; or
(c) for a multiclient lobbyist, the total of all expenditures made by the multiclient
lobbyist within a calendar day for the benefit of an individual public official, regardless of
whether the expenditures were attributed to different clients.
(2) "Approved activity" means an event, a tour, or a meeting:
(a) (i) to which a legislator or another nonexecutive branch public official is invited;
and

57	(ii) attendance at which is approved by:
58	(A) the speaker of the House of Representatives, if the public official is a member of
59	the House of Representatives or another nonexecutive branch public official; or
60	(B) the president of the Senate, if the public official is a member of the Senate or
61	another nonexecutive branch public official; or
62	(b) (i) to which a public official who holds a position in the executive branch of state
63	government is invited; and
64	(ii) attendance at which is approved by the governor or the lieutenant governor.
65	(3) "Board of education" means:
66	(a) a local school board described in Title 53G, Chapter 4, School Districts;
67	(b) the State Board of Education;
68	(c) the State Charter School Board created under Section 53G-5-201; or
69	(d) a charter school governing board described in Title 53G, Chapter 5, Charter
70	Schools.
71	(4) "Capitol hill complex" means the same as that term is defined in Section
72	63C-9-102.
73	(5) (a) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, that is
74	paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to an individual for the provision of
75	services or ownership before any withholding required by federal or state law.
76	(b) "Compensation" includes:
77	(i) a salary or commission;
78	(ii) a bonus;
79	(iii) a benefit;
80	(iv) a contribution to a retirement program or account;
81	(v) a payment includable in gross income, as defined in Section 62, Internal Revenue
82	Code, and subject to social security deductions, including a payment in excess of the maximum
83	amount subject to deduction under social security law;
84	(vi) an amount that the individual authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary
85	deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law; or
86	(vii) income based on an individual's ownership interest.
87	(6) "Compensation payor" means a person who pays compensation to a public official

88	in the ordinary course of business:
89	(a) because of the public official's ownership interest in the compensation payor; or
90	(b) for services rendered by the public official on behalf of the compensation payor.
91	(7) "Education action" means:
92	(a) the passage or defeat of a resolution, policy, amendment, or other official action for
93	consideration by a board of education;
94	(b) a nomination or appointment by an education official or a board of education;
95	(c) the passage or defeat of a vote on an administrative action taken by a vote of a
96	board of education; or
97	[(d) an adjudicative proceeding over which an education official has direct or indirect
98	control;]
99	[(e) a purchasing or contracting decision;]
100	[(f) drafting or making a policy, resolution, or rule;]
101	[(g)] <u>(d)</u> determining a rate or fee[; or].
102	[(h) making an adjudicative decision.]
103	(8) "Education official" means:
104	(a) a member of a board of education; <u>or</u>
105	(b) an individual appointed to or employed in a position under a board of education, if
106	that individual:
107	(i) occupies a policymaking position [or makes purchasing or contracting decisions];
108	[(ii) drafts resolutions or policies or drafts or makes rules;]
109	[(iii)] (ii) determines rates or fees; or
110	[(iv)] (iii) makes decisions relating to an education budget or the expenditure of public
111	money[; or].
112	[(v) makes adjudicative decisions; or]
113	[(c) an immediate family member of an individual described in Subsection (8)(a) or
114	(b).]
115	(9) "Event" means entertainment, a performance, a contest, or a recreational activity
116	that an individual participates in or is a spectator at, including a sporting event, an artistic
117	event, a play, a movie, dancing, or singing.
118	(10) "Executive action" means:

