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	2024 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers
•	House Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman
2 3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill amends provisions relating to third-party inspection firms.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	 provides that, if a city does not provide a building inspection within three days, an
9	applicant may engage a third-party inspection firm;
0	• authorizes a person seeking a building permit to hire a third-party inspection firm to
1	perform an inspection of the person's property at the local regulator's expense;
2	 establishes a process and standards that govern a local regulator's payment of third-party
3	inspection firm costs;
4	 requires that a local regulator issue a certificate of occupancy to a building permit
5	applicant after certain requirements have been met;
6	 exempts a local regulator from liability for any inspection performed by a third-party
7	inspection firm;
8	 amends provisions relating to disciplinary proceedings for a licensed inspector; and
9	 defines terms.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	10-6-160, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
27	15A-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3

RESIDENTIAL BUILDING INSPECTION AMENDMENTS

28	17-36-55, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
29	58-56-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 229
30	ENACTS:
31	15A-1-105, as Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	
33	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
34	Section 1. Section 10-6-160 is amended to read:
35	10-6-160 . Fees collected for construction approval Approval of plans.
36	(1) As used in this section:
37	(a) "Business day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday.
38	(b) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
39	(c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping
40	accommodations to the public, including any of the following:
41	(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;
42	(ii) a boarding house;
43	(iii) a dormitory;
44	(iv) a hotel;
45	(v) an inn;
46	(vi) a lodging house;
47	(vii) a motel;
48	(viii) a resort; or
49	(ix) a rooming house.
50	(d) "Planning review" means a review to verify that a city has approved the following
51	elements of a construction project:
52	(i) zoning;
53	(ii) lot sizes;
54	(iii) setbacks;
55	(iv) easements;
56	(v) curb and gutter elevations;
57	(vi) grades and slopes;
58	(vii) utilities;
59	(viii) street names;
60	(ix) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland
61	Urban Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and

62	(x) subdivision.
63	(e) (i) "Plan review" means all of the reviews and approvals of a plan that a city
64	requires to obtain a building permit from the city with a scope that may not exceed
65	a review to verify:
66	(A) that the construction project complies with the provisions of the State
67	Construction Code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act;
68	(B) that the construction project complies with the energy code adopted under
69	Section 15A-2-103;
70	(C) that the construction project received a planning review;
71	(D) that the applicant paid any required fees;
72	(E) that the applicant obtained final approvals from any other required reviewing
73	agencies;
74	(F) that the construction project complies with federal, state, and local storm water
75	protection laws;
76	(G) that the construction project received a structural review;
77	(H) the total square footage for each building level of finished, garage, and
78	unfinished space; and
79	(I) that the plans include a printed statement indicating that the actual construction
80	will comply with applicable local ordinances and the state construction codes.
81	(ii) "Plan review" does not mean a review of a document:
82	(A) required to be re-submitted for a construction project other than a construction
83	project for a one to two family dwelling or townhome if additional
84	modifications or substantive changes are identified by the plan review;
85	(B) submitted as part of a deferred submittal when requested by the applicant and
86	approved by the building official; or
87	(C) that, due to the document's technical nature or on the request of the applicant,
88	is reviewed by a third party.
89	(f) "State Construction Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
90	15A-1-102.
91	(g) "State Fire Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-102.
92	(h) "Structural review" means:
93	(i) a review that verifies that a construction project complies with the following:
94	(A) footing size and bar placement;
95	(B) foundation thickness and bar placement;

96	(C) beam and header sizes;
97	(D) nailing patterns;
98	(E) bearing points;
99	(F) structural member size and span; and
100	(G) sheathing; or
101	(ii) if the review exceeds the scope of the review described in Subsection (1)(h)(i), a
102	review that a licensed engineer conducts.
103	(i) "Technical nature" means a characteristic that places an item outside the training and
104	expertise of an individual who regularly performs plan reviews.
105	(2) (a) If a city collects a fee for the inspection of a construction project, the city shall
106	ensure that the construction project receives a prompt inspection as described in
107	Subsection (2)(b).
108	(b) If a city cannot provide a building inspection within three business days after the day
109	on which the city receives the request for the inspection, [the city shall promptly
110	engage an independent inspector with fees collected from the applicant] the building
111	permit applicant may engage a third-party inspection firm from the third-party
112	inspection firm list described in Section 15A-1-105.
113	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), if an applicant requests that an inspection take
114	place on a date that is more than three days from the day on which the applicant
115	requests the inspection, the city shall conduct the inspection on the date requested.
116	[(e)] (d) If an inspector identifies one or more violations of the State Construction Code
117	or State Fire Code during an inspection, the inspector shall give the permit holder
118	written notification that:
119	(i) identifies each violation;
120	(ii) upon request by the permit holder, includes a reference to each applicable
121	provision of the State Construction Code or State Fire Code; and
122	(iii) is delivered:
123	(A) in hardcopy or by electronic means; and
124	(B) the day on which the inspection occurs.
125	(3) (a) A city shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a one to two
126	family dwelling or townhome by no later than 14 business days after the day on
127	which the applicant submits a complete building permit application to the city.
128	(b) A city shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a residential
129	structure built under the International Building Code, not including a lodging

