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TITLE RECORDING NOTICE REQUIREMENTS AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

House Sponsor: Jeffrey D. Stenquist

LO	ONG TITLE
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill modifies notice requirements related to real property.
Hig	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	requires that a county maintain a system for a property owner to elect to receive
elec	ctronic notification when the county recorder records a deed or a mortgage on the owner's
pro	pperty;
	describes the method by which a property owner may elect to receive the electronic
not	ice; and
	requires that a county treasurer provide instructions notice in the tax describing how are
owi	ner can elect to receive the electronic notice.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Otl	her Special Clauses:
	None
Uta	ah Code Sections Affected:
ΑM	MENDS:
	17-21-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 22
	59-2-919 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 435
	59-2-1317 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 505

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

(1) Each recorder shall:

Section 1. Section 17-21-6 is amended to read:

17-21-6. General duties of recorder -- Records and indexes.

(a) keep an entry record, in which the recorder shall, upon acceptance and recording of any instrument, enter the instrument in the order of its recording, the names of the parties to the instrument, its date, the hour, the day of the month and the year of recording, and a brief description, and endorse upon each instrument a number corresponding with the number of the entry;

- (b) keep a grantors' index, in which the recorder shall index deeds and final judgments or decrees partitioning or affecting the title to or possession of real property, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each grantor in alphabetical order, the name of the grantee, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (c) keep a grantees' index, in which the recorder shall index deeds and final judgments or decrees partitioning or affecting the title to or possession of real property, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each grantee in alphabetical order, the name of the grantor, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (d) keep a mortgagors' index, in which the recorder shall enter all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, and other instruments in the nature of an encumbrance upon real estate, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each mortgagor, debtor, or person charged with the encumbrance in alphabetical order, the name of the mortgagee, lien holder, creditor, or claimant, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the instrument, consideration, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (e) keep a mortgagees' index, in which the recorder shall enter all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, and other instruments in the nature of an encumbrance upon real estate, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each mortgagee, lien holder, creditor, or claimant, in alphabetical order, the name of the mortgagor or person charged with the encumbrance, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the consideration, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (f) subject to [Subsection (3)] Subsection (4), keep a tract index, which shall show by description every instrument recorded, the date and the kind of instrument, the time of recording, and the book and page and entry number;
- (g) keep an index of recorded maps, plats, and subdivisions;
- (h) keep an index of powers of attorney showing the date and time of recording, the book, the page, and the entry number;

(i) keep a miscellaneous index, in which the recorder shall enter all instruments of a
miscellaneous character not otherwise provided for in this section, showing the date
of recording, the book, the page, the entry number, the kind of instrument, from, to,
and the parties;

- (j) keep an index of judgments showing the judgment debtors, the judgment creditors, the amount of judgment, the date and time of recording, the satisfaction, and the book, the page, and the entry number;
- (k) keep a general recording index in which the recorder shall index all executions and writs of attachment, and any other instruments not required by law to be spread upon the records, and in separate columns the recorder shall enter the names of the plaintiffs in the execution and the names of the defendants in the execution; [-and]
- (l) keep an index of water right numbers that are included on an instrument recorded on or after May 13, 2014, showing the date and time of recording, the book and the page or the entry number, and the kind of instrument[-] : and
- (m) beginning January 1, 2025:

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- (i) maintain a system that allows a property owner to receive, upon the property owner's election, an electronic notice when the county recorder records a deed or mortgage, as defined in Section 70D-1-102, on the property owner's real property; and
- (ii) if a property owner elects to receive electronic notice as described in Subsection (1)(m)(i), within 30 days after the day on which the county recorder records a deed or a mortgage as defined in Section 70D-1-102 on real property, provide an electronic notice of the recording to each property owner.
- 86 (2) Upon request, a county recorder may provide the notice described in Subsection 87 (1)(m)(ii) to a property owner by a means other than electronic.
- 88 (3) Subsection (1)(m) applies only to real property for which the county treasurer provides
 89 a tax notice described in Section 59-2-1317.
- 90 [(2)] (4) The recorder shall alphabetically arrange the indexes required by this section and keep a reverse index.
- 92 [(3)] (5) (a) The tract index required by Subsection (1)(f) shall be kept so that it shows a 93 true chain of title to each tract or parcel, together with each encumbrance on the tract 94 or parcel, according to the records of the office.
 - (b) A recorder shall abstract an instrument in the tract index unless:
 - (i) the instrument is required to contain a legal description under Section 17-21-20 or

