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ALCOHOL AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton

5	Senate Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to alcohol.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 creates an exception to the proximity requirements for an outlet or restaurant located
13	within a specified area;
14	 requires the director of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services to form a
15	workgroup to make recommendations related to:
16	 alcohol training and education for licensees; and
17	 recordkeeping for certain cash transactions involving the sale of an alcoholic
18	beverage;
19	 authorizes the department to establish a round up program, under which a state store
20	customer could elect to round up the customer's purchase to the nearest dollar for
21	deposit into the Pamela Atkinson Homeless Account;
22	 increases the state markup on spirituous liquor, wine, and flavored malt beverages;
23	 clarifies the markup on spirituous liquor, wine, heavy beer, and flavored malt
24	beverages sold by a package agency located at a manufacturing facility;

• increases the tax on beer and uses the additional revenue to fund three new



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- alcohol-related law enforcement officers who are dedicated to compliance;
- prohibits a state store or off-premise beer retailer from selling liquor or beer that is intended to be frozen and consumed in a manner other than as a beverage;
 - prohibits a state store or package agency from selling liquor that contains more than
 80% alcohol by volume;
 - requires the department to initiate disciplinary proceedings under certain circumstances;
 - prohibits a person from selling in the state vaporized alcohol;
- requires the commission to issue any available retail license, including through a conditional retail license, if an applicant satisfies the requirements for the retail license;
 - ▶ allows a retail licensee to sell, offer for sale, or furnish spirituous liquor in a pre-mixed beverage, if the beverage is in the original, sealed container and satisfies other requirements, including requirements related to volume, alcohol content, and labeling;
 - ► increases the number of full-service restaurant and bar establishment licenses the commission is authorized to issue;
 - requires the department to prorate the initial licensing fee for retail licenses;
 - decreases the required capacity of a sports facility or concert venue to qualify as a recreational amenity for purposes of an on-premise beer retailer license;
 - ▶ provides that a patron in a hotel with a hotel license or resort license may carry an alcoholic beverage between specified locations within the hotel, provided the patron travels within a designated conveyance area and the alcoholic beverage is in an approved container;
 - ▶ allows an entity that is not an airline to obtain a public service permit for the purpose of operating a hospitality room at an international airport;
 - modifies the required showing for prima facie evidence of dram shop liability;
 - ► allows an individual to obtain a DUI investigative report if the individual suffered loss or injury as a result of the defendant's actions;
- establishes a place of last drink program, operated by the Department of Public
 Safety;

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57	clarifies that the beer tax applies to beer and heavy beer;
58	 repeals the Alcoholic Beverage Services Advisory Board; and
59	makes technical and conforming changes.
60	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
61	None
62	Other Special Clauses:
63	This bill provides a coordination clause.
64	Utah Code Sections Affected:
65	AMENDS:
66	32B-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
67	32B-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
68	32B-2-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
69	32B-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
70	32B-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 396
71	32B-2-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 307, 334
72	32B-2-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
73	32B-3-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
74	32B-4-422, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
75	32B-4-424, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 54
76	32B-4-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 455
77	32B-5-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
78	32B-5-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
79	32B-6-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
80	32B-6-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 455
81	32B-6-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
82	32B-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 249, 313
83	32B-6-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 82
84	32B-6-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 349
85	32B-6-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
86	32B-6-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 455
87	32B-6-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334

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              32B-6-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
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              32B-6-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 371, 400
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              32B-6-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
 91
              32B-6-705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter 2
 92
              32B-6-804, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
 93
              32B-6-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 403
 94
              32B-6-904, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 1
 95
              32B-6-1004, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 291
 96
              32B-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
              32B-8-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
 97
 98
              32B-8-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
 99
              32B-8-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
100
              32B-8-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
101
              32B-8b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
102
              32B-8b-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
103
              32B-8b-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
104
              32B-8b-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
105
              32B-8d-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
              32B-10-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
106
107
              32B-10-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 6
108
              32B-10-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 6
109
              32B-15-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 400
110
              59-15-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 336
111
              59-15-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 396
112
              63I-2-232, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 371
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       ENACTS:
114
              32B-2-213, Utah Code Annotated 1953
115
              41-6a-531, Utah Code Annotated 1953
116
              53-28-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
117
              53-28-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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       REPEALS:
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Utah Code Sections Affected By Coordination Clause:
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 32B-1-202 is amended to read:
32B-1-202. Proximity to community location.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Designated project area zone" means the area that is:
(i) bounded by:
(A) South Temple Street;
(B) 100 South Street;
(C) West Temple Street; and
(D) 400 West Street; and
(ii) within a project area as defined in Section 63N-3-1301.
[(a)] <u>(b)</u> (i) "Outlet" means:
(A) a state store;
(B) a package agency; or
(C) a retail licensee.
(ii) "Outlet" does not include:
(A) an airport lounge licensee; or
(B) a restaurant.
[(b)] (c) "Restaurant" means:
(i) a full-service restaurant licensee;
(ii) a limited-service restaurant licensee;
(iii) a beer-only restaurant licensee; or
(iv) a restaurant venue on-premise banquet licensee.
(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section or Section 32B-1-202.1, the
commission may not issue a license for an outlet if, on the date the commission takes final
action to approve or deny the application, there is a community location:
(i) within 600 feet of the proposed outlet, as measured from the nearest patron
entrance of the proposed outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to

32B-2-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447

the property boundary of the community location; or

- (ii) within 200 feet of the proposed outlet, measured in a straight line from the nearest patron entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary of the community location.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section or Section 32B-1-202.1, the commission may not issue a license for a restaurant if, on the date the commission takes final action to approve or deny the application, there is a community location:
- (i) within 300 feet of the proposed restaurant, as measured from the nearest patron entrance of the proposed restaurant by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location; or
- (ii) within 200 feet of the proposed restaurant, measured in a straight line from the nearest patron entrance of the proposed restaurant to the nearest property boundary of the community location.
- (3) (a) For an outlet or a restaurant that holds a license on May 9, 2017, and operates under a previously approved variance to one or more proximity requirements in effect before May 9, 2017, subject to the other provisions of this title, that outlet or restaurant, or another outlet or restaurant with the same type of license as that outlet or restaurant, may operate under the previously approved variance regardless of whether:
 - (i) the outlet or restaurant changes ownership;
 - (ii) the property on which the outlet or restaurant is located changes ownership; or
- (iii) there is a lapse in the use of the property as an outlet or a restaurant with the same type of license, unless during the lapse, the property is used for a different purpose.
- (b) An outlet or a restaurant that has continuously operated at a location since before January 1, 2007, is considered to have a previously approved variance.
- (4) An outlet or restaurant that holds a license on May 12, 2020, and operates in accordance with the proximity requirements in effect at the time the commission issued the license or operates under a previously approved variance described in Subsection (3), subject to the other provisions of this title, that outlet or restaurant or an outlet or a restaurant with the same type of license as that outlet or restaurant may operate at the premises regardless of whether:
 - (a) the outlet or restaurant changes ownership;

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- 181 (b) the property on which the outlet or restaurant is located changes ownership; or 182 (c) there is a lapse of one year or less in the use of the property as an outlet or a 183 restaurant with the same type of license, unless during the lapse the property is used for a 184 different purpose. 185 (5) (a) If, after an outlet or a restaurant obtains a license under this title, a person 186 establishes a community location on a property that puts the outlet or restaurant in violation of 187 the proximity requirements in effect at the time the license is issued or a previously approved 188 variance described in Subsection (3), subject to the other provisions of this title, that outlet or 189 restaurant, or an outlet or a restaurant with the same type of license as that outlet or restaurant, 190 may operate at the premises regardless of whether: 191 (i) the outlet or restaurant changes ownership; 192 (ii) the property on which the outlet or restaurant is located changes ownership; or 193 (iii) there is a lapse in the use of the property as an outlet or a restaurant with the same 194 type of license, unless during the lapse the property is used for a different purpose. 195 (b) The provisions of this Subsection (5) apply regardless of when the outlet's or 196 restaurant's license is issued. 197 (6) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2) do not apply if the 198 proposed outlet or proposed restaurant and the community location are located within the 199 boundaries of a designated project area zone. [(6)] (7) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the 200 201 proximity of an educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in 202 reaching a decision on a proposed location of an outlet. 203 Section 2. Section **32B-1-304** is amended to read: 204 32B-1-304. Qualifications for a package agency, license, or permit -- Minors. 205 206 agency, license, or permit to a person who has been convicted of:
 - (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), the commission may not issue a package
 - (i) within seven years before the day on which the commission issues the package agency, license, or permit, a felony under a federal law or state law;
 - (ii) within four years before the day on which the commission issues the package agency, license, or permit:
 - (A) a violation of a federal law, state law, or local ordinance concerning the sale, offer

212	for sale, warehousing, manufacture, distribution, transportation, or adulteration of an alcoholic
213	product; or
214	(B) a crime involving moral turpitude; or
215	(iii) on two or more occasions within the five years before the day on which the
216	package agency, license, or permit is issued, driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or
217	the combined influence of alcohol and drugs.
218	(b) If the person is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, the
219	proscription under Subsection (1)(a) applies if any of the following has been convicted of an
220	offense described in Subsection (1)(a):
221	(i) a partner;
222	(ii) a managing agent;
223	(iii) a manager;
224	(iv) an officer;
225	(v) a director;
226	(vi) a stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of
227	the corporation; or
228	(vii) a member who owns at least 20% of the limited liability company.
229	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (7), the proscription under Subsection (1)(a)
230	applies if a person who is employed to act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for a
231	package agency, licensee, or permittee has been convicted of an offense described in
232	Subsection (1)(a).
233	(2) Except as described in Section 32B-8-501, the commission may immediately
234	suspend or revoke a package agency, license, or permit, and terminate a package agency
235	agreement, if a person described in Subsection (1):
236	(a) after the day on which the package agency, license, or permit is issued, is found to
237	have been convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a) before the package agency,
238	license, or permit is issued; or
239	(b) on or after the day on which the package agency, license, or permit is issued:
240	(i) is convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii); or
241	(ii) (A) is convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined
242	influence of alcohol and drugs; and

- (B) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol and drugs within five years before the day on which the person is convicted of the offense described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A).
- (3) Except as described in Section 32B-8-501, the director may take emergency action by immediately suspending the operation of the package agency, licensee, or permittee for the period during which a criminal matter is being adjudicated if a person described in Subsection (1):
 - (a) is arrested on a charge for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii); or
- (b) (i) is arrested on a charge for the offense of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol and drugs; and
- (ii) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol and drugs within five years before the day on which the person is arrested on a charge described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
- (4) (a) (i) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a person who has had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
- (ii) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if a partner, managing agent, manager, officer, director, stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the corporation, or member who owns at least 20% of the limited liability company is or was:
- (A) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years;
- (B) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds or held at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of any corporation that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or
- (C) a manager or member who owns or owned at least 20% of a limited liability company that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
- (b) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following had any type of

- agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked while acting in that person's individual capacity within the last three years:
 - (i) a partner or managing agent of a partnership;
 - (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation; or
 - (iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of a limited liability company.
 - (c) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a person acting in an individual capacity if that person was:
 - (i) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years;
 - (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who held at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or
 - (iii) a manager or member who owned at least 20% of the limited liability company that had any type of agency, license, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
 - (5) (a) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a minor.
 - (b) The commission may not issue a package agency, license, or permit to a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following is a minor:
 - (i) a partner or managing agent of the partnership;
 - (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the corporation; or
 - (iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of the limited liability company.
 - (c) For purposes of Subsection (5)(b), the commission may not consider a minor's position with or ownership interest in an entity that has an ownership interest in the entity that is applying for the package agency, license, or permit unless the minor would exercise direct decision-making control over the package agency, license, or permit.
 - (6) Except as described in Section 32B-8-501, if a package agent, licensee, or permittee no longer possesses the qualifications required by this title for obtaining a package agency, license, or permit, the commission may terminate the package agency agreement, or revoke the license or permit.

503	(7) (a) If the licensee is a resort licensee:
306	(i) Subsection (1)(a) only applies if an individual listed in Subsection (1)(b) engages in
307	the management of the resort, as the commission defines in rule; and
308	(ii) Subsection (1)(c) only applies to an individual employed to act in a supervisory or
309	managerial capacity for the resort licensee or in relation to a sublicense of the resort license.
310	(b) If the permittee is a public service permittee under Chapter 10, Special Use Permit
311	Act:
312	(i) Subsection (1)(a) only applies if an individual listed in Subsection (1)(b) engages in
313	the management of the [airline, railroad, or other public conveyance] public service permittee,
314	as the commission defines in rule; and
315	(ii) Subsection (1)(c) only applies to an individual employed to act in a supervisory or
316	managerial capacity for the public service permittee.
317	Section 3. Section 32B-2-205 is amended to read:
318	32B-2-205. Director of alcoholic beverage services.
319	(1) (a) In accordance with Subsection (1)(b), the governor, with the advice and consent
320	of the Senate, shall appoint a director of alcoholic beverage services to a four-year term. The
321	director may be appointed to more than one four-year term. The director is the administrative
322	head of the department.
323	(b) (i) The governor shall appoint the director from nominations made by the
324	commission.
325	(ii) The commission shall submit the nomination of three individuals to the governor
326	for appointment of the director.
327	(iii) By no later than 30 calendar days from the day on which the governor receives the
328	three nominations submitted by the commission, the governor may:
329	(A) appoint the director; or
330	(B) reject the three nominations.
331	(iv) If the governor rejects the nominations or fails to take action within the 30-day
332	period, the commission shall nominate three different individuals from which the governor may
333	appoint the director or reject the nominations until such time as the governor appoints the
334	director.
335	(v) The governor may reappoint the director without seeking nominations from the

336	commission. Reappointment of a director is subject to the advice and consent of the Senate.
337	(c) (i) If there is a vacancy in the position of director, during the nomination process
338	described in Subsection (1)(b), the governor may appoint an interim director for a period of up
339	to 30 calendar days.
340	(ii) If a director is not appointed within the 30-day period, the interim director may
341	continue to serve beyond the 30-day period subject to the advice and consent of the Senate at
342	the next scheduled time for the Senate giving consent to appointments of the governor.
343	(iii) Except that if the Senate does not act on the consent to the appointment of the
344	interim director within 60 days of the end of the initial 30-day period, the interim director may
345	continue as the interim director.
346	(d) The director may be terminated by:
347	(i) the commission by a vote of four commissioners; or
348	(ii) the governor after consultation with the commission.
349	(e) The director may not be a commissioner.
350	(f) The director shall:
351	(i) be qualified in administration;
352	(ii) be knowledgeable by experience and training in the field of business management;
353	and
354	(iii) possess any other qualification prescribed by the commission.
355	(2) The governor shall establish the director's compensation within the salary range
356	fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation.
357	(3) The director shall:
358	(a) carry out the policies of the commission;
359	(b) carry out the policies of the department;
360	(c) fully inform the commission of the operations and administrative activities of the
361	department; and
362	(d) assist the commission in the proper discharge of the commission's duties.
363	(4) (a) The director shall form a workgoup that includes representatives from the
364	following:
365	(i) the department;
366	(ii) the Division of Integrated Healthcare created in Section 26B-1-202;

30/	(iii) the Department of Public Safety created in Section 33-10-103;
368	(iv) the retail alcohol industry;
369	(v) the bar or restaurant industry;
370	(vi) organizations related to alcohol and drug abuse prevention, alcohol or drug related
371	enforcement, or alcohol or drug related education; and
372	(vii) any other organization or industry the director determines beneficial.
373	(b) (i) The workgroup shall study and make recommendations to:
374	(A) improve the efficacy of the alcohol training and education described in Section
375	26B-5-205, including recommendations related to the curriculum, development, provider, and
376	delivery; and
377	(B) maintain appropriate records of cash sale transactions in bar establishments.
378	(ii) The workgoup shall ensure that the workgroup's recommendations under
379	Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A) include a focus on improving training with respect to laws governing
380	the responsible sale and service of alcohol.
381	(c) No later than September 1, 2024, the workgroup shall provide written
382	recommendations as provided in this Subsection (4) to the Business and Labor Interim
383	Committee.
384	Section 4. Section 32B-2-213 is enacted to read:
385	32B-2-213. Round up program.
386	(1) The department may establish a round up program under which an individual who
387	makes a purchase at a state store may elect to round the purchase price up to the nearest dollar.
388	(2) The department shall deposit money the department collects under Subsection (1)
389	into the Pamela Atkinson Homeless Account created in Section 35A-16-301.
390	Section 5. Section 32B-2-304 is amended to read:
391	32B-2-304. Liquor price Remittance of markup School lunch program
392	Remittance of markup.
393	(1) For purposes of this section:
394	(a) (i) "Landed case cost" means the sum of:
395	(A) the cost of the product; [and]
396	(B) inbound shipping costs [incurred by the department.] the department incurs; and
397	(C) case handling costs the department incurs.

