## Representative Jefferson S. Burton proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ALCOHOL AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton
5	Senate Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to alcohol.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	requires the director of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services to form a
13	workgroup to make recommendations related to:
14	<ul> <li>alcohol training and education for licensees; and</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>recordkeeping for certain cash transactions involving the sale of an alcoholic</li> </ul>
16	beverage;
17	<ul> <li>authorizes the department to establish a round up program, under which a state store</li> </ul>
18	customer could elect to round up the customer's purchase to the nearest dollar to
19	help fund substance use disorder treatment services;
20	<ul><li>increases the state markup on spirituous liquor, wine, and flavored malt beverages;</li></ul>
21	<ul> <li>clarifies the markup on spirituous liquor, wine, heavy beer, and flavored malt</li> </ul>
22	beverages sold by a package agency located at a manufacturing facility;
23	► increases the tax on beer and uses the additional revenue to fund three new
24	alcohol-related law enforcement officers who are dedicated to compliance;
25	<ul> <li>prohibits a state store or off-premise beer retailer from selling liquor or beer that is</li> </ul>



- intended to be frozen and consumed in a manner other than as a beverage;
  - requires the department to initiate disciplinary proceedings under certain circumstances:
    - prohibits a person from selling in the state:
      - liquor that contains more than 80% alcohol by volume; or
- vaporized alcohol;

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- requires the commission to issue any available retail license, including through a conditional retail license, if an applicant satisfies the requirements for the retail license;
  - ▶ allows a retail licensee to sell, offer for sale, or furnish spirituous liquor in a pre-mixed beverage, if the beverage is in the original, sealed container and satisfies other requirements, including requirements related to volume, alcohol content, and labeling;
- increases the number of full-service restaurant and bar establishment licenses the commission is authorized to issue;
  - requires the department to prorate the initial licensing fee for retail licenses;
  - ► decreases the required capacity of a sports facility or concert venue to qualify as a recreational amenity for purposes of an on-premise beer retailer license;
  - ▶ provides that a patron in a hotel with a hotel license or resort license may carry an alcoholic beverage between specified locations within the hotel, provided the patron travels within a designated conveyance area and the alcoholic beverage is in an approved container;
  - ► allows an entity that is not an airline to obtain a public service permit for the purpose of operating a hospitality room at an international airport;
    - modifies the required showing for prima facie evidence of dram shop liability;
  - ► allows an individual to obtain a DUI investigative report if the individual suffered loss or injury as a result of the defendant's actions;
- establishes a place of last drink program, operated by the Department of Public
   Safety;
  - clarifies that the beer tax applies to beer and heavy beer;
- ▶ repeals the Alcoholic Beverage Services Advisory Board; and

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57	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
58	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
59	None
60	Other Special Clauses:
61	None
62	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
63	AMENDS:
64	32B-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
65	32B-2-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
66	32B-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
67	32B-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 396
68	32B-2-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 307, 334
69	32B-3-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
70	32B-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 266
71	32B-4-422, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
72	32B-4-424, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 54
73	32B-4-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 455
74	32B-5-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
75	32B-5-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
76	32B-6-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
77	32B-6-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 455
78	32B-6-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
79	32B-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 249, 313
80	32B-6-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 82
81	32B-6-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 349
82	32B-6-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
83	32B-6-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 455
84	32B-6-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
85	32B-6-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
86	32B-6-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 371, 400
87	32B-6-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280

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              32B-6-705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter 2
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              32B-6-804, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
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              32B-6-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 403
 91
              32B-6-904, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 1
 92
              32B-6-1004, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 291
              32B-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
 93
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              32B-8-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
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              32B-8-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
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              32B-8-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
 97
              32B-8-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
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              32B-8b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
 99
              32B-8b-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
100
              32B-8b-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
101
              32B-8b-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
102
              32B-8d-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
103
              32B-10-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
104
              32B-10-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 6
105
              32B-10-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 6
              32B-15-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 400
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107
              59-15-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 336
              59-15-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 396
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              63I-2-232, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
       ENACTS:
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              32B-2-213, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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              41-6a-531, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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              53-28-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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              53-28-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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       REPEALS:
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              32B-2-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
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118 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

119	Section 1. Section 32B-1-304 is amended to read:
120	32B-1-304. Qualifications for a package agency, license, or permit Minors.
121	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), the commission may not issue a package
122	agency, license, or permit to a person who has been convicted of:
123	(i) within seven years before the day on which the commission issues the package
124	agency, license, or permit, a felony under a federal law or state law;
125	(ii) within four years before the day on which the commission issues the package
126	agency, license, or permit:
127	(A) a violation of a federal law, state law, or local ordinance concerning the sale, offer
128	for sale, warehousing, manufacture, distribution, transportation, or adulteration of an alcoholic
129	product; or
130	(B) a crime involving moral turpitude; or
131	(iii) on two or more occasions within the five years before the day on which the
132	package agency, license, or permit is issued, driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or
133	the combined influence of alcohol and drugs.
134	(b) If the person is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, the
135	proscription under Subsection (1)(a) applies if any of the following has been convicted of an
136	offense described in Subsection (1)(a):
137	(i) a partner;
138	(ii) a managing agent;
139	(iii) a manager;
140	(iv) an officer;
141	(v) a director;
142	(vi) a stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of
143	the corporation; or
144	(vii) a member who owns at least 20% of the limited liability company.
145	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (7), the proscription under Subsection (1)(a)
146	applies if a person who is employed to act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for a
147	package agency, licensee, or permittee has been convicted of an offense described in
148	Subsection (1)(a).
149	(2) Except as described in Section 32B-8-501, the commission may immediately

- suspend or revoke a package agency, license, or permit, and terminate a package agency agreement, if a person described in Subsection (1):
  - (a) after the day on which the package agency, license, or permit is issued, is found to have been convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a) before the package agency, license, or permit is issued; or
    - (b) on or after the day on which the package agency, license, or permit is issued:
    - (i) is convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii); or
  - (ii) (A) is convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol and drugs; and
  - (B) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol and drugs within five years before the day on which the person is convicted of the offense described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A).
  - (3) Except as described in Section 32B-8-501, the director may take emergency action by immediately suspending the operation of the package agency, licensee, or permittee for the period during which a criminal matter is being adjudicated if a person described in Subsection (1):
    - (a) is arrested on a charge for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii); or
  - (b) (i) is arrested on a charge for the offense of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol and drugs; and
  - (ii) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol and drugs within five years before the day on which the person is arrested on a charge described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
  - (4) (a) (i) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a person who has had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
  - (ii) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if a partner, managing agent, manager, officer, director, stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the corporation, or member who owns at least 20% of the limited liability company is or was:
    - (A) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of agency, license,

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or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years;

- (B) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds or held at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of any corporation that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or
- (C) a manager or member who owns or owned at least 20% of a limited liability company that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
- (b) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked while acting in that person's individual capacity within the last three years:
  - (i) a partner or managing agent of a partnership;
- (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation; or
  - (iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of a limited liability company.
- (c) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a person acting in an individual capacity if that person was:
- (i) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years;
- (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who held at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or
- (iii) a manager or member who owned at least 20% of the limited liability company that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
  - (5) (a) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a minor.
- (b) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following is a minor:
  - (i) a partner or managing agent of the partnership;
- 210 (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the 211 total issued and outstanding stock of the corporation; or

- 212 (iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of the limited liability company.
  - (c) For purposes of Subsection (5)(b), the commission may not consider a minor's position with or ownership interest in an entity that has an ownership interest in the entity that is applying for the package agency, license, or permit unless the minor would exercise direct decision-making control over the package agency, license, or permit.
  - (6) Except as described in Section 32B-8-501, if a package agent, licensee, or permittee no longer possesses the qualifications required by this title for obtaining a package agency, license, or permit, the commission may terminate the package agency agreement, or revoke the license or permit.
    - (7) (a) If the licensee is a resort licensee:
  - (i) Subsection (1)(a) only applies if an individual listed in Subsection (1)(b) engages in the management of the resort, as the commission defines in rule; and
  - (ii) Subsection (1)(c) only applies to an individual employed to act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for the resort licensee or in relation to a sublicense of the resort license.
  - (b) If the permittee is a public service permittee under Chapter 10, Special Use Permit Act:
  - (i) Subsection (1)(a) only applies if an individual listed in Subsection (1)(b) engages in the management of the [airline, railroad, or other public conveyance] public service permittee, as the commission defines in rule; and
  - (ii) Subsection (1)(c) only applies to an individual employed to act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for the public service permittee.
    - Section 2. Section **32B-2-205** is amended to read:
    - 32B-2-205. Director of alcoholic beverage services.
  - (1) (a) In accordance with Subsection (1)(b), the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a director of alcoholic beverage services to a four-year term. The director may be appointed to more than one four-year term. The director is the administrative head of the department.
  - (b) (i) The governor shall appoint the director from nominations made by the commission.
- 241 (ii) The commission shall submit the nomination of three individuals to the governor 242 for appointment of the director.

243	(iii) By no later than 30 calendar days from the day on which the governor receives the
244	three nominations submitted by the commission, the governor may:
245	(A) appoint the director; or
246	(B) reject the three nominations.
247	(iv) If the governor rejects the nominations or fails to take action within the 30-day
248	period, the commission shall nominate three different individuals from which the governor may
249	appoint the director or reject the nominations until such time as the governor appoints the
250	director.
251	(v) The governor may reappoint the director without seeking nominations from the
252	commission. Reappointment of a director is subject to the advice and consent of the Senate.
253	(c) (i) If there is a vacancy in the position of director, during the nomination process
254	described in Subsection (1)(b), the governor may appoint an interim director for a period of up
255	to 30 calendar days.
256	(ii) If a director is not appointed within the 30-day period, the interim director may
257	continue to serve beyond the 30-day period subject to the advice and consent of the Senate at
258	the next scheduled time for the Senate giving consent to appointments of the governor.
259	(iii) Except that if the Senate does not act on the consent to the appointment of the
260	interim director within 60 days of the end of the initial 30-day period, the interim director may
261	continue as the interim director.
262	(d) The director may be terminated by:
263	(i) the commission by a vote of four commissioners; or
264	(ii) the governor after consultation with the commission.
265	(e) The director may not be a commissioner.
266	(f) The director shall:
267	(i) be qualified in administration;
268	(ii) be knowledgeable by experience and training in the field of business management;
269	and
270	(iii) possess any other qualification prescribed by the commission.
271	(2) The governor shall establish the director's compensation within the salary range
272	fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation.
273	(3) The director shall:

## 2nd Sub. (Gray) H.B. 548

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274	(a) carry out the policies of the commission;
275	(b) carry out the policies of the department;
276	(c) fully inform the commission of the operations and administrative activities of the
277	department; and
278	(d) assist the commission in the proper discharge of the commission's duties.
279	(4) (a) The director shall form a workgoup that includes representatives from the
280	following:
281	(i) the department;
282	(ii) the Division of Integrated Healthcare created in Section 26B-1-202;
283	(iii) the Department of Public Safety created in Section 53-10-103;
284	(iv) the retail alcohol industry;
285	(v) the bar or restaurant industry;
286	(vi) organizations related to alcohol and drug abuse prevention, alcohol or drug related
287	enforcement, or alcohol or drug related education; and
288	(vii) any other organization or industry the director determines beneficial.
289	(b) (i) The workgroup shall study and make recommendations to:
290	(A) improve the efficacy of the alcohol training and education described in Section
291	26B-5-205, including recommendations related to the curriculum, development, provider, and
292	delivery; and
293	(B) maintain appropriate records of cash sale transactions in bar establishments.
294	(ii) The workgoup shall ensure that the workgroup's recommendations under
295	Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A) include a focus on improving training with respect to laws governing
296	the responsible sale and service of alcohol.
297	(c) No later than September 1, 2024, the workgroup shall provide written
298	recommendations as provided in this Subsection (4) to the Business and Labor Interim
299	Committee.
300	Section 3. Section 32B-2-213 is enacted to read:
301	32B-2-213. Round up program.
302	(1) The department may establish a round up program under which an individual who
303	makes a purchase at a state store may elect to round the purchase price up to the nearest dollar.
304	(2) The department shall deposit money the department collects under Subsection (1)

305	into the Pamela Atkinson Homeless Trust Fund created in Section 35A-16-301 to be used for
306	substance use disorder treatment services.
307	Section 4. Section 32B-2-304 is amended to read:
308	32B-2-304. Liquor price Remittance of markup School lunch program
309	Remittance of markup.
310	(1) For purposes of this section:
311	(a) (i) "Landed case cost" means the sum of:
312	(A) the cost of the product; [and]
313	(B) inbound shipping costs [incurred by the department.] the department incurs; and
314	(C) case handling costs the department incurs.
315	(ii) "Landed case cost" does not include the outbound shipping cost from a warehouse
316	of the department to a state store.
317	(b) "Proof gallon" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 5002.
318	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4):
319	(a) spirituous liquor sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an
320	amount not less than $[88\%]$ 88.5% above the landed case cost to the department;
321	(b) wine sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount not
322	less than $[88\%]$ 88.5% above the landed case cost to the department;
323	(c) heavy beer sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount
324	not less than 66.5% above the landed case cost to the department; and
325	(d) a flavored malt beverage sold by the department within the state shall be marked up
326	in an amount not less than $[88\%]$ 88.5% above the landed case cost to the department.
327	(3) (a) Liquor sold by the department to a military installation in Utah shall be marked
328	up in an amount not less than 17% above the landed case cost to the department.
329	(b) Except for spirituous liquor sold by the department to a military installation in
330	Utah, spirituous liquor that is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 49%
331	above the landed case cost to the department if:
332	(i) the spirituous liquor is manufactured by a manufacturer producing less than 30,000
333	proof gallons of spirituous liquor in a calendar year; and
334	(ii) the manufacturer applies to the department for a reduced markup.
335	(c) Except for wine sold by the department to a military installation in Utah, wine that

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- 336 is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 49% above the landed case cost to 337 the department if: 338 (i) (A) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), the wine is manufactured by a 339 manufacturer producing less than 20,000 gallons of wine in a calendar year; or 340 (B) for hard cider, the hard cider is manufactured by a manufacturer producing less 341 than 620,000 gallons of hard cider in a calendar year; and 342 (ii) the manufacturer applies to the department for a reduced markup. 343 (d) Except for heavy beer sold by the department to a military installation in Utah, 344 heavy beer that is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 32% above the 345 landed case cost to the department if: 346 (i) a small brewer manufactures the heavy beer; and 347 (ii) the small brewer applies to the department for a reduced markup. 348 (e) The department shall: 349 (i) for purposes of Subsections (3)(b) and (c), calculate the production amount of a 350 manufacturer: 351 (A) by, if the manufacturer is part of a controlled group of manufacturers, including the 352 combined volume totals of spirituous liquor, wine, or cider, as applicable, for all manufacturers 353 that constitute the controlled group of manufacturers; and 354 (B) without considering the manufacturer's production of any other type of alcoholic 355 product; and 356 (ii) verify that a manufacturer meets a production amount described in Subsection 357 (3)(b) or (c) and the production amount of a small brewer [pursuant to] under a federal or other 358 verifiable production report. 359 (f) A manufacturer seeking to obtain a reduced markup under Subsection (3)(b), (c), or 360 (d), shall provide to the department any documentation or information the department 361 determines necessary to determine if the manufacturer is part of a controlled group of 362 manufacturers.
  - (g) The department may, at any time, revoke a reduced markup granted to a manufacturer under Subsection (3)(b), (c), or (d), if the department determines the manufacturer no longer qualifies for the reduced markup.
    - (4) Wine the department purchases on behalf of a subscriber through the wine

