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#### ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SCHOLARSHIP COMBINATION 2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH **Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore** House Sponsor: Candice B. Pierucci 2 3 LONG TITLE 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill combines the Carson Smith Scholarship and Special Needs Opportunity 6 Scholarship Programs. 7 **Highlighted Provisions:** 8 This bill: 9 renames the Special Needs Opportunity Scholarship program; 10 • allows for home school students and preschool aged students to receive a scholarship; 11 • adds expenses with a qualifying provider to allowable scholarship expenses; 12 provides regulatory autonomy for a qualifying school, qualifying provider, and home 13 school student; 14 allows scholarships to be used for services from eligible service providers and 15 establishes an approval process; 16 directs the reallocation of unused funds in the Carson Smith Scholarship Program; 17 phases out new applications for the Carson Smith Scholarship Program after the 18 2023-2024 school year; and 19 makes technical changes. 20 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 21 None 22 **Other Special Clauses:** 23 This bill provides a special effective date. 24 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 25 AMENDS: 53E-1-202.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3 26 27 53E-7-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 190

28	53E-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 190 and last amended by
29	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 190
30	53E-7-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
31	53E-7-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
32	53E-7-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 190, 353
33	53E-7-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
34	53E-7-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
35	53E-7-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 353
36	53F-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
37	53F-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
38	53F-6-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 1
39	59-7-109.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
40	59-7-625, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
41	59-10-1041, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
42	67-3-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 330, 353, and 480
43	ENACTS:
44	53E-7-408.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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45 46 47 48 49	Section 1. Section 53E-1-202.1 is amended to read: 53E-1-202.1 . Report to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee on the Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program.
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62	(A) eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten, or grades 1 through 12;
63	(B) enrolled in a qualifying school as defined in Subsection (11);
64	(C) a home-based scholarship student as defined in Subsection (6); or
65	(D) at least three years old before September 2 of the year the scholarship is
66	awarded;
67	(ii) is a resident of the state;
68	(iii) has a qualified disability identified under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 140(3) as determined by:
69	(A) having an IEP within the previous three years; or
70	(B) a multidisciplinary team evaluation described in Subsection (7); and
71	[ <del>(A)</del> has an IEP; or]
72	[(B) is determined by a multidisciplinary evaluation team to be eligible for
73	services under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1401(3); and]
74	(iv) during the school year for which the student is applying for the scholarship, is
75	not:
76	(A) a student who receives a scholarship under the Carson Smith Scholarship
77	Program created in Section 53F-4-302; or
78	(B) enrolled as a public school student; or
79	(b) a student who:
80	(i) meets the requirement of Subsections [(1)(a)(i) and (ii)] (2)(a)(i) and (ii); and
81	(ii) is a sibling of and resides in the same household as a student described in
82	Subsection $[(1)(a)] (2)(a)$ if:
83	(A) the student described in Subsection $[(1)(a)]$ (2)(a) is a scholarship student and
84	has verified enrollment or intent to enroll at a qualifying school or participate
85	in services provided by a qualifying provider; and
86	(B) the sibling is applying for a scholarship to attend the same qualifying school
87	or participate in the same services provided by a qualifying provider.
88	[(2)] (a) "Employee" means an individual working in a position in which the
89	individual's salary, wages, pay, or compensation, including as a contractor, is paid
90	from:
91	(i) program donations to a scholarship granting organization; or
92	(ii) scholarship money allocated to a qualifying school or qualifying provider by a
93	scholarship granting organization under Section 53E-7-405.
94	(b) "Employee" does not include an individual who volunteers at the scholarship
95	granting organization [or], qualifying school, or qualifying provider.

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96	[(3)] (4) "Family income" means the annual income of the parent, parents, legal guardian, or
97	legal guardians with whom a scholarship student lives.
98	[(4)] (5) "Federal poverty level" means the poverty level as defined by the most recently
99	revised poverty income guidelines published by the United States Department of Health
100	and Human Services in the Federal Register.
101	[(5)] (6) "Home-based scholarship student" means a student who:
102	(a) is eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten or grades 1 through 12;
103	(b) is excused from enrollment in an LEA in accordance with Section 53G-6-204 to
104	attend a home school; and
105	(c) receives a benefit from a scholarship under the program.
106	(7) "Multidisciplinary evaluation team" means two or more individuals:
107	(a) who are qualified in two or more separate disciplines or professions; and
108	(b) who evaluate a child.
109	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(8)</u> "Officer" means:
110	(a) a member of the board of a scholarship granting organization [or], qualifying school,
111	or qualifying provider; or
112	(b) the chief administrative officer of a scholarship granting organization [or], qualifying
113	school, or qualifying provider.
114	[(7)] (9) "Program donation" means a donation to the program under Section 53E-7-405.
115	[ <del>(8)</del> ] <u>(10)</u> <u>"Qualifying provider" means:</u>
116	(a) an entity that:
117	(i) is not a public school and is autonomous and not an agent of the state, in
118	accordance with Section 53E-7-406; and
119	(ii) meets the requirement described in Section 53E-7-403; and
120	(b) is an eligible service provider approved by the scholarship granting organization in
121	accordance with Section 53E-7-408.5.
122	(11) "Qualifying school" means a private school that:
123	(a) provides kindergarten, elementary, or secondary education;
124	(b) is approved by the state board under Section 53E-7-408; and
125	(c) meets the requirements described in Section 53E-7-403.
126	[(9)] (12) "Relative" means a father, mother, husband, wife, son, daughter, sister, brother,
127	uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law,
128	sister-in-law, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law.
129	[(10)] (13) "Scholarship" means a grant awarded to an eligible student:

130	(a) by a scholarship granting organization out of program donations; and
131	(b) for the purpose of paying for a scholarship expense.
132	[(11)] (14) "Scholarship expense" means an expense that a parent or eligible student incurs
133	in the education of the eligible student for goods or a service that a qualifying school <u>or</u>
134	qualifying provider provides or facilitates, including:
135	(a) <u>published</u> tuition and fees of a qualifying school or <u>qualifying provider</u> ;
136	(b) fees and instructional materials at a technical college;
137	(c) tutoring services;
138	(d) fees for after-school or summer education programs;
139	(e) textbooks, curricula, or other instructional materials, including any supplemental
140	materials or associated online instruction that a curriculum, qualifying provider, or a
141	qualifying school recommends;
142	(f) educational software and applications;
143	(g) supplies or other equipment related to an eligible student's educational needs;
144	(h) computer hardware or other technological devices that are intended primarily for an
145	eligible student's educational needs;
146	(i) fees for the following examinations, or for a preparation course for the following
147	examinations, that the scholarship granting organization approves:
148	(i) a national norm-referenced or standardized assessment described in Section
149	53F-6-410, an advanced placement examination, or another similar assessment;
150	(ii) a state-recognized industry certification examination; and
151	(iii) an examination related to college or university admission;
152	(j) educational services for students with disabilities from a licensed or accredited
153	practitioner or provider, including occupational, behavioral, physical, audiology, or
154	speech-language therapies;
155	(k) contracted services that the scholarship granting organization approves and that an
156	LEA provides, including individual classes, after-school tutoring services,
157	transportation, or fees or costs associated with participation in extracurricular
158	activities;
159	(l) ride fees or fares for a fee-for-service transportation provider to transport the eligible
160	student to and from a qualifying school or qualifying provider, not to exceed \$750 in
161	a given school year;
162	(m) expenses related to extracurricular activities, field trips, educational supplements,
163	and other educational experiences; or

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164	(n) the scholarship granting organization approves in accordance with Subsection
165	53E-7-405(3).
166	[(12)] (15) "Scholarship granting organization" means an organization that is:
167	(a) qualified as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
168	(b) recognized through an agreement with the state board as a scholarship granting
169	organization, as described in Section 53E-7-404.
170	[(13)] (16) "Scholarship student" means an eligible student, including a home-based
171	scholarship student, who receives a scholarship under this part.
172	[(14) "Special Needs Opportunity Scholarship Program" or "program" means the program
173	established in Section 53E-7-402.]
174	[(15)] (17) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the amount established each year in the
175	enacted public education budget that is multiplied by the number of weighted pupil units
176	to yield the funding level for the basic state-supported school program.
177	Section 3. Section <b>53E-7-402</b> is amended to read:
178	53E-7-402 . Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program.
179	(1) There is established the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program
180	under which a parent may apply to a scholarship granting organization on behalf of the
181	parent's student for a scholarship to help cover the cost of a scholarship expense.
182	(2) (a) A scholarship granting organization shall award, in accordance with this part,
183	scholarships to eligible students.
184	(b) In awarding scholarships, a scholarship granting organization shall give priority to an
185	eligible student described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a) by:
186	(i) establishing an August 10 deadline for an eligible student described in Subsection
187	53E-7-401(1)(b) to apply for a scholarship; and
188	(ii) awarding a scholarship to an eligible student described in Subsection [53E-7-401
189	(1)(b)] <u>53E-7-401(2)(b)</u> only if funds exist after awarding scholarships to all
190	eligible students described in Subsection [53E-7-401(1)(a)] 53E-7-401(2)(a) who
191	have applied and qualify.
192	(c) Subject to available funds, a scholarship awarded to an eligible student described in
193	Subsection[ $-53E-7-401(1)(b)$ ] $53E-7-401(2)(b)$ shall be for a similar term as a
194	scholarship awarded to the eligible student's sibling.
195	(3) A scholarship granting organization shall determine a full-year scholarship award to pay
196	for the cost of one or more scholarship expenses in an amount not more than:
197	(a) for an eligible student described in Subsection $[53E-7-401(1)(a)] 53E-7-401(2)(a)$

