## GENERATIONAL WATER INFRASTRUCTURE AMENDMENTS

## 2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams

House Sponsor: Mike Schultz

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3	LONG TITLE

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## 4 General Description:

5 This bill addresses the development of water resources.

## **6 Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 directs the creation of the Water District Water Development Council (council) under
- 10 the Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- outlines restrictions on the council;
- provides for the powers and duties of the council;
- requires reporting by the council;
- requires consultation by the council;
- ▶ provides for access to documents of state or local agencies;
- ▶ amends provisions related to meetings and records of the council;
- 17 addresses the powers and duties of the Board of Water Resources and the Division of
- 18 Water Resources;
- 19 addresses expenditures from the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account;
- provides for the appointment of the Utah water agent (water agent);
- 21 provides for the powers and duties of the water agent;
- requires reporting by the water agent;
- requires consultation by the water agent;
- 24 ► addresses negotiations of the water agent;
- 25 amends provisions related to procurement and records of the water agent;
- 26 addresses access to documents of state or local agencies;
- includes a sunset date regarding the water agent; and

28 makes technical and conforming changes. 29 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 30 This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2025: 31 • to Governor's Office - Utah Water Agent - Utah Water Agent as a one-time appropriation: 32 from the General Fund, One-time, \$3,000,000 33 • to Governor's Office - Utah Water Agent - Utah Water Agent as an ongoing appropriation: 34 from the General Fund, \$1,000,000 **Other Special Clauses:** 35 36 None 37 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 38 AMENDS: 39 **52-4-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 139, 374 and 457 40 **63G-2-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 173, 231, and 516 41 **63G-2-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 1, 16, 205, and 329 42 **63G-6a-107.6**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 179 43 **63I-1-273**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 205, 261 44 67-22-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 205 45 73-10-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 140 46 **73-10-4**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 140 47 **73-10-18**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 140 48 **73-10g-104**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 261 49 **ENACTS**: 50 **11-13-228**, as Utah Code Annotated 1953 51 **73-10g-601**, as Utah Code Annotated 1953 52 **73-10g-602**, as Utah Code Annotated 1953 53 **73-10g-603**, as Utah Code Annotated 1953 54 55 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 

- Section 1. Section 11-13-228 is enacted to read:
- 57 <u>11-13-228</u>. Water District Water Development Council.
- 58 (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Council" means the Water District Water Development Council created pursuant to
- 60 <u>this section.</u>
- (b) "Division" means the Division of Water Resources.

62	(c) "Generational" means sufficient to meet anticipated demand for 50 to 75 years.
63	(d) "Generational water infrastructure" means physical facilities or other physical assets
64	designed to meet generational demands for water.
65	(e) "State or local entity" means:
66	(i) a department, division, commission, agency, or other instrumentality of state
67	government; or
68	(ii) a political subdivision or the political subdivision's instrumentalities.
69	(f) "Water agent" means the Utah water agent appointed by the governor under Section
70	<u>73-10g-602.</u>
71	(g) "Water conservancy district" means an entity formed under Title 17B, Chapter 2a,
72	Part 10, Water Conservancy District Act.
73	(2) (a) Subject to the provisions of this part, the four largest water conservancy districts
74	in the state based on operating budgets shall enter into an agreement with one another
75	and the division to form the Water District Water Development Council as a joint
76	administrator of a joint or cooperative undertaking.
77	(b) The members of the council shall consist of:
78	(i) the general manager or the general manager's designee for each of the water
79	conservancy districts described in Subsection (2)(a); and
80	(ii) the director of the division, who will represent the needs of the portions of the
81	state that are not served by the water conservancy districts in the agreement.
82	(c) Members of the council may not receive compensation, per diem, or expenses for
83	service on the council.
84	(d) The council shall appoint a director to manage operations of the council. The council
85	shall set the salary for the director and the director serves at the pleasure of the
86	council.
87	(e) The council shall establish and maintain office space and staff for the council and the
88	water agent. The water conservancy districts that enter into the agreement shall pay
89	the costs of the office space and staff that are directly related to the activities of the
90	council, including staff from a water conservancy district that is assigned to work
91	with the council, except that, to the extent appropriated by the Legislature, the state
92	shall pay the costs of the water agent and any costs for non-district staff hired to
93	solely work for the council or water agent.
94	(3) (a) The council may not own or operate water infrastructure, but may advise a water

conservancy district that enters into the agreement about the development of

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96	generational water infrastructure by a water conservancy district.
97	(b) For the generational water needs of the citizens of Utah and within the authorities
98	given to the water conservancy districts represented on the council in Title 17B,
99	Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water Conservancy District Act, the council shall jointly plan
100	for generational water infrastructure and advance the responsible development of
101	water within the jurisdiction of the water conservancy districts represented on the
102	council to address water users' generational need for adequate and reliable water
103	supplies, including:
104	(i) assessing generational water needs based on population growth and economic
105	development;
106	(ii) identifying possible sources to meet the generational water needs;
107	(iii) exploring physical interconnections and joint operations of generational water
108	infrastructure that exist as of May 1, 2024, and into the future;
109	(iv) assessing water conservation as a component of generational water supplies and
110	environmental conservation efforts;
111	(v) scoping solutions to determine the most viable pathways for meeting generational
112	water needs;
113	(vi) collecting and analyzing data necessary to make informed decisions regarding
114	generational water needs;
115	(vii) coordinating with other water suppliers within the state as needed;
116	(viii) making recommendations to the Legislature regarding projects, funding, and
117	policy changes to provide for generational water needs; and
118	(ix) annually reporting findings and recommendations to:
119	(A) the governor;
120	(B) the president of the Senate;
121	(C) the speaker of the House of Representatives;
122	(D) the Legislative Water Development Commission created by Section 73-27-102;
123	(E) the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee; and
124	(F) the Water Development Coordinating Council created by Sections 79-2-201
125	and 73-10c-3.
126	(c) The council shall coordinate with the division regarding the need for generational
127	water infrastructure and how to meet that need and, as part of this coordination the
128	council shall assist the division in the division's development of a state water plan
129	under Section 73-10-15.

