1 PROPERTY TAX APPEALS AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens

House Sponsor: Bridger Bolinder

2	
3	LONG TITLE

4 General Description:

5 This bill modifies provisions related to property tax appeals.

6 Highlighted Provisions:

- 7 This bill:
- 8 authorizes counties to use certain local tax funds to pay for property tax refunds owed as
- 9 a result of an objection to the assessment of property assessed by the State Tax Commission
- 10 without voter approval;
- 11 modifies the time period for which new growth is calculated for centrally-assessed
- 12 property;
- establishes exceptions to the requirement for the State Tax Commission to stay a
- 14 pending appeal under judicial review;
- 15 allows a taxing entity to impose a judgment levy in multiple years;
- extends the period of time in which the state or a taxing entity has to pay a taxpayer that
- 17 receives a reduction in the amount of taxes owed following an appeal; and
 - makes technical changes.

19 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

20 None

18

- 21 Other Special Clauses:
- This bill provides a special effective date.
- 23 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 24 AMENDS:
- 25 **17-36-54** (Effective 05/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 176
- 26 **59-1-613** (Effective 01/01/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 238
- 27 **59-2-924** (Effective 01/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 502

59-2-1330 (Effective 01/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 201	
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
Section 1. Section 17-36-54 is amended to read:	
17-36-54 (Effective 05/01/24). Tax stability and trust fund Use of principal -	-
Determination of necessity Election Exception.	
(1) (a) [If] Except as provided in Subsection (2), if the legislative body of a county that	
has established a tax stability and trust fund under Section 17-36-51 determines that it	t
is necessary for purposes of that county to use any portion of the principal of the	
fund, the county legislative body shall submit this proposition to the electorate of tha	t
county in a special election called and held in the manner provided for in Title 11,	
Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, for the holding of bond elections.	
[(2)] (b) If the proposition is approved at the special election by a majority of the	
qualified electors of the county voting at the election, then that portion of the	
principal of the fund covered by the proposition may be transferred to the county	
general fund for use for purposes of that county.	
(2) (a) The requirements of Subsection (1) do not apply to the use of any portion of the	
principal of a tax stability and trust fund established under Section 17-36-51 for	
payment of any refund of property taxes owed by the county as a result of an	
objection to the assessment of property assessed by the State Tax Commission under	
Section 59-2-1007.	
(b) The legislative body of a county may, by ordinance or resolution, authorize the u	<u>se</u>
of any portion of the tax stability and trust fund for the purpose described in	
Subsection (2)(a).	
Section 2. Section 59-1-613 is amended to read:	
59-1-613 (Effective 01/01/25). Judicial review Mandatory stay of certain	
commission cases.	
(1) [Unless] Except as provided in Subsection (2) or unless all parties otherwise agree, u	pon
request, the commission shall stay an appeal of the valuation or equalization of real of	r
personal property, if:	
(a) a commission decision on the valuation or equalization of real or personal proper	ty is
under judicial review; and	
(b) the commission decision described in Subsection (1)(a) and the pending commission	sion
appeal involve the same:	

62	(i) taxpayer;
63	(ii) legal issue or valuation principle; and
64	(iii) to a material degree, facts.
65	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
66	(a) the commission determines that the case under judicial review is not likely to have a
67	material influence on the outcome of the pending commission appeal; or
68	(b) the property taxes subject to the pending commission appeal have not been paid in
69	accordance with Section 59-2-1330.
70	[(2)] (3) An appeal stayed in accordance with Subsection (1) is stayed until the court issues
71	a final decision after judicial review of the commission decision.
72	Section 3. Section 59-2-924 is amended to read:
73	59-2-924 (Effective 01/01/25). Definitions Report of valuation of property to
74	county auditor and commission Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies
75	Calculation of certified tax rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative
76	budget Notice provided by the commission.
77	(1) As used in this section:
78	(a) (i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance
79	with this chapter.
80	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:
81	(A) interest;
82	(B) penalties;
83	(C) collections from redemptions; or
84	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is
85	semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
86	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment.
87	(b) "Adjusted tax increment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
88	17C-1-102.
89	(c) (i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
90	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
91	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
92	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
93	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current
94	year; and
95	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor

96	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior
97	year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
98	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate
99	year end taxable value of personal property that is:
100	(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
101	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
102	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
103	(d) "Base taxable value" means:
104	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined
105	in Section 11-58-102;
106	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
107	the same as that term is defined in Section 11-59-207;
108	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is
109	defined in Section 17C-1-102;
110	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is
111	defined in Section 63H-1-102;
112	(v) for a host local government, the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502
113	or
114	(vi) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
115	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as
116	shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is
117	defined in Section 63N-3-602.
118	(e) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the [highest] average
119	year end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
120	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for [a previous calendar year that
121	begins on or after January 1, 2015] the previous three calendar years, adjusted for
122	taxable value attributable to:
123	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity;
124	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the
125	commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property; or
126	(iii) a change in value as a result of a change in the method of apportioning the value
127	prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the commission in an administrative rule
128	or administrative order.
129	(f) (i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:

130	(A) zero; or
131	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
132	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and
133	personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2,
134	Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year
135	incremental value.
136	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of
137	a change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a
138	court, or the commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
139	(g) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property
140	tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.
141	(h) "Community reinvestment agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
142	17C-1-102.
143	(i) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
144	(i) zero; or
145	(ii) the sum of:
146	(A) locally assessed new growth;
147	(B) centrally assessed new growth; and
148	(C) project area new growth or hotel property new growth.
149	(j) "Host local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502.
150	(k) "Hotel property" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502.
151	(l) "Hotel property new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that is
152	no longer provided to a host local government as incremental property tax revenue.
153	(m) "Incremental property tax revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
154	Section 63N-2-502.
155	(n) "Incremental value" means:
156	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the amount calculated by
157	multiplying:
158	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
159	property that is located within a project area and on which property tax
160	differential is collected; and
161	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax differential that
162	is paid to the authority;
163	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,

164	an amount calculated by multiplying:
165	(A) the difference between the current assessed value of the property and the base
166	taxable value; and
167	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax augmentation, as
168	defined in Section 11-59-207, that is paid to the Point of the Mountain State
169	Land Authority;
170	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the amount calculated by
171	multiplying:
172	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
173	property located within a project area and on which tax increment is collected;
174	and
175	(B) the number that represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area
176	that is paid to the agency;
177	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the amount calculated by
178	multiplying:
179	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
180	property located within a project area and on which property tax allocation is
181	collected; and
182	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax allocation from
183	that project area that is paid to the authority;
184	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter
185	3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount calculated by
186	multiplying:
187	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
188	property that is located within a housing and transit reinvestment zone and on
189	which tax increment is collected; and
190	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to
191	the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
192	(vi) for a host local government, an amount calculated by multiplying:
193	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
194	hotel property on which incremental property tax revenue is collected; and
195	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the incremental property tax
196	revenue from that hotel property that is paid to the host local government; or
197	(vii) for the State Fair Park Authority created in Section 11-68-201, the taxable value

198	of:
199	(A) fair park land, as defined in Section 11-68-101, that is subject to a privilege
200	tax under Section 11-68-402; or
201	(B) personal property located on property that is subject to the privilege tax
202	described in Subsection (1)(n)(vii)(A).
203	(o) (i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
204	(A) zero; or
205	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real
206	property the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County
207	Assessment, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental
208	value from the taxable value of real property the county assessor assesses in
209	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted for
210	current year incremental value.
211	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
212	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal
213	or another adjustment;
214	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption
215	for a primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
216	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
217	Assessment Act; or
218	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
219	Farming Assessment Act.
220	(p) "Project area" means:
221	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined
222	in Section 11-58-102;
223	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
224	in Section 17C-1-102; or
225	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is
226	defined in Section 63H-1-102.
227	(q) "Project area new growth" means:
228	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, an amount equal to the
229	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax
230	differential;
231	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,

232	an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer provided to the Point of
233	the Mountain State Land Authority as property tax augmentation, as defined in
234	Section 11-59-207;
235	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, an amount equal to the
236	incremental value that is no longer provided to an agency as tax increment;
237	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, an amount equal to the
238	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax
239	allocation; or
240	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
241	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount equal to the
242	incremental value that is no longer provided to a housing and transit reinvestment
243	zone as tax increment.
244	(r) "Project area incremental revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
245	17C-1-1001.
246	(s) "Property tax allocation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63H-1-102
247	(t) "Property tax differential" means the same as that term is defined in Section
248	11-58-102.
249	(u) "Qualifying exempt revenue" means revenue received:
250	(i) for the previous calendar year;
251	(ii) by a taxing entity;
252	(iii) from tangible personal property contained on the prior year's tax rolls that is
253	exempt from property tax under Subsection 59-2-1115(2)(b) for a calendar year
254	beginning on January 1, 2022; and
255	(iv) on the aggregate 2021 year end taxable value of the tangible personal property
256	that exceeds \$15,300.
257	(v) "Tax increment" means:
258	(i) for a project created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
259	in Section 17C-1-102; or
260	(ii) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
261	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, the same as that term is
262	defined in Section 63N-3-602.
263	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
264	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
265	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county