198	who is:
199	(i) in kindergarten through grade 12 and whose family income is:
200	(A) at or below 185% of the federal poverty level, the value of the weighted pupil
201	unit multiplied by 2.5; [ <del>or</del> ]
202	(B) except as provided in Subsection $(3)(a)(i)(C)$ , above 185% of the federal
203	poverty level, the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by two; or
204	(C) above 185% of the federal poverty level and the eligible student would have
205	received an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education
206	services in a public school before transferring to a private school, the value of
207	the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 2.5; or
208	[(b)] (ii) in preschool, the value of the weighted pupil unit; or
209	(b) for an eligible student described in Subsection $[53E-7-401(1)(b)] 53E-7-401(2)(b)$ ,
210	half the value of the weighted pupil unit.
211	(4) Eligibility for a scholarship as determined by a multidisciplinary evaluation team under
212	this program does not establish eligibility for an IEP under the Individuals with
213	Disabilities Education Act, Subchapter II, 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1400 to 1419, and is not
214	binding on any LEA that is required to provide an IEP under the Individuals with
215	Disabilities Education Act.
216	(5) The scholarship granting organizations shall prepare and disseminate information on the
217	program to a parent applying for a scholarship on behalf of a student.
218	Section 4. Section <b>53E-7-403</b> is amended to read:
219	53E-7-403 . Qualifying school and qualifying provider requirements.
220	(1) A qualifying school or qualifying provider shall:
221	(a) notify a scholarship granting organization of the qualifying school's or qualifying
222	provider's intention to participate in the program;
223	(b) submit evidence to the scholarship granting organization that the qualifying school
224	has been approved by the state board under Section 53E-7-408; and
225	(c) submit a signed affidavit to the scholarship granting organization that the qualifying
226	school <u>or qualifying provider</u> will comply with the requirements of this part.
227	(2) A qualifying school or qualifying provider shall comply with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1981, and
228	meet state and local health and safety laws and codes.
229	(3) Before the beginning of the school year immediately following a school year in which a
230	qualifying school or qualifying provider receives scholarship money equal to or more
231	than [ <del>\$100,000</del> ] <u>\$500,000</u> , the qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> shall file with a

scholarship granting organization that allocates scholarship money to the qualifying
school:
(a) a surety bond payable to the scholarship granting organization in an amount equal to
the aggregate amount of scholarship money expected to be received during the school
year; or
(b) financial information that demonstrates the financial viability of the qualifying school
or qualifying provider, as required by the scholarship granting organization.
(4) If a scholarship granting organization determines that a qualifying school or qualifying
provider has violated a provision of this part, the scholarship granting organization may
interrupt disbursement of or withhold scholarship money from the qualifying school <u>or</u>
qualifying provider.
(5) (a) If the state board determines that a qualifying school no longer meets the
eligibility requirements described in Section 53E-7-408, the state board may
withdraw the state board's approval of the school.
(b) A private school that does not have the state board's approval under Section
53E-7-408 may not accept scholarship money under this part.
(6) A qualifying school shall, when administering an annual assessment required under
Section 53E-7-408, ensure that the qualifying school uses a norm-referenced assessment.
(7) If a scholarship granting organization determines that a qualifying provider no longer
meets the requirements described in Section 53E-7-208.5, the scholarship granting
organization may interrupt disbursement of or withhold scholarship money for the
qualifying provider.
Section 5. Section <b>53E-7-404</b> is amended to read:
53E-7-404 . State board duties.
(1) The state board shall:
(a) publish on the state board's website:
(i) information about the program; and
(ii) information about each scholarship granting organization;
(b) conduct a financial review or audit of a scholarship granting organization, if the state
board receives evidence of fraudulent practice by the scholarship granting
organization;
(c) conduct a criminal background check on each scholarship granting organization
employee and scholarship granting organization officer;
(d) establish uniform financial accounting standards for scholarship granting

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266	organizations;
267	[(e) annually calculate the amount of the program donations cap described in Section
268	<del>53E-7-407; and</del> ]
269	[(f)] (e) in accordance with Section 53E-1-202.1, annually submit a report on the
270	program to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee that includes:
271	[(i) for the 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23, and 2023-24 school years, the amount of
272	tuition and fees a qualifying school charges;]
273	[(ii)] (i) administrative costs of the program;
274	[(iii)] (ii) the number of scholarship students that are eligible students described in
275	Subsection $[53E-7-401(1)(a)]$ $53E-7-401(2)(a)$ and the number of scholarship
276	students that are eligible students described in Subsection [53E-7-401(1)(b)]
277	<u>53E-7-401(2)(b)</u> from each school district;
278	[(iv)] (iii) standards used by the scholarship granting organization to determine
279	whether a student is an eligible student; and
280	[(v)] (iv) savings to the state and LEAs as a result of scholarship students exiting the
281	public school system.
282	(2) (a) In accordance with Subsection (3) and Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
283	Code, the state board shall issue a request for proposals and enter into at least one
284	agreement with an organization that is qualified as tax exempt under Section
285	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code, to be recognized by the state board as a
286	scholarship granting organization.
287	(b) An organization that responds to a request for proposals described in Subsection
288	(2)(a) shall submit the following information in the organization's response:
289	(i) a copy of the organization's incorporation documents;
290	(ii) a copy of the organization's Internal Revenue Service determination letter
291	qualifying the organization as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal
292	Revenue Code;
293	(iii) a description of the methodology the organization will use to verify that a student
294	is an eligible student under this part; and
295	(iv) a description of the organization's proposed scholarship application process.
296	(3) (a) The state board shall enter into an agreement described in Subsection (2)(a) with
297	one scholarship granting organization on or before January 1, 2021.
298	(b) The state board may enter into an agreement described in Subsection (2)(a) with
299	additional scholarship granting organizations after January 1, 2023, if the state board

300	makes rules regarding how multiple scholarship granting organizations may issue tax
301	credit certificates in accordance with Section 53E-7-407.
302	(c) (i) No later than 10 days after the day on which the state board enters into an
303	agreement with a scholarship granting organization, the state board shall forward
304	the name and contact information of the scholarship granting organization to the
305	State Tax Commission.
306	(ii) If, under Subsection (4)(c)(i), the state board bars a scholarship granting
307	organization from further participation in the program, the state board shall, no
308	later than 10 days after the day on which the state board bars the scholarship
309	granting organization, forward the name and contact information of the barred
310	scholarship granting organization to the State Tax Commission.
311	(4) (a) If the state board determines that a scholarship granting organization has violated
312	a provision of this part or state board rule, the state board shall send written notice to
313	the scholarship granting organization explaining the violation and the remedial action
314	required to correct the violation.
315	(b) A scholarship granting organization that receives a notice described in Subsection
316	(4)(a) shall, no later than 60 days after the day on which the scholarship granting
317	organization receives the notice, correct the violation and report the correction to the
318	state board.
319	(c) (i) If a scholarship granting organization that receives a notice described in
320	Subsection (4)(a) fails to correct a violation in the time period described in
321	Subsection (4)(b), the state board may bar the scholarship granting organization
322	from further participation in the program.
323	(ii) A scholarship granting organization may appeal a decision made by the state
324	board under Subsection (4)(c)(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4,
325	Administrative Procedures Act.
326	(d) A scholarship granting organization may not accept program donations while the
327	scholarship granting organization:
328	(i) is barred from participating in the program under Subsection $(4)(c)(i)$ ; or
329	(ii) has an appeal pending under Subsection (4)(c)(ii).
330	(e) A scholarship granting organization that has an appeal pending under Subsection
331	(4)(c)(ii) may continue to administer scholarships from previously donated program
332	donations during the pending appeal.
333	(5) The state board shall provide for a process for a scholarship granting organization to

334	report information as required under Section 53E-7-405.
335	(6) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
336	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the program, including rules for:
337	(a) the administration of scholarships to a qualifying school or qualifying provider
338	receiving scholarship money from a scholarship granting organization that is barred
339	from participating in the program under Subsection (4)(c)(i);
340	(b) when an eligible student does not continue in enrollment at a qualifying school <u>or</u>
341	participation in services provided by a qualifying provider:
342	(i) requiring the scholarship granting organization to:
343	(A) notify the state board; and
344	(B) obtain reimbursement of scholarship money from the qualifying school in
345	which the eligible student is no longer enrolled or qualifying provider in which
346	the eligible student is no longer participating; and
347	(ii) requiring the qualifying school or qualifying provider in which the eligible
348	student is no longer enrolled to reimburse scholarship money to the scholarship
349	granting organization;
350	(c) audit and report requirements as described in Section 53E-7-405; and
351	(d) requiring the scholarship granting organization, in accordance with the Family
352	Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g, to submit to the state
353	board:
354	[(i) for the 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23, and 2023-24 school years, the amount of
355	tuition and fees a qualifying school charges;]
356	[(ii)] (i) the number of scholarship students that are eligible students described in
357	Subsection $[53E-7-401(1)(a)]$ $53E-7-401(2)(a)$ and the number of scholarship
358	students that are eligible students described in Subsection [53E-7-401(1)(b)]
359	<u>53E-7-401(2)(b)</u> from each school district;
360	[(iii)] (ii) standards used to determine whether a student is an eligible student; and
361	[(iv)] (iii) any other information requested by the Public Education Appropriations
362	Subcommittee for the state board to include in the annual report described in
363	Section 53E-1-202.1.
364	Section 6. Section <b>53E-7-405</b> is amended to read:
365	53E-7-405 . Program donations Scholarship granting organization
366	requirements Legislative appropriations.
367	(1) A person that makes a donation to a scholarship granting organization to help fund