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landed case cost to the department if:

398 (ii) "Landed case cost" does not include the outbound shipping cost from a warehouse 399 of the department to a state store. 400 (b) "Proof gallon" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 5002. 401 (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4): 402 (a) spirituous liquor sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount not less than [88%] 88.5% above the landed case cost to the department; 403 404 (b) wine sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount not 405 less than $\lceil 88\% \rceil$ 88.5% above the landed case cost to the department: 406 (c) heavy beer sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount 407 not less than 66.5% above the landed case cost to the department; and 408 (d) a flavored malt beverage sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 409 in an amount not less than [88%] 88.5% above the landed case cost to the department. 410 (3) (a) Liquor sold by the department to a military installation in Utah shall be marked 411 up in an amount not less than 17% above the landed case cost to the department. 412 (b) Except for spirituous liquor sold by the department to a military installation in 413 Utah, spirituous liquor that is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 49% 414 above the landed case cost to the department if: 415 (i) the spirituous liquor is manufactured by a manufacturer producing less than 30,000 416 proof gallons of spirituous liquor in a calendar year; and 417 (ii) the manufacturer applies to the department for a reduced markup. 418 (c) Except for wine sold by the department to a military installation in Utah, wine that is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 49% above the landed case cost to 419 420 the department if: 421 (i) (A) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), the wine is manufactured by a 422 manufacturer producing less than 20,000 gallons of wine in a calendar year; or 423 (B) for hard cider, the hard cider is manufactured by a manufacturer producing less 424 than 620,000 gallons of hard cider in a calendar year; and 425 (ii) the manufacturer applies to the department for a reduced markup.

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(d) Except for heavy beer sold by the department to a military installation in Utah,

heavy beer that is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 32% above the

429	(1) a small brewer manufactures the heavy beer; and
430	(ii) the small brewer applies to the department for a reduced markup.
431	(e) The department shall:
432	(i) for purposes of Subsections (3)(b) and (c), calculate the production amount of a
433	manufacturer:
434	(A) by, if the manufacturer is part of a controlled group of manufacturers, including the
435	combined volume totals of spirituous liquor, wine, or cider, as applicable, for all manufacturers
436	that constitute the controlled group of manufacturers; and
437	(B) without considering the manufacturer's production of any other type of alcoholic
438	product; and
439	(ii) verify that a manufacturer meets a production amount described in Subsection
440	(3)(b) or (c) and the production amount of a small brewer [pursuant to] under a federal or other
441	verifiable production report.
442	(f) A manufacturer seeking to obtain a reduced markup under Subsection (3)(b), (c), or
443	(d), shall provide to the department any documentation or information the department
444	determines necessary to determine if the manufacturer is part of a controlled group of
445	manufacturers.
446	(g) The department may, at any time, revoke a reduced markup granted to a
447	manufacturer under Subsection (3)(b), (c), or (d), if the department determines the
448	manufacturer no longer qualifies for the reduced markup.
449	(4) Wine the department purchases on behalf of a subscriber through the wine
450	subscription program established in Section 32B-2-702 shall be marked up not less than [88%]
451	88.5% above the cost of the subscription for the interval in which the wine is purchased.
452	(5) The department shall deposit 10% of the total gross revenue from sales of liquor
453	with the state treasurer to be credited to the Uniform School Fund and used to support the
454	school meals program administered by the State Board of Education under Section 53E-3-510.
455	(6) (a) Each month, the department shall collect from each package agency located at a
456	manufacturing facility owned or operated by a person licensed under Chapter 11,
457	Manufacturing and Related Licenses Act, 12.295% of the package agency's reported monthly
458	revenue and deposit the money as follows:
459	(i) 1.695% of the reported monthly revenue into the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act

460	Enforcement Fund;
461	(ii) 10% of the reported monthly revenue into the Uniform School Fund and used to
462	support the school meals program administered by the State Board of Education under Section
463	53E-3-510; and
464	(iii) 0.60% of the reported monthly revenue into the Underage Drinking Prevention
465	Media and Education Campaign Restricted Account.
466	(b) The department may collect a fee established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504
467	from a package agency described in this subsection to cover the costs of regulation.
468	[(6)] (7) This section does not prohibit the department from selling discontinued items
469	at a discount.
470	(8) The Legislature shall annually appropriate to support substance use disorder
471	treatment services, an amount equal to the revenue generated from a 0.5% markup above the
472	landed case cost to the department on spirituous liquor
473	Section 6. Section 32B-2-305 is amended to read:
474	32B-2-305. Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund.
475	(1) As used in this section:
476	(a) "Alcohol-related law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in
477	Section 32B-1-201.
478	(b) "Drug-related law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer employed
479	by the Department of Public Safety who has enforcement of drug-related offenses as a primary
480	responsibility.
481	(c) "Enforcement ratio" means the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-201.
482	(d) "Fund" means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund created in
483	this section.
484	(e) "SBI drug-related law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer
485	employed by the State Bureau of Investigation within the Department of Public Safety who has
486	investigation of drug-related offenses as a primary responsibility.
487	(f) "Social worker" means an individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Part 2,
488	Social Worker Licensing Act, and employed by the Department of Public Safety who has
489	provision of caseworker services to individuals under 21 years old as a primary responsibility.
490	(2) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the "Alcoholic

491	Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund."
492	(3) (a) The fund consists of:
493	(i) deposits made under Subsection (4); [and]
494	(ii) deposits made under Section 59-15-109; and
495	[(iii)] (iii) interest earned on the fund.
496	(b) (i) The fund shall earn interest.
497	(ii) Interest on the fund shall be deposited into the fund.
498	(4) After the deposit made under Section 32B-2-304 for the school lunch program, the
499	department shall deposit 1.695% of the total gross revenue from the sale of liquor with the state
500	treasurer to be credited to the fund [to be:].
501	(5) The deposits made under Subsection (4) and Section 59-15-109 shall be:
502	(a) used by the Department of Public Safety as provided in Subsection [(5)] (6); and
503	(b) reallocated to the General Fund as described in Subsection [(6)] (7).
504	[(5)] (6) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall expend money from the fund to:
505	(i) supplement appropriations by the Legislature so that the Department of Public
506	Safety maintains a sufficient number of alcohol-related law enforcement officers such that each
507	year the enforcement ratio as of July 1 is equal to or less than the number specified in Section
508	32B-1-201; and
509	(ii) maintain at least:
510	(A) 10 drug-related law enforcement officers;
511	(B) eight SBI drug-related law enforcement officers; [and]
512	(C) two social workers[-]; and
513	(D) three additional alcohol-related law enforcement officers who are dedicated to
514	compliance or enforcement of this title.
515	(b) Four of the alcohol-related law enforcement officers described in Subsection
516	$[\frac{(5)(a)(i)}{(6)(a)(i)}]$ shall have as a primary focus the enforcement of this title in relationship to
517	restaurants.
518	[(6)] (7) For fiscal year 2023, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the General
519	Fund \$3 million of unspent money in the fund.
520	Section 7. Section 32B-2-503 is amended to read:
521	32B-2-503. Operational requirements for a state store.

522	(1) (a) A state store shall display in a prominent place in the store a sign in large letters
523	that consists of text in the following order:
524	(i) a header that reads: "WARNING";
525	(ii) a warning statement that reads: "Drinking alcoholic beverages during pregnancy
526	can cause birth defects and permanent brain damage for the child.";
527	(iii) a statement in smaller font that reads: "Call the Utah Department of Health at
528	[insert most current toll-free number] with questions or for more information.";
529	(iv) a header that reads: "WARNING"; and
530	(v) a warning statement that reads: "Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a
531	serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
532	(b) (i) The text described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii) shall be in a different
533	font style than the text described in Subsections (1)(a)(iv) and (v).
534	(ii) The warning statements in the sign described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be in the
535	same font size.
536	(c) The Department of Health shall work with the commission and department to
537	facilitate consistency in the format of a sign required under this section.
538	(2) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor except at a price fixed by
539	the commission.
540	(3) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor to:
541	(a) a minor;
542	(b) a person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
543	(c) a known interdicted person; or
544	(d) a known habitual drunkard.
545	(4) (a) A state store employee may not:
546	(i) consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a state store; or
547	(ii) allow any person to consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a state store.
548	(b) A violation of this Subsection (4) is a class B misdemeanor.
549	(5) (a) Sale or delivery of liquor may not be made on or from the premises of a state
550	store, and a state store may not be kept open for the sale of liquor:
551	(i) on Sunday; or
552	(ii) on a state or federal legal holiday.

553	(b) Sale or delivery of liquor may be made on or from the premises of a state store, and
554	a state store may be open for the sale of liquor, only on a day and during hours that the
555	commission directs by rule or order.
556	(6) (a) A minor may not be admitted into, or be on the premises of, a state store unless
557	accompanied by a person who is:
558	(i) 21 years of age or older; and
559	(ii) the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse.
560	(b) A state store employee that has reason to believe that a person who is on the
561	premises of a state store is under the age of 21 and is not accompanied by a person described in
562	Subsection (6)(a) may:
563	(i) ask the suspected minor for proof of age;
564	(ii) ask the person who accompanies the suspected minor for proof of age; and
565	(iii) ask the suspected minor or the person who accompanies the suspected minor for
566	proof of parental, guardianship, or spousal relationship.
567	(c) A state store employee shall refuse to sell liquor to the suspected minor and to the
568	person who accompanies the suspected minor into the state store if the suspected minor or
569	person fails to provide information specified in Subsection (6)(b).
570	(d) A state store employee shall require a suspected minor and the person who
571	accompanies the suspected minor into the state store to immediately leave the premises of the
572	state store if the suspected minor or person fails to provide information specified in Subsection
573	(6)(b).
574	(7) (a) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor except in a sealed
575	container.
576	(b) A person may not open a sealed container on the premises of a state store.
577	(8) On or after October 1, 2011, a state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish
578	heavy beer in a sealed container that exceeds two liters.
579	(9) A state store may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish:
580	(a) liquor that is intended to be frozen and consumed in manner other than as a
581	beverage, including liquor in the form of a freeze pop, popsicle, ice cream, or sorbet; or
582	(b) liquor that contains more than 80% alcohol by volume.
583	Section 8 Section 32R-2-605 is amended to read:

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(f) A package agent shall:

a package agency; and

584	32B-2-605. Operational requirements for package agency.
585	(1) (a) A person may not operate a package agency until a package agency agreement is
586	entered into by the package agent and the department.
587	(b) A package agency agreement shall state the conditions of operation by which the
588	package agent and the department are bound.
589	(c) (i) If a package agent or staff of the package agent violates this title, rules under this
590	title, or the package agency agreement, the department may take any action against the package
591	agent that is allowed by the package agency agreement.
592	(ii) An action against a package agent is governed solely by its package agency
593	agreement and may include suspension or revocation of the package agency.
594	(iii) A package agency agreement shall provide procedures to be followed if a package
595	agent fails to pay money owed to the department including a procedure for replacing the
596	package agent or operator of the package agency.
597	(iv) A package agency agreement shall provide that the package agency is subject to
598	covert investigations for selling an alcoholic product to a minor.
599	(v) Notwithstanding that this part refers to "package agency" or "package agent," staff
600	of the package agency or package agent is subject to the same requirement or prohibition.
601	(2) (a) A package agency shall be operated by an individual who is either:
602	(i) the package agent; or
603	(ii) an individual designated by the package agent.
604	(b) An individual who is a designee under this Subsection (2) shall be:
605	(i) an employee of the package agent; and
606	(ii) responsible for the operation of the package agency.
607	(c) The conduct of the designee is attributable to the package agent.
608	(d) A package agent shall submit the name of the person operating the package agency
609	to the department for the department's approval.
610	(e) A package agent shall state the name and title of a designee on the application for a
611	package agency.

(i) inform the department of a proposed change in the individual designated to operate

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615 (ii) receive prior approval from the department before implementing the change 616 described in this Subsection (2)(f). 617 (g) Failure to comply with the requirements of this Subsection (2) may result in the 618 immediate termination of a package agency agreement. 619 (3) (a) A package agent shall display in a prominent place in the package agency the 620 record issued by the commission that designates the package agency. 621 (b) A package agent that displays or stores liquor at a location visible to the public 622 shall display in a prominent place in the package agency a sign in large letters that consists of 623 text in the following order: 624 (i) a header that reads: "WARNING"; 625 (ii) a warning statement that reads: "Drinking alcoholic beverages during pregnancy 626 can cause birth defects and permanent brain damage for the child."; 627 (iii) a statement in smaller font that reads: "Call the Utah Department of Health at 628 [insert most current toll-free number] with questions or for more information."; 629 (iv) a header that reads: "WARNING"; and 630 (v) a warning statement that reads: "Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a 631 serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah." 632 (c) (i) The text described in Subsections (3)(b)(i) through (iii) shall be in a different 633 font style than the text described in Subsections (3)(b)(iv) and (v). 634 (ii) The warning statements in the sign described in Subsection (3)(b) shall be in the 635 same font size. 636 (d) The Department of Health and Human Services shall work with the commission 637 and department to facilitate consistency in the format of a sign required under this section. 638 (4) A package agency may not display liquor or a price list in a window or showcase 639 that is visible to passersby. 640 (5) (a) A package agency may not purchase liquor from a person except from the 641 department. 642 (b) At the discretion of the department, the department may provide liquor to a package 643 agency for sale on consignment.

(6) A package agency may not store, sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor in a place

other than as designated in the package agent's application, unless the package agent first

646	applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the
647	package agency premises.
648	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a package agency may not sell, offer
649	for sale, or furnish liquor except at a price fixed by the commission.
650	(b) A package agency may provide as room service one alcoholic product free of
651	charge per guest reservation, per guest room, if:
652	(i) the package agency is the type of package agency that authorizes the package
653	agency to sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product as part of room service;
654	(ii) staff of the package agency provides the alcoholic product:
655	(A) in person; and
656	(B) only to an adult guest in the guest room;
657	(iii) staff of the package agency does not leave the alcoholic product outside a guest
658	room for retrieval by a guest; and
659	(iv) the alcoholic product:
660	(A) is not a spirituous liquor; and
661	(B) is in an unopened container not to exceed 750 milliliters.
662	(8) A package agency may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor to:
663	(a) a minor;
664	(b) a person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
665	(c) a known interdicted person; or
666	(d) a known habitual drunkard.
667	(9) (a) A package agency may not employ a minor to handle liquor.
668	(b) (i) Staff of a package agency may not:
669	(A) consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a package agency; or
670	(B) allow any person to consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a package
671	agency.
672	(ii) Violation of this Subsection (9)(b) is a class B misdemeanor.
673	(10) (a) A package agency may not close or cease operation for a period longer than 72
674	hours, unless:
675	(i) the package agency notifies the department in writing at least seven days before the
676	day on which the package agency closes or ceases operation; and

677 (ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department. 678 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), in the case of emergency closure, a package 679 agency shall immediately notify the department by telephone. 680 (c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period 681 not to exceed 60 days. 682 (ii) The department may extend the initial period described in Subsection (10)(c)(i) an 683 additional 30 days upon written request of the package agency and upon a showing of good 684 cause. 685 (iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without commission approval. 686 687 (d) The notice required by Subsection (10)(a) shall include: 688 (i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation; 689 (ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and 690 (iii) the date on which the package agency will reopen or resume operation. 691 (e) Failure of a package agency to provide notice and to obtain department 692 authorization before closure or cessation of operation results in an automatic termination of the 693 package agency agreement effective immediately. 694 (f) Failure of a package agency to reopen or resume operation by the approved date 695 results in an automatic termination of the package agency agreement effective on that date. 696 (11) A package agency may not transfer the package agency's operations from one 697 location to another location without prior written approval of the commission. 698 (12) (a) A person, having been issued a package agency, may not sell, transfer, assign, 699 exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the package agency to another 700 person, whether for monetary gain or not. 701 (b) A package agency has no monetary value for any type of disposition. 702 (13) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (13): 703 (i) sale or delivery of liquor may not be made on or from the premises of a package 704 agency, and a package agency may not be kept open for the sale of liquor: 705 (A) on Sunday; or 706 (B) on a state or federal legal holiday; and

(ii) sale or delivery of liquor may be made on or from the premises of a package

- agency, and a package agency may be open for the sale of liquor, only on a day and during
 hours that the commission directs by rule or order.