30/	subscription program established in Section 32B-2-702 shall be marked up not less than [8876]
368	88.5% above the cost of the subscription for the interval in which the wine is purchased.
369	(5) The department shall deposit 10% of the total gross revenue from sales of liquor
370	with the state treasurer to be credited to the Uniform School Fund and used to support the
371	school meals program administered by the State Board of Education under Section 53E-3-510.
372	(6) (a) Each month, the department shall collect from each package agency located at a
373	manufacturing facility owned or operated by a person licensed under Chapter 11,
374	Manufacturing and Related Licenses Act, 12.295% of the package agency's reported monthly
375	revenue and deposit the money as follows:
376	(i) 1.695% of the reported monthly revenue into the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act
377	Enforcement Fund;
378	(ii) 10% of the reported monthly revenue into the Uniform School Fund and used to
379	support the school meals program administered by the State Board of Education under Section
380	<u>53E-3-510</u> ; and
381	(iii) 0.60% of the reported monthly revenue into the Underage Drinking Prevention
382	Media and Education Campaign Restricted Account.
383	(b) The department may collect a fee established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504
384	from a package agency described in this subsection to cover the costs of regulation.
385	[(6)] (7) This section does not prohibit the department from selling discontinued items
386	at a discount.
387	(8) The Legislature shall annually appropriate to support substance use disorder
388	treatment services, an amount equal to the revenue generated from a 0.5% markup above the
389	landed case cost to the department on spirituous liquor
390	Section 5. Section <b>32B-2-305</b> is amended to read:
391	32B-2-305. Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund.
392	(1) As used in this section:
393	(a) "Alcohol-related law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in
394	Section 32B-1-201.
395	(b) "Drug-related law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer employed
396	by the Department of Public Safety who has enforcement of drug-related offenses as a primary
397	responsibility.

398 (c) "Enforcement ratio" means the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-201. 399 (d) "Fund" means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund created in 400 this section. 401 (e) "SBI drug-related law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer 402 employed by the State Bureau of Investigation within the Department of Public Safety who has 403 investigation of drug-related offenses as a primary responsibility. 404 (f) "Social worker" means an individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Part 2, 405 Social Worker Licensing Act, and employed by the Department of Public Safety who has 406 provision of caseworker services to individuals under 21 years old as a primary responsibility. 407 (2) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the "Alcoholic 408 Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund." 409 (3) (a) The fund consists of: 410 (i) deposits made under Subsection (4); [and] 411 (ii) deposits made under Section 59-15-109; and 412 [(iii)] (iii) interest earned on the fund. 413 (b) (i) The fund shall earn interest. 414 (ii) Interest on the fund shall be deposited into the fund. 415 (4) After the deposit made under Section 32B-2-304 for the school lunch program, the 416 department shall deposit 1.695% of the total gross revenue from the sale of liquor with the state 417 treasurer to be credited to the fund [to be:]. 418 (5) The deposits made under Subsection (4) and Section 59-15-109 shall be: 419 (a) used by the Department of Public Safety as provided in Subsection [(5)] (6); and 420 (b) reallocated to the General Fund as described in Subsection [<del>(6)</del>] (7). 421 [(5)] (6) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall expend money from the fund to: 422 (i) supplement appropriations by the Legislature so that the Department of Public 423 Safety maintains a sufficient number of alcohol-related law enforcement officers such that each 424 year the enforcement ratio as of July 1 is equal to or less than the number specified in Section 425 32B-1-201: and 426 (ii) maintain at least: 427 (A) 10 drug-related law enforcement officers: 428 (B) eight SBI drug-related law enforcement officers; [and]

429	(C) two social workers[ <del>:</del> ]; and
430	(D) three additional alcohol-related law enforcement officers who are dedicated to
431	compliance or enforcement of this title.
432	(b) Four of the alcohol-related law enforcement officers described in Subsection
433	$[\frac{(5)(a)(i)}{(6)(a)(i)}]$ shall have as a primary focus the enforcement of this title in relationship to
434	restaurants.
435	[(6)] (7) For fiscal year 2023, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the General
436	Fund \$3 million of unspent money in the fund.
437	Section 6. Section 32B-2-503 is amended to read:
438	32B-2-503. Operational requirements for a state store.
439	(1) (a) A state store shall display in a prominent place in the store a sign in large letters
440	that consists of text in the following order:
441	(i) a header that reads: "WARNING";
442	(ii) a warning statement that reads: "Drinking alcoholic beverages during pregnancy
443	can cause birth defects and permanent brain damage for the child.";
444	(iii) a statement in smaller font that reads: "Call the Utah Department of Health at
445	[insert most current toll-free number] with questions or for more information.";
446	(iv) a header that reads: "WARNING"; and
447	(v) a warning statement that reads: "Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a
448	serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
449	(b) (i) The text described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii) shall be in a different
450	font style than the text described in Subsections (1)(a)(iv) and (v).
451	(ii) The warning statements in the sign described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be in the
452	same font size.
453	(c) The Department of Health shall work with the commission and department to
454	facilitate consistency in the format of a sign required under this section.
455	(2) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor except at a price fixed by
456	the commission.
457	(3) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor to:
458	(a) a minor;
459	(b) a person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated:

460	(c) a known interdicted person; or
461	(d) a known habitual drunkard.
462	(4) (a) A state store employee may not:
463	(i) consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a state store; or
464	(ii) allow any person to consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a state store.
465	(b) A violation of this Subsection (4) is a class B misdemeanor.
466	(5) (a) Sale or delivery of liquor may not be made on or from the premises of a state
467	store, and a state store may not be kept open for the sale of liquor:
468	(i) on Sunday; or
469	(ii) on a state or federal legal holiday.
470	(b) Sale or delivery of liquor may be made on or from the premises of a state store, and
471	a state store may be open for the sale of liquor, only on a day and during hours that the
472	commission directs by rule or order.
473	(6) (a) A minor may not be admitted into, or be on the premises of, a state store unless
474	accompanied by a person who is:
475	(i) 21 years of age or older; and
476	(ii) the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse.
477	(b) A state store employee that has reason to believe that a person who is on the
478	premises of a state store is under the age of 21 and is not accompanied by a person described in
479	Subsection (6)(a) may:
480	(i) ask the suspected minor for proof of age;
481	(ii) ask the person who accompanies the suspected minor for proof of age; and
482	(iii) ask the suspected minor or the person who accompanies the suspected minor for
483	proof of parental, guardianship, or spousal relationship.
484	(c) A state store employee shall refuse to sell liquor to the suspected minor and to the
485	person who accompanies the suspected minor into the state store if the suspected minor or
486	person fails to provide information specified in Subsection (6)(b).
487	(d) A state store employee shall require a suspected minor and the person who
488	accompanies the suspected minor into the state store to immediately leave the premises of the
489	state store if the suspected minor or person fails to provide information specified in Subsection
490	(6)(b).

491	(7) (a) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor except in a sealed
492	container.
493	(b) A person may not open a sealed container on the premises of a state store.
494	(8) On or after October 1, 2011, a state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish
495	heavy beer in a sealed container that exceeds two liters.
496	(9) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor that is intended to be
497	frozen and consumed in manner other than as a beverage, including liquor in the form of a
498	freeze pop, popsicle, ice cream, or sorbet.
499	Section 7. Section <b>32B-3-203</b> is amended to read:
500	32B-3-203. Initiating a disciplinary proceeding.
501	Subject to Section 32B-3-202:
502	(1) The department [may] shall initiate a disciplinary proceeding described in
503	Subsection (2) if the department [receives]:
504	(a) receives a report from an investigator alleging that a person subject to
505	administrative action violated this title or the rules of the commission;
506	(b) [a final adjudication of criminal liability] receives notice of criminal proceedings
507	against a person subject to administrative action on the basis of an alleged violation of this
508	title; [or]
509	(c) [a final adjudication of civil liability in accordance with] receives notice of civil
510	proceedings in accordance with Chapter 15, Alcoholic Product Liability Act, against a person
511	subject to administrative action on the basis of an alleged violation of this title[:]; or
512	(d) otherwise becomes aware that a person subject to administrative action on the basis
513	of an alleged violation of this title may have violated this title or commission rule.
514	(2) If the condition of Subsection (1) is met[-,] the department shall:
515	(a) [the department may] initiate a disciplinary proceeding to determine:
516	[(a)] (i) whether a person subject to administrative action violated this title or rules of
517	the commission; and
518	[(b)] (ii) if a violation is found, the appropriate sanction to be imposed[-]; and
519	(b) refer the matter to the State Bureau of Investigation, created in Section 53-10-301.
520	(3) (a) Unless waived by the respondent, a disciplinary proceeding shall be held:
521	(i) if required by law;

522 (ii) before revoking or suspending a license, permit, or certificate of approval issued 523 under this title; or (iii) before imposing a fine against a person subject to administrative action. 524 525 (b) Inexcusable failure of a respondent to appear at a scheduled disciplinary proceeding 526 hearing after receiving proper notice is an admission of the charged violation. 527 (c) The validity of a disciplinary proceeding is not affected by the failure of a person to 528 attend or remain in attendance. 529 Section 8. Section 32B-4-401 is amended to read: 530 32B-4-401. Unlawful sale or furnishing. (1) It is unlawful for a retail licensee, a permittee, or staff of a retail licensee or 531 532 permittee to keep for sale, or to directly or indirectly, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to another, an alcoholic product, except as otherwise provided by this title. 533 534 (2) It is unlawful for a person in the business of selling liquor, a manufacturer, a 535 supplier, an importer of liquor, or staff of the person, manufacturer, supplier, or importer to 536 sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported liquor from an out-of-state 537 location directly or indirectly into this state except to the extent authorized by this title to: 538 (a) the department; 539 (b) a military installation; 540 (c) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit; 541 or (d) a liquor warehouser licensee licensed to distribute and transport liquor to: 542 543 (i) the department; or (ii) an out-of-state wholesaler or retailer. 544 545 (3) (a) It is unlawful for a person in the business of selling beer, a manufacturer, a 546 supplier, an importer of beer, or staff of the person, manufacturer, or importer to sell, ship, 547 transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported beer from an out-of-state location directly 548 or indirectly into this state except to the extent authorized by this title to: 549 (i) a beer wholesaler licensee; 550 (ii) a military installation; or 551 (iii) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit. 552 (b) Subsection (3)(a) does not preclude a small brewer that holds a certificate of

553	approval from selling, shipping, or transporting beer to the extent authorized by Subsection
554	32B-11-503(5) directly to:
555	(i) a beer retailer; or
556	(ii) an event permittee.
557	(4) (a) It is unlawful for a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor in this state, or
558	staff of the manufacturer, supplier, or importer to sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold,
559	shipped, or transported liquor directly or indirectly to a person in this state except to the extent
560	authorized by this title to:
561	(i) the department;
562	(ii) a military installation;
563	(iii) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit;
564	or
565	(iv) a liquor warehouser licensee who is licensed to distribute and transport liquor to:
566	(A) the department; or
567	(B) an out-of-state wholesaler or retailer.
568	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not preclude a winery manufacturing licensee located in thi
569	state from selling wine to a person on its winery premises:
570	(i) to the extent authorized by Subsection 32B-11-303(4); or
571	(ii) under a package agency issued by the commission on the winery premises.
572	(c) Subsection (4)(a) does not preclude a distillery manufacturing licensee located in
573	this state from selling liquor on its distillery premises:
574	(i) to the extent authorized in Subsection 32B-11-403(5); or
575	(ii) under a package agency issued by the commission on the distillery premises.
576	(d) Subsection (4)(a) does not preclude a brewery manufacturing licensee located in
577	this state from selling heavy beer or flavored malt beverages on its brewery premises:
578	(i) to the extent authorized under Subsection 32B-11-503(4); or
579	(ii) under a package agency issued by the commission on its brewery premises.
580	(5) (a) It is unlawful for a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of beer in this state, or
581	staff of the manufacturer, supplier, or importer to sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold,
582	shipped, or transported beer directly or indirectly to a person in this state except to the extent
583	authorized by this title to:

584 (i) a beer wholesaler licensee; 585 (ii) a military installation; or 586 (iii) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit. 587 (b) Subsection (5)(a) does not preclude: 588 (i) a small brewer who is a brewery manufacturing licensee located in this state from 589 selling, shipping, and transporting beer to the extent authorized by Subsection 32B-11-503(5) 590 directly to one of the following in this state: 591 (A) a beer retailer; or 592 (B) an event permittee; or 593 (ii) a brewery manufacturing licensee from selling beer to a person on its 594 manufacturing premises under Subsection 32B-11-503(4)(c). 595 (6) It is unlawful for a person other than a person described in Subsection (2) or (3) to 596 sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported an alcoholic product from an 597 out-of-state location directly or indirectly into this state, except as otherwise provided by this 598 title. 599 (7) It is unlawful for a person in this state other than a person described in Subsection 600 (4) or (5) to sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported an alcoholic 601 product directly or indirectly to another person in this state, except as otherwise provided by 602 this title. (8) It is unlawful for a person in the business of selling liquor, a manufacturer, a 603 604 supplier, or an importer of liquor in this state, or staff of the person, manufacturer, supplier, or 605 importer to keep for sale, or to directly or indirectly, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to another, 606 liquor that contains more than 80% alcohol by volume. 607 [<del>(8)</del>] (9) (a) A violation of Subsection (1) is a class B misdemeanor, except when 608 otherwise provided by this title. 609 (b) A violation of Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5) is a third degree felony. 610 (c) A violation of Subsection [<del>(6) or (7)</del>] (6), (7), or (8) is a class B misdemeanor. 611 Section 9. Section **32B-4-422** is amended to read: 612 32B-4-422. Unlawful dispensing. (1) A retail licensee licensed under this title to sell, offer for sale, or furnish spirituous 613

liquor for consumption on the licensed premises, or staff of the retail licensee may not:

615	(a) sell, offer for sale, or furnish a primary spirituous liquor to a person on the licensed
616	premises except in a quantity that does not exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage dispensed through a
617	calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department;
618	(b) sell, offer for sale, or furnish more than a total of 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor per
619	beverage;
620	(c) allow a person on the licensed premises to have more than a total of 2.5 ounces of
621	spirituous liquor at a time; or
622	(d) (i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), allow a person to have more than
623	two spirituous liquor beverages at a time; or
624	(ii) allow a person on the premises of the following to have more than one spirituous
625	liquor beverage at a time:
626	(A) a full-service restaurant licensee;
627	(B) a person operating under a full-service restaurant sublicense;
628	(C) an on-premise banquet licensee;
629	(D) a person operating under an on-premise banquet sublicense; [or]
630	(E) a single event permittee[-]; or
631	(F) a hospitality amenity licensee.
632	(2) A violation of this section is a class C misdemeanor.
633	Section 10. Section 32B-4-424 is amended to read:
634	32B-4-424. Powdered or vaporized alcohol.
635	(1) As used in this section[ <del>, "powdered alcohol"</del> ]:
636	(a) "Powdered alcohol" means a product that is in a powdered or crystalline form and
637	contains any amount of alcohol.
638	(b) "Vaporized alcohol" means a product created by mixing alcohol with pure oxygen
639	or another gas to produce a vaporized product for the purpose of consumption through
640	inhalation.
641	(2) It is unlawful for a person to use, offer for use, purchase, offer to purchase, sell,
642	offer to sell, furnish, or possess [powdered alcohol] for human consumption powdered alcohol
643	or vaporized alcohol.
644	(3) It is unlawful for a holder of a retail license to use powdered alcohol or vaporized
645	alcohol as an alcoholic product.