97	Section 57-3-105 and does not contain that legal description; or
98	(ii) the instrument contains errors, omissions, or defects to the extent that the tract or
99	parcel to which the instrument relates cannot be determined.
100	(c) If a recorder abstracts an instrument in the tract index or another index required by
101	this section, the recorder may:
102	(i) use a tax parcel number;
103	(ii) use a site address;
104	(iii) reference to other instruments of record recited on the instrument; or
105	(iv) reference another instrument that is recorded concurrently with the instrument.
106	(d) A recorder is not required to go beyond the face of an instrument to determine the
107	tract or parcel to which an instrument may relate.
108	(e) A person may not bring an action against a recorder for injuries or damages suffered
109	as a result of information contained in an instrument recorded in a tract index or other
110	index that is required by this section despite errors, omissions, or defects in the
111	instrument.
112	(f) The fact that a recorded instrument described in Subsection (3)(e) is included in the
113	tract index does not cure a failure to give public notice caused by an error, omission,
114	or defect.
115	(g) A document that is indexed in all or part of the indexes required by this section shall
116	give constructive notice.
117	[(4)] (6) Nothing in this section prevents the recorder from using a single name index if that
118	index includes all of the indexes required by this section.
119	Section 2. Section 59-2-919 is amended to read:
120	59-2-919 . Notice and public hearing requirements for certain tax increases
121	Exceptions.
122	(1) As used in this section:
123	(a) "Additional ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue
124	generated by the portion of the tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax
125	rate.
126	(b) "Ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue not including
127	revenue from:
128	(i) eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924; or
129	(ii) personal property that is:
130	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment:

131	and
132	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
133	(c) "Calendar year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year
134	that begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.
135	(d) "County executive calendar year taxing entity" means a calendar year taxing entity
136	that operates under the county executive-council form of government described in
137	Section 17-52a-203.
138	(e) "Current calendar year" means the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar
139	year for which a calendar year taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
140	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate.
141	(f) "Fiscal year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year that
142	begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.
143	(g) "Last year's property tax budgeted revenue" does not include revenue received by a
144	taxing entity from a debt service levy voted on by the public.
145	(2) A taxing entity may not levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate
146	unless the taxing entity meets:
147	(a) the requirements of this section that apply to the taxing entity; and
148	(b) all other requirements as may be required by law.
149	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (5), a calendar
150	year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's
151	certified tax rate if the calendar year taxing entity:
152	(i) 14 or more days before the date of the regular general election or municipal
153	general election held in the current calendar year, states at a public meeting:
154	(A) that the calendar year taxing entity intends to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
155	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate;
156	(B) the dollar amount of and purpose for additional ad valorem tax revenue that
157	would be generated by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate; and
158	(C) the approximate percentage increase in ad valorem tax revenue for the taxing
159	entity based on the proposed increase described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B);
160	(ii) provides notice for the public meeting described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) in
161	accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, including
162	providing a separate item on the meeting agenda that notifies the public that the
163	calendar year taxing entity intends to make the statement described in Subsection
164	(3)(a)(i);

165	(iii) meets the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and (7) before the
166	calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by Subsection
167	(3)(a)(v);
168	(iv) provides notice by mail:
169	(A) seven or more days before the regular general election or municipal general
170	election held in the current calendar year; and
171	(B) as provided in Subsection (3)(c); and
172	(v) conducts a public hearing that is held:
173	(A) in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9); and
174	(B) in conjunction with the public hearing required by Section 17-36-13 or
175	17B-1-610.
176	(b) (i) For a county executive calendar year taxing entity, the statement described in
177	Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made by the:
178	(A) county council;
179	(B) county executive; or
180	(C) both the county council and county executive.
181	(ii) If the county council makes the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) or the
182	county council states a dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that is
183	greater than the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue previously stated by
184	the county executive in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i), the county executive
185	calendar year taxing entity shall:
186	(A) make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) 14 or more days before
187	the county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing
188	under Subsection (3)(a)(v); and
189	(B) provide the notice required by Subsection (3)(a)(iv) 14 or more days before
190	the county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing
191	required by Subsection (3)(a)(v).
192	(c) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
193	(i) shall be mailed to each owner of property:
194	(A) within the calendar year taxing entity; and
195	(B) listed on the assessment roll;
196	(ii) shall be printed on a separate form that:
197	(A) is developed by the commission;
198	(B) states at the top of the form, in bold upper-case type no smaller than 18 point