 (b) A package agency located at a manufacturing facility is not subject to Subsection
 (13)(a) if:

 (i) the package agency is located at a manufacturing facility licensed in accordance
 with Chapter 11, Manufacturing and Related Licenses Act; and
 - (ii) the package agency only sells an alcoholic product produced at the manufacturing facility.
 - (c) (i) Subsection (13)(a) does not apply to a package agency held by the following if the package agent that holds the package agency to sell liquor at a resort or hotel does not sell liquor in a manner similar to a state store:
 - (A) a resort licensee; or
- 720 (B) a hotel licensee.

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- 721 (ii) The commission may by rule define what constitutes a package agency that sells 722 liquor "in a manner similar to a state store."
 - (14) (a) Except to the extent authorized by commission rule, a minor may not be admitted into, or be on the premises of, a package agency unless accompanied by a person who is:
 - (i) 21 years old or older; and
 - (ii) the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse.
 - (b) A package agent or staff of a package agency that has reason to believe that a person who is on the premises of a package agency is under 21 years old and is not accompanied by a person described in Subsection (14)(a) may:
 - (i) ask the suspected minor for proof of age;
 - (ii) ask the person who accompanies the suspected minor for proof of age; and
 - (iii) ask the suspected minor or the person who accompanies the suspected minor for proof of parental, guardianship, or spousal relationship.
 - (c) A package agent or staff of a package agency shall refuse to sell liquor to the suspected minor and to the person who accompanies the suspected minor into the package agency if the minor or person fails to provide any information specified in Subsection (14)(b).
 - (d) A package agent or staff of a package agency shall require the suspected minor and

739	the person who accompanies the suspected minor into the package agency to immediately leave
740	the premises of the package agency if the minor or person fails to provide information specified
741	in Subsection (14)(b).
742	(15) (a) A package agency shall sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor in a sealed
743	container.
744	(b) A person may not open a sealed container on the premises of a package agency.
745	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a package agency may sell, offer for sale, or
746	furnish liquor in other than a sealed container:
747	(i) if the package agency is the type of package agency that authorizes the package
748	agency to sell, offer for sale, or furnish the liquor as part of room service;
749	(ii) if the liquor is sold, offered for sale, or furnished as part of room service; and
750	(iii) subject to:
751	(A) staff of the package agency providing the liquor in person only to an adult guest in
752	the guest room or privately owned dwelling unit;
753	(B) staff of the package agency not leaving the liquor outside a guest room or privately
754	owned dwelling unit for retrieval by a guest or resident; and
755	(C) the same limits on the portions in which an alcoholic product may be sold by a
756	retail licensee under Section 32B-5-304.
757	(16) A package agency may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish:
758	(a) heavy beer in a sealed container that exceeds two liters[-]; or
759	(b) liquor that contains more than 80% alcohol by volume.
760	(17) The department may pay or otherwise remunerate a package agent on any basis,
761	including sales or volume of business done by the package agency.
762	(18) The commission may prescribe by policy or rule general operational requirements
763	of a package agency that are consistent with this title and relate to:
764	(a) physical facilities;
765	(b) conditions of operation;
766	(c) hours of operation;
767	(d) inventory levels;
768	(e) payment schedules;
769	(f) methods of payment;

770	(g) premises security; and
771	(h) any other matter considered appropriate by the commission.
772	(19) A package agency may not maintain a minibar.
773	Section 9. Section 32B-3-203 is amended to read:
774	32B-3-203. Initiating a disciplinary proceeding.
775	Subject to Section 32B-3-202:
776	(1) [The department may] Subject to Subsection (3), the department shall initiate a
777	disciplinary proceeding described in Subsection (2) if the department [receives]:
778	(a) receives a report from an investigator alleging that a person subject to
779	administrative action violated this title or the rules of the commission;
780	(b) [a final adjudication of criminal liability] receives notice of criminal proceedings
781	against a person subject to administrative action on the basis of an alleged violation of this
782	title; [or]
783	(c) [a final adjudication of civil liability in accordance with] receives notice of civil
784	proceedings in accordance with Chapter 15, Alcoholic Product Liability Act, against a person
785	subject to administrative action on the basis of an alleged violation of this title[-]; or
786	(d) otherwise becomes aware that a person subject to administrative action on the basis
787	of an alleged violation of this title may have violated this title or commission rule.
788	(2) [If the condition of Subsection (1) is met,] Subject to Subsection (3), if a condition
789	in Subsection (1) is met, the department shall:
790	(a) [the department may] initiate a disciplinary proceeding to determine:
791	[(a)] (i) whether a person subject to administrative action violated this title or rules of
792	the commission; and
793	[(b)] (ii) if a violation is found, the appropriate sanction to be imposed[-]; and
794	(b) refer the matter to the State Bureau of Investigation, created in Section 53-10-301.
795	(3) The department is not required to initiate a disciplinary proceeding described in
796	Subsection (2) if after reviewing the information described in Subsection (1), the department
797	determines:
798	(a) that there is no basis for initiating a disciplinary proceeding; or
799	(b) in consultation with the prosecutor or plaintiff's counsel, as applicable, that
800	initiating a disciplinary proceeding would pose a significant risk of interfering with a criminal

or civil proceeding.
$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ (a) Unless waived by the respondent, a disciplinary proceeding shall be held:
(i) if required by law;
(ii) before revoking or suspending a license, permit, or certificate of approval issued
under this title; or
(iii) before imposing a fine against a person subject to administrative action.
(b) Inexcusable failure of a respondent to appear at a scheduled disciplinary proceeding
hearing after receiving proper notice is an admission of the charged violation.
(c) The validity of a disciplinary proceeding is not affected by the failure of a person to
attend or remain in attendance.
Section 10. Section 32B-4-422 is amended to read:
32B-4-422. Unlawful dispensing.
(1) A retail licensee licensed under this title to sell, offer for sale, or furnish spirituous
liquor for consumption on the licensed premises, or staff of the retail licensee may not:
(a) sell, offer for sale, or furnish a primary spirituous liquor to a person on the licensed
premises except in a quantity that does not exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage dispensed through a
calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department;
(b) sell, offer for sale, or furnish more than a total of 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor per
beverage;
(c) allow a person on the licensed premises to have more than a total of 2.5 ounces of
spirituous liquor at a time; or
(d) (i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), allow a person to have more than
two spirituous liquor beverages at a time; or
(ii) allow a person on the premises of the following to have more than one spirituous
liquor beverage at a time:
(A) a full-service restaurant licensee;
(B) a person operating under a full-service restaurant sublicense;
(C) an on-premise banquet licensee;
(D) a person operating under an on-premise banquet sublicense; [or]
(E) a single event permittee[-]; or
(F) a hospitality amenity licensee.

832	(2) A violation of this section is a class C misdemeanor.
833	Section 11. Section 32B-4-424 is amended to read:
834	32B-4-424. Powdered or vaporized alcohol.
835	(1) As used in this section[, "powdered alcohol"]:
836	(a) "Powdered alcohol" means a product that is in a powdered or crystalline form and
837	contains any amount of alcohol.
838	(b) "Vaporized alcohol" means a product created by mixing alcohol with pure oxygen
839	or another gas to produce a vaporized product for the purpose of consumption through
840	inhalation.
841	(2) It is unlawful for a person to use, offer for use, purchase, offer to purchase, sell,
842	offer to sell, furnish, or possess [powdered alcohol] for human consumption powdered alcohol
843	or vaporized alcohol.
844	(3) It is unlawful for a holder of a retail license to use powdered alcohol or vaporized
845	alcohol as an alcoholic product.
846	(4) This section does not apply to the use of powdered alcohol or vaporized alcohol for
847	a commercial use specifically approved by state law or bona fide research purposes by a:
848	(a) health care practitioner that operates primarily for the purpose of conducting
849	scientific research;
850	(b) department, commission, board, council, agency, institution, division, office,
851	committee, authority, laboratory, library, unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the
852	state, including a state institution of higher education listed in Section 53B-2-101;
853	(c) private college or university research facility; or
854	(d) pharmaceutical or biotechnology company.
855	Section 12. Section 32B-4-501 is amended to read:
856	32B-4-501. Operating without a license or permit.
857	(1) A person may not operate the following businesses without first obtaining a license
858	under this title if the business allows a person to purchase or consume an alcoholic product on
859	the premises of the business:
860	(a) a restaurant;
861	(b) an airport lounge;
862	(c) a business operated in the same manner as a bar establishment licensee;

863	(d) a resort;
864	(e) a business operated to sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer for on-premise
865	consumption;
866	(f) a business operated as an on-premise banquet licensee;
867	(g) a hotel; [or]
868	(h) an arena; or
869	$[\frac{h}{2}]$ (i) a business similar to one listed in Subsections (1)(a) through $[\frac{h}{2}]$ (h).
870	(2) A person conducting an event that is open to the general public may not directly or
871	indirectly sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to a person attending the event
872	without first obtaining an event permit under this title.
873	(3) A person conducting a private event may not directly or indirectly sell or offer for
874	sale an alcoholic product to a person attending the private event without first obtaining an
875	event permit under this title.
876	(4) A person may not operate the following businesses in this state without first
877	obtaining a license under this title:
878	(a) a winery manufacturer;
879	(b) a distillery manufacturer;
880	(c) a brewery manufacturer;
881	(d) a local industry representative of:
882	(i) a manufacturer of an alcoholic product;
883	(ii) a supplier of an alcoholic product; or
884	(iii) an importer of an alcoholic product;
885	(e) a liquor warehouser; or
886	(f) a beer wholesaler.
887	(5) A person may not operate a public conveyance in this state without first obtaining a
888	public service permit under this title if that public conveyance allows a person to purchase or
889	consume an alcoholic product:
890	(a) on the public conveyance; or
891	(b) on the premises of a hospitality room located within a depot, terminal, or similar
892	facility at which a service is provided to a patron of the public conveyance.
893	Section 13. Section 32B-5-201 is amended to read:

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beverage;

32B-5-201. Application requirements for retail license. (1) (a) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or permit consumption of an alcoholic product on licensed premises as a retail licensee, the person shall first obtain a
an alcoholic product on licensed promises as a retail licenses, the person shall first obtain a
an alcoholic product on licensed premises as a retail licensee, the person shall first obtain a
retail license issued by the commission, notwithstanding whether the person holds a local
license or a permit issued by a local authority.
(b) Violation of this Subsection (1) is a class B misdemeanor.
(2) To obtain a retail license under this title, a person shall submit to the department:
(a) a written application in a form prescribed by the department;
(b) a nonrefundable application fee in the amount specified in the relevant chapter or
part for the type of retail license for which the person is applying;
(c) an initial license fee:
(i) in the amount specified in the relevant chapter or part for the type of retail license
for which the person is applying; and
(ii) that is refundable if a retail license is not issued;
(d) written consent of the local authority, including, if applicable, consent for each
proposed sublicense;
(e) a copy of:
(i) every license the local authority requires, including the person's current business
license; and
(ii) if the person is applying for a principal license, the current business license for each
proposed sublicense, except if the local authority determines that the business license for a
proposed sublicense is included in the person's current business license;
(f) evidence of the proposed retail licensee's proximity to any community location, with
proximity requirements being governed by Section 32B-1-202;
(g) a bond as specified by Section 32B-5-204;
(h) a floor plan, and boundary map where applicable, of the premises of the retail
license and each, if any, accompanying sublicense, including any:
(i) consumption area; and
(ii) area where the person proposes to store, sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic

(i) evidence that the retail licensee carries public liability insurance in an amount and

925	form satisfactory to the department;
926	(j) evidence that the retail licensee carries dramshop insurance coverage of at least:
927	(i) \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate;
928	(ii) if the retail licensee is a hotel licensee or a resort licensee, \$1,000,000 per
929	occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate to cover both the principal license and all
930	accompanying sublicenses; or
931	(iii) if the retail licensee is an arena licensee, \$10,000,000 per occurrence and
932	\$20,000,000 in the aggregate to cover both the arena license and all accompanying
933	sublicenses[-];
934	(k) a signed consent form stating that the retail licensee will permit any authorized
935	representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer to have
936	unrestricted right to enter:
937	(i) the premises of the retail licensee; and
938	(ii) if applicable, the premises of each of the retail licensee's accompanying
939	sublicenses;
940	(l) if the person is an entity, proper verification evidencing that a person who signs the
941	application is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity;
942	(m) a responsible alcohol service plan;
943	(n) evidence that each individual the person has hired to work as a retail manager, as
944	defined in Section 32B-1-701, has completed the alcohol training and education seminar as
945	required under Chapter 1, Part 7, Alcohol Training and Education Act; and
946	(o) any other information the commission or department may require.
947	(3) The commission may not issue a retail license to a person who:
948	(a) is disqualified under Section 32B-1-304; or
949	(b) is not lawfully present in the United States.
950	(4) Unless otherwise provided in the relevant chapter or part for the type of retail
951	license for which the person is applying, the commission may not issue a retail license to a
952	person if the proposed licensed premises does not meet the proximity requirements of Section
953	32B-1-202.
954	(5) The commission may not deny an application for a retail license, an application for
955	a conditional retail license under Section 32B-5-205, or an application for a sublicense under

956	Chapter 8d, Sublicense Act, if:
957	(a) the applicant satisfies the requirements of this chapter; and
958	(b) for a retail license or a conditional retail license, granting the retail license or the
959	conditional retail license would not cause the commission to exceed the maximum number of
960	licenses of that retail license type that the commission is authorized to issue under this chapter.
961	Section 14. Section 32B-5-304 is amended to read:
962	32B-5-304. Portions in which alcoholic product may be sold.
963	(1) (a) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish spirituous liquor that is a
964	primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity that does not exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage
965	dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department in
966	accordance with commission rules adopted under this title.
967	(b) A retail license is not required to dispense spirituous liquor through a calibrated
968	metered dispensing system if the spirituous liquor is:
969	(i) a secondary flavoring ingredient;
970	(ii) used as a flavoring on a dessert; [or]
971	(iii) used to set aflame a food dish, drink, or dessert[:]; or
972	(iv) in a beverage that:
973	(A) is served to a patron in the original, sealed container;
974	(B) is not more than 12 ounces;
975	(C) contains no more than 10% alcohol by volume or 8% by weight; and
976	(D) is in a container that has the alcohol by volume percentage on the front label and in
977	a font that measures at least three millimeters high.
978	(c) A retail licensee that dispenses spirituous liquor that is a secondary flavoring
979	ingredient shall:
980	(i) designate a location where the retail licensee stores secondary flavoring ingredients
981	on the floor plan the retail licensee submits to the department; and
982	(ii) clearly and conspicuously label each secondary flavoring ingredient's container
983	"flavorings".
984	(d) (i) A patron may have no more than 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time.
985	(ii) Subsection (1)(d)(i) does not apply to a beverage described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv)
986	(2) (a) (i) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish wine by the glass or in an

987	individual portion that does not exceed 5 ounces per glass or individual portion.
988	(ii) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish an individual portion of wine to
989	a patron in more than one glass if the total amount of wine does not exceed 5 ounces.
990	(b) (i) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish wine in a container not
991	exceeding 1.5 liters at a price fixed by the commission to a table of four or more persons.
992	(ii) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish wine in a container not to
993	exceed 750 milliliters at a price fixed by the commission to a table of less than four persons.
994	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(a) and (b), a retail licensee may sell, offer for sale,
995	or furnish hard cider that contains no more than 5% of alcohol by volume in a sealed container
996	not to exceed 16 ounces.
997	(3) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish heavy beer in an original
998	container at a price fixed by the commission, except that the original container may not exceed
999	one liter.
1000	(4) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored malt beverage in an
1001	original container at a price fixed by the commission, except that the original container may not
1002	exceed one liter.
1003	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or
1004	furnish beer for on-premise consumption:
1005	(A) in an open original container; and
1006	(B) in a container on draft.
1007	(ii) A retail licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer under Subsection
1008	(5)(a)(i):
1009	(A) in a size of container that exceeds two liters; or
1010	(B) to an individual patron in a size of container that exceeds one liter.
1011	(b) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer for off-premise
1012	consumption:
1013	(i) in a sealed container; and
1014	(ii) in a size of container that does not exceed two liters.
1015	(c) A retail licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flight of beer to an individual

patron if the total amount of beer does not exceed 16 ounces.