646 (4) This section does not apply to the use of powdered alcohol or vaporized alcohol for 647 a commercial use specifically approved by state law or bona fide research purposes by a: 648 (a) health care practitioner that operates primarily for the purpose of conducting scientific research; 649 650 (b) department, commission, board, council, agency, institution, division, office, 651 committee, authority, laboratory, library, unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the 652 state, including a state institution of higher education listed in Section 53B-2-101; 653 (c) private college or university research facility; or 654 (d) pharmaceutical or biotechnology company. 655 Section 11. Section 32B-4-501 is amended to read: 656 32B-4-501. Operating without a license or permit. 657 (1) A person may not operate the following businesses without first obtaining a license 658 under this title if the business allows a person to purchase or consume an alcoholic product on 659 the premises of the business: 660 (a) a restaurant; 661 (b) an airport lounge: 662 (c) a business operated in the same manner as a bar establishment licensee; 663 (d) a resort; 664 (e) a business operated to sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer for on-premise 665 consumption; 666 (f) a business operated as an on-premise banquet licensee; 667 (g) a hotel; [or] 668 (h) an arena; or 669  $\left[\frac{h}{h}\right]$  (i) a business similar to one listed in Subsections (1)(a) through  $\left[\frac{h}{h}\right]$  (b). 670 (2) A person conducting an event that is open to the general public may not directly or 671 indirectly sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to a person attending the event 672 without first obtaining an event permit under this title. 673 (3) A person conducting a private event may not directly or indirectly sell or offer for 674 sale an alcoholic product to a person attending the private event without first obtaining an 675 event permit under this title. 676 (4) A person may not operate the following businesses in this state without first

6//	obtaining a license under this title:
678	(a) a winery manufacturer;
679	(b) a distillery manufacturer;
680	(c) a brewery manufacturer;
681	(d) a local industry representative of:
682	(i) a manufacturer of an alcoholic product;
683	(ii) a supplier of an alcoholic product; or
684	(iii) an importer of an alcoholic product;
685	(e) a liquor warehouser; or
686	(f) a beer wholesaler.
687	(5) A person may not operate a public conveyance in this state without first obtaining a
688	public service permit under this title if that public conveyance allows a person to purchase or
689	consume an alcoholic product:
690	(a) on the public conveyance; or
691	(b) on the premises of a hospitality room located within a depot, terminal, or similar
692	facility at which a service is provided to a patron of the public conveyance.
693	Section 12. Section 32B-5-201 is amended to read:
694	32B-5-201. Application requirements for retail license.
695	(1) (a) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or permit consumption of
696	an alcoholic product on licensed premises as a retail licensee, the person shall first obtain a
697	retail license issued by the commission, notwithstanding whether the person holds a local
698	license or a permit issued by a local authority.
699	(b) Violation of this Subsection (1) is a class B misdemeanor.
700	(2) To obtain a retail license under this title, a person shall submit to the department:
701	(a) a written application in a form prescribed by the department;
702	(b) a nonrefundable application fee in the amount specified in the relevant chapter or
703	part for the type of retail license for which the person is applying;
704	(c) an initial license fee:
705	(i) in the amount specified in the relevant chapter or part for the type of retail license
706	for which the person is applying; and
707	(ii) that is refundable if a retail license is not issued:

708 (d) written consent of the local authority, including, if applicable, consent for each 709 proposed sublicense; 710 (e) a copy of: 711 (i) every license the local authority requires, including the person's current business 712 license; and 713 (ii) if the person is applying for a principal license, the current business license for each 714 proposed sublicense, except if the local authority determines that the business license for a 715 proposed sublicense is included in the person's current business license; 716 (f) evidence of the proposed retail licensee's proximity to any community location, with 717 proximity requirements being governed by Section 32B-1-202; 718 (g) a bond as specified by Section 32B-5-204; 719 (h) a floor plan, and boundary map where applicable, of the premises of the retail 720 license and each, if any, accompanying sublicense, including any: 721 (i) consumption area; and 722 (ii) area where the person proposes to store, sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic 723 beverage; 724 (i) evidence that the retail licensee carries public liability insurance in an amount and 725 form satisfactory to the department; 726 (j) evidence that the retail licensee carries dramshop insurance coverage of at least: 727 (i) \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate; 728 (ii) if the retail licensee is a hotel licensee or a resort licensee, \$1,000,000 per 729 occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate to cover both the principal license and all 730 accompanying sublicenses; or 731 (iii) if the retail licensee is an arena licensee, \$10,000,000 per occurrence and 732 \$20,000,000 in the aggregate to cover both the arena license and all accompanying sublicenses[-]; 733 734 (k) a signed consent form stating that the retail licensee will permit any authorized 735 representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer to have 736 unrestricted right to enter: 737 (i) the premises of the retail licensee; and

(ii) if applicable, the premises of each of the retail licensee's accompanying

739	sublicenses;
740	(l) if the person is an entity, proper verification evidencing that a person who signs the
741	application is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity;
742	(m) a responsible alcohol service plan;
743	(n) evidence that each individual the person has hired to work as a retail manager, as
744	defined in Section 32B-1-701, has completed the alcohol training and education seminar as
745	required under Chapter 1, Part 7, Alcohol Training and Education Act; and
746	(o) any other information the commission or department may require.
747	(3) The commission may not issue a retail license to a person who:
748	(a) is disqualified under Section 32B-1-304; or
749	(b) is not lawfully present in the United States.
750	(4) Unless otherwise provided in the relevant chapter or part for the type of retail
751	license for which the person is applying, the commission may not issue a retail license to a
752	person if the proposed licensed premises does not meet the proximity requirements of Section
753	32B-1-202.
754	(5) The commission may not deny an application for a retail license, an application for
755	a conditional retail license under Section 32B-5-205, or an application for a sublicense under
756	Chapter 8d, Sublicense Act, if:
757	(a) the applicant satisfies the requirements of this chapter; and
758	(b) for a retail license or a conditional retail license, granting the retail license or the
759	conditional retail license would not cause the commission to exceeded the maximum number
760	of licenses of that retail license type that the commission is authorized to issue under this
761	chapter.
762	Section 13. Section <b>32B-5-304</b> is amended to read:
763	32B-5-304. Portions in which alcoholic product may be sold.
764	(1) (a) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish spirituous liquor that is a
765	primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity that does not exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage
766	dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department in

(b) A retail license is not required to dispense spirituous liquor through a calibrated metered dispensing system if the spirituous liquor is:

accordance with commission rules adopted under this title.

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one liter.

770	(i) a secondary flavoring ingredient;
771	(ii) used as a flavoring on a dessert; [or]
772	(iii) used to set aflame a food dish, drink, or dessert[-]; or
773	(iv) in a beverage that:
774	(A) is served to a patron in the original, sealed container;
775	(B) is not more than 12 ounces;
776	(C) contains no more than 10% alcohol by volume or 8% by weight; and
777	(D) is in a container that has the alcohol by volume percentage on the front label and in
778	a font that measures at least three millimeters high.
779	(c) A retail licensee that dispenses spirituous liquor that is a secondary flavoring
780	ingredient shall:
781	(i) designate a location where the retail licensee stores secondary flavoring ingredients
782	on the floor plan the retail licensee submits to the department; and
783	(ii) clearly and conspicuously label each secondary flavoring ingredient's container
784	"flavorings".
785	(d) (i) A patron may have no more than 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time.
786	(ii) Subsection (1)(d)(i) does not apply to a beverage described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv)
787	(2) (a) (i) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish wine by the glass or in an
788	individual portion that does not exceed 5 ounces per glass or individual portion.
789	(ii) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish an individual portion of wine to
790	a patron in more than one glass if the total amount of wine does not exceed 5 ounces.
791	(b) (i) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish wine in a container not
792	exceeding 1.5 liters at a price fixed by the commission to a table of four or more persons.
793	(ii) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish wine in a container not to
794	exceed 750 milliliters at a price fixed by the commission to a table of less than four persons.
795	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(a) and (b), a retail licensee may sell, offer for sale,
796	or furnish hard cider that contains no more than 5% of alcohol by volume in a sealed container
797	not to exceed 16 ounces.
798	(3) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish heavy beer in an original
799	container at a price fixed by the commission, except that the original container may not exceed

801	(4) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored malt beverage in an
802	original container at a price fixed by the commission, except that the original container may no
803	exceed one liter.
804	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or
805	furnish beer for on-premise consumption:
806	(A) in an open original container; and
807	(B) in a container on draft.
808	(ii) A retail licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer under Subsection
809	(5)(a)(i):
810	(A) in a size of container that exceeds two liters; or
811	(B) to an individual patron in a size of container that exceeds one liter.
812	(b) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer for off-premise
813	consumption:
814	(i) in a sealed container; and
815	(ii) in a size of container that does not exceed two liters.
816	(c) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flight of beer to an individual
817	patron if the total amount of beer does not exceed 16 ounces.
818	Section 14. Section <b>32B-6-203</b> is amended to read:
819	32B-6-203. Commission's power to issue full-service restaurant license.
820	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of
821	an alcoholic product on its premises as a full-service restaurant, the person shall first obtain a
822	full-service restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part.
823	(2) The commission may issue a full-service restaurant license to establish full-service
824	restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for the
825	storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product on premises
826	operated as a full-service restaurant.
827	(3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201:
828	(a) the commission may not issue a total number of full-service restaurant licenses that
829	at any time exceeds the sum of:
830	(i) 30; and
831	(ii) the number determined by dividing the population of the state by [4.467:]:

832	(A) before July 1, 2024, 4,467;
833	(B) in fiscal year 2025, 4,281;
834	(C) in fiscal year 2026, 4,095;
835	(D) in fiscal year 2027, 3,909;
836	(E) in fiscal year 2028, 3,723;
837	(F) in fiscal year 2029, 3,537;
838	(G) in fiscal year 2030, 3,351; and
839	(H) in fiscal year 2031, and in each fiscal year thereafter, 3,167;
840	(b) the commission may issue a seasonal full-service restaurant license in accordance
841	with Section 32B-5-206; and
842	(c) (i) if the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
843	full-service restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the
844	commission may authorize the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product at as
845	many as three full-service restaurant locations within the hotel under one full-service restaurant
846	license if:
847	(A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and
848	(B) the locations under the full-service restaurant license are:
849	(I) within the same hotel; and
850	(II) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the full-service
851	restaurant licensee; and
852	(ii) except for a hotel, a facility shall have a separate full-service restaurant license for
853	each full-service restaurant where an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or furnished.
854	(4) Except as otherwise provided in Section 32B-1-202, the commission may not issue
855	a full-service restaurant license for premises that do not meet the proximity requirements of
856	Subsection 32B-1-202(2).
857	(5) To be licensed as a full-service restaurant, a person shall maintain at least 70% of
858	the restaurant's gross revenues from the sale of food, which does not include:
859	(a) mix for an alcoholic product; or
860	(b) a service charge.
861	Section 15. Section <b>32B-6-204</b> is amended to read:
862	32B-6-204. Specific licensing requirements for full-service restaurant license.

863 (1) To obtain a full-service restaurant license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, 864 Part 2, Retail Licensing Process. 865 (2) (a) A full-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year. 866 (b) To renew a person's full-service restaurant license, a person shall comply with the 867 renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than 868 September 30. 869 (3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a full-service restaurant license is \$330. 870 (b) (i) The initial license fee for a full-service restaurant license is \$2.200. 871 (ii) The department shall prorate the \$2,200 initial license fee for the period that begins 872 the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the full-service 873 restaurant license expires. 874 (c) The renewal fee for a full-service restaurant license is \$1,650. 875 (4) The bond amount required for a full-service restaurant license is the penal sum of 876 \$10,000. 877 Section 16. Section **32B-6-206** is amended to read: 878 32B-6-206. Master full-service restaurant license. 879 (1) (a) The commission may issue a master full-service restaurant license that 880 authorizes a person to store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of an 881 alcoholic product on premises at multiple locations as full-service restaurants if the person 882 applying for the master full-service restaurant license: 883 (i) owns each of the full-service restaurants; 884 (ii) except for the fee requirements, establishes to the satisfaction of the commission that each location of a full-service restaurant under the master full-service restaurant license 885 886 separately meets the requirements of this part; and 887 (iii) the master full-service restaurant license includes at least five full-service 888 restaurant locations. 889 (b) The person seeking a master full-service restaurant license shall designate which 890 full-service restaurant locations the person seeks to have under the master full-service 891 restaurant license. 892 (c) A full-service restaurant location under a master full-service restaurant license is 893 considered separately licensed for purposes of this title, except as provided in this section.