119	(a) a nomination or appointment by the governor;
120	(b) the action of the governor in approving or vetoing legislation.
121	[(b)] (c) the [proposal, drafting, amendment, enactment, or] passage or defeat by a state
122	agency of a rule, or an amendment to a rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
123	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
124	[(c)] (d) agency ratemaking proceedings[; or].
125	[(d) an adjudicative proceeding of a state agency.]
126	(11) "Executive official" means:
127	(a) an individual elected to an executive office or appointed to fill a vacancy in an
128	executive office; or
129	(b) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in the executive branch of
130	state government if that individual:
131	(i) occupies a policymaking position; or
132	(ii) determines rates or fees.
133	[(11)] (12) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the items listed in this Subsection $[(11)(a)]$
134	(12)(a) when given to or for the benefit of a public official unless consideration of equal or
135	greater value is received:
136	(i) a purchase, payment, or distribution;
137	(ii) a loan, gift, or advance;
138	(iii) a deposit, subscription, or forbearance;
139	(iv) services or goods;
140	(v) money;
141	(vi) real property;
142	(vii) a ticket or admission to an event; or
143	(viii) a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to provide
144	any item listed in Subsections [(11)(a)(i) through (vii)] (12)(a)(i) through (vii).
145	(b) "Expenditure" does not mean:
146	(i) a commercially reasonable loan made in the ordinary course of business;
147	(ii) a campaign contribution:
148	(A) reported in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign and Financial
149	Reporting Requirements, Section 10-3-208, Section 17-16-6.5, or any applicable ordinance

130	adopted under Subsection 10-3-208(6) or 17-10-0.3(1); or
151	(B) lawfully given to a person that is not required to report the contribution under a law
152	or ordinance described in Subsection [(11)(b)(ii)(A)] (12)(b)(ii)(A);
153	(iii) printed informational material that is related to the performance of the recipient's
154	official duties;
155	(iv) a devise or inheritance;
156	(v) any item listed in Subsection [(11)(a)] (12)(a) if:
157	(A) given by a relative;
158	(B) given by a compensation payor for a purpose solely unrelated to the public
159	official's position as a public official;
160	(C) the item is food or beverage with a value that does not exceed the food
161	reimbursement rate, and the aggregate daily expenditures for food and beverage do not exceed
162	the food reimbursement rate; or
163	(D) the item is not food or beverage, has a value of less than \$10, and the aggregate
164	daily expenditures do not exceed \$10;
165	(vi) food or beverage that is provided at an event, a tour, or a meeting to which the
166	following are invited:
167	(A) all members of the Legislature;
168	(B) all members of a standing or interim committee;
169	(C) all members of an official legislative task force;
170	(D) all members of a party caucus; or
171	(E) all members of a group described in Subsections [(11)(b)(vi)(A) through (D)]
172	(12)(b)(vi)(A) through (D) who are attending a meeting of a national organization whose
173	primary purpose is addressing general legislative policy;
174	(vii) food or beverage that is provided at an event, a tour, or a meeting to a public
175	official who is:
176	(A) giving a speech at the event, tour, or meeting;
177	(B) participating in a panel discussion at the event, tour, or meeting; or
178	(C) presenting or receiving an award at the event, tour, or meeting;
179	(viii) a plaque, commendation, or award that:
180	(A) is presented in public; and

181	(B) has the name of the individual receiving the plaque, commendation, or award
182	inscribed, etched, printed, or otherwise permanently marked on the plaque, commendation, or
183	award;
184	(ix) a gift that:
185	(A) is an item that is not consumable and not perishable;
186	(B) a public official, other than a local official or an education official, accepts on
187	behalf of the state;
188	(C) the public official promptly remits to the state;
189	(D) a property administrator does not reject under Section 63G-23-103;
190	(E) does not constitute a direct benefit to the public official before or after the public
191	official remits the gift to the state; and
192	(F) after being remitted to the state, is not transferred, divided, distributed, or used to
193	distribute a gift or benefit to one or more public officials in a manner that would otherwise
194	qualify the gift as an expenditure if the gift were given directly to a public official;
195	(x) any of the following with a cash value not exceeding \$30:
196	(A) a publication; or
197	(B) a commemorative item;
198	(xi) admission to or attendance at an event, a tour, or a meeting, the primary purpose of
199	which is:
200	(A) to solicit a contribution that is reportable under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign
201	and Financial Reporting Requirements, 2 U.S.C. Sec. 434, Section 10-3-208, Section
202	17-16-6.5, or an applicable ordinance adopted under Subsection 10-3-208(6) or 17-16-6.5(1);
203	(B) to solicit a campaign contribution that a person is not required to report under a law
204	or ordinance described in Subsection $[\frac{(11)(b)(xi)(A)}{(12)(b)(xi)(A)}]$; or
205	(C) charitable solicitation, as defined in Section 13-22-2;
206	(xii) travel to, lodging at, food or beverage served at, and admission to an approved
207	activity;
208	(xiii) sponsorship of an approved activity;
209	(xiv) notwithstanding Subsection [(11)(a)(vii)] (12)(a)(vii), admission to, attendance
210	at, or travel to or from an event, a tour, or a meeting:
211	(A) that is sponsored by a governmental entity;

