Ф 02-29-24 /.22 FM Ф

RESIDENTIA	AL BUILDING INS	PECTION AMENDME	ENTS

Representative Calvin R. Musselman proposes the following substitute bill:

2 2024 GENERAL SESSION 3 STATE OF UTAH 4 **Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers** House Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman 5 6 7 LONG TITLE 8 **General Description:** 9 This bill amends provisions relating to third-party inspection firms. **Highlighted Provisions:** 10 11 This bill: 12 provides that, if a city does not provide a building inspection within three days, an 13 applicant may engage a third-party inspection firm; 14 ► authorizes a person seeking a building permit to hire a third-party inspection firm to perform an inspection of the person's property at the local regulator's expense; 15 16 • establishes a process and standards that govern a local regulator's payment of 17 third-party inspection firm costs; 18 requires that a local regulator issue a certificate of occupancy to a building permit 19 applicant after certain requirements have been met; 20 • exempts a local regulator from liability for any inspection performed by a 21 third-party inspection firm; 22 amends provisions relating to disciplinary proceedings for a licensed inspector; and 23 ▶ defines terms. 24 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

25 None

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26	Other Special Clauses:
27	None
28	Utah Code Sections Affected:
29	AMENDS:
30	10-6-160, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
31	15A-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
32	17-36-55, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
33	58-56-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 229
34	ENACTS:
35	15A-1-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 10-6-160 is amended to read:
39	10-6-160. Fees collected for construction approval Approval of plans.
40	(1) As used in this section:
41	(a) "Business day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday.
42	(b) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
43	(c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping
44	accommodations to the public, including any of the following:
45	(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;
46	(ii) a boarding house;
47	(iii) a dormitory;
48	(iv) a hotel;
49	(v) an inn;
50	(vi) a lodging house;
51	(vii) a motel;
52	(viii) a resort; or
53	(ix) a rooming house.
54	(d) "Planning review" means a review to verify that a city has approved the following
55	elements of a construction project:
56	(i) zoning;

57	(ii) lot sizes;
58	(iii) setbacks;
59	(iv) easements;
60	(v) curb and gutter elevations;
61	(vi) grades and slopes;
62	(vii) utilities;
63	(viii) street names;
64	(ix) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland Urban
65	Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
66	(x) subdivision.
67	(e) (i) "Plan review" means all of the reviews and approvals of a plan that a city
68	requires to obtain a building permit from the city with a scope that may not exceed a review to
69	verify:
70	(A) that the construction project complies with the provisions of the State Construction
71	Code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act;
72	(B) that the construction project complies with the energy code adopted under Section
73	15A-2-103;
74	(C) that the construction project received a planning review;
75	(D) that the applicant paid any required fees;
76	(E) that the applicant obtained final approvals from any other required reviewing
77	agencies;
78	(F) that the construction project complies with federal, state, and local storm water
79	protection laws;
80	(G) that the construction project received a structural review;
81	(H) the total square footage for each building level of finished, garage, and unfinished
82	space; and
83	(I) that the plans include a printed statement indicating that the actual construction will
84	comply with applicable local ordinances and the state construction codes.
85	(ii) "Plan review" does not mean a review of a document:
86	(A) required to be re-submitted for a construction project other than a construction
87	project for a one to two family dwelling or townhome if additional modifications or substantive

