ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SCHOLARSHIP COMBINATION
2024 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
House Sponsor: Candice B. Pierucci
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Education Interim Committee recommended this bill.
Legislative Vote: 11 voting for 0 voting against 9 absent
General Description:
This bill combines the Carson Smith Scholarship and Special Needs Opportunity
Scholarship Programs.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 renames the Special Needs Opportunity Scholarship program;
 allows for home school students and preschool aged students to receive a
scholarship;
 adds expenses with a qualifying provider to allowable scholarship expenses;
 provides regulatory autonomy for a qualifying school, qualifying provider, and
home-school student;
 allows scholarships to be used for services from eligible service providers and
establishes an approval process;
 requires the Utah State Board of Education to notify participants of termination of
the current Carson Smith Scholarship Program;
 phases out new applications and extensions for the Carson Smith Scholarship
Program after the 2023-2024 school year; and



```
28
             makes technical changes.
29
      Money Appropriated in this Bill:
30
             None
31
      Other Special Clauses:
32
             This bill provides a special effective date.
33
      Utah Code Sections Affected:
34
      AMENDS:
35
             53E-1-202.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
36
             53E-7-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 190
37
             53E-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 190 and last amended by
38
      Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 190
39
             53E-7-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
40
             53E-7-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
41
             53E-7-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 190, 353
42
             53E-7-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
             53E-7-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
43
44
             53E-7-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 353
45
             53E-7-410, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
             53F-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
46
47
             53F-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
48
             53F-6-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 1
49
             59-7-109.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 3
50
             59-7-625, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
51
             59-10-1041, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 262
52
             631-2-253 (Superseded 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 7,
53
      21, 33, 142, 167, 168, 380, 383, and 467
54
             631-2-253 (Effective 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 7, 21,
55
      33, 142, 167, 168, 310, 380, 383, and 467
56
             63I-2-267, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 139, 530
57
             67-3-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 330, 353, and 480
58
      ENACTS:
```

53E-7-408.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53E-1-202.1 is amended to read:
53E-1-202.1. Report to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee on
the Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program.
(1) Beginning in 2021, the State Board of Education shall, in accordance with Section
68-3-14, annually submit the report described in Section 53E-7-404 to the Public Education
Appropriations Subcommittee.
(2) This section supersedes any conflicting provisions of Utah law.
Section 2. Section 53E-7-401 is amended to read:
53E-7-401. Definitions.
As used in this part:
(1) "The Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program" or "program" means the
program established in Section 53E-7-402.
(2) "Eligible student" means:
(a) a student who:
(i) is <u>:</u>
(A) eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten or grades 1 through 12;
(B) has enrolled in a qualified private school as defined in Subsection (11);
(C) is a home-based scholarship student as defined in Subsection (6); or
(D) at least three years old before September 2 of the year the scholarship is awarded;
(ii) is a resident of the state;
(iii) has a qualified disability identified under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 140(3) as determined by:
(A) having an IEP within the previous three years; or
(B) a multidisciplinary team evaluation described in Subsection (7); and
[(A) has an IEP; or]
[(B) is determined by a multidisciplinary evaluation team to be eligible for services
under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1401(3); and]
(iv) during the school year for which the student is applying for the scholarship, is not:
(A) a student who receives a scholarship under the Carson Smith Scholarship Program

