2nd Sub. S.B. 208

Senator Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

1	HOUSING AND TRANSIT REINVESTMENT ZONE AMENDMENTS	
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper	
5	House Sponsor: Stephen L. Whyte	
6 7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
9	This bill amends provisions related to housing and transit reinvestment zones.	
10	Highlighted Provisions:	
11	This bill:	
12	 amends definitions related to housing and transit reinvestment zones; 	
13	amends provisions related to affordable housing thresholds to require 12% of the	
14	proposed dwelling units be reserved for certain levels of income;	
15	 requires affordable housing requirements be met in each phase of development; 	
16	requires that a housing and transit reinvestment zone be at least 10 acres;	
17	 clarifies notice requirements to certain entities regarding the commencement of 	
18	collection of tax increment;	
19	 clarifies information required in a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; 	
20	 adds two additional members of the Legislature to the housing and transit 	
21	reinvestment zone committee;	
22	 amends provisions regarding overlap of a housing and transit reinvestment zone 	
23	with a community reinvestment project area;	
24	 amends provisions related to the sales and use tax increment captured within a 	
25	housing and transit reinvestment zone, including:	



26	 how base year is established;
27	 contiguity of affected sales and use tax boundaries; and
28	 limiting a housing and transit reinvestment zone to only one sales and use tax
29	increment period;
30	 amends the amount of housing and transit reinvestment zone funds allowed for
31	administration of the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
32	 allows minor adjustments to a housing and transit reinvestment zone if the county
33	assessor or county auditor adjusts parcel boundaries; and
34	 makes technical changes.
35	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	None
39	Utah Code Sections Affected:
40	AMENDS:
41	63N-3-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
42	63N-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
43	63N-3-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
44	63N-3-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
45	63N-3-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 433
46	63N-3-610, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 433
47	ENACTS:
48	63N-3-611, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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50	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
51	Section 1. Section 63N-3-602 is amended to read:
52	63N-3-602. Definitions.
53	As used in this part:
54	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
55	households with a gross household income:
56	(a) equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or

- 57 county statistical area for households of the same size[-], in certain circumstances as provided 58 in this part; or
 - (b) equal to or less than 60% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size, in certain circumstances as provided in this part.
 - (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
 - (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year.
 - [(4) "Base year" means, for a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, a year beginning the first day of the calendar quarter determined by the last equalized tax roll before the adoption of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.]
 - (4) "Base year" means, for each tax increment collection period triggered within a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, the calendar year prior to the calendar year the tax increment begins to be collected for those parcels triggered for that collection period.
 - (5) "Bus rapid transit" means a high-quality bus-based transit system that delivers fast and efficient service that may include dedicated lanes, busways, traffic signal priority, off-board fare collection, elevated platforms, and enhanced stations.
 - (6) "Bus rapid transit station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed station, stop, or terminal that is specifically identified [in] as needed in phase one of a metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in phase one of the relevant public transit district's [five-year] adopted long-range transit plan:
 - (a) along an existing bus rapid transit line; or
 - (b) along an extension to an existing bus rapid transit line or new bus rapid transit line.
 - (7) (a) "Commuter rail" means a heavy-rail passenger rail transit facility operated by a large public transit district.
 - (b) "Commuter rail" does not include a light-rail passenger rail facility of a large public transit district.
 - (8) "Commuter rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified [in] as needed in phase one of a metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in phase one

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88 of the relevant public transit district's [five-year] adopted long-range transit plan: 89 (a) along an existing commuter rail line; 90 (b) along an extension to an existing commuter rail line or new commuter rail line; or (c) along a fixed guideway extension from an existing commuter rail line. 91 92 (9) (a) "Developable area" means the portion of land within a housing and transit 93 reinvestment zone available for development and construction of business and residential uses. 94 (b) "Developable area" does not include portions of land within a housing and transit 95 reinvestment zone that are allocated to: 96 (i) parks; 97 (ii) recreation facilities; 98 (iii) open space; 99 (iv) trails; 100 (v) publicly-owned roadway facilities; or 101 (vi) other public facilities. 102 (10) "Dwelling unit" means one or more rooms arranged for the use of one or more 103 individuals living together, as a single housekeeping unit normally having cooking, living, 104 sanitary, and sleeping facilities. 105 (11) "Enhanced development" means the construction of mixed uses including 106 housing, commercial uses, and related facilities. (12) "Enhanced development costs" means extra costs associated with structured 107 108 parking costs, vertical construction costs, horizontal construction costs, life safety costs, 109 structural costs, conveyor or elevator costs, and other costs incurred due to the increased height 110 of buildings or enhanced development. 111 (13) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102. 112 (14) "Horizontal construction costs" means the additional costs associated with 113 earthwork, over excavation, utility work, transportation infrastructure, and landscaping to 114 achieve enhanced development in the housing and transit reinvestment zone. 115 (15) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means a housing and transit reinvestment 116 zone created pursuant to this part.