88	changes are identified by the plan review;
89	(B) submitted as part of a deferred submittal when requested by the applicant and
90	approved by the building official; or
91	(C) that, due to the document's technical nature or on the request of the applicant, is
92	reviewed by a third party.
93	(f) "State Construction Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
94	15A-1-102.
95	(g) "State Fire Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-102.
96	(h) "Structural review" means:
97	(i) a review that verifies that a construction project complies with the following:
98	(A) footing size and bar placement;
99	(B) foundation thickness and bar placement;
100	(C) beam and header sizes;
101	(D) nailing patterns;
102	(E) bearing points;
103	(F) structural member size and span; and
104	(G) sheathing; or
105	(ii) if the review exceeds the scope of the review described in Subsection (1)(h)(i), a
106	review that a licensed engineer conducts.
107	(i) "Technical nature" means a characteristic that places an item outside the training
108	and expertise of an individual who regularly performs plan reviews.
109	(2) (a) If a city collects a fee for the inspection of a construction project, the city shall
110	ensure that the construction project receives a prompt inspection as described in Subsection
111	<u>(2)(b)</u> .
112	(b) If a city cannot provide a building inspection within three business days after the
113	day on which the city receives the request for the inspection, [the city shall promptly engage an
114	independent inspector with fees collected from the applicant] the building permit applicant may
115	engage a third-party inspection firm from the third-party inspection firm list described in
116	Section 15A-1-105.
116a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow$ (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), if an applicant requests that an inspection take
116b	place on a date that is more than three days from the day on which the applicant requests the
116c	inspection, the city shall conduct the inspection on the date requested. $\bigstar \hat{H}$
117	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [(e)] (d) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ If an inspector identifies one or more violations of the State Construction
117a	Code or
118	State Fire Code during an inspection, the inspector shall give the permit holder written

119 notification that: 120 (i) identifies each violation; 121 (ii) upon request by the permit holder, includes a reference to each applicable provision 122 of the State Construction Code or State Fire Code; and 123 (iii) is delivered: 124 (A) in hardcopy or by electronic means; and 125 (B) the day on which the inspection occurs. 126 (3) (a) A city shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a one to two 127 family dwelling or townhome by no later than 14 business days after the day on which the 128 applicant submits a complete building permit application to the city. 129 (b) A city shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a residential 130 structure built under the International Building Code, not including a lodging establishment, by 131 no later than 21 business days after the day on which the applicant submits a complete building 132 permit application to the city. 133 (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(i), if a city does not complete a plan review before 134 the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) expires, an applicant may request that the 135 city complete the plan review. 136 (ii) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (3)(c)(i), the city shall perform the 137 plan review no later than: (A) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(a), 14 days from the day on which the 138 139 applicant makes the request; or 140 (B) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(b), 21 days from the day on which the 141 applicant makes the request. 142 (d) An applicant may: 143 (i) waive the plan review time requirements described in this Subsection (3); or 144 (ii) with the city's consent, establish an alternative plan review time requirement. 145 (4) A city may not enforce a requirement to have a plan review if: 146 (a) the city does not complete the plan review within the time period described in 147 Subsection (3)(a) or (b); and 148 (b) a licensed architect or structural engineer, or both when required by law, stamps the 149 plan.

150	(5) (a) A city may attach to a reviewed plan a list that includes:
151	(i) items with which the city is concerned and may enforce during construction; and
152	(ii) building code violations found in the plan.
153	(b) A city may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the city requests minor
154	changes to the plan that the list described in Subsection (5)(a) identifies.
155	(c) A city may only require a single resubmittal of plans for a one or two family
156	dwelling or townhome if the resubmission is required to address deficiencies identified by a
157	third-party review of a geotechnical report or geological report.
158	(6) If a city charges a fee for a building permit, the city may not refuse payment of the
159	fee at the time the applicant submits a building permit application under Subsection (3).
160	(7) A city may not limit the number of building permit applications submitted under
161	Subsection (3).
162	(8) For purposes of Subsection (3), a building permit application is complete if the
163	application contains:
164	(a) the name, address, and contact information of:
165	(i) the applicant; and
166	(ii) the construction manager/general contractor, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, for
167	the construction project;
168	(b) a site plan for the construction project that:
169	(i) is drawn to scale;
170	(ii) includes a north arrow and legend; and
171	(iii) provides specifications for the following:
172	(A) lot size and dimensions;
173	(B) setbacks and overhangs for setbacks;
174	(C) easements;
175	(D) property lines;
176	(E) topographical details, if the slope of the lot is greater than 10% ;
177	(F) retaining walls;
178	(G) hard surface areas;
179	(H) curb and gutter elevations as indicated in the subdivision documents;
180	(I) utilities, including water meter and sewer lateral location;

