1

2

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

## CONDOMINIUM AND COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION AMENDMENTS

## 2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

House Sponsor: Carol S. Moss

3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill amends provisions relating to homeowners' associations. **Highlighted Provisions:** 6 7 This bill: 8 modifies the rights of a board member of a nonprofit corporation to inspect and copy 9 records: 10 adds an internal accessory dwelling unit to the definition of a rental; 11 restricts a homeowners' association from regulating lease agreements in certain 12 circumstances; 13 requires that a homeowners' association adopt water wise landscaping rules; 14 provides a remedy for an owner if the association does not implement water wise 15 landscaping rules; 16 clarifies the process by which a county assessor may assess a common area for property 17 tax purposes; 18 provides a process by which a homeowners' association may sell the common areas 19 located within the homeowners' association; 20 defines terms; and

makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

None

**AMENDS:** 

**Other Special Clauses:** 

**Utah Code Sections Affected:** 

28	<b>16-6a-1602</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
29	57-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
30	57-8-7.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 290
31	57-8-8.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
32	57-8-10.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
33	57-8-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 405
34	57-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
35	57-8a-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
36	57-8a-218, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
37	57-8a-231, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 139, 199
38	59-2-301.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 49
39	ENACTS:
40	<b>57-8a-232</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	
42	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
43	Section 1. Section 16-6a-1602 is amended to read:
44	16-6a-1602. Inspection of records by directors and members.
45	(1) A director or member is entitled to inspect and copy any of the records of the nonprofit
46	corporation described in Subsection 16-6a-1601(5):
47	(a) during regular business hours;
48	(b) at the nonprofit corporation's principal office; and
49	(c) if the director or member gives the nonprofit corporation written demand, at least
50	five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect and copy
51	the records.
52	(2) In addition to the rights set forth in Subsection (1), a director or member is entitled to
53	inspect and copy any of the other records of the nonprofit corporation described in [
54	Subsections 16-6a-1601(2) through (5)] Subsections 16-6a-1601(1) through (3):
55	(a) during regular business hours;
56	(b) at a reasonable location specified by the nonprofit corporation; and
57	(c) at least five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect and
58	copy the records, if the director or member:
59	(i) meets the requirements of Subsection (3); and
60	(ii) gives the nonprofit corporation written demand.

(3) A director or member may inspect and copy the records described in [Subsection (2)]

62 Subsections (1) and (2) only if: 63 (a) the demand is made: 64 (i) in good faith; and 65 (ii) for a proper purpose; 66 (b) the director or member describes with reasonable particularity the purpose and the 67 records the director or member desires to inspect; and 68 (c) the records are directly connected with the described purpose. 69 (4) Notwithstanding Section 16-6a-102, for purposes of this section: 70 (a) "member" includes: 71 (i) a beneficial owner whose membership interest is held in a voting trust; and 72 (ii) any other beneficial owner of a membership interest who establishes beneficial 73 ownership; and 74 (b) "proper purpose" means a purpose reasonably related to the demanding member's or 75 director's interest as a member or director. 76 (5) The right of inspection granted by this section may not be abolished or limited by the 77 articles of incorporation or bylaws. 78 (6) This section does not affect: 79 (a) the right of a director or member to inspect records under Section 16-6a-710; 80 (b) the right of a member to inspect records to the same extent as any other litigant if the 81 member is in litigation with the nonprofit corporation; or 82 (c) the power of a court, independent of this chapter, to compel the production of 83 corporate records for examination. 84 (7) A director or member may not use any information obtained through the inspection or 85 copying of records permitted by Subsection (2) for any purposes other than those set 86 forth in a demand made under Subsection (3). 87 Section 2. Section **57-8-3** is amended to read: 88 57-8-3. Definitions. 89 As used in this chapter: 90 (1) "Assessment" means any charge imposed by the association, including: 91 (a) common expenses on or against a unit owner pursuant to the provisions of the 92 declaration, bylaws, or this chapter; and 93 (b) an amount that an association of unit owners assesses to a unit owner under 94 Subsection 57-8-43(9)(g).

(2) "Association of unit owners" or "association" means all of the unit owners:

- 96 (a) acting as a group in accordance with the declaration and bylaws; or
- 97 (b) organized as a legal entity in accordance with the declaration.
- 98 (3) "Building" means a building, containing units, and comprising a part of the property.
- 99 (4) "Commercial condominium project" means a condominium project that has no residential units within the project.
- 101 (5) "Common areas and facilities" unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration means:
- 103 (a) the land included within the condominium project, whether leasehold or in fee 104 simple;
  - (b) the foundations, columns, girders, beams, supports, main walls, roofs, halls, corridors, lobbies, stairs, stairways, fire escapes, entrances, and exits of the building;
- (c) the basements, yards, gardens, parking areas, and storage spaces;
- (d) the premises for lodging of janitors or persons in charge of the property;
- (e) installations of central services such as power, light, gas, hot and cold water, heating,
   refrigeration, air conditioning, and incinerating;
- 111 (f) the elevators, tanks, pumps, motors, fans, compressors, ducts, and in general all apparatus and installations existing for common use;
- 113 (g) such community and commercial facilities as may be provided for in the declaration; 114 and
- (h) all other parts of the property necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance, and safety, or normally in common use.
- 117 (6) "Common expenses" means:

105

- (a) all sums lawfully assessed against the unit owners;
- (b) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common areasand facilities;
- (c) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of unit owners; and
- 122 (d) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the bylaws.
- 124 (7) "Common profits," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful amendments 125 to the declaration, means the balance of all income, rents, profits, and revenues from the 126 common areas and facilities remaining after the deduction of the common expenses.
- 127 (8) "Condominium" means the ownership of a single unit in a multiunit project together

  128 with an undivided interest in common in the common areas and facilities of the property.
- 129 (9) "Condominium plat" means a plat or plats of survey of land and units prepared in

accordance with Section 57-8-13.