Section 15. Section **32B-6-203** is amended to read:

1018 32B-6-203. Commission's power to issue full-service restaurant license. 1019 (1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of 1020 an alcoholic product on its premises as a full-service restaurant, the person shall first obtain a 1021 full-service restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part. 1022 (2) The commission may issue a full-service restaurant license to establish full-service 1023 restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for the storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product on premises 1024 1025 operated as a full-service restaurant. 1026 (3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201: 1027 (a) the commission may not issue a total number of full-service restaurant licenses that 1028 at any time exceeds the sum of: (i) 30; and 1029 1030 (ii) the number determined by dividing the population of the state by [4,467;]: 1031 (A) before July 1, 2024, 4,467; 1032 (B) in fiscal year 2025, 4,281; (C) in fiscal year 2026, 4,095; 1033 1034 (D) in fiscal year 2027, 3,909; 1035 (E) in fiscal year 2028, 3,723; 1036 (F) in fiscal year 2029, 3,537; 1037 (G) in fiscal year 2030, 3,351; and 1038 (H) in fiscal year 2031, and in each fiscal year thereafter, 3,167; 1039 (b) the commission may issue a seasonal full-service restaurant license in accordance 1040 with Section 32B-5-206; and 1041 (c) (i) if the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one 1042 full-service restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the 1043 commission may authorize the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product at as 1044 many as three full-service restaurant locations within the hotel under one full-service restaurant 1045 license if:

- (A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and
- (B) the locations under the full-service restaurant license are:
- 1048 (I) within the same hotel; and

1049	(II) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the full-service
1050	restaurant licensee; and
1051	(ii) except for a hotel, a facility shall have a separate full-service restaurant license for
1052	each full-service restaurant where an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or furnished.
1053	(4) Except as otherwise provided in Section 32B-1-202, the commission may not issue
1054	a full-service restaurant license for premises that do not meet the proximity requirements of
1055	Subsection 32B-1-202(2).
1056	(5) To be licensed as a full-service restaurant, a person shall maintain at least 70% of
1057	the restaurant's gross revenues from the sale of food, which does not include:
1058	(a) mix for an alcoholic product; or
1059	(b) a service charge.
1060	Section 16. Section 32B-6-204 is amended to read:
1061	32B-6-204. Specific licensing requirements for full-service restaurant license.
1062	(1) To obtain a full-service restaurant license a person shall comply with Chapter 5,
1063	Part 2, Retail Licensing Process.
1064	(2) (a) A full-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year.
1065	(b) To renew a person's full-service restaurant license, a person shall comply with the
1066	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than
1067	September 30.
1068	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a full-service restaurant license is \$330.
1069	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a full-service restaurant license is \$2,200.
1070	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$2,200 initial license fee for the period that begins
1071	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the full-service
1072	restaurant license expires.
1073	(c) The renewal fee for a full-service restaurant license is \$1,650.
1074	(4) The bond amount required for a full-service restaurant license is the penal sum of
1075	\$10,000.
1076	Section 17. Section 32B-6-206 is amended to read:
1077	32B-6-206. Master full-service restaurant license.
1078	(1) (a) The commission may issue a master full-service restaurant license that
1079	authorizes a person to store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of an

alcoholic product on premises at multiple locations as full-service restaurants if the person applying for the master full-service restaurant license:

- (i) owns each of the full-service restaurants;
- (ii) except for the fee requirements, establishes to the satisfaction of the commission that each location of a full-service restaurant under the master full-service restaurant license separately meets the requirements of this part; and
- (iii) the master full-service restaurant license includes at least five full-service restaurant locations.
- (b) The person seeking a master full-service restaurant license shall designate which full-service restaurant locations the person seeks to have under the master full-service restaurant license.
- (c) A full-service restaurant location under a master full-service restaurant license is considered separately licensed for purposes of this title, except as provided in this section.
- (2) A master full-service restaurant license and each location designated under Subsection (1) are considered a single full-service restaurant license for purposes of Subsection 32B-6-203(3)(a).
 - (3) (a) A master full-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year.
- (b) To renew a person's master full-service restaurant license, a person shall comply with the renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
- (4) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a master full-service restaurant license is \$330.
- (b) (i) The initial license fee for a master full-service restaurant license is \$5,000 plus a separate initial license fee for each newly licensed full-service restaurant [license] location under the master full-service restaurant license determined in accordance with Subsection 32B-6-204(3)(b).
- (ii) The department [may] shall prorate the \$5,000 initial license fee [based on the number of months out of a year the master full-service restaurant licensee is licensed before] for the period that begins the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the master full-service restaurant license expires.
 - (c) To renew a master full-service restaurant license the master full-service restaurant

1111	licensee shall pay a separate renewal fee for each full-service [license] restaurant location under
1112	the master full-service restaurant license [determined] in accordance with Subsection
1113	32B-6-204(3)(c).
1114	(5) A new location may be added to a master full-service restaurant license after the
1115	master full-service restaurant license is issued if:
1116	(a) the master full-service restaurant licensee pays a nonrefundable application fee of
1117	\$330; and
1118	(b) including payment of the initial license fee, the location separately meets the
1119	requirements of this part.
1120	(6) (a) A master full-service restaurant licensee shall notify the department of a change
1121	in the persons managing a location covered by a master full-service restaurant license:
1122	(i) immediately, if the management personnel is not management personnel at a
1123	location covered by the master full-service restaurant licensee at the time of the change; or
1124	(ii) within 30 days of the change, if the master full-service restaurant licensee is
1125	transferring management personnel from one location to another location covered by the master
1126	full-service restaurant licensee.
1127	(b) A location covered by a master full-service restaurant license shall keep the
1128	location's own records on the location's premises so that the department may audit the records.
1129	(c) A master full-service restaurant licensee may not transfer alcoholic products
1130	between different locations covered by the master full-service restaurant license.
1131	(7) If there is a violation of this title at a location covered by a master full-service
1132	restaurant license, the violation may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3,
1133	Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
1134	(a) the single location under a master full-service restaurant license;
1135	(b) individual staff of the location under the master full-service restaurant license; or
1136	(c) a combination of persons or locations described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b).
1137	(8) The commission may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1138	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish how a person may apply for a master full-service
1139	restaurant license under this section.
1140	Section 18. Section 32B-6-302 is amended to read:
1141	32B-6-302. Definitions.

1142	As used in this part:
1143	(1) (a) "Dining area" means an area in the licensed premises of a limited-service
1144	restaurant licensee that is primarily used for the service and consumption of food by one or
1145	more patrons.
1146	(b) "Dining area" does not include a dispensing area.
1147	(2) (a) "Dispensing area" means an area in the licensed premises of a limited-service
1148	restaurant licensee where a dispensing structure is located and that:
1149	(i) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a structure or
1150	other barrier that prevents a patron seated in the dining area or a waiting area from viewing the
1151	dispensing of alcoholic product;
1152	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), measures at least 10 feet from the dining
1153	area and any waiting area to the nearest edge of the dispensing structure; or
1154	(iii) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a permanent
1155	physical structure that complies with the provisions of Title 15A, State Construction and Fire
1156	Codes Act, and, to the extent allowed under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act,
1157	measures:
1158	(A) at least 42 inches high; and
1159	(B) at least 60 inches from the inside edge of the barrier to the nearest edge of the
1160	dispensing structure.
1161	(b) "Dispensing area" does not include any area described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that
1162	is less than 10 feet from an area where alcoholic product is dispensed, but from which a patron
1163	seated at a table or counter cannot view the dispensing of alcoholic product.
1164	(3) "Small limited-service restaurant licensee" means a limited-service restaurant
1165	licensee [that has a grandfathered bar structure] whose dispensing area includes more than 45%
1166	of the available seating for patrons on the licensed premises, excluding outdoor seating:
1167	(a) when measured in accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(ii); and
1168	(b) based on the licensee's floor plan on file with the department on July 1, 2017.
1169	(4) "Waiting area" includes a lobby.
1170	Section 19. Section 32B-6-304 is amended to read:
1171	32B-6-304. Specific licensing requirements for limited-service restaurant license.

(1) To obtain a limited-service restaurant license a person shall comply with Chapter 5,

1173 Part 2, Retail Licensing Process. 1174 (2) (a) A limited-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year. 1175 (b) To renew a person's limited-service restaurant license, a person shall comply with 1176 the renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than 1177 September 30. 1178 (3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a limited-service restaurant license is 1179 \$330. 1180 (b) (i) The initial license fee for a limited-service restaurant license is \$1.275. 1181 (ii) The department shall prorate the \$1,275 initial license fee for the period that begins 1182 the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the limited-service 1183 restaurant license expires. 1184 (c) The renewal fee for a limited-service restaurant license is \$750. (4) The bond amount required for a limited-service restaurant license is the penal sum 1185 1186 of \$5,000. 1187 Section 20. Section **32B-6-306** is amended to read: 1188 32B-6-306. Master limited-service restaurant license. 1189 (1) (a) The commission may issue a master limited-service restaurant license that 1190 authorizes a person to store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of an 1191 alcoholic product on premises at multiple locations as limited-service restaurants if the person applying for the master limited-service restaurant license: 1192 1193 (i) owns each of the limited-service restaurants; (ii) except for the fee requirements, establishes to the satisfaction of the commission 1194 that each location of a limited-service restaurant under the master limited-service restaurant 1195 1196 license separately meets the requirements of this part; and 1197 (iii) the master limited-service restaurant includes at least five limited-service 1198 restaurant locations. 1199 (b) The person seeking a master limited-service restaurant license shall designate 1200 which limited-service restaurant locations the person seeks to have under the master 1201 limited-service restaurant license. 1202 (c) A limited-service restaurant location under a master limited-service restaurant

license is considered separately licensed for purposes of this title, except as provided in this

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- 1205 (2) A master limited-service restaurant license and each location under Subsection (1) 1206 are considered a single limited-service restaurant license for purposes of Subsection 1207 32B-6-303(3)(a).
 - (3) (a) A master limited-service restaurant license expires on October 31 of each year.
- 1209 (b) To renew a person's master limited-service restaurant license, a person shall comply
 1210 with the renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than
 1211 September 30.
- 1212 (4) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a master limited-service restaurant license is \$330.
 - (b) (i) The initial license fee for a master limited-service restaurant license is \$5,000 plus a separate initial license fee for each newly licensed limited-service restaurant license under the master limited-service restaurant license determined in accordance with Subsection 32B-6-304(3)(b).
 - (ii) The department shall prorate the \$5,000 initial license fee for the period that begins the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the master limited-service restaurant license expires.
 - (c) The renewal fee for a master limited-service restaurant license is \$500 plus a separate renewal fee for each limited-service license under the master limited-service restaurant license determined in accordance with Subsection 32B-6-304(3)(c).
 - (5) A new location may be added to a master limited-service restaurant license after the master limited-service restaurant license is issued if:
 - (a) the master limited-service restaurant licensee pays a nonrefundable application fee of \$330; and
 - (b) including payment of the initial license fee, the location separately meets the requirements of this part.
 - (6) (a) A master limited-service restaurant licensee shall notify the department of a change in the persons managing a location covered by a master limited-service restaurant license:
- 1233 (i) immediately, if the management personnel is not management personnel at a 1234 location covered by the master limited-service restaurant licensee at the time of the change; or

1235	(ii) within 30 days of the change, if the master limited-service restaurant licensee is
1236	transferring management personnel from one location to another location covered by the master
1237	limited-service restaurant licensee.
1238	(b) A location covered by a master limited-service restaurant license shall keep its own
1239	records on its premises so that the department may audit the records.
1240	(c) A master limited-service restaurant licensee may not transfer alcoholic products
1241	between different locations covered by the master limited-service restaurant license.
1242	(7) (a) If there is a violation of this title at a location covered by a master
1243	limited-service restaurant license, the violation may result in disciplinary action in accordance
1244	with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
1245	(i) the single location under a master limited-service restaurant license;
1246	(ii) individual staff of the location under the master limited-service restaurant license;
1247	or
1248	(iii) a combination of persons or locations described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) and (ii).
1249	(b) In addition to disciplinary action under Subsection (7)(a), disciplinary action in
1250	accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, may be taken against a
1251	master limited-service restaurant licensee or individual staff of the master limited-service
1252	restaurant licensee if during a period beginning on November 1 and ending October 31:
1253	(i) at least 25% of the locations covered by the master limited-service restaurant license
1254	have been found by the commission to have committed a serious or grave violation of this title,
1255	as defined by rule made by the commission; or
1256	(ii) at least 50% of the locations covered by the master limited-service restaurant
1257	license have been found by the commission to have violated this title.
1258	(8) The commission may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1259	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish how a person may apply for a master
1260	limited-service restaurant license under this section.
1261	Section 21. Section 32B-6-403 is amended to read:
1262	32B-6-403. Commission's power to issue bar establishment license.
1263	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of
1264	an alcoholic product on the person's premises as a bar establishment licensee, the person shall

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first obtain a bar establishment license from the commission in accordance with this part.