- (d) The council shall receive input from and coordinate with the water agent.
- 131 (e) The council may not levy, assess, or collect ad valorem property taxes or issue bonds.
- 132 (f) The council shall adopt policies for procurement that enable the council to efficiently
  133 fulfill the council's responsibilities under the agreement.
- 134 (g) The council is advisory and may not establish policy for the state.
- (h) The council does not control money used to fund water infrastructure.
- 136 (4) Subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act,
- upon request of the council, a state or local entity shall provide to the water agent a
- document, report, or information available within the state or local entity.
- 139 (5) Nothing in this section restricts the ability of a water conservancy district to contract
- 140 under Subsection 17B-2a-1004(2).
- Section 2. Section **52-4-103** is amended to read:
- 142 **52-4-103** . Definitions.
- 143 As used in this chapter:
- 144 (1) "Anchor location" means the physical location from which:
- (a) an electronic meeting originates; or
- (b) the participants are connected.
- 147 (2) "Capitol hill complex" means the grounds and buildings within the area bounded by 300
- North Street, Columbus Street, 500 North Street, and East Capitol Boulevard in Salt
- 149 Lake City.
- 150 (3) (a) "Convening" means the calling together of a public body by a person authorized
- to do so for the express purpose of discussing or acting upon a subject over which
- that public body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
- (b) "Convening" does not include the initiation of a routine conversation between
- members of a board of trustees of a large public transit district if the members
- involved in the conversation do not, during the conversation, take a tentative or final
- vote on the matter that is the subject of the conversation.
- 157 (4) "Electronic meeting" means a public meeting convened or conducted by means of a
- 158 conference using electronic communications.
- 159 (5) "Electronic message" means a communication transmitted electronically, including:
- 160 (a) electronic mail;
- (b) instant messaging;
- (c) electronic chat;
- (d) text messaging, which means a communication in the form of electronic text or one

164	or more electronic images sent by the actor from a telephone, computer, or other
165	electronic communication device to another person's telephone, computer, or
166	electronic communication device by addressing the communication to the person's
167	telephone number or other electronic communication access code or number; or
168	(e) any other method that conveys a message or facilitates communication electronically.
169	(6) "Fiduciary or commercial information" means information:
170	(a) related to any subject if disclosure:
171	(i) would conflict with a fiduciary obligation; or
172	(ii) is prohibited by insider trading provisions; or
173	(b) that is commercial in nature including:
174	(i) account owners or borrowers;
175	(ii) demographic data;
176	(iii) contracts and related payments;
177	(iv) negotiations;
178	(v) proposals or bids;
179	(vi) investments;
180	(vii) management of funds;
181	(viii) fees and charges;
182	(ix) plan and program design;
183	(x) investment options and underlying investments offered to account owners;
184	(xi) marketing and outreach efforts;
185	(xii) financial plans; or
186	(xiii) reviews and audits excluding the final report required under Section 53B-8a-111.
187	(7) (a) "Meeting" means the convening of a public body or a specified body, with a
188	quorum present, including a workshop or an executive session, whether in person or
189	by means of electronic communications, for the purpose of discussing, receiving
190	comments from the public about, or acting upon a matter over which the public body
191	or specified body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
192	(b) "Meeting" does not mean:
193	(i) a chance gathering or social gathering;
194	(ii) a convening of the State Tax Commission to consider a confidential tax matter in
195	accordance with Section 59-1-405; or
196	(iii) a convening of a three-member board of trustees of a large public transit district
197	as defined in Section 17B-2a-802 if

198	(A) the board members do not, during the conversation, take a tentative or final
199	vote on the matter that is the subject of the conversation; or
200	(B) the conversation pertains only to day-to-day management and operation of the
201	public transit district.
202	(c) "Meeting" does not mean the convening of a public body that has both legislative and
203	executive responsibilities if:
204	(i) no public funds are appropriated for expenditure during the time the public body is
205	convened; and
206	(ii) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
207	administrative or operational matters:
208	(A) for which no formal action by the public body is required; or
209	(B) that would not come before the public body for discussion or action.
210	(8) "Monitor" means to hear or observe, live, by audio or video equipment, all of the public
211	statements of each member of the public body who is participating in a meeting.
212	(9) "Participate" means the ability to communicate with all of the members of a public
213	body, either verbally or electronically, so that each member of the public body can hear
214	or observe the communication.
215	(10) (a) "Public body" means:
216	(i) any administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body of the state or its
217	political subdivisions that:
218	(A) is created by the Utah Constitution, statute, rule, ordinance, or resolution;
219	(B) consists of two or more persons;
220	(C) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by tax revenue; and
221	(D) is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the public's business;
222	or
223	(ii) any administrative, advisory, executive, or policymaking body of an association,
224	as that term is defined in Section 53G-7-1101, that:
225	(A) consists of two or more persons;
226	(B) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by dues paid by a
227	public school or whose employees participate in a benefit or program described
228	in Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act; and
229	(C) is vested with authority to make decisions regarding the participation of a
230	public school or student in an interscholastic activity, as that term is defined in
231	Section 53G-7-1101.

232	(b) "Public body" includes:
233	(i) an interlocal entity or joint or cooperative undertaking, as those terms are defined
234	in Section 11-13-103, except for the Water District Water Development Council
235	created pursuant to Section 11-13-228;
236	(ii) a governmental nonprofit corporation as that term is defined in Section
237	11-13a-102;
238	(iii) the Utah Independent Redistricting Commission; and
239	(iv) a project entity, as that term is defined in Section 11-13-103.
240	(c) "Public body" does not include:
241	(i) a political party, a political group, or a political caucus;
242	(ii) a conference committee, a rules committee, or a sifting committee of the
243	Legislature;
244	(iii) a school community council or charter trust land council, as that term is defined
245	in Section 53G-7-1203;
246	(iv) a taxed interlocal entity, as that term is defined in Section 11-13-602, if the taxed
247	interlocal entity is not a project entity; or
248	(v) the following Legislative Management subcommittees, which are established in
249	Section 36-12-8, when meeting for the purpose of selecting or evaluating a
250	candidate to recommend for employment, except that the meeting in which a
251	subcommittee votes to recommend that a candidate be employed shall be subject
252	to the provisions of this act:
253	(A) the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee;
254	(B) the Budget Subcommittee; and
255	(C) the Audit Subcommittee.
256	(11) "Public statement" means a statement made in the ordinary course of business of the
257	public body with the intent that all other members of the public body receive it.
258	(12) (a) "Quorum" means a simple majority of the membership of a public body, unless
259	otherwise defined by applicable law.
260	(b) "Quorum" does not include a meeting of two elected officials by themselves when no
261	action, either formal or informal, is taken.
262	(13) "Recording" means an audio, or an audio and video, record of the proceedings of a
263	meeting that can be used to review the proceedings of the meeting.
264	(14) "Specified body":
265	(a) means an administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body that:

266	(i) is not a public body;
267	(ii) consists of three or more members; and
268	(iii) includes at least one member who is:
269	(A) a legislator; and
270	(B) officially appointed to the body by the president of the Senate, speaker of the
271	House of Representatives, or governor; and
272	(b) does not include a body listed in Subsection (10)(c)(ii) or (10)(c)(v).
273	(15) "Transmit" means to send, convey, or communicate an electronic message by
274	electronic means.
275	Section 3. Section 63G-2-103 is amended to read:
276	63G-2-103 . Definitions.
277	As used in this chapter:
278	(1) "Audit" means:
279	(a) a systematic examination of financial, management, program, and related records for
280	the purpose of determining the fair presentation of financial statements, adequacy of
281	internal controls, or compliance with laws and regulations; or
282	(b) a systematic examination of program procedures and operations for the purpose of
283	determining their effectiveness, economy, efficiency, and compliance with statutes
284	and regulations.
285	(2) "Chronological logs" mean the regular and customary summary records of law
286	enforcement agencies and other public safety agencies that show:
287	(a) the time and general nature of police, fire, and paramedic calls made to the agency;
288	and
289	(b) any arrests or jail bookings made by the agency.
290	(3) "Classification," "classify," and their derivative forms mean determining whether a
291	record series, record, or information within a record is public, private, controlled,
292	protected, or exempt from disclosure under Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b).
293	(4) (a) "Computer program" means:
294	(i) a series of instructions or statements that permit the functioning of a computer
295	system in a manner designed to provide storage, retrieval, and manipulation of
296	data from the computer system; and
297	(ii) any associated documentation and source material that explain how to operate the
298	computer program.
299	(b) "Computer program" does not mean:

300	(i) the original data, including numbers, text, voice, graphics, and images;
301	(ii) analysis, compilation, and other manipulated forms of the original data produced
302	by use of the program; or
303	(iii) the mathematical or statistical formulas, excluding the underlying mathematical
304	algorithms contained in the program, that would be used if the manipulated forms
305	of the original data were to be produced manually.
306	(5) (a) "Contractor" means:
307	(i) any person who contracts with a governmental entity to provide goods or services
308	directly to a governmental entity; or
309	(ii) any private, nonprofit organization that receives funds from a governmental entity.
310	(b) "Contractor" does not mean a private provider.
311	(6) "Controlled record" means a record containing data on individuals that is controlled as
312	provided by Section 63G-2-304.
313	(7) "Designation," "designate," and their derivative forms mean indicating, based on a
314	governmental entity's familiarity with a record series or based on a governmental entity's
315	review of a reasonable sample of a record series, the primary classification that a
316	majority of records in a record series would be given if classified and the classification
317	that other records typically present in the record series would be given if classified.
318	(8) "Elected official" means each person elected to a state office, county office, municipal
319	office, school board or school district office, special district office, or special service
320	district office, but does not include judges.
321	(9) "Explosive" means a chemical compound, device, or mixture:
322	(a) commonly used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion; and
323	(b) that contains oxidizing or combustive units or other ingredients in proportions,
324	quantities, or packing so that:
325	(i) an ignition by fire, friction, concussion, percussion, or detonator of any part of the
326	compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly heated gases; and
327	(ii) the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of:
328	(A) producing destructive effects on contiguous objects; or
329	(B) causing death or serious bodily injury.
330	(10) "Government audit agency" means any governmental entity that conducts an audit.
331	(11) (a) "Governmental entity" means:
332	(i) executive department agencies of the state, the offices of the governor, lieutenant
333	governor, state auditor, attorney general, and state treasurer, the Board of Pardons

334	and Parole, the Board of Examiners, the National Guard, the Career Service
335	Review Office, the State Board of Education, the Utah Board of Higher
336	Education, and the State Archives;
337	(ii) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, Office of the Legislative Fiscal
338	Analyst, Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, the Legislature, and
339	legislative committees, except any political party, group, caucus, or rules or sifting
340	committee of the Legislature;
341	(iii) courts, the Judicial Council, the Administrative Office of the Courts, and similar
342	administrative units in the judicial branch;
343	(iv) any state-funded institution of higher education or public education; or
344	(v) any political subdivision of the state, but, if a political subdivision has adopted an
345	ordinance or a policy relating to information practices pursuant to Section
346	63G-2-701, this chapter shall apply to the political subdivision to the extent
347	specified in Section 63G-2-701 or as specified in any other section of this chapter
348	that specifically refers to political subdivisions.
349	(b) "Governmental entity" also means:
350	(i) every office, agency, board, bureau, committee, department, advisory board, or
351	commission of an entity listed in Subsection (11)(a) that is funded or established
352	by the government to carry out the public's business;
353	(ii) as defined in Section 11-13-103, an interlocal entity or joint or cooperative
354	undertaking, except for the Water District Water Development Council created
355	pursuant to Section 11-13-228;
356	(iii) as defined in Section 11-13a-102, a governmental nonprofit corporation;
357	(iv) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101;
358	(v) the Utah Independent Redistricting Commission; and
359	(vi) a law enforcement agency, as defined in Section 53-1-102, that employs one or
360	more law enforcement officers, as defined in Section 53-13-103.
361	(c) "Governmental entity" does not include the Utah Educational Savings Plan created in
362	Section 53B-8a-103.
363	(12) "Gross compensation" means every form of remuneration payable for a given period to
364	an individual for services provided including salaries, commissions, vacation pay,
365	severance pay, bonuses, and any board, rent, housing, lodging, payments in kind, and
366	any similar benefit received from the individual's employer.
367	(13) "Individual" means a human being.

368	(14) (a) "Initial contact report" means an initial written or recorded report, however
369	titled, prepared by peace officers engaged in public patrol or response duties
370	describing official actions initially taken in response to either a public complaint
371	about or the discovery of an apparent violation of law, which report may describe:
372	(i) the date, time, location, and nature of the complaint, the incident, or offense;
373	(ii) names of victims;
374	(iii) the nature or general scope of the agency's initial actions taken in response to the
375	incident;
376	(iv) the general nature of any injuries or estimate of damages sustained in the incident
377	(v) the name, address, and other identifying information about any person arrested or
378	charged in connection with the incident; or
379	(vi) the identity of the public safety personnel, except undercover personnel, or
380	prosecuting attorney involved in responding to the initial incident.
381	(b) Initial contact reports do not include follow-up or investigative reports prepared after
382	the initial contact report. However, if the information specified in Subsection (14)(a)
383	appears in follow-up or investigative reports, it may only be treated confidentially if
384	it is private, controlled, protected, or exempt from disclosure under Subsection
385	63G-2-201(3)(b).
386	(c) Initial contact reports do not include accident reports, as that term is described in
387	Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 4, Accident Responsibilities.
388	(15) "Legislative body" means the Legislature.
389	(16) "Notice of compliance" means a statement confirming that a governmental entity has
390	complied with an order of the State Records Committee.
391	(17) "Person" means:
392	(a) an individual;
393	(b) a nonprofit or profit corporation;
394	(c) a partnership;
395	(d) a sole proprietorship;
396	(e) other type of business organization; or
397	(f) any combination acting in concert with one another.
398	(18) "Personal identifying information" means the same as that term is defined in Section
399	63A-12-100.5.

(19) "Privacy annotation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-12-100.5.