(16) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means a housing and transit

reinvestment zone committee created pursuant to Section 63N-3-605.

119	(17) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
120	17B-2a-802.
121	(18) "Light rail" means a passenger rail public transit system with right-of-way and
122	fixed rails:
123	(a) dedicated to exclusive use by light-rail public transit vehicles;
124	(b) that may cross streets at grade; and
125	(c) that may share parts of surface streets.
126	(19) "Light rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal or a proposed
127	station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified [in] as needed in phase one of a
128	metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in phase one
129	of the relevant public transit district's [five-year] adopted long-range plan:
130	(a) along an existing light rail line; or
131	(b) along an extension to an existing light rail line or new light rail line.
132	(20) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in
133	Section 72-1-208.5.
134	(21) "Mixed use development" means development with a mix of:
135	(a) multi-family residential use; and
136	(b) at least one additional land use, which shall be a significant part of the overall
137	development.
138	(22) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
139	(23) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
140	(24) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
141	17C-1-102, except that the agency may not provide and the person may not receive a direct
142	subsidy.
143	(25) "Public transit county" means a county that has created a small public transit
144	district.
145	(26) "Public transit hub" means a public transit depot or station where four or more
146	routes serving separate parts of the county-created transit district stop to transfer riders between
147	routes.
148	(27) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by the
149	first year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax

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- 150 boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established. (28) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary created as described in Section 151 152 63N-3-604, based on state sales and use tax collection that corresponds as closely as reasonably 153 practicable to the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary. 154 (29) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between: 155 (a) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the 156 sales and use tax base year by the sales and use tax from the area within a housing and transit 157 reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area 158 from which sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and 159 (b) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue that was generated from that same 160 area during the sales and use tax base year. 161 (30) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is generated from the tax imposed 162 under Section 59-12-103. 163 (31) "Small public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 164 17B-2a-802. 165 (32) "Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section 59-1-201. 166 (33) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between: 167 [(a)] (i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity 168 from the area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing and 169 transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, 170 using the current assessed value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in 171 Section 59-2-924; and 172 [(b)] (ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same 173 area using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in 174 Section 59-2-924. 175 (b) "Tax increment" does not include property tax revenue from: (i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2); 176 177 or
 - (34) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.

(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4).

(35) "Vertical construction costs" means the additional costs associated with

181	construction above four stories and structured parking to achieve enhanced development in the
182	housing and transit reinvestment zone.
183	Section 2. Section 63N-3-603 is amended to read:
184	63N-3-603. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a housing and transit
185	reinvestment zone.
186	(1) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal created under this part shall
187	promote the following objectives:
188	(a) higher utilization of public transit;
189	(b) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of
190	moderate income housing plans;
191	(c) promoting and encouraging development of owner-occupied housing;
192	[(c)] (d) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
193	communities near public transit facilities;
194	[(d)] (e) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
195	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
196	[(e)] (f) [conservation of] conserving water resources through efficient land use;
197	[(f)] (g) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
198	[(g)] (h) encouraging transformative mixed-use development and investment in
199	transportation and public transit infrastructure in strategic areas;
200	[(h)] (i) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors
201	as described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
202	[(i)] (j) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities; and
203	[(j)] (k) increasing access to child care.
204	(2) (a) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality
205	or public transit county that initiates the process to create a housing and transit reinvestment
206	zone as described in this part shall ensure that the proposal for a housing and transit
207	reinvestment zone includes:
208	[(a)] (i) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least $[10%]$ $12%$ of the proposed
209	dwelling units within the housing and transit reinvestment zone are affordable housing units[;],
210	with:
211	(A) up to 9% of the proposed dwelling units occupied or reserved for occupancy by