181	(J) street names;
182	(K) driveway locations;
183	(L) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland Urban
184	Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
185	(M) the location of the nearest hydrant;
186	(c) construction plans and drawings, including:
187	(i) elevations, only if the construction project is new construction;
188	(ii) floor plans for each level, including the location and size of doors and windows;
189	(iii) foundation, structural, and framing detail; and
190	(iv) electrical, mechanical, and plumbing design;
191	(d) documentation of energy code compliance;
192	(e) structural calculations, except for trusses;
193	(f) a geotechnical report, including a slope stability evaluation and retaining wall
194	design, if:
195	(i) the slope of the lot is greater than 15%; and
196	(ii) required by the city; and
197	(g) a statement indicating that actual construction will comply with applicable local
198	ordinances and building codes.
199	Section 2. Section 15A-1-105 is enacted to read:
200	<u>15A-1-105.</u> Third-party inspection firms.
201	(1) As used in this section:
202	(a) "Building permit applicant" means a person who applies to a local regulator for a
203	building permit.
204	Ĥ→ [(b) "Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section <u>15A-1-102-</u>] ←Ĥ
205	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(e)}] (\underline{b}) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ "Inspection" means a physical examination of $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{the mechanical}]$
205a	<u>electrical, plumbing,</u>] ←Ĥ
206	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [and structural components of a building] all aspects of a structure \leftarrow \hat{H} to ensure compliance$
206a	with the $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{eode}]$ State Construction Code $\leftarrow \hat{H}$.
207	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(d)}]$ (c) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ "Local regulator" means the same as that terms is defined in Section
207a	<u>15A-1-102.</u>
208	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(d)}] (\underline{d}) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ "Third-party inspection firm" means an entity that is:
209	(i) licensed under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and Factory Built Housing
210	Licensing;
211	(ii) independent, but may include a building inspector for an adjacent city or county;

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212	and
213	(iii) included on the local regulator's third-party inspection firm list.
214	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(f)}]$ (e) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ "Third-party inspection firm list" means a list of:
215	(i) for a first, second, third, or fourth class county, or a municipality located within a
216	first, second, third, or fourth class county, three or more third-party inspection firms approved
217	by the local regulator; or
218	(ii) for a fifth or sixth class county, or a municipality located within a fifth or sixth
219	class county, one or more third-party inspection firms approved by the local regulator.
220	(2) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section and Subsections 10-6-160(2) and
221	17-36-55(2), after submitting a request for inspection, a building permit applicant may engage
222	a third-party inspection firm from the local regulator's third-party inspection firm list to
223	conduct or complete an inspection for the scope of work identified under the original request
224	for inspection.
225	(b) If a building permit applicant wishes to engage a third-party inspection firm in
226	accordance with Subsection (2)(a), the building permit applicant shall first notify the local
227	regulator of the third-party inspection firm the building permit applicant intends to engage.
228	(c) Upon completing the inspection, the third-party inspection firm shall submit the
229	inspection report to the local regulator.
230	(d) (i) The local regulator shall pay the cost of the inspection to the third-party
231	inspection firm after the local regulator receives the third-party inspection report indicating the
232	third-party inspection firm completed the inspection.
233	(ii) This section does not require a local regulator to pay for an inspection that exceeds
234	the scope of work identified under the original request for inspection.
235	(3) (a) The local regulator shall issue a certificate of occupancy to the building permit
236	applicant if the third-party inspection firm:
237	(i) completes the inspection; and
238	(ii) submits the inspection report to the local regulator.
239	(b) The local regulator shall $\hat{H} \rightarrow promptly \leftarrow \hat{H}$ issue the certificate of occupancy $\hat{H} \rightarrow or$
239a	<u>letter of completion</u> [within one business day] ←Ĥ
240	<u>after</u> $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{the \ day \ on \ which}] \leftarrow \hat{H} \underline{the \ third-party inspection \ firm \ submits \ the } \hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{final} \leftarrow \hat{H}$
240a	inspection report to the local
241	regulator as described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
242	(4) A local regulator is not liable for any inspection performed by a third-party