(20) "Private provider" means any person who contracts with a governmental entity to

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402	provide services directly to the public.
403	(21) "Private record" means a record containing data on individuals that is private as
404	provided by Section 63G-2-302.
405	(22) "Protected record" means a record that is classified protected as provided by Section
406	63G-2-305.
407	(23) "Public record" means a record that is not private, controlled, or protected and that is
408	not exempt from disclosure as provided in Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b).
409	(24) "Reasonable search" means a search that is:
410	(a) reasonable in scope and intensity; and
411	(b) not unreasonably burdensome for the government entity.
412	(25) (a) "Record" means a book, letter, document, paper, map, plan, photograph, film,
413	card, tape, recording, electronic data, or other documentary material regardless of
414	physical form or characteristics:
415	(i) that is prepared, owned, received, or retained by a governmental entity or political
416	subdivision; and
417	(ii) where all of the information in the original is reproducible by photocopy or other
418	mechanical or electronic means.
419	(b) "Record" does not mean:
420	(i) a personal note or personal communication prepared or received by an employee
421	or officer of a governmental entity:
422	(A) in a capacity other than the employee's or officer's governmental capacity; or
423	(B) that is unrelated to the conduct of the public's business;
424	(ii) a temporary draft or similar material prepared for the originator's personal use or
425	prepared by the originator for the personal use of an individual for whom the
426	originator is working;
427	(iii) material that is legally owned by an individual in the individual's private capacity
428	(iv) material to which access is limited by the laws of copyright or patent unless the
429	copyright or patent is owned by a governmental entity or political subdivision;
430	(v) proprietary software;
431	(vi) junk mail or a commercial publication received by a governmental entity or an
432	official or employee of a governmental entity;
433	(vii) a book that is cataloged, indexed, or inventoried and contained in the collections
434	of a library open to the public;
435	(viii) material that is cataloged, indexed, or inventoried and contained in the

436	collections of a library open to the public, regardless of physical form or
437	characteristics of the material;
438	(ix) a daily calendar or other personal note prepared by the originator for the
439	originator's personal use or for the personal use of an individual for whom the
440	originator is working;
441	(x) a computer program that is developed or purchased by or for any governmental
442	entity for its own use;
443	(xi) a note or internal memorandum prepared as part of the deliberative process by:
444	(A) a member of the judiciary;
445	(B) an administrative law judge;
446	(C) a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole; or
447	(D) a member of any other body, other than an association or appeals panel as
448	defined in Section 53G-7-1101, charged by law with performing a
449	quasi-judicial function;
450	(xii) a telephone number or similar code used to access a mobile communication
451	device that is used by an employee or officer of a governmental entity, provided
452	that the employee or officer of the governmental entity has designated at least one
453	business telephone number that is a public record as provided in Section
454	63G-2-301;
455	(xiii) information provided by the Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program,
456	created in Section 49-20-103, to a county to enable the county to calculate the
457	amount to be paid to a health care provider under Subsection 17-50-319(2)(e)(ii);
458	(xiv) information that an owner of unimproved property provides to a local entity as
459	provided in Section 11-42-205;
460	(xv) a video or audio recording of an interview, or a transcript of the video or audio
461	recording, that is conducted at a Children's Justice Center established under
462	Section 67-5b-102;
463	(xvi) child sexual abuse material, as defined by Section 76-5b-103;
464	(xvii) before final disposition of an ethics complaint occurs, a video or audio
465	recording of the closed portion of a meeting or hearing of:
466	(A) a Senate or House Ethics Committee;
467	(B) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission;
468	(C) the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission, created in Section
469	63A-14-202; or

470	(D) the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission established in Section
471	63A-15-201; or
472	(xviii) confidential communication described in Section 58-60-102, 58-61-102, or
473	58-61-702.
474	(26) "Record series" means a group of records that may be treated as a unit for purposes of
475	designation, description, management, or disposition.
476	(27) "Records officer" means the individual appointed by the chief administrative officer of
477	each governmental entity, or the political subdivision to work with state archives in the
478	care, maintenance, scheduling, designation, classification, disposal, and preservation of
479	records.
480	(28) "Schedule," "scheduling," and their derivative forms mean the process of specifying
481	the length of time each record series should be retained by a governmental entity for
482	administrative, legal, fiscal, or historical purposes and when each record series should be
483	transferred to the state archives or destroyed.
484	(29) "Sponsored research" means research, training, and other sponsored activities as
485	defined by the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and
486	Budget:
487	(a) conducted:
488	(i) by an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
489	53B-1-102; and
490	(ii) through an office responsible for sponsored projects or programs; and
491	(b) funded or otherwise supported by an external:
492	(i) person that is not created or controlled by the institution within the state system of
493	higher education; or
494	(ii) federal, state, or local governmental entity.
495	(30) "State archives" means the Division of Archives and Records Service created in
496	Section 63A-12-101.
497	(31) "State archivist" means the director of the state archives.
498	(32) "State Records Committee" means the State Records Committee created in Section
499	63G-2-501.
500	(33) "Summary data" means statistical records and compilations that contain data derived
501	from private, controlled, or protected information but that do not disclose private,
502	controlled, or protected information.
503	Section 4. Section <b>63G-2-305</b> is amended to read:

504		63G-2-305 . Protected records.
505		The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
506	(1)	trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has
507		provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
508	(2)	commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person
509		if:
510		(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
511		competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the
512		ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
513		(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than
514		the public in obtaining access; and
515		(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the
516		information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
517	(3)	commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to
518		the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
519		commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or
520		cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
521	(4)	records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
522		competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project
523		entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
524	(5)	test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
525		employment, or academic examinations;
526	(6)	records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings
527		or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement
528		with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
529		Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract
530		or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
531		(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental
532		entity in response to:
533		(i) an invitation for bids;
534		(ii) a request for proposals;
535		(iii) a request for quotes;
536		(iv) a grant; or
537		(v) other similar document; or

538	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;	
539	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for	
540	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) do	es not
541	restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:	
542	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has be	en
543	awarded and signed by all parties; or	
544	(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the	;
545	subject of the request for information; and	
546	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information	rmation
547	is issued;	
548	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real	ıl or
549	personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public	
550	acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:	
551	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal t	o the
552	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;	
553	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or unc	ler a
554	duty of confidentiality to the entity;	
555	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the des	cribed
556	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire th	e
557	property;	
558	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of	
559	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity	''s
560	estimated value of the property; or	
561	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family resid	lence
562	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated nego	otiations
563	to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;	
564	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compe	nsated
565	transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if	
566	disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or esti	mated
567	value of the subject property, unless:	
568	(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting	ng
569	access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financi	al
570	benefit of the transaction; or	
571	(b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimate	es of

5/2	the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not
573	employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
574	(10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement
575	purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration
576	purposes, if release of the records:
577	(a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for
578	enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
579	(b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement
580	proceedings;
581	(c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial
582	hearing;
583	(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally
584	known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of
585	an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known
586	outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
587	(e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques,
588	procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if
589	disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
590	(11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
591	(12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental
592	property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from
593	damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
594	(13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional
595	facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would
596	interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment,
597	probation, or parole;
598	(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
599	Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections,
600	the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that
601	are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any
602	person within the board's jurisdiction;
603	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures
604	and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
605	audits or collections;

606	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until
607	the final audit is released;
608	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
609	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
610	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a
611	judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
612	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
613	from a member of the Legislature; and
614	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
615	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
616	and
617	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
618	with the preparation of legislation between:
619	(A) members of a legislative body;
620	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
621	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
622	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
623	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
624	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
625	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's
626	contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has
627	elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course
628	of action public; and
629	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
630	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a
631	legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected
632	records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of
633	action public;
634	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General
635	Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in
636	response to these requests;
637	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
638	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
639	(a) collective bargaining; or