212	households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross	
213	income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size;	
214	<u>and</u>	
215	(B) at least 3% of the proposed dwelling units occupied or reserved for occupancy by	
216	households with a gross household income equal to or less than 60% of the median gross	
217	income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{z}]$	
217a	;← Ĥ	
218	[(b) at least 51% of the developable area within the housing and transit reinvestment	
219	zone includes residential uses with, except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), an average of 50	
220	dwelling units per acre or greater;]	
221	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), a housing and transit reinvestment zone	
222	shall include:	
223	(A) at least 51% of the developable area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone	
224	as residential uses; and	
225	(B) an average of at least 50 dwelling units per acre within the acreage of the housing	
226	and transit reinvestment zone dedicated to residential uses;	
227	[(c)] (iii) mixed-use development; and	
228	[(d)] (iv) a mix of dwelling units to ensure that a reasonable percentage of the dwelling	
229	units has more than one bedroom.	
230	(b) (i) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is phased, a municipality or public	
231	transit county shall ensure that a housing and transit reinvestment zone is phased and	
232	developed to provide the required 12% of affordable housing units in each phase of	
233	<u>development.</u>	
234	(ii) A municipality or public transit county may allow a housing and transit	
235	reinvestment zone to be phased and developed in a manner to provide more of the required	
236	affordable housing units in early phases of development.	
237	(iii) A municipality or public transit county shall include in a housing and transit	
238	reinvestment zone proposal an affordable housing plan, which may include deed restrictions, to	
239	ensure the affordable housing required in the proposal will continue to meet the definition of	
240	affordable housing at least throughout the entire term of the housing and transit reinvestment	
241	<u>zone.</u>	
242	(c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a	

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243 public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a municipality at 244 a bus rapid transit station, the housing and transit reinvestment zone shall include: 245 (i) at least 51% of the developable area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone 246 as residential uses; and 247 (ii) an average of at least 39 dwelling units per acre within the acreage of the housing 248 and transit reinvestment zone dedicated to residential uses. 249 (3) A municipality or public transit county that, at the time the housing and transit 250 reinvestment zone proposal is approved by the housing and transit reinvestment zone 251 committee, meets the affordable housing guidelines of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development at 60% area median income is exempt from the requirement 252 253 described in Subsection (2)(a). 254 (4) (a) A municipality may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a 255 commuter rail station, and a public transit county may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a public transit hub, that: 256 257 (i) subject to Subsection (5)(a): 258 (A) (I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A)(II), for a municipality, does not 259 exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a commuter rail station; 260 (II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 261 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, with an opportunity zone created pursuant to 262 Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code, does not exceed a 1/2 mile radius of a commuter rail 263 station located within the opportunity zone; or 264 (III) for a public transit county, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a public transit 265 hub; and 266 (B) has a total area of no more than 125 noncontiguous acres; 267 (ii) subject to Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a maximum of 80% of each 268 taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25 consecutive 269 years on each parcel within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment amount approved 270 in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and 271 (iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the

housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in

Subsection (6), but a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal may not propose or

274 include triggering more than three tax increment collection periods during the applicable 45-year period. 275 276 (b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit 277 reinvestment zone at a light rail station or bus rapid transit station that: 278 (i) subject to Subsection (5): 279 (A) does not exceed: 280 (I) except as provided in Subsection [(4)(b)(i)(A)(II) or (III),] (4)(b)(i)(A)(II), (III), or (4)(e), a 1/4 mile radius of a bus rapid transit station or light rail station: 281 282 (II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located 283 284 in an opportunity zone created pursuant to Section 285 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code; or 286 (III) a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located within a master-planned development of 500 acres or more; and 287 288 (B) has a total area of no more than 100 noncontiguous acres; 289 (ii) subject to Subsection (4)(c) and Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a 290 maximum of 80% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no 291 more than 15 consecutive years on each parcel within a 30-year period not to exceed the tax 292 increment amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and 293 (iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the 294 housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in 295 Subsection (6), but a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal may not propose or 296 include triggering more than three tax increment collection periods during the applicable 297 30-year period. 298 (c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a 299 public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a municipality at 300 a bus rapid transit station, if the proposed housing density within the housing and transit reinvestment zone is between 39 and 49 dwelling units per acre, the maximum capture of each 301 302 taxing entity's tax increment above the base year is 60%. 303 (d) A municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 304 in a county of the first class as described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A)(II) and (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) may

