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1	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REVISIONS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5	House Sponsor: Cheryl K. Acton
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	Committee Note:
9	The Retirement and Independent Entities Interim Committee recommended this bill.
10	Legislative Vote: 10 voting for 0 voting against 5 absent
11	General Description:
12	This bill modifies the Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	<ul> <li>modifies a defined term referencing the Utah State Retirement Investment Fund to</li> </ul>
16	reflect the fund name;
17	<ul> <li>requires a participating employer to maintain records supporting certifications and</li> </ul>
18	reports regarding employee service credit;
19	<ul> <li>provides a participating employer's liability for failing to comply with contribution,</li> </ul>
20	record keeping, reporting, and certification requirements;
21	<ul> <li>provides a participating employer's maximum penalty for failing to make</li> </ul>
22	contributions, retain records, or correctly report or certify eligibility;
23	<ul> <li>requires, in an appeal, that the Utah State Retirement Board review a hearing</li> </ul>
24	officer's final judgment or decision;
25	<ul> <li>provides the work required by a public safety service employee or firefighter service</li> </ul>
26	employee;
27	<ul> <li>clarifies that a career retirement benefit awarded to a surviving spouse is in addition</li> </ul>

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28	to a death benefit; and
29	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
30	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
31	None
32	Other Special Clauses:
33	This bill provides a special effective date.
34	Utah Code Sections Affected:
35	AMENDS:
36	49-11-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 352
37	49-11-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141
38	49-11-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 10
39	49-11-613, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 37
40	49-12-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
41	49-13-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
42	49-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 171
43	49-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 171
44	49-16-102 (Superseded 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters
45	37, 59 and 139
46	49-16-102 (Effective 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 310
47	49-22-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
48	49-23-102 (Superseded 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 59
49	49-23-102 (Effective 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 310
50	49-23-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
51 52	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
53	Section 1. Section <b>49-11-306</b> is amended to read:
54	49-11-306. Definitions Scrutinized companies investment report Content
55	Reporting Exceptions.
56	(1) As used in this section:
57	(a) "Active business operations" means all business operations that are not inactive
58	business operations.

59 (b) (i) "Business operations" means investing, with actual knowledge on or after August 5, 1996, in Iran's petroleum sector which investment directly and significantly 60 61 contributes to the enhancement of Iran's ability to develop the petroleum resources of Iran. 62 (ii) "Business operations" does not include the retail sale of gasoline and related 63 consumer products. 64 (c) "Company" means any foreign sole proprietorship, organization, association, 65 corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited 66 liability company, or any other foreign entity or business association, including all 67 wholly-owned subsidiaries, majority-owned subsidiaries or parent companies or affiliates of these entities or business associations, that exists for the purpose of making a profit. 68 69 (d) (i) "Direct holdings" means all publicly traded equity securities of a company that 70 are held directly by the [public] investment fund or in an account or fund in which the [public] 71 investment fund owns all shares or interests. (ii) "Direct holdings" does not include publicly traded equity securities of a company 72 73 held as part of a passive indexing investment strategy. 74 (e) "Inactive business operations" means the continued holding or renewal of rights to property previously operated for the purpose of generating revenues but not presently deployed 75 76 for that purpose. 77 (f) "Investment fund" means the Utah State Retirement Investment Fund created in 78 Section 49-11-301. 79 [(f)] (g) "Iran" means the Islamic Republic of Iran.  $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$  (h) "Petroleum resources" means petroleum or natural gas. 80 81 [(h) "Public fund" means the Utah State Retirement Investment Fund created under 82 Section 49-11-301.] 83 (i) "Scrutinized business operations" means any active business operations that: 84 (i) are subject to or liable for sanctions under Public Law 104-172, the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996, as amended; and 85 86 (ii) involve the maintenance of: 87 (A) the company's existing assets or investments in Iran; or (B) the deployment of new investments to Iran that meet or exceed the threshold 88 89 referred to in Public Law 104-172, the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996, as amended.