640	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
641	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may
642	be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
643	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
644	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
645	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion
646	of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
647	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological
648	resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable
649	historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
650	(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict
651	with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
652	(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
653	53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
654	retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting
655	closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided
656	that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or
657	those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
658	(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative
659	proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's
660	contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has
661	implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
662	(30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
663	revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final
664	recommendations in these areas;
665	(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
666	are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as
667	protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to
668	public disclosure if retained by it;
669	(32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a
670	public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
671	(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final
672	settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from
673	disclosure;

674	(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an
675	administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of
676	any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
677	(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or
678	requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand
679	or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm
680	to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this
681	section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
682	(36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the
683	governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including
684	patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
685	(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an
686	institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and
687	other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal
688	the identity of the donor, provided that:
689	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
690	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
691	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
692	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
693	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily
694	engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or
695	legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or
696	any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
697	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;
698	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
699	34A-2-205;
700	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
701	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered,
702	disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of
703	the institution:
704	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
705	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
706	(A) relating to research; and
707	(B) of:

708	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
709	53B-1-102; or
710	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
711	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
712	(iv) creative works in process;
713	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
714	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
715	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
716	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
717	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
718	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
719	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
720	legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
721	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
722	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator
723	asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
724	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
725	legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and
726	made public;
727	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other
728	document that indicates the location of:
729	(a) a production facility; or
730	(b) a magazine;
731	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
732	Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
733	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
734	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
735	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
736	National Guard's federal mission;
737	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or
738	to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand
739	Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
740	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by
741	the Department of Agriculture and Food;

742	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
743	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is
744	provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and
745	the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
746	(a) the safety of the general public; or
747	(b) the security of:
748	(i) governmental property;
749	(ii) governmental programs; or
750	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
751	Management information;
752	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification,
753	tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title
754	4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
755	of Animal Disease;
756	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-408:
757	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related
758	to a complaint regarding a child care program or residential child care which the
759	department is unable to substantiate; and
760	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
761	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program
762	or residential child care;
763	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided
764	under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
765	personal mobile phone number, if:
766	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
767	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
768	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
769	kept confidential due to:
770	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
771	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
772	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
773	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone
774	number where the candidate may be contacted:
775	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,

776	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405,
777	20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
778	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
779	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408
780	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that
781	is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is
782	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
783	53B-1-102; and
784	(b) conducted using animals;
785	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
786	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to
787	whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection
788	78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
789	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
790	Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12,
791	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes
792	public, the information or report;
793	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
794	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section
795	63L-11-202;
796	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
797	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
798	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
799	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
800	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
801	municipality;
802	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of
803	Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
804	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
805	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information
806	or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
807	Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the
808	allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
809	Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;

810	(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
811	person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the
812	existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected
813	violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political
814	subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the
815	information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be
816	protected;
817	(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation
818	or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an
819	employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
820	(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan,
821	or audit program; or
822	(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
823	investigation or audit;
824	(60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
825	Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover
826	Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
827	(61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division
828	of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections
829	58-68-304(3) and (4);
830	(62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
831	(63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system
832	used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
833	(64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim,
834	including:
835	(a) a victim's application or request for benefits;
836	(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
837	(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,
838	evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime
839	Victim Reparations Fund;
840	(65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in
841	Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility
842	as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider,
843	as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that

844	term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
845	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
846	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
847	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
848	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a
849	law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
850	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f);
851	or
852	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized
853	agent of a subject featured in the recording;
854	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
855	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
856	announced finalist;
857	(67) an audio recording that is:
858	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
859	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating
860	an individual with a life-threatening condition;
861	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
862	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder
863	service:
864	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
865	condition; and
866	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
867	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
868	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
869	their response to an emergency situation;
870	(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation
871	by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the
872	Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position
873	with the Legislature;
874	(69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
875	(70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
876	under Section 61-1-206;
877	(71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section

878	31A-37-201;
879	(72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
880	(73) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection
881	58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
882	(74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
883	involving an amusement ride;
884	(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a
885	political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
886	including a petition or request described in the following titles:
887	(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
888	(b) Title 17, Counties;
889	(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;
890	(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
891	(e) Title 20A, Election Code;
892	(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a
893	voter registration record;
894	(77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature
895	described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local
896	political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
897	(78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5,
898	Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
899	(79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
900	(80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
901	prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
902	(81) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail,
903	unless:
904	(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
905	the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
906	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
907	(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
908	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist
909	in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
910	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
911	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or

912	locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal
913	proceeding; or
914	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
915	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest;
916	(82) a record:
917	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
918	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
919	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
920	63M-14-205; and
921	(c) the disclosure of which would:
922	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
923	Colorado River system;
924	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
925	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado
926	River system; or
927	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
928	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
929	(83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office
930	of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
931	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83)
932	may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval
933	decision;
934	(84) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
935	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
936	and
937	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
938	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records
939	described in Subsection (84)(a);
940	(85) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental
941	entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into
942	potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
943	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
944	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the
945	statement; and

946	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
947	employee in any criminal proceeding;
948	(86) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section
949	53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
950	53F-6-401; [and]
951	(87) a record:
952	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
953	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
954	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the
955	federal government; and
956	(c) the disclosure of which would:
957	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
958	Great Salt Lake;
959	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
960	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
961	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
962	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake[-];
963	<u>and</u>
964	(88) a record of the Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-602:
965	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters;
966	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
967	representative from another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
968	government entity as provided in Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 6, Utah Water Agent;
969	<u>and</u>
970	(c) the disclosure of which would:
971	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water;
972	(ii) harm the ability of the Utah water agent to negotiate the best terms and conditions
973	regarding the use of water; or
974	(iii) give an advantage to another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
975	government entity in negotiations regarding the use of water.
976	Section 5. Section <b>63G-6a-107.6</b> is amended to read:
977	63G-6a-107.6 . Exemptions from chapter.
978	(1) Except for this Subsection (1), the provisions of this chapter do not apply to:
979	(a) a public entity's acquisition of a procurement item from another public entity; or

980 (b) a public entity that is not a procurement unit, including the Colorado River Authority 981 of Utah as provided in Section 63M-14-210. 982 (2) Unless otherwise provided by statute and except for this Subsection (2), the provisions 983 of this chapter do not apply to the acquisition or disposal of real property or an interest 984 in real property. 985 (3) Except for this Subsection (3) and Part 24, Unlawful Conduct and Penalties, the 986 provisions of this chapter do not apply to: 987 (a) funds administered under the Percent-for-Art Program of the Utah Percent-for-Art 988 Act: 989 (b) a grant; 990 (c) medical supplies or medical equipment, including service agreements for medical 991 equipment, obtained by the University of Utah Hospital through a purchasing 992 consortium if: 993 (i) the consortium uses a competitive procurement process; and 994 (ii) the chief administrative officer of the hospital makes a written finding that the 995 prices for purchasing medical supplies and medical equipment through the 996 consortium are competitive with market prices; 997 (d) the purchase of firefighting supplies or equipment by the Division of Forestry, Fire, 998 and State Lands, created in Section 65A-1-4, through the federal General Services Administration or the National Fire Cache system; 999 1000 (e) supplies purchased for resale to the public; [or] 1001 (f) activities related to the management of investments by a public entity granted 1002 investment authority by law[.]; or 1003 (g) activities of the Utah water agent appointed under Section 73-10g-602. 1004 (4) This chapter does not supersede the requirements for retention or withholding of 1005 construction proceeds and release of construction proceeds as provided in Section 13-8-5. 1006 (5) Except for this Subsection (5), the provisions of this chapter do not apply to a 1007 procurement unit's hiring a mediator, arbitrator, or arbitration panel member to 1008 participate in the procurement unit's dispute resolution efforts. 1009 Section 6. Section **63I-1-273** is amended to read: 1010 **63I-1-273** . Repeal dates: Title 73. 1011 (1) Title 73, Chapter 27, Legislative Water Development Commission, is repealed January 1012 1, 2031.