303	only propose one nousing and transit removestment zone within an opportunity zone.
306	(e) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(e)(ii), the radius restrictions described in Subsection
307	(4)(b)(i) do not apply, and a housing and transit reinvestment zone may extend to an area
308	between two light rail stations $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{located within a city of the third class} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ if the two light rail
308a	stations are within a $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{2/3}]$.95 $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ mile distance on the
309	same light rail line.
310	(ii) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is extended to accommodate two light
311	rail stations as described in Subsection (4)(e)(i):
312	(A) the housing and transit reinvestment zone is limited to a total area not to exceed
313	100 noncontiguous acres; and
314	(B) the housing and transit reinvestment zone may not exceed a 1/4 mile radius from
315	the light rail stations or any point on the light rail line between the two stations.
316	(f) If a parcel within the housing transit and reinvestment zone is included as an area
317	that is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created under
318	Title 17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, that parcel may not be triggered for collection unless
319	the $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\frac{\text{project area is dissolved pursuant to Section 17C-1-702.}}{\text{project area funds collection}}]$
319a	period, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, has expired. ←Ĥ
320	[(e) A county of the first class may not propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone
321	that includes an area that is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102,
322	and created under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, until the project area is dissolved
323	pursuant to Section 17C-1-702.]
324	(5) (a) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a commuter rail station, if a
325	parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as part of the
326	housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the limitations described
327	in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
328	(b) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a light rail or bus rapid transit
329	station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included
330	as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the
331	limitations described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
332	(c) A housing and transit reinvestment zone may not be smaller than 10 acres.
333	(6) The notice of commencement of collection of tax increment required in Subsection
334	(4)(a)(iii) or (4)(b)(iii) shall be sent by mail or electronically to the following entities no later
335	than January 1 of the year for which the tax increment collection is proposed to commence:

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transit reinvestment zone.

336 (a) the tax commission; 337 (b) the State Board of Education; 338 (c) the state auditor; 339 (d) the auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is 340 located: 341 (e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the housing and 342 transit reinvestment zone; and 343 (f) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity. 344 (7) (a) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at light rail 345 stations is eight in any given county. 346 (b) Within a county of the first class, the maximum number of housing and transit 347 reinvestment zones at bus rapid transit stations is three. 348 (8) (a) This Subsection (8) applies to a specified county, as defined in Section 349 17-27a-408, that has created a small public transit district on or before January 1, 2022. 350 (b) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) shall, in accordance with Section 351 63N-3-604, prepare and submit to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity a proposal 352 to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone on or before December 31, 2022. 353 (ii) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) that, on December 31, 2022, was 354 noncompliant under Section 17-27a-408 for failure to demonstrate in the county's moderate 355 income housing report that the county complied with Subsection (8)(b)(i), may cure the 356 deficiency in the county's moderate income housing report by submitting satisfactory proof to 357 the Housing and Community Development Division that, notwithstanding the deadline in 358 Subsection (8)(b)(i), the county has submitted to the Governor's Office of Economic 359 Opportunity a proposal to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone. 360 (c) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) may not propose a housing and transit 361 reinvestment zone if more than 15% of the acreage within the housing and transit reinvestment 362 zone boundary is owned by the county. 363 (ii) For purposes of determining the percentage of acreage owned by the county as 364 described in Subsection (8)(c)(i), a county may exclude any acreage owned that is used for

highways, bus rapid transit, light rail, or commuter rail within the boundary of the housing and

367	(d) To accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), if a county described in
368	Subsection (8)(a) has failed to comply with Subsection (8)(b)(i) by failing to submit an
369	application before December 31, 2022, an owner of undeveloped property who has submitted a
370	land use application to the county on or before December 31, 2022, and is within a 1/3 mile
371	radius of a public transit hub in a county described in Subsection (8)(a), including parcels that
372	are bisected by the 1/3 mile radius, shall have the right to develop and build a mixed-use
373	development including the following:
374	(i) excluding the parcels devoted to commercial uses as described in Subsection
375	(8)(d)(ii), at least 39 dwelling units per acre on average over the developable area, with at least
376	10% of the dwelling units as affordable housing units;
377	(ii) commercial uses including office, retail, educational, and healthcare in support of
378	the mixed-use development constituting up to 1/3 of the total planned gross building square
379	footage of the subject parcels; and
380	(iii) any other infrastructure element necessary or reasonable to support the mixed-use
381	development, including parking infrastructure, streets, sidewalks, parks, and trails.
382	Section 3. Section 63N-3-604 is amended to read:
383	63N-3-604. Process for a proposal of a housing and transit reinvestment zone
384	Analysis.
385	(1) Subject to approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as
386	described in Section 63N-3-605, in order to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone, a
387	municipality or public transit county that has general land use authority over the housing and
388	transit reinvestment zone area, shall:
389	(a) prepare a proposal for the housing and transit reinvestment zone that:
390	(i) demonstrates that the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone will meet the
391	objectives described in Subsection 63N-3-603(1);
392	(ii) explains how the municipality or public transit county will achieve the
393	requirements of Subsection 63N-3-603(2)(a)(i);
394	(iii) defines the specific transportation infrastructure needs, if any, and proposed
395	improvements;
396	(iv) defines the boundaries of