130	establishment, by no later than 21 business days after the day on which the applicant
131	submits a complete building permit application to the city.
132	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if a city does not complete a plan review
133	before the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) expires, an applicant
134	may request that the city complete the plan review.
135	(ii) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (3)(c)(i), the city shall perform
136	the plan review no later than:
137	(A) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(a), 14 days from the day on
138	which the applicant makes the request; or
139	(B) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(b), 21 days from the day on
140	which the applicant makes the request.
141	(d) An applicant may:
142	(i) waive the plan review time requirements described in this Subsection (3); or
143	(ii) with the city's consent, establish an alternative plan review time requirement.
144	(4) A city may not enforce a requirement to have a plan review if:
145	(a) the city does not complete the plan review within the time period described in
146	Subsection (3)(a) or (b); and
147	(b) a licensed architect or structural engineer, or both when required by law, stamps the
148	plan.
149	(5) (a) A city may attach to a reviewed plan a list that includes:
150	(i) items with which the city is concerned and may enforce during construction; and
151	(ii) building code violations found in the plan.
152	(b) A city may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the city requests minor
153	changes to the plan that the list described in Subsection (5)(a) identifies.
154	(c) A city may only require a single resubmittal of plans for a one or two family
155	dwelling or townhome if the resubmission is required to address deficiencies
156	identified by a third-party review of a geotechnical report or geological report.
157	(6) If a city charges a fee for a building permit, the city may not refuse payment of the fee
158	at the time the applicant submits a building permit application under Subsection (3).
159	(7) A city may not limit the number of building permit applications submitted under
160	Subsection (3).
161	(8) For purposes of Subsection (3), a building permit application is complete if the
162	application contains:
163	(a) the name, address, and contact information of:

164	(i) the applicant; and
165	(ii) the construction manager/general contractor, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103,
166	for the construction project;
167	(b) a site plan for the construction project that:
168	(i) is drawn to scale;
169	(ii) includes a north arrow and legend; and
170	(iii) provides specifications for the following:
171	(A) lot size and dimensions;
172	(B) setbacks and overhangs for setbacks;
173	(C) easements;
174	(D) property lines;
175	(E) topographical details, if the slope of the lot is greater than 10%;
176	(F) retaining walls;
177	(G) hard surface areas;
178	(H) curb and gutter elevations as indicated in the subdivision documents;
179	(I) utilities, including water meter and sewer lateral location;
180	(J) street names;
181	(K) driveway locations;
182	(L) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland
183	Urban Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
184	(M) the location of the nearest hydrant;
185	(c) construction plans and drawings, including:
186	(i) elevations, only if the construction project is new construction;
187	(ii) floor plans for each level, including the location and size of doors and windows;
188	(iii) foundation, structural, and framing detail; and
189	(iv) electrical, mechanical, and plumbing design;
190	(d) documentation of energy code compliance;
191	(e) structural calculations, except for trusses;
192	(f) a geotechnical report, including a slope stability evaluation and retaining wall design,
193	if:
194	(i) the slope of the lot is greater than 15%; and
195	(ii) required by the city; and
196	(g) a statement indicating that actual construction will comply with applicable local
197	ordinances and building codes.