90	created in Section 53F-4-302; or
91	(B) enrolled as a public school student; or
92	(b) a student who:
93	(i) meets the requirement of Subsections [(1)(a)(i) and (ii)] (2)(a)(i) and (ii); and
94	(ii) is a sibling of and resides in the same household as a student described in
95	Subsection $\left[\frac{(1)(a)}{(2)(a)}\right]$ if:
96	(A) the student described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(a)}{2}]$ (2)(a) is a scholarship student and has
97	verified enrollment or intent to enroll at a qualifying school or participate in services provided
98	by a qualifying provider; and
99	(B) the sibling is applying for a scholarship to attend the same qualifying school or
100	participate in the same services provided by a qualifying provider.
101	[(2)] (a) "Employee" means an individual working in a position in which the
102	individual's salary, wages, pay, or compensation, including as a contractor, is paid from:
103	(i) program donations to a scholarship granting organization; or
104	(ii) scholarship money allocated to a qualifying school or qualifying provider by a
105	scholarship granting organization under Section 53E-7-405.
106	(b) "Employee" does not include an individual who volunteers at the scholarship
107	granting organization, [or] qualifying school, or qualifying provider.
108	[(3)] (4) "Family income" means the annual income of the parent, parents, legal
109	guardian, or legal guardians with whom a scholarship student lives.
110	[4] (5) "Federal poverty level" means the poverty level as defined by the most
111	recently revised poverty income guidelines published by the United States Department of
112	Health and Human Services in the Federal Register.
113	[(5)] (6) "Home-based scholarship student" means a student who:
114	(a) is eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten or grades 1 through 12;
115	(b) is excused from enrollment in an LEA in accordance with Section 53G-6-204 to
116	attend a home school; and
117	(c) receives a benefit from a scholarship under the program.
118	(7) "Multidisciplinary evaluation team" means two or more individuals:
119	(a) who are qualified in two or more separate disciplines or professions; and
120	(b) who evaluate a child.

121	[(6)] <u>(8)</u> "Officer" means:
122	(a) a member of the board of a scholarship granting organization, [or] qualifying
123	school, or qualifying provider; or
124	(b) the chief administrative officer of a scholarship granting organization, [or]
125	qualifying school, or qualifying provider.
126	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> "Program donation" means a donation to the program under Section
127	53E-7-405.
128	[(8)] (10) "Qualifying provider" means:
129	(a) an entity that:
130	(i) is not a public school and is autonomous and not an agent of the state, in accordance
131	with Section 53E-7-406; and
132	(ii) meets the requirement described in Section 53E-7-403; and
133	(b) is an eligible service provider approved by the scholarship granting organization in
134	accordance with Section 53E-7-408.5.
135	(11) "Qualifying school" means a private school that:
136	(a) provides kindergarten, elementary, or secondary education;
137	(b) is approved by the state board under Section 53E-7-408; and
138	(c) meets the requirements described in Section 53E-7-403.
139	[(9)] (12) "Relative" means a father, mother, husband, wife, son, daughter, sister,
140	brother, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law,
141	sister-in-law, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law.
142	[(10)] (13) "Scholarship" means a grant awarded to an eligible student:
143	(a) by a scholarship granting organization out of program donations; and
144	(b) for the purpose of paying for a scholarship expense.
145	[(11)] (14) "Scholarship expense" means an expense that a parent or eligible student
146	incurs in the education of the eligible student for goods or a service that a qualifying school or
147	qualifying provider provides or facilitates, including:
148	(a) <u>published</u> tuition and fees of a qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> ;
149	(b) fees and instructional materials at a technical college;
150	(c) tutoring services;
151	(d) fees for after-school or summer education programs;

152	(e) textbooks, curricula, or other instructional materials, including any supplemental
153	materials or associated online instruction that a curriculum, qualifying provider, or a qualifying
154	school recommends;
155	(f) educational software and applications;
156	(g) supplies or other equipment related to an eligible student's educational needs;
157	(h) computer hardware or other technological devices that are intended primarily for an
158	eligible student's educational needs;
159	(i) fees for the following examinations, or for a preparation course for the following
160	examinations, that the scholarship granting organization approves:
161	(i) a national norm-referenced or standardized assessment described in Section
162	53F-6-410, an advanced placement examination, or another similar assessment;
163	(ii) a state-recognized industry certification examination; and
164	(iii) an examination related to college or university admission;
165	(j) educational services for students with disabilities from a licensed or accredited
166	practitioner or provider, including occupational, behavioral, physical, audiology, or
167	speech-language therapies;
168	(k) contracted services that the scholarship granting organization approves and that an
169	LEA provides, including individual classes, after-school tutoring services, transportation, or
170	fees or costs associated with participation in extracurricular activities;
171	(1) ride fees or fares for a fee-for-service transportation provider to transport the
172	eligible student to and from a qualifying school or qualifying provider, not to exceed \$750 in a
173	given school year;
174	(m) expenses related to extracurricular activities, field trips, educational supplements,
175	and other educational experiences; or
176	(n) the scholarship granting organization approves in accordance with Subsection
177	53E-7-405(3).
178	$\left[\frac{(12)}{(15)}\right]$ "Scholarship granting organization" means an organization that is:
179	(a) qualified as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
180	(b) recognized through an agreement with the state board as a scholarship granting
181	organization, as described in Section 53E-7-404.
182	[(13)] (16) "Scholarship student" means an eligible student, including a home-based