1266	(2) The commission may issue a bar establishment license to establish bar
1267	establishment licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for
1268	the storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product on
1269	premises operated by a bar establishment licensee.
1270	(3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201:
1271	(a) the commission may not issue a total number of bar establishment licenses that at
1272	any time exceeds the sum of:
1273	(i) 15; and
1274	(ii) the number determined by dividing the population of the state by [10,200;]:
1275	(A) before fiscal July 1, 2024, 10,200;
1276	(B) in fiscal year 2025, 9,778;
1277	(C) in fiscal year 2026, 9,356;
1278	(D) in fiscal year 2027, 8,934;
1279	(E) in fiscal year 2028, 8,512;
1280	(F) in fiscal year 2029, 8,090;
1281	(G) in fiscal year 2030, 7,668; and
1282	(H) in fiscal year 2031, and in each fiscal year thereafter, 7,246;
1283	(b) the commission may issue a seasonal bar establishment license in accordance with
1284	Section 32B-5-206 to a bar licensee;
1285	(c) the commission may authorize as many as three bar establishment license locations
1286	within a hotel under one bar establishment license if:
1287	(i) the location, design, and construction of the hotel requires more than one bar license
1288	location within the hotel to serve the public convenience;
1289	(ii) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms;
1290	(iii) all locations under the bar establishment license are:
1291	(A) within the same hotel; and
1292	(B) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the bar
1293	establishment licensee;
1294	(d) the commission may authorize up to five dispensing [structures] locations under
1295	one equity license if the locations under the equity license:
1296	(i) are connected by a private roadway to which the equity licensee, each member of

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1297	the equity licensee, and each guest has a legal right of access; and
1298	(ii) are <u>located on premises</u> managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the equity
1299	licensee;
1300	(e) except for a facility operating in accordance with Subsection (3)(d) or a hotel, a
1301	facility shall have a separate bar establishment license for each bar establishment license
1302	location where an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or furnished;
1303	(f) when a business establishment undergoes a change of ownership, the commission
1304	may issue a bar establishment license to the new owner of the business establishment
1305	notwithstanding that there is no bar establishment license available under Subsection (3)(a) if:
1306	(i) the primary business activity at the business establishment before and after the
1307	change of ownership is not the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product;
1308	(ii) before the change of ownership there are two or more licensed premises on the
1309	business establishment that operate under a retail license, with at least one of the retail licenses
1310	being a bar establishment license;
1311	(iii) subject to Subsection (3)(g) the licensed premises of the bar establishment license
1312	issued under this Subsection (3)(f) is at the same location where the bar establishment license
1313	licensed premises was located before the change of ownership; and
1314	(iv) the person who is the new owner of the business establishment qualifies for the bar
1315	establishment license, except for there being no bar establishment license available under
1316	Subsection (3)(a); and
1317	(g) if a bar establishment licensee of a bar establishment license issued under
1318	Subsection (3)(f) requests a change of location, the bar establishment licensee may retain the
1319	bar establishment license after the change of location only if on the day on which the bar
1320	establishment licensee seeks a change of location a bar establishment license is available under
1321	Subsection (3)(a).
1322	Section 22. Section 32B-6-405 is amended to read:
1323	32B-6-405. Specific licensing requirements for bar establishment license.
1324	(1) To obtain a bar establishment license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part
1325	2, Retail Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the written application:

(a) (i) a statement as to whether the person is seeking to qualify as:

(A) an equity licensee;

(B) a fraternal licensee;

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1329	(C) a dining club licensee; or
1330	(D) a bar licensee; and
1331	(ii) evidence that the person meets the requirements for the type of bar establishment
1332	license for which the person is applying;
1333	(b) evidence that the person operates a premises where a variety of food is prepared
1334	and served in connection with dining accommodations; and
1335	(c) if the person is applying for an equity license or fraternal license, a copy of the
1336	entity's bylaws or house rules, and an amendment to those records.
1337	(2) The commission may refuse to issue a bar establishment license to a person for an
1338	equity license or fraternal license if the commission determines that a provision of the person's
1339	bylaws or house rules, or amendments to those records is not:
1340	(a) reasonable; and
1341	(b) consistent with:
1342	(i) the declared nature and purpose of the bar establishment licensee; and
1343	(ii) the purposes of this part.
1344	(3) (a) A bar establishment license expires on June 30 of each year.
1345	(b) To renew a bar establishment license, a person shall comply with the requirements
1346	of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than May 31.
1347	(4) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a bar establishment license is \$300.
1348	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a bar establishment license is \$2,750.
1349	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$2,750 initial license fee based on the number of
1350	months out of a year the bar establishment licensee is licensed before the day on which the bar
1351	establishment license expires.
1352	(c) The renewal fee for a bar establishment license is \$2,000.
1353	(5) The bond amount required for a bar establishment license is the penal sum of
1354	\$10,000.
1355	Section 23. Section 32B-6-504 is amended to read:
1356	32B-6-504. Specific licensing requirements for airport lounge license.
1357	(1) To obtain an airport lounge license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part
1358	2, Retail Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the written application:

1359	(a) both the written consent of the local authority and the written consent of the airport
1360	authority; and
1361	(b) a copy of the sign proposed to be used by the airport lounge licensee on its licensed
1362	premises to inform the public that alcoholic products are sold and consumed on the licensed
1363	premises.
1364	(2) (a) An airport lounge license expires on October 31 of each year.
1365	(b) To renew a person's airport lounge license, a person shall comply with the renewal
1366	requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1367	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for an airport lounge license is \$300.
1368	(b) (i) The initial license fee for an airport lounge license is \$8,000.
1369	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$8,000 initial license fee for the period that begins
1370	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the airport lounge
1371	license expires.
1372	(c) The renewal fee for an airport lounge license is \$6,000.
1373	(4) The bond amount required for an airport lounge license is the penal sum of
1374	\$10,000.
1375	(5) An airport lounge license is not subject to the proximity requirements of Section
1376	32B-1-202.
1377	Section 24. Section 32B-6-604 is amended to read:
1378	32B-6-604. Specific licensing requirements for an on-premise banquet license.
1379	(1) To obtain an on-premise banquet license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part
1380	2, Retail Licensing Process.
1381	(2) (a) An on-premise banquet license expires on October 31 of each year.
1382	(b) To renew a person's on-premise banquet license, a person shall comply with the
1383	requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1384	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for an on-premise banquet license is \$300.
1385	(b) (i) The initial license fee for an on-premise banquet license is \$750.
1386	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$750 initial license fee for the period that begins
1387	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the on-premise
1388	banquet license expires.
1389	(c) The renewal fee for an on-premise banquet license is \$750.

1390	(4) The bond amount required for an on-premise banquet license is the penal sum of
1391	\$10,000.
1392	(5) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this part, if an applicant is a state agency or
1393	political subdivision of the state it is not required to:
1394	(a) pay an application fee, initial license fee, or renewal fee;
1395	(b) obtain the written consent of the local authority;
1396	(c) submit a copy of the applicant's current business license; or
1397	(d) post a bond as specified by Section 32B-5-204.
1398	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection 32B-5-303(3), the department may approve an
1399	additional location in or on the licensed premises of an on-premise banquet licensee from
1400	which the on-premise banquet licensee may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the
1401	consumption of an alcoholic product that is not included in its original application only:
1402	(a) upon proper application by an on-premise banquet licensee; and
1403	(b) in accordance with guidelines approved by the commission.
1404	Section 25. Section 32B-6-605 is amended to read:
1405	32B-6-605. Specific operational requirements for on-premise banquet license.
1406	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational
1407	Requirements, an on-premise banquet licensee and staff of the on-premise banquet licensee
1408	shall comply with this section.
1409	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action
1410	in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
1411	(i) an on-premise banquet licensee;
1412	(ii) individual staff of an on-premise banquet licensee; or
1413	(iii) both an on-premise banquet licensee and staff of the on-premise banquet licensee.
1414	(2) An on-premise banquet licensee shall comply with Subsections 32B-5-301(4) and
1415	(5) for the entire premises of the hotel, resort facility, sports center, convention center,
1416	performing arts facility, arena, or restaurant venue that is the basis for the on-premise banquet
1417	license.
1418	(3) (a) For the purpose described in Subsection (3)(b), an on-premise banquet licensee
1419	shall provide the department with advance notice of a scheduled banquet in accordance with
1420	rules made by the commission.

1421	(b) Any of the following may conduct a random inspection of a banquet:
1422	(i) an authorized representative of the commission or the department; or
1423	(ii) a law enforcement officer.
1424	(4) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee is not subject to Subsection 32B-5-302(1), but
1425	shall make and maintain the records described in Subsection 32B-5-302(2) and the records the
1426	commission or department requires.
1427	(b) Section 32B-1-205 applies to a record required to be made or maintained in
1428	accordance with this Subsection (4).
1429	(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, an on-premise banquet licensee may
1430	sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product at a banquet only for consumption at the
1431	location of the banquet.
1432	(b) [Except as provided in Subsection 32B-5-307(4),] Notwithstanding Section
1433	32B-5-307 and except as otherwise provided in this title:
1434	(i) [a host of a banquet, a patron, or] a person at a banquet other than the on-premise
1435	banquet licensee or staff of the on-premise banquet licensee, may not remove an alcoholic
1436	product from the premises of the banquet[-]; and
1437	[(c) Notwithstanding Subsections 32B-5-307(3) and (5) and except as provided in
1438	Subsection 32B-5-307(4),]
1439	(ii) a patron at a banquet may not bring an alcoholic product into or onto[, or remove
1440	an alcoholic product from,] the premises of [a] the banquet.
1441	(6) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may not leave an unsold alcoholic product at
1442	the banquet following the conclusion of the banquet.
1443	(b) At the conclusion of a banquet, an on-premise banquet licensee shall:
1444	(i) destroy an opened and unused alcoholic product that is not saleable, under
1445	conditions established by the department; and
1446	(ii) return to the on-premise banquet licensee's approved locked storage area any:
1447	(A) opened and unused alcoholic product that is saleable; and
1448	(B) unopened container of an alcoholic product.
1449	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b) with regard to an open or sealed container
1450	of an alcoholic product not sold or consumed at a banquet, an on-premise banquet licensee:
1451	(i) shall store the alcoholic product in the on-premise banquet licensee's approved

1452	locked storage area; and
1453	(ii) may use the alcoholic product at more than one banquet.
1454	(7) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-308, an on-premise banquet licensee may not
1455	employ a minor to sell, furnish, or dispense an alcoholic product in connection with the
1456	on-premise banquet licensee's banquet and room service activities.
1457	(8) An on-premise banquet licensee:
1458	(a) may provide room service in portions described in Section 32B-5-304;
1459	(b) may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product at a banquet or in
1460	connection with room service any day during a period that:
1461	(i) begins at 1 a.m.; and
1462	(ii) ends at 9:59 a.m.; and
1463	(c) notwithstanding Section 32B-5-305, may provide as room service one alcoholic
1464	product free of charge per guest reservation, per guest room, if the alcoholic product:
1465	(i) is not a spirituous liquor; and
1466	(ii) is in an unopened container not to exceed 750 milliliters.
1467	(9) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (9), a patron may not have
1468	more than two alcoholic products of any kind at a time before the patron.
1469	(b) A patron may not have more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time before the
1470	patron.
1471	(c) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic product under
1472	Subsection (9)(a).
1473	(10) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee shall supervise and direct a person involved in
1474	the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product.
1475	(b) A person involved in the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product
1476	shall complete an alcohol training and education seminar.
1477	(11) A staff person of an on-premise banquet licensee shall remain at the banquet at all
1478	times when an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, furnished, or consumed at the
1479	banquet.
1480	(12) (a) Room service of an alcoholic product to a guest room or privately owned
1481	dwelling unit of a hotel or resort facility shall be provided in person by staff of an on-premise

banquet licensee only to an adult guest in the guest room or privately owned dwelling unit.

1483	(b) An alcoholic product may not be left outside a guest room or privately owned
1484	dwelling unit for retrieval by a guest or resident.
1485	(13) An on-premise banquet licensee may not maintain a minibar.
1486	Section 26. Section 32B-6-702 is amended to read:
1487	32B-6-702. Definitions.
1488	As used in this part:
1489	(1) "Commission-approved activity" means a leisure activity that:
1490	(a) the commission approves by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1491	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
1492	(b) does not involve the use of a dangerous weapon.
1493	(2) (a) "Recreational amenity" means:
1494	(i) a billiard parlor;
1495	(ii) a pool parlor;
1496	(iii) a bowling facility;
1497	(iv) a golf course;
1498	(v) miniature golf;
1499	(vi) a golf driving range;
1500	(vii) a tennis club;
1501	(viii) a sports facility that hosts professional sporting events and has a seating capacity
1502	equal to or greater than $\left[\frac{6,500}{5,000}\right]$
1503	(ix) a concert venue that has a seating capacity equal to or greater than $[6,500]$ $5,000$;
1504	(x) one of the following if owned by a government agency:
1505	(A) a convention center;
1506	(B) a fair facility;
1507	(C) an equestrian park;
1508	(D) a theater; or
1509	(E) a concert venue;
1510	(xi) an amusement park:
1511	(A) with one or more permanent amusement rides; and
1512	(B) located on at least 50 acres;
1513	(xii) a ski resort;

1514	(xiii) a venue for live entertainment if the venue:
1515	(A) is not regularly open for more than five hours on any day;
1516	(B) is operated so that food is available whenever beer is sold, offered for sale, or
1517	furnished at the venue; and
1518	(C) is operated so that no more than 15% of its total annual receipts are from the sale
1519	of beer;
1520	(xiv) concessions operated within the boundary of a park administered by the:
1521	(A) Division of State Parks; or
1522	(B) National Parks Service;
1523	(xv) a facility or venue that is a recreational amenity for a person licensed under this
1524	part before May 12, 2020;
1525	(xvi) a venue for karaoke; or
1526	(xvii) an enterprise developed around a commission-approved activity.
1527	(b) "Recreational amenity" does not include an item described in Subsection (2)(a), if
1528	the item is tangential to an enterprise or activity that is not included in Subsection (2)(a).
1529	Section 27. Section 32B-6-705 is amended to read:
1530	32B-6-705. Specific licensing requirements for on-premise beer retailer license.
1531	(1) To obtain an on-premise beer retailer license a person shall comply with Chapter 5,
1532	Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, except that an on-premise beer retailer is required to carry
1533	dramshop insurance coverage in accordance with Section 32B-5-201 only if the on-premise
1534	beer retailer sells more than \$5,000 of beer annually.
1535	(2) (a) An on-premise beer retailer license expires on the last day of February each
1536	year.
1537	(b) To renew a person's on-premise beer retailer license, a person shall comply with the
1538	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than January
1539	31.
1540	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for an on-premise beer retailer license is
1541	\$300.
1542	(b) (i) (A) The initial license fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is not a
1543	tavern is \$300.
1544	(B) The department shall prorate the \$300 initial license fee for the period that begins

1545	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the on-premise beer
1546	retailer license expires.
1547	(ii) (A) The initial license fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is a tavern is
1548	\$1,500.
1549	(B) The department shall prorate the \$1,500 initial license fee for the period that begins
1550	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the on-premise beer
1551	retailer license expires.
1552	(c) (i) The renewal fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is not a tavern is
1553	\$350.
1554	(ii) The renewal fee for an on-premise beer retailer license that is a tavern is \$1,250.
1555	(4) The bond amount required for an on-premise beer retailer license is the penal sum
1556	of \$5,000.
1557	(5) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this part, if an applicant is a state agency or
1558	political subdivision of the state it is not required to:
1559	(a) pay an application fee, initial license fee, or renewal fee;
1560	(b) obtain the written consent of the local authority;
1561	(c) submit a copy of the applicant's current business license; or
1562	(d) post a bond as specified by Section 32B-5-204.
1563	Section 28. Section 32B-6-804 is amended to read:
1564	32B-6-804. Specific licensing requirements for reception center license.
1565	(1) To obtain a reception center license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part 2,
1566	Retail Licensing Process.
1567	(2) (a) A reception center license expires on October 31 of each year.
1568	(b) To renew a person's reception center license, a person shall comply with the
1569	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than
1570	September 30.
1571	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a reception center license is \$300.
1572	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a reception center license is \$750.
1573	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$750 initial license fee for the period that begins
1574	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the reception center
1575	license expires.

1576	(c) The renewal fee for a reception center license is \$750.
1577	(4) The bond amount required for a reception center license is the penal sum of
1578	\$10,000.
1579	Section 29. Section 32B-6-902 is amended to read:
1580	32B-6-902. Definitions.
1581	(1) As used in this part:
1582	(a) (i) "Dining area" means an area in the licensed premises of a beer-only restaurant
1583	licensee that is primarily used for the service and consumption of food by one or more patrons.
1584	(ii) "Dining area" does not include a dispensing area.
1585	(b) (i) "Dispensing area" means an area in the licensed premises of a beer-only
1586	restaurant licensee where a dispensing structure is located and that:
1587	(A) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a structure or
1588	other barrier that prevents a patron seated in the dining area or a waiting area from viewing the
1589	dispensing of beer;
1590	(B) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), measures at least 10 feet from the
1591	dining area and any waiting area to the nearest edge of the dispensing structure; or
1592	(C) is physically separated from the dining area and any waiting area by a permanent
1593	physical structure that complies with the provisions of Title 15A, State Construction and Fire
1594	Codes Act, and, to the extent allowed under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act,
1595	measures at least 42 inches high, and at least 60 inches from the inside edge of the barrier to
1596	the nearest edge of the dispensing structure.
1597	(ii) "Dispensing area" does not include any area described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(B)
1598	that is less than 10 feet from an area where beer is dispensed, but from which a patron seated at
1599	a table or counter cannot view the dispensing of beer.
1600	(c) "Small beer-only restaurant licensee" means a beer-only restaurant licensee [that
1601	has a grandfathered bar structure] whose dispensing area includes more than 45% of the
1602	available seating for patrons on the licensed premises, excluding outdoor seating:
1603	(i) when measured in accordance with Subsection (1)(b)(i)(B); and
1604	(ii) based on the licensee's floor plan on file with the department on July 1, 2017.
1605	(d) "Waiting area" includes a lobby.