212	(B) that is widely attended and related to a governmental duty of a public official;
213	(C) for a local official, that is sponsored by an organization that represents only local
214	governments, including the Utah Association of Counties, the Utah League of Cities and
215	Towns, or the Utah Association of Special Districts; or
216	(D) for an education official, that is sponsored by a public school, a charter school, or
217	an organization that represents only public schools or charter schools, including the Utah
218	Association of Public Charter Schools, the Utah School Boards Association, or the Utah
219	School Superintendents Association; [or]
220	(xv) travel to a widely attended tour or meeting related to a governmental duty of a
221	public official if that travel results in a financial savings to:
222	(A) for a public official who is not a local official or an education official, the state; or
223	(B) for a public official who is a local official or an education official, the local
224	government or board of education to which the public official belongs[-];
225	(xvi) notwithstanding Subsection (12)(a)(vii), a ticket or admission to a sporting event
226	provided by an institution of higher education described in Subsection 53B-2-101(1), or a
227	private, nonprofit institution of higher education in the state, if the purpose of the public
228	official attending the event is to build a relationship between the institution of higher education
229	and the public official; or
230	(xvii) notwithstanding Subsection (12)(a)(vii), a ticket or admission to a theatrical,
231	musical, dancing, or other artistic performance, an art exhibition, or another artistic event
232	provided by an institution of higher education described in Subsection 53B-2-101(1), or a
233	private, nonprofit institution of higher education in the state, if the purpose of the public
234	official attending the event is to build a relationship between the institution of higher education
235	and the public official.
236	[(12)] (13) "Food reimbursement rate" means the total amount set by the director of the
237	Division of Finance, by rule, under Section 63A-3-107, for in-state meal reimbursement, for an
238	employee of the executive branch, for an entire day.
239	[(13)] (14) (a) "Foreign agent" means an individual who engages in lobbying under
240	contract with a foreign government.
241	(b) "Foreign agent" does not include an individual who is recognized by the United
242	States Department of State as a duly accredited diplomatic or consular officer of a foreign

government, including a duly accredited honorary consul.
[(14)] (15) "Foreign government" means a government other than the government of:
(a) the United States;
(b) a state within the United States;
(c) a territory or possession of the United States; or
(d) a political subdivision of the United States.
$\left[\frac{(15)}{(16)}\right]$ (a) "Government officer" means:
(i) an individual elected to a position in state or local government, when acting in the
capacity of the state or local government position;
(ii) an individual elected to a board of education, when acting in the capacity of a
member of a board of education;
(iii) an individual appointed to fill a vacancy in a position described in Subsection
[(15)(a)(i) or (ii)] (16)(a)(i) or (ii), when acting in the capacity of the position; or
(iv) an individual appointed to or employed in a full-time position by state government
local government, or a board of education, when acting in the capacity of the individual's
appointment or employment.
(b) "Government officer" does not mean a member of the legislative branch of state
government.
(17) "Government action" means:
(a) an education action;
(b) an executive action;
(c) a legislative action; or
(d) a local action.
[(16)] (18) "Immediate family" means:
(a) a spouse;
(b) a child residing in the household; or
(c) an individual claimed as a dependent for tax purposes.
$[\frac{(17)}{(19)}]$ "Legislative action" means $[\frac{(17)}{(19)}]$ the passage or defeat of a bill, resolution,
amendment, nomination, veto override, appropriation, or other matter pending or proposed in
either house of the Legislature or its committees or requested by a legislator[; and].
[(b) the action of the governor in approving or vetoing legislation.]