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368	scholarships through the program may be eligible to receive a nonrefundable tax credit
369	as described in Sections 59-7-625 and 59-10-1041.
370	(2) In accordance with Section 53E-7-404, an organization may enter into an agreement
371	with the state board to be a scholarship granting organization.
372	(3) A scholarship granting organization shall:
373	(a) accept program donations and allow a person that makes a program donation to
374	designate a qualifying school or qualifying provider to which the donation shall be
375	directed for scholarships;
376	(b) adopt an application process in accordance with Subsection (5);
377	(c) review scholarship applications and determine scholarship awards;
378	(d) allocate scholarship money to a scholarship student's parent or, on the parent's
379	behalf, to a qualifying school or qualifying provider in which the scholarship student
380	is enrolled or participates;
381	(e) adopt a process, with state board approval, that allows a parent to use a scholarship to
382	pay for a nontuition scholarship expense for the scholarship student;
383	(f) ensure that during the state fiscal year:
384	(i) at least 92% of the scholarship granting organization's revenue from program
385	donations [is] and other funding sources are spent on scholarships;
386	(ii) up to 5% of the scholarship granting organization's revenue from program
387	donations [is] and other funding sources are spent on administration of the
388	program;
389	(iii) up to 3% of the scholarship granting organization's revenue from program
390	donations [is] and other funding sources are spent on marketing and fundraising
391	costs; and
392	(iv) all revenue from [program donations']interest or investments is spent on
393	scholarships;
394	(g) carry forward no more than 60% of the scholarship granting organization's [program
395	donations] funds, less funds for a scholarship that has been awarded, and funds
396	expended for administration and marketing, from the state fiscal year in which the
397	scholarship granting organization received the [program donations] funds to the
398	following state fiscal year;
399	(h) at the end of a state fiscal year, remit to the state treasurer donation amounts greater
400	than the amount described in Subsection (3)(g);
401	(i) prohibit a scholarship granting organization employee or officer from handling,

402	managing, or processing program donations or other funds, if, based on a criminal
403	background check conducted by the state board in accordance with Section 53E-7-404,
404	the state board identifies the employee or officer as posing a risk to the appropriate
405	use of program donations or other funds;
406	(j) ensure that a scholarship can be transferred during the school year to a different
407	qualifying school or qualifying provider that accepts the scholarship student;
408	(k) report to the state board on or before [October] November 1 of each year the
409	following information, prepared by a certified public accountant:
410	(i) the name and address of the scholarship granting organization;
411	(ii) the total number and total dollar amount of program donations and other funding
412	sources that the scholarship granting organization received during the previous
413	calendar year;
414	(iii) (A) the total number and total dollar amount of scholarships the scholarship
415	granting organization awarded during the previous state fiscal year to eligible
416	students described in Subsection [53E-7-401(1)(a)] 53E-7-401(2)(a); and
417	(B) the total number and total dollar amount of scholarships the scholarship
418	granting organization awarded during the previous state fiscal year to eligible
419	students described in Subsection [53E-7-401(1)(b)] 53E-7-401(2)(b); and
420	(iv) the percentage of first-time scholarship recipients who were enrolled in a public
421	school during the previous school year or who entered kindergarten or a higher
422	grade for the first time in Utah;
423	(1) issue tax credit certificates as described in Section 53E-7-407; and
424	(m) (i) require a parent to notify a scholarship granting organization if the parent's
425	scholarship recipient:
426	[(i)] (A) receives scholarship money for tuition expenses; and
427	[(ii)] (B) does not have continuing enrollment and attendance at a qualifying school[-];
428	or
429	(ii) has transitioned to be a home-based student.
430	(4) The state treasurer shall deposit the money described in Subsection (3)(h) into the
431	Income Tax Fund.
432	(5) (a) An application for a scholarship shall contain an acknowledgment by the
433	applicant's parent that the qualifying school or qualifying provider selected by the
434	parent for the applicant to attend or participate in using a scholarship is capable of
435	providing the level of disability services required for the student.

436	(b) A scholarship application form shall contain the following statement:	
437	"I acknowledge that:	
438	(1) A private school may not provide the same level of disability services that are provided	l in a
439	public school;	
440	(2) I will assume full financial responsibility for the education of my scholarship recipient	if I
441	accept this scholarship;	
442	(3) Acceptance of this scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to	
443	services as described in 24 C.F.R. Sec. 300.300, issued under the Individuals with Disabili	ties
444	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.; and	
445	(4) My child may return to a public school at any time."	
446	(c) Upon acceptance of a scholarship, the parent assumes full financial responsibility for	
447	the education of the scholarship recipient.	
448	(d) Acceptance of a scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to	
449	services as described in 24 C.F.R. Sec. 300.300, issued under the Individuals with	
450	Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.	
451	(e) The creation of the program or granting of a scholarship does not:	
452	(i) imply that a public school did not provide a free and appropriate public education	
453	for a student; or	
454	(ii) constitute a waiver or admission by the state.	
455	(6) A scholarship granting organization shall demonstrate the scholarship granting	
456	organization's financial accountability by annually submitting to the state board a	
457	financial information report that:	
458	(a) complies with the uniform financial accounting standards described in Section	
459	53E-7-404; and	
460	(b) is prepared by a certified public accountant.	
461	(7) (a) If a scholarship granting organization allocates \$500,000 or more in scholarships	
462	annually through the program, the scholarship granting organization shall:	
463	(i) contract for an annual audit, conducted by a certified public accountant who is	
464	independent from:	
465	(A) the scholarship granting organization; and	
466	(B) the scholarship granting organization's accounts and records pertaining to	
467	program donations and other funding sources; and	
468	(ii) in accordance with Subsection (7)(b), report the results of the audit to the state	
469	board for review.	

470	(b) For the report described in Subsection $(7)(a)(ii)$ the scholarship granting
470	(b) For the report described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii), the scholarship granting organization shall:
472	(i) include the scholarship granting organization's financial statements in a format
472	that meets generally accepted accounting standards; and
474	(ii) submit the report to the state board no later than [120 days after the last day of the
475	(ii) submit the report to the state board no fater than [120 days after the fast day of the state fiscal year] November 1.
476	(c) The certified public accountant shall conduct an audit described in Subsection
477	(7)(a)(i) in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and rules made by
478	the state board.
478	(d) (i) The state board shall review a report submitted under this section and may
479	-
	request that the scholarship granting organization revise or supplement the report if the report is not in compliance with the provisions of this Subsection (7) or rules
481	if the report is not in compliance with the provisions of this Subsection (7) or rules
482	adopted by the state board.
483	(ii) A scholarship granting organization shall provide a revised report or supplement
484	to the report no later than 45 days after the day on which the state board makes a
485	request described in Subsection $(7)(d)(i)$ .
486	(8) (a) A scholarship granting organization may not allocate scholarship money to a
487	qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> if:
488	(i) the scholarship granting organization determines that the qualifying school <u>or</u>
489	qualifying provider intentionally or substantially misrepresented information on
490	overpayment;
491	(ii) the qualifying school or qualifying provider fails to refund an overpayment in a
492	timely manner; or
493	(iii) the qualifying school or qualifying provider routinely fails to provide scholarship
494	recipients with promised educational goods or services.
495	(b) A scholarship granting organization shall notify a scholarship recipient if the
496	scholarship granting organization stops allocation of the recipient's scholarship
497	money to a qualifying school or qualifying provider under Subsection (8)(a).
498	(9) If a scholarship recipient transfers to another qualifying school or qualifying provider
499	during the school year, the scholarship granting organization may prorate scholarship
500	money between the qualifying schools or qualifying providers according to the time the
501	scholarship recipient spends at each school <u>or each provider</u> .
502	(10) A scholarship granting organization may not:
503	(a) award a scholarship to a relative of the scholarship granting organization's officer [or

504	employee]; or
505	(b) allocate scholarship money to a qualifying school or qualifying provider at which the
506	scholarship recipient has a relative who is an officer or an [employee] administrator of
507	the qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> .
508	(11) The Legislature may appropriate funds to the board to be distributed in an equal
509	amount to each scholarship granting organization for the same purposes program
510	donations are used.
511	Section 7. Section <b>53E-7-406</b> is amended to read:
512	53E-7-406 . Qualifying school or qualifying provider regulatory autonomy
513	Home school autonomy Student records Scholarship student status.
514	(1) Nothing in this part:
515	(a) except as expressly described in this part, grants additional authority to any state
516	agency or LEA to regulate or control:
517	(i) a qualifying school, qualifying provider, or home school; or
518	(ii) students receiving education from a qualifying school, qualifying provider, or
519	home school;
520	(b) applies to or otherwise affects the freedom of choice of an out-of-program home
521	school student, including the curriculum, resources, developmental planning, or any
522	other aspect of the out-of-program home school student's education; or
523	(c) expands the regulatory authority of the state, a state office holder, or an LEA to
524	impose any additional regulation of a qualifying school or qualifying provider
525	beyond any regulation necessary to administer this part.
526	(2) <u>A qualifying school or qualifying provider:</u>
527	(a) has a right to maximum freedom from unlawful governmental control in providing
528	for the educational needs of a scholarship student who attends or engages with the
529	qualifying school or qualifying provider; and
530	(b) is not an agent of the state by virtue of the provider's acceptance of payment from a
531	scholarship account in accordance with this part.
532	(3) Except as provided in Section 53E-7-403 regarding qualifying schools or qualifying
533	providers, Section 53E-7-408 regarding eligible schools, or Section 53E-7-408.5
534	regarding eligible service providers, a scholarship granting organization may not require
535	a qualifying provider to alter the qualifying provider's creed, practices, admissions
536	policies, hiring practices, or curricula in order to accept scholarship funds.
537	(4) An LEA or a school in an LEA in which a scholarship student was previously enrolled