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90	(j) "Scrutinized company" means any company engaging in scrutinized business
91	operations.
92	(2) (a) (i) The Utah State Retirement Office shall identify [those] the scrutinized
93	companies in which the [public] investment fund has direct holdings.
94	(ii) In making the determination, the board shall review and rely on publicly available
95	information regarding companies with business operations in Iran, including information
96	provided by nonprofit organizations, research firms, international organizations, and
97	government entities.
98	(b) The office shall assemble a list of all identified scrutinized companies.
99	(c) The office shall update the list, on an annual basis, with information provided and
100	received from those entities listed in Subsection (2)(a).
101	(3) The office shall prepare an annual report of [public] investment fund investments in
102	scrutinized companies.
103	(4) The report shall include amounts and other data and statistics designed to explain
104	the past and current extent to which public fund investments in scrutinized companies:
105	(a) are present; and
106	(b) are being prevented under Subsection (6).
107	(5) The report shall be provided to the governor, the board, the president of the Senate,
108	the speaker of the House of Representatives, and to each member and staff of the Retirement
109	and Independent Entities Committee created under Section 63E-1-201.
110	(6) [Beginning July 1, 2011, using] Using the most current list assembled under
111	Subsection (2), the office shall prevent the investment of [public] investment [funds] fund's
112	direct holdings in a scrutinized company:
113	(a) for [public] funds managed within the office, by not investing in direct holdings in a
114	scrutinized company; and
115	(b) for [public] funds managed by contract by a professional investment manager:
116	(i) for existing contracts, by requesting that no more direct holdings be acquired in a
117	scrutinized company; and
118	(ii) for future contracts, by stipulating in the contract that no new direct holdings be
119	acquired in a scrutinized company.
120	(7) The provisions of this section do not apply to:

121	(a) money invested in a defined contribution plan as defined under Section 49-11-102;
122	or
123	(b) investments in a company that is primarily engaged in:
124	(i) supplying goods or services intended to relieve human suffering in Iran; or
125	(ii) promoting health, education, religious, welfare, or journalistic activities in Iran.
126	Section 2. Section <b>49-11-602</b> is amended to read:
127	49-11-602. Participating employer to maintain records Time limit Penalties
128	for failure to comply.
129	(1) A participating employer shall:
130	(a) maintain records necessary to calculate benefits under this title and other records
131	necessary for proper administration of this title as required by the office; and
132	(b) maintain records that indicate whether an employee is receiving:
133	(i) a benefit under state or federal law that, under Subsection 49-12-102(1)(b)(vi) or
134	(vii), is excluded from the definition of benefits normally provided for purposes of Chapter 12,
135	Public Employees' Contributory Retirement Act, Chapter 13, Public Employees'
136	Noncontributory Retirement Act, or Chapter 22, New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory
137	Retirement Act; or
138	(ii) a benefit under a benefit package generally offered to similarly situated employees.
139	(2) A participating employer shall maintain all records necessary to support the
140	participating employer's reports and certifications required by Section 49-11-603.
141	[(2)] (3) A participating employer shall maintain the records required under
142	[Subsection (1)] Subsections (1) and (2) until the earliest of:
143	(a) three years after the date of retirement of the employee from a system or plan;
144	(b) three years after the date of death of the employee; or
145	(c) 65 years from the date of employment with the participating employer.
146	[(3)] (4) A participating employer shall be liable to the office for:
147	(a) any liabilities and expenses, including administrative expenses and the cost of
148	increased benefits to members, resulting from the participating employer's failure to maintain
149	records under this section; and
150	(b) a penalty equal to 1% of the participating employer's last month's contributions.
151	$\left[\frac{4}{2}\right]$ (5) The executive director may waive all or any part of the interest, penalties,

152	expenses, and fees if the executive director finds there were extenuating circumstances
153	surrounding the participating employer's failure to comply with this section.
154	[(5)] (6) The office may estimate the length of service, compensation, or age of any
155	member, if that information is not contained in the records.
156	[(6)] (7) (a) A participating employer shall enroll an employee, make reports, submit
157	contributions, and provide other requested information electronically in a manner approved by
158	the office.
159	(b) A participating employer shall treat any information provided electronically or
160	otherwise by the office as subject to the confidentiality provisions of this title.
161	Section 3. Section <b>49-11-604</b> is amended to read:
162	49-11-604. Office audits of participating employers Penalties for failure to
163	comply.
164	(1) (a) The office may perform an on-site compliance audit of a participating employer
165	to determine compliance with reporting, contribution, and certification requirements under this
166	title.
167	(b) The office or its independent auditor may perform an on-site compliance audit of a
168	participating employer or request records to be provided by the participating employer,
169	including records required to complete:
170	(i) audited financial statements;
171	(ii) schedules of employer allocations and pension reporting in accordance with
172	Governmental Accounting Standards Board statements; and
173	(iii) service organizational controls reports.
174	(c) The office may request records to be provided by the participating employer at the
175	time of the audit.
176	(d) Audits shall be conducted at the sole discretion of the office after reasonable notice
177	to the participating employer of at least five working days.
178	(e) The participating employer shall extract and provide records as requested by the
179	office in an appropriate, organized, and usable format.
180	(f) Failure of a participating employer to allow access, provide records, or comply in
181	any way with an office audit shall result in the participating employer being liable to the office
182	for:

183	(i) any liabilities and expenses, including administrative expenses and travel expenses,
184	resulting from the participating employer's failure to comply with the audit; and
185	(ii) a penalty equal to 1% of the participating employer's last month's contributions.
186	(2) If the audit reveals a participating employer's failure to make contributions as
187	required under Section 49-11-601, a failure to maintain records as required under Section
188	49-11-602, or a failure to correctly report or certify eligibility as required under Section
189	49-11-603, the participating employer shall [reimburse] be liable to the office for [the cost of
190	the audit.]:
191	(a) any liability or expense, including an administrative expense or the cost of
192	increased benefits to members, resulting from the participating employer's failure to fully
193	comply with the participating employer's reporting, contribution, certification, or record
194	keeping requirements under this title; and
195	(b) a penalty, not to exceed 50% of the participating employer's total contributions for
196	the time period of the error.
197	(3) If the audit reveals that an incorrect benefit has been paid by the office to a
198	member, participant, alternate payee, or beneficiary due to a participating employer's failure to
199	comply with the requirements of Section 49-11-601, 49-11-602, or 49-11-603, in addition to
200	the liabilities contained in Subsection (2), the participating employer shall be liable to the
201	office for the following:
202	(a) the actuarial cost of correcting the incorrect benefit; and
203	(b) administrative expenses.
204	(4) The executive director may waive all or any part of the interest, penalties, expenses,
205	and fees if the executive director finds there were extenuating circumstances surrounding the
206	participating employer's failure to comply with this section.
207	Section 4. Section <b>49-11-613</b> is amended to read:
208	49-11-613. Appeals procedure Right of appeal to hearing officer Board
209	reconsideration Judicial review Docketing abstract of final administrative order.
210	(1) (a) A member, retiree, participant, alternative payee, covered individual, employer,
211	participating employer, and covered employer shall inform themselves of their benefits, rights,
212	obligations, and employment rights under this title.
213	(b) Subject to Subsection (8), any dispute regarding a benefit, right, obligation, or

214 employment right under this title is subject to the procedures provided under this section.

(c) (i) A person who disputes a benefit, right, obligation, or employment right under
this title shall request a ruling by the executive director who may delegate the decision to the
deputy director.

(ii) A request for a ruling to the executive director under this section shall constitute
the initiation of an action for purposes of the limitations periods described in Section
49-11-613.5.

(d) A person who is dissatisfied by a ruling under Subsection (1)(c) with respect to any
benefit, right, obligation, or employment right under this title may request a review of that
claim by a hearing officer within the time period described in Section 49-11-613.5.

(e) (i) The executive director, on behalf of the board, may request that the hearing
officer review a dispute regarding any benefit, right, obligation, or employment right under this
title by filing a notice of board action and providing notice to all affected parties in accordance
with rules adopted by the board.

- (ii) The filing of a notice of board action shall constitute the initiation of an action forpurposes of the limitations periods described in Section 49-11-613.5.
- 230 (2) The hearing officer shall:

(a) be hired by the executive director after consultation with the board;

- (b) follow and enforce the procedures and requirements of:
- (i) this title;
- (ii) the rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10); and

(iii) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, except as specifically
modified under this title or the rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10);

(c) hear and determine all facts relevant to a decision, including facts pertaining to
applications for benefits under any system, plan, or program under this title and all matters
pertaining to the administration of the office; and

(d) make conclusions of law in determining the person's rights under any system, plan,or program under this title and matters pertaining to the administration of the office.

(3) The board shall review and approve or deny all [decisions] final orders and
judgments of the hearing officer in accordance with rules adopted by the board in accordance
with Subsection (10).

245	(4) The moving party in any proceeding brought under this section shall bear the
246	burden of proof.
247	(5) A party may file an application for reconsideration by the board upon any of the
248	following grounds:
249	(a) that the board acted in excess of the board's powers;
250	(b) that the order or the award was procured by fraud;
251	(c) that the evidence does not justify the determination of the hearing officer; or
252	(d) that the party has discovered new material evidence that could not, with reasonable
253	diligence, have been discovered or procured prior to the hearing.
254	(6) The board shall affirm, reverse, or modify the [decision] final order or judgment of
255	the hearing officer, or remand the application to the hearing officer for further consideration.
256	(7) A party aggrieved by the board's final decision under Subsection (6) may obtain
257	judicial review by complying with the procedures and requirements of:
258	(a) this title;
259	(b) rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10); and
260	(c) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, except as specifically
261	modified under this title or the rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10).
262	(8) The program shall provide an appeals process for medical claims that complies
263	with federal law.
264	(9) (a) (i) Any interested party may file, in a district court of any county in the state, an
265	abstract of a final administrative order approved by the board in accordance with this section.
266	(ii) Upon receiving the filing of an abstract, the clerk of the district court shall:
267	(A) docket the abstract; and
268	(B) note the date of the abstract's receipt on the abstract and in the docket.
269	(b) (i) From the day on which an interested party files the abstract with a district court,
270	the final administrative order approved by the board is a lien upon the real property of the
271	obligor situated in that county.
272	(ii) Unless satisfied, the lien is for a period of eight years after the day on which the
273	board approves the final administrative order.
274	(c) The final administrative order approved by the board fixing the liability of the
275	obligor has the same effect as any other money judgment entered by a district court.