243	inspection firm.
244	Section 3. Section 15A-1-202 is amended to read:
245	15A-1-202. Definitions.
246	As used in this chapter:
247	(1) "Agricultural use" means a use that relates to the tilling of soil and raising of crops,
248	or keeping or raising domestic animals.
249	(2) (a) "Approved code" means a code, including the standards and specifications
250	contained in the code, approved by the division under Section 15A-1-204 for use by a
251	compliance agency.
252	(b) "Approved code" does not include the State Construction Code.
253	(3) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use
254	or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
255	(4) "Building permit applicant" means the same as that term is defined in Section
256	<u>15A-1-105.</u>
257	[(4)] (5) "Code" means:
258	(a) the State Construction Code; or
259	(b) an approved code.
260	[(5)] (6) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created in
261	Section 15A-1-203.
262	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> "Compliance agency" means:
263	(a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions which issues permits for
264	construction regulated under the codes;
265	(b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to
266	enforce compliance with the codes; [or]
267	(c) a third-party inspection firm as defined in Section 15A-1-105; or
268	$\left[\frac{(c)}{(d)}\right]$ any other state agency which chooses to enforce codes adopted under this
269	chapter by authority given the agency under a title other than this part and Part 3, Factory Built
270	Housing and Modular Units Administration Act.
271	[(7)] (8) "Construction code" means standards and specifications published by a
272	nationally recognized code authority for use in circumstances described in Subsection
273	15A-1-204(1), including:

274	(a) a building code;
275	(b) an electrical code;
276	(c) a residential one and two family dwelling code;
277	(d) a plumbing code;
278	(e) a mechanical code;
279	(f) a fuel gas code;
280	(g) an energy conservation code;
281	(h) a swimming pool and spa code; and
282	(i) a manufactured housing installation standard code.
283	[(8)] (9) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
284	38-1a-102.
285	[(9)] (10) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of
286	Commerce.
287	[(10)] (11) "Legislative action" includes legislation that:
288	(a) adopts a new State Construction Code;
289	(b) amends the State Construction Code; or
290	(c) repeals one or more provisions of the State Construction Code.
291	[(11)] (12) "Local regulator" means a political subdivision of the state that is
292	empowered to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair,
293	and other activities subject to the codes.
294	[(12)] (13) "Membrane-covered frame structure" means a nonpressurized building with
295	a structure composed of a rigid framework to support a tensioned membrane that provides a
296	weather barrier.
297	[(13)] (14) "Not for human occupancy" means use of a structure for purposes other
298	than protection or comfort of human beings, but allows people to enter the structure for:
299	(a) maintenance and repair; and
300	(b) the care of livestock, crops, or equipment intended for agricultural use which are
301	kept there.
302	[(14)] (15) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by
303	the commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of
304	the codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the

305	issue.
306	[(15)] (16) "Remote yurt" means a membrane-covered frame structure that:
307	(a) is no larger than 710 square feet;
308	(b) is not used as a permanent residence;
309	(c) is located in an unincorporated county area that is not zoned for residential,
310	commercial, industrial, or agricultural use;
311	(d) does not have plumbing or electricity;
312	(e) is set back at least 300 feet from any river, stream, lake, or other body of water; and
313	(f) is registered with the local health department.
314	[(16)] (17) "State regulator" means an agency of the state which is empowered to
315	engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other
316	activities subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
317	Section 4. Section 17-36-55 is amended to read:
318	17-36-55. Fees collected for construction approval Approval of plans.
319	(1) As used in this section:
320	(a) "Business day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday.
321	(b) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
322	(c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping
323	accommodations to the public, including any of the following:
324	(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;
325	(ii) a boarding house;
326	(iii) a dormitory;
327	(iv) a hotel;
328	(v) an inn;
329	(vi) a lodging house;
330	(vii) a motel;
331	(viii) a resort; or
332	(ix) a rooming house.
333	(d) "Planning review" means a review to verify that a county has approved the
334	following elements of a construction project:
335	(i) zoning;