538	shall provide to the scholarship student's parent a copy of all school records relating to
539	the student that the LEA possesses within 30 days after the day on which the LEA or
540	school receives the parent's request for the student's records, subject to:
541	(a) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection; and
542	(b) Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.
543	(5) By virtue of a scholarship student's involvement in the program and unless otherwise
544	expressly provided in statute, a scholarship student is not:
545	(a) enrolled in the public education system; or
546	(b) otherwise subject to statute, administrative rules, or other state regulations as if the
547	student was enrolled in the public education system.
548	[(1) Nothing in this part:]
549	[(a) grants additional authority to any state agency or LEA to regulate private schools
550	except as expressly described in this part; or]
551	[(b) expands the regulatory authority of the state, a state office holder, or a local school
552	district to impose any additional regulation of a qualifying school beyond those
553	necessary to enforce the requirements of the program.]
554	[(2) A qualifying school shall be given the maximum freedom to provide for the
555	educational needs of a scholarship recipient who attends the qualifying school without
556	unlawful governmental control.]
557	[(3) Except as provided in Section 53E-7-403, a qualifying school may not be required to
558	alter the qualifying school's creed, practices, admission policy, or curriculum in order to
559	accept scholarship money.]
560	[(4) A local education agency or school in a local education agency in which a scholarship
561	recipient was previously enrolled shall provide to a qualifying school in which the
562	scholarship recipient is currently enrolled a copy of all requested school records relating
563	to the scholarship recipient, subject to:]
564	[(a) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection; and]
565	[(b) Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.]
566	Section 8. Section <b>53E-7-407</b> is amended to read:
567	53E-7-407 . Tax credit certificates issued by a scholarship granting organization.
568	(1) In accordance with this section [and subject to Subsection (3)], a scholarship granting
569	organization shall provide a tax credit certificate, on a form provided by the State Tax
570	Commission, to a person that makes a donation as described in Section 53E-7-405.
571	(2) (a) The scholarship granting organization shall provide the information from a

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572	completed tax credit certificate to the State Tax Commission electronically and in a
573	manner prescribed by the State Tax Commission.
574	(b) A scholarship granting organization shall issue a tax credit certificate within 30 days
575	after the day on which a person makes a donation to the program.
576	[(3) (a) A scholarship granting organization may not issue a tax credit certificate for a
577	calendar year if issuing the tax credit certificate will cause the total amount of the tax
578	credit certificates issued for the calendar year to exceed the program donations cap
579	amount described in Subsection (4).]
580	[(b)] (3) (a) Before accepting a donation to the program from a person, the scholarship
581	granting organization shall provide the person with notice:
582	(i) that the donation may not be eligible for a tax credit;
583	(ii) of the process described in Subsection $[(3)(e)]$ (3)(b); and
584	(iii) of the total amount of tax credit certificates that the scholarship granting
585	organization has issued for the calendar year.
586	[(c)] (b) During a calendar year, a scholarship granting organization shall:
587	(i) issue tax credit certificates in the order that the scholarship granting organization
588	received a corresponding donation; and
589	(ii) track the total amount of program donations received during the year as
590	corresponding tax credit certificates are issued.
591	[(d)] (c) If a scholarship granting organization accepts a donation that, when added to the
592	current total amount of program donations received that year, will exceed the
593	program donations cap described in Subsection (4), the scholarship granting
594	organization shall issue a tax credit certificate in the amount that is the difference
595	between the program donations cap and the total amount of program donations
596	received before the donation was received.
597	(4) (a) The program donations cap for the 2021 calendar year is \$5,940,000.
598	(b) For a calendar year after 2021, the state board shall calculate the program donations
599	cap as follows:
600	(i) if the total program donations for the previous calendar year exceed 90% of the
601	cap amount for that calendar year, the cap for the current calendar year is the cap
602	amount for the previous calendar year increased by 10% plus a percentage equal
603	to the percentage of growth in the participation of the program from the previous
604	<u>calendar year;</u> or
605	(ii) if the total program donations for the previous calendar year did not exceed 90%

606	of the cap amount for that calendar year, the cap for the current calendar year is
607	the same as the cap amount for the previous calendar year.
608	(5) A person that receives a tax credit certificate in accordance with this section shall retain
609	the certificate for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records
610	under Section 59-1-1406.
611	Section 9. Section <b>53E-7-408</b> is amended to read:
612	53E-7-408 . Eligible private schools.
613	(1) To be eligible to enroll a scholarship student, a private school shall:
614	(a) have a physical location in Utah where the scholarship students attend classes and
615	have direct contact with the school's teachers;
616	(b) (i) contract with an independent licensed certified public accountant to conduct an
617	Agreed Upon Procedures engagement as adopted by the state board, or obtain an
618	audit and report from a licensed independent certified public accountant that
619	conforms with the following requirements:
620	(A) the audit shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing
621	standards;
622	(B) the financial statements shall be presented in accordance with generally
623	accepted accounting principles; and
624	(C) the audited financial statements shall be as of a period within the last 12
625	months; and
626	(ii) submit the audit report or report of the agreed upon procedure to the state board
627	when the private school applies to accept scholarship students;
628	(c) comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. 2000d;
629	(d) meet state and local health and safety laws and codes;
630	(e) provide a written disclosure to the parent of each prospective student, before the
631	student is enrolled, of:
632	(i) the special education services that will be provided to the student, including the
633	cost of those services;
634	(ii) tuition costs;
635	(iii) additional fees a parent will be required to pay during the school year; and
636	(iv) the skill or grade level of the curriculum in which the prospective student will
637	participate;
638	(f) (i) administer an annual assessment of each scholarship student's academic
639	progress; and

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640	(ii) report the results of the assessment described in Subsection (1)(f)(i) to the
641	scholarship student's parent;
642	(g) employ or contract with teachers who:
643	(i) hold baccalaureate or higher degrees;
644	(ii) have at least three years of teaching experience in public or private schools; or
645	(iii) have the necessary skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies the teacher to
646	provide instruction:
647	(A) in the subject or subjects taught; and
648	(B) to the special needs students taught;
649	(h) maintain documentation demonstrating that teachers at the private school meet the
650	qualifications described in Subsection (1)(g);
651	(i) require the following individuals to submit to a nationwide, fingerprint-based
652	criminal background check and ongoing monitoring, in accordance with Section
653	53G-11-402, as a condition for employment or appointment, as authorized by the
654	Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006, Pub. L. No. 109-248:
655	(i) an employee who does not hold a current Utah educator license issued by the state
656	board under Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure;
657	(ii) a contract employee; and
658	(iii) a volunteer who is given significant unsupervised access to a student in
659	connection with the volunteer's assignment; and
660	(j) provide to the parent of a scholarship student the relevant credentials of the teachers
661	who will be teaching the scholarship student.
662	(2) A private school is not eligible to enroll scholarship students if:
663	(a) the private school requires a student to sign a contract waiving the student's rights to
664	transfer to another qualifying school during the school year;
665	(b) the audit report submitted under Subsection (1)(b) contains a going concern
666	explanatory paragraph;
667	(c) the report of the agreed upon procedures submitted under Subsection (1)(b) shows
668	that the private school does not have adequate working capital to maintain operations
669	for the first full year, as determined under Subsection (1)(b); or
670	(d) the private school charges a scholarship student more in tuition or fees than another
671	student based solely upon the scholarship student being a scholarship recipient under
672	this part.
673	[(3) A home school is not eligible to enroll scholarship students.]