131 (10) "Condominium project" means a real estate condominium project; a plan or project
132 whereby two or more units, whether contained in existing or proposed apartments,
133 commercial or industrial buildings or structures, or otherwise, are separately offered or
134 proposed to be offered for sale. Condominium project also means the property when the

context so requires.

142

143

144

145

146

153

154

155

156

157

158

- 136 (11) "Condominium unit" means a unit together with the undivided interest in the common 137 areas and facilities appertaining to that unit. Any reference in this chapter to a 138 condominium unit includes both a physical unit together with its appurtenant undivided 139 interest in the common areas and facilities and a time period unit together with its 140 appurtenant undivided interest, unless the reference is specifically limited to a time 141 period unit.
  - (12) "Contractible condominium" means a condominium project from which one or more portions of the land within the project may be withdrawn in accordance with provisions of the declaration and of this chapter. If the withdrawal can occur only by the expiration or termination of one or more leases, then the condominium project is not a contractible condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
- 147 (13) "Convertible land" means a building site which is a portion of the common areas and 148 facilities, described by metes and bounds, within which additional units or limited 149 common areas and facilities may be created in accordance with this chapter.
- 150 (14) "Convertible space" means a portion of the structure within the condominium project, 151 which portion may be converted into one or more units or common areas and facilities, 152 including limited common areas and facilities in accordance with this chapter.
  - (15) "Declarant" means all persons who execute the declaration or on whose behalf the declaration is executed. From the time of the recordation of any amendment to the declaration expanding an expandable condominium, all persons who execute that amendment or on whose behalf that amendment is executed shall also come within this definition. Any successors of the persons referred to in this subsection who come to stand in the same relation to the condominium project as their predecessors also come within this definition.
- 160 (16) "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the 161 provisions of this act, as it from time to time may be lawfully amended.
- 162 (17) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- 163 (18) "Expandable condominium" means a condominium project to which additional land or

an interest in it may be added in accordance with the declaration and this chapter.

- 165 (19) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- 166 (20) "Governing documents":
- (a) means a written instrument by which an association of unit owners may:
- (i) exercise powers; or
- 169 (ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the association of unit owners; and
- (b) includes:
- (i) articles of incorporation;
- 173 (ii) bylaws;
- 174 (iii) a plat;
- (iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
- (v) rules of the association of unit owners.
- 177 (21) "Independent third party" means a person that:
- (a) is not related to the unit owner;
- (b) shares no pecuniary interests with the unit owner; and
- 180 (c) purchases the unit in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current or future lienholder.
- 182 (22) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a unit:
- (a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
- (b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property; and
- (c) as provided in this chapter.
- 186 (23) "Leasehold condominium" means a condominium project in all or any portion of
- which each unit owner owns an estate for years in his unit, or in the land upon which
- that unit is situated, or both, with all those leasehold interests to expire naturally at the
- same time. A condominium project including leased land, or an interest in the land,
- upon which no units are situated or to be situated is not a leasehold condominium within
- the meaning of this chapter.
- 192 (24) "Limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and facilities
- designated in the declaration as reserved for use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion
- of the other units.
- 195 (25) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners," unless otherwise provided in the
- declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the owners of more than
- 197 50% in the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common areas and

- 198 facilities. 199 (26) "Management committee" means the committee as provided in the declaration charged 200 with and having the responsibility and authority to make and to enforce all of the 201 reasonable rules covering the operation and maintenance of the property. 202 (27) "Management committee meeting" means a gathering of a management committee, 203 whether in person or by means of electronic communication, at which the management 204 committee can take binding action. 205 (28) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows 206 individuals to communicate orally in real time. 207 (b) "Means of electronic communication" includes: 208 (i) web conferencing; 209 (ii) video conferencing; and 210 (iii) telephone conferencing. (29) "Mixed-use condominium project" means a condominium project that has both 211 212 residential and commercial units in the condominium project. 213 (30) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a unit: 214 (a) for the nonpayment of an assessment; 215 (b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through 216 57-1-34; and 217 (c) as provided in this chapter. 218 (31) "Par value" means a number of dollars or points assigned to each unit by the 219 declaration. Substantially identical units shall be assigned the same par value, but units 220 located at substantially different heights above the ground, or having substantially 221 different views, or having substantially different amenities or other characteristics that 222 might result in differences in market value, may be considered substantially identical 223 within the meaning of this subsection. If par value is stated in terms of dollars, that 224 statement may not be considered to reflect or control the sales price or fair market value 225 of any unit, and no opinion, appraisal, or fair market transaction at a different figure may 226 affect the par value of any unit, or any undivided interest in the common areas and 227 facilities, voting rights in the unit owners' association, liability for common expenses, or 228 right to common profits, assigned on the basis thereof. 229 (32) "Period of administrative control" means the period of control described in Subsection
  - (33) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trustee, or other

230

231

57-8-16.5(1).

- legal entity.
- 233 (34) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
- (a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
- (b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
- 236 (35) "Property" means the land, whether leasehold or in fee simple, the building, if any, all
- improvements and structures thereon, all easements, rights, and appurtenances belonging
- 238 thereto, and all articles of personal property intended for use in connection therewith.
- 239 (36) "Protected area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
- 240 (37) "Record," "recording," "recorded," and "recorder" have the meaning stated in Chapter
- 241 3, Recording of Documents.
- 242 (38) "Rentals" or "rental unit" means:
- 243 (a) a unit that:
- (i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
- 245 (ii) is occupied by an individual while the unit owner is not occupying the unit as the unit owner's primary residence; or
- (b) an occupied unit owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the unit.
- 248 (39) "Size" means the number of cubic feet, or the number of square feet of ground or floor
- space, within each unit as computed by reference to the record of survey map and
- rounded off to a whole number. Certain spaces within the units including attic,
- basement, or garage space may be omitted from the calculation or be partially
- discounted by the use of a ratio, if the same basis of calculation is employed for all units
- in the condominium project and if that basis is described in the declaration.
- 254 (40) "Time period unit" means an annually recurring part or parts of a year specified in the
- declaration as a period for which a unit is separately owned and includes a timeshare
- estate as defined in Section 57-19-2.
- 257 (41) "Unconstructed unit" means a unit that:
- (a) is intended, as depicted in the condominium plat, to be fully or partially contained in
- a building; and
- (b) is not constructed.
- 261 (42) (a) "Unit" means a separate part of the property intended for any type of
- independent use, which is created by the recording of a declaration and a
- 263 condominium plat that describes the unit boundaries.
- (b) "Unit" includes one or more rooms or spaces located in one or more floors or a
- portion of a floor in a building.