198	Section 2. Section 15A-1-105 is enacted to read:
199	<u>15A-1-105</u> . Third-party inspection firms.
200	(1) As used in this section:
201	(a) "Building permit applicant" means a person who applies to a local regulator for a
202	building permit.
203	(b) "Inspection" means a physical examination of all aspects of a structure to ensure
204	compliance with the State Construction Code.
205	(c) "Local regulator" means the same as that terms is defined in Section 15A-1-102.
206	(d) "Third-party inspection firm" means an entity that is:
207	(i) licensed under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and Factory Built Housing
208	Licensing;
209	(ii) independent, but may include a building inspector for an adjacent city or county;
210	and
211	(iii) included on the local regulator's third-party inspection firm list.
212	(e) "Third-party inspection firm list" means a list of:
213	(i) for a first, second, third, or fourth class county, or a municipality located within a
214	first, second, third, or fourth class county, three or more third-party inspection
215	firms approved by the local regulator; or
216	(ii) for a fifth or sixth class county, or a municipality located within a fifth or sixth
217	class county, one or more third-party inspection firms approved by the local
218	regulator.
219	(2) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section and Subsections 10-6-160(2) and
220	17-36-55(2), after submitting a request for inspection, a building permit applicant
221	may engage a third-party inspection firm from the local regulator's third-party
222	inspection firm list to conduct or complete an inspection for the scope of work
223	identified under the original request for inspection.
224	(b) If a building permit applicant wishes to engage a third-party inspection firm in
225	accordance with Subsection (2)(a), the building permit applicant shall first notify the
226	local regulator of the third-party inspection firm the building permit applicant intends
227	to engage.
228	(c) Upon completing the inspection, the third-party inspection firm shall submit the
229	inspection report to the local regulator.
230	(d) (i) The local regulator shall pay the cost of the inspection to the third-party
231	inspection firm after the local regulator receives the third-party inspection report

232	indicating the third-party inspection firm completed the inspection.
233	(ii) This section does not require a local regulator to pay for an inspection that
234	exceeds the scope of work identified under the original request for inspection.
235	(3) (a) The local regulator shall issue a certificate of occupancy to the building permit
236	applicant if the third-party inspection firm:
237	(i) completes the inspection; and
238	(ii) submits the inspection report to the local regulator.
239	(b) The local regulator shall promptly issue the certificate of occupancy or letter of
240	completion after the third-party inspection firm submits the final inspection report to
241	the local regulator as described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
242	(4) A local regulator is not liable for any inspection performed by a third-party inspection
243	<u>firm.</u>
244	Section 3. Section 15A-1-202 is amended to read:
245	15A-1-202 . Definitions.
246	As used in this chapter:
247	(1) "Agricultural use" means a use that relates to the tilling of soil and raising of crops, or
248	keeping or raising domestic animals.
249	(2) (a) "Approved code" means a code, including the standards and specifications
250	contained in the code, approved by the division under Section 15A-1-204 for use by a
251	compliance agency.
252	(b) "Approved code" does not include the State Construction Code.
253	(3) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or
254	occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
255	(4) "Building permit applicant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-105.
256	[(4)] (5) "Code" means:
257	(a) the State Construction Code; or
258	(b) an approved code.
259	[(5)] (6) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created in Section
260	15A-1-203.
261	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> "Compliance agency" means:
262	(a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions which issues permits for
263	construction regulated under the codes;
264	(b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to
265	enforce compliance with the codes;[-or]

- 266 (c) <u>a third-party inspection firm as defined in Section 15A-1-105; or</u>
- 267 [(c)] (d) any other state agency which chooses to enforce codes adopted under this
- 268 chapter by authority given the agency under a title other than this part and Part 3,
- 269 Factory Built Housing and Modular Units Administration Act.
- 270 [(7)] (8) "Construction code" means standards and specifications published by a nationally
- recognized code authority for use in circumstances described in Subsection 15A-1-204
- (1), including:
- 273 (a) a building code;
- (b) an electrical code;
- (c) a residential one and two family dwelling code;
- (d) a plumbing code;
- (e) a mechanical code;
- (f) a fuel gas code;
- (g) an energy conservation code;
- 280 (h) a swimming pool and spa code; and
- (i) a manufactured housing installation standard code.
- [(8)] (9) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
- 283 [(9)] (10) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of

284 Commerce.

- 285 [(10)] (11) "Legislative action" includes legislation that:
- 286 (a) adopts a new State Construction Code;
- (b) amends the State Construction Code; or
- 288 (c) repeals one or more provisions of the State Construction Code.
- [(11)] (12) "Local regulator" means a political subdivision of the state that is empowered to
- engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and
- 291 other activities subject to the codes.
- [(12)] (13) "Membrane-covered frame structure" means a nonpressurized building with a
 structure composed of a rigid framework to support a tensioned membrane that provides
 a weather barrier.
- 295 [(13)] (14) "Not for human occupancy" means use of a structure for purposes other than
- 296 protection or comfort of human beings, but allows people to enter the structure for:
- (a) maintenance and repair; and
- (b) the care of livestock, crops, or equipment intended for agricultural use which arekept there.