- (2) A master full-service restaurant license and each location designated under
   Subsection (1) are considered a single full-service restaurant license for purposes of Subsection
   32B-6-203(3)(a).
  - (3) (a) A master full-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year.
  - (b) To renew a person's master full-service restaurant license, a person shall comply with the renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
- 901 (4) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a master full-service restaurant license is 902 \$330.
  - (b) (i) The initial license fee for a master full-service restaurant license is \$5,000 plus a separate initial license fee for each newly licensed full-service restaurant [license] location under the master full-service restaurant license determined in accordance with Subsection 32B-6-204(3)(b).
  - (ii) The department [may] shall prorate the \$5,000 initial license fee [based on the number of months out of a year the master full-service restaurant licensee is licensed before] for the period that begins the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the master full-service restaurant license expires.
  - (c) To renew a master full-service restaurant license the master full-service restaurant licensee shall pay a separate renewal fee for each full-service [ticense] restaurant location under the master full-service restaurant license [termined] in accordance with Subsection 32B-6-204(3)(c).
  - (5) A new location may be added to a master full-service restaurant license after the master full-service restaurant license is issued if:
  - (a) the master full-service restaurant licensee pays a nonrefundable application fee of \$330; and
  - (b) including payment of the initial license fee, the location separately meets the requirements of this part.
  - (6) (a) A master full-service restaurant licensee shall notify the department of a change in the persons managing a location covered by a master full-service restaurant license:
  - (i) immediately, if the management personnel is not management personnel at a location covered by the master full-service restaurant licensee at the time of the change; or

925 (ii) within 30 days of the change, if the master full-service restaurant licensee is 926 transferring management personnel from one location to another location covered by the master 927 full-service restaurant licensee. 928 (b) A location covered by a master full-service restaurant license shall keep the 929 location's own records on the location's premises so that the department may audit the records. 930 (c) A master full-service restaurant licensee may not transfer alcoholic products 931 between different locations covered by the master full-service restaurant license. 932 (7) If there is a violation of this title at a location covered by a master full-service 933 restaurant license, the violation may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3, 934 Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against: 935 (a) the single location under a master full-service restaurant license; 936 (b) individual staff of the location under the master full-service restaurant license; or 937 (c) a combination of persons or locations described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b). (8) The commission may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 938 939 Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish how a person may apply for a master full-service 940 restaurant license under this section. 941 Section 17. Section **32B-6-302** is amended to read: 942 32B-6-302. Definitions. 943 As used in this part: 944 (1) (a) "Dining area" means an area in the licensed premises of a limited-service 945 restaurant licensee that is primarily used for the service and consumption of food by one or 946 more patrons. 947 (b) "Dining area" does not include a dispensing area. 948 (2) (a) "Dispensing area" means an area in the licensed premises of a limited-service 949 restaurant licensee where a dispensing structure is located and that: 950 (i) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a structure or 951 other barrier that prevents a patron seated in the dining area or a waiting area from viewing the 952 dispensing of alcoholic product; 953 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), measures at least 10 feet from the dining 954 area and any waiting area to the nearest edge of the dispensing structure; or

(iii) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a permanent

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restaurant license expires.

- 956 physical structure that complies with the provisions of Title 15A, State Construction and Fire 957 Codes Act, and, to the extent allowed under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act, 958 measures: 959 (A) at least 42 inches high; and 960 (B) at least 60 inches from the inside edge of the barrier to the nearest edge of the 961 dispensing structure. 962 (b) "Dispensing area" does not include any area described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that 963 is less than 10 feet from an area where alcoholic product is dispensed, but from which a patron 964 seated at a table or counter cannot view the dispensing of alcoholic product. 965 (3) "Small limited-service restaurant licensee" means a limited-service restaurant 966 licensee [that has a grandfathered bar structure] whose dispensing area includes more than 45% 967 of the available seating for patrons on the licensed premises, excluding outdoor seating: 968 (a) when measured in accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(ii): and 969 (b) based on the licensee's floor plan on file with the department on July 1, 2017. 970 (4) "Waiting area" includes a lobby. 971 Section 18. Section 32B-6-304 is amended to read: 972 32B-6-304. Specific licensing requirements for limited-service restaurant license. 973 (1) To obtain a limited-service restaurant license a person shall comply with Chapter 5. 974 Part 2, Retail Licensing Process. 975 (2) (a) A limited-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year. 976 (b) To renew a person's limited-service restaurant license, a person shall comply with 977 the renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than 978 September 30. 979 (3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a limited-service restaurant license is 980 \$330. 981 (b) (i) The initial license fee for a limited-service restaurant license is \$1.275. 982 (ii) The department shall prorate the \$1,275 initial license fee for the period that begins 983 the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the limited-service
  - (c) The renewal fee for a limited-service restaurant license is \$750.
  - (4) The bond amount required for a limited-service restaurant license is the penal sum

987 of \$5,000.

Section 19. Section **32B-6-306** is amended to read:

## 32B-6-306. Master limited-service restaurant license.

- (1) (a) The commission may issue a master limited-service restaurant license that authorizes a person to store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic product on premises at multiple locations as limited-service restaurants if the person applying for the master limited-service restaurant license:
  - (i) owns each of the limited-service restaurants;
- (ii) except for the fee requirements, establishes to the satisfaction of the commission that each location of a limited-service restaurant under the master limited-service restaurant license separately meets the requirements of this part; and
- (iii) the master limited-service restaurant includes at least five limited-service restaurant locations.
- (b) The person seeking a master limited-service restaurant license shall designate which limited-service restaurant locations the person seeks to have under the master limited-service restaurant license.
- (c) A limited-service restaurant location under a master limited-service restaurant license is considered separately licensed for purposes of this title, except as provided in this section.
- (2) A master limited-service restaurant license and each location under Subsection (1) are considered a single limited-service restaurant license for purposes of Subsection 32B-6-303(3)(a).
  - (3) (a) A master limited-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year.
- (b) To renew a person's master limited-service restaurant license, a person shall comply with the renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
- (4) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a master limited-service restaurant license is \$330.
- (b) (i) The initial license fee for a master limited-service restaurant license is \$5,000 plus a separate initial license fee for each newly licensed limited-service restaurant license under the master limited-service restaurant license determined in accordance with Subsection

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- (ii) The department shall prorate the \$5,000 initial license fee for the period that begins the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the master limited-service restaurant license expires.
- (c) The renewal fee for a master limited-service restaurant license is \$500 plus a separate renewal fee for each limited-service license under the master limited-service restaurant license determined in accordance with Subsection 32B-6-304(3)(c).
- (5) A new location may be added to a master limited-service restaurant license after the master limited-service restaurant license is issued if:
- (a) the master limited-service restaurant licensee pays a nonrefundable application fee of \$330; and
- (b) including payment of the initial license fee, the location separately meets the requirements of this part.
- (6) (a) A master limited-service restaurant licensee shall notify the department of a change in the persons managing a location covered by a master limited-service restaurant license:
- (i) immediately, if the management personnel is not management personnel at a location covered by the master limited-service restaurant licensee at the time of the change; or
- (ii) within 30 days of the change, if the master limited-service restaurant licensee is transferring management personnel from one location to another location covered by the master limited-service restaurant licensee.
- (b) A location covered by a master limited-service restaurant license shall keep its own records on its premises so that the department may audit the records.
- (c) A master limited-service restaurant licensee may not transfer alcoholic products between different locations covered by the master limited-service restaurant license.
- (7) (a) If there is a violation of this title at a location covered by a master limited-service restaurant license, the violation may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
  - (i) the single location under a master limited-service restaurant license;
- (ii) individual staff of the location under the master limited-service restaurant license;

1048 or

(D) in fiscal year 2027, 8,934;

1049 (iii) a combination of persons or locations described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) and (ii). 1050 (b) In addition to disciplinary action under Subsection (7)(a), disciplinary action in 1051 accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, may be taken against a 1052 master limited-service restaurant licensee or individual staff of the master limited-service 1053 restaurant licensee if during a period beginning on November 1 and ending October 31: 1054 (i) at least 25% of the locations covered by the master limited-service restaurant license 1055 have been found by the commission to have committed a serious or grave violation of this title, 1056 as defined by rule made by the commission; or 1057 (ii) at least 50% of the locations covered by the master limited-service restaurant 1058 license have been found by the commission to have violated this title. 1059 (8) The commission may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 1060 Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish how a person may apply for a master 1061 limited-service restaurant license under this section. 1062 Section 20. Section **32B-6-403** is amended to read: 1063 32B-6-403. Commission's power to issue bar establishment license. 1064 (1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of 1065 an alcoholic product on the person's premises as a bar establishment licensee, the person shall 1066 first obtain a bar establishment license from the commission in accordance with this part. 1067 (2) The commission may issue a bar establishment license to establish bar 1068 establishment licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for 1069 the storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product on 1070 premises operated by a bar establishment licensee. 1071 (3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201: 1072 (a) the commission may not issue a total number of bar establishment licenses that at 1073 any time exceeds the sum of: 1074 (i) 15: and 1075 (ii) the number determined by dividing the population of the state by [10,200;]: 1076 (A) before fiscal July 1, 2024, 10,200; 1077 (B) in fiscal year 2025, 9,778; 1078 (C) in fiscal year 2026, 9,356;

1080	(E) in fiscal year 2028, 8,512;
1081	(F) in fiscal year 2029, 8,090;
1082	(G) in fiscal year 2030, 7,668; and
1083	(H) in fiscal year 2031, and in each fiscal year thereafter, 7,246;
1084	(b) the commission may issue a seasonal bar establishment license in accordance with
1085	Section 32B-5-206 to a bar licensee;
1086	(c) the commission may authorize as many as three bar establishment license locations
1087	within a hotel under one bar establishment license if:
1088	(i) the location, design, and construction of the hotel requires more than one bar license
1089	location within the hotel to serve the public convenience;
1090	(ii) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms;
1091	(iii) all locations under the bar establishment license are:
1092	(A) within the same hotel; and
1093	(B) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the bar
1094	establishment licensee;
1095	(d) the commission may authorize up to five dispensing [structures] locations under
1096	one equity license if the locations under the equity license:
1097	(i) are connected by a private roadway to which the equity licensee, each member of
1098	the equity licensee, and each guest has a legal right of access; and
1099	(ii) are <u>located on premises</u> managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the equity
1100	licensee;
1101	(e) except for a facility operating in accordance with Subsection (3)(d) or a hotel, a
1102	facility shall have a separate bar establishment license for each bar establishment license
1103	location where an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or furnished;
1104	(f) when a business establishment undergoes a change of ownership, the commission
1105	may issue a bar establishment license to the new owner of the business establishment
1106	notwithstanding that there is no bar establishment license available under Subsection (3)(a) if:
1107	(i) the primary business activity at the business establishment before and after the
1108	change of ownership is not the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product;
1109	(ii) before the change of ownership there are two or more licensed premises on the
1110	business establishment that operate under a retail license, with at least one of the retail licenses

(a) reasonable; and

1111	being a bar establishment license;
1112	(iii) subject to Subsection (3)(g) the licensed premises of the bar establishment license
1113	issued under this Subsection (3)(f) is at the same location where the bar establishment license
1114	licensed premises was located before the change of ownership; and
1115	(iv) the person who is the new owner of the business establishment qualifies for the bar
1116	establishment license, except for there being no bar establishment license available under
1117	Subsection (3)(a); and
1118	(g) if a bar establishment licensee of a bar establishment license issued under
1119	Subsection (3)(f) requests a change of location, the bar establishment licensee may retain the
1120	bar establishment license after the change of location only if on the day on which the bar
1121	establishment licensee seeks a change of location a bar establishment license is available under
1122	Subsection (3)(a).
1123	Section 21. Section <b>32B-6-405</b> is amended to read:
1124	32B-6-405. Specific licensing requirements for bar establishment license.
1125	(1) To obtain a bar establishment license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part
1126	2, Retail Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the written application:
1127	(a) (i) a statement as to whether the person is seeking to qualify as:
1128	(A) an equity licensee;
1129	(B) a fraternal licensee;
1130	(C) a dining club licensee; or
1131	(D) a bar licensee; and
1132	(ii) evidence that the person meets the requirements for the type of bar establishment
1133	license for which the person is applying;
1134	(b) evidence that the person operates a premises where a variety of food is prepared
1135	and served in connection with dining accommodations; and
1136	(c) if the person is applying for an equity license or fraternal license, a copy of the
1137	entity's bylaws or house rules, and an amendment to those records.
1138	(2) The commission may refuse to issue a bar establishment license to a person for an
1139	equity license or fraternal license if the commission determines that a provision of the person's
1140	bylaws or house rules, or amendments to those records is not:

1142	(b) consistent with:
1143	(i) the declared nature and purpose of the bar establishment licensee; and
1144	(ii) the purposes of this part.
1145	(3) (a) A bar establishment license expires on June 30 of each year.
1146	(b) To renew a bar establishment license, a person shall comply with the requirements
1147	of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than May 31.
1148	(4) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a bar establishment license is \$300.
1149	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a bar establishment license is \$2,750.
1150	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$2,750 initial license fee based on the number of
1151	months out of a year the bar establishment licensee is licensed before the day on which the bar
1152	establishment license expires.
1153	(c) The renewal fee for a bar establishment license is \$2,000.
1154	(5) The bond amount required for a bar establishment license is the penal sum of
1155	\$10,000.
1156	Section 22. Section <b>32B-6-504</b> is amended to read:
1157	32B-6-504. Specific licensing requirements for airport lounge license.
1158	(1) To obtain an airport lounge license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part
1159	2, Retail Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the written application:
1160	(a) both the written consent of the local authority and the written consent of the airport
1161	authority; and
1162	(b) a copy of the sign proposed to be used by the airport lounge licensee on its licensed
1163	premises to inform the public that alcoholic products are sold and consumed on the licensed
1164	premises.
1165	(2) (a) An airport lounge license expires on October 31 of each year.
1166	(b) To renew a person's airport lounge license, a person shall comply with the renewal
1167	requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1168	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for an airport lounge license is \$300.
1169	(b) (i) The initial license fee for an airport lounge license is \$8,000.
1170	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$8,000 initial license fee for the period that begins
1171	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the airport lounge
1172	license expires.