674	[(4)] (3) Residential treatment facilities licensed by the state are not eligible to enroll
675	scholarship students.
676	[(5)] (4) A private school intending to enroll scholarship students shall submit an application
677	to the state board.
678	$\left[\frac{(6)}{(5)}\right]$ The state board shall:
679	(a) approve a private school's application to enroll scholarship students, if the private
680	school meets the eligibility requirements of this section; and
681	(b) publish on the state board's website, a list of private schools approved under this
682	section.
683	[(7)] (6) A private school approved under this section that changes ownership shall:
684	(a) submit a new application to the state board; and
685	(b) demonstrate that the private school continues to meet the eligibility requirements of
686	this section.
687	Section 10. Section <b>53E-7-408.5</b> is enacted to read:
688	<u>53E-7-408.5</u> . Eligible service provider.
689	(1) To be an eligible service provider, a private program or service:
690	(a) shall provide to the scholarship granting organization:
691	(i) a federal employer identification number;
692	(ii) the provider's address and contact information;
693	(iii) a description of each program or service the provider proposes to offer directly to
694	a scholarship student; and
695	(iv) subject to Subsection (2), any other information as required by the scholarship
696	granting organization;
697	(b) shall comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d; and
698	(c) may not act as a consultant, clearing house, or intermediary that connects a
699	scholarship student with or otherwise facilitates the student's engagement with a
700	program or service that another entity provides.
701	(2) The scholarship granting organization shall adopt policies that maximize the number of
702	eligible service providers, including accepting new providers throughout the school year,
703	while ensuring education programs or services provided through the program meet
704	student needs and otherwise comply with this part.
705	(3) A private program or service intending to receive scholarship funds shall:
706	(a) submit an application to the scholarship granting organization; and
707	(b) agree to not refund, rebate, or share scholarship funds with scholarship students or

708	scholarship students' parents in any manner except remittances or refunds to a
709	scholarship account in accordance with this part and procedures that the program
710	manager establishes.
711	(4) The scholarship granting organization shall:
712	(a) if the private program or service meets the eligibility requirements of this section,
713	recognize the private program or service as an eligible service provider and approve a
714	private program or service's application to receive scholarship funds on behalf of a
715	scholarship student; and
716	(b) make available to the public a list of eligible service providers approved under this
717	section.
718	(5) A private program or service approved under this section that changes ownership shall:
719	(a) cease operation as an eligible service provider until:
720	(i) the program or service submits a new application to the scholarship granting
721	organization; and
722	(ii) the scholarship granting organization approves the new application; and
723	(b) demonstrate that the private program or service continues to meet the eligibility
724	requirements of this section.
725	Section 11. Section <b>53F-4-302</b> is amended to read:
726	53F-4-302 . Scholarship program created Qualifications.
727	(1) The Carson Smith Scholarship Program is created to award scholarships to students
728	with disabilities to attend a private school.
729	(2) To qualify for a scholarship:
730	(a) the student's custodial parent shall reside within Utah;
731	(b) the student shall have one or more of the following disabilities:
732	(i) an intellectual disability;
733	(ii) deafness or being hard of hearing;
734	(iii) a speech or language impairment;
735	(iv) a visual impairment;
736	(v) a serious emotional disturbance;
737	(vi) an orthopedic impairment;
738	(vii) autism;
739	(viii) traumatic brain injury;
740	(ix) other health impairment;
741	(x) specific learning disabilities;

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742	(xi) deafblindness; or
743	(xii) a developmental delay, provided the student is at least three years [of age,
744	pursuant] old, as described to Subsection (2)(c), and is younger than eight years [of
745	age] <u>old;</u>
746	(c) the student shall be at least three years [of age] old before September 2 of the year in
747	which admission to a private school is sought and under 19 years [of age] old on the
748	last day of the school year as determined by the private school, or, if the individual
749	has not graduated from high school, will be under 22 years [of age] old on the last day
750	of the school year as determined by the private school; and
751	(d) except as provided in Subsection (3), the student shall:
752	(i) be enrolled in a Utah public school in the school year prior to the school year the
753	student will be enrolled in a private school;
754	(ii) have an IEP; and
755	(iii) have obtained acceptance for admission to an eligible private school.
756	(3) The requirements of Subsection (2)(d) do not apply in the following circumstances:
757	(a) the student is enrolled or has obtained acceptance for admission to an eligible private
758	school that has previously served students with disabilities; and
759	(b) an assessment team is able to readily determine with reasonable certainty:
760	(i) that the student has a disability listed in Subsection (2)(b) and would qualify for
761	special education services, if enrolled in a public school; and
762	(ii) for the purpose of establishing the scholarship amount, the appropriate level of
763	special education services which should be provided to the student.
764	(4) (a) [To] Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), to receive a full-year scholarship
765	under this part, a parent of a student shall submit to the LEA where the student is
766	enrolled an application on or before the August 15 immediately preceding the first
767	day of the school year for which the student would receive the scholarship.
768	(b) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), the state board may waive the
769	full-year scholarship deadline described in Subsection (4)(a).
770	(c) An application for a scholarship shall contain an acknowledgment by the parent that
771	the selected school is qualified and capable of providing the level of special
772	education services required for the student.
773	(5) (a) The scholarship application form shall contain the following statement:
774	"I acknowledge that:
775	(1) A private school may not provide the same level of special education services that are

776	provided in a public school;
777	(2) I will assume full financial responsibility for the education of my scholarship student if I
778	accept this scholarship;
779	(3) Acceptance of this scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to
780	services pursuant to Section 614(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20
781	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.; and
782	(4) My child may return to a public school at any time."
783	(b) Upon acceptance of the scholarship, the parent assumes full financial responsibility
784	for the education of the scholarship student.
785	(c) Acceptance of a scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to
786	services pursuant to Section 614(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education
787	Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
788	(d) The creation of the scholarship program or granting of a scholarship does not:
789	(i) imply that a public school did not provide a free and appropriate public education
790	for a student; or
791	(ii) constitute a waiver or admission by the state.
792	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a scholarship shall remain in force for
793	the lesser of:
794	(i) three years; or
795	(ii) until the student is determined ineligible for special education services.
796	(b) If a student is determined ineligible for special education services as described in
797	Subsection (6)(a)(ii) before the end of a school year, the student may remain enrolled
798	at the private school and qualifies for the scholarship until the end of the school year.
799	(c) A scholarship [shall] may be extended for an additional three years, if:
800	(i) the student is evaluated by an assessment team; and
801	(ii) the assessment team determines that the student would qualify for special
802	education services, if enrolled in a public school.
803	(d) The assessment team shall determine the appropriate level of special education
804	services which should be provided to the student for the purpose of setting the
805	scholarship amount.
806	(e) A scholarship [shall] may be extended for successive three-year periods as provided
807	in Subsections (6)(a) and (c):
808	(i) until the student graduates from high school; or
809	(ii) if the student does not graduate from high school, until the student is [age-]22

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810	years old.
811	(7) A student's parent, at any time, may remove the student from a private school and place
812	the student in another eligible private school and retain the scholarship.
813	(8) A scholarship student:
814	(a) may participate in the Statewide Online Education Program described in Part 5,
815	Statewide Online Education Program; and
816	(b) may not participate in a dual enrollment program pursuant to Section 53G-6-702.
817	(9) The parents of a scholarship student have the authority to choose the private school that
818	will best serve the interests and educational needs of that student, which may be a
819	sectarian or nonsectarian school, and to direct the scholarship resources available for
820	that student solely as a result of their genuine and independent private choices.
821	[(10) (a) An LEA shall notify in writing the parents of students enrolled in the LEA who
822	have an IEP of the availability of a scholarship to attend a private school through the
823	Carson Smith Scholarship Program.]
824	[(b) The notice described under Subsection (10)(a) shall:]
825	[(i) be provided no later than 30 days after the student initially qualifies for an IEP;]
826	[(ii) be provided annually no later than February 1 to all students who have an IEP; and]
827	[(iii) include the address of the Internet website maintained by the state board that provides
828	prospective applicants with detailed program information and application forms for the
829	Carson Smith Scholarship Program.]
830	[(c) An LEA or school within an LEA that has an enrolled student who has an IEP shall
831	post the address of the Internet website maintained by the state board that provides
832	prospective applicants with detailed program information and application forms for the
833	Carson Smith Scholarship Program on the LEA's or school's website, if the LEA or
834	school has one.]
835	(10) The state board shall notify the parents of a scholarship student in writing of:
836	(a) the termination of new applicants in the existing scholarship program; and
837	(b) the ability of a current scholarship student to remain in the scholarship program as
838	described in Subsection (6)(c) and (e).
839	(11) After the 2023-2024 school year, an LEA or the state board may not:
840	(a) accept a new application; or
841	(b) provide a waiver of a full-year application.
842	Section 12. Section <b>53F-4-304</b> is amended to read:
843	53F-4-304 . Scholarship payments.