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276 (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(d)(ii), an attachment, a garnishment, or an 277 execution on a judgment included in or accruing under a final administrative order approved by 278 the board and filed and docketed in accordance with Subsection (9)(a) has the same manner and same effect as an attachment, a garnishment, or an execution on a judgment of a district 279 280 court. 281 (ii) A writ of garnishment on earnings continues to operate, and to require the 282 garnishee to withhold the nonexempt portion of earnings at each succeeding earnings 283 disbursement interval, until the office or a court releases the writ of garnishment in writing. 284 (e) The lien and enforcement remedies provided by this section are in addition to any 285 other lien or remedy provided by law. 286 (f) A party may bring an action upon a final administrative order approved by the board 287 within eight years after the day on which the board approves the final administrative order. 288 (g) A final administrative order may be renewed administratively by complying with 289 the procedures and requirements provided in rule adopted by the board in accordance with 290 Subsection (10). 291 (10) (a) The board shall make rules to implement this section and to establish 292 procedures and requirements for adjudicative proceedings. 293 (b) The rules shall be substantially similar to or incorporate provisions of the Utah 294 Rules of Civil Procedure, the Utah Rules of Evidence, and Title 63G, Chapter 4, 295 Administrative Procedures Act. 296 Section 5. Section **49-12-405** is amended to read: 297 49-12-405. Death of married member -- Service retirement benefits to surviving 298 spouse. 299 (1) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse, the deceased member is 300 considered to have retired under Option Three on the first day of the month following the 301 month in which the member died if the following requirements are met: 302 (a) the member has: 303 (i) 25 or more years of service credit; 304 (ii) attained age 60 with 20 or more years of service credit; 305 (iii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or 306 (iv) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and

307	(b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse.
308	(2) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in
309	writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month:
310	(a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the
311	office within 90 days of the member's death; or
312	(b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the
313	application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death.
314	(3) The Option Three benefit calculation, when there are 25 or more years of service
315	credit, shall be calculated without a reduction in allowance under Section 49-12-402.
316	(4) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order
317	benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section
318	49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to
319	be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit.
320	(5) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section
321	are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any payments made under Section
322	49-12-501 [and constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any
323	other beneficiary filing claim for benefits under Section 49-12-501].
324	(b) Payments made under this section and Section <u>49-12-501</u> shall constitute a full and
325	final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary.
326	(6) If the death benefits under this section are partitioned among more than one
327	surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the
328	member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the
329	surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one surviving
330	spouse under this section.
331	Section 6. Section <b>49-13-405</b> is amended to read:
332	49-13-405. Death of married members Service retirement benefits to surviving
333	spouse.
334	(1) As used in this section, "member's full allowance" means an Option Three
335	allowance calculated under Section 49-13-402 without an actuarial reduction.
336	(2) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse, the deceased member is
337	considered to have retired under Option Three on the first day of the month following the

338	month in which the member died if the following requirements are met:
339	(a) the member has:
340	(i) 15 or more years of service credit;
341	(ii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or
342	(iii) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and
343	(b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse.
344	(3) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in
345	writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month:
346	(a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the
347	office within 90 days of the member's death; or
348	(b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the
349	application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death.
350	(4) The allowance payable to a surviving spouse under Subsection (2) is:
351	(a) if the member has 25 or more years of service credit at the time of death, the
352	surviving spouse shall receive the member's full allowance;
353	(b) if the member has between 20-24 years of service credit and is not age 60 or older
354	at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive two-thirds of the member's full
355	allowance;
356	(c) if the member has between 15-19 years of service credit and is not age 62 or older
357	at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive one-third of the member's full
358	allowance; or
359	(d) if the member is age 60 or older with 20 or more years of service credit, age 62 or
360	older with 10 or more years of service credit, or age 65 or older with four or more years of
361	service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an Option Three benefit
362	with actuarial reductions.
363	(5) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order
364	benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section
365	49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to
366	be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit.
367	(6) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section
368	are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any other payments made under Section