1173	(c) The renewal fee for an airport lounge license is \$6,000.
1174	(4) The bond amount required for an airport lounge license is the penal sum of
1175	\$10,000.
1176	(5) An airport lounge license is not subject to the proximity requirements of Section
1177	32B-1-202.
1178	Section 23. Section 32B-6-604 is amended to read:
1179	32B-6-604. Specific licensing requirements for an on-premise banquet license.
1180	(1) To obtain an on-premise banquet license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part
1181	2, Retail Licensing Process.
1182	(2) (a) An on-premise banquet license expires on October 31 of each year.
1183	(b) To renew a person's on-premise banquet license, a person shall comply with the
1184	requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1185	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for an on-premise banquet license is \$300.
1186	(b) (i) The initial license fee for an on-premise banquet license is \$750.
1187	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$750 initial license fee for the period that begins
1188	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the on-premise
1189	banquet license expires.
1190	(c) The renewal fee for an on-premise banquet license is \$750.
1191	(4) The bond amount required for an on-premise banquet license is the penal sum of
1192	\$10,000.
1193	(5) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this part, if an applicant is a state agency or
1194	political subdivision of the state it is not required to:
1195	(a) pay an application fee, initial license fee, or renewal fee;
1196	(b) obtain the written consent of the local authority;
1197	(c) submit a copy of the applicant's current business license; or
1198	(d) post a bond as specified by Section 32B-5-204.
1199	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection 32B-5-303(3), the department may approve an
1200	additional location in or on the licensed premises of an on-premise banquet licensee from
1201	which the on-premise banquet licensee may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the
1202	consumption of an alcoholic product that is not included in its original application only:
1203	(a) upon proper application by an on-premise banquet licensee; and

1204	(b) in accordance with guidelines approved by the commission.
1205	Section 24. Section 32B-6-605 is amended to read:
1206	32B-6-605. Specific operational requirements for on-premise banquet license.
1207	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational
1208	Requirements, an on-premise banquet licensee and staff of the on-premise banquet licensee
1209	shall comply with this section.
1210	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action
1211	in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
1212	(i) an on-premise banquet licensee;
1213	(ii) individual staff of an on-premise banquet licensee; or
1214	(iii) both an on-premise banquet licensee and staff of the on-premise banquet licensee
1215	(2) An on-premise banquet licensee shall comply with Subsections 32B-5-301(4) and
1216	(5) for the entire premises of the hotel, resort facility, sports center, convention center,
1217	performing arts facility, arena, or restaurant venue that is the basis for the on-premise banquet
1218	license.
1219	(3) (a) For the purpose described in Subsection (3)(b), an on-premise banquet licensee
1220	shall provide the department with advance notice of a scheduled banquet in accordance with
1221	rules made by the commission.
1222	(b) Any of the following may conduct a random inspection of a banquet:
1223	(i) an authorized representative of the commission or the department; or
1224	(ii) a law enforcement officer.
1225	(4) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee is not subject to Subsection 32B-5-302(1), but
1226	shall make and maintain the records described in Subsection 32B-5-302(2) and the records the
1227	commission or department requires.
1228	(b) Section 32B-1-205 applies to a record required to be made or maintained in
1229	accordance with this Subsection (4).
1230	(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, an on-premise banquet licensee may
1231	sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product at a banquet only for consumption at the
1232	location of the banquet.
1233	(b) [Except as provided in Subsection 32B-5-307(4),] Notwithstanding Section
1234	32B-5-307 and except as otherwise provided in this title:

1235	(i) [a host of a banquet, a patron, or] a person at a banquet other than the on-premise
1236	banquet licensee or staff of the on-premise banquet licensee, may not remove an alcoholic
1237	product from the premises of the banquet[-]; and
1238	[(c) Notwithstanding Subsections 32B-5-307(3) and (5) and except as provided in
1239	<del>Subsection 32B-5-307(4),</del> ]
1240	(ii) a patron at a banquet may not bring an alcoholic product into or onto[, or remove
1241	an alcoholic product from,] the premises of [a] the banquet.
1242	(6) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may not leave an unsold alcoholic product at
1243	the banquet following the conclusion of the banquet.
1244	(b) At the conclusion of a banquet, an on-premise banquet licensee shall:
1245	(i) destroy an opened and unused alcoholic product that is not saleable, under
1246	conditions established by the department; and
1247	(ii) return to the on-premise banquet licensee's approved locked storage area any:
1248	(A) opened and unused alcoholic product that is saleable; and
1249	(B) unopened container of an alcoholic product.
1250	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b) with regard to an open or sealed containe
1251	of an alcoholic product not sold or consumed at a banquet, an on-premise banquet licensee:
1252	(i) shall store the alcoholic product in the on-premise banquet licensee's approved
1253	locked storage area; and
1254	(ii) may use the alcoholic product at more than one banquet.
1255	(7) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-308, an on-premise banquet licensee may not
1256	employ a minor to sell, furnish, or dispense an alcoholic product in connection with the
1257	on-premise banquet licensee's banquet and room service activities.
1258	(8) An on-premise banquet licensee:
1259	(a) may provide room service in portions described in Section 32B-5-304;
1260	(b) may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product at a banquet or in
1261	connection with room service any day during a period that:
1262	(i) begins at 1 a.m.; and
1263	(ii) ends at 9:59 a.m.; and
1264	(c) notwithstanding Section 32B-5-305, may provide as room service one alcoholic
1265	product free of charge per guest reservation, per guest room, if the alcoholic product:

1200	(1) is not a spirituous inquor, and
1267	(ii) is in an unopened container not to exceed 750 milliliters.
1268	(9) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (9), a patron may not have
1269	more than two alcoholic products of any kind at a time before the patron.
1270	(b) A patron may not have more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time before the
1271	patron.
1272	(c) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic product under
1273	Subsection (9)(a).
1274	(10) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee shall supervise and direct a person involved in
1275	the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product.
1276	(b) A person involved in the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product
1277	shall complete an alcohol training and education seminar.
1278	(11) A staff person of an on-premise banquet licensee shall remain at the banquet at all
1279	times when an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, furnished, or consumed at the
1280	banquet.
1281	(12) (a) Room service of an alcoholic product to a guest room or privately owned
1282	dwelling unit of a hotel or resort facility shall be provided in person by staff of an on-premise
1283	banquet licensee only to an adult guest in the guest room or privately owned dwelling unit.
1284	(b) An alcoholic product may not be left outside a guest room or privately owned
1285	dwelling unit for retrieval by a guest or resident.
1286	(13) An on-premise banquet licensee may not maintain a minibar.
1287	Section 25. Section 32B-6-702 is amended to read:
1288	32B-6-702. Definitions.
1289	As used in this part:
1290	(1) "Commission-approved activity" means a leisure activity that:
1291	(a) the commission approves by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1292	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
1293	(b) does not involve the use of a dangerous weapon.
1294	(2) (a) "Recreational amenity" means:
1295	(i) a billiard parlor;
1296	(ii) a pool parlor;

1297	(iii) a bowling facility;	
1298	(iv) a golf course;	
1299	(v) miniature golf;	
1300	(vi) a golf driving range;	
1301	(vii) a tennis club;	
1302	(viii) a sports facility that hosts professional sporting events and has a seating capacity	
1303	equal to or greater than $\left[\frac{6,500}{5,000}\right]$	
1304	(ix) a concert venue that has a seating capacity equal to or greater than $[6,500]$ 5,000;	
1305	(x) one of the following if owned by a government agency:	
1306	(A) a convention center;	
1307	(B) a fair facility;	
1308	(C) an equestrian park;	
1309	(D) a theater; or	
1310	(E) a concert venue;	
1311	(xi) an amusement park:	
1312	(A) with one or more permanent amusement rides; and	
1313	(B) located on at least 50 acres;	
1314	(xii) a ski resort;	
1315	(xiii) a venue for live entertainment if the venue:	
1316	(A) is not regularly open for more than five hours on any day;	
1317	(B) is operated so that food is available whenever beer is sold, offered for sale, or	
1318	furnished at the venue; and	
1319	(C) is operated so that no more than 15% of its total annual receipts are from the sale	
1320	0 of beer;	
1321	(xiv) concessions operated within the boundary of a park administered by the:	
1322	(A) Division of State Parks; or	
1323	(B) National Parks Service;	
1324	(xv) a facility or venue that is a recreational amenity for a person licensed under this	
1325	part before May 12, 2020;	
1326	(xvi) a venue for karaoke; or	
1327	(xvii) an enterprise developed around a commission-approved activity.	

1328	(b) "Recreational amenity" does not include an item described in Subsection (2)(a), if			
1329	the item is tangential to an enterprise or activity that is not included in Subsection (2)(a).			
1330	Section 26. Section <b>32B-6-705</b> is amended to read:			
1331	32B-6-705. Specific licensing requirements for on-premise beer retailer license.			
1332	(1) To obtain an on-premise beer retailer license a person shall comply with Chapter 5,			
1333	Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, except that an on-premise beer retailer is required to carry			
1334	dramshop insurance coverage in accordance with Section 32B-5-201 only if the on-premise			
1335	beer retailer sells more than \$5,000 of beer annually.			
1336	(2) (a) An on-premise beer retailer license expires on the last day of February each			
1337	year.			
1338	(b) To renew a person's on-premise beer retailer license, a person shall comply with the			
1339	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than January			
1340	31.			
1341	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for an on-premise beer retailer license is			
1342	\$300.			
1343	(b) (i) (A) The initial license fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is not a			
1344	tavern is \$300.			
1345	(B) The department shall prorate the \$300 initial license fee for the period that begins			
1346	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the on-premise beer			
1347	retailer license expires.			
1348	(ii) (A) The initial license fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is a tavern is			
1349	\$1,500.			
1350	(B) The department shall prorate the \$1,500 initial license fee for the period that begins			
1351	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the on-premise beer			
1352	retailer license expires.			
1353	(c) (i) The renewal fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is not a tavern is			
1354	\$350.			
1355	(ii) The renewal fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is a tavern is \$1,250.			
1356	(4) The bond amount required for an on-premise beer retailer license is the penal sum			
1357	of \$5,000.			
1358	(5) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this part, if an applicant is a state agency or			

political subdivision of the state it is not required to:

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1360	(a) pay an application fee, initial license fee, or renewal fee;
1361	(b) obtain the written consent of the local authority;
1362	(c) submit a copy of the applicant's current business license; or
1363	(d) post a bond as specified by Section 32B-5-204.
1364	Section 27. Section 32B-6-804 is amended to read:
1365	32B-6-804. Specific licensing requirements for reception center license.
1366	(1) To obtain a reception center license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part 2,
1367	Retail Licensing Process.
1368	(2) (a) A reception center license expires on October 31 of each year.
1369	(b) To renew a person's reception center license, a person shall comply with the
1370	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than
1371	September 30.
1372	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a reception center license is \$300.
1373	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a reception center license is \$750.
1374	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$750 initial license fee for the period that begins
1375	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the reception center
1376	license expires.
1377	(c) The renewal fee for a reception center license is \$750.
1378	(4) The bond amount required for a reception center license is the penal sum of
1379	\$10,000.
1380	Section 28. Section <b>32B-6-902</b> is amended to read:
1381	<b>32B-6-902.</b> Definitions.
1382	(1) As used in this part:
1383	(a) (i) "Dining area" means an area in the licensed premises of a beer-only restaurant
1384	licensee that is primarily used for the service and consumption of food by one or more patrons
1385	(ii) "Dining area" does not include a dispensing area.
1386	(b) (i) "Dispensing area" means an area in the licensed premises of a beer-only
1387	restaurant licensee where a dispensing structure is located and that:
1388	(A) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a structure or
1389	other barrier that prevents a patron seated in the dining area or a waiting area from viewing the

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- (B) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), measures at least 10 feet from the dining area and any waiting area to the nearest edge of the dispensing structure; or
- (C) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a permanent physical structure that complies with the provisions of Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act, and, to the extent allowed under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act, measures at least 42 inches high, and at least 60 inches from the inside edge of the barrier to the nearest edge of the dispensing structure.
- (ii) "Dispensing area" does not include any area described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(B) that is less than 10 feet from an area where beer is dispensed, but from which a patron seated at a table or counter cannot view the dispensing of beer.
- (c) "Small beer-only restaurant licensee" means a beer-only restaurant licensee [that has a grandfathered bar structure] whose dispensing area includes more than 45% of the available seating for patrons on the licensed premises, excluding outdoor seating:
  - (i) when measured in accordance with Subsection (1)(b)(i)(B); and
  - (ii) based on the licensee's floor plan on file with the department on July 1, 2017.
  - (d) "Waiting area" includes a lobby.
- Section 29. Section **32B-6-904** is amended to read:
  - 32B-6-904. Specific licensing requirements for beer-only restaurant license.
- (1) To obtain a beer-only restaurant license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part
   2, Retail Licensing Process.
  - (2) (a) A beer-only restaurant license expires the last day of February of each year.
  - (b) To renew a person's beer-only restaurant license, a person shall comply with the renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than January 31.
    - (3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a beer-only restaurant license is \$330.
    - (b) (i) The initial license fee for a beer-only restaurant license is \$825.
- (ii) The department shall prorate the \$825 initial license fee for the period that begins
   the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the beer-only license
   expires.
  - (c) The renewal fee for a beer-only restaurant license is \$605.

1421	(4) The bond amount required for a beer-only restaurant license is the penal sum of		
1422	\$5,000.		
1423	Section 30. Section 32B-6-1004 is amended to read:		
1424	32B-6-1004. Specific licensing requirements for a hospitality amenity license.		
1425	(1) To obtain a hospitality amenity license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part		
1426	2, Retail Licensing Process.		
1427	(2) (a) A hospitality amenity license expires on October 31 of each year.		
1428	(b) To renew a person's hospitality amenity license, a person shall comply with the		
1429	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than		
1430	September 30.		
1431	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a hospitality amenity license is \$330.		
1432	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a hospitality amenity license is \$2,000.		
1433	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$2,000 initial license fee for the period that begins		
1434	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the hospitality		
1435	amenity license expires.		
1436	(c) The renewal fee for a hospitality amenity license is \$1,000.		
1437	(4) The bond amount required for a hospitality amenity license is the penal sum of		
1438	\$10,000.		
1439	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection 32B-5-303(3), the commission may approve an		
1440	additional location in or on the licensed premises of a hospitality amenity licensee from which		
1441	the hospitality amenity licensee may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the		
1442	consumption of an alcoholic product that is not included in the person's original application		
1443	only:		
1444	(a) upon proper application by a hospitality amenity licensee; and		
1445	(b) in accordance with guidelines the commission approves.		
1446	Section 31. Section <b>32B-7-202</b> is amended to read:		
1447	32B-7-202. General operational requirements for off-premise beer retailer.		
1448	(1) (a) An off-premise beer retailer or staff of the off-premise beer retailer shall comply		
1449	with the provisions of this title and any applicable rules made by the commission.		
1450	(b) Failure to comply with this section may result in a suspension or revocation of a		
1451	local license and, on or after July 1, 2018, disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3,		

retailer shall:

1452	Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act.	
1453	(2) (a) (i) An off-premise beer retailer may not purchase, acquire, possess for the	
1454	purpose of resale, or sell beer, except beer that the off-premise beer retailer lawfully purchases	
1455	from:	
1456	(A) a beer wholesaler licensee; or	
1457	(B) a small brewer that manufactures the beer.	
1458	(ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is a class A misdemeanor.	
1459	(b) (i) If an off-premise beer retailer purchases beer under this Subsection (2) from a	
1460	beer wholesaler licensee, the off-premise beer retailer shall purchase beer only from a beer	
1461	wholesaler licensee who is designated by the manufacturer to sell beer in the geographical area	
1462	in which the off-premise beer retailer is located, unless an alternate wholesaler is authorized by	
1463	the department to sell to the off-premise beer retailer as provided in Section 32B-13-301.	
1464	(ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) is a class B misdemeanor.	
1465	(3) An off-premise beer retailer may not possess, sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer in a	
1466	container larger than two liters.	
1467	(4) (a) Staff of an off-premise beer retailer, while on duty, may not:	
1468	(i) consume an alcoholic product; or	
1469	(ii) be intoxicated.	
1470	(b) A minor may not sell beer on the licensed premises of an off-premise beer retailer	
1471	unless:	
1472	(i) the sale is done under the supervision of a person 21 years old or older who is on the	
1473	licensed premises; and	
1474	(ii) the minor is at least 16 years old.	
1475	(5) An off-premise beer retailer may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic	
1476	product to:	
1477	(a) a minor;	
1478	(b) a person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;	
1479	(c) a known interdicted person; or	
1480	(d) a known habitual drunkard.	
1481	(6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), an off-premise beer	