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844	(1) (a) The state board shall award scholarships subject to the availability of money
845	appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.
846	(b) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the state board from the General
847	Fund to make scholarship payments.
848	(c) The Legislature shall annually increase the amount of money appropriated under
849	Subsection (1)(b) by an amount equal to the product of:
850	(i) the average scholarship amount awarded as of December 1 in the previous year;
851	and
852	(ii) the product of:
853	(A) the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public schools
854	statewide who have an IEP on December 1 of the previous year; and
855	(B) 0.0007.
856	(d) If the number of scholarship students as of December 1 in any school year equals or
857	exceeds 7% of the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public
858	schools statewide who have an IEP as of December 1 in the same school year, the
859	Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee shall study the requirement to
860	increase appropriations for scholarship payments as provided in this section.
861	(e) (i) If money is not available to pay for all scholarships requested, the state board
862	shall allocate scholarships on a random basis except that the state board shall give
863	preference to students who received scholarships in the previous school year.
864	(ii) If money is insufficient in a school year to pay for all the continuing scholarships,
865	the state board may not award new scholarships during that school year and the
866	state board shall prorate money available for scholarships among the eligible
867	students who received scholarships in the previous year.
868	(f) Beginning with the 2025 fiscal year, the state board shall:
869	(i) calculate a maximum award cap that may not exceed the cost of the program
870	including scholarship payments from the previous fiscal year; and
871	(ii) transfer any funds in excess of the amount described in Subsection (1)(f)(i) to the
872	Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program established in Section 53E-7-402.
873	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the state board shall award full-year scholarships
874	in the following amounts:
875	(a) for a student who received an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special
876	education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an
877	amount not to exceed the lesser of:

878	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 2.5; or
879	(ii) the private school tuition and fees; and
880	(b) for a student who received an average of less than 180 minutes per day of special
881	education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an
882	amount not to exceed the lesser of:
883	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.5; or
884	(ii) the private school tuition and fees.
885	(3) The scholarship amount for a student enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day
886	preschool program shall be the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) multiplied
887	by .55.
888	(4) If a student leaves a private school before the end of a fiscal quarter:
889	(a) the private school is only entitled to the amount of scholarship equivalent to the
890	number of days that the student attended the private school; and
891	(b) the private school shall remit a prorated amount of the scholarship to the state board
892	in accordance with the procedures described in rules adopted by the state board in
893	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
894	(5) For the amount of funds remitted under Subsection (4)(b), the state board shall:
895	(a) make the amount available to the student to enroll immediately in another qualifying
896	private school; or
897	(b) refund the amount back to the Carson Smith Scholarship Program account [to be
898	available to support the costs of another scholarship].
899	(6) (a) The state board shall make an additional allocation on a random basis before June
900	30 each year only:
901	(i) if there are sufficient remaining funds in the program; and
902	(ii) for scholarships for students enrolled in a full-day preschool program.
903	(b) If the state board awards a scholarship under Subsection (6)(a), the scholarship
904	amount or supplement may not exceed the lesser of:
905	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.0; or
906	(ii) the private school tuition and fees.
907	(c) The state board shall, when preparing annual growth projection numbers for the
908	Legislature, include the annual number of applications for additional allocations
909	described in Subsection (6)(a).
910	(7) (a) The scholarship amount for a student who receives a waiver under Subsection
911	53F-4-302(3) shall be based upon the assessment team's determination of the

912	appropriate level of special education services to be provided to the student.
913	(b) (i) If the student requires an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special
914	education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified
915	in Subsection (2)(a).
916	(ii) If the student requires less than an average of 180 minutes per day of special
917	education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified
918	in Subsection (2)(b).
919	(iii) If the student is enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day preschool
920	program, a full-year scholarship is equal to the amount specified in Subsection (3).
921	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), upon review and receipt of
922	documentation that verifies a student's admission to, or continuing enrollment and
923	attendance at, a private school, the state board shall make scholarship payments
924	quarterly in four equal amounts in each school year in which a scholarship is in force.
925	(b) In accordance with state board rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
926	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board may make a scholarship
927	payment before the first quarterly payment of the school year, if a private school
928	requires partial payment of tuition before the start of the school year to reserve space
929	for a student admitted to the school.
930	(9) A parent of a scholarship student shall notify the state board if the student does not have
931	continuing enrollment and attendance at an eligible private school.
932	(10) Before scholarship payments are made, the state board shall cross-check enrollment
933	lists of scholarship students, LEAs, and youth in custody to ensure that scholarship
934	payments are not erroneously made.
935	Section 13. Section <b>53F-6-401</b> is amended to read:
936	53F-6-401 . Definitions.
937	As used in this part:
938	(1) "Eligible student" means a student:
939	(a) who is eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten, or grades 1 through 12;
940	(b) who is a resident of the state;
941	(c) who, during the school year for which the student is applying for a scholarship
942	account:
943	(i) does not receive a scholarship under:
944	(A) the Carson Smith Scholarship Program established in Section 53F-4-302; or
945	(B) the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program

946	established in Section 53E-7-402; and
947	(ii) except for a student who is enrolled part-time in accordance with Section
948	53G-6-702, is not enrolled in an LEA upon receiving the scholarship;
949	(d) whose eligibility is not suspended or disqualified under Section 53F-6-401; and
950	(e) who completes, to maintain eligibility, the portfolio requirement described in
951	Subsection 53F-6-402(3)(d).
952	(2) "Federal poverty level" means the United States poverty level as defined by the most
953	recently revised poverty income guidelines published by the United States Department
954	of Health and Human Services in the Federal Register.
955	(3) (a) "Home-based scholarship student" means a student who:
956	(i) is eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten or grades 1 through 12;
957	(ii) is excused from enrollment in an LEA in accordance with Section 53G-6-204 to
958	attend a home school; and
959	(iii) receives a benefit of scholarship funds.
960	(b) "Home-based scholarship student" does not mean a home school student who does
961	not receive a scholarship under the program.
962	(4) "Program manager" means an organization that:
963	(a) is qualified as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code;
964	(b) is not affiliated with any international organization;
965	(c) does not harvest data for the purpose of reproducing or distributing the data to other
966	entities;
967	(d) has no involvement in guiding or directing any curriculum or curriculum standards;
968	(e) does not manage or otherwise administer a scholarship under:
969	(i) the Carson Smith Scholarship Program established in Section 53F-4-302; or
970	(ii) the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program established in
971	Section 53E-7-402; and
972	(f) an agreement with the state board recognizes as a program manager, in accordance
973	with this part.
974	(5) (a) "Program manager employee" means an individual working for the program
975	manager in a position in which the individual's salary, wages, pay, or compensation,
976	including as a contractor, is paid from scholarship funds.
977	(b) "Program manager employee" does not include:
978 070	(i) an individual who volunteers for the program manager or for a qualifying provider;
979	(ii) an individual who works for a qualifying provider; or

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980	(iii) a qualifying provider.
981	(6) "Program manager officer" means:
982	(a) a member of the board of a program manager; or
983	(b) the chief administrative officer of a program manager.
984	(7) "Qualifying provider" means one of the following entities that is not a public school and
985	is autonomous and not an agent of the state, in accordance with Section 53F-6-406:
986	(a) an eligible school that the program manager approves in accordance with Section
987	53F-6-408; or
988	(b) an eligible service provider that the program manager approves in accordance with
989	Section 53F-6-409.
990	(8) "Relative" means a father, mother, husband, wife, son, daughter, sister, brother, uncle,
991	aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law,
992	sister-in-law, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law.
993	(9) "Scholarship account" means the account to which a program manager allocates funds
994	for the payment of approved scholarship expenses in accordance with this part.
995	(10) "Scholarship expense" means an expense described in Section 53F-6-402 that a parent
996	or scholarship student incurs in the education of the scholarship student for a service or
997	goods that a qualifying provider provides, including:
998	(a) tuition and fees of a qualifying provider;
999	(b) fees and instructional materials at a technical college;
1000	(c) tutoring services;
1001	(d) fees for after-school or summer education programs;
1002	(e) textbooks, curricula, or other instructional materials, including any supplemental
1003	materials or associated online instruction that a curriculum or a qualifying provider
1004	recommends;
1005	(f) educational software and applications;
1006	(g) supplies or other equipment related to a scholarship student's educational needs;
1007	(h) computer hardware or other technological devices that are intended primarily for a
1008	scholarship student's educational needs;
1009	(i) fees for the following examinations, or for a preparation course for the following
1010	examinations, that the program manager approves:
1011	(i) a national norm-referenced or standardized assessment described in Section
1012	53F-6-410, an advanced placement examination, or another similar assessment;
1013	(ii) a state-recognized industry certification examination; and

1014	(iii) an examination related to college or university admission;
1015	(j) educational services for students with disabilities from a licensed or accredited
1016	practitioner or provider, including occupational, behavioral, physical, audiology, or
1017	speech-language therapies;
1018	(k) contracted services that the program manager approves and that an LEA provides,
1019	including individual classes, after-school tutoring services, transportation, or fees or
1020	costs associated with participation in extracurricular activities;
1021	(l) ride fees or fares for a fee-for-service transportation provider to transport the
1022	scholarship student to and from a qualifying provider, not to exceed \$750 in a given
1023	school year;
1024	(m) expenses related to extracurricular activities, field trips, educational supplements,
1025	and other educational experiences; or
1026	(n) any other expense for a good or service that:
1027	(i) a parent or scholarship student incurs in the education of the scholarship student;
1028	and
1029	(ii) the program manager approves, in accordance with Subsection (4)(d).
1030	(11) "Scholarship funds" means:
1031	(a) funds that the Legislature appropriates for the program; and
1032	(b) interest that scholarship funds accrue.
1033	(12) (a) "Scholarship student" means an eligible student, including a home-based
1034	scholarship student, for whom the program manager establishes and maintains a
1035	scholarship account in accordance with this part.
1036	(b) "Scholarship student" does not include a home school student who does not receive a
1037	scholarship award under the program.
1038	(13) "Utah Fits All Scholarship Program" or "program" means the scholarship program
1039	established in Section 53F-6-402.
1040	Section 14. Section <b>59-7-109.1</b> is amended to read:
1041	59-7-109.1 . Charitable contributions to the Carson Smith Opportunity
1042	Scholarship Program.
1043	(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 59-7-109, a taxpayer may not
1044	subtract a charitable contribution that meets the requirements of Section 59-7-109 to the
1045	extent that the taxpayer claims a tax credit under Section 59-7-625 for the same
1046	charitable contribution.
1047	(2) This section supersedes any conflicting provisions of Utah law.