266	(c) "Unit" includes a convertible space, in accordance with Subsection 57-8-13.4(3).
267	(43) "Unit number" means the number, letter, or combination of numbers and letters
268	designating the unit in the declaration and in the record of survey map.
269	(44) "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a unit in fee simple and an
270	undivided interest in the fee simple estate of the common areas and facilities in the
271	percentage specified and established in the declaration or, in the case of a leasehold
272	condominium project, the person or persons whose leasehold interest or interests in the
273	condominium unit extend for the entire balance of the unexpired term or terms.
274	(45) "Water wise landscaping" means:
275	(a) installation of plant materials, suited to the microclimate and soil conditions, that can
276	(i) remain healthy with minimal irrigation once established; or
277	(ii) be maintained without the use of overhead spray irrigation;
278	(b) use of water for outdoor irrigation through proper and efficient irrigation design and
279	water application; or
280	(c) use of other landscape design features that:
281	(i) minimize the landscape's need for supplemental water from irrigation;
282	(ii) reduce the landscape area dedicated to lawn or turf; or
283	(iii) encourage vegetative coverage.
284	(46) "Water wise plant material" means a plant material suited to water wise landscaping.
285	Section 3. Section <b>57-8-7.2</b> is amended to read:
286	57-8-7.2 . Scope Designation of certain areas.
287	(1) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, this section applies to a unit if the
288	declaration designates a wall, floor, or ceiling as a boundary of the unit.
289	(2) (a) The following are part of a unit:
290	(i) lath;
291	(ii) furring;
292	(iii) wallboard;
293	(iv) plasterboard;
294	(v) plaster;
295	(vi) paneling;
296	(vii) tiles;
297	(viii) wallpaper;
298	(ix) paint;
299	(x) finished flooring; and

300	(xi) any other material constituting part of the finished surface of a wall, floor, or
301	ceiling.
302	(b) Any portion of a wall, floor, or ceiling not listed in Subsection (2)(a) is part of the
303	common areas and facilities.
304	(3) If a chute, flue, duct, pipe, wire, conduit, bearing wall, bearing column, or any other
305	fixture lies partially within and partially outside the designated boundaries of a unit:
306	(a) any portion of an item described in this Subsection (3) serving only that unit is part
307	of the limited common areas and facilities; and
308	(b) any portion of an item described in this Subsection (3) is part of the common areas
309	and facilities if the item serves:
310	(i) more than one unit; or
311	(ii) any portion of the common areas and facilities.
312	(4) Subject to Subsection (3), the following within the boundaries of a unit are part of the
313	unit:
314	(a) spaces;
315	(b) interior partitions; and
316	(c) other fixtures and improvements.
317	(5) The following, if designated to serve a single unit but located outside the unit's
318	boundaries, are limited common areas and facilities allocated exclusively to a unit:
319	(a) a shutter;
320	(b) an awning;
321	(c) a window box;
322	(d) a doorstep;
323	(e) a stoop;
324	(f) a porch;
325	(g) a balcony;
326	(h) a patio;
327	(i) an exterior door;
328	(j) an exterior window; and
329	(k) any other fixture.
330	Section 4. Section <b>57-8-8.1</b> is amended to read:
331	57-8-8.1 . Equal treatment by rules required Limits on rules.
332	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated unit
333	owners similarly.

334	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
335	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association of unit owners
336	provides to unit owners;
337	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; or
338	(iii) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
339	reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas and
340	facilities as the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest.
341	(2) (a) If a unit owner owns a rental unit and is in compliance with the association of
342	unit owners' governing documents and any rule that the association of unit owners
343	adopts under [Subsection (4)] Subsection (5), a rule may not treat the unit owner
344	differently because the unit owner owns a rental unit.
345	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may:
346	(i) limit or prohibit a rental unit owner from using the common areas and facilities for
347	purposes other than attending an association meeting or managing the rental unit;
348	(ii) if the rental unit owner retains the right to use the association of unit owners'
349	common areas and facilities, even occasionally:
350	(A) charge a rental unit owner a fee to use the common areas and facilities; and
351	(B) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
352	reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas
353	and facilities as the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest; or
354	(iii) include a provision in the association of unit owners' governing documents that:
355	(A) requires each tenant of a rental unit to abide by the terms of the governing
356	documents; and
357	(B) holds the tenant and the rental unit owner jointly and severally liable for a
358	violation of a provision of the governing documents.
359	(3) (a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a unit owner to determine the
360	composition of the unit owner's household.
361	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an association of unit owners may:
362	(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit;
363	or
364	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
365	basis of the residential dwelling's:
366	(A) size and facilities; and
367	(B) fair use of the common areas and facilities.

368	(4) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.
369	(5) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association of unit owners may by rule:
370	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
371	areas and facilities;
372	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
373	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas
374	and facilities; and
375	(ii) a service provided to a unit owner;
376	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
377	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association of unit owners' officers and
378	management committee consistent with Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofi
379	Corporation Act.
380	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a rule may not prohibit a unit owner
381	from installing a personal security camera immediately adjacent to the entryway,
382	window, or other outside entry point of the owner's condominium unit.
383	(b) A rule may prohibit a unit owner from installing a personal security camera in a
384	common area not physically connected to the owner's unit.
385	(7) (a) A rule may not abridge the right of a unit owner to display a religious or holiday
386	sign, symbol, or decoration inside the owner's condominium unit.
387	(b) An association may adopt a reasonable time, place, and manner restriction with
388	respect to a display that is visible from the exterior of a unit.
389	(8) (a) A rule may not:
390	(i) prohibit a unit owner from displaying in a window of the owner's condominium
391	unit:
392	(A) a for-sale sign; or
393	(B) a political sign;
394	(ii) regulate the content of a political sign; or
395	(iii) establish design criteria for a political sign.
396	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the size and time,
397	place, and manner of posting a for-sale sign or a political sign.
398	(9) [An] For any area for which one or more unit owners are responsible for landscape
399	maintenance, the association of unit owners:
400	(a) shall adopt rules supporting [water-efficient landscaping, including allowance for]

water wise landscaping, including:

402	(i) low water use <u>requirements</u> on lawns during drought conditions;
403	(ii) design criterion for water wise landscaping; and
404	(iii) limiting permissible plant material to specific water wise plant material;
405	(b) may not prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions; and
406	[(b)] (c) may not prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to water-efficient
407	landscaping.
408	(10) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is maintained,
409	operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in Subsection
410	77-27-21.7(3).
411	(11) A rule shall be reasonable.
412	(12) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the requirements of
413	Subsections (1) through (5), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
414	(13) This section applies to an association of unit owners regardless of when the association
415	of unit owners is created.
416	Section 5. Section <b>57-8-10.1</b> is amended to read:
417	57-8-10.1 . Rental restrictions.
418	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), and (6), an association of unit owners may:
419	(i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in a condominium project; or
420	(ii) prohibit rentals in the condominium project.
421	(b) An association of unit owners that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in
422	accordance with Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a
423	declaration or by amending the declaration.
424	(2) If an association of unit owners prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and
425	term of rentals, the restrictions shall include:
426	(a) a provision that requires a condominium project to exempt from the rental
427	restrictions the following unit owner and the unit owner's unit:
428	(i) a unit owner in the military for the period of the unit owner's deployment;
429	(ii) a unit occupied by a unit owner's parent, child, or sibling;
430	(iii) a unit owner whose employer has relocated the unit owner for two years or less;
431	(iv) a unit owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who:
432	(A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and
433	(B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and
434	losses of the entity; or
435	(v) a unit owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the

436	trust or other estate planning entity was created for the estate of:
437	(A) a current resident of the unit; or
438	(B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the unit;
439	(b) a provision that allows a unit owner who has a rental in the condominium project
440	before the time the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with
441	the county recorder of the county in which the condominium project is located to
442	continue renting until:
443	(i) the unit owner occupies the unit;
444	(ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a
445	similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an
446	ownership interest in the unit, occupies the unit; or
447	(iii) the unit is transferred; and
448	(c) a requirement that the association of unit owners create, by rule or resolution,
449	procedures to:
450	(i) determine and track the number of rentals and units in the condominium project
451	subject to the provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and
452	(ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions.
453	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the
454	following occur:
455	(a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a unit by deed;
456	(b) the granting of a life estate in the unit; or
457	(c) if the unit is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or other
458	business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share,
459	stock, membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period.
460	(4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association of
461	unit owners that complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act,
462	42 U.S.C. Sec. 3607.
463	(5) A declaration or amendment to a declaration recorded before transfer of the first unit
464	from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for the
465	exceptions, provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2).
466	(6) (a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to:
467	(i) a condominium project that contains a time period unit as defined in Section
468	57-8-3;
469	(ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or

470		(iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), a condominium project in which the initial
471		declaration is recorded before May 12, 2009, unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the
472		association of unit owners:
473		(A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or
474		(B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition.
475		(b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental restriction
476		or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption described
477		in Subsection (2)(a)(iv).
478	(7)	Notwithstanding this section, an association of unit owners may restrict or prohibit
479		rentals without an exception described in Subsection (2) if:
480		(a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all unit owners; and
481		(b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association of unit
482		owners' declaration, the association of unit owners fulfills all other requirements for
483		amending the declaration described in the association of unit owners' governing
484		documents.
485	(8)	Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association of unit owners may not require a
486		unit owner who owns a rental unit to:
487		(a) obtain the association of unit owners' approval of a prospective renter;
488		(b) give the association of unit owners:
489		(i) a copy of a rental application;
490		(ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;
491		(iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
492		(iv) documentation to verify the renter's age;[-or]
493		(c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the unit is a rental unit[-];
494		(d) use a lease agreement provided by the association; or
495		(e) obtain the association's approval of a lease agreement.
496	(9)	(a) A unit owner who owns a rental unit shall give an association of unit owners the
497		documents described in Subsection (8)(b) if the unit owner is required to provide the
498		documents by court order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil
499		Procedure.
500		(b) If an association of unit owners' declaration lawfully prohibits or restricts occupancy
501		of the units by a certain class of individuals, the association of unit owners may
502		require a unit owner who owns a rental unit to give the association of unit owners the
503		information described in Subsection (8)(b), if:

504	(i) the information helps the association of unit owners determine whether the renter's
505	occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners' declaration;
506	and
507	(ii) the association of unit owners uses the information to determine whether the
508	renter's occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners'
509	declaration.
510	(c) An association that permits at least 35% of the units in the association to be rental
511	units may charge a unit owner who owns a rental unit an annual fee of up to \$200 to
512	defray the association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a unit
513	that is a rental unit, as detailed in an accounting provided to the unit owner.
514	(d) An association may require a unit owner who owns a rental unit and the renter of the
515	unit owner's rental unit to sign an addendum to a lease agreement provided by the
516	association.
517	(10) The provisions of Subsections (8) and (9) apply to an association of unit owners
518	regardless of when the association of unit owners is created.
519	Section 6. Section 57-8-32 is amended to read:
520	57-8-32. Sale of property and common areas and facilities.
521	(1) [Unless] Subject to Subsection 10-9a-605(5) or 17-27a-606(5), unless otherwise
522	provided in the declaration or bylaws, and notwithstanding the provisions of Sections
523	57-8-30 and 57-8-31, the unit owners may[, at a meeting of unit owners called for the
524	purpose of voting,] by an affirmative vote of at least 67% of unit owners, elect to sell,
525	convey, transfer, or otherwise dispose of the property or all or part of the common areas
526	and facilities.
527	(2) An affirmative vote described in Subsection (1) is binding upon all unit owners, and
528	each unit owner shall execute and deliver the appropriate instruments and perform all
529	acts as necessary to effect the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the
530	property or common areas and facilities.
531	(3) The general easement of ingress, egress, and use of the common areas and facilities
532	granted to an association and unit owners through recorded governing documents is
533	extinguished in any portion of the common areas and facilities the unit owners sell,
534	convey, transfer, or otherwise dispose of, if:
535	(a) the unit owners, in selling, conveying, transferring, or otherwise disposing of the
536	portion of the common areas and facilities, comply with:
537	(i) the provisions of this section; and