369	49-13-501 [and shall constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse
370	or any other beneficiary filing a claim for benefits under Section 49-13-501].
371	(b) Payments made under this section and Section 49-13-501 shall constitute a full and
372	final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary.
373	(7) If the death benefits under this section are partitioned among more than one
374	surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the
375	member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the
376	surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one surviving
377	spouse under this section.
378	Section 7. Section <b>49-14-102</b> is amended to read:
379	49-14-102. Definitions.
380	As used in this chapter:
381	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
382	gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly
383	scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled
384	work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions
385	or any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral
386	or other benefits authorized by federal law.
387	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
388	adjustments.
389	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
390	(i) overtime;
391	(ii) sick pay incentives;
392	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
393	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence, use of
394	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
395	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
396	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
397	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
398	a member or participant.
399	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed

400 under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).

- 401 (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
- 402 (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
- 403 three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(b), (c), and404 (d).
- 405 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the percentage increase in annual
  406 compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
  407 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
- 408 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
- 409 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- 410 (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the411 office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
- 412 (i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
- 413 (ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
- (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a
  period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of
  service credit in accordance with Subsection (10).

417 (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:

- 418 (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety419 service employee; or
- (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
  training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
  employee.
- 423 (b)

(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:

- 424 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
  425 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
- 426 administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
- 427
- (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
- 428 (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
- 429 nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
- 430 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a).

431	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation
432	requirements of Section 49-14-201.
433	(6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
434	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described
435	in Subsection (6)(d) rendered by a member who is:
436	(i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
437	(ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
438	(iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-14-201 and
439	53-13-105;
440	(iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303;
441	(v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
442	77-27-2;
443	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
444	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
445	(b) Except for a position described in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
446	safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal
447	safety is at risk.
448	(c) Except for the minimum hour requirement, Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply
449	to any person who was eligible for service credit in this system before January 1, 1984.
450	(d) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:
451	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
452	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
453	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
454	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
455	(7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
456	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
457	(8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
458	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
459	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
460	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
461	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.

462 (9) "System" means the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System created under463 this chapter.

464 (10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
465 months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety
466 service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety
467 service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.

- 468 Section 8. Section **49-15-102** is amended to read:
- 469

### 49-15-102. Definitions.

470 As used in this chapter:

(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly
scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled
work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the
public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits
authorized by federal law.

- 477 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living478 adjustments.
- 479 (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 480 (i) overtime;
- 481 (ii) sick pay incentives;
- 482 (iii) retirement pay incentives;
- 483 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of484 equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
- 485 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
- (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
  other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
  a member or participant.
- (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowedunder Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
- 491
- (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
- 492

(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest

493	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(b), (c), and
494	(d).
495	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the percentage increase in annual
496	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
497	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
498	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
499	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
500	(c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
501	office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
502	(i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
503	(ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
504	(d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a
505	period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of
506	service credit in accordance with Subsection (10).
507	(4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
508	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
509	service employee; or
510	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
511	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
512	employee.
513	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
514	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
515	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
516	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
517	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
518	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
519	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
520	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a).
521	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation
522	requirements of Section 49-15-201.
523	(6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of

524	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described
525	in Subsection (6)(c) rendered by a member who is:
526	(i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
527	(ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
528	(iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
529	53-13-105;
530	(iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303;
531	(v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
532	77-27-2;
533	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
534	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
535	(b) Except for a position described in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
536	safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal
537	safety is at risk.
538	(c) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:
539	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
540	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
541	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
542	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
543	(7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
544	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
545	(8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
546	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
547	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
548	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
549	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
550	(9) "System" means the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System created
551	under this chapter.
552	(10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
553	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety
554	service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety

555 service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty. 556 Section 9. Section 49-16-102 (Superseded 07/01/24) is amended to read: 557 49-16-102 (Superseded 07/01/24). Definitions. 558 As used in this chapter: 559 (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as 560 gross income received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled 561 562 work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions 563 or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or 564 other benefits authorized by federal law. (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living 565 adjustments. 566 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 567 568 (i) overtime; 569 (ii) sick pay incentives; 570 (iii) retirement pay incentives: 571 (iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel, 572 or similar payments; 573 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and 574 (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any 575 other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of 576 a member or participant. 577 (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed 578 under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code. 579 (2) (a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment, 580 whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service. 581 (b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability as defined 582 583 under Subsection (2)(a). 584 (3) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who: 585 (a) is:

586	(i) a paramedic;
587	(ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or
588	(iii) an emergency medical services technician;
589	(b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 26B-4-116; and
590	(c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.
591	(4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
592	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (4)(b), (c), and
593	(d).
594	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), the percentage increase in annual
595	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
596	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
597	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
598	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
599	(c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
600	office the limitation in Subsection (4)(b) may be exceeded if:
601	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
602	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
603	(d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a
604	period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of
605	service credit in accordance with Subsection (14).
606	(5) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
607	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described
608	in Subsection (5)(c) rendered by a member who is:
609	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
610	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
611	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
612	marshal; or
613	(iii) an emergency medical service personnel.
614	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
615	(c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position:
616	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating

617	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
618	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
619	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
620	(6) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
621	who provides firefighter service under this chapter.
622	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
623	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.
624	(7) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from:
625	(i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or
626	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
627	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
628	employee.
629	(b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that:
630	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
631	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
632	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
633	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
634	(iii) occurs when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether
635	prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or
636	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (7)(a).
637	(c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid
638	firefighter resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid
639	firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit.
640	(8) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or
641	illness that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and that is based on accepted
642	objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints.
643	(9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation
644	requirements of Section 49-16-201.
645	(10) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a
646	fire chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid
647	employment per year.

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648	(11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
649	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
650	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
651	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
652	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
653	(12) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.
654	(13) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as
655	a firefighter service employee, but who:
656	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
657	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
658	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides
659	ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
660	(b) "Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who volunteers assistance but
661	does not meet the requirements of Subsection (13)(a).
662	(14) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
663	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter
664	service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on
665	sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the
666	United States on military duty.
667	Section 10. Section 49-16-102 (Effective 07/01/24) is amended to read:
668	49-16-102 (Effective 07/01/24). Definitions.
669	As used in this chapter:
670	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as
671	gross income received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly
672	scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled
673	work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions
674	or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or
675	other benefits authorized by federal law.
676	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
677	adjustments.

678 (c) "Compensation" does not include:

679	(i) overtime;
680	(ii) sick pay incentives;
681	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
682	(iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel,
683	or similar payments;
684	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
685	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
686	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
687	a member or participant.
688	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
689	under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
690	(2) (a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment,
691	whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service.
692	(b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards
693	or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability as defined
694	under Subsection (2)(a).
695	(3) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:
696	(a) is:
697	(i) a paramedic;
698	(ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or
699	(iii) an emergency medical services technician;
700	(b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 53-2d-402; and
701	(c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.
702	(4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
703	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (4)(b), (c), and
704	(d).
705	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), the percentage increase in annual
706	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
707	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
708	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
709	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

710	(c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
711	office the limitation in Subsection (4)(b) may be exceeded if:
712	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
713	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
714	(d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a
715	period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of
716	service credit in accordance with Subsection (14).
717	(5) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
718	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described
719	in Subsection (5)(c) rendered by a member who is:
720	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
721	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
722	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
723	marshal; or
724	(iii) an emergency medical service personnel.
725	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
726	(c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position:
727	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
728	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
729	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
730	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
731	(6) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
732	who provides firefighter service under this chapter.
733	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
734	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.
735	(7) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from:
736	(i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or
737	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
738	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
739	employee.
740	(b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that:

741 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service 742 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, 743 administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;

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(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee:

745 (iii) occurs when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether 746 prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or

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(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (7)(a).

(c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid 748 749 firefighter resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid 750 firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit.

751 (8) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or 752 illness that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and that is based on accepted 753 objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints.

754 (9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation 755 requirements of Section 49-16-201.

756 (10) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a 757 fire chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid 758 employment per vear.

759 (11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or 760 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service, 761 physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.

(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned 762 763 and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.

764

(12) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.

765 (13) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as 766 a firefighter service employee, but who:

767 (i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;

768 (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and

769 (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides 770 ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.

771

(b) "Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who volunteers assistance but

772	does not meet the requirements of Subsection (13)(a).
773	(14) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
774	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter
775	service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on
776	sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the
777	United States on military duty.
778	Section 11. Section 49-22-502 is amended to read:
779	49-22-502. Death of married members Service retirement benefits to surviving
780	spouse.
781	(1) As used in this section, "member's full allowance" means an Option Three
782	allowance calculated under Section 49-22-305 without an actuarial reduction.
783	(2) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse, the deceased member is
784	considered to have retired under Option Three on the first day of the month following the
785	month in which the member died if the following requirements are met:
786	(a) the member has:
787	(i) 15 or more years of service credit;
788	(ii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or
789	(iii) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and
790	(b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse.
791	(3) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in
792	writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month:
793	(a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the
794	office within 90 days of the member's death; or
795	(b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the
796	application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death.
797	(4) The allowance payable to a surviving spouse under Subsection (2) is as follows:
798	(a) if the member has 25 or more years of service credit at the time of death, the
799	surviving spouse shall receive the member's full allowance;
800	(b) if the member has between 20-24 years of service credit and is not age 60 or older
801	at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive 2/3 of the member's full allowance;
802	(c) if the member has between 15-19 years of service credit and is not age 62 or older

at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive 1/3 of the member's full allowance; or

- (d) if the member is age 60 or older with 20 or more years of service credit, age 62 or
  older with 10 or more years of service credit, or age 65 or older with four or more years of
  service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an Option Three benefit
  with actuarial reductions.
- (5) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order
  benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section
  49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to
  be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit.