1483 (i) display all beer accessible by and visible to a patron in no more than two locations 1484 on the retail sales floor, each of which is: 1485 (A) a display cabinet, cooler, aisle, floor display, or room where beer is the only 1486 beverage displayed; and 1487 (B) not adjacent to a display of nonalcoholic beverages, unless the location is a cooler 1488 with a door from which the nonalcoholic beverages are not accessible, or the beer is separated 1489 from the display of nonalcoholic beverages by a display of one or more nonbeverage products 1490 or another physical divider; and 1491 (ii) display a sign in the area described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) that: 1492 (A) is prominent; 1493 (B) is easily readable by a consumer; 1494 (C) meets the requirements for format established by the commission by rule; and 1495 (D) reads in print that is no smaller than .5 inches, bold type, "These beverages contain alcohol. Please read the label carefully." 1496 1497 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), a nonalcoholic beer may be displayed with beer 1498 if the nonalcoholic beer is labeled, packaged, or advertised as a nonalcoholic beer. 1499 (c) The requirements of this Subsection (6) apply to beer notwithstanding that it is labeled, packaged, or advertised as: 1500 1501 (i) a malt cooler; or 1502 (ii) a beverage that may provide energy. 1503 (d) A violation of this Subsection (6) is an infraction. 1504 (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(e)(ii), the provisions of Subsection (6)(a)(i) 1505 apply on and after May 9, 2017. 1506 (ii) For a beer retailer that operates two or more off-premise beer retailers, the 1507 provisions of Subsection (6)(a)(i) apply on and after August 1, 2017. 1508 (7) (a) Staff of an off-premise beer retailer who directly supervises the sale of beer or 1509 who sells beer to a patron for consumption off the premises of the off-premise beer retailer 1510 shall wear a unique identification badge: 1511 (i) on the front of the staff's clothing; 1512 (ii) visible above the waist; 1513 (iii) bearing the staff's:

1314	(A) first or last name,
1515	(B) initials; or
1516	(C) unique identification in letters or numbers; and
1517	(iv) with the number or letters on the unique identification badge being sufficiently
1518	large to be clearly visible and identifiable while engaging in or directly supervising the retail
1519	sale of beer.
1520	(b) An off-premise beer retailer shall make and maintain a record of each current staffs
1521	unique identification badge assigned by the off-premise beer retailer that includes the staffs:
1522	(i) full name;
1523	(ii) address; and
1524	(iii) (A) driver license number; or
1525	(B) similar identification number.
1526	(c) An off-premise beer retailer shall make available a record required to be made or
1527	maintained under this Subsection (7) for immediate inspection by:
1528	(i) a peace officer;
1529	(ii) a representative of the local authority that issues the off-premise beer retailer
1530	license; or
1531	(iii) for an off-premise beer retailer state license, a representative of the commission or
1532	department.
1533	(d) A local authority may impose a fine of up to \$250 against an off-premise beer
1534	retailer that does not comply or require its staff to comply with this Subsection (7).
1535	(8) (a) An off-premise beer retailer may sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer through a
1536	drive through window.
1537	(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not modify the display limitations and requirements
1538	described in Subsection (6).
1539	(9) An off-premise beer retailer may not on the licensed premises:
1540	(a) engage in or permit any form of:
1541	(i) gambling, as defined in Section 76-10-1101; or
1542	(ii) fringe gambling, as defined in Section 76-10-1101;
1543	(b) have any fringe gaming device, video gaming device, or gambling device or record
1544	as defined in Section 76-10-1101; or

1545	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires
1546	the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is
1547	based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers
1548	only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
1549	(10) An off-premise beer retailer may not knowingly allow a person on the licensed
1550	premises to, in violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter
1551	37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act:
1552	(a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section
1553	58-37-2; or
1554	(b) use, deliver, or possess, with the intent to deliver, drug paraphernalia, as defined in
1555	Section 58-37a-3.
1556	(11) An off-premise beer retailer may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish a beer that is
1557	intended to be frozen and consumed in a manner other than as a beverage, including beer in the
1558	form of a freeze pop, popsicle, ice cream, or sorbet.
1559	Section 32. Section 32B-8-102 is amended to read:
1560	32B-8-102. Definitions.
1561	As used in this chapter:
1562	(1) "Boundary of a resort building" means the physical boundary of the real property
1563	reasonably related to a resort building and any structure or improvement to that land as
1564	determined by the commission.
1565	(2) "Designated conveyance area" means a route within a hotel or resort:
1566	(a) that connects one or more of the following:
1567	(i) the premises of a sublicensed bar;
1568	(ii) the premises of a sublicensed hospitality amenity area;
1569	(iii) a sublicensed banquet premises; or
1570	(iv) a guest's room; and
1571	(b) that does not begin, end, or pass through a pool area or other recreation area, a
1572	designated business center, or a sublicensed premises not described in Subsection (2)(a).
1573	[(2)] (3) "Dwelling" means a portion of a resort building:
1574	(a) owned by one or more individuals;
1575	(b) that is used or designated for use as a residence by one or more persons; and

1576	(c) that may be rented, loaned, leased, or hired out for a period of no longer than 30
1577	consecutive days by a person who uses it for a residence.
1578	[(3)] (4) "Engaged in the management of the resort" may be defined by the commission
1579	by rule.
1580	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> "Resident" means an individual who:
1581	(a) owns a dwelling located within a resort building; or
1582	(b) rents lodging accommodations for 30 consecutive days or less from:
1583	(i) an owner of a dwelling described in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (5)(a); or
1584	(ii) the resort licensee.
1585	[ <del>(5)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Resort" means a location:
1586	(a) on which is located one resort building; and
1587	(b) that is affiliated with a ski area that physically touches the boundary of the resort
1588	building.
1589	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> "Resort building" means a building:
1590	(a) that is primarily operated to provide dwellings or lodging accommodations;
1591	(b) that has at least 150 units that consist of a dwelling or lodging accommodations;
1592	(c) that consists of at least 400,000 square feet:
1593	(i) including only the building itself; and
1594	(ii) not including areas such as above ground surface parking; and
1595	(d) of which at least 50% of the units described in Subsection [(6)(b)] (7)(b) consist of
1596	dwellings owned by a person other than the resort licensee.
1597	Section 33. Section 32B-8-201 is amended to read:
1598	32B-8-201. Commission's power to issue a resort license.
1599	(1) Before a person as a resort under a single license may store, sell, offer for sale,
1600	furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic product on sublicense premises, the person
1601	shall first obtain a resort license from the commission in accordance with this part.
1602	(2) (a) The commission may issue to a person a resort license to allow the storage, sale,
1603	offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product in connection with a resort
1604	designated in the resort license if the person operates at least four sublicenses under the resort
1605	license.
1606	(b) A resort license shall:

1607	(i) consist of:
1608	(A) a general resort license; and
1609	(B) four or more sublicenses; and
1610	(ii) designate the boundary of the resort building, each sublicense, and each designated
1611	conveyance area.
1612	(c) This chapter does not prohibit an alcoholic product in or on the boundary of the
1613	resort building to the extent otherwise permitted by this title.
1614	(3) The commission may not issue a total number of resort licenses that at any time
1615	totals more than eight.
1616	Section 34. Section 32B-8-202 is amended to read:
1617	32B-8-202. Specific licensing requirements for resort license.
1618	(1) To obtain a resort license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail
1619	Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the person's written application:
1620	(a) evidence:
1621	(i) of proximity of the resort building to any community location;
1622	(ii) that each proposed sublicensed premises is entirely within the boundaries of the
1623	resort building; and
1624	(iii) that the building designated in the application as the resort building qualifies as a
1625	resort building; [and]
1626	(b) a description and boundary map of the resort building[-];
1627	(c) a description, floor plan, and boundary map of each proposed designated
1628	conveyance area; and
1629	(d) a signed consent form stating that the resort licensee will permit any authorized
1630	representative of the commission or department, or any law enforcement officer, to have an
1631	unrestricted right to enter any proposed designated conveyance area.
1632	(2) (a) A resort license expires on October 31 of each year.
1633	(b) To renew a person's resort license, the person shall comply with the requirements of
1634	Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1635	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a resort license is \$300.
1636	(b) The initial license fee for a resort license is calculated as follows:
1637	(i) if four sublicenses are being applied for under the resort license, \$10,000; or

1638	(ii) if more than four sublicenses are being applied for under the resort license, the sum
1639	of:
1640	(A) \$10,000; and
1641	(B) \$2,000 for each sublicense in excess of four sublicenses for which the person is
1642	applying.
1643	(c) The renewal fee for a resort license is \$1,000 for each sublicense under the resort
1644	license.
1645	(4) (a) The bond amount required for a resort license is the penal sum of \$25,000[-].
1646	covering each sublicense and each designated conveyance area under the resort license.
1647	(b) A resort licensee is not required to have a separate bond for each sublicense[5]
1648	except that the aggregate of the bonds posted by the resort licensee shall cover each sublicense
1649	under the resort license] or each designated conveyance area.
1650	(5) The commission may not issue a resort license for a resort building that does not
1651	meet the proximity requirements of Section 32B-1-202.
1652	(6) In accordance with Subsection 32B-8d-103(4), a resort licensee may request to add
1653	a sublicense after the commission issues the resort licensee's resort license.
1654	(7) (a) A resort licensee may request to add a designated conveyance area after the
1655	commission issues the resort licensee's resort license.
1656	(b) If a resort licensee seeks to add a designated conveyance area under Subsection
1657	(7)(a), the resort licensee shall submit to the department:
1658	(i) the information and evidence described in Subsections (1)(a)(iii), (1)(c), and (1)(d);
1659	<u>and</u>
1660	(ii) if the resort licensee is an entity, proper verification evidencing that the person who
1661	signs the submission is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity.
1662	Section 35. Section 32B-8-401 is amended to read:
1663	32B-8-401. Specific operational requirements for resort license.
1664	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational
1665	Requirements, a resort licensee, staff of the resort licensee, and a sublicensee or a person
1666	otherwise operating under a sublicense shall comply with this section.
1667	(b) Subject to Section 32B-8-502, failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a)
1668	may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and

1669	Enforcement Act, against:
1670	(i) the resort licensee;
1671	(ii) individual staff of the resort licensee;
1672	(iii) a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense of the resort
1673	licensee;
1674	(iv) individual staff of a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense
1675	of the resort licensee; or
1676	(v) any combination of the persons listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv).
1677	(2) (a) A resort licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product
1678	except:
1679	(i) on sublicensed premises;
1680	(ii) pursuant to a permit issued under this title;
1681	(iii) under a package agency agreement with the department, subject to Chapter 2, Part
1682	6, Package Agency; or
1683	(iv) through room service.
1684	(b) A resort licensee who sells, offers for sale, or furnishes an alcoholic product as
1685	provided in Subsection (2)(a), shall sell, offer for sale, or furnish the alcoholic product:
1686	(i) if on a sublicense premises, in accordance with the operational requirements
1687	described in Section 32B-8d-104;
1688	(ii) if under a permit issued under this title, in accordance with the operational
1689	requirements under the provisions applicable to the permit;
1690	(iii) if as a package agency, in accordance with the contract with the department and
1691	Chapter 2, Part 6, Package Agency; and
1692	(iv) if through room service, in accordance with Subsection [(5)] (6).
1693	(3) A resort licensee shall operate in a manner so that at least 70% of the annual
1694	aggregate of the gross receipts related to the sale of food or beverages for the resort license and
1695	each of the resort licensee's sublicenses is from the sale of food, not including:
1696	(a) mix for an alcoholic product; and
1697	(b) a charge in connection with the service of an alcoholic product.
1698	(4) (a) A resort licensee shall supervise and direct a person involved in the sale, offer
1699	for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product under a resort license.

1700	(b) A person involved in the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product
1701	under a resort license shall complete the alcohol training and education seminar.
1702	(5) (a) A resort licensee shall:
1703	(i) in accordance with commission rule, establish and maintain signage that clearly
1704	identifies each designated conveyance area and conspicuously states that a patron may not take
1705	an alcoholic beverage beyond the designated conveyance area except as otherwise provided in
1706	this chapter;
1707	(ii) ensure that an alcoholic beverage is not left unattended in a designated conveyance
1708	area; and
1709	(iii) ensure that each patron complies with the requirements of Subsection
1710	32B-8d-104(5)(b)(ii).
1711	[(5)] (6) (a) [Room] Staff of the resort licensee shall provide room service of an
1712	alcoholic product to a lodging accommodation of a resort licensee [shall be provided] in person
1713	[by staff of the resort licensee] only to an adult occupant in the lodging accommodation.
1714	(b) An alcoholic product may not be left outside a lodging accommodation for retrieval
1715	by an occupant.
1716	Section 36. Section 32B-8b-102 is amended to read:
1717	32B-8b-102. Definitions.
1718	As used in this chapter:
1719	(1) "Boundary of a hotel" means the physical boundary of one or more contiguous
1720	parcels of real property owned or managed by the same person and on which a hotel is located.
1721	(2) "Designated conveyance area" means a route within a hotel or resort:
1722	(a) that connects one or more of the following:
1723	(i) the premises of a sublicensed bar;
1724	(ii) the premises of a sublicensed hospitality amenity area;
1725	(iii) a sublicensed banquet premises; or
1726	(iv) a guest's room; and
1727	(b) does not begin, end, or pass through a pool area or other recreation area, a
1728	designated business center, or a sublicensed premises not described in Subsection (2)(a).
1729	[(2)] (3) "Hotel" means one or more buildings that:
1730	(a) comprise a hotel, as defined by the commission;

1731	(b) are owned or managed by the same person or by a person who has a majority
1732	interest in or can direct or exercise control over the management or policy of the person who
1733	owns or manages any other building under the hotel license within the boundary of the hotel;
1734	(c) primarily operate to provide lodging accommodations;
1735	(d) have on-premise banquet space and provide on-premise banquet service within the
1736	boundary of the hotel meeting the requirements of this title;
1737	(e) have a restaurant or bar establishment within the boundary of the hotel meeting the
1738	requirements of this title; and
1739	(f) have at least 40 rooms as temporary sleeping accommodations for compensation.
1740	Section 37. Section 32B-8b-201 is amended to read:
1741	32B-8b-201. Commission's power to issue a hotel license.
1742	(1) Before a person as a hotel under a single license may store, sell, offer for sale,
1743	furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic product on sublicense premises, the person
1744	shall first obtain a hotel license from the commission in accordance with this part.
1745	(2) (a) The commission may issue to a person a hotel license to allow the storage, sale,
1746	offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product in connection with a hotel
1747	designated in the hotel license if the person operates at least three sublicenses under the hotel
1748	license:
1749	(i) one of which is an on-premise banquet license; and
1750	(ii) one of which is:
1751	(A) a full-service restaurant sublicense;
1752	(B) a limited-service restaurant sublicense;
1753	(C) a beer-only restaurant sublicense; or
1754	(D) a bar establishment sublicense.
1755	(b) A hotel license shall:
1756	(i) consist of:
1757	(A) a general hotel license; and
1758	(B) three or more sublicenses meeting the requirements of Subsection (2)(a); and
1759	(ii) designate the boundary of the hotel [and], sublicenses[:], and each designated
1760	conveyance area.
1761	(c) This chapter does not prohibit an alcoholic product on the boundary of the hotel to

1762	the extent otherwise permitted by this title.
1763	(3) The commission may not issue a total number of hotel licenses that at any time
1764	totals more than 80.
1765	Section 38. Section 32B-8b-202 is amended to read:
1766	32B-8b-202. Specific licensing requirements for hotel license.
1767	(1) To obtain a hotel license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail
1768	Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the person's written application:
1769	(a) evidence:
1770	(i) of proximity of each building under the hotel license to any community location;
1771	(ii) that each proposed sublicensed premises is entirely within the boundary of the
1772	hotel; and
1773	(iii) that each building designated in the application as a building under the hotel
1774	license qualifies to be under the hotel license; [and]
1775	(b) a description and boundary map of the hotel[-];
1776	(c) a description, floor plan, and boundary map of each proposed designated
1777	conveyance area; and
1778	(d) a signed consent form stating that the hotel licensee will permit any authorized
1779	representative of the commission or department, or any law enforcement officer, to have an
1780	unrestricted right to enter any proposed designated conveyance area.
1781	(2) (a) A hotel license expires on October 31 of each year.
1782	(b) To renew a person's hotel license, the person shall comply with the requirements of
1783	Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1784	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a hotel license is \$500.
1785	(b) The initial license fee for a hotel license is calculated as follows:
1786	(i) if three sublicenses are being applied for under the hotel license, \$5,000; or
1787	(ii) if more than three sublicenses are being applied for under the hotel license, the sum
1788	of:
1789	(A) \$5,000; and
1790	(B) \$2,000 for each sublicense in excess of three sublicenses for which the person is
1791	applying.