538	(ii) Section 10-9a-606 or 17-27a-606; and
539	(b) the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the portion of the common
540	areas and facilities results in a person other than the association or a unit owner
541	owning the portion of the common areas and facilities.
542	(4) This section applies to an association of unit owners regardless of when the association
543	of unit owners is created.
544	Section 7. Section <b>57-8a-102</b> is amended to read:
545	57-8a-102 . Definitions.
546	As used in this chapter:
547	(1) (a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied:
548	(i) by the association;
549	(ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and
550	(iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder.
551	(b) "Assessment" includes:
552	(i) a common expense; and
553	(ii) an amount assessed against a lot owner under Subsection 57-8a-405(7).
554	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation or
555	other legal entity, any member of which:
556	(i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as
557	described in the governing documents; and
558	(ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay:
559	(A) real property taxes;
560	(B) insurance premiums;
561	(C) maintenance costs; or
562	(D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member.
563	(b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created
564	under Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.
565	(3) "Board meeting" means a gathering of a board, whether in person or by means of
566	electronic communication, at which the board can take binding action.
567	(4) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary
568	authority to manage the affairs of the association.
569	(5) "Common areas" means property that the association:
570	(a) owns;
571	(b) maintains;

572	(c) repairs; or
573	(d) administers.
574	(6) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the
575	powers provided for in the association's governing documents.
576	(7) "Declarant":
577	(a) means the person who executes a declaration and submits it for recording in the
578	office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the declaration
579	is located; and
580	(b) includes the person's successor and assign.
581	(8) "Director" means a member of the board of directors.
582	(9) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
583	(10) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
584	(11) (a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the association
585	may:
586	(i) exercise powers; or
587	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
588	association.
589	(b) "Governing documents" includes:
590	(i) articles of incorporation;
591	(ii) bylaws;
592	(iii) a plat;
593	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
594	(v) rules of the association.
595	(12) "Independent third party" means a person that:
596	(a) is not related to the owner of the residential lot;
597	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the owner of the residential lot; and
598	(c) purchases the residential lot in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current

- 600 (13) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a lot:
- 601 (a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;

or future lienholder.

- (b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property; and
- (c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
- 604 (14) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:
- (a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and

606	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,
607	gratuity, or emolument.
608	(15) "Limited common areas" means common areas described in the declaration and
609	allocated for the exclusive use of one or more lot owners.
610	(16) "Lot" means:
611	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:
612	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and
613	(ii) (A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or
614	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or
615	(b) (i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part
616	of a development; or
617	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a
618	development.
619	(17) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
620	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
621	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
622	(i) web conferencing;
623	(ii) video conferencing; and
624	(iii) telephone conferencing.
625	(18) "Mixed-use project" means a project under this chapter that has both residential and
626	commercial lots in the project.
627	(19) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a lot:
628	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
629	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
630	57-1-34; and
631	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
632	(20) "Period of administrative control" means the period during which the person who filed
633	the association's governing documents or the person's successor in interest retains
634	authority to:
635	(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or
636	(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under the association's
637	governing documents.
638	(21) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
639	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or

640	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
641	(22) "Protected area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
642	(23) "Rentals" or "rental lot" means:
643	(a) a lot that:
644	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
645	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the lot owner is not occupying the lot as the lot
646	owner's primary residence;[-or]
647	(b) an occupied lot owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the lot[-] ; or
648	(c) an internal accessory dwelling unit as defined in Section 10-9a-530 or 17-27a-526.
649	(24) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant, or
650	otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.
651	(25) (a) "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction, procedure, or regulation of an
652	association that:
653	(i) is not set forth in a contract, easement, article of incorporation, bylaw, or
654	declaration; and
655	(ii) governs:
656	(A) the conduct of persons; or
657	(B) the use, quality, type, design, or appearance of real property or personal
658	property.
659	(b) "Rule" does not include the internal business operating procedures of a board.
660	(26) "Sex offender" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
661	(27) "Solar energy system" means:
662	(a) a system that is used to produce electric energy from sunlight; and
663	(b) the components of the system described in Subsection (27)(a).
664	Section 8. Section <b>57-8a-209</b> is amended to read:
665	57-8a-209. Rental restrictions.
666	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), (6), and (10), an association may:
667	(i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in an association; or
668	(ii) prohibit rentals in the association.
669	(b) An association that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in accordance with
670	Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a recorded
671	declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions, or by amending the recorded
672	declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions.
673	(2) If an association prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and term of rentals, the

674	restrictions shall include:
675	(a) a provision that requires the association to exempt from the rental restrictions the
676	following lot owner and the lot owner's lot:
677	(i) a lot owner in the military for the period of the lot owner's deployment;
678	(ii) a lot occupied by a lot owner's parent, child, or sibling;
679	(iii) a lot owner whose employer has relocated the lot owner for two years or less;
680	(iv) a lot owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who:
681	(A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and
682	(B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and
683	losses of the entity; or
684	(v) a lot owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the
685	trust or other estate planning entity was created for:
686	(A) the estate of a current resident of the lot; or
687	(B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the lot;
688	(b) a provision that allows a lot owner who has a rental in the association before the time
689	the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with the county
690	recorder of the county in which the association is located to continue renting until:
691	(i) the lot owner occupies the lot;
692	(ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a
693	similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an
694	ownership interest in the lot, occupies the lot; or
695	(iii) the lot is transferred; and
696	(c) a requirement that the association create, by rule or resolution, procedures to:
697	(i) determine and track the number of rentals and lots in the association subject to the
698	provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and
699	(ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions.
700	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the
701	following occur:
702	(a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a lot by deed;
703	(b) the granting of a life estate in the lot; or
704	(c) if the lot is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or other
705	business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share,
706	stock, membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period.