(6) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section
are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any other payments made under Section
49-22-501 [and shall constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse
or any other beneficiary filing a claim for benefits under Section 49-22-501].

816 (b) Payments made under this section and Section 49-22-501 shall constitute a full and
 817 final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary.

- (7) If the death benefits under this section are partitioned among more than one
  surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the
  member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the
  surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one surviving
  spouse under this section.
- 823

Section 12. Section 49-23-102 (Superseded 07/01/24) is amended to read:

824 **49-23-102 (Superseded 07/01/24). Definitions.** 

825 As used in this chapter:

(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as
base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall
establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the
deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee
authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living

833 adjustments.

834	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
835	(i) overtime;
836	(ii) sick pay incentives;
837	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
838	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of
839	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
840	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
841	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
842	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
843	a member or participant.
844	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
845	under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
846	(2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered
847	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
848	(3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
849	(4) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:
850	(a) is:
851	(i) a paramedic;
852	(ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or
853	(iii) an emergency medical services technician;
854	(b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 26B-4-116; and
855	(c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.
856	(5) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
857	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (5)(b), (c), (d),
858	(e), and (f).
859	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the percentage increase in annual
860	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
861	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
862	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
863	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
864	(c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the

865	office, the limitation in Subsection (5)(b) may be exceeded if:
866	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
867	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
868	(d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
869	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
870	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
871	of computing the member's final average salary only.
872	(e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average
873	salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of
874	service credit.
875	(f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a
876	period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of
877	service credit in accordance with Subsection (15).
878	(6) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
879	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of
880	Subsection (6)(c) rendered by a member who is:
881	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
882	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
883	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
884	marshal;
885	(iii) a firefighter service employee who is:
886	(A) hired on or after July 1, 2021;
887	(B) trained in firefighter techniques;
888	(C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and
889	(D) employed by the state as a participating employer; or
890	(iv) an emergency medical service personnel.
891	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
892	(c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position:
893	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
894	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
895	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and

896	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
897	(7) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
898	who provides firefighter service under this chapter.
899	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
900	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.
901	(8) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
902	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
903	service or firefighter service employee; or
904	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
905	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or
906	firefighter service employee.
907	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
907 908	
	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
909 010	or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity
910	that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
911	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
912	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
913	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
914	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (8)(a).
915	(9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation
916	requirements of:
917	(a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
918	(b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;
919	(c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
920	(d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.
921	(10) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
922	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of
923	Subsection (10)(c) rendered by a member who is:
924	(i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
925	(ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
926	(iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and

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927	53-13-105;
928	(iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303;
929	(v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
930	77-27-2;
931	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
932	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
933	(b) Except for a position described in Subsection (10)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
934	safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal
935	safety is at risk.
936	(c) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:
937	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
938	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
939	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
940	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
941	(11) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
942	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
943	(12) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
944	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
945	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
946	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
947	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
948	(13) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
949	Retirement System created under this chapter.
950	(14) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as
951	a firefighter service employee, but who:
952	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
953	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
954	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides
955	ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
956	(b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
957	Subsection (14)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.

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958 (15) "Years of service credit" means: 959 (a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or 960 (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a 961 regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time 962 the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating 963 employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as 964 provided by this chapter. 965 Section 13. Section 49-23-102 (Effective 07/01/24) is amended to read: 966 49-23-102 (Effective 07/01/24). Definitions. 967 As used in this chapter: 968 (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in 969 gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as 970 base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall 971 establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the 972 deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee 973 authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law. 974 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living 975 adjustments. 976 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 977 (i) overtime: 978 (ii) sick pay incentives; 979 (iii) retirement pay incentives: 980 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of 981 equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments; 982 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and 983 (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any 984 other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of 985 a member or participant. 986 (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed 987 under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code. 988 (2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered

989	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
990	(3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section $53-6-102$ .
991	(4) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:
992	(a) is:
993	(i) a paramedic;
994	(ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or
995	(iii) an emergency medical services technician;
996	(b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 53-2d-402; and
997	(c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.
998	(5) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
999	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (5)(b), (c), (d),
1000	(e), and (f).
1001	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the percentage increase in annual
1002	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
1003	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
1004	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
1005	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
1006	(c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
1007	office, the limitation in Subsection (5)(b) may be exceeded if:
1008	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
1009	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
1010	(d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
1011	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
1012	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
1013	of computing the member's final average salary only.
1014	(e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average
1015	salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of
1016	service credit.
1017	(f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a
1018	period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of
1019	service credit in accordance with Subsection (15).