199	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE"; and
200	(C) may be mailed with the notice required by Section 59-2-1317;
201	(iii) shall contain for each property described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
202	(A) the value of the property for the current calendar year;
203	(B) the tax on the property for the current calendar year; and
204	(C) subject to Subsection (3)(d), for the calendar year for which the calendar year
205	taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing
206	entity's certified tax rate, the estimated tax on the property;
207	(iv) shall contain the following statement:
208	"[Insert name of taxing entity] is proposing a tax increase for [insert applicable calendar
209	year]. This notice contains estimates of the tax on your property and the proposed tax increase
210	on your property as a result of this tax increase. These estimates are calculated on the basis of
211	[insert previous applicable calendar year] data. The actual tax on your property and proposed
212	tax increase on your property may vary from this estimate.";
213	(v) shall state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection
214	(3)(a)(v); [-and]
215	(vi) may contain other property tax information approved by the commission[-]; and
216	(vii) if sent in calendar year 2024, 2025, or 2026, shall contain:
217	(A) notice that the taxpayer may request electronic notice as described in
218	Subsection 17-21-6(1)(m); and
219	(B) instructions describing how to elect to receive a notice as described in
220	Subsection 17-21-6(1)(m).
221	(d) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(C), a calendar year taxing entity shall calculate
222	the estimated tax on property on the basis of:
223	(i) data for the current calendar year; and
224	(ii) the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated in accordance with this
225	section.
226	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a fiscal year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that
227	exceeds the fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate if the fiscal year taxing entity:
228	(a) provides notice by meeting the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and
229	(7) before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts the public meeting at which the fiscal
230	year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted; and
231	(b) conducts a public hearing in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9) before the
232	fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted.

233	(5) (a) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice or public hearing requirements
234	of Subsection (3) or (4) if the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from
235	complying with the requirements of this section.
236	(b) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice requirements of Subsection (3) or
237	(4) if:
238	(i) Section 53F-8-301 allows the taxing entity to levy a tax rate that exceeds that
239	certified tax rate without having to comply with the notice provisions of this
240	section; or
241	(ii) the taxing entity:
242	(A) budgeted less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenue for the previous fiscal
243	year; and
244	(B) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem
245	tax revenue.
246	(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this
247	section shall be published:
248	(i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of
249	general circulation in the taxing entity;
250	(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
251	(iii) for the taxing entity, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least
252	14 days.
253	(b) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
254	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
255	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
256	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
257	(c) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed in that portion
258	of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
259	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
260	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) appear in a
261	newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and
262	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
263	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
264	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
265	(e) (i) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
266	(A) except as provided in Subsection (6)(f), be run once each week for the two

267	weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described under
268	Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$; and
269	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in
270	the advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first
271	advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any
272	proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.
273	(ii) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall:
274	(A) be published two weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing
275	described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b); and
276	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in
277	the advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first
278	advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any
279	proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.
280	(f) If a fiscal year taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county
281	auditor in accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the fiscal year taxing entity is not
282	subject to the requirement to run the advertisement twice, as required by Subsection
283	(6)(e)(i), but shall run the advertisement once during the week before the fiscal year
284	taxing entity conducts a public hearing at which the taxing entity's annual budget is
285	discussed.
286	(g) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (4)(a), the form and content of an advertisement
287	shall be substantially as follows:
288	
	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
289	
	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
290	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
291	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence in
	the
292	taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would increase from \$
293	to \$, which is \$ per year.
294	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having the
295	same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business would increase
296	from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
297	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase its

property tax budgeted revenue by ____% above last year's property tax budgeted revenue 298 299 excluding eligible new growth. 300 All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase. 301 **PUBLIC HEARING** 302 Date/Time: (date) (time) 303 Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place) 304 To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name of 305 the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)." 306 (7) The commission: 307 (a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 308 Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement described in 309 Subsection (6) by two or more taxing entities; and 310 (b) subject to Section 45-1-101, may authorize: 311 (i) the use of a weekly newspaper: 312 (A) in a county having both daily and weekly newspapers if the weekly newspaper 313 would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and 314 (B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or 315 (ii) the use by a taxing entity of a commission approved direct notice to each taxpayer 316 if: 317 (A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship; 318 (B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section 319 59-2-919.1; and 320 (C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission 321 approved direct notice. 322 (8) (a) (i) (A) A fiscal year taxing entity shall, on or before March 1, notify the 323 county legislative body in which the fiscal year taxing entity is located of the 324 date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the fiscal year taxing 325 entity's annual budget will be discussed. 326 (B) A county that receives notice from a fiscal year taxing entity under Subsection 327 (8)(a)(i)(A) shall include on the notice required by Section 59-2-919.1 the date, 328 time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)(A). 329 (ii) A calendar year taxing entity shall, on or before October 1 of the current calendar 330 year, notify the county legislative body in which the calendar year taxing entity is