(4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association that

708		complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
709		3607.
710	(5)	A declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions or amendments to the
711		declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions recorded before the transfer of the
712		first lot from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for
713		the exceptions, provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2).
714	(6)	(a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to:
715		(i) an association that contains a time period unit as defined in Section 57-8-3;
716		(ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or
717		(iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), an association that is formed before May 12, 2009,
718		unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the association:
719		(A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or
720		(B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition.
721		(b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental restriction
722		or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption described
723		in Subsection (2)(a)(iv).
724	(7)	Notwithstanding this section, an association may restrict or prohibit rentals without an
725		exception described in Subsection (2) if:
726		(a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all lot owners; and
727		(b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association's
728		recorded declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions, the association fulfills
729		all other requirements for amending the recorded declaration of covenants,
730		conditions, and restrictions described in the association's governing documents.
731	(8)	Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association may not require a lot owner who
732		owns a rental lot to:
733		(a) obtain the association's approval of a prospective renter;
734		(b) give the association:
735		(i) a copy of a rental application;
736		(ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;
737		(iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
738		(iv) documentation to verify the renter's age;[-or]
739		(c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the lot is a rental lot[-];

(d) use a lease agreement provided by the association; or

(e) obtain the association's approval of a lease agreement.

740

742	(9) (a) A lot owner who owns a rental lot shall give an association the documents
743	described in Subsection (8)(b) if the lot owner is required to provide the documents
744	by court order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
745	(b) If an association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions lawfully
746	prohibits or restricts occupancy of the lots by a certain class of individuals, the
747	association may require a lot owner who owns a rental lot to give the association the
748	information described in Subsection (8)(b), if:
749	(i) the information helps the association determine whether the renter's occupancy of
750	the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and
751	restrictions; and
752	(ii) the association uses the information to determine whether the renter's occupancy
753	of the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and
754	restrictions.
755	(c) An association that permits at least 35% of the lots in the association to be rental lots
756	may charge a lot owner who owns a rental lot an annual fee of up to \$200 to defray
757	the association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a lot that is a
758	rental lot, as detailed in an accounting provided to the lot owner.
759	(d) An association may require a lot owner who owns a rental lot and the renter of the lot
760	owner's rental lot to sign an addendum to a lease agreement provided by the
761	association.
762	(10) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), an association may not restrict or prohibit the
763	rental of an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section 10-9a-530 or
764	17-27a-526, constructed within a lot owner's residential lot, if the internal accessory
765	dwelling unit complies with all applicable:
766	(a) land use ordinances;
767	(b) building codes;
768	(c) health codes; and
769	(d) fire codes.
770	(11) The provisions of Subsections (8) through (10) apply to an association regardless of
771	when the association is created.
772	Section 9. Section <b>57-8a-218</b> is amended to read:
773	57-8a-218. Equal treatment by rules required Limits on association rules and
774	design criteria.

(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated lot

776	owners similarly.
777	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
778	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association provides to lot
779	owners;
780	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; and
781	(iii) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable
782	limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities
783	as guests of the lot tenant or lot owner.
784	(2) (a) If a lot owner owns a rental lot and is in compliance with the association's
785	governing documents and any rule that the association adopts under Subsection (4), a
786	rule may not treat the lot owner differently because the lot owner owns a rental lot.
787	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may:
788	(i) limit or prohibit a rental lot owner from using the common areas for purposes
789	other than attending an association meeting or managing the rental lot;
790	(ii) if the rental lot owner retains the right to use the association's common areas,
791	even occasionally:
792	(A) charge a rental lot owner a fee to use the common areas; or
793	(B) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
794	reasonable limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas
795	and facilities as guests of the lot tenant or lot owner; or
796	(iii) include a provision in the association's governing documents that:
797	(A) requires each tenant of a rental lot to abide by the terms of the governing
798	documents; and
799	(B) holds the tenant and the rental lot owner jointly and severally liable for a
800	violation of a provision of the governing documents.
801	(3) (a) A rule criterion may not abridge the rights of a lot owner to display a religious or
802	holiday sign, symbol, or decoration:
803	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
804	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
805	(A) a lot;
806	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest
807	in, or a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the exterior; or
808	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest
809	in, or a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the yard.

810		(b)	Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the association may adopt a reasonable time,
811			place, and manner restriction with respect to a display that is:
812			(i) outside a dwelling on:
813			(A) a lot;
814			(B) the exterior of the dwelling; or
815			(C) the front yard of the dwelling; and
816			(ii) visible from outside the lot.
817	(4)	(a)	A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a political sign:
818			(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
819			(ii) outside a dwelling on:
820			(A) a lot;
821			(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
822			ownership interest in the exterior; or
823			(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
824			ownership interest in the yard.
825		(b)	A rule may not regulate the content of a political sign.
826		(c)	Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,
827			and manner of posting a political sign.
828		(d)	An association design provision may not establish design criteria for a political sign.
829	(5)	(a)	A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a for-sale sign:
830			(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
831			(ii) outside a dwelling on:
832			(A) a lot;
833			(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
834			ownership interest in the exterior; or
835			(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
836			ownership interest in the yard.
837		(b)	Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,
838			and manner of posting a for-sale sign.
839	(6)	(a)	A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a lot owner to determine the
840		con	nposition of the lot owner's household.
841		(b)	Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), an association may:
842			(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit
843			or