(2) Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 2, Agricultural Water Optimization, is repealed July 1, 2028.

1013

1014 (3) Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 6, Utah Water Agent, is repealed July 1, 2034. 1015 [(3)] (4) Section 73-18-3.5, which authorizes the Division of Outdoor Recreation to appoint 1016 an advisory council that includes in the advisory council's duties advising on boating 1017 policies, is repealed July 1, 2024. 1018 [(4)] (5) In relation to Title 73, Chapter 31, Water Banking Act, on December 31, 2030: 1019 (a) Subsection 73-1-4(2)(e)(xi) is repealed; 1020 (b) Subsection 73-10-4(1)(h) is repealed; and 1021 (c) Title 73, Chapter 31, Water Banking Act, is repealed. 1022 [(5)] (6) Sections 73-32-302 and 73-32-303, related to the Great Salt Lake Advisory 1023 Council, are repealed July 1, 2027. 1024 Section 7. Section **67-22-2** is amended to read: 1025 67-22-2. Compensation -- Other state officers. 1026 (1) As used in this section: 1027 (a) "Appointed executive" means the: 1028 (i) commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food; 1029 (ii) commissioner of the Insurance Department; 1030 (iii) commissioner of the Labor Commission; 1031 (iv) director, Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services; 1032 (v) commissioner of the Department of Financial Institutions; 1033 (vi) executive director, Department of Commerce; 1034 (vii) executive director, Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice; 1035 (viii) adjutant general; 1036 (ix) executive director, Department of Cultural and Community Engagement; 1037 (x) executive director, Department of Corrections; 1038 (xi) commissioner, Department of Public Safety; 1039 (xii) executive director, Department of Natural Resources; 1040 (xiii) executive director, Governor's Office of Planning and Budget; 1041 (xiv) executive director, Department of Government Operations; 1042 (xv) executive director, Department of Environmental Quality; 1043 (xvi) executive director, Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity; 1044 (xvii) executive director, Department of Workforce Services; 1045 (xviii) executive director, Department of Health, Nonphysician; 1046 (xix) executive director, Department of Human Services; 1047 (xx) executive director, Department of Transportation;

1048		(xxi) executive director, Department of Veterans and Military Affairs;
1049		(xxii) executive director, Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office, created in Section
1050		63L-11-201; [and]
1051		(xxiii) Great Salt Lake commissioner, appointed under Section 73-32-201[-] ; and
1052		(xxiv) Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-602.
1053	(b)	"Board or commission executive" means:
1054		(i) members, Board of Pardons and Parole;
1055		(ii) chair, State Tax Commission;
1056		(iii) commissioners, State Tax Commission;
1057		(iv) executive director, State Tax Commission;
1058		(v) chair, Public Service Commission; and
1059		(vi) commissioners, Public Service Commission.
1060	(c)	"Deputy" means the person who acts as the appointed executive's second in
1061		command as determined by the Division of Human Resource Management.
1062	(2) (a)	The director of the Division of Human Resource Management shall:
1063		(i) before October 31 of each year, recommend to the governor a compensation plan
1064		for the appointed executives and the board or commission executives; and
1065		(ii) base those recommendations on market salary studies conducted by the Division
1066		of Human Resource Management.
1067	(b)	(i) The Division of Human Resource Management shall determine the salary
1068		range for the appointed executives by:
1069		(A) identifying the salary range assigned to the appointed executive's deputy;
1070		(B) designating the lowest minimum salary from those deputies' salary ranges as
1071		the minimum salary for the appointed executives' salary range; and
1072		(C) designating 105% of the highest maximum salary range from those deputies'
1073		salary ranges as the maximum salary for the appointed executives' salary range
1074		(ii) If the deputy is a medical doctor, the Division of Human Resource Management
1075		may not consider that deputy's salary range in designating the salary range for
1076		appointed executives.
1077	(c)	(i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), in establishing the salary ranges for
1078		board or commission executives, the Division of Human Resource Management
1079		shall set the maximum salary in the salary range for each of those positions at
1080		90% of the salary for district judges as established in the annual appropriation act
1081		under Section 67-8-2

1082	(ii) In establishing the salary ranges for an individual described in Subsection
1083	(1)(b)(ii) or (iii), the Division of Human Resource Management shall set the
1084	maximum salary in the salary range for each of those positions at 100% of the
1085	salary for district judges as established in the annual appropriation act under
1086	Section 67-8-2.
1087	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or Subsection (3)(d), the
1088	governor shall establish a specific salary for each appointed executive within the
1089	range established under Subsection (2)(b).
1090	(ii) If the executive director of the Department of Health is a physician, the governor
1091	shall establish a salary within the highest physician salary range established by the
1092	Division of Human Resource Management.
1093	(iii) The governor may provide salary increases for appointed executives within the
1094	range established by Subsection (2)(b) and identified in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
1095	(b) The governor shall apply the same overtime regulations applicable to other FLSA
1096	exempt positions.
1097	(c) The governor may develop standards and criteria for reviewing the appointed
1098	executives.
1099	(d) If under Section 73-10g-602 the governor appoints an individual who is serving in an
1100	appointed executive branch position to be the Utah water agent, the governor shall
1101	adjust the salary of the Utah water agent to account for salary received for the
1102	appointed executive branch position.
1103	(4) Salaries for other Schedule A employees, as defined in Section 63A-17-301, that are not
1104	provided for in this chapter, or in Title 67, Chapter 8, Utah Elected Official and Judicial
1105	Salary Act, shall be established as provided in Section 63A-17-301.
1106	(5) (a) The Legislature fixes benefits for the appointed executives and the board or
1107	commission executives as follows:
1108	(i) the option of participating in a state retirement system established by Title 49,
1109	Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act, or in a deferred compensation
1110	plan administered by the State Retirement Office in accordance with the Internal
1111	Revenue Code and its accompanying rules and regulations;
1112	(ii) health insurance;
1113	(iii) dental insurance;
1114	(iv) basic life insurance;
1115	(v) unemployment compensation;