331	located of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the
332	calendar year taxing entity's annual budget will be discussed.
333	(b) (i) A public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall be:
334	(A) open to the public; and
335	(B) held at a meeting of the taxing entity with no items on the agenda other than
336	discussion and action on the taxing entity's intent to levy a tax rate that exceeds
337	the taxing entity's certified tax rate, the taxing entity's budget, a special
338	district's or special service district's fee implementation or increase, or a
339	combination of these items.
340	(ii) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a public hearing described in
341	Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall provide an interested party desiring to be heard
342	an opportunity to present oral testimony:
343	(A) within reasonable time limits; and
344	(B) without unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals allowed to
345	make public comment.
346	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(c)(ii), a taxing entity may not schedule a
347	public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) at the same time as the
348	public hearing of another overlapping taxing entity in the same county.
349	(ii) The taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is vested in the same
350	governing board or authority may consolidate the public hearings described in
351	Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$ into one public hearing.
352	(d) A county legislative body shall resolve any conflict in public hearing dates and times
353	after consultation with each affected taxing entity.
354	(e) (i) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or
355	(4)(b) beginning at or after 6 p.m.
356	(ii) If a taxing entity holds a public meeting for the purpose of addressing general
357	business of the taxing entity on the same date as a public hearing described in
358	Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b), the public meeting addressing general business
359	items shall conclude before the beginning of the public hearing described in
360	Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$.
361	(f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(f)(ii), a taxing entity may not hold the
362	public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) on the same date as
363	another public hearing of the taxing entity.
364	(ii) A taxing entity may hold the following hearings on the same date as a public

365	hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b):
366	(A) a budget hearing;
367	(B) if the taxing entity is a special district or a special service district, a fee
368	hearing described in Section 17B-1-643;
369	(C) if the taxing entity is a town, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section
370	10-5-107.5; or
371	(D) if the taxing entity is a city, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section
372	10-6-135.5.
373	(9) (a) If a taxing entity does not make a final decision on budgeting additional ad
374	valorem tax revenue at a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b),
375	the taxing entity shall:
376	(i) announce at that public hearing the scheduled time and place of the next public
377	meeting at which the taxing entity will consider budgeting the additional ad
378	valorem tax revenue; and
379	(ii) if the taxing entity is a fiscal year taxing entity, hold the public meeting described
380	in Subsection (9)(a)(i) before September 1.
381	(b) A calendar year taxing entity may not adopt a final budget that budgets an amount of
382	additional ad valorem tax revenue that exceeds the largest amount of additional ad
383	valorem tax revenue stated at a public meeting under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
384	(c) A public hearing on levying a tax rate that exceeds a fiscal year taxing entity's
385	certified tax rate may coincide with a public hearing on the fiscal year taxing entity's
386	proposed annual budget.
387	Section 3. Section 59-2-1317 is amended to read:
388	59-2-1317 . Tax notice Contents of notice Procedures and requirements for
389	providing notice.
390	(1) As used in this section, "political subdivision lien" means the same as that term is
391	defined in Section 11-60-102.
392	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the county treasurer shall:
393	(a) collect the taxes and tax notice charges; and
394	(b) provide a notice to each taxpayer that contains the following:
395	(i) the kind and value of property assessed to the taxpayer;
396	(ii) the street address of the property, if available to the county;
397	(iii) that the property may be subject to a detailed review in the next year under
398	Section 59-2-303.1;

399	(iv) the amount of taxes levied;
400	(v) a separate statement of the taxes levied only on a certain kind or class of property
401	for a special purpose;
402	(vi) property tax information pertaining to taxpayer relief, options for payment of
403	taxes, and collection procedures;
404	(vii) any tax notice charges applicable to the property, including:
405	(A) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for road damage that a railroad
406	company causes, as described in Section 10-7-30;
407	(B) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for municipal water distribution, as
408	described in Section 10-8-17, or a political subdivision lien for an increase in
409	supply from a municipal water distribution, as described in Section 10-8-19;
410	(C) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for unpaid abatement fees as
411	described in Section 10-11-4;
412	(D) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for the unpaid portion of an
413	assessment assessed in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area
414	Act, or Title 11, Chapter 42a, Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy
415	Act, including unpaid costs, charges, and interest as of the date the local entity
416	certifies the unpaid amount to the county treasurer;
417	(E) if applicable, for a special district in accordance with Section 17B-1-902, a
418	political subdivision lien for an unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest;
419	(F) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for an unpaid irrigation district use
420	charge as described in Section 17B-2a-506;
421	(G) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for a contract assessment under a
422	water contract, as described in Section 17B-2a-1007;
423	(H) if applicable, a property tax penalty that a public infrastructure district
424	imposes, as described in Section 17D-4-304; and
425	(I) if applicable, an annual payment to the Military Installation Development
426	Authority or an entity designated by the authority in accordance with Section
427	63H-1-501;
428	(viii) if a county's tax notice includes an assessment area charge, a statement that, due
429	to potentially ongoing assessment area charges, costs, penalties, and interest,
430	payment of a tax notice charge may not:
431	(A) pay off the full amount the property owner owes to the tax notice entity; or
432	(B) cause a release of the lien underlying the tax notice charge:

433	(ix) the date the taxes and tax notice charges are due;
434	(x) the street address at which the taxes and tax notice charges may be paid;
435	(xi) the date on which the taxes and tax notice charges are delinquent;
436	(xii) the penalty imposed on delinquent taxes and tax notice charges;
437	(xiii) a statement that explains the taxpayer's right to direct allocation of a partial
438	payment in accordance with Subsection (9);
439	(xiv) other information specifically authorized to be included on the notice under thi
440	chapter;[- and]
441	(xv) other property tax information approved by the commission[-]; and
442	(xvi) if sent in calendar year 2024, 2025, or 2026:
443	(A) notice that the taxpayer may request electronic notice as described in
444	Subsection 17-21-6(1)(m); and
445	(B) instructions describing how to elect to receive a notice as described in
446	Subsection 17-21-6(1)(m).
447	(3) (a) Unless expressly allowed under this section or another statutory provision, the
448	treasurer may not add an amount to be collected to the property tax notice.
449	(b) If the county treasurer adds an amount to be collected to the property tax notice
450	under this section or another statutory provision that expressly authorizes the item's
451	inclusion on the property tax notice:
452	(i) the amount constitutes a tax notice charge; and
453	(ii) (A) the tax notice charge has the same priority as property tax; and
454	(B) a delinquency of the tax notice charge triggers a tax sale, in accordance with
455	Section 59-2-1343.
456	(4) For any property for which property taxes or tax notice charges are delinquent, the
457	notice described in Subsection (2) shall state, "Prior taxes or tax notice charges are
458	delinquent on this parcel."
459	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the county treasurer shall:
460	(a) mail the notice required by this section, postage prepaid; or
461	(b) leave the notice required by this section at the taxpayer's residence or usual place of
462	business, if known.
463	(6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a county treasurer may, at
464	the county treasurer's discretion, provide the notice required by this section by
465	electronic mail if a taxpayer makes an election, according to procedures determined
466	by the county treasurer, to receive the notice by electronic mail.

467	(b) A taxpayer may revoke an election to receive the notice required by this section by
468	electronic mail if the taxpayer provides written notice to the treasurer on or before
469	October 1.
470	(c) A revocation of an election under this section does not relieve a taxpayer of the duty
471	to pay a tax or tax notice charge due under this chapter on or before the due date for
472	paying the tax or tax notice charge.
473	(d) A county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section using a method
474	described in Subsection (5), until a taxpayer makes a new election in accordance with
475	this Subsection (6), if:
476	(i) the taxpayer revokes an election in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) to receive
477	the notice required by this section by electronic mail; or
478	(ii) the county treasurer finds that the taxpayer's electronic mail address is invalid.
479	(e) A person is considered to be a taxpayer for purposes of this Subsection (6) regardless
480	of whether the property that is the subject of the notice required by this section is
481	exempt from taxation.
482	(7) (a) The county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section to a
483	taxpayer on or before November 1.
484	(b) The county treasurer shall keep on file in the county treasurer's office the information
485	set forth in the notice.
486	(c) The county treasurer is not required to mail a tax receipt acknowledging payment.
487	(8) This section does not apply to property taxed under Section 59-2-1302 or 59-2-1307.
488	(9) (a) A taxpayer who pays less than the full amount due on the taxpayer's property tax
489	notice may, on a form provided by the county treasurer, direct how the county
490	treasurer allocates the partial payment between:
491	(i) the total amount due for property tax;
492	(ii) the amount due for assessments, past due special district fees, and other tax notice
493	charges; and
494	(iii) any other amounts due on the property tax notice.
495	(b) The county treasurer shall comply with a direction submitted to the county treasurer
496	in accordance with Subsection (9)(a).
497	(c) The provisions of this Subsection (9) do not:
498	(i) affect the right or ability of a local entity to pursue any available remedy for
499	non-payment of any item listed on a taxpayer's property tax notice; or
500	(ii) toll or otherwise change any time period related to a remedy described in

501	Subsection $(9)(c)(i)$.
502	Section 4. Effective date.
503	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.