Section 30. Section **32B-6-904** is amended to read:

1607	32B-6-904. Specific licensing requirements for beer-only restaurant license.
1608	(1) To obtain a beer-only restaurant license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part
1609	2, Retail Licensing Process.
1610	(2) (a) A beer-only restaurant license expires the last day of February of each year.
1611	(b) To renew a person's beer-only restaurant license, a person shall comply with the
1612	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than January
1613	31.
1614	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a beer-only restaurant license is \$330.
1615	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a beer-only restaurant license is \$825.
1616	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$825 initial license fee for the period that begins
1617	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the beer-only license
1618	expires.
1619	(c) The renewal fee for a beer-only restaurant license is \$605.
1620	(4) The bond amount required for a beer-only restaurant license is the penal sum of
1621	\$5,000.
1622	Section 31. Section 32B-6-1004 is amended to read:
1623	32B-6-1004. Specific licensing requirements for a hospitality amenity license.
1624	(1) To obtain a hospitality amenity license a person shall comply with Chapter 5, Part
1625	2, Retail Licensing Process.
1626	(2) (a) A hospitality amenity license expires on October 31 of each year.
1627	(b) To renew a person's hospitality amenity license, a person shall comply with the
1628	renewal requirements of Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than
1629	September 30.
1630	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a hospitality amenity license is \$330.
1631	(b) (i) The initial license fee for a hospitality amenity license is \$2,000.
1632	(ii) The department shall prorate the \$2,000 initial license fee for the period that begins
1633	the day on which the initial license fee is paid and ends the day on which the hospitality
1634	amenity license expires.
1635	(c) The renewal fee for a hospitality amenity license is \$1,000.
1636	(4) The bond amount required for a hospitality amenity license is the penal sum of
1637	\$10,000.

1638	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection 32B-5-303(3), the commission may approve an
1639	additional location in or on the licensed premises of a hospitality amenity licensee from which
1640	the hospitality amenity licensee may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the
1641	consumption of an alcoholic product that is not included in the person's original application
1642	only:
1643	(a) upon proper application by a hospitality amenity licensee; and
1644	(b) in accordance with guidelines the commission approves.
1645	Section 32. Section 32B-7-202 is amended to read:
1646	32B-7-202. General operational requirements for off-premise beer retailer.
1647	(1) (a) An off-premise beer retailer or staff of the off-premise beer retailer shall comply
1648	with the provisions of this title and any applicable rules made by the commission.
1649	(b) Failure to comply with this section may result in a suspension or revocation of a
1650	local license and, on or after July 1, 2018, disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3,
1651	Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act.
1652	(2) (a) (i) An off-premise beer retailer may not purchase, acquire, possess for the
1653	purpose of resale, or sell beer, except beer that the off-premise beer retailer lawfully purchases
1654	from:
1655	(A) a beer wholesaler licensee; or
1656	(B) a small brewer that manufactures the beer.
1657	(ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is a class A misdemeanor.
1658	(b) (i) If an off-premise beer retailer purchases beer under this Subsection (2) from a
1659	beer wholesaler licensee, the off-premise beer retailer shall purchase beer only from a beer
1660	wholesaler licensee who is designated by the manufacturer to sell beer in the geographical area
1661	in which the off-premise beer retailer is located, unless an alternate wholesaler is authorized by
1662	the department to sell to the off-premise beer retailer as provided in Section 32B-13-301.
1663	(ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) is a class B misdemeanor.
1664	(3) An off-premise beer retailer may not possess, sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer in a
1665	container larger than two liters.
1666	(4) (a) Staff of an off-premise beer retailer, while on duty, may not:
1667	(i) consume an alcoholic product; or
1668	(ii) be intoxicated.

1669	(b) A minor may not sell beer on the licensed premises of an off-premise beer retailer
1670	unless:
1671	(i) the sale is done under the supervision of a person 21 years old or older who is on the
1672	licensed premises; and
1673	(ii) the minor is at least 16 years old.
1674	(5) An off-premise beer retailer may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic
1675	product to:
1676	(a) a minor;
1677	(b) a person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
1678	(c) a known interdicted person; or
1679	(d) a known habitual drunkard.
1680	(6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), an off-premise beer
1681	retailer shall:
1682	(i) display all beer accessible by and visible to a patron in no more than two locations
1683	on the retail sales floor, each of which is:
1684	(A) a display cabinet, cooler, aisle, floor display, or room where beer is the only
1685	beverage displayed; and
1686	(B) not adjacent to a display of nonalcoholic beverages, unless the location is a cooler
1687	with a door from which the nonalcoholic beverages are not accessible, or the beer is separated
1688	from the display of nonalcoholic beverages by a display of one or more nonbeverage products
1689	or another physical divider; and
1690	(ii) display a sign in the area described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) that:
1691	(A) is prominent;
1692	(B) is easily readable by a consumer;
1693	(C) meets the requirements for format established by the commission by rule; and
1694	(D) reads in print that is no smaller than .5 inches, bold type, "These beverages contain
1695	alcohol. Please read the label carefully."
1696	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), a nonalcoholic beer may be displayed with beer
1697	if the nonalcoholic beer is labeled, packaged, or advertised as a nonalcoholic beer.
1698	(c) The requirements of this Subsection (6) apply to beer notwithstanding that it is
1699	labeled, packaged, or advertised as:

1700	(i) a malt cooler; or
1701	(ii) a beverage that may provide energy.
1702	(d) A violation of this Subsection (6) is an infraction.
1703	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(e)(ii), the provisions of Subsection (6)(a)(i)
1704	apply on and after May 9, 2017.
1705	(ii) For a beer retailer that operates two or more off-premise beer retailers, the
1706	provisions of Subsection (6)(a)(i) apply on and after August 1, 2017.
1707	(7) (a) Staff of an off-premise beer retailer who directly supervises the sale of beer or
1708	who sells beer to a patron for consumption off the premises of the off-premise beer retailer
1709	shall wear a unique identification badge:
1710	(i) on the front of the staff's clothing;
1711	(ii) visible above the waist;
1712	(iii) bearing the staff's:
1713	(A) first or last name;
1714	(B) initials; or
1715	(C) unique identification in letters or numbers; and
1716	(iv) with the number or letters on the unique identification badge being sufficiently
1717	large to be clearly visible and identifiable while engaging in or directly supervising the retail
1718	sale of beer.
1719	(b) An off-premise beer retailer shall make and maintain a record of each current staffs
1720	unique identification badge assigned by the off-premise beer retailer that includes the staffs:
1721	(i) full name;
1722	(ii) address; and
1723	(iii) (A) driver license number; or
1724	(B) similar identification number.
1725	(c) An off-premise beer retailer shall make available a record required to be made or
1726	maintained under this Subsection (7) for immediate inspection by:
1727	(i) a peace officer;
1728	(ii) a representative of the local authority that issues the off-premise beer retailer
1729	license; or
1730	(iii) for an off-premise beer retailer state license, a representative of the commission or

1761

As used in this chapter:

1731 department. 1732 (d) A local authority may impose a fine of up to \$250 against an off-premise beer 1733 retailer that does not comply or require its staff to comply with this Subsection (7). 1734 (8) (a) An off-premise beer retailer may sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer through a 1735 drive through window. 1736 (b) Subsection (8)(a) does not modify the display limitations and requirements 1737 described in Subsection (6). 1738 (9) An off-premise beer retailer may not on the licensed premises: 1739 (a) engage in or permit any form of: 1740 (i) gambling, as defined in Section 76-10-1101; or 1741 (ii) fringe gambling, as defined in Section 76-10-1101; 1742 (b) have any fringe gaming device, video gaming device, or gambling device or record 1743 as defined in Section 76-10-1101; or 1744 (c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires 1745 the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is 1746 based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers 1747 only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value. 1748 (10) An off-premise beer retailer may not knowingly allow a person on the licensed 1749 premises to, in violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter 1750 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act: 1751 (a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section 1752 58-37-2; or 1753 (b) use, deliver, or possess, with the intent to deliver, drug paraphernalia, as defined in 1754 Section 58-37a-3. (11) An off-premise beer retailer may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish a beer that is 1755 1756 intended to be frozen and consumed in a manner other than as a beverage, including beer in the 1757 form of a freeze pop, popsicle, ice cream, or sorbet. 1758 Section 33. Section 32B-8-102 is amended to read: 1759 32B-8-102. Definitions.

(1) "Boundary of a resort building" means the physical boundary of the real property

1762	reasonably related to a resort building and any structure or improvement to that land as
1763	determined by the commission.
1764	(2) "Designated conveyance area" means a route within a hotel or resort:
1765	(a) that connects one or more of the following:
1766	(i) the premises of a bar establishment sublicensee;
1767	(ii) the premises of a hospitality amenity sublicensee;
1768	(iii) the premises of an on-premise banquet sublicensee; or
1769	(iv) a guest's room; and
1770	(b) that does not begin, end, or pass through a pool area or other recreation area, a
1771	designated business center, or a sublicensed premises not described in Subsection (2)(a).
1772	[(2)] (3) "Dwelling" means a portion of a resort building:
1773	(a) owned by one or more individuals;
1774	(b) that is used or designated for use as a residence by one or more persons; and
1775	(c) that may be rented, loaned, leased, or hired out for a period of no longer than 30
1776	consecutive days by a person who uses it for a residence.
1777	[(3)] (4) "Engaged in the management of the resort" may be defined by the commission
1778	by rule.
1779	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Resident" means an individual who:
1780	(a) owns a dwelling located within a resort building; or
1781	(b) rents lodging accommodations for 30 consecutive days or less from:
1782	(i) an owner of a dwelling described in Subsection [(4)(a)] (5)(a); or
1783	(ii) the resort licensee.
1784	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> "Resort" means a location:
1785	(a) on which is located one resort building; and
1786	(b) that is affiliated with a ski area that physically touches the boundary of the resort
1787	building.
1788	[(6)] (7) "Resort building" means a building:
1789	(a) that is primarily operated to provide dwellings or lodging accommodations;
1790	(b) that has at least 150 units that consist of a dwelling or lodging accommodations;
1791	(c) that consists of at least 400,000 square feet:
1792	(i) including only the building itself; and

1/93	(11) not including areas such as above ground surface parking; and
1794	(d) of which at least 50% of the units described in Subsection [(6)(b)] (7)(b) consist of
1795	dwellings owned by a person other than the resort licensee.
1796	Section 34. Section 32B-8-201 is amended to read:
1797	32B-8-201. Commission's power to issue a resort license.
1798	(1) Before a person as a resort under a single license may store, sell, offer for sale,
1799	furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic product on sublicense premises, the person
1800	shall first obtain a resort license from the commission in accordance with this part.
1801	(2) (a) The commission may issue to a person a resort license to allow the storage, sale
1802	offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product in connection with a resort
1803	designated in the resort license if the person operates at least four sublicenses under the resort
1804	license.
1805	(b) A resort license shall:
1806	(i) consist of:
1807	(A) a general resort license; and
1808	(B) four or more sublicenses; and
1809	(ii) designate the boundary of the resort building, each sublicense, and each designated
1810	conveyance area.
1811	(c) This chapter does not prohibit an alcoholic product in or on the boundary of the
1812	resort building to the extent otherwise permitted by this title.
1813	(3) The commission may not issue a total number of resort licenses that at any time
1814	totals more than eight.
1815	Section 35. Section 32B-8-202 is amended to read:
1816	32B-8-202. Specific licensing requirements for resort license.
1817	(1) To obtain a resort license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail
1818	Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the person's written application:
1819	(a) evidence:
1820	(i) of proximity of the resort building to any community location;
1821	(ii) that each proposed sublicensed premises is entirely within the boundaries of the
1822	resort building; and
1823	(iii) that the building designated in the application as the resort building qualifies as a

1824	resort building; [and]
1825	(b) a description and boundary map of the resort building[-];
1826	(c) a description, floor plan, and boundary map of each proposed designated
1827	conveyance area; and
1828	(d) a signed consent form stating that the resort licensee will permit any authorized
1829	representative of the commission or department, or any law enforcement officer, to have an
1830	unrestricted right to enter any proposed designated conveyance area.
1831	(2) (a) A resort license expires on October 31 of each year.
1832	(b) To renew a person's resort license, the person shall comply with the requirements of
1833	Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1834	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a resort license is \$300.
1835	(b) The initial license fee for a resort license is calculated as follows:
1836	(i) if four sublicenses are being applied for under the resort license, \$10,000; or
1837	(ii) if more than four sublicenses are being applied for under the resort license, the sum
1838	of:
1839	(A) \$10,000; and
1840	(B) \$2,000 for each sublicense in excess of four sublicenses for which the person is
1841	applying.
1842	(c) The renewal fee for a resort license is \$1,000 for each sublicense under the resort
1843	license.
1844	(4) (a) The bond amount required for a resort license is the penal sum of \$25,000[-].
1845	covering each sublicense and each designated conveyance area under the resort license.
1846	(b) A resort licensee is not required to have a separate bond for each sublicense[5,
1847	except that the aggregate of the bonds posted by the resort licensee shall cover each sublicense
1848	under the resort license] or each designated conveyance area.
1849	(5) The commission may not issue a resort license for a resort building that does not
1850	meet the proximity requirements of Section 32B-1-202.
1851	(6) In accordance with Subsection 32B-8d-103(4), a resort licensee may request to add
1852	a sublicense after the commission issues the resort licensee's resort license.
1853	(7) (a) A resort licensee may request to add a designated conveyance area after the
1854	commission issues the resort licensee's resort license.

1855	(b) If a resort licensee seeks to add a designated conveyance area under Subsection
1856	(7)(a), the resort licensee shall submit to the department:
1857	(i) the information and evidence described in Subsections (1)(a)(iii), (1)(c), and (1)(d);
1858	<u>and</u>
1859	(ii) if the resort licensee is an entity, proper verification evidencing that the person who
1860	signs the submission is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity.
1861	Section 36. Section 32B-8-401 is amended to read:
1862	32B-8-401. Specific operational requirements for resort license.
1863	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational
1864	Requirements, a resort licensee, staff of the resort licensee, and a sublicensee or a person
1865	otherwise operating under a sublicense shall comply with this section.
1866	(b) Subject to Section 32B-8-502, failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a)
1867	may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and
1868	Enforcement Act, against:
1869	(i) the resort licensee;
1870	(ii) individual staff of the resort licensee;
1871	(iii) a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense of the resort
1872	licensee;
1873	(iv) individual staff of a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense
1874	of the resort licensee; or
1875	(v) any combination of the persons listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv).
1876	(2) (a) A resort licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product
1877	except:
1878	(i) on sublicensed premises;
1879	(ii) pursuant to a permit issued under this title;
1880	(iii) under a package agency agreement with the department, subject to Chapter 2, Part
1881	6, Package Agency; or
1882	(iv) through room service.
1883	(b) A resort licensee who sells, offers for sale, or furnishes an alcoholic product as
1884	provided in Subsection (2)(a), shall sell, offer for sale, or furnish the alcoholic product:
1885	(i) if on a sublicense premises, in accordance with the operational requirements

32B-8b-102. Definitions.