844	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
845	basis of the residential dwelling's:
846	(A) size and facilities; and
847	(B) fair use of the common areas.
848	(7) (a) A rule may not interfere with a reasonable activity of a lot owner within the
849	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, to the
850	extent that the activity is in compliance with local laws and ordinances, including
851	nuisance laws and ordinances.
852	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a rule may prohibit an activity within the
853	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, if the
854	activity:
855	(i) is not normally associated with a project restricted to residential use; or
856	(ii) (A) creates monetary costs for the association or other lot owners;
857	(B) creates a danger to the health or safety of occupants of other lots;
858	(C) generates excessive noise or traffic;
859	(D) creates unsightly conditions visible from outside the dwelling;
860	(E) creates an unreasonable source of annoyance to persons outside the lot; or
861	(F) if there are attached dwellings, creates the potential for smoke to enter another
862	lot owner's dwelling, the common areas, or limited common areas.
863	(c) If permitted by law, an association may adopt rules described in Subsection (7)(b)
864	that affect the use of or behavior inside the dwelling.
865	(8) (a) A rule may not, to the detriment of a lot owner and over the lot owner's written
866	objection to the board, alter the allocation of financial burdens among the various lots.
867	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), an association may:
868	(i) change the common areas available to a lot owner;
869	(ii) adopt generally applicable rules for the use of common areas; or
870	(iii) deny use privileges to a lot owner who:
871	(A) is delinquent in paying assessments;
872	(B) abuses the common areas; or
873	(C) violates the governing documents.
874	(c) This Subsection (8) does not permit a rule that:
875	(i) alters the method of levying assessments; or
876	(ii) increases the amount of assessments as provided in the declaration.
877	(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(b), a rule may not:

878	(i) prohibit the transfer of a lot; or
879	(ii) require the consent of the association or board to transfer a lot.
880	(b) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.
881	(10) (a) A rule may not require a lot owner to dispose of personal property that was in or
882	on a lot before the adoption of the rule or design criteria if the personal property was
883	in compliance with all rules and other governing documents previously in force.
884	(b) The exemption in Subsection (10)(a):
885	(i) applies during the period of the lot owner's ownership of the lot; and
886	(ii) does not apply to a subsequent lot owner who takes title to the lot after adoption
887	of the rule described in Subsection (10)(a).
888	(11) A rule or action by the association or action by the board may not unreasonably
889	impede a declarant's ability to satisfy existing development financing for community
890	improvements and right to develop:
891	(a) the project; or
892	(b) other properties in the vicinity of the project.
893	(12) A rule or association or board action may not interfere with:
894	(a) the use or operation of an amenity that the association does not own or control; or
895	(b) the exercise of a right associated with an easement.
896	(13) A rule may not divest a lot owner of the right to proceed in accordance with a
897	completed application for design review, or to proceed in accordance with another
898	approval process, under the terms of the governing documents in existence at the time
899	the completed application was submitted by the owner for review.
900	(14) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association may by rule:
901	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
902	areas;
903	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
904	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas;
905	and
906	(ii) a service provided to a lot owner;
907	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
908	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association's officers and board consistent with
909	Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act.
910	(15) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from installing a personal security camera
911	immediately adjacent to the entryway, window, or other outside entry point of the

912	owner's dwelling unit.
913	(16) (a) [An] For any area for which one or more lot owners are responsible for landscape
914	maintenance of any landscaping within the lot owner's lot or the common areas, the association
915	shall adopt rules supporting [water-efficient landscaping, including allowance for] water
916	wise landscaping as defined in Section 57-8a-231 including:
917	(i) low water use requirements on lawns during drought conditions;
918	(ii) design criterion for water wise landscaping; and
919	(iii) [-] limiting permissible plant material to specific water wise plant material.
920	(b) A rule may not:
921	(i) prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to [water-efficient
922	landscaping;] water wise landscaping as defined in Section 57-8a-231; or
923	(ii) prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions.
924	[(e) An association subject to this chapter and formed before March 5, 2023, shall adopt
925	rules required under Subsection (16)(a) before June 30, 2023.]
926	(17) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), a rule may not prohibit the owner of a
927	residential lot from constructing an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in
928	Section 10-9a-530 or 17-27a-526, within the owner's residential lot.
929	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply if the construction would violate:
930	(i) a local land use ordinance;
931	(ii) a building code;
932	(iii) a health code; or
933	(iv) a fire code.
934	(18) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is maintained,
935	operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in Subsection
936	77-27-21.7(3).
937	(19) A rule shall be reasonable.
938	(20) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the requirements of
939	Subsections (1), (2), (6), and (8) through (14), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
940	(21) A rule may not be inconsistent with a provision of the association's declaration,
941	bylaws, or articles of incorporation.
942	(22) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is created.
943	Section 10. Section <b>57-8a-231</b> is amended to read:
944	57-8a-231 . Water wise landscaping.
945	(1) As used in this section:

946	(a) "Lawn or turf" means nonagricultural land planted in closely mowed, managed
947	grasses.
948	(b) "Mulch" means material such as rock, bark, wood chips, or other materials left loose
949	and applied to the soil.
950	(c) "Overhead spray irrigation" means above ground irrigation heads that spray water
951	through a nozzle.
952	(d) (i) "Vegetative coverage" means the ground level surface area covered by the
953	exposed leaf area of a plant or group of plants at full maturity.
954	(ii) "Vegetative coverage" does not mean the ground level surface area covered by
955	the exposed leaf area of a tree or trees.
956	(e) "Water wise landscaping" means any or all of the following:
957	(i) installation of plant materials suited to the microclimate and soil conditions that
958	can:
959	(A) remain healthy with minimal irrigation once established; or
960	(B) be maintained without the use of overhead spray irrigation;
961	(ii) use of water for outdoor irrigation through proper and efficient irrigation design
962	and water application; or
963	(iii) the use of other landscape design features that:
964	(A) minimize the need of the landscape for supplemental water from irrigation;
965	(B) reduce the landscape area dedicated to lawn or turf; or
966	(C) encourage vegetative coverage.
967	(f) "Water wise plant material" means a plant material suited to water wise landscaping
968	as defined in this section.
969	(2) An association may not enact or enforce a governing document that prohibits, or has the
970	effect of prohibiting, a lot owner of a detached dwelling from incorporating water wise
971	landscaping on the [property] lot owner's [property] lot.
972	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), Subsection (2) does not prohibit an association from
973	requiring a property owner to:
974	(i) comply with a site plan review or other review process before installing water
975	wise landscaping;
976	(ii) maintain plant material in a healthy condition; and
977	(iii) follow specific water wise landscaping design requirements adopted by the
978	association including a requirement that:
979	(A) restricts or clarifies the use of mulches considered detrimental to the