274	(20) "Legislative official" means a member, or a member elect, of the Utah Senate or
275	the Utah House of Representatives.
276	[(18)] (21) "Lobbying" means communicating with a public official for the purpose of
277	influencing [a legislative action, executive action, local action, or education] government
278	action.
279	[(19)] (22) (a) "Lobbyist" means[:] an individual who accepts or agrees to accept
280	payment, a reward, an incentive, something of value, or other consideration in exchange for
281	lobbying.
282	[(i) an individual who is employed by a principal; or]
283	[(ii) an individual who contracts for economic consideration, other than reimbursement
284	for reasonable travel expenses, with a principal to lobby a public official.]
285	(b) "Lobbyist" includes an individual who engages in lobbying on behalf of an entity in
286	which the individual obtained a non-controlling ownership interest within the immediately
287	preceding 18 months.
288	[(b)] (c) "Lobbyist" does not include:
289	(i) a government officer;
290	(ii) a member or employee of the legislative branch of state government;
291	(iii) an individual who, in exchange for lobbying, accepts or agrees to accept only
292	reimbursement for reasonable travel expenses;
293	[(iii)] (iv) a person, including a principal, while appearing at, or providing written
294	comments to, a hearing conducted in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
295	Administrative Rulemaking Act, or Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
296	[(iv)] (v) a person participating on or appearing before an advisory or study task force,
297	commission, board, or committee, constituted by the Legislature, a local government, a board
298	of education, or any agency or department of state government, except legislative standing,
299	appropriation, or interim committees;
300	[(v)] (vi) a representative of a political party;
301	[(vi)] (vii) an individual representing a bona fide church solely for the purpose of
302	protecting the right to practice the religious doctrines of the church, unless the individual or
303	church makes an expenditure that confers a benefit on a public official;
304	[(viii)] (viii) a newspaper, television station or network, radio station or network,

305	periodical of general circulation, or book publisher for the purpose of publishing news items,
306	editorials, other comments, or paid advertisements that directly or indirectly urge [legislative
307	action, executive action, local action, or education] government action;
308	[(viii)] (ix) an individual who appears on the individual's own behalf before a
309	committee of the Legislature, an agency of the executive branch of state government, a board
310	of education, the governing body of a local government, a committee of a local government, or
311	a committee of a board of education, solely for the purpose of testifying in support of or in
312	opposition to [legislative action, executive action, local action, or education] government
313	action; or
314	[(ix)] (x) an individual representing a business, entity, or industry, who:
315	(A) interacts with a public official, in the public official's capacity as a public official,
316	while accompanied by a registered lobbyist who is lobbying in relation to the subject of the
317	interaction or while presenting at a legislative committee meeting at the same time that the
318	registered lobbyist is attending another legislative committee meeting; and
319	(B) does not make an expenditure for, or on behalf of, a public official in relation to the
320	interaction or during the period of interaction.
321	[(20)] (23) "Lobbyist group" means two or more lobbyists, principals, government
322	officers, or any combination of lobbyists, principals, and government officers, who each
323	contribute a portion of an expenditure made to benefit a public official or member of the public
324	official's immediate family.
325	[(21)] <u>(24)</u> "Local action" means:
326	(a) an ordinance or resolution for consideration by a local government;
327	(b) a nomination or appointment by a local official or a local government;
328	(c) a vote on an administrative action taken by a vote of a local government's
329	legislative body; or
330	[(d) an adjudicative proceeding over which a local official has direct or indirect
331	control;]
332	[(e) a purchasing or contracting decision;]
333	[(f) drafting or making a policy, resolution, or rule;]
334	[(g)] (d) determining a rate or fee[; or].
335	[(h) making an adjudicative decision.]

336	[(22)] (25) "Local government" means:
337	(a) a county, city, town, or metro township;
338	(b) a special district governed by Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government
339	Entities - Special Districts;
340	(c) a special service district governed by Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District
341	Act;
342	(d) a community reinvestment agency governed by Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
343	Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act;
344	(e) a conservation district governed by Title 17D, Chapter 3, Conservation District Act;
345	(f) a redevelopment agency; or
346	(g) an interlocal entity or a joint cooperative undertaking governed by Title 11, Chapter
347	13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
348	[(23)] <u>(26)</u> "Local official" means:
349	(a) an [elected member of a local government;] individual elected to a local
350	government office or appointed to fill a vacancy in a local government office; or
351	(b) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in a local government if that
352	individual:
353	(i) occupies a policymaking position [or makes purchasing or contracting decisions]; or
354	[(ii) drafts ordinances or resolutions or drafts or makes rules;]
355	[(iii)] (ii) determines rates or fees[; or].
356	[(iv) makes adjudicative decisions; or]
357	[(c) an immediate family member of an individual described in Subsection (23)(a) or
358	(b).]
359	[(24)] (27) "Meeting" means a gathering of people to discuss an issue, receive
360	instruction, or make a decision, including a conference, seminar, or summit.
361	[(25)] (28) "Multiclient lobbyist" means a single lobbyist, principal, or government
362	officer who represents two or more clients and divides the aggregate daily expenditure made to
363	benefit a public official or member of the public official's immediate family between two or
364	more of those clients.
365	[(26)] (29) "Principal" means a person that [employs an individual to perform
366	lobbying, either as an employee or as an independent contractor] pays or provides, or agrees or