1886	described in Section 32B-8d-104;
1887	(ii) if under a permit issued under this title, in accordance with the operational
1888	requirements under the provisions applicable to the permit;
1889	(iii) if as a package agency, in accordance with the contract with the department and
1890	Chapter 2, Part 6, Package Agency; and
1891	(iv) if through room service, in accordance with Subsection [(5)] (6).
1892	(3) A resort licensee shall operate in a manner so that at least 70% of the annual
1893	aggregate of the gross receipts related to the sale of food or beverages for the resort license and
1894	each of the resort licensee's sublicenses is from the sale of food, not including:
1895	(a) mix for an alcoholic product; and
1896	(b) a charge in connection with the service of an alcoholic product.
1897	(4) (a) A resort licensee shall supervise and direct a person involved in the sale, offer
1898	for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product under a resort license.
1899	(b) A person involved in the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product
1900	under a resort license shall complete the alcohol training and education seminar.
1901	(5) (a) A resort licensee shall:
1902	(i) in accordance with commission rule, establish and maintain signage that clearly
1903	identifies each designated conveyance area and conspicuously states that a patron may not take
1904	an alcoholic beverage beyond the designated conveyance area except as otherwise provided in
1905	this chapter;
1906	(ii) ensure that an alcoholic beverage is not left unattended in a designated conveyance
1907	area; and
1908	(iii) ensure that each patron complies with the requirements of Subsection
1909	32B-8d-104(5)(b)(ii).
1910	[(5)] (6) (a) [Room] Staff of the resort licensee shall provide room service of an
1911	alcoholic product to a lodging accommodation of a resort licensee [shall be provided] in person
1912	[by staff of the resort licensee] only to an adult occupant in the lodging accommodation.
1913	(b) An alcoholic product may not be left outside a lodging accommodation for retrieval
1914	by an occupant.
1915	Section 37. Section 32B-8b-102 is amended to read:

1917	As used in this chapter:
1918	(1) "Boundary of a hotel" means the physical boundary of one or more contiguous
1919	parcels of real property owned or managed by the same person and on which a hotel is located
1920	(2) "Designated conveyance area" means a route within a hotel or resort:
1921	(a) that connects one or more of the following:
1922	(i) the premises of a bar establishment sublicensee;
1923	(ii) the premises of a hospitality amenity sublicensee;
1924	(iii) the premises of an on-premise banquet sublicensee; or
1925	(iv) a guest's room; and
1926	(b) does not begin, end, or pass through a pool area or other recreation area, a
1927	designated business center, or a sublicensed premises not described in Subsection (2)(a).
1928	[(2)] (3) "Hotel" means one or more buildings that:
1929	(a) comprise a hotel, as defined by the commission;
1930	(b) are owned or managed by the same person or by a person who has a majority
1931	interest in or can direct or exercise control over the management or policy of the person who
1932	owns or manages any other building under the hotel license within the boundary of the hotel;
1933	(c) primarily operate to provide lodging accommodations;
1934	(d) have on-premise banquet space and provide on-premise banquet service within the
1935	boundary of the hotel meeting the requirements of this title;
1936	(e) have a restaurant or bar establishment within the boundary of the hotel meeting the
1937	requirements of this title; and
1938	(f) have at least 40 rooms as temporary sleeping accommodations for compensation.
1939	Section 38. Section 32B-8b-201 is amended to read:
1940	32B-8b-201. Commission's power to issue a hotel license.
1941	(1) Before a person as a hotel under a single license may store, sell, offer for sale,
1942	furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic product on sublicense premises, the person
1943	shall first obtain a hotel license from the commission in accordance with this part.
1944	(2) (a) The commission may issue to a person a hotel license to allow the storage, sale
1945	offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product in connection with a hotel
1946	designated in the hotel license if the person operates at least three sublicenses under the hotel
1947	license:

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1948	(i) one of which is an on-premise banquet license; and
1949	(ii) one of which is:
1950	(A) a full-service restaurant sublicense;
1951	(B) a limited-service restaurant sublicense;
1952	(C) a beer-only restaurant sublicense; or
1953	(D) a bar establishment sublicense.
1954	(b) A hotel license shall:
1955	(i) consist of:
1956	(A) a general hotel license; and
1957	(B) three or more sublicenses meeting the requirements of Subsection (2)(a); and
1958	(ii) designate the boundary of the hotel [and], sublicenses[-], and each designated
1959	conveyance area.
1960	(c) This chapter does not prohibit an alcoholic product on the boundary of the hotel to
1961	the extent otherwise permitted by this title.
1962	(3) The commission may not issue a total number of hotel licenses that at any time
1963	totals more than 80.
1964	Section 39. Section 32B-8b-202 is amended to read:
1965	32B-8b-202. Specific licensing requirements for hotel license.
1966	(1) To obtain a hotel license, in addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail
1967	Licensing Process, a person shall submit with the person's written application:
1968	(a) evidence:
1969	(i) of proximity of each building under the hotel license to any community location;
1970	(ii) that each proposed sublicensed premises is entirely within the boundary of the
1971	hotel; and
1972	(iii) that each building designated in the application as a building under the hotel
1973	license qualifies to be under the hotel license; [and]
1974	(b) a description and boundary map of the hotel[:];
1975	(c) a description, floor plan, and boundary map of each proposed designated
1976	conveyance area; and
1977	(d) a signed consent form stating that the hotel licensee will permit any authorized
1978	representative of the commission or department, or any law enforcement officer, to have an

1979	unrestricted right to enter any proposed designated conveyance area.
1980	(2) (a) A hotel license expires on October 31 of each year.
1981	(b) To renew a person's hotel license, the person shall comply with the requirements of
1982	Chapter 5, Part 2, Retail Licensing Process, by no later than September 30.
1983	(3) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a hotel license is \$500.
1984	(b) The initial license fee for a hotel license is calculated as follows:
1985	(i) if three sublicenses are being applied for under the hotel license, \$5,000; or
1986	(ii) if more than three sublicenses are being applied for under the hotel license, the sum
1987	of:
1988	(A) \$5,000; and
1989	(B) \$2,000 for each sublicense in excess of three sublicenses for which the person is
1990	applying.
1991	(c) The renewal fee for a hotel license is \$1,000 for each sublicense under the hotel
1992	license.
1993	(4) (a) The bond amount required for a hotel license is the penal sum of \$10,000,
1994	covering each sublicense and each designated conveyance area under the hotel license.
1995	(b) A hotel licensee is not required to have a separate bond for each sublicense[, except
1996	that the aggregate of the bonds posted by the hotel licensee shall cover each sublicense under
1997	the hotel license] or each designated conveyance area.
1998	(5) The commission may not issue a hotel license that includes a building under the
1999	hotel license that does not meet the proximity requirements of Section 32B-1-202.
2000	(6) In accordance with Subsection 32B-8d-103(4), a hotel licensee may request to add a
2001	sublicense after the commission issues the hotel licensee's hotel license.
2002	(7) (a) A hotel licensee may request to add a designated conveyance area after the
2003	commission issues the hotel licensee's hotel license.
2004	(b) If a hotel licensee seeks to add a designated conveyance area under Subsection
2005	(7)(a), the hotel licensee shall submit to the department:
2006	(i) the information and evidence described in Subsections (1)(a)(iii), (1)(c), and (1)(d);
2007	<u>and</u>
2008	(ii) if the hotel licensee is an entity, proper verification evidencing that the person who
2009	signs the submission is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity.

2010	Section 40. Section 32B-8b-301 is amended to read:
2011	32B-8b-301. Specific operational requirements for hotel license.
2012	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational
2013	Requirements, a hotel licensee, staff of the hotel licensee, and a sublicensee or person
2014	otherwise operating under a sublicense shall comply with this section.
2015	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action
2016	in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
2017	(i) the hotel licensee;
2018	(ii) individual staff of the hotel licensee;
2019	(iii) a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense of the hotel
2020	licensee;
2021	(iv) individual staff of a sublicensee or person otherwise operating under a sublicense
2022	of the hotel licensee; or
2023	(v) any combination of the persons listed in this Subsection (1)(b).
2024	(2) (a) A hotel licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product
2025	except:
2026	(i) on sublicensed premises;
2027	(ii) pursuant to a permit issued under this title;
2028	(iii) under a package agency agreement with the department, subject to Chapter 2, Part
2029	6, Package Agency; or
2030	(iv) through room service.
2031	(b) A hotel licensee who sells, offers for sale, or furnishes an alcoholic product as
2032	provided in Subsection (2)(a) shall sell, offer for sale, or furnish the alcoholic product:
2033	(i) if on sublicensed premises, in accordance with the operational requirements
2034	described in Section 32B-8d-104;
2035	(ii) if under a permit issued under this title, in accordance with the operational
2036	requirements under the provisions applicable to the permit;
2037	(iii) if as a package agency, in accordance with the contract with the department and
2038	Chapter 2, Part 6, Package Agency; and
2039	(iv) if through room service, in accordance with Subsection $[\frac{(4)}{2}]$.
2040	(c) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (2) and except as provided

sublicense.

2041	in Section 32B-8d-104, a hotel licensee may not permit a patron to carry an alcoholic product
2042	off the premises of a sublicense in violation of Section 32B-5-307 [or], off an area designated
2043	under a permit, or off a designated conveyance area.
2044	(3) A hotel licensee shall supervise and direct a person involved in the sale, offer for
2045	sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product under a hotel license.
2046	(4) (a) A hotel licensee shall:
2047	(i) in accordance with commission rule, establish and maintain signage that clearly
2048	identifies each designated conveyance area and conspicuously states that a patron may not take
2049	an alcoholic beverage beyond the designated conveyance area except as otherwise provided in
2050	this chapter;
2051	(ii) ensure that an alcoholic beverage is not left unattended in a designated conveyance
2052	area; and
2053	(iii) ensure that each patron complies with the requirements of Subsection
2054	32B-8d-104(5)(b)(ii).
2055	(b) In accordance with Subsection (2), a hotel licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or
2056	furnish an alcoholic product in a designated conveyance area.
2057	[(4)] (5) (a) [Room] Staff of the hotel licensee shall provide room service of an
2058	alcoholic product to a lodging accommodation of a hotel licensee [shall be provided] in person
2059	[by staff of the hotel licensee] only to an adult occupant in the lodging accommodation.
2060	(b) An alcoholic product may not be left outside a lodging accommodation for retrieval
2061	by an occupant.
2062	[(5)] (6) A hotel licensee shall operate in a manner so that at least 70% of the annual
2063	aggregate of the gross receipts related to the sale of food or beverages for the hotel license and
2064	each of the hotel license's sublicenses is from the sale of food, not including:
2065	(a) mix for an alcoholic product; and
2066	(b) a charge in connection with the service of an alcoholic product.
2067	Section 41. Section 32B-8d-104 is amended to read:
2068	32B-8d-104. General operational requirements for a sublicense.
2069	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) through [(3)] (5), a person operating under a
2070	sublicense is subject to the operational requirements under the provisions applicable to the

2072	(2) Notwithstanding a requirement in the provisions applicable to the sublicense, a
2073	person operating under the sublicense is not subject to a requirement that a certain percentage
2074	of the gross receipts for the sublicense be from the sale of food, except to the extent that the
2075	gross receipts for the sublicense are included in calculating the percentages under Subsections
2076	32B-8-401(3), [32B-8b-301(5)] <u>32B-8b-301(6)</u> , and 32B-8c-301(3).
2077	(3) Notwithstanding [Section 32B-5-307:] Sections 32B-5-307 and,
2078	[(a)] a patron may transport beer between the sublicensed premises of an arena
2079	licensee's accompanying sublicenses, if the patron transports the beer from and to an area of
2080	each sublicensed premises:
2081	[(i)] (a) that is adjacent to the other; and
2082	[(ii)] (b) where the consumption of beer is permitted[; and].
2083	[(b)] (4) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-307, staff of a sublicensee or person
2084	otherwise operating under a sublicense of a hotel licensee or a resort licensee may transport an
2085	alcoholic beverage from and to sublicensed premises of the hotel license or resort license, if:
2086	[(i)] (a) the sublicensee is:
2087	[(A)] (i) a full-service restaurant sublicensee;
2088	[(B)] (ii) a limited-service restaurant sublicensee;
2089	[(C)] (iii) a bar establishment sublicensee;
2090	[(D)] (iv) a beer-only restaurant sublicensee; or
2091	[(E)] (v) an on-premise beer retailer sublicensee;
2092	[(ii)] (b) the individual staff carries the alcoholic beverage:
2093	[(A)] (i) from the sublicensed premises of a sublicensee described in Subsection
2094	[(3)(b)(i)] $(4)(a)$;
2095	[(B)] (ii) briefly through an unlicensed area or briefly through sublicensed premises on
2096	which the type of alcoholic beverage that the individual staff carries is permitted; and
2097	[(C)] <u>(iii)</u> to the sublicensed premises of a sublicensee described in Subsection
2098	[(3)(b)(i)] $(4)(a)$; and
2099	[(iii)] (c) the individual staff at all times stays within:
2100	[(A)] (i) the boundary of the hotel; or
2101	[(B)] (ii) the boundary of the resort building.
2102	[(4)] (5) (a) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-307, 32B-6-605, or 32B-6-1005, a patron

2103	may transport an alcoholic beverage between any of the following locations, if the patron
2104	lawfully obtained the alcoholic beverage on the premises of a sublicensee described in
2105	Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and complies with Subsection (5)(b):
2106	(i) a bar establishment sublicensee's sublicensed premises;
2107	(ii) a hospitality amenity sublicensee's sublicensed premises;
2108	(iii) an on-premise banquet sublicensee's sublicensed premises; and
2109	(iv) a guest room.
2110	(b) A patron may transport an alcoholic beverage in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)
2111	only if:
2112	(i) the patron travels exclusively within a designated conveyance area as defined in
2113	Section 32B-8-102 or 32B-8b-102; and
2114	(ii) the alcoholic beverage:
2115	(A) is not in the alcoholic beverage's original container; and
2116	(B) is in an opaque or solid color container that is readily identifiable as intended for
2117	use in a designated conveyance area.
2118	(6) Except as provided in Section 32B-8-502, for purposes of interpreting an
2119	operational requirement imposed by the provisions applicable to a sublicense:
2120	(a) a requirement imposed on a sublicensee or person operating under a sublicense
2121	applies to the principal licensee; and
2122	(b) a requirement imposed on staff of a sublicensee or person operating under a
2123	sublicense applies to staff of the principal licensee.
2124	Section 42. Section 32B-10-202 is amended to read:
2125	32B-10-202. Application for special use permit Qualifications.
2126	(1) To obtain a special use permit, a person shall submit to the department:
2127	(a) a written application in a form prescribed by the department;
2128	(b) a nonrefundable application fee, if required by the relevant part of this chapter
2129	applicable to the type of special use permit for which the person applies;
2130	(c) an initial permit fee:
2131	(i) if required by the relevant part of this chapter applicable to the type of special use
2132	permit for which the person applies; and
2133	(ii) that is refundable if a special use permit is not issued;

2135	(i) applicable to the type of special use permit for which the person applies; and
2136	(ii) that is refundable if a special use permit is not issued;
2137	(e) a statement of the purpose for which the person applies for the special use permit;
2138	(f) a description of the types of alcoholic product the person intends to use under
2139	authority of the special use permit;
2140	(g) written consent of the local authority;
2141	(h) if required, a bond as provided in Section 32B-10-205;
2142	(i) a floor plan of the immediate area within the premises in which the person proposes
2143	that an alcoholic product will be used, mixed, stored, sold, or consumed if required by the
2144	relevant part of this chapter applicable to the type of special use permit for which the person
2145	applies;
2146	(j) a signed consent form stating that the special use permittee will permit any
2147	authorized representative of the commission, department, or any other law enforcement officer
2148	to have unrestricted right to enter the special use permittee's premises;
2149	(k) if the person is an entity, proper verification evidencing that a person who signs the
2150	application is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity; and
2151	(l) any other information the commission or department may require.
2152	(2) (a) The commission may issue a special use permit only to a person who qualifies
2153	as follows:
2154	(i) the commission may issue a religious wine use permit to a religious organization;
2155	(ii) the commission may issue an industrial or manufacturing use permit to a person
2156	engaged in an industrial or manufacturing pursuit;
2157	(iii) the commission may issue a scientific or educational use permit to a person
2158	engaged in a scientific or educational pursuit; and
2159	(iv) the commission may issue a public service permit to:
2160	(A) an operator of an airline, railroad, or other public conveyance[-]; or
2161	(B) an entity with authorization from an international airport to establish and operate a
2162	hospitality room at the international airport.
2163	(b) The commission may not issue a special use permit to a person who is disqualified
2164	under Section 32B-1-304.