1116	(vi) workers' compensation;
1117	(vii) required employer contribution to Social Security;
1118	(viii) long-term disability income insurance;
1119	(ix) the same additional state-paid life insurance available to other noncareer service
1120	employees;
1121	(x) the same severance pay available to other noncareer service employees;
1122	(xi) the same leave, holidays, and allowances granted to Schedule B state employees
1123	as follows:
1124	(A) sick leave;
1125	(B) converted sick leave if accrued prior to January 1, 2014;
1126	(C) educational allowances;
1127	(D) holidays; and
1128	(E) annual leave except that annual leave shall be accrued at the maximum rate
1129	provided to Schedule B state employees;
1130	(xii) the option to convert accumulated sick leave to cash or insurance benefits as
1131	provided by law or rule upon resignation or retirement according to the same
1132	criteria and procedures applied to Schedule B state employees;
1133	(xiii) the option to purchase additional life insurance at group insurance rates
1134	according to the same criteria and procedures applied to Schedule B state
1135	employees; and
1136	(xiv) professional memberships if being a member of the professional organization i
1137	a requirement of the position.
1138	(b) Each department shall pay the cost of additional state-paid life insurance for its
1139	executive director from its existing budget.
1140	(6) The Legislature fixes the following additional benefits:
1141	(a) for the executive director of the State Tax Commission a vehicle for official and
1142	personal use;
1143	(b) for the executive director of the Department of Transportation a vehicle for official
1144	and personal use;
1145	(c) for the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources a vehicle for
1146	commute and official use;
1147	(d) for the commissioner of Public Safety:
1148	(i) an accidental death insurance policy if POST certified; and
1149	(ii) a public safety vehicle for official and personal use:

1150	(e) for the executive director of the Department of Corrections:
1151	(i) an accidental death insurance policy if POST certified; and
1152	(ii) a public safety vehicle for official and personal use;
1153	(f) for the adjutant general a vehicle for official and personal use; and
1154	(g) for each member of the Board of Pardons and Parole a vehicle for commute and
1155	official use.
1156	Section 8. Section <b>73-10-3</b> is amended to read:
1157	73-10-3. Organization of board.
1158	[(1)] The board shall elect a chair and one or more vice-chairs who shall be members of the
1159	board, and shall establish the board's own rules of organization and procedure.
1160	[(2) The board, with the approval of the executive director of the Department of Natural
1161	Resources and the governor, shall designate a representative who may be one of the
1162	board's members to represent the state in interstate conferences between the state and
1163	one or more sister states held for the purpose of entering into compacts between such
1164	states for the division of the waters of interstate rivers, lakes, or other sources of water
1165	supply, and to represent the state upon commissions or other governing bodies provided
1166	for by any compacts that have been or may hereafter be entered into between the state
1167	and one or more sister states. A compact may not become binding upon the state until
1168	the compact is ratified and approved by the Utah State Legislature and the legislatures of
1169	other states that are parties to the compact.]
1170	[(3) In acting as such representative of the state, the representative so acting shall act under
1171	the supervision of the governor, through the executive director of the Department of
1172	Natural Resources and of the Board of Water Resources. The director of the Division of
1173	Finance shall fix the salary to be paid to the representative while the representative is
1174	acting in this capacity.]
1175	[(4) The designee of the Water Resource Board shall continue to represent the state as
1176	outlined in Subsections (2) and (3) on waters in the state except for:]
1177	[(a) the Colorado River system which is governed by Title 63M, Chapter 14, Colorado
1178	River Authority of Utah Act; or]
1179	[(b) state representation under:]
1180	[(i) the Bear River Compact as provided in Section 73-16-4; or]
1181	[(ii) the Columbia Interstate Compact as provided in Section 73-19-9.]
1182	Section 9. Section <b>73-10-4</b> is amended to read:
1183	73-10-4. Powers and duties of board.

1184 (1) The board shall have the following powers and duties to:

(a) authorize studies, investigations, and plans for the ful

- (a) authorize studies, investigations, and plans for the full development, use, and promotion of the water and power resources of the state, including preliminary surveys, stream gauging, examinations, tests, and other estimates either separately or in consultation with federal, state and other agencies;
- (b) enter into contracts subject to the provisions of this chapter for the construction of conservation projects that in the opinion of the board will conserve and use for the best advantage of the people of this state the water and power resources of the state, including projects beyond the boundaries of the state of Utah located on interstate waters when the benefit of such projects accrues to the citizens of the state;
- (c) sue and be sued in accordance with applicable law;
- (d) [supervise in cooperation with the governor and the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources,] cooperate with the Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-602, in matters affecting interstate compact negotiations and the administration of the compacts affecting the waters of interstate rivers, lakes and other sources of supply, with the exception of:
  - (i) the waters of the Colorado River system that are governed by Title 63M, Chapter 14, Colorado River Authority of Utah Act; or
  - (ii) state representation under:
    - (A) the Bear River Compact as provided in Section 73-16-4; or
    - (B) the Columbia Interstate Compact as provided in Section 73-19-9;
- (e) contract with federal and other agencies and with the National Water Resources
  Association and to make studies, investigations and recommendations and do all
  other things on behalf of the state for any purpose that relates to the development,
  conservation, protection and control of the water and power resources of the state;
- (f) consult and advise with the Utah Water Users' Association and other organized water users' associations in the state;
- (g) consider and make recommendations on behalf of the state of reclamation projects or other water development projects for construction by any agency of the state or United States and in so doing recommend the order in which projects shall be undertaken; or
- (h) review, approve, and revoke an application to create a water bank under Chapter 31, Water Banking Act, collect an annual report, maintain the water banking website, and conduct any other function related to a water bank as described in Chapter 31, Water

1218		Banking Act.
1219	(2)	Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to impair or otherwise interfere
1220		with the authority of the state engineer granted by this title, except as specifically
1221		otherwise provided in this section.
1222		Section 10. Section <b>73-10-18</b> is amended to read:
1223		73-10-18 . Division of Water Resources Creation Power and authority.
1224	(1)	There is created the Division of Water Resources, which shall be within the Department
1225		of Natural Resources under the administration and general supervision of the executive
1226		director of the Department of Natural Resources and under the policy direction of the
1227		Board of Water Resources.
1228	(2)	Except for the waters of the Colorado River system that are governed by Title 63M,
1229		Chapter 14, Colorado River Authority of Utah Act, or state representation under the
1230		Bear River Compact or Columbia Interstate Compact, the Division of Water Resources
1231		shall:
1232		(a) be the water resource authority for the state; and
1233		(b) assume all of the functions, powers, duties, rights, and responsibilities of the Utah
1234		water and power board except those which are delegated to the board by this act and
1235		is vested with such other functions, powers, duties, rights and responsibilities as
1236		provided in this act and other law.
1237	<u>(3)</u>	Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the Utah water agent, appointed under Section
1238		73-10g-602, has authority over out-of-state negotiations related to water importation in
1239		accordance with Chapter 10g, Part 6, Utah Water Agent, except when limited by Section
1240		73-10g-603.
1241		Section 11. Section <b>73-10g-104</b> is amended to read:
1242		73-10g-104 . Authorized use of the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account.
1243		Money in the restricted account is to be used, subject to appropriation, for:
1244	(1)	the development of the state's undeveloped share of the Bear and Colorado rivers,
1245		pursuant to existing interstate compacts governing both rivers as described in Chapter
1246		26, Bear River Development Act, and Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development
1247		Act;
1248	(2)	repair, replacement, or improvement of federal water projects for local sponsors in the
1249		state when federal funds are not available;
1250	(3)	study and development of rules, criteria, targets, processes, and plans, as described in
1251		Subsection 73-10g-105(3); [and]