scholarship student, who receives a scholarship under this part.
 [(14) "Special Needs Opportunity Scholarship Program" or "program" means the

program established in Section 53E-7-402.

[(15)] (17) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the amount established each year in the enacted public education budget that is multiplied by the number of weighted pupil units to yield the funding level for the basic state-supported school program.

Section 3. Section **53E-7-402** is amended to read:

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

53E-7-402. Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program.

- (1) There is established the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program under which a parent may apply to a scholarship granting organization on behalf of the parent's student for a scholarship to help cover the cost of a scholarship expense.
- (2) (a) A scholarship granting organization shall award, in accordance with this part, scholarships to eligible students.
- (b) In awarding scholarships, a scholarship granting organization shall give priority to an eligible student described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a) by:
- (i) establishing an August 10 deadline for an eligible student described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(b) to apply for a scholarship; and
- (ii) awarding a scholarship to an eligible student described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(b) only if funds exist after awarding scholarships to all eligible students described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a) who have applied and qualify.
- (c) Subject to available funds, a scholarship awarded to an eligible student described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(b) shall be for a similar term as a scholarship awarded to the eligible student's sibling.
- (3) A scholarship granting organization shall determine a full-year scholarship award to pay for the cost of one or more scholarship expenses in an amount not more than:
 - (a) for an eligible student described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a) who is:
 - (i) in kindergarten through grade 12 and whose family income is:
- 210 (A) at or below 185% of the federal poverty level, the value of the weighted pupil unit 211 multiplied by 2.5; [or]
- 212 (B) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(C), above 185% of the federal poverty
 213 level, the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by two; or

	(C) above 185% of the federal poverty level and the eligible student would have
re	received an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education services in a public
S	school before transferring to a private school, the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by
<u>2</u>	2.5; or
	[(b)] (ii) in preschool, the value of the weighted pupil unit; or
	(b) for an eligible student described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(b), half the value of
tl	he weighted pupil unit.
	(4) Eligibility for a scholarship as determined by a multidisciplinary evaluation team
u	under this program does not establish eligibility for an IEP under the Individuals with
Γ	Disabilities Education Act, Subchapter II, 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1400 to 1419, and is not binding on
a	my LEA that is required to provide an IEP under the Individuals with Disabilities Education
A	Act.
	(5) The scholarship granting organizations shall prepare and disseminate information
0	on the program to a parent applying for a scholarship on behalf of a student.
	Section 4. Section 53E-7-403 is amended to read:
	53E-7-403. Qualifying school and qualifying provider requirements.
	(1) A qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> shall:
	(a) notify a scholarship granting organization of the qualifying school's or qualifying
<u>p</u>	provider's intention to participate in the program;
	(b) submit evidence to the scholarship granting organization that the qualifying school
h	has been approved by the state board under Section 53E-7-408; and
	(c) submit a signed affidavit to the scholarship granting organization that the qualifying
S	school or qualifying provider will comply with the requirements of this part.
	(2) A qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> shall comply with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1981,
a	and meet state and local health and safety laws and codes.
	(3) Before the beginning of the school year immediately following a school year in
V	which a qualifying school or qualifying provider receives scholarship money equal to or more
tl	han [\$100,000] \$500,000, the qualifying school or qualifying provider shall file with a
S	scholarship granting organization that allocates scholarship money to the qualifying school:
	(a) a surety bond payable to the scholarship granting organization in an amount equal
to	o the aggregate amount of scholarship money expected to be received during the school year;