(c) The renewal fee for a hotel license is \$1,000 for each sublicense under the hotel

of the hotel licensee; or

1793	license.
1794	(4) (a) The bond amount required for a hotel license is the penal sum of \$10,000,
1795	covering each sublicense and each designated conveyance area under the hotel license.
1796	(b) A hotel licensee is not required to have a separate bond for each sublicense[, except
1797	that the aggregate of the bonds posted by the hotel licensee shall cover each sublicense under
1798	the hotel license] or each designated conveyance area.
1799	(5) The commission may not issue a hotel license that includes a building under the
1800	hotel license that does not meet the proximity requirements of Section 32B-1-202.
1801	(6) In accordance with Subsection 32B-8d-103(4), a hotel licensee may request to add a
1802	sublicense after the commission issues the hotel licensee's hotel license.
1803	(7) (a) A hotel licensee may request to add a designated conveyance area after the
1804	commission issues the hotel licensee's hotel license.
1805	(b) If a hotel licensee seeks to add a designated conveyance area under Subsection
1806	(7)(a), the hotel licensee shall submit to the department:
1807	(i) the information and evidence described in Subsections (1)(a)(iii), (1)(c), and (1)(d);
1808	<u>and</u>
1809	(ii) if the hotel licensee is an entity, proper verification evidencing that the person who
1810	signs the submission is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity.
1811	Section 39. Section 32B-8b-301 is amended to read:
1812	32B-8b-301. Specific operational requirements for hotel license.
1813	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational
1814	Requirements, a hotel licensee, staff of the hotel licensee, and a sublicensee or person
1815	otherwise operating under a sublicense shall comply with this section.
1816	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action
1817	in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
1818	(i) the hotel licensee;
1819	(ii) individual staff of the hotel licensee;
1820	(iii) a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense of the hotel
1821	licensee;
1822	(iv) individual staff of a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense

1824	(v) any combination of the persons listed in this Subsection (1)(b).
1825	(2) (a) A hotel licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product
1826	except:
1827	(i) on sublicensed premises;
1828	(ii) pursuant to a permit issued under this title;
1829	(iii) under a package agency agreement with the department, subject to Chapter 2, Part
1830	6, Package Agency; or
1831	(iv) through room service.
1832	(b) A hotel licensee who sells, offers for sale, or furnishes an alcoholic product as
1833	provided in Subsection (2)(a) shall sell, offer for sale, or furnish the alcoholic product:
1834	(i) if on sublicensed premises, in accordance with the operational requirements
1835	described in Section 32B-8d-104;
1836	(ii) if under a permit issued under this title, in accordance with the operational
1837	requirements under the provisions applicable to the permit;
1838	(iii) if as a package agency, in accordance with the contract with the department and
1839	Chapter 2, Part 6, Package Agency; and
1840	(iv) if through room service, in accordance with Subsection [(4)] (5).
1841	(c) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (2) and except as provided
1842	in Section 32B-8d-104, a hotel licensee may not permit a patron to carry an alcoholic product
1843	off the premises of a sublicense in violation of Section 32B-5-307 [or], off an area designated
1844	under a permit, or off a designated conveyance area.
1845	(3) A hotel licensee shall supervise and direct a person involved in the sale, offer for
1846	sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product under a hotel license.
1847	(4) (a) A hotel licensee shall:
1848	(i) in accordance with commission rule, establish and maintain signage that clearly
1849	identifies each designated conveyance area and conspicuously states that a patron may not take
1850	an alcoholic beverage beyond the designated conveyance area except as otherwise provided in
1851	this chapter;
1852	(ii) ensure that an alcoholic beverage is not left unattended in a designated conveyance
1853	area; and
1854	(iii) ensure that each patron complies with the requirements of Subsection

1855	32B-8d-104(5)(b)(ii).
1856	(b) In accordance with Subsection (2), a hotel licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or
1857	furnish an alcoholic product in a designated conveyance area.
1858	[(4)] (5) (a) [Room] Staff of the hotel licensee shall provide room service of an
1859	alcoholic product to a lodging accommodation of a hotel licensee [shall be provided] in person
1860	[by staff of the hotel licensee] only to an adult occupant in the lodging accommodation.
1861	(b) An alcoholic product may not be left outside a lodging accommodation for retrieval
1862	by an occupant.
1863	[(5)] (6) A hotel licensee shall operate in a manner so that at least 70% of the annual
1864	aggregate of the gross receipts related to the sale of food or beverages for the hotel license and
1865	each of the hotel license's sublicenses is from the sale of food, not including:
1866	(a) mix for an alcoholic product; and
1867	(b) a charge in connection with the service of an alcoholic product.
1868	Section 40. Section 32B-8d-104 is amended to read:
1869	32B-8d-104. General operational requirements for a sublicense.
1870	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) through [(3)] (5), a person operating under a
1871	sublicense is subject to the operational requirements under the provisions applicable to the
1872	sublicense.
1873	(2) Notwithstanding a requirement in the provisions applicable to the sublicense, a
1874	person operating under the sublicense is not subject to a requirement that a certain percentage
1875	of the gross receipts for the sublicense be from the sale of food, except to the extent that the
1876	gross receipts for the sublicense are included in calculating the percentages under Subsections
1877	$32B-8-401(3)$ , $[\frac{32B-8b-301(5)}{32B-8b-301(6)}$ , and $32B-8c-301(3)$ .
1878	(3) Notwithstanding [Section 32B-5-307:] Sections 32B-5-307 and,
1879	[(a)] a patron may transport beer between the sublicensed premises of an arena
1880	licensee's accompanying sublicenses, if the patron transports the beer from and to an area of
1881	each sublicensed premises:
1882	[(i)] (a) that is adjacent to the other; and
1883	[(ii)] (b) where the consumption of beer is permitted[; and].
1884	[(b)] (4) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-307, staff of a sublicensee or person

otherwise operating under a sublicense of a hotel licensee or a resort licensee may transport an

1886	alcoholic beverage from and to sublicensed premises of the hotel license or resort license, if:
1887	[(i)] (a) the sublicensee is:
1888	[(A)] (i) a full-service restaurant sublicensee;
1889	[(B)] (ii) a limited-service restaurant sublicensee;
1890	[ <del>(C)</del> ] <u>(iii)</u> a bar establishment sublicensee;
1891	[(D)] (iv) a beer-only restaurant sublicensee; or
1892	[(E)] (v) an on-premise beer retailer sublicensee;
1893	[(ii)] (b) the individual staff carries the alcoholic beverage:
1894	[(A)] (i) from the sublicensed premises of a sublicensee described in Subsection
1895	$[\frac{(3)(b)(i)}{(4)(a)}]$
1896	[(B)] (ii) briefly through an unlicensed area or briefly through sublicensed premises on
1897	which the type of alcoholic beverage that the individual staff carries is permitted; and
1898	[(C)] (iii) to the sublicensed premises of a sublicensee described in Subsection
1899	$[\frac{(3)(b)(i)}{(4)(a)}]$ ; and
1900	[(iii)] (c) the individual staff at all times stays within:
1901	[(A)] (i) the boundary of the hotel; or
1902	[(B)] (ii) the boundary of the resort building.
1903	[ <del>(4)</del> ] (5) (a) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-307, 32B-6-605, or 32B-6-1005, a patron
1904	may transport an alcoholic beverage between any of the following locations, if the patron
1905	lawfully obtained the alcoholic beverage on the premises of a sublicensee described in
1906	Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and complies with Subsection (5)(b):
1907	(i) a bar establishment sublicensee's sublicensed premises;
1908	(ii) a hospitality amenity sublicensee's sublicensed premises;
1909	(iii) an on-premise banquet sublicensee's sublicensed premises; and
1910	(iv) a guest room.
1911	(b) A patron may transport an alcoholic beverage in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)
1912	only if:
1913	(i) the patron travels exclusively within a designated conveyance area as defined in
1914	Section 32B-8-102 or 32B-8b-102; and
1915	(ii) the alcoholic beverage:
1916	(A) is not in the alcoholic beverage's original container; and

1917	(B) is in an opaque or solid color container that is readily identifiable as intended for
1918	use in a designated conveyance area.
1919	(6) Except as provided in Section 32B-8-502, for purposes of interpreting an
1920	operational requirement imposed by the provisions applicable to a sublicense:
1921	(a) a requirement imposed on a sublicensee or person operating under a sublicense
1922	applies to the principal licensee; and
1923	(b) a requirement imposed on staff of a sublicensee or person operating under a
1924	sublicense applies to staff of the principal licensee.
1925	Section 41. Section 32B-10-202 is amended to read:
1926	32B-10-202. Application for special use permit Qualifications.
1927	(1) To obtain a special use permit, a person shall submit to the department:
1928	(a) a written application in a form prescribed by the department;
1929	(b) a nonrefundable application fee, if required by the relevant part of this chapter
1930	applicable to the type of special use permit for which the person applies;
1931	(c) an initial permit fee:
1932	(i) if required by the relevant part of this chapter applicable to the type of special use
1933	permit for which the person applies; and
1934	(ii) that is refundable if a special use permit is not issued;
1935	(d) a one-time special use permit fee if required by a section of this chapter:
1936	(i) applicable to the type of special use permit for which the person applies; and
1937	(ii) that is refundable if a special use permit is not issued;
1938	(e) a statement of the purpose for which the person applies for the special use permit;
1939	(f) a description of the types of alcoholic product the person intends to use under
1940	authority of the special use permit;
1941	(g) written consent of the local authority;
1942	(h) if required, a bond as provided in Section 32B-10-205;
1943	(i) a floor plan of the immediate area within the premises in which the person proposes
1944	that an alcoholic product will be used, mixed, stored, sold, or consumed if required by the
1945	relevant part of this chapter applicable to the type of special use permit for which the person
1946	applies;
1947	(i) a signed consent form stating that the special use permittee will permit any

1948	authorized representative of the commission, department, or any other law enforcement officer
1949	to have unrestricted right to enter the special use permittee's premises;
1950	(k) if the person is an entity, proper verification evidencing that a person who signs the
1951	application is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity; and
1952	(l) any other information the commission or department may require.
1953	(2) (a) The commission may issue a special use permit only to a person who qualifies
1954	as follows:
1955	(i) the commission may issue a religious wine use permit to a religious organization;
1956	(ii) the commission may issue an industrial or manufacturing use permit to a person
1957	engaged in an industrial or manufacturing pursuit;
1958	(iii) the commission may issue a scientific or educational use permit to a person
1959	engaged in a scientific or educational pursuit; and
1960	(iv) the commission may issue a public service permit to:
1961	(A) an operator of an airline, railroad, or other public conveyance[-]; or
1962	(B) an entity with authorization from an international airport to establish and operate a
1963	hospitality room at the international airport.
1964	(b) The commission may not issue a special use permit to a person who is disqualified
1965	under Section 32B-1-304.
1966	(c) If a person to whom a special use permit is issued no longer possesses the
1967	qualifications required by this title for obtaining that special use permit, the commission may
1968	suspend or revoke that special use permit.
1969	Section 42. Section <b>32B-10-303</b> is amended to read:
1970	32B-10-303. Specific application and renewal requirements for public service
1971	permit.
1972	(1) To obtain a public service permit, in addition to complying with Section
1973	32B-10-202, a person shall submit to the department:
1974	(a) a statement of the total of regularly numbered flights, trains, buses, boats, or other
1975	types of public conveyance for which the person plans to use the special use permit;
1976	(b) a floor plan of any room or facility in which the person plans to establish a
1977	hospitality room; and
1978	(c) evidence of proximity of a proposed hospitality room to:

19/9	(1) the arrival and departure area used by a person traveling on the person's airline,
1980	railroad, bus, boat, or other public conveyance[-]; or
1981	(ii) if the applicant is a person described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(B), the
1982	arrival and departure area of another person's airline.
1983	(2) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a public service permit is \$75.
1984	(b) The initial permit fee for a public service permit is \$250.
1985	(c) The bond amount required for a public service permittee is the penal sum of \$1,000.
1986	(3) (a) To renew a public service permit, a person shall comply with Section
1987	32B-10-203.
1988	(b) (i) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the renewal fee for a public
1989	service permit is \$30 for each regularly numbered passenger airplane flight, passenger train,
1990	bus, boat, or any other regularly scheduled public conveyance upon which an alcoholic product
1991	is sold, offered for sale, or furnished.
1992	(ii) For an applicant described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(B), the renewal fee
1993	for a public service permit is \$5,000.
1994	Section 43. Section <b>32B-10-304</b> is amended to read:
1995	32B-10-304. Specific operational requirements for a public service permit.
1996	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Section 32B-10-206, a public service permittee
1997	and staff of the public service permittee shall comply with this section.
1998	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action
1999	in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
2000	(i) a public service permittee;
2001	(ii) individual staff of a public service permittee; or
2002	(iii) both a public service permittee and staff of the public service permittee.
2003	(2) (a) A public service permittee <u>described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(A)</u>
2004	whose public conveyances operate on an interstate basis may do the following:
2005	(i) purchase an alcoholic product outside of the state;
2006	(ii) bring an alcoholic product purchased outside of the state into the state; and
2007	(iii) sell, offer for sale, and furnish an alcoholic product purchased outside of the state
2008	to a passenger traveling on the public service permittee's public conveyance for consumption
2009	while en route on the public conveyance.