307	promises to pay or provide, a reward, an incentive, something or value, or other consideration
368	to a person to engage in lobbying.
369	[(27) "Public official" means:]
370	[(a) (i) a member of the Legislature;]
371	[(ii) an individual elected to a position in the executive branch of state government; or]
372	[(iii) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in the executive or
373	legislative branch of state government if that individual:
374	[(A) occupies a policymaking position or makes purchasing or contracting decisions;]
375	[(B) drafts legislation or makes rules;]
376	[(C) determines rates or fees; or]
377	[(D) makes adjudicative decisions;]
378	[(b) an immediate family member of a person described in Subsection (27)(a);]
379	[(c) a local official; or]
380	[(d) an education official.]
381	(30) "Public official" means:
382	(a) an education official;
383	(b) an executive official;
384	(c) a legislative official;
385	(d) a local official; or
386	(e) an immediate family member of an official described in Subsections (30)(a)
387	through (d).
388	[(28)] (31) "Public official type" means a notation to identify whether a public official
389	is:
390	(a) (i) a member of the Legislature;
391	(ii) an individual elected to a position in the executive branch of state government;
392	(iii) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in the legislative branch of
393	state government who meets the definition of [public] legislative official [under Subsection
394	(27)(a)(iii)];
395	(iv) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in the executive branch of
396	state government who meets the definition of [public] executive official [under Subsection
397	(27)(a)(iii)];

398	(v) a local official, including a description of the type of local government for which
399	the individual is a local official; or
400	(vi) an education official, including a description of the type of board of education for
401	which the individual is an education official; or
402	(b) an immediate family member of an individual described in [Subsection (27)(a), (c)
403	or (d) Subsections (30)(a) through (d).
404	[(29)] (32) "Quarterly reporting period" means the three-month period covered by each
405	financial report required under Subsection 36-11-201(2)(a).
406	[(30)] (33) "Related person" means a person, agent, or employee who [knowingly and
407	intentionally] assists a lobbyist, principal, or government officer in lobbying.
408	[(31)] <u>(34)</u> "Relative" means:
409	(a) a spouse;
410	(b) a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-in-law,
411	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, or first cousin; or
412	(c) a spouse of an individual described in Subsection $[(31)(b)]$ $(34)(b)$.
413	[(32)] (35) "Tour" means visiting a location, for a purpose relating to the duties of a
414	public official, and not primarily for entertainment, including:
415	(a) viewing a facility;
416	(b) viewing the sight of a natural disaster; or
417	(c) assessing a circumstance in relation to which a public official may need to take
418	action within the scope of the public official's duties.
419	Section 2. Section 36-11-201 is amended to read:
420	36-11-201. Lobbyist, principal, and government officer financial reporting
421	requirements Prohibition for related person to make expenditures.
422	(1) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), a lobbyist shall file financial
423	reports with the lieutenant governor on or before the due dates specified in Subsection (2).
424	(ii) A lobbyist who has not made an expenditure during a quarterly reporting period is
425	not required to file a quarterly financial report for that quarterly reporting period.
426	(iii) A lobbyist who is not required to file any quarterly reports under this section for a
427	calendar year shall, on or before January 10 of the following year, file a financial report listing
428	the amount of the expenditures for the entire preceding year as "none."