266	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing
267	entity; and
268	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
269	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end
270	values.
271	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of each
272	taxing entity:
273	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
274	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
275	(c) the certified tax rate; and
276	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
277	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
278	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity
279	budgeted for the prior year minus the qualifying exempt revenue by the amount
280	calculated under Subsection (4)(b).
281	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
282	calculate an amount as follows:
283	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
284	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
285	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
286	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
287	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection
288	(4)(b)(i) by the average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable
289	property for the equalization period for the three calendar years immediately
290	preceding the current calendar year;
291	(iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the
292	product of:
293	(A) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
294	(B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
295	immediately preceding the current calendar year; and
296	(iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an
297	amount determined by:
298	(A) multiplying the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar
299	years immediately preceding the current calendar year by eligible new growth;

300	and
301	(B) subtracting the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) from the
302	amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iii).
303	(5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be calculated
304	as follows:
305	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) or (c), for a new taxing entity, the certified
306	tax rate is zero;
307	(b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
308	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
309	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
310	(ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
311	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services
312	identified in Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(23);
313	(c) for a community reinvestment agency that received all or a portion of a taxing
314	entity's project area incremental revenue in the prior year under Title 17C, Chapter 1,
315	Part 10, Agency Taxing Authority, the certified tax rate is calculated as described in
316	Subsection (4) except that the commission shall treat the total revenue transferred to
317	the community reinvestment agency as ad valorem property tax revenue that the
318	taxing entity budgeted for the prior year; and
319	(d) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy
320	imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall
321	be calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
322	(i) a school levy provided for under Section 53F-8-301, 53F-8-302, or 53F-8-303; and
323	(ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or
324	administrative orders under Section 59-2-1602.
325	(6) (a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be
326	imposed at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one
327	or more eligible judgments.
328	(b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in
329	Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate
330	certified tax rate.
331	(7) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use:
332	(i) the taxable value of real property:
333	(A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;

334	and
335	(B) contained on the assessment roll;
336	(ii) the year end taxable value of personal property:
337	(A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
338	(B) contained on the prior year's assessment roll; and
339	(iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
340	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
341	(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible new
342	growth.
343	(8) (a) On or before June 30, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
344	(b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shall notify
345	the county auditor of:
346	(i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
347	(ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
348	(c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that
349	exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1.
350	(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through
351	electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and
352	Taxation Interim Committee if:
353	(i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end
354	taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in
355	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted
356	for prior year end incremental value; and
357	(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year
358	end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission
359	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
360	(b) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(i), the commission shall calculate an amount by
361	subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses
362	in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for
363	current year incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and
364	personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of
365	Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental value.
366	(c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by
367	subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the

368	commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
369	current year, from the total year end taxable value of the real and personal property of
370	a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of
371	Property, for the previous year.
372	(d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet the
373	requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).
374	Section 4. Section 59-2-1330 is amended to read:
375	59-2-1330 (Effective 01/01/25). Payment of property taxes Payments to
376	taxpayer by state or taxing entity Refund of penalties paid by taxpayer
377	Refund of interest paid by taxpayer Payment of interest to taxpayer
378	Judgment levy Objections to assessments by the commission Time periods
379	for making payments to taxpayer.
380	(1) Unless otherwise specifically provided by statute, property taxes shall be paid directly
381	to the county assessor or the county treasurer:
382	(a) on the date that the property taxes are due; and
383	(b) as provided in this chapter.
384	(2) A taxpayer shall receive payment as provided in this section if a reduction in the amount
385	of any tax levied against any property for which the taxpayer paid a tax or any portion of
386	a tax under this chapter for a calendar year is required by a final and unappealable
387	judgment or order described in Subsection (3) issued by:
388	(a) a county board of equalization;
389	(b) the commission; or
390	(c) a court of competent jurisdiction.
391	(3) (a) For purposes of Subsection (2), the state or any taxing entity that has received
392	property taxes or any portion of property taxes from a taxpayer described in
393	Subsection (2) shall pay the taxpayer if:
394	(i) the taxes the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) are collected by an
395	authorized officer of the:
396	(A) county; or
397	(B) state; and
398	(ii) the taxpayer obtains a final and unappealable judgment or order:
399	(A) from:
400	(I) a county board of equalization;
401	(II) the commission; or

402	(III) a court of competent jurisdiction;
403	(B) against:
404	(I) the taxing entity or an authorized officer of the taxing entity; or
405	(II) the state or an authorized officer of the state; and
406	(C) ordering a reduction in the amount of any tax levied against any property for
407	which a taxpayer paid a tax or any portion of a tax under this chapter for the
408	calendar year.
409	(b) The amount that the state or a taxing entity shall pay a taxpayer shall be determined
410	in accordance with Subsections (4) through (7).
411	(4) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount the state shall pay to a taxpayer is
412	equal to the sum of:
413	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference
414	between:
415	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Subsection (2); and
416	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the state after the reduction in the
417	amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and
418	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
419	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference
420	between:
421	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Section 59-2-1331;
422	and
423	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the state in accordance
424	with Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the
425	property in accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order
426	described in Subsection (3);
427	(c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
428	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b); and
429	(d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:
430	(i) Subsection (4)(a);
431	(ii) Subsection (4)(b); and
432	(iii) Subsection (4)(c).
433	(5) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount a taxing entity shall pay to a
434	taxpayer is equal to the sum of:
435	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference

436	between:
437	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Subsection (2);
438	and
439	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the taxing entity after the reduction in
440	the amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and
441	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
442	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference
443	between:
444	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Section
445	59-2-1331; and
446	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the taxing entity in
447	accordance with Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied
448	against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or
449	order described in Subsection (3);
450	(c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
451	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b); and
452	(d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:
453	(i) Subsection (5)(a);
454	(ii) Subsection (5)(b); and
455	(iii) Subsection (5)(c).
456	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (7):
457	(a) interest shall be refunded to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection (4)(c)
458	or (5)(c) in an amount equal to the amount of interest the taxpayer paid in accordance
459	with Section 59-2-1331; and
460	(b) interest shall be paid to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection (4)(d) or
461	(5)(d):
462	(i) beginning on the later of:
463	(A) the day on which the taxpayer paid the tax in accordance with Subsection (2)
464	or
465	(B) January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year for
466	which the tax was due;
467	(ii) ending on the day on which the state or a taxing entity pays to the taxpayer the
468	amount required by Subsection (4) or (5); and
469	(iii) at the interest rate earned by the state treasurer on public funds transferred to the

470	state treasurer in accordance with Section 51-7-5.
471	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (6):
472	(a) the state may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on any tax
473	the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount of tax
474	levied by the state for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by Section
475	59-2-1317; and
476	(b) a taxing entity may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on
477	any tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount
478	of tax levied by the taxing entity for that calendar year as stated on the notice
479	required by Section 59-2-1317.
480	(8) (a) Each taxing entity may levy a tax to pay its share of the final and unappealable
481	judgment or order described in Subsection (3) if:
482	(i) the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued no later than 15 days prior
483	to the date the certified tax rate is set under Section 59-2-924;
484	(ii) the [amount of the judgment levy] following information is included on the notice
485	under Section 59-2-919.1:
486	(A) the amount of the judgment levy; and
487	(B) the term of the judgment levy; and
488	(iii) the final and unappealable judgment or order is an eligible judgment, as defined
489	in Section 59-2-102.
490	(b) The levy under Subsection (8)(a) is in addition to, and exempt from, the maximum
491	levy established for the taxing entity.
492	(c) A taxing entity may divide a judgment levy under this Subsection (8) and impose the
493	judgment levy in more than one subsequent tax year.
494	(9) (a) A taxpayer that objects to the assessment of property assessed by the commission
495	shall pay, on or before the property tax due date established under Subsection
496	59-2-1331(1) or Section 59-2-1332, the full amount of taxes stated on the notice
497	required by Section 59-2-1317 if:
498	(i) the taxpayer has applied to the commission for a hearing in accordance with
499	Section 59-2-1007 on the objection to the assessment; and
500	(ii) the commission has not issued a written decision on the objection to the
501	assessment in accordance with Section 59-2-1007.
502	(b) A taxpayer that pays the full amount of taxes due under Subsection (9)(a) is not
503	required to pay penalties or interest on an assessment described in Subsection (9)(a)

504	unless:
505	(i) a final and unappealable judgment or order establishing that the property
506	described in Subsection (9)(a) has a value greater than the value stated on the
507	notice required by Section 59-2-1317 is issued by:
508	(A) the commission; or
509	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; and
510	(ii) the taxpayer fails to pay the additional tax liability resulting from the final and
511	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) within a 45-day
512	period after the county bills the taxpayer for the additional tax liability.
513	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), a payment that is required by this
514	section shall be paid to a taxpayer:
515	(i) within $[60]$ 120 days after the day on which the final and unappealable judgment or
516	order is issued in accordance with Subsection (3); or
517	(ii) if a judgment levy is imposed in accordance with Subsection (8):
518	(A) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is $[\$5,000]$ $\$15,000$ or
519	more, no later than December 31 of the first year in which the judgment levy is
520	imposed; and
521	(B) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is less than [\$5,000]
522	\$15,000, within $[60]$ 120 days after the date the final and unappealable
523	judgment or order is issued in accordance with Subsection (3).
524	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), a taxpayer may enter into an agreement:
525	(i) that establishes a time period other than a time period described in Subsection
526	(10)(a) for making a payment to the taxpayer that is required by this section; and
527	(ii) with:
528	(A) an authorized officer of a taxing entity for a tax imposed by a taxing entity; or
529	(B) an authorized officer of the state for a tax imposed by the state.
530	Section 5. Effective date.
531	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.
532	(2) The following sections take effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
533	<u>2025:</u>
534	(a) Section 59-1-613;
535	(b) Section 59-2-924; and
536	(c) Section 59-2-1330.