2010	(b) A public service permittee described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(A) whose
2011	public conveyance operates solely within the state[ <del>, to</del> ]:
2012	(i) may sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to a passenger traveling on
2013	the public service permittee's public conveyance for consumption while en route on the public
2014	conveyance[ <del>, shall purchase</del> :]; and
2015	(ii) shall purchase:
2016	[(i)] (A) liquor from a state store or package agency; and
2017	[(ii)] (B) beer from a beer wholesaler licensee.
2018	(c) A public service permittee described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(B):
2019	(i) may sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to a patron at the public
2020	service permittee's hospitality room; and
2021	(ii) shall purchase:
2022	(A) liquor from a state store or package agency; and
2023	(B) beer from a beer wholesaler licensee.
2024	(3) (a) A public service permittee may establish a hospitality room, if:
2025	(i) (A) the room is located within a depot, terminal, or similar facility adjacent to and
2026	servicing the public service permittee's airline, railroad, bus, boat, or other public conveyance;
2027	<u>or</u>
2028	(B) the room is located within a terminal at an international airport and servicing
2029	another public service permittee's airline;
2030	(ii) the room is completely enclosed and the interior is not visible to the public;
2031	(iii) the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product is made only to a
2032	person:
2033	(A) then in transit using the public service permittee's airline, railroad, bus line, or
2034	other public conveyance or, for a public service permittee described in Subsection (2), another
2035	public service permittee's airline; and
2036	(B) holding a valid boarding pass or similar travel document issued by [the] a public
2037	service permittee; and
2038	(iv) (A) liquor is purchased from:
2039	(I) a state store; or
2040	(II) a package agency; and

2041	(B) beer is purchased from a beer wholesaler licensee.
2042	(b) (i) A public service permittee operating a hospitality room shall display in a
2043	prominent place in the hospitality room, a sign in large letters that consists of text in the
2044	following order:
2045	(A) a header that reads: "WARNING";
2046	(B) a warning statement that reads: "Drinking alcoholic beverages during pregnancy
2047	can cause birth defects and permanent brain damage for the child.";
2048	(C) a statement in smaller font that reads: "Call the Utah Department of Health at
2049	[insert most current toll-free number] with questions or for more information.";
2050	(D) a header that reads: "WARNING"; and
2051	(E) a warning statement that reads: "Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is
2052	a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
2053	(ii) (A) The text described in Subsections (3)(b)(i)(A) through (C) shall be in a
2054	different font style than the text described in Subsections (3)(b)(i)(D) and (E).
2055	(B) The warning statements in the sign described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall be in the
2056	same font size.
2057	(iii) The Department of Health shall work with the commission and department to
2058	facilitate consistency in the format of a sign required under this section.
2059	(c) A hospitality room shall be operated in accordance with this chapter and rules
2060	adopted by the commission.
2061	Section 44. Section 32B-15-201 is amended to read:
2062	32B-15-201. Liability for injuries and damage resulting from distribution of
2063	alcoholic products Prima facie evidence.
2064	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections 32B-15-202(2) and (3), a person described in
2065	Subsection (1)(b) is liable for:
2066	(i) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
2067	(A) a third person; or
2068	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78B-3-105, of the third person; or
2069	(ii) the death of a third person.
2070	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (1)(a) if:
2071	(i) the person directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides an alcoholic product:

for:

2072	(A) to a person described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
2073	(B) as part of the commercial sale, storage, service, manufacture, distribution, or
2074	consumption of an alcoholic product;
2075	(ii) those actions cause the intoxication of:
2076	(A) an individual under 21 years old;
2077	(B) an individual who is apparently under the influence of an alcoholic product or
2078	drug;
2079	(C) an individual whom the person furnishing the alcoholic product knew or should
2080	have known from the circumstances was under the influence of an alcoholic product or drug, or
2081	(D) an individual who is a known interdicted person; and
2082	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (1)(a) results from the intoxication of
2083	the individual who is provided the alcoholic product.
2084	(c) It is prima facie evidence that a person is liable under Subsection (1)(a) for an
2085	injury or death that results from the intoxication of an individual described in Subsection
2086	(1)(b)(ii)(B) or (C) if:
2087	(i) the person directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides the individual the last
2088	alcoholic product the individual consumes before the injury or death described in Subsection
2089	(1)(b)(iii);
2090	(ii) the individual consumes the alcoholic product at the location where the person
2091	directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides the individual the alcoholic product;
2092	(iii) the injury or death occurs within 30 minutes after the time at which the individual
2093	leaves, and within a 10 mile radius of, the location where the person gives, sells, or otherwise
2094	provides the individual the alcoholic product; and
2095	(iv) (A) the individual is charged with [a criminal violation of Section 41-6a-502 for
2096	driving under the influence of an alcoholic product in relation to the injury or death.] an offense
2097	described in Subsection 41-6a-501(2)(a); or
2098	(B) if the individual dies as a result of the event that caused the injury or death, a
2099	subsequent chemical test shows that the individual had a blood alcohol concentration of .05
2100	grams or greater at the time of the test.
2101	(2) (a) A person 21 years old or older who is described in Subsection (2)(b) is liable

2103	(1) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
2104	(A) a third person; or
2105	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78B-3-105, of the third person; or
2106	(ii) the death of the third person.
2107	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (2)(a) if:
2108	(i) the person directly gives or otherwise provides an alcoholic product to an individual
2109	who the person knows or should have known is under 21 years old;
2110	(ii) those actions caused the intoxication of the individual provided the alcoholic
2111	product;
2112	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (2)(a) results from the intoxication of
2113	the individual who is provided the alcoholic product; and
2114	(iv) the person is not liable under Subsection (1), because the person did not directly
2115	give or provide the alcoholic product as part of the commercial sale, storage, service,
2116	manufacture, distribution, or consumption of an alcoholic product.
2117	(3) This section does not apply to a business licensed in accordance with Chapter 7,
2118	Off-Premise Beer Retailer Act, to sell beer at retail only for off-premise consumption.
2119	Section 45. Section 41-6a-531 is enacted to read:
2120	41-6a-531. Access to DUI investigative reports.
2121	(1) As used in this section:
2122	(a) "Agent" means a person's attorney that has been formally engaged.
2123	(b) "DUI investigative report" means all materials that a peace officer gathers as part of
2124	investigating an offense described in Subsection 41-6a-501 including:
2125	(i) the identity of witnesses and, if known, contact information;
2126	(ii) witness statements;
2127	(iii) photographs and videotapes;
2128	(iv) diagrams;
2129	(v) field notes;
2130	(vi) test results; and
2131	(vii) any Targeted Responsibility for Alcohol Connected Emergencies investigation
2132	report.
2133	(2) (a) Upon request, a law enforcement agency shall disclose an unreducted DUI

2134	investigative report to:
2135	(i) a person who suffers loss or injury related to the person's actions that gave rise to
2136	the investigation; or
2137	(ii) an agent, parent, or legal guardian of the person described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
2138	(b) A law enforcement agency responding to a request under Subsection (2)(a) may:
2139	(i) withhold a portion of the DUI investigative report if disclosure would materially
2140	prejudice an ongoing criminal investigation or criminal prosecution;
2141	(ii) redact or withhold any privileged information;
2142	(iii) redact an individual's phone number or address, if disclosure of the individual's
2143	phone number or address may endanger an individual's physical safety; or
2144	(iv) provide the DUI investigative report subject to an agreement that limits the
2145	recipient's use of the DUI investigative report to use solely for the purpose of pursuing a civil
2146	claim related to the incident.
2147	(3) A law enforcement agency may charge a reasonable fee to cover the cost incurred
2148	by disclosing a DUI investigative report in accordance with this section.
2149	Section 46. Section 53-28-101 is enacted to read:
2150	CHAPTER 28. PLACE OF LAST DRINK PROGRAM
2151	<u>53-28-101.</u> Definitions.
2152	(1) "Alcohol-related law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in
2153	Section 32B-1-201.
2154	(2) "Alcohol-related traffic stop" means a traffic stop that results in an individual being
2155	arrested for an offense described in Subsection 41-6a-501(2)(a) related to alcohol.
2156	(3) "Alcoholic beverage" means the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-102.
2157	(4) "Place of last drink" means the location where an individual obtains and consumes
2158	the last alcoholic beverage before the individual is the subject of an alcohol-related traffic stop.
2159	(5) "Retail licensee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-102.
2160	Section 47. Section <b>53-28-102</b> is enacted to read:
2161	53-28-102. Place of last drink reporting requirements.
2162	(1) The department shall establish a program in accordance with this chapter to:
2163	(a) identify when an individual's place of last drink is a retail licensee; and
2164	(h) officiently shows information with also had related law enforcement officers shout
2107	(b) efficiently share information with alcohol-related law enforcement officers about

2165	each retail licensee that is an individual's place of last drink for the purpose of allowing the
2166	alcohol-related law enforcement officers to investigate a possible violation of Section
2167	<u>32B-5-306.</u>
2168	(2) In developing the program described in this section, the department shall coordinate
2169	with and take input from the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services created in Section
2170	<u>32B-2-203.</u>
2171	(3) Before November 1, 2025, the department shall provide a written report to the
2172	Criminal Justice and Law Enforcement Interim Committee that describes how the department
2173	implemented the program, the extent to which the program accomplishes the objectives
2174	described in Subsection (1), and any planned or recommended changes.
2175	Section 48. Section <b>59-15-101</b> is amended to read:
2176	59-15-101. Tax basis Rate.
2177	(1) As used in this chapter, "beer" means:
2178	(a) beer as defined in Section 32B-1-102; or
2179	(b) heavy beer as defined in Section 32B-1-102.
2180	(2) (a) A tax is imposed at the rate specified in [Subsection (1)(b) on all beer, as
2181	defined in Section 32B-1-102, Subsection (2)(b) on beer that is imported or manufactured for
2182	sale, use, or distribution in this state.
2183	[(b) The tax described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be imposed at a rate of:]
2184	[(i) \$11 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured:]
2185	[(A) before July 1, 2003; and]
2186	[(B) for sale, use, or distribution in this state; and]
2187	[(ii) \$13.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured:]
2188	[(A) on or after July 1, 2003; and]
2189	[(B) for sale, use, or distribution in this state.]
2190	(b) The rate of the tax imposed under this Subsection (2) is:
2191	(i) \$13.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured before July 1, 2024;
2192	(ii) \$13.35 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2193	2024, and before July 1, 2025;
2194	(iii) \$13.60 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2195	2025, and before July 1, 2026;

2196	(iv) \$13.85 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2197	2026, and before July 1, 2027; and
2198	(v) \$14.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2199	<u>2027.</u>
2200	(c) The tax imposed under this Subsection [ <del>(1)</del> ] <u>(2)</u> :
2201	(i) shall be imposed at a proportionate rate for:
2202	(A) any quantity of beer other than a 31-gallon barrel; or
2203	(B) the fractional parts of a 31-gallon barrel; and
2204	(ii) may not be imposed more than once on the same beer.
2205	$\left[\frac{(2)}{3}\right]$ A tax may not be imposed on beer:
2206	(a) sold to the United States and its agencies; or
2207	(b) (i) manufactured or imported for sale, use, or distribution outside the state; and
2208	(ii) exported from the state.
2209	Section 49. Section <b>59-15-109</b> is amended to read:
2210	59-15-109. Commission to deposit beer tax revenue.
2211	(1) [Except as provided in Subsection (2), taxes collected under this chapter shall be
2212	paid by the commission to the state treasurer daily for deposit] Except as provided in
2213	Subsections (2) and (3), the commission shall deposit revenue collected under this chapter as
2214	follows:
2215	(a) the greater of the following shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage
2216	Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-403:
2217	(i) an amount calculated by:
2218	(A) determining an amount equal to 50% of the revenue collected for the fiscal year
2219	two years preceding the fiscal year for which the deposit is made; and
2220	(B) subtracting \$30,000 from the amount determined under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A); or
2221	(ii) \$4,350,000; and
2222	(b) the revenue collected in excess of the amount deposited in accordance with
2223	Subsection (1)(a) shall be deposited into the General Fund.
2224	(2) The [state treasurer] commission shall annually deposit into the Alcoholic Beverage
2225	Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-403 an amount equal
2226	to the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed

2227	under Section 59-15-101 that [exceeds] is equal to:
2228	[(a) \$12.80 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured:]
2229	[(i) on or after July 1, 2003; and]
2230	[(ii) for sale, use, or distribution in this state; and]
2231	(a) \$0.30 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2232	2003; and
2233	(b) a proportionate rate to the rate described in Subsection (2)(a) for:
2234	(i) any quantity of beer other than a 31-gallon barrel; or
2235	(ii) the fractional parts of a 31-gallon barrel.
2236	(3) Beginning fiscal year 2024-25, the commission shall annually deposit into the
2237	Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund created in Section 32B-2-305 an amount
2238	equal to the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax
2239	imposed under Section 59-15-101 that exceeds:
2240	(a) \$13.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2241	2024; and
2242	(b) a proportionate rate to the rate described in Subsection (3)(a) for:
2243	(i) any quantity of beer other than a 31-gallon barrel; or
2244	(ii) the fractional parts of a 31-gallon barrel.
2245	[(3)] (4) (a) The commission shall notify the entities described in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$
2246	(4)(b) not later than the September 1 preceding the fiscal year of the deposit of:
2247	(i) the amount of the proceeds of the beer excise tax collected in accordance with this
2248	section for the fiscal year two years preceding the fiscal year of deposit; and
2249	(ii) an amount equal to 50% of the amount listed in Subsection $[(3)(a)(i)]$ $(4)(b)(i)$ .
2250	(b) The notification required by Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ $(4)(a)$ shall be sent to:
2251	(i) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget; and
2252	(ii) the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
2253	Section 50. Section 63I-2-232 is amended to read:
2254	63I-2-232. Repeal dates: Title 32B.
2255	(1) Subsection 32B-1-603.5(7), regarding the Department of Alcoholic Beverage
2256	Services' review of beer that is sold or distributed in the state, is repealed December 31, 2024
2257	(2) Subsection 32B-2-205(4), which creates a workgroup to make recommendations

## 2nd Sub. (Gray) H.B. 548

## 02-23-24 3:34 PM

2258	regarding training and record keeping for certain cash transactions, is repealed January 1, 2025.
2259	Section 51. Repealer.
2260	This bill repeals:
2261	Section 32B-2-210, Alcoholic Beverage Services Advisory Board.
2262	Section 52. Effective date.
2263	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024