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1020	(6) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
1021	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of
1022	Subsection (6)(c) rendered by a member who is:
1023	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
1024	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
1025	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
1026	marshal;
1027	(iii) a firefighter service employee who is:
1028	(A) hired on or after July 1, 2021;
1029	(B) trained in firefighter techniques;
1030	(C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and
1031	(D) employed by the state as a participating employer; or
1032	(iv) an emergency medical service personnel.
1033	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
1034	(c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position:
1035	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
1036	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
1037	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
1038	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
1039	(7) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1040	who provides firefighter service under this chapter.
1041	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
1042	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.
1043	(8) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
1044	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
1045	service or firefighter service employee; or
1046	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
1047	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or
1048	firefighter service employee.
1049	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
1050	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service

1051	or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity
1052	that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
1053	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
1054	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
1055	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
1056	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (8)(a).
1057	(9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation
1058	requirements of:
1059	(a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
1060	(b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;
1061	(c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
1062	(d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.
1063	(10) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
1064	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of
1065	Subsection (10)(c) rendered by a member who is:
1066	(i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
1067	(ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
1068	(iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
1069	53-13-105;
1070	(iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303;
1071	(v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
1072	77-27-2;
1073	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
1074	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
1075	(b) Except for a position described in Subsection (10)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
1076	safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal
1077	safety is at risk.
1078	(c) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:
1079	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
1080	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
1081	normal duties and responsibilities of the nosition; and

1081 normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and

1082	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
1083	(11) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1084	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
1085	(12) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
1086	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
1087	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
1088	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
1089	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
1090	(13) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
1091	Retirement System created under this chapter.
1092	(14) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as
1093	a firefighter service employee, but who:
1094	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
1095	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
1096	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides
1097	ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
1098	(b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
1099	Subsection (14)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.
1100	(15) "Years of service credit" means:
1101	(a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or
1102	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
1103	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
1104	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
1105	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
1106	provided by this chapter.
1107	Section 14. Section <b>49-23-502</b> is amended to read:
1108	49-23-502. Death of married members Service retirement benefits to surviving
1109	spouse.
1110	(1) As used in this section, "member's full allowance" means an Option Three
1111	allowance calculated under Section 49-23-304 without an actuarial reduction.
1112	(2) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse at the time of the

- 12-22-23 1:39 PM 1113 member's death, the deceased member is considered to have retired under Option Three on the 1114 first day of the month following the month in which the member died if the following 1115 requirements are met: 1116 (a) the member has: 1117 (i) 15 or more years of service credit; 1118 (ii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or 1119 (iii) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and 1120 (b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse. 1121 (3) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in 1122 writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month: 1123 (a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the 1124 office within 90 days of the member's death; or 1125 (b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the 1126 application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death. 1127 (4) The allowance payable to a surviving spouse under Subsection (2) is: 1128 (a) if the member has 25 or more years of service credit at the time of death, the 1129 surviving spouse shall receive the member's full allowance; 1130 (b) if the member has between 20-24 years of service credit and is not age 60 or older 1131 at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive two-thirds of the member's full 1132 allowance; 1133 (c) if the member has between 15-19 years of service credit and is not age 62 or older 1134 at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive one-third of the member's full 1135 allowance; or 1136 (d) if the member is age 60 or older with 20 or more years of service credit, age 62 or older with 10 or more years of service credit, or age 65 or older with four or more years of 1137 1138 service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an Option Three benefit 1139 with actuarial reductions. 1140 (5) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order 1141 benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section 1142 49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to
- 1143 be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit.

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- 1144 (6) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section 1145 are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any other payments made under Section 49-23-501 [and shall constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse 1146 or any other beneficiary filing a claim for benefits under Section 49-23-501]. 1147 1148 (b) Payments made under this section and Section 49-23-501 shall constitute a full and 1149 final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary. (7) If the death benefits under this section or Section 49-23-503 are partitioned among 1150 1151 more than one surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office 1152 before the member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one 1153 1154 surviving spouse under this section. 1155 Section 15. Effective date. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 1, 2024. 1156 1157 (2) The actions affecting Sections 49-16-102 (Effective 07/01/24) and 49-23-102
- 1158 (Effective 07/01/24) take effect on July 1, 2024.