300	[(14)] (15) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by the
301	commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application
302	of the codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party
303	to the issue.
304	[(15)] (16) "Remote yurt" means a membrane-covered frame structure that:
305	(a) is no larger than 710 square feet;
306	(b) is not used as a permanent residence;
307	(c) is located in an unincorporated county area that is not zoned for residential,
308	commercial, industrial, or agricultural use;
309	(d) does not have plumbing or electricity;
310	(e) is set back at least 300 feet from any river, stream, lake, or other body of water; and
311	(f) is registered with the local health department.
312	[(16)] (17) "State regulator" means an agency of the state which is empowered to engage in
313	the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other
314	activities subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
315	Section 4. Section 17-36-55 is amended to read:
316	17-36-55 . Fees collected for construction approval Approval of plans.
317	(1) As used in this section:
318	(a) "Business day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday.
319	(b) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
320	(c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping
321	accommodations to the public, including any of the following:
322	(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;
323	(ii) a boarding house;
324	(iii) a dormitory;
325	(iv) a hotel;
326	(v) an inn;
327	(vi) a lodging house;
328	(vii) a motel;
329	(viii) a resort; or
330	(ix) a rooming house.
331	(d) "Planning review" means a review to verify that a county has approved the following
332	elements of a construction project:
333	(i) zoning;

334	(ii) lot sizes;
335	(iii) setbacks;
336	(iv) easements;
337	(v) curb and gutter elevations;
338	(vi) grades and slopes;
339	(vii) utilities;
340	(viii) street names;
341	(ix) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland
342	Urban Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
343	(x) subdivision.
344	(e) (i) "Plan review" means all of the reviews and approvals of a plan that a county
345	requires to obtain a building permit from the county with a scope that may not
346	exceed a review to verify:
347	(A) that the construction project complies with the provisions of the State
348	Construction Code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act;
349	(B) that the construction project complies with the energy code adopted under
350	Section 15A-2-103;
351	(C) that the construction project received a planning review;
352	(D) that the applicant paid any required fees;
353	(E) that the applicant obtained final approvals from any other required reviewing
354	agencies;
355	(F) that the construction project complies with federal, state, and local storm water
356	protection laws;
357	(G) that the construction project received a structural review;
358	(H) the total square footage for each building level of finished, garage, and
359	unfinished space; and
360	(I) that the plans include a printed statement indicating that the actual construction
361	will comply with applicable local ordinances and the state construction codes.
362	(ii) "Plan review" does not mean a review of a document:
363	(A) required to be re-submitted for a construction project other than a construction
364	project for a one to two family dwelling or townhome if additional
365	modifications or substantive changes are identified by the plan review;
366	(B) submitted as part of a deferred submittal when requested by the applicant and
367	approved by the building official; or

368	(C) that, due to the document's technical nature or on the request of the applicant,
369	is reviewed by a third party.
370	(f) "State Construction Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
371	15A-1-102.
372	(g) "State Fire Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-102.
373	(h) "Structural review" means:
374	(i) a review that verifies that a construction project complies with the following:
375	(A) footing size and bar placement;
376	(B) foundation thickness and bar placement;
377	(C) beam and header sizes;
378	(D) nailing patterns;
379	(E) bearing points;
380	(F) structural member size and span; and
381	(G) sheathing; or
382	(ii) if the review exceeds the scope of the review described in Subsection (1)(h)(i), a
383	review that a licensed engineer conducts.
384	(i) "Technical nature" means a characteristic that places an item outside the training and
385	expertise of an individual who regularly performs plan reviews.
386	(2) (a) If a county collects a fee for the inspection of a construction project, the county
387	shall ensure that the construction project receives a prompt inspection.
388	(b) If a county cannot provide a building inspection within three business days after the
389	day on which the county receives the request for the inspection, [the county shall
390	promptly engage an independent inspector with fees collected from the applicant] the
391	applicant may engage an inspection with a third-party inspection firm from the
392	third-party inspection firm list, as described in Section 15A-1-105.
393	(c) If an inspector identifies one or more violations of the State Construction Code or
394	State Fire Code during an inspection, the inspector shall give the permit holder
395	written notification that:
396	(i) identifies each violation;
397	(ii) upon request by the permit holder, includes a reference to each applicable
398	provision of the State Construction Code or State Fire Code; and
399	(iii) is delivered:
400	(A) in hardcopy or by electronic means; and
401	(B) the day on which the inspection occurs.