245	or
246	(b) financial information that demonstrates the financial viability of the qualifying
247	school or qualifying provider, as required by the scholarship granting organization.
248	(4) If a scholarship granting organization determines that a qualifying school or
249	qualifying provider has violated a provision of this part, the scholarship granting organization
250	may interrupt disbursement of or withhold scholarship money from the qualifying school or
251	qualifying provider.
252	(5) (a) If the state board determines that a qualifying school no longer meets the
253	eligibility requirements described in Section 53E-7-408, the state board may withdraw the state
254	board's approval of the school.
255	(b) A private school that does not have the state board's approval under Section
256	53E-7-408 may not accept scholarship money under this part.
257	(6) A qualifying school shall, when administering an annual assessment required under
258	Section 53E-7-408, ensure that the qualifying school uses a norm-referenced assessment.
259	(7) If a scholarship granting organization determines that a qualifying provider no
260	longer meets the requirements described in Section 53E-7-208.5, the scholarship granting
261	organization may interrupt disbursement of or withhold scholarship money for the qualifying
262	provider.
263	Section 5. Section 53E-7-404 is amended to read:
264	53E-7-404. State board duties.
265	(1) The state board shall:
266	(a) publish on the state board's website:
267	(i) information about the program; and
268	(ii) information about each scholarship granting organization;
269	(b) conduct a financial review or audit of a scholarship granting organization, if the
270	state board receives evidence of fraudulent practice by the scholarship granting organization;
271	(c) conduct a criminal background check on each scholarship granting organization
272	employee and scholarship granting organization officer;
273	(d) establish uniform financial accounting standards for scholarship granting
274	organizations;

[(e) annually calculate the amount of the program donations cap described in Section

276	53E-7-407; and
277	[(f)] (e) in accordance with Section 53E-1-202.1, annually submit a report on the
278	program to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee that includes:
279	[(i) for the 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23, and 2023-24 school years, the amount of
280	tuition and fees a qualifying school charges;]
281	[(ii)] (i) administrative costs of the program;
282	[(iii)] (ii) the number of scholarship students that are eligible students described in
283	Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a) and the number of scholarship students that are eligible students
284	described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(b) from each school district;
285	[(iv)] (iii) standards used by the scholarship granting organization to determine
286	whether a student is an eligible student; and
287	[v] savings to the state and LEAs as a result of scholarship students exiting the
288	public school system.
289	(2) (a) In accordance with Subsection (3) and Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
290	Code, the state board shall issue a request for proposals and enter into at least one agreement
291	with an organization that is qualified as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue
292	Code, to be recognized by the state board as a scholarship granting organization.
293	(b) An organization that responds to a request for proposals described in Subsection
294	(2)(a) shall submit the following information in the organization's response:
295	(i) a copy of the organization's incorporation documents;
296	(ii) a copy of the organization's Internal Revenue Service determination letter
297	qualifying the organization as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue
298	Code;
299	(iii) a description of the methodology the organization will use to verify that a student
300	is an eligible student under this part; and
301	(iv) a description of the organization's proposed scholarship application process.
302	(3) (a) The state board shall enter into an agreement described in Subsection (2)(a) with
303	one scholarship granting organization on or before January 1, 2021.
304	(b) The state board may enter into an agreement described in Subsection (2)(a) with
305	additional scholarship granting organizations after January 1, 2023, if the state board makes
306	rules regarding how multiple scholarship granting organizations may issue tax credit

certificates in accordance with Section 53E-7-407.

(c) (i) No later than 10 days after the day on which the state board enters into an agreement with a scholarship granting organization, the state board shall forward the name and contact information of the scholarship granting organization to the State Tax Commission.