(A) the housing and transit reinvestment zone; and

398	(B) the sales and use tax boundary corresponding to the housing and transit
399	reinvestment zone boundary, as described in Section 63N-3-610;
400	(v) includes maps of the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone to illustrate:
401	(A) the proposed boundary and radius from a public transit hub;
402	(B) proposed housing density within the housing and transit reinvestment zone; and
403	(C) existing zoning and proposed zoning changes related to the housing and transit
404	reinvestment zone;
405	(vi) identifies any development impediments that prevent the development from being
406	a market-rate investment and proposed strategies for addressing each one;
407	(vii) describes the proposed development plan, including the requirements described in
408	Subsections 63N-3-603(2) and (4);
409	(viii) establishes a base year and collection period to calculate the tax increment within
410	the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
411	(ix) establishes a sales and use tax base year to calculate the sales and use tax
412	increment within the housing and transit reinvestment zone in accordance with Section
413	<u>63N-3-610</u> ;
414	(x) describes projected maximum revenues generated and the amount of tax increment
415	capture from each taxing entity and proposed expenditures of revenue derived from the housing
416	and transit reinvestment zone;
417	(xi) includes an analysis of other applicable or eligible incentives, grants, or sources of
418	revenue that can be used to reduce the finance gap;
419	(xii) evaluates possible benefits to active and public transportation availability and
420	impacts on air quality;
421	(xiii) proposes a finance schedule to align expected revenue with required financing
122	costs and payments;
123	(xiv) provides a pro-forma for the planned development [including the cost differential
124	between surface parked multi-family development and enhanced development] that:
125	(A) satisfies the requirements described in Subsections 63N-3-603(2), (3), and (4); and
426	(B) includes data showing the cost difference between what type of development could
127	feasibly be developed absent the housing and transit reinvestment zone tax increment and the
128	type of development that is proposed to be developed with the housing and transit reinvestment

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- (xv) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a commuter rail station, light rail station, or bus rapid transit station that is proposed and not in public transit service operation as of the date of submission of the proposal, demonstrates that the proposed station is:
- (A) included [in] as needed in phase one of a metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in phase one of the relevant public transit district's [five-year] adopted long-range plan; and
 - (B) reasonably anticipated to be constructed in the near future; and
- (b) submit the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
- (2) As part of the proposal described in Subsection (1), a municipality or public transit county shall study and evaluate possible impacts of a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone on parking within the city and housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (3) (a) After receiving the proposal as described in Subsection (1)(b), the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall:
- (i) within 14 days after the date on which the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the proposal described in Subsection (1)(b), provide notice of the proposal to all affected taxing entities, including the Tax Commission, cities, counties, school districts, [and] metropolitan planning organizations, and the county assessor and county auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is located; and
- (ii) at the expense of the proposing municipality or public transit county as described in Subsection (5), contract with an independent entity to perform the gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b).
 - (b) The gap analysis required in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall include:
 - (i) a description of the planned development;
- (ii) a market analysis relative to other comparable project developments included in or adjacent to the municipality or public transit county absent the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone;
- (iii) an evaluation of the proposal to and a determination of the adequacy and efficiency of the proposal;
 - (iv) an evaluation of the proposed increment capture needed to cover the enhanced

development costs associated with the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal and enable the proposed development to occur; and