1048	Section 15. Section <b>59-7-625</b> is amended to read:
1040	59-7-625 . Nonrefundable tax credit for a donation to the Carson Smith
1050	Opportunity Scholarship Program.
1050	(1) A taxpayer that makes a donation to the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity
1051	Scholarship Program established in Section 53E-7-402 may claim a nonrefundable tax
1052	credit equal to 100% of the amount stated on a tax credit certificate issued in accordance
1054	with Section 53E-7-407.
1055	(2) If the amount of a tax credit listed on the tax credit certificate exceeds a taxpayer's
1056	liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the taxpayer:
1057	(a) may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period
1058	that does not exceed the next three taxable years; and
1059	(b) may carry back the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability to
1060	the previous taxable year.
1061	Section 16. Section <b>59-10-1041</b> is amended to read:
1062	59-10-1041 . Nonrefundable tax credit for a donation to the Carson Smith
1063	Opportunity Scholarship Program.
1064	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust that makes a donation
1065	to the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program established in
1066	Section 53E-7-402 may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 100% of the amount
1067	stated on a tax credit certificate issued in accordance with Section 53E-7-407.
1068	(2) If the amount of a tax credit listed on the tax credit certificate exceeds a claimant's,
1069	estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the claimant, estate,
1070	or trust:
1071	(a) may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period
1072	that does not exceed the next three taxable years; and
1073	(b) may carry back the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or
1074	trust's tax liability to the previous taxable year.
1075	(3) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a credit described in Subsection (1) to the
1076	extent the claimant, estate, or trust claims a donation described in Subsection (1) as an
1077	itemized deduction on the claimant's, estate's, or trust's federal individual income tax
1078	return for that taxable year.
1079	Section 17. Section 67-3-1 is amended to read:
1080	67-3-1 . Functions and duties.

1081 (1) (a) The state auditor is the auditor of public accounts and is independent of any

1082	executive or administrative officers of the state.
1083	(b) The state auditor is not limited in the selection of personnel or in the determination
1084	of the reasonable and necessary expenses of the state auditor's office.
1085	(2) The state auditor shall examine and certify annually in respect to each fiscal year,
1086	financial statements showing:
1087	(a) the condition of the state's finances;
1088	(b) the revenues received or accrued;
1089	(c) expenditures paid or accrued;
1090	(d) the amount of unexpended or unencumbered balances of the appropriations to the
1091	agencies, departments, divisions, commissions, and institutions; and
1092	(e) the cash balances of the funds in the custody of the state treasurer.
1093	(3) (a) The state auditor shall:
1094	(i) audit each permanent fund, each special fund, the General Fund, and the accounts
1095	of any department of state government or any independent agency or public
1096	corporation as the law requires, as the auditor determines is necessary, or upon
1097	request of the governor or the Legislature;
1098	(ii) perform the audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and
1099	other auditing procedures as promulgated by recognized authoritative bodies; and
1100	(iii) as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct the audits to determine:
1101	(A) honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs;
1102	(B) accuracy and reliability of financial statements;
1103	(C) effectiveness and adequacy of financial controls; and
1104	(D) compliance with the law.
1105	(b) If any state entity receives federal funding, the state auditor shall ensure that the
1106	audit is performed in accordance with federal audit requirements.
1107	(c) (i) The costs of the federal compliance portion of the audit may be paid from an
1108	appropriation to the state auditor from the General Fund.
1109	(ii) If an appropriation is not provided, or if the federal government does not
1110	specifically provide for payment of audit costs, the costs of the federal compliance
1111	portions of the audit shall be allocated on the basis of the percentage that each
1112	state entity's federal funding bears to the total federal funds received by the state.
1113	(iii) The allocation shall be adjusted to reflect any reduced audit time required to
1114	audit funds passed through the state to local governments and to reflect any
1115	reduction in audit time obtained through the use of internal auditors working

1116	under the direction of the state auditor.
1117	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the state auditor shall, in addition to
1118	financial audits, and as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct performance and
1119	special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public
1120	funds, including a determination of any or all of the following:
1121	(i) the honesty and integrity of all the entity's fiscal affairs;
1122	(ii) whether the entity's administrators have faithfully complied with legislative intent;
1123	(iii) whether the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient, effective, and
1124	cost-efficient manner;
1125	(iv) whether the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing the intended
1126	objectives; and
1127	(v) whether the entity's management, control, and information systems are adequate,
1128	effective, and secure.
1129	(b) The auditor may not conduct performance and special purpose audits, examinations,
1130	and reviews of any entity that receives public funds if the entity:
1131	(i) has an elected auditor; and
1132	(ii) has, within the entity's last budget year, had the entity's financial statements or
1133	performance formally reviewed by another outside auditor.
1134	(5) The state auditor:
1135	(a) shall administer any oath or affirmation necessary to the performance of the duties of
1136	the auditor's office; and
1137	(b) may:
1138	(i) subpoena witnesses and documents, whether electronic or otherwise; and
1139	(ii) examine into any matter that the auditor considers necessary.
1140	(6) The state auditor may require all persons who have had the disposition or management
1141	of any property of this state or its political subdivisions to submit statements regarding
1142	the property at the time and in the form that the auditor requires.
1143	(7) The state auditor shall:
1144	(a) except where otherwise provided by law, institute suits in Salt Lake County in
1145	relation to the assessment, collection, and payment of revenues against:
1146	(i) persons who by any means have become entrusted with public money or property
1147	and have failed to pay over or deliver the money or property; and
1148	(ii) all debtors of the state;
1149	(b) collect and pay into the state treasury all fees received by the state auditor;

1150 (c) perform the duties of a member of all boards of which the state auditor is a member 1151 by the constitution or laws of the state, and any other duties that are prescribed by the 1152 constitution and by law; 1153 (d) stop the payment of the salary of any state official or state employee who: 1154 (i) refuses to settle accounts or provide required statements about the custody and 1155 disposition of public funds or other state property; 1156 (ii) refuses, neglects, or ignores the instruction of the state auditor or any controlling 1157 board or department head with respect to the manner of keeping prescribed 1158 accounts or funds; or 1159 (iii) fails to correct any delinquencies, improper procedures, and errors brought to the 1160 official's or employee's attention; 1161 (e) establish accounting systems, methods, and forms for public accounts in all taxing or 1162 fee-assessing units of the state in the interest of uniformity, efficiency, and economy; 1163 (f) superintend the contractual auditing of all state accounts; 1164 (g) subject to Subsection (8)(a), withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of 1165 property taxes from a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit, if necessary, to 1166 ensure that officials and employees in those taxing units comply with state laws and 1167 procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds; 1168 (h) subject to Subsection (9), withhold the disbursement of tax money from any county, 1169 if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in the county comply with 1170 Section 59-2-303.1; and 1171 (i) withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of property taxes from a local 1172 government entity or a limited purpose entity, as those terms are defined in Section 1173 67-1a-15 if the state auditor finds the withholding necessary to ensure that the entity registers and maintains the entity's registration with the lieutenant governor, in 1174 1175 accordance with Section 67-1a-15. 1176 (8) (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the state auditor may not withhold funds 1177 under Subsection (7)(g) until a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit has received 1178 formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days 1179 to make the specified corrections. 1180 (b) If, after receiving notice under Subsection (8)(a), a state or independent local 1181 fee-assessing unit that exclusively assesses fees has not made corrections to comply 1182 with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting 1183 of public funds, the state auditor:

1184	(i) shall provide a recommended timeline for corrective actions;
1185	(ii) may prohibit the state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by
1186	the state; and
1187	(iii) may prohibit a state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an
1188	account of a financial institution by filing an action in district court requesting an
1189	order of the court to prohibit a financial institution from providing the
1190	fee-assessing unit access to an account.
1191	(c) The state auditor shall remove a limitation on accessing funds under Subsection
1192	(8)(b) upon compliance with state laws and procedures in the budgeting,
1193	expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds.
1194	(d) If a local taxing or fee-assessing unit has not adopted a budget in compliance with
1195	state law, the state auditor:
1196	(i) shall provide notice to the taxing or fee-assessing unit of the unit's failure to
1197	comply;
1198	(ii) may prohibit the taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by the
1199	state; and
1200	(iii) may prohibit a taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an
1201	account of a financial institution by:
1202	(A) contacting the taxing or fee-assessing unit's financial institution and
1203	requesting that the institution prohibit access to the account; or
1204	(B) filing an action in district court requesting an order of the court to prohibit a
1205	financial institution from providing the taxing or fee-assessing unit access to an
1206	account.
1207	(e) If the local taxing or fee-assessing unit adopts a budget in compliance with state law,
1208	the state auditor shall eliminate a limitation on accessing funds described in
1209	Subsection (8)(d).
1210	(9) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(h) until a county has
1211	received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60
1212	days to make the specified corrections.
1213	(10) (a) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(i) until the state
1214	auditor receives a notice of non-registration, as that term is defined in Section
1215	67-1a-15.
1216	(b) If the state auditor receives a notice of non-registration, the state auditor may
1217	prohibit the local government entity or limited purpose entity, as those terms are