402	(3) (a) A county shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a one to two
403	family dwelling or townhome by no later than 14 business days after the day on
404	which the applicant submits a complete building permit application to the county.
405	(b) A county shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a residential
406	structure built under the International Building Code, not including a lodging
407	establishment, by no later than 21 business days after the day on which the applicant
408	submits a complete building permit application to the county.
409	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if a county does not complete a plan review
410	before the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) expires, an applicant
411	may request that the county complete the plan review.
412	(ii) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (3)(c)(i), the county shall
413	perform the plan review no later than:
414	(A) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(a), 14 days from the day on
415	which the applicant makes the request; or
416	(B) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(b), 21 days from the day on
417	which the applicant makes the request.
418	(d) An applicant may:
419	(i) waive the plan review time requirements described in this Subsection (3); or
420	(ii) with the county's consent, establish an alternative plan review time requirement.
421	(4) A county may not enforce a requirement to have a plan review if:
422	(a) the county does not complete the plan review within the time period described in
423	Subsection (3)(a) or (b); and
424	(b) a licensed architect or structural engineer, or both when required by law, stamps the
425	plan.
426	(5) (a) A county may attach to a reviewed plan a list that includes:
427	(i) items with which the county is concerned and may enforce during construction;
428	and
429	(ii) building code violations found in the plan.
430	(b) A county may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the county requests minor
431	changes to the plan that the list described in Subsection (5)(a) identifies.
432	(c) A county may require a single resubmittal of plans for a one or two family dwelling
433	or townhome if the resubmission is required to address deficiencies identified by a
434	third-party review of a geotechnical report or geological report.
435	(6) If a county charges a fee for a building permit, the county may not refuse payment of

436	the fee at the time the applicant submits a building permit application under Subsection
437	(3).
438	(7) A county may not limit the number of building permit applications submitted under
439	Subsection (3).
440	(8) For purposes of Subsection (3), a building permit application is complete if the
441	application contains:
442	(a) the name, address, and contact information of:
443	(i) the applicant; and
444	(ii) the construction manager/general contractor, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103,
445	for the construction project;
446	(b) a site plan for the construction project that:
447	(i) is drawn to scale;
448	(ii) includes a north arrow and legend; and
449	(iii) provides specifications for the following:
450	(A) lot size and dimensions;
451	(B) setbacks and overhangs for setbacks;
452	(C) easements;
453	(D) property lines;
454	(E) topographical details, if the slope of the lot is greater than 10%;
455	(F) retaining walls;
456	(G) hard surface areas;
457	(H) curb and gutter elevations as indicated in the subdivision documents;
458	(I) utilities, including water meter and sewer lateral location;
459	(J) street names;
460	(K) driveway locations;
461	(L) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland
462	Urban Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
463	(M) the location of the nearest hydrant;
464	(c) construction plans and drawings, including:
465	(i) elevations, only if the construction project is new construction;
466	(ii) floor plans for each level, including the location and size of doors and windows;
467	(iii) foundation, structural, and framing detail; and
468	(iv) electrical, mechanical, and plumbing design;
469	(d) documentation of energy code compliance;

470	(e) structural calculations, except for trusses;
471	(f) a geotechnical report, including a slope stability evaluation and retaining wall design,
472	if:
473	(i) the slope of the lot is greater than 15%; and
474	(ii) required by the county; and
475	(g) a statement indicating that actual construction will comply with applicable local
476	ordinances and building codes.
477	Section 5. Section 58-56-9 is amended to read:
478	58-56-9 . Qualifications of inspectors Contract for inspection services.
479	(1) An inspector employed by a local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency to
480	enforce the codes shall:
481	(a) (i) meet minimum qualifications as established by the division in collaboration
482	with the commission;
483	(ii) be certified by a nationally recognized organization which promulgates
484	construction codes; or
485	(iii) pass an examination developed by the division in collaboration with the
486	commission;
487	(b) be currently licensed by the division as meeting those minimum qualifications; and
488	(c) be subject to [revocation or suspension of the inspector's license or being placed on
489	probation if found guilty of] disciplinary or other action if the licensee engages in
490	unlawful or unprofessional conduct.
491	(2) A local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency may contract for the services of
492	a licensed inspector not regularly employed by the regulator or agency.
493	(3) In accordance with Section 58-1-401, the division may:
494	(a) refuse to issue a license to an applicant;
495	(b) refuse to renew the license of a licensee;
496	(c) revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation the license of a licensee;
497	(d) issue a public or private reprimand;
498	(e) issue a citation to a licensee; and
499	(f) issue a cease and desist order.
500	Section 6. Effective date.
501	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.