1252	(4) a project that benefits the Colorado River drainage in Utah, including projects for water
1253	reuse, desalinization, building of dams, or water conservation, if a county or
1254	municipality that benefits from the project:
1255	(a) requires a new residential subdivision follow the regional conservation level of .59
1256	acre-feet regardless of whether the outside water is potable, reuse, or secondary water;
1257	(b) adopts and implements the local water conservancy district's emergency drought
1258	contingency plan;
1259	(c) adopts and implements the local water conservancy district's grass rebate program's
1260	maximum grass restrictions;
1261	(d) prohibits grass in new retail, industrial, or commercial facility landscaping;
1262	(e) has reuse water be managed by the local water conservancy district;
1263	(f) does not withdraw water from an aquifer in excess of the safe yield of the aquifer as
1264	defined in Section 73-5-15;
1265	(g) adopts and implements excess water use surcharges;
1266	(h) prohibits private water features in new development, such as a fountain, pond, or ski
1267	lake; and
1268	(i) prohibits large grassy areas in new development, unless the large grassy area is open
1269	to the general public[-] ; and
1270	(5) a project recommended to the Legislature by the Water District Water Development
1271	Council, created in Section 11-13-228, for generational water infrastructure, as defined
1272	in Section 11-13-228.
1273	Section 12. Section <b>73-10g-601</b> is enacted to read:
1274	Part 6. Utah Water Agent
1275	<u>73-10g-601</u> . Definitions.
1276	As used in this part:
1277	(1) "Council" means the Water District Water Development Council created pursuant to
1278	Section 11-13-228.
1279	(2) "Division" means the Division of Water Resources.
1280	(3) "State or local entity" means:
1281	(a) a department, division, commission, agency, or other instrumentality of state
1282	government; or
1283	(b) a political subdivision or the political subdivision's instrumentalities.
1284	(4) "Water agent" means the Utah water agent appointed by the governor under Section

1285	73-10g-602.
1286	Section 13. Section <b>73-10g-602</b> is enacted to read:
1287	<u>73-10g-602</u> . Utah water agent.
1288	(1) (a) The governor shall appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, a resident
1289	of this state to be the Utah water agent.
1290	(b) The governor shall consult with the speaker of the House of Representatives and the
1291	president of the Senate before appointing the water agent.
1292	(c) The water agent is a state employee.
1293	(d) The governor may appoint an individual who is serving in an executive branch
1294	appointed position to be the water agent, and the individual may serve in both
1295	positions, except that the governor shall adjust the salary of the water agent to
1296	account for salary received for the executive branch appointed position.
1297	(2) The water agent shall serve a term of six years and may be appointed to more than one
1298	term, but is subject to removal at the pleasure of the governor.
1299	(3) If there is a vacancy in the position of water agent for any reason, the governor shall
1300	appoint a replacement using the same procedure as Subsection (1), including the
1301	requirement of the advice and consent of the Senate.
1302	(4) Subject to Subsection (1)(d), the governor shall establish the water agent's compensation
1303	within the salary range fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer
1304	Compensation.
1305	(5) (a) Upon appropriation by the Legislature, state money shall be used for the
1306	administration of this part, including paying the costs of:
1307	(i) subject to Subsection (5)(b), the water agent's administrative, office, and staff
1308	support; and
1309	(ii) reasonable travel expenses.
1310	(b) The water agent shall use office and staffing support provided under Subsection
1311	<u>11-13-228(2)(e).</u>
1312	Section 14. Section <b>73-10g-603</b> is enacted to read:
1313	73-10g-603. Powers and duties of water agent.
1314	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b) and in consultation with the speaker of the House of
1315	Representatives, president of the Senate, and governor, the water agent shall explore
1316	and negotiate with officials of other states, tribes, and other government entities
1317	regarding possible water importation projects, including:
1318	(i) for the citizens of Utah, representing the state concerning waters of out-of-state

1319	rivers, lakes, and other sources of supply of waters except when representation is
1320	otherwise provided in statute;
1321	(ii) identifying potential out-of-state water resources;
1322	(iii) working with the council and division to match the water resources described in
1323	Subsection (1)(a)(ii) to needs identified by the council or division;
1324	(iv) establishing a strategy to designate what out-of-state water resources to pursue
1325	and how to execute that strategy;
1326	(v) negotiating directly with out-of-state partners to execute the strategy described in
1327	Subsection (1)(a)(iv);
1328	(vi) represent the state in interstate conferences between the state and one or more
1329	sister states held for the purpose of entering into compacts between such states for
1330	the division of the waters of interstate rivers, lakes, or other sources of water
1331	supply, and to represent the state upon commissions or other governing bodies
1332	provided for by any compacts that have been or may be entered into between the
1333	state and one or more sister states, except that a compact is not binding on the
1334	state until the compact is ratified and approved by the Legislature and the
1335	legislatures of other states that are parties to the compact;
1336	(vii) recommending to the Legislature and to the council actions that may assist in the
1337	development of, strategies for, and execution of water importation projects; and
1338	(viii) annually reporting findings and recommendations to:
1339	(A) the governor;
1340	(B) the president of the Senate;
1341	(C) the speaker of the House of Representatives;
1342	(D) the Legislative Water Development Commission created in Section 73-27-102
1343	(E) the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee; and
1344	(F) the Board of Water Resources created in Section 73-10-1.5.
1345	(b) The water agent may not act under this section in relation to interests governed by
1346	interstate compacts in which Utah is a party, such as the 1922 and 1948 Colorado
1347	River Compacts and the 1980 Amended Bear River Compact.
1348	(2) The water agent shall consult and work with the council, state entities, the Colorado
1349	River Authority of Utah, and other bodies established by the state for interstate water
1350	negotiations.
1351	(3) Subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act,
1352	upon request of the water agent, a state or local entity shall provide to the water agent a

1353	document, report, or information available within the state or local entity.		
1354	(4) The water agent may negotiate with tribes in accordance with this section, except to the		
1355	extent that the water at issue comes from the Colorado River.		
1356	(5) This chapter may not be interpreted to override, substitute, or modify a water right		
1357	within the state or the role and authority of the state engineer.		
1358	Section 15. FY 2025 Appropriation.		
1359	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,		
1360	2024, and ending June 30, 2025. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated		
1361	for fiscal year 2025.		
1362	Subsection 15(a) Operating and Capital Budgets		
1363	Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, the		
1364	Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts		
1365	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.		
1366	ITEM 1 To Governor's Office - Utah Water Agent		
1367	From General Fund \$	51,000,000	
1368	From General Fund, One-time \$	3,000,000	
1369	Schedule of Programs:		
1370	Utah Water Agent \$4,000,000		
1371	The Legislature intends that the one-time appropriation in this bill of \$3,000,000 from		
1372	the General Fund not lapse at the close of Fiscal Year 2025.		
1373	Section 16. Effective date.		
1374	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.		