980	association's operations; and
981	(B) restricts or prohibits the use of specific plant materials other than water wise
982	plant materials.
983	(b) An association may not require a [property] lot owner to:
984	(i) install or keep in place lawn or turf in an area with a width less than eight feet; or
985	(ii) have more than 50% vegetative coverage, that is not water wise landscaping, on
986	the [property] <u>lot</u> owner's [property] <u>lot</u> .
987	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), if an association does not adopt rules as required by
988	Subsection 57-8a-218(16) and fails to remedy the noncompliance within the time
989	specified in Subsection (4)(c), a lot owner may file an action in state court for:
990	(i) injunctive relief requiring the association to comply with the requirements of
991	Subsection 57-8a-218(16);
992	(ii) \$500, or the lot owner's actual damages, whichever is greater;
993	(iii) any other remedy provided by law; and
994	(iv) reasonable costs and attorney fees.
995	(b) No fewer than 90 days before the day on which a lot owner files a complaint under
996	Subsection (4)(a), the lot owner shall deliver written notice described in Subsection
997	(4)(c) to the association.
998	(c) The lot owner shall include in a notice described in Subsection (4)(b):
999	(i) the requirements in Subsection 57-8a-218(16) for adopting water wise landscaping
1000	rules with which the association has failed to comply;
1001	(ii) a demand that the association come into compliance with the requirements; and
1002	(iii) a date, no fewer than 90 days after the day on which the lot owner delivers the
1003	notice, by which the association must remedy the association's noncompliance.
1004	Section 11. Section 57-8a-232 is enacted to read:
1005	57-8a-232 . Sale of common areas.
1006	(1) Subject to Subsection 10-9a-606(5) or 17-27a-606(5), unless otherwise provided in the
1007	governing documents, an association may by an affirmative vote of at least 67% of the
1008	voting interests of the association, elect to sell, convey, transfer, or otherwise dispose of
1009	all or part of the common areas.
1010	(2) An affirmative vote described in Subsection (1) is binding upon all lot owners, and each
1011	lot owner shall execute and deliver the appropriate instruments and perform all acts as
1012	necessary to effect the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the common
1013	areas.

1014	(3) The general easement of ingress, egress, and use of the common areas and facilities
1015	granted to an association and lot owners through recorded governing documents is
1016	extinguished in any portion of the common areas and facilities the association sells,
1017	conveys, transfers, or otherwise disposes of, if:
1018	(a) the lot owners, in selling, conveying, transferring, or otherwise disposing of the
1019	portion of the common areas, comply with:
1020	(i) the provisions of this section; and
1021	(ii) Section 10-9a-606 or 17-27a-606; and
1022	(b) the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the portion of the common
1023	areas results in a person other than the association or a lot owner owning the portion
1024	of the common areas and facilities.
1025	(4) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is created.
1026	Section 12. Section <b>59-2-301.1</b> is amended to read:
1027	59-2-301.1 . Assessment of property subject to a conservation easement
1028	Assessment of golf course or hunting club Assessment of common areas.
1029	(1) In assessing the fair market value of property subject to a conservation easement under
1030	Title 57, Chapter 18, Land Conservation Easement Act, a county assessor shall consider
1031	factors relating to the property and neighboring property that affect the fair market value
1032	of the property being assessed, including:
1033	(a) value that transfers to neighboring property because of the presence of a conservation
1034	easement on the property being assessed;
1035	(b) practical and legal restrictions on the development potential of the property because
1036	of the presence of the conservation easement;
1037	(c) the absence of neighboring property similarly subject to a conservation easement to
1038	provide a basis for comparing values between properties; and
1039	(d) any other factor that causes the fair market value of the property to be affected
1040	because of the presence of a conservation easement.
1041	(2) (a) In assessing the fair market value of a golf course or hunting club, a county
1042	assessor shall consider factors relating to the golf course or hunting club and
1043	neighboring property that affect the fair market value of the golf course or hunting
1044	club, including:
1045	(i) value that transfers to neighboring property because of the presence of the golf
1046	course or hunting club;
1047	(ii) practical and legal restrictions on the development potential of the golf course or

1048	hunting club; and
1049	(iii) the history of operation of the golf course or hunting club and the likelihood that
1050	the present use will continue into the future.
1051	(b) The valuation method a county assessor may use in determining the fair market value
1052	of a golf course or hunting club includes:
1053	(i) the cost approach;
1054	(ii) the income capitalization approach; and
1055	(iii) the sales comparison approach.
1056	(3) Except as otherwise provided by the plat or accompanying recorded document, a county
1057	assessor shall assess a common area and facility as defined in Section 57-8-3 or a
1058	common area as defined in Section 57-8a-102 consistent with the equal ownership
1059	interests described in Subsection 10-9a-606(4) or 17-27a-606(4) and may not assess the
1060	common area and facility or common area in a manner that reflects a different division
1061	of interest.
1062	[(3)] (4) In assessing the fair market value of property that is a common area or facility
1063	under Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act, or a common area under Title
1064	57, Chapter 8a, Community Association Act, a county assessor shall consider factors
1065	relating to the property and neighboring property that affect the fair market value of the
1066	property being assessed, including:
1067	(a) value that transfers to neighboring property because the property is a common area or
1068	facility;
1069	(b) practical and legal restrictions on the development potential of the property because
1070	the property is a common area or facility;
1071	(c) the absence of neighboring property similarly situated as a common area or facility to
1072	provide a basis for comparing values between properties; and
1073	(d) any other factor that causes the fair market value of the property to be affected
1074	because the property is a common area or facility.
1075	Section 13. Effective date.
1076	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.