- (ii) If, under Subsection (4)(c)(i), the state board bars a scholarship granting organization from further participation in the program, the state board shall, no later than 10 days after the day on which the state board bars the scholarship granting organization, forward the name and contact information of the barred scholarship granting organization to the State Tax Commission.
- (4) (a) If the state board determines that a scholarship granting organization has violated a provision of this part or state board rule, the state board shall send written notice to the scholarship granting organization explaining the violation and the remedial action required to correct the violation.
- (b) A scholarship granting organization that receives a notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall, no later than 60 days after the day on which the scholarship granting organization receives the notice, correct the violation and report the correction to the state board.
- (c) (i) If a scholarship granting organization that receives a notice described in Subsection (4)(a) fails to correct a violation in the time period described in Subsection (4)(b), the state board may bar the scholarship granting organization from further participation in the program.
- (ii) A scholarship granting organization may appeal a decision made by the state board under Subsection (4)(c)(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (d) A scholarship granting organization may not accept program donations while the scholarship granting organization:
 - (i) is barred from participating in the program under Subsection (4)(c)(i); or
 - (ii) has an appeal pending under Subsection (4)(c)(ii).
- (e) A scholarship granting organization that has an appeal pending under Subsection (4)(c)(ii) may continue to administer scholarships from previously donated program donations during the pending appeal.
 - (5) The state board shall provide for a process for a scholarship granting organization

338	to report information as required under Section 53E-7-405.
339	(6) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
340	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the program, including rules for:
341	(a) the administration of scholarships to a qualifying school or qualifying provider
342	receiving scholarship money from a scholarship granting organization that is barred from
343	participating in the program under Subsection (4)(c)(i);
344	(b) when an eligible student does not continue in enrollment at a qualifying school or
345	participation in services provided by a qualifying provider:
346	(i) requiring the scholarship granting organization to:
347	(A) notify the state board; and
348	(B) obtain reimbursement of scholarship money from the qualifying school in which
349	the eligible student is no longer enrolled or qualifying provider in which the eligible student is
350	no longer participating; and
351	(ii) requiring the qualifying school or qualifying provider in which the eligible student
352	is no longer enrolled to reimburse scholarship money to the scholarship granting organization;
353	(c) audit and report requirements as described in Section 53E-7-405; and
354	(d) requiring the scholarship granting organization, in accordance with the Family
355	Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g, to submit to the state board:
356	[(i) for the 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23, and 2023-24 school years, the amount of
357	tuition and fees a qualifying school charges;]
358	[(ii)] (i) the number of scholarship students that are eligible students described in
359	Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a) and the number of scholarship students that are eligible students
360	described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(b) from each school district;
361	[(iii)] (ii) standards used to determine whether a student is an eligible student; and
362	[(iv)] (iii) any other information requested by the Public Education Appropriations
363	Subcommittee for the state board to include in the annual report described in Section
364	53E-1-202.1.
365	Section 6. Section 53E-7-405 is amended to read:
366	53E-7-405. Program donations Scholarship granting organization
367	requirements Legislative appropriations.
368	(1) A person that makes a donation to a scholarship granting organization to help fund

scholarships through the program may be eligible to receive a nonrefundable tax credit as described in Sections 59-7-625 and 59-10-1041.

- (2) In accordance with Section 53E-7-404, an organization may enter into an agreement with the state board to be a scholarship granting organization.
 - (3) A scholarship granting organization shall:

- (a) accept program donations and allow a person that makes a program donation to designate a qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> to which the donation shall be directed for scholarships;
 - (b) adopt an application process in accordance with Subsection (5);
 - (c) review scholarship applications and determine scholarship awards;
- (d) allocate scholarship money to a scholarship student's parent or, on the parent's behalf, to a qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> in which the scholarship student is enrolled or participates;
- (e) adopt a process, with state board approval, that allows a parent to use a scholarship to pay for a nontuition scholarship expense for the scholarship student;
 - (f) ensure that during the state fiscal year:
- (i) at least 92% of the scholarship granting organization's revenue from program donations and other funding sources is spent on scholarships;
- (ii) up to 5% of the scholarship granting organization's revenue from program donations and other funding sources is spent on administration of the program;
- (iii) up to 3% of the scholarship granting organization's revenue from program donations and other funding sources is spent on marketing and fundraising costs; and
- (iv) all revenue from [program donations'] interest or investments is spent on scholarships;
- (g) carry forward no more than 60% of the scholarship granting organization's [program donations] funds, less funds for a scholarship that has been awarded, and funds expended for administration and marketing, from the state fiscal year in which the scholarship granting organization received the [program donations] funds to the following state fiscal year;
- (h) at the end of a state fiscal year, remit to the state treasurer donation amounts greater than the amount described in Subsection (3)(g);
 - (i) prohibit a scholarship granting organization employee or officer from handling,