129	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a government officer or principal that
430	makes an expenditure during any of the quarterly reporting periods under Subsection (2)(a)
431	shall file a financial report with the lieutenant governor on or before the date that a report for
432	that quarter is due.
433	(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (1)(c), "same local government type" means:
434	(A) for a county government, the same county government or another county
435	government;
436	(B) for a municipal government, the same municipal government or another municipal
437	government;
438	(C) for a board of education, the same board of education;
139	(D) for a local school board described in Title 53G, Chapter 4, School Districts, the
440	same local school board or another local school board;
441	(E) for a special district, the same special district or another special district or a special
142	service district;
143	(F) for a special service district, the same special service district or another special
144	service district or a special district; or
145	(G) for a participant in an interlocal agreement, another participant in the same
146	interlocal agreement.
147	(ii) A local official or an education official is not required, under this section, to report
148	an expenditure made by the local official or education official to another local official or
149	education official of the same local government type as the local official or education official
450	making the expenditure.
451	(2) (a) A financial report is due quarterly on the following dates:
452	(i) April 10, for the period of January 1 through March 31;
453	(ii) July 10, for the period of April 1 through June 30;
154	(iii) October 10, for the period of July 1 through September 30; and
455	(iv) January 10, for the period of October 1 through December 31 of the previous year.
456	(b) If the due date for a financial report falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday,

(c) A financial report is timely filed if it is filed electronically before the close of

the report is due on the next succeeding business day.

regular office hours on or before the due date.

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460	(3) A financial report shall contain:
461	(a) the total amount of expenditures made to benefit any public official during the
462	quarterly reporting period;
463	(b) the total amount of expenditures made, by the type of public official, during the
464	quarterly reporting period;
465	(c) for the financial report due on January 10:
466	(i) the total amount of expenditures made to benefit any public official during the last
467	calendar year; and
468	(ii) the total amount of expenditures made, by the type of public official, during the last
469	calendar year;
470	(d) a disclosure of each expenditure made during the quarterly reporting period to
471	reimburse or pay for travel or lodging for a public official, including:
472	(i) each travel destination and each lodging location;
473	(ii) the name of each public official who benefitted from the expenditure on travel or
474	lodging;
475	(iii) the public official type of each public official named;
476	(iv) for each public official named, a listing of the amount and purpose of each
477	expenditure made for travel or lodging; and
478	(v) the total amount of expenditures listed under Subsection (3)(d)(iv);
479	(e) a disclosure of aggregate daily expenditures greater than \$10 made during the
480	quarterly reporting period including:
481	(i) the date and purpose of the expenditure;
482	(ii) the location of the expenditure;
483	(iii) the name of any public official benefitted by the expenditure;
484	(iv) the type of the public official benefitted by the expenditure; and
485	(v) the total monetary worth of the benefit that the expenditure conferred on any public
486	official;
487	(f) for each public official who was employed by the lobbyist, principal, or government
488	officer, a list that provides:
489	(i) the name of the public official; and
490	(ii) the nature of the employment with the public official:

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491	(g) each bill or resolution, by number and short title, on behalf of which the lobbyist,
492	principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official;
493	(h) a description of each [executive] government action on behalf of which the
494	lobbyist, principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official;
495	(i) a description of each [local action or education] government action regarding which
496	the lobbyist, principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a local official or
497	education official;
498	(j) the general purposes, interests, and nature of the entities that the lobbyist, principal,
499	or government officer filing the report represents; and
500	(k) for a lobbyist, a certification that the information provided in the report is true,
501	accurate, and complete to the lobbyist's best knowledge and belief.
502	(4) A related person may not, while assisting a lobbyist, principal, or government
503	officer in lobbying, make an expenditure that benefits a public official under circumstances that
504	would otherwise fall within the disclosure requirements of this chapter if the expenditure was
505	made by the lobbyist, principal, or government officer.
506	(5) The lieutenant governor shall:
507	(a) (i) develop a preprinted form for a financial report required by this section; and
508	(ii) make copies of the form available to a lobbyist, principal, or government officer
509	who requests a form; and
510	(b) provide a reporting system that allows a lobbyist, principal, or government officer
511	to submit a financial report required by this chapter via the Internet.
512	(6) (a) A lobbyist and a principal shall continue to file a financial report required by
513	this section until the lobbyist or principal files a statement with the lieutenant governor that:
514	(i) (A) for a lobbyist, states that the lobbyist has ceased lobbying activities; or
515	(B) for a principal, states that the principal no longer employs an individual as a
516	lobbyist;
517	(ii) in the case of a lobbyist, states that the lobbyist is surrendering the lobbyist's
518	license;
519	(iii) contains a listing, as required by this section, of all previously unreported