(d) a one-time special use permit fee if required by a section of this chapter:

2165	(c) If a person to whom a special use permit is issued no longer possesses the
2166	qualifications required by this title for obtaining that special use permit, the commission may
2167	suspend or revoke that special use permit.
2168	Section 43. Section 32B-10-303 is amended to read:
2169	32B-10-303. Specific application and renewal requirements for public service
2170	permit.
2171	(1) To obtain a public service permit, in addition to complying with Section
2172	32B-10-202, a person shall submit to the department:
2173	(a) a statement of the total of regularly numbered flights, trains, buses, boats, or other
2174	types of public conveyance for which the person plans to use the special use permit;
2175	(b) a floor plan of any room or facility in which the person plans to establish a
2176	hospitality room; and
2177	(c) evidence of proximity of a proposed hospitality room to:
2178	(i) the arrival and departure area used by a person traveling on the person's airline,
2179	railroad, bus, boat, or other public conveyance[-]; or
2180	(ii) if the applicant is a person described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(B), the
2181	arrival and departure area of another person's airline.
2182	(2) (a) The nonrefundable application fee for a public service permit is \$75.
2183	(b) The initial permit fee for a public service permit is \$250.
2184	(c) The bond amount required for a public service permittee is the penal sum of \$1,000
2185	(3) (a) To renew a public service permit, a person shall comply with Section
2186	32B-10-203.
2187	(b) (i) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the renewal fee for a public
2188	service permit is \$30 for each regularly numbered passenger airplane flight, passenger train,
2189	bus, boat, or any other regularly scheduled public conveyance upon which an alcoholic product
2190	is sold, offered for sale, or furnished.
2191	(ii) For an applicant described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(B), the renewal fee
2192	for a public service permit is \$5,000.
2193	Section 44. Section 32B-10-304 is amended to read:
2194	32B-10-304. Specific operational requirements for a public service permit.
2195	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Section 32B-10-206, a public service permittee

2196	and staff of the public service permittee shall comply with this section.
2197	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action
2198	in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
2199	(i) a public service permittee;
2200	(ii) individual staff of a public service permittee; or
2201	(iii) both a public service permittee and staff of the public service permittee.
2202	(2) (a) A public service permittee described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(A)
2203	whose public conveyances operate on an interstate basis may do the following:
2204	(i) purchase an alcoholic product outside of the state;
2205	(ii) bring an alcoholic product purchased outside of the state into the state; and
2206	(iii) sell, offer for sale, and furnish an alcoholic product purchased outside of the state
2207	to a passenger traveling on the public service permittee's public conveyance for consumption
2208	while en route on the public conveyance.
2209	(b) A public service permittee described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(A) whose
2210	public conveyance operates solely within the state[, to]:
2211	(i) may sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to a passenger traveling on
2212	the public service permittee's public conveyance for consumption while en route on the public
2213	conveyance[, shall purchase:]; and
2214	(ii) shall purchase:
2215	[(i)] (A) liquor from a state store or package agency; and
2216	[(ii)] (B) beer from a beer wholesaler licensee.
2217	(c) A public service permittee described in Subsection 32B-10-202(2)(a)(iv)(B):
2218	(i) may sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to a patron at the public
2219	service permittee's hospitality room; and
2220	(ii) shall purchase:
2221	(A) liquor from a state store or package agency; and
2222	(B) beer from a beer wholesaler licensee.
2223	(3) (a) A public service permittee may establish a hospitality room, if:
2224	(i) (A) the room is located within a depot, terminal, or similar facility adjacent to and
2225	servicing the public service permittee's airline, railroad, bus, boat, or other public conveyance;
2226	<u>or</u>

2227	(B) the room is located within a terminal at an international airport and servicing
2228	another public service permittee's airline;
2229	(ii) the room is completely enclosed and the interior is not visible to the public;
2230	(iii) the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product is made only to a
2231	person:
2232	(A) then in transit using the public service permittee's airline, railroad, bus line, or
2233	other public conveyance or, for a public service permittee described in Subsection (2), another
2234	public service permittee's airline; and
2235	(B) holding a valid boarding pass or similar travel document issued by [the] a public
2236	service permittee; and
2237	(iv) (A) liquor is purchased from:
2238	(I) a state store; or
2239	(II) a package agency; and
2240	(B) beer is purchased from a beer wholesaler licensee.
2241	(b) (i) A public service permittee operating a hospitality room shall display in a
2242	prominent place in the hospitality room, a sign in large letters that consists of text in the
2243	following order:
2244	(A) a header that reads: "WARNING";
2245	(B) a warning statement that reads: "Drinking alcoholic beverages during pregnancy
2246	can cause birth defects and permanent brain damage for the child.";
2247	(C) a statement in smaller font that reads: "Call the Utah Department of Health at
2248	[insert most current toll-free number] with questions or for more information.";
2249	(D) a header that reads: "WARNING"; and
2250	(E) a warning statement that reads: "Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is
2251	a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
2252	(ii) (A) The text described in Subsections (3)(b)(i)(A) through (C) shall be in a
2253	different font style than the text described in Subsections (3)(b)(i)(D) and (E).
2254	(B) The warning statements in the sign described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall be in the
2255	same font size.
2256	(iii) The Department of Health shall work with the commission and department to
2257	facilitate consistency in the format of a sign required under this section.

2258	(c) A hospitality room shall be operated in accordance with this chapter and rules
2259	adopted by the commission.
2260	Section 45. Section 32B-15-201 is amended to read:
2261	32B-15-201. Liability for injuries and damage resulting from distribution of
2262	alcoholic products Prima facie evidence.
2263	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections 32B-15-202(2) and (3), a person described in
2264	Subsection (1)(b) is liable for:
2265	(i) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
2266	(A) a third person; or
2267	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78B-3-105, of the third person; or
2268	(ii) the death of a third person.
2269	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (1)(a) if:
2270	(i) the person directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides an alcoholic product:
2271	(A) to a person described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
2272	(B) as part of the commercial sale, storage, service, manufacture, distribution, or
2273	consumption of an alcoholic product;
2274	(ii) those actions cause the intoxication of:
2275	(A) an individual under 21 years old;
2276	(B) an individual who is apparently under the influence of an alcoholic product or
2277	drug;
2278	(C) an individual whom the person furnishing the alcoholic product knew or should
2279	have known from the circumstances was under the influence of an alcoholic product or drug, or
2280	(D) an individual who is a known interdicted person; and
2281	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (1)(a) results from the intoxication of
2282	the individual who is provided the alcoholic product.
2283	(c) It is prima facie evidence that a person is liable under Subsection (1)(a) for an
2284	injury or death that results from the intoxication of an individual described in Subsection
2285	(1)(b)(ii)(B) or (C) if:
2286	(i) the person directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides the individual the last
2287	alcoholic product the individual consumes before the injury or death described in Subsection
2288	(1)(b)(iii);

2289	(ii) the individual consumes the alcoholic product at the location where the person
2290	directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides the individual the alcoholic product;
2291	(iii) the injury or death occurs within 30 minutes after the time at which the individual
2292	leaves, and within a 10 mile radius of, the location where the person gives, sells, or otherwise
2293	provides the individual the alcoholic product; and
2294	(iv) (A) the individual is charged with [a criminal violation of Section 41-6a-502 for
2295	driving under the influence of an alcoholic product in relation to the injury or death.] an offense
2296	described in Subsection 41-6a-501(2)(a); or
2297	(B) if the individual dies as a result of the event that caused the injury or death, a
2298	subsequent chemical test shows that the individual had a blood alcohol concentration of .05
2299	grams or greater at the time of the test.
2300	(2) (a) A person 21 years old or older who is described in Subsection (2)(b) is liable
2301	for:
2302	(i) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
2303	(A) a third person; or
2304	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78B-3-105, of the third person; or
2305	(ii) the death of the third person.
2306	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (2)(a) if:
2307	(i) the person directly gives or otherwise provides an alcoholic product to an individual
2308	who the person knows or should have known is under 21 years old;
2309	(ii) those actions caused the intoxication of the individual provided the alcoholic
2310	product;
2311	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (2)(a) results from the intoxication of
2312	the individual who is provided the alcoholic product; and
2313	(iv) the person is not liable under Subsection (1), because the person did not directly
2314	give or provide the alcoholic product as part of the commercial sale, storage, service,
2315	manufacture, distribution, or consumption of an alcoholic product.
2316	(3) This section does not apply to a business licensed in accordance with Chapter 7,
2317	Off-Premise Beer Retailer Act, to sell beer at retail only for off-premise consumption.
2318	Section 46. Section 41-6a-531 is enacted to read:
2319	41-6a-531. Access to DUI investigative reports.

2320	(1) As used in this section:
2321	(a) "Agent" means a person's attorney that has been formally engaged.
2322	(b) "DUI investigative report" means all materials that a peace officer gathers as part of
2323	investigating an offense described in Subsection 41-6a-501 including:
2324	(i) the identity of witnesses and, if known, contact information;
2325	(ii) witness statements;
2326	(iii) photographs and videotapes;
2327	(iv) diagrams;
2328	(v) field notes;
2329	(vi) test results; and
2330	(vii) any Targeted Responsibility for Alcohol Connected Emergencies investigation
2331	report.
2332	(2) (a) Upon request, a law enforcement agency shall disclose an unredacted DUI
2333	investigative report to:
2334	(i) a person who suffers loss or injury related to the person's actions that gave rise to
2335	the investigation; or
2336	(ii) an agent, parent, or legal guardian of the person described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
2337	(b) A law enforcement agency responding to a request under Subsection (2)(a) may:
2338	(i) withhold a portion of the DUI investigative report if disclosure would materially
2339	prejudice an ongoing criminal investigation or criminal prosecution;
2340	(ii) redact or withhold any privileged information;
2341	(iii) redact an individual's phone number or address, if disclosure of the individual's
2342	phone number or address may endanger an individual's physical safety; or
2343	(iv) provide the DUI investigative report subject to an agreement that limits the
2344	recipient's use of the DUI investigative report to use solely for the purpose of pursuing a civil
2345	claim related to the incident.
2346	(3) A law enforcement agency may charge a reasonable fee to cover the cost incurred
2347	by disclosing a DUI investigative report in accordance with this section.
2348	Section 47. Section 53-28-101 is enacted to read:
2349	CHAPTER 28. PLACE OF LAST DRINK PROGRAM
2350	53-28-101. Definitions.

2351	(1) "Alcohol-related law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in
2352	Section 32B-1-201.
2353	(2) "Alcohol-related traffic stop" means a traffic stop that results in an individual being
2354	arrested for an offense described in Subsection 41-6a-501(2)(a) related to alcohol.
2355	(3) "Alcoholic beverage" means the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-102.
2356	(4) "Place of last drink" means the location where an individual obtains and consumes
2357	the last alcoholic beverage before the individual is the subject of an alcohol-related traffic stop.
2358	(5) "Retail licensee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-102.
2359	Section 48. Section 53-28-102 is enacted to read:
2360	53-28-102. Place of last drink reporting requirements.
2361	(1) The department shall establish a program in accordance with this chapter to:
2362	(a) identify when an individual's place of last drink is a retail licensee; and
2363	(b) efficiently share information with alcohol-related law enforcement officers about
2364	each retail licensee that is an individual's place of last drink for the purpose of allowing the
2365	alcohol-related law enforcement officers to investigate a possible violation of Section
2366	<u>32B-5-306.</u>
2367	(2) In developing the program described in this section, the department shall coordinate
2368	with and take input from the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services created in Section
2369	<u>32B-2-203.</u>
2370	(3) Before November 1, 2025, the department shall provide a written report to the
2371	Criminal Justice and Law Enforcement Interim Committee that describes how the department
2372	implemented the program, the extent to which the program accomplishes the objectives
2373	described in Subsection (1), and any planned or recommended changes.
2374	Section 49. Section 59-15-101 is amended to read:
2375	59-15-101. Tax basis Rate.
2376	(1) As used in this chapter, "beer" means:
2377	(a) beer as defined in Section 32B-1-102; or
2378	(b) heavy beer as defined in Section 32B-1-102.
2379	(2) (a) A tax is imposed at the rate specified in [Subsection (1)(b) on all beer, as
2380	defined in Section 32B-1-102,] Subsection (2)(b) on beer that is imported or manufactured for
2381	sale, use, or distribution in this state.

2382	[(b) The tax described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be imposed at a rate of:]
2383	[(i) \$11 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured:]
2384	[(A) before July 1, 2003; and]
2385	[(B) for sale, use, or distribution in this state; and]
2386	[(ii) \$13.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured:]
2387	[(A) on or after July 1, 2003; and]
2388	[(B) for sale, use, or distribution in this state.]
2389	(b) The rate of the tax imposed under this Subsection (2) is:
2390	(i) \$13.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured before July 1, 2024
2391	(ii) \$13.35 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2392	2024, and before July 1, 2025;
2393	(iii) \$13.60 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2394	2025, and before July 1, 2026;
2395	(iv) \$13.85 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2396	2026, and before July 1, 2027; and
2397	(v) \$14.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2398	<u>2027.</u>
2399	(c) The tax imposed under this Subsection [(1)] (2):
2400	(i) shall be imposed at a proportionate rate for:
2401	(A) any quantity of beer other than a 31-gallon barrel; or
2402	(B) the fractional parts of a 31-gallon barrel; and
2403	(ii) may not be imposed more than once on the same beer.
2404	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ A tax may not be imposed on beer:
2405	(a) sold to the United States and its agencies; or
2406	(b) (i) manufactured or imported for sale, use, or distribution outside the state; and
2407	(ii) exported from the state.
2408	Section 50. Section 59-15-109 is amended to read:
2409	59-15-109. Commission to deposit beer tax revenue.
2410	(1) [Except as provided in Subsection (2), taxes collected under this chapter shall be
2411	paid by the commission to the state treasurer daily for deposit] Except as provided in
2412	Subsections (2) and (3), the commission shall deposit revenue collected under this chapter as

2413	follows:
2414	(a) the greater of the following shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage
2415	Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-403:
2416	(i) an amount calculated by:
2417	(A) determining an amount equal to 50% of the revenue collected for the fiscal year
2418	two years preceding the fiscal year for which the deposit is made; and
2419	(B) subtracting \$30,000 from the amount determined under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A); or
2420	(ii) \$4,350,000; and
2421	(b) the revenue collected in excess of the amount deposited in accordance with
2422	Subsection (1)(a) shall be deposited into the General Fund.
2423	(2) The [state treasurer] commission shall annually deposit into the Alcoholic Beverage
2424	Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-403 an amount equal
2425	to the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed
2426	under Section 59-15-101 that [exceeds] is equal to:
2427	[(a) \$12.80 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured:]
2428	[(i) on or after July 1, 2003; and]
2429	[(ii) for sale, use, or distribution in this state; and]
2430	(a) \$0.30 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2431	2003; and
2432	(b) a proportionate rate to the rate described in Subsection (2)(a) for:
2433	(i) any quantity of beer other than a 31-gallon barrel; or
2434	(ii) the fractional parts of a 31-gallon barrel.
2435	(3) Beginning fiscal year 2024-25, the commission shall annually deposit into the
2436	Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund created in Section 32B-2-305 an amount
2437	equal to the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax
2438	imposed under Section 59-15-101 that exceeds:
2439	(a) \$13.10 per 31-gallon barrel for beer imported or manufactured on or after July 1,
2440	<u>2024; and</u>
2441	(b) a proportionate rate to the rate described in Subsection (3)(a) for:
2442	(i) any quantity of beer other than a 31-gallon barrel; or
2443	(ii) the fractional parts of a 31-gallon barrel.

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2444	[(3)] (4) (a) The commission shall notify the entities described in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$
2445	(4)(b) not later than the September 1 preceding the fiscal year of the deposit of:
2446	(i) the amount of the proceeds of the beer excise tax collected in accordance with this
2447	section for the fiscal year two years preceding the fiscal year of deposit; and
2448	(ii) an amount equal to 50% of the amount listed in Subsection $[\frac{(3)(a)(i)}{(4)(a)(i)}]$.
2449	(b) The notification required by Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ $(4)(a)$ shall be sent to:
2450	(i) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget; and
2451	(ii) the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
2452	Section 51. Section 63I-2-232 is amended to read:
2453	63I-2-232. Repeal dates: Title 32B.
2454	(1) Subsection 32B-1-603.5(7), regarding the Department of Alcoholic Beverage
2455	Services' review of beer that is sold or distributed in the state, is repealed December 31, 2024.
2456	(2) Subsection 32B-2-205(4), which creates a workgroup to make recommendations
2457	regarding training and recordkeeping for certain cash transactions, is repealed January 1, 2025.
2458	Section 52. Repealer.
2459	This bill repeals:
2460	Section 32B-2-210, Alcoholic Beverage Services Advisory Board.
2461	Section 53. Effective date.
2462	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.
2463	Section 54. Coordinating H.B. 548 with S.B. 272.
2464	If S.B. 272, Capital City Reinvestment Zone Amendments, does not pass and become
2465	law, the Legislature intends that, on May 1, 2024, the changes to Section 32B-1-202 in H.B.
2466	548, Alcohol Amendments, not be made.