400

401

402

403

404

405

406

407

408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416

417

418

419

420

421422

423

424

425

426

427

428

429

430

Income Tax Fund.

managing, or processing program donations or other funds, if, based on a criminal background check conducted by the state board in accordance with Section 53E-7-404, the state board identifies the employee or officer as posing a risk to the appropriate use of program donations or other funds; (i) ensure that a scholarship can be transferred during the school year to a different qualifying school or qualifying provider that accepts the scholarship student; (k) report to the state board on or before [October] November 1 of each year the following information, prepared by a certified public accountant: (i) the name and address of the scholarship granting organization; (ii) the total number and total dollar amount of program donations and other funding sources that the scholarship granting organization received during the previous calendar year; (iii) (A) the total number and total dollar amount of scholarships the scholarship granting organization awarded during the previous state fiscal year to eligible students described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a); and (B) the total number and total dollar amount of scholarships the scholarship granting organization awarded during the previous state fiscal year to eligible students described in Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(b); and (iv) the percentage of first-time scholarship recipients who were enrolled in a public school during the previous school year or who entered kindergarten or a higher grade for the first time in Utah; (1) issue tax credit certificates as described in Section 53E-7-407; and (m) (i) require a parent to notify a scholarship granting organization if the parent's scholarship recipient: [(i)] (A) receives scholarship money for tuition expenses; and [(ii)] (B) does not have continuing enrollment and attendance at a qualifying school[-]; or (ii) has transitioned to be a home-based student. (4) The state treasurer shall deposit the money described in Subsection (3)(h) into the

(5) (a) An application for a scholarship shall contain an acknowledgment by the

applicant's parent that the qualifying school or qualifying provider selected by the parent for the

431	applicant to attend or participate in using a scholarship is capable of providing the level of
432	disability services required for the student.
433	(b) A scholarship application form shall contain the following statement:
434	"I acknowledge that:
435	(1) A private school may not provide the same level of disability services that are
436	provided in a public school;
437	(2) I will assume full financial responsibility for the education of my scholarship
438	recipient if I accept this scholarship;
439	(3) Acceptance of this scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to
440	services as described in 24 C.F.R. Sec. 300.300, issued under the Individuals with Disabilities
441	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.; and
442	(4) My child may return to a public school at any time."
443	(c) Upon acceptance of a scholarship, the parent assumes full financial responsibility
444	for the education of the scholarship recipient.
445	(d) Acceptance of a scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to
446	services as described in 24 C.F.R. Sec. 300.300, issued under the Individuals with Disabilities
447	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
448	(e) The creation of the program or granting of a scholarship does not:
449	(i) imply that a public school did not provide a free and appropriate public education
450	for a student; or
451	(ii) constitute a waiver or admission by the state.
452	(6) A scholarship granting organization shall demonstrate the scholarship granting
453	organization's financial accountability by annually submitting to the state board a financial
454	information report that:
455	(a) complies with the uniform financial accounting standards described in Section
456	53E-7-404; and
457	(b) is prepared by a certified public accountant.
458	(7) (a) If a scholarship granting organization allocates \$500,000 or more in
459	scholarships annually through the program, the scholarship granting organization shall:
460	(i) contract for an annual audit, conducted by a certified public accountant who is

461

independent from:

462	(A) the scholarship granting organization; and
463	(B) the scholarship granting organization's accounts and records pertaining to program
464	donations and other funding sources; and
465	(ii) in accordance with Subsection (7)(b), report the results of the audit to the state
466	board for review.
467	(b) For the report described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii), the scholarship granting
468	organization shall:
469	(i) include the scholarship granting organization's financial statements in a format that
470	meets generally accepted accounting standards; and
471	(ii) submit the report to the state board no later than [120 days after the last day of the
472	state fiscal year] November 1.
473	(c) The certified public accountant shall conduct an audit described in Subsection
474	(7)(a)(i) in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and rules made by the state
475	board.
476	(d) (i) The state board shall review a report submitted under this section and may
477	request that the scholarship granting organization revise or supplement the report if the report
478	is not in compliance with the provisions of this Subsection (7) or rules adopted by the state
479	board.
480	(ii) A scholarship granting organization shall provide a revised report or supplement to
481	the report no later than 45 days after the day on which the state board makes a request
482	described in Subsection (7)(d)(i).
483	(8) (a) A scholarship granting organization may not allocate scholarship money to a
484	qualifying school or qualifying provider if:
485	(i) the scholarship granting organization determines that the qualifying school or
486	qualifying provider intentionally or substantially misrepresented information on overpayment;
487	(ii) the qualifying school or qualifying provider fails to refund an overpayment in a
488	timely manner; or
489	(iii) the qualifying school or qualifying provider routinely fails to provide scholarship

- (iii) the qualifying school <u>or qualifying provider</u> routinely fails to provide scholarship recipients with promised educational goods or services.
- (b) A scholarship granting organization shall notify a scholarship recipient if the scholarship granting organization stops allocation of the recipient's scholarship money to a

490491

493	qualifying school or qualifying provider under Subsection (8)(a).
494	(9) If a scholarship recipient transfers to another qualifying school or qualifying
495	provider during the school year, the scholarship granting organization may prorate scholarship
496	money between the qualifying schools or qualifying providers according to the time the
497	scholarship recipient spends at each school or each provider.
498	(10) A scholarship granting organization may not:
499	(a) award a scholarship to a relative of the scholarship granting organization's officer
500	[or employee]; or
501	(b) allocate scholarship money to a qualifying school or qualifying provider at which
502	the scholarship recipient has a relative who is an officer or an [employee] administrator of the
503	qualifying school or qualifying provider.
504	(11) The Legislature may appropriate funds to the board to be distributed in an equal
505	amount to each scholarship granting organization for the same purposes program donations are
506	used.
507	Section 7. Section 53E-7-406 is amended to read:
508	53E-7-406. Qualifying school or qualifying provider regulatory autonomy
509	Home school autonomy Student records Scholarship student status.
510	(1) Nothing in this part:
511	(a) except as expressly described in this part, grants additional authority to any state
512	agency or LEA to regulate or control:
513	(i) a qualifying school, qualifying provider, or home school; or
514	(ii) students receiving education from a qualifying school, qualifying provider, or home
515	school;
516	(b) applies to or otherwise affects the freedom of choice of an out-of-program home
517	school student, including the curriculum, resources, developmental planning, or any other
518	aspect of the out-of-program home school student's education; or
519	(c) expands the regulatory authority of the state, a state office holder, or an LEA to
520	impose any additional regulation of a qualifying school or qualifying provider beyond any
521	regulation necessary to administer this part.
522	(2) A qualifying school or qualifying provider:
523	(a) has a right to maximum freedom from unlawful governmental control in providing