1218	defined in Section 67-1a-15, from accessing:
1219	(i) money held by the state; and
1220	(ii) money held in an account of a financial institution by:
1221	(A) contacting the entity's financial institution and requesting that the institution
1222	prohibit access to the account; or
1223	(B) filing an action in district court requesting an order of the court to prohibit a
1224	financial institution from providing the entity access to an account.
1225	(c) The state auditor shall remove the prohibition on accessing funds described in
1226	Subsection (10)(b) if the state auditor received a notice of registration, as that term is
1227	defined in Section 67-1a-15, from the lieutenant governor.
1228	(11) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(g), (7)(h), (7)(i), (8)(b), (8)(d), or (10)(b), the state
1229	auditor:
1230	(a) shall authorize a disbursement by a local government entity or limited purpose entity,
1231	as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15, or a state or local taxing or
1232	fee-assessing unit if the disbursement is necessary to:
1233	(i) avoid a major disruption in the operations of the local government entity, limited
1234	purpose entity, or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit; or
1235	(ii) meet debt service obligations; and
1236	(b) may authorize a disbursement by a local government entity, limited purpose entity,
1237	or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit as the state auditor determines is
1238	appropriate.
1239	(12) (a) The state auditor may seek relief under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure to
1240	take temporary custody of public funds if an action is necessary to protect public
1241	funds from being improperly diverted from their intended public purpose.
1242	(b) If the state auditor seeks relief under Subsection (12)(a):
1243	(i) the state auditor is not required to exhaust the procedures in Subsection (7) or (8);
1244	and
1245	(ii) the state treasurer may hold the public funds in accordance with Section 67-4-1 if
1246	a court orders the public funds to be protected from improper diversion from their
1247	public purpose.
1248	(13) The state auditor shall:
1249	(a) establish audit guidelines and procedures for audits of local mental health and
1250	substance abuse authorities and their contract providers, conducted pursuant to Title
1251	17, Chapter 43, Part 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities, Title 17, Chapter 43, Part

1251 17, Chapter 43, Part 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities, Title 17, Chapter 43, Part

1252	3, Local Mental Health Authorities, Title 26B, Chapter 5, Health Care - Substance
1253	Use and Mental Health, and Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political
1254	Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act; and
1255	(b) ensure that those guidelines and procedures provide assurances to the state that:
1256	(i) state and federal funds appropriated to local mental health authorities are used for
1257	mental health purposes;
1258	(ii) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide
1259	comprehensive mental health programs or services for a local mental health
1260	authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements and state and
1261	federal law;
1262	(iii) state and federal funds appropriated to local substance abuse authorities are used
1263	for substance abuse programs and services; and
1264	(iv) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide
1265	comprehensive substance abuse programs or services for a local substance abuse
1266	authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and
1267	federal law.
1268	(14) (a) The state auditor may, in accordance with the auditor's responsibilities for
1269	political subdivisions of the state as provided in Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting
1270	Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local
1271	Entities Act, initiate audits or investigations of any political subdivision that are
1272	necessary to determine honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs, accuracy and reliability
1273	of financial statements, effectiveness, and adequacy of financial controls and
1274	compliance with the law.
1275	(b) If the state auditor receives notice under Subsection 11-41-104(7) from the
1276	Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity on or after July 1, 2024, the state auditor
1277	may initiate an audit or investigation of the public entity subject to the notice to
1278	determine compliance with Section 11-41-103.
1279	(15) (a) The state auditor may not audit work that the state auditor performed before
1280	becoming state auditor.
1281	(b) If the state auditor has previously been a responsible official in state government
1282	whose work has not yet been audited, the Legislature shall:
1283	(i) designate how that work shall be audited; and
1284	(ii) provide additional funding for those audits, if necessary.
1285	(16) The state auditor shall:

1286	(a) with the assistance, advice, and recommendations of an advisory committee
1287	appointed by the state auditor from among special district boards of trustees, officers,
1288	and employees and special service district boards, officers, and employees:
1289	(i) prepare a Uniform Accounting Manual for Special Districts that:
1290	(A) prescribes a uniform system of accounting and uniform budgeting and
1291	reporting procedures for special districts under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
1292	Local Government Entities - Special Districts, and special service districts
1293	under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;
1294	(B) conforms with generally accepted accounting principles; and
1295	(C) prescribes reasonable exceptions and modifications for smaller districts to the
1296	uniform system of accounting, budgeting, and reporting;
1297	(ii) maintain the manual under this Subsection (16)(a) so that the manual continues to
1298	reflect generally accepted accounting principles;
1299	(iii) conduct a continuing review and modification of procedures in order to improve
1300	them;
1301	(iv) prepare and supply each district with suitable budget and reporting forms; and
1302	(v) (A) prepare instructional materials, conduct training programs, and render
1303	other services considered necessary to assist special districts and special
1304	service districts in implementing the uniform accounting, budgeting, and
1305	reporting procedures; and
1306	(B) ensure that any training described in Subsection (16)(a)(v)(A) complies with
1307	Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements; and
1308	(b) continually analyze and evaluate the accounting, budgeting, and reporting practices
1309	and experiences of specific special districts and special service districts selected by
1310	the state auditor and make the information available to all districts.
1311	(17) (a) The following records in the custody or control of the state auditor are protected
1312	records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
1313	Act:
1314	(i) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
1315	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a past or present
1316	governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by
1317	the state auditor through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to
1318	the allegation are not relied upon by the state auditor in preparing a final audit
1319	report;

1320	(ii) records and audit workpapers to the extent the workpapers would disclose the
1321	identity of an individual who during the course of an audit, communicated the
1322	existence of any waste of public funds, property, or manpower, or a violation or
1323	suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this
1324	state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United
1325	States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the
1326	individual be protected;
1327	(iii) before an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or
1328	drafts circulated to an individual who is not an employee or head of a
1329	governmental entity for the individual's response or information;
1330	(iv) records that would disclose an outline or part of any audit survey plans or audit
1331	program; and
1332	(v) requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an audit.
1333	(b) The provisions of Subsections (17)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) do not prohibit the disclosure
1334	of records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity
1335	or employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.
1336	(c) The provisions of this Subsection (17) do not limit the authority otherwise given to
1337	the state auditor to classify a document as public, private, controlled, or protected
1338	under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
1339	(d) (i) As used in this Subsection (17)(d), "record dispute" means a dispute between
1340	the state auditor and the subject of an audit performed by the state auditor as to
1341	whether the state auditor may release a record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103,
1342	to the public that the state auditor gained access to in the course of the state
1343	auditor's audit but which the subject of the audit claims is not subject to disclosure
1344	under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
1345	(ii) The state auditor may submit a record dispute to the State Records Committee,
1346	created in Section 63G-2-501, for a determination of whether the state auditor
1347	may, in conjunction with the state auditor's release of an audit report, release to
1348	the public the record that is the subject of the record dispute.
1349	(iii) The state auditor or the subject of the audit may seek judicial review of a State
1350	Records Committee determination under Subsection (17)(d)(ii), as provided in
1351	Section 63G-2-404.
1352	(18) If the state auditor conducts an audit of an entity that the state auditor has previously
1353	audited and finds that the entity has not implemented a recommendation made by the

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1354	state auditor in a previous audit, the state auditor shall notify the Legislative
1355	Management Committee through the Legislative Management Committee's audit
1356	subcommittee that the entity has not implemented that recommendation.
1357	(19) The state auditor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the state
1358	privacy officer described in Section 67-3-13.
1359	(20) Except as provided in Subsection (21), the state auditor shall report, or ensure that
1360	another government entity reports, on the financial, operational, and performance
1361	metrics for the state system of higher education and the state system of public education,
1362	including metrics in relation to students, programs, and schools within those systems.
1363	(21) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (20), the state auditor shall conduct regular audits
1364	of:
1365	(i) the scholarship granting organization for the [Special Needs] Carson Smith
1366	Opportunity Scholarship Program, created in Section 53E-7-402;
1367	(ii) the State Board of Education for the Carson Smith Scholarship Program, created
1368	in Section 53F-4-302; and
1369	(iii) the scholarship program manager for the Utah Fits All Scholarship Program,
1370	created in Section 53F-6-402.
1371	(b) Nothing in this subsection limits or impairs the authority of the State Board of
1372	Education to administer the programs described in Subsection (21)(a).
1373	(22) The state auditor shall, based on the information posted by the Office of Legislative
1374	Research and General Counsel under Subsection 36-12-12.1(2), for each policy, track
1375	and post the following information on the state auditor's website:
1376	(a) the information posted under Subsections 36-12-12.1(2)(a) through (e);
1377	(b) an indication regarding whether the policy is timely adopted, adopted late, or not
1378	adopted;
1379	(c) an indication regarding whether the policy complies with the requirements
1380	established by law for the policy; and
1381	(d) a link to the policy.
1382	(23) (a) A legislator may request that the state auditor conduct an inquiry to determine
1383	whether a government entity, government official, or government employee has
1384	complied with a legal obligation directly imposed, by statute, on the government
1385	entity, government official, or government employee.
1386	(b) The state auditor may, upon receiving a request under Subsection (23)(a), conduct
1387	the inquiry requested.

1388	(c) If the state auditor conducts the inquiry described in Subsection (23)(b), the state
1389	auditor shall post the results of the inquiry on the state auditor's website.
1390	(d) The state auditor may limit the inquiry described in this Subsection (23) to a simple
1391	determination, without conducting an audit, regarding whether the obligation was
1392	fulfilled.
1393	Section 18. Effective date.
1394	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on July 1, 2024.
1395	(2) The actions affecting Sections 59-7-625 and 59-10-1041 have retrospective operation
1396	for taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2024.