- (v) based on the market analysis and other findings, an opinion relative to the appropriate amount of potential public financing reasonably determined to be necessary to achieve the objectives described in Subsection 63N-3-603(1).
- (c) After receiving notice from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity of a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the Tax Commission shall:
 - (i) evaluate the feasibility of administering the tax implications of the proposal; and
- (ii) provide a letter to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity describing any challenges in the administration of the proposal, or indicating that the Tax Commission can feasibly administer the proposal.
- (4) After receiving the results from the analysis described in Subsection (3)(b), the municipality or public transit county proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone may:
- (a) amend the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal based on the findings of the analysis described in Subsection (3)(b) and request that the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity submit the amended housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee; or
- (b) request that the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity submit the original housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
- (5) (a) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may accept, as a dedicated credit, up to \$20,000 from a municipality or public transit county for the costs of the gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b).
- (b) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may expend funds received from a municipality or public transit county as dedicated credits to pay for the costs associated with the gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b).
 - Section 4. Section 63N-3-605 is amended to read:
 - 63N-3-605. Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Committee -- Creation.
- (1) For any housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed under this part, there is created a housing and transit reinvestment zone committee with membership described in

491	Subsection (2).
492	(2) Each housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall consist of the
493	following members:
494	(a) one representative from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity, designated
495	by the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
496	(b) one representative from each municipality that is a party to the proposed housing
497	and transit reinvestment zone, designated by the chief executive officer of each respective
498	municipality;
499	(c) a member of the Transportation Commission created in Section 72-1-301;
500	(d) a member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district;
501	(e) one individual from the Office of the State Treasurer, designated by the state
502	treasurer;
503	(f) [one member] two members designated by the president of the Senate;
504	(g) [one member] two members designated by the speaker of the House of
505	Representatives;
506	(h) one member designated by the chief executive officer of each county affected by
507	the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
508	(i) $\hat{H} \rightarrow [one representative]$ <u>two representatives</u> $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ designated by the school
508a	superintendent from the school district
509	affected by the housing and transit reinvestment zone; and
510	(j) one representative, representing the largest participating local taxing entity, after the
511	municipality, county, and school district.
512	(3) The individual designated by the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity as
513	described in Subsection (2)(a) shall serve as chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
514	committee.
515	(4) (a) A majority of the members of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
516	committee constitutes a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
517	(b) An action by a majority of a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
518	committee is an action of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
519	(5) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the
520	analysis described in Section 63N-3-604, and after the Governor's Office of Economic
521	Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality or public transit county to

- submit the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee, the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each of the entities described in Subsection (2) of the formation of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
- (6) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene a public meeting to consider the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
- (7) (a) The proposing municipality or public transit county shall present the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee in a public meeting.
 - (b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
- (i) evaluate and verify whether the elements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in Subsections 63N-3-603(2) and (4) have been met; and
- (ii) evaluate the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone relative to the analysis described in Subsection 63N-3-604(2).
- (8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may:
- (i) request changes to the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal based on the analysis, characteristics, and criteria described in Section 63N-3-604; or
 - (ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
- (b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal, the municipality or public transit county proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone shall ensure that the area of the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone is zoned in such a manner to accommodate the requirements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in this section and the proposed development.
 - (9) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is approved by the committee:
- (a) the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone is established according to the terms of the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal;
 - (b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the

reinvestment zone.

553	housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and
554	(c) each affected taxing [municipality] entity is required to participate at the same rate
555	[as a participating county].
556	(10) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal may be amended by following
557	the same procedure as approving a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal.
558	Section 5. Section 63N-3-607 is amended to read:
559	63N-3-607. Payment, use, and administration of revenue from a housing and
560	transit reinvestment zone.
561	(1) A municipality or public transit county may receive and use tax increment and
562	housing and transit reinvestment zone funds in accordance with this part.
563	(2) (a) A county that collects property tax on property located within a housing and
564	transit reinvestment zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, distribute to the
565	municipality or public transit county any tax increment the municipality or public transit county
566	is authorized to receive up to the maximum approved by the housing and transit reinvestment
567	zone committee.
568	(b) Tax increment distributed to a municipality or public transit county in accordance
569	with Subsection (2)(a) is not revenue of the taxing entity or municipality or public transit
570	county.
571	(c) (i) Tax increment paid to the municipality or public transit county are housing and
572	transit reinvestment zone funds and shall be administered by an agency created by the
573	municipality or public transit county within which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is
574	located.
575	(ii) Before an agency may receive housing and transit reinvestment zone funds from
576	the municipality or public transit county, the municipality or public transit county and the
577	agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement with terms that:
578	(A) are consistent with the approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
579	committee; and
580	(B) meet the requirements of Section 63N-3-603.
581	(3) (a) A municipality or public transit county and agency shall use housing and transit
582	reinvestment zone funds within or for the direct benefit of the housing and transit