336	(ii) lot sizes;
337	(iii) setbacks;
338	(iv) easements;
339	(v) curb and gutter elevations;
340	(vi) grades and slopes;
341	(vii) utilities;
342	(viii) street names;
343	(ix) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland Urban
344	Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
345	(x) subdivision.
346	(e) (i) "Plan review" means all of the reviews and approvals of a plan that a county
347	requires to obtain a building permit from the county with a scope that may not exceed a review
348	to verify:
349	(A) that the construction project complies with the provisions of the State Construction
350	Code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act;
351	(B) that the construction project complies with the energy code adopted under Section
352	15A-2-103;
353	(C) that the construction project received a planning review;
354	(D) that the applicant paid any required fees;
355	(E) that the applicant obtained final approvals from any other required reviewing
356	agencies;
357	(F) that the construction project complies with federal, state, and local storm water
358	protection laws;
359	(G) that the construction project received a structural review;
360	(H) the total square footage for each building level of finished, garage, and unfinished
361	space; and
362	(I) that the plans include a printed statement indicating that the actual construction will
363	comply with applicable local ordinances and the state construction codes.
364	(ii) "Plan review" does not mean a review of a document:
365	(A) required to be re-submitted for a construction project other than a construction
366	project for a one to two family dwelling or townhome if additional modifications or substantive

367	changes are identified by the plan review;
368	(B) submitted as part of a deferred submittal when requested by the applicant and
369	approved by the building official; or
370	(C) that, due to the document's technical nature or on the request of the applicant, is
371	reviewed by a third party.
372	(f) "State Construction Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
373	15A-1-102.
374	(g) "State Fire Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-102.
375	(h) "Structural review" means:
376	(i) a review that verifies that a construction project complies with the following:
377	(A) footing size and bar placement;
378	(B) foundation thickness and bar placement;
379	(C) beam and header sizes;
380	(D) nailing patterns;
381	(E) bearing points;
382	(F) structural member size and span; and
383	(G) sheathing; or
384	(ii) if the review exceeds the scope of the review described in Subsection (1)(h)(i), a
385	review that a licensed engineer conducts.
386	(i) "Technical nature" means a characteristic that places an item outside the training
387	and expertise of an individual who regularly performs plan reviews.
388	(2) (a) If a county collects a fee for the inspection of a construction project, the county
389	shall ensure that the construction project receives a prompt inspection.
390	(b) If a county cannot provide a building inspection within three business days after the
391	day on which the county receives the request for the inspection, [the county shall promptly
392	engage an independent inspector with fees collected from the applicant] the applicant may
393	engage an inspection with a third-party inspection firm from the third-party inspection firm list,
394	as described in Section 15A-1-105.
395	(c) If an inspector identifies one or more violations of the State Construction Code or
396	State Fire Code during an inspection, the inspector shall give the permit holder written
397	notification that:

398	(i) identifies each violation;
399	(ii) upon request by the permit holder, includes a reference to each applicable provision
400	of the State Construction Code or State Fire Code; and
401	(iii) is delivered:
402	(A) in hardcopy or by electronic means; and
403	(B) the day on which the inspection occurs.
404	(3) (a) A county shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a one to two
405	family dwelling or townhome by no later than 14 business days after the day on which the
406	applicant submits a complete building permit application to the county.
407	(b) A county shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a residential
408	structure built under the International Building Code, not including a lodging establishment, by
409	no later than 21 business days after the day on which the applicant submits a complete building
410	permit application to the county.
411	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if a county does not complete a plan review
412	before the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) expires, an applicant may request
413	that the county complete the plan review.
414	(ii) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (3)(c)(i), the county shall perform
415	the plan review no later than:
416	(A) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(a), 14 days from the day on which the
417	applicant makes the request; or
418	(B) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(b), 21 days from the day on which the
419	applicant makes the request.
420	(d) An applicant may:
421	(i) waive the plan review time requirements described in this Subsection (3); or
422	(ii) with the county's consent, establish an alternative plan review time requirement.
423	(4) A county may not enforce a requirement to have a plan review if:
424	(a) the county does not complete the plan review within the time period described in
425	Subsection (3)(a) or (b); and
426	(b) a licensed architect or structural engineer, or both when required by law, stamps the
427	plan.
428	(5) (a) A county may attach to a reviewed plan a list that includes:

429	(i) items with which the county is concerned and may enforce during construction; and
430	(ii) building code violations found in the plan.
431	(b) A county may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the county requests minor
432	changes to the plan that the list described in Subsection (5)(a) identifies.
433	(c) A county may require a single resubmittal of plans for a one or two family dwelling
434	or townhome if the resubmission is required to address deficiencies identified by a third-party
435	review of a geotechnical report or geological report.
436	(6) If a county charges a fee for a building permit, the county may not refuse payment
437	of the fee at the time the applicant submits a building permit application under Subsection (3).
438	(7) A county may not limit the number of building permit applications submitted under
439	Subsection (3).
440	(8) For purposes of Subsection (3), a building permit application is complete if the
441	application contains:
442	(a) the name, address, and contact information of:
443	(i) the applicant; and
444	(ii) the construction manager/general contractor, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, for
445	the construction project;
446	(b) a site plan for the construction project that:
447	(i) is drawn to scale;
448	(ii) includes a north arrow and legend; and
449	(iii) provides specifications for the following:
450	(A) lot size and dimensions;
451	(B) setbacks and overhangs for setbacks;
452	(C) easements;
453	(D) property lines;
454	(E) topographical details, if the slope of the lot is greater than 10%;
455	(F) retaining walls;
456	(G) hard surface areas;
457	(H) curb and gutter elevations as indicated in the subdivision documents;
458	(I) utilities, including water meter and sewer lateral location;
459	(J) street names;

460	(K) driveway locations;
461	(L) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland Urban
462	Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
463	(M) the location of the nearest hydrant;
464	(c) construction plans and drawings, including:
465	(i) elevations, only if the construction project is new construction;
466	(ii) floor plans for each level, including the location and size of doors and windows;
467	(iii) foundation, structural, and framing detail; and
468	(iv) electrical, mechanical, and plumbing design;
469	(d) documentation of energy code compliance;
470	(e) structural calculations, except for trusses;
471	(f) a geotechnical report, including a slope stability evaluation and retaining wall
472	design, if:
473	(i) the slope of the lot is greater than 15%; and
474	(ii) required by the county; and
475	(g) a statement indicating that actual construction will comply with applicable local
476	ordinances and building codes.
477	Section 5. Section 58-56-9 is amended to read:
478	58-56-9. Qualifications of inspectors Contract for inspection services.
479	(1) An inspector employed by a local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency
480	to enforce the codes shall:
481	(a) (i) meet minimum qualifications as established by the division in collaboration with
482	the commission;
483	(ii) be certified by a nationally recognized organization which promulgates
484	construction codes; or
485	(iii) pass an examination developed by the division in collaboration with the
486	commission;
487	(b) be currently licensed by the division as meeting those minimum qualifications; and
488	(c) be subject to [revocation or suspension of the inspector's license or being placed on
489	probation if found guilty of] disciplinary or other action if the licensee engages in unlawful or
490	unprofessional conduct.

491	(2) A local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency may contract for the
492	services of a licensed inspector not regularly employed by the regulator or agency.
493	(3) In accordance with Section $58-1-401$, the division may:
494	(a) refuse to issue a license to an applicant;
495	(b) refuse to renew the license of a licensee;
496	(c) revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation the license of a licensee;
497	(d) issue a public or private reprimand;
498	(e) issue a citation to a licensee; and
499	(f) issue a cease and desist order.
500	Section 6. Effective date.
501	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.