(iv) states that the lobbyist or principal will not make any additional expenditure that is

expenditures that have been made through the date of the statement; and

522	not disclosed on the statement unless the lobbyist or principal complies with the disclosure and
523	licensing requirements of this chapter.
524	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), a lobbyist or principal that is required
525	to file a financial report under this section is required to file the report quarterly until the
526	lobbyist or principal files the statement required by Subsection (6)(a).
527	Section 3. Section 36-11-301 is repealed and reenacted to read:
528	36-11-301. Contingent consideration, reward, or incentive prohibited.
529	It is unlawful for a lobbyist to solicit, accept, or agree to accept anything of value from
530	a person as consideration for, a reward for, or an incentive for, lobbying, if:
531	(1) the consideration, reward, or incentive is based on whether certain government
532	action occurs or does not occur; or
533	(2) the value of the consideration is based on the value of an appropriation.
534	Section 4. Section 53-1-102 is amended to read:
535	53-1-102. Definitions.
536	(1) As used in this title:
537	(a) "Capitol hill complex" means the same as that term is defined in Section
538	63C-9-102.
539	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety appointed under Section
540	53-1-107.
541	(c) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety created in Section 53-1-103.
542	(d) "Governor-elect" means an individual whom the board of canvassers determines to
543	be the successful candidate for governor after a general election for the office of governor.
544	(e) "Law enforcement agency" means an entity or division of:
545	(i) (A) the federal government, a state, or a political subdivision of a state;
546	(B) a state institution of higher education; or
547	(C) a private institution of higher education, if the entity or division is certified by the
548	commissioner under Title 53, Chapter 19, Certification of Private Law Enforcement Agency;
549	and
550	(ii) that exists primarily to prevent and detect crime and enforce criminal laws, statutes
551	and ordinances.
552	(f) "Law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section

553	53-13-103.
554	(g) "Motor vehicle" means every self-propelled vehicle and every vehicle propelled by
555	electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operated upon rails, except
556	motorized wheel chairs and vehicles moved solely by human power.
557	(h) "Peace officer" means any officer certified in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 13,
558	Peace Officer Classifications.
559	(i) "Public official" means [the same as that term is defined in Section 36-11-102:]:
560	(i) a member of the Legislature;
561	(ii) an individual elected to a position in the executive branch of state government;
562	(iii) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in the executive or legislative
563	branch of state government if that individual:
564	(A) occupies a policymaking position;
565	(B) makes purchasing or contracting decisions;
566	(C) drafts legislation or makes rules;
567	(D) determines rates or fees; or
568	(E) makes adjudicative decisions;
569	(iv) an elected member of a local government, as defined in Section 36-11-102;
570	(v) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in a local government, as
571	defined in Section 36-11-102, if that individual:
572	(A) occupies a policymaking position;
573	(B) makes purchasing or contracting decisions;
574	(C) drafts ordinances or resolutions or drafts or makes rules;
575	(D) determines rates or fees; or
576	(E) makes adjudicative decisions;
577	(vi) a member of a board of education, as defined in Section 36-11-102;
578	(vii) an individual appointed to or employed in a position under a board of education,
579	as defined in Section 36-11-102, if that individual:
580	(A) occupies a policymaking position;
581	(B) makes purchasing or contracting decisions;
582	(C) drafts resolutions or policies or drafts or makes rules;
583	(D) determines rates or fees:

584	(E) makes decisions relating to an education budget or the expenditure of public
585	money; or
586	(F) makes adjudicative decisions; or
587	(viii) an immediate family member of an individual described in Subsections (1)(i)(i)
588	through (vii).
589	(j) "State institution of higher education" means the same as that term is defined in
590	Section 53B-3-102.
591	(k) "Vehicle" means every device in, upon, or by which any person or property is or
592	may be transported or drawn upon a highway, excepting devices used exclusively upon
593	stationary rails or tracks.
594	(2) The definitions provided in Subsection (1) are to be applied throughout this title in
595	addition to definitions that are applicable to specific chapters or parts.
596	Section 5. Section 53-1-106 is amended to read:
597	53-1-106. Department duties Powers.
598	(1) In addition to the responsibilities contained in this title, the department shall:
599	(a) make rules and perform the functions specified in Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic
600	Code, including:
601	(i) setting performance standards for towing companies to be used by the department,
602	as required by Section 41-6a-1406; and
603	(ii) advising the Department of Transportation regarding the safe design and operation
604	of school buses, as required by Section 41-6a-1304;
605	(b) make rules to establish and clarify standards pertaining to the curriculum and
606	teaching methods of a motor vehicle accident prevention course under Section 31A-19a-211;
607	(c) aid in enforcement efforts to combat drug trafficking;
608	(d) meet with the Division of Technology Services to formulate contracts, establish
609	priorities, and develop funding mechanisms for dispatch and telecommunications operations;
610	(e) provide assistance to the Crime Victim Reparations Board and the Utah Office for
611	Victims of Crime in conducting research or monitoring victims' programs, as required by
612	Section 63M-7-505;
613	(f) develop sexual assault exam protocol standards in conjunction with the Utah
614	Hospital Association;

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615	(g) engage in emergency planning activities, including preparation of policy and
616	procedure and rulemaking necessary for implementation of the federal Emergency Planning
617	and Community Right to Know Act of 1986, as required by Section 53-2a-702;
618	(h) implement the provisions of Section 53-2a-402, the Emergency Management
619	Assistance Compact;
620	(i) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official, as defined in
621	Section 53-1-102, or public employee, as [those terms are] defined in Section 63G-22-102,
622	complies with Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the
623	training or certification is required:
624	(i) under this title;
625	(ii) by the department; or
626	(iii) by an agency or division within the department;
627	(j) employ a law enforcement officer as a public safety liaison to be housed at the State
628	Board of Education who shall work with the State Board of Education to:
629	(i) support training with relevant state agencies for school resource officers as
630	described in Section 53G-8-702;
631	(ii) coordinate the creation of model policies and memorandums of understanding for a
632	local education agency and a local law enforcement agency; and
633	(iii) ensure cooperation between relevant state agencies, a local education agency, and
634	a local law enforcement agency to foster compliance with disciplinary related statutory
635	provisions, including Sections 53E-3-516 and 53G-8-211;
636	(k) provide for the security and protection of public officials, public officials' staff, and
637	the capitol hill complex in accordance with the provisions of this part; and
638	(l) fulfill the duties described in Sections 77-36-2.1 and 78B-7-120 related to lethality
639	assessments.
640	(2) (a) The department shall establish a schedule of fees as required or allowed in this
641	title for services provided by the department.
642	(b) All fees not established in statute shall be established in accordance with Section
643	63J-1-504.
644	(3) The department may establish or contract for the establishment of an Organ

Procurement Donor Registry in accordance with Section 26B-8-319.

646	Section 6. Section 63G-23-102 is amended to read:
647	63G-23-102. Definitions.
648	As used in this chapter:
649	(1) "Public official" means, except as provided in Subsection (3), the same as that term
650	is defined in Section $[\frac{36-11-102}{53-1-102}]$
651	(2) "Public official" includes a judge or justice of:
652	(a) the Utah Supreme Court;
653	(b) the Utah Court of Appeals; or
654	(c) a district court.
655	(3) "Public official" does not include a local official or an education official as defined
656	in Section 36-11-102.
657	Section 7. Section 67-24-103 is amended to read:
658	67-24-103. Qualified prohibitions on lobbyists Time limit Exceptions.
659	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a former state official [serving on or after
660	May 12, 2009,] may not become a lobbyist or engage in lobbying that would require
661	registration as a lobbyist under Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act,
662	for one calendar year, beginning on the day the state official leaves office and ending on the
663	one-year anniversary of that day.
664	(2) This section does not apply if the former state official:
665	(a) engages in lobbying on behalf of:
666	[(a) himself]
667	(i) the former state official; or
668	[(b)] (ii) a business with which [he] the former state official is associated, unless the
669	primary activity of the business is lobbying or governmental relations[-]; or
670	(b) lobbies only outside the branch of government where the former state official
671	served.
672	Section 8. Effective date.
673	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.