- (b) If any housing and transit reinvestment zone funds will be used outside of the housing and transit reinvestment zone there must be a finding in the approved proposal for a housing and transit reinvestment zone that the use of the housing and transit reinvestment zone funds outside of the housing and transit reinvestment zone will directly benefit the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (4) A municipality or public transit county shall use housing and transit reinvestment zone funds to achieve the purposes described in Subsections 63N-3-603(1) and (2), by paying all or part of the costs of any of the following:
 - (a) income targeted housing costs;
 - (b) structured parking within the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
 - (c) enhanced development costs;
 - (d) horizontal construction costs;
 - (e) vertical construction costs;
 - (f) property acquisition costs within the housing and transit reinvestment zone; or
- (g) the costs of the municipality or public transit county to create and administer the housing and transit reinvestment zone, which may not exceed $[\frac{1\%}{2}]$ of the total housing and transit reinvestment zone funds, plus the costs to complete the gap analysis described in Subsection 63N-3-604(2).
- (5) Housing and transit reinvestment zone funds may be paid to a participant, if the agency and participant enter into a participation agreement which requires the participant to utilize the housing and transit reinvestment zone funds as allowed in this section.
- (6) Housing and transit reinvestment zone funds may be used to pay all of the costs of bonds issued by the municipality or public transit county in accordance with Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds, including the cost to issue and repay the bonds including interest.
- (7) A municipality or public transit county may create one or more public infrastructure districts within the housing and transit reinvestment zone under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, and pledge and utilize the housing and transit reinvestment zone funds to guarantee the payment of public infrastructure bonds issued by a public infrastructure district.
 - Section 6. Section **63N-3-610** is amended to read:
 - 63N-3-610. Sales and use tax increment in a housing and transit reinvestment

615	zone.	
616	(1) A housing and transit reinvestment proposal shall, in consultation with the tax	
617	commission:	
618	(a) create a sales and use tax boundary as described in Subsection (2); and	
619	(b) establish a sales and use tax base year and collection period to calculate and transfer	
620	the state sales and use tax increment within the housing and transit reinvestment zone, which	
621	sales and use tax base year is established prospectively, 90 days after the date of the notice	
622	described in Subsection (4).	
623	(2) (a) The municipality or public transit county, in consultation with the tax	
624	commission, shall establish a sales and use tax boundary that:	
625	(i) is based on state sales and use tax collection boundaries, which are determined	
626	using the ZIP Code as defined in Section 59-12-102, including the four digit delivery route	
627	extension; [and]	
628	(ii) follows as closely as reasonably practicable the boundary of the housing and transit	
629	reinvestment zone[-]; and	
630	(iii) is one contiguous area that includes at least the entire boundary of the housing and	
631	transit reinvestment zone.	
632	(b) If a state sales and use tax boundary is bisected by the boundary of the housing and	
633	transit reinvestment zone, the housing and transit reinvestment zone may include the entire	
634	state sales and use tax boundary.	
635	[(b)] (c) The municipality or public transit county shall include the sales and use tax	
636	boundary in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal as described in Section	
637	63N-3-604.	
638	(3) (a) Beginning the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use	
639	tax boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the tax commission	
640	shall, at least annually, transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment	
641	within an established sales and use tax boundary into the Transit Transportation Investment	
642	Fund created in Section 72-2-124.	
643	(b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose one sales and use tax	
644	increment period for a housing and transit reinvestment zone established under this section.	
645	(4) (a) The establishment of a sales and use tax base year and the requirement	

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646	described in Subsection (3) to transfer incremental sales tax revenue shall take effect:
647	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
648	(ii) after a 90-day waiting period, beginning on the date the commission receives notice
649	from the municipality or public transit county meeting the requirements of Subsection (4)(b).
650	(b) The notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include:
651	(i) a statement that the housing and transit reinvestment zone will be established under
652	this part;
653	(ii) the approval date and effective date of the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
654	and
655	(iii) the definitions of the sales and use tax boundary and sales and use tax base year.
656	Section 7. Section 63N-3-611 is enacted to read:
657	63N-3-611. Boundary adjustments.
658	If the relevant county assessor or county auditor adjusts parcel boundaries relevant to a
659	housing and transit reinvestment zone, the municipality administering the tax increment
660	collected in the housing and transit reinvestment zone may make corresponding adjustments to
661	the boundary of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
662	Section 8. Effective date.
663	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.