024	for the educational needs of a scholarship student who attends or engages with the quantying
525	school or qualifying provider; and
526	(b) is not an agent of the state by virtue of the provider's acceptance of payment from a
527	scholarship account in accordance with this part.
528	(3) Except as provided in Section 53E-7-403 regarding qualifying schools or qualifying
529	providers, Section 53E-7-408 regarding eligible schools, or Section 53E-7-408.5 regarding
530	eligible service providers, a scholarship granting organization may not require a qualifying
531	provider to alter the qualifying provider's creed, practices, admissions policies, hiring practices,
532	or curricula in order to accept scholarship funds.
533	(4) An LEA or a school in an LEA in which a scholarship student was previously
534	enrolled shall provide to the scholarship student's parent a copy of all school records relating to
535	the student that the LEA possesses within 30 days after the day on which the LEA or school
536	receives the parent's request for the student's records, subject to:
537	(a) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection; and
538	(b) Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.
539	(5) By virtue of a scholarship student's involvement in the program and unless
540	otherwise expressly provided in statute, a scholarship student is not:
541	(a) enrolled in the public education system; or
542	(b) otherwise subject to statute, administrative rules, or other state regulations as if the
543	student was enrolled in the public education system.
544	[(1) Nothing in this part]:
545	[(a) grants additional authority to any state agency or LEA to regulate private schools
546	except as expressly described in this part; or]
547	[(b) expands the regulatory authority of the state, a state office holder, or a local school
548	district to impose any additional regulation of a qualifying school beyond those necessary to
549	enforce the requirements of the program.]
550	[(2) A qualifying school shall be given the maximum freedom to provide for the
551	educational needs of a scholarship recipient who attends the qualifying school without
552	unlawful governmental control.]
553	[(3) Except as provided in Section 53E-7-403, a qualifying school may not be required
554	to alter the qualifying school's creed, practices, admission policy, or curriculum in order to

)))	accept scholarship money.]
556	[(4) A local education agency or school in a local education agency in which a
557	scholarship recipient was previously enrolled shall provide to a qualifying school in which the
558	scholarship recipient is currently enrolled a copy of all requested school records relating to the
559	scholarship recipient, subject to:]
560	[(a) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection; and]
561	[(b) Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.]
562	Section 8. Section 53E-7-407 is amended to read:
563	53E-7-407. Tax credit certificates issued by a scholarship granting organization.
564	(1) In accordance with this section [and subject to Subsection (3)], a scholarship
565	granting organization shall provide a tax credit certificate, on a form provided by the State Tax
566	Commission, to a person that makes a donation as described in Section 53E-7-405.
567	(2) (a) The scholarship granting organization shall provide the information from a
568	completed tax credit certificate to the State Tax Commission electronically and in a manner
569	prescribed by the State Tax Commission.
570	(b) A scholarship granting organization shall issue a tax credit certificate within 30
571	days after the day on which a person makes a donation to the program.
572	[(3) (a) A scholarship granting organization may not issue a tax credit certificate for a
573	calendar year if issuing the tax credit certificate will cause the total amount of the tax credit
574	certificates issued for the calendar year to exceed the program donations cap amount described
575	in Subsection (4).]
576	[(b)] (3) (a) Before accepting a donation to the program from a person, the scholarship
577	granting organization shall provide the person with notice:
578	(i) that the donation may not be eligible for a tax credit;
579	(ii) of the process described in Subsection $[(3)(c)]$ (3)(b); and
580	(iii) of the total amount of tax credit certificates that the scholarship granting
581	organization has issued for the calendar year.
582	[(e)] (b) During a calendar year, a scholarship granting organization shall:
583	(i) issue tax credit certificates in the order that the scholarship granting organization
584	received a corresponding donation; and
585	(ii) track the total amount of program donations received during the year as

corresponding tax credit certificates are issued.

[(d)] (c) If a scholarship granting organization accepts a donation that, when added to the current total amount of program donations received that year, will exceed the program donations cap described in Subsection (4), the scholarship granting organization shall issue a tax credit certificate in the amount that is the difference between the program donations cap and the total amount of program donations received before the donation was received.

- (4) (a) The program donations cap for the 2021 calendar year is \$5,940,000.
- (b) For a calendar year after 2021, the state board shall calculate the program donations cap as follows:
- (i) if the total program donations for the previous calendar year exceed 90% of the cap amount for that calendar year, the cap for the current calendar year is the cap amount for the previous calendar year increased by 10% plus a percentage equal to the percentage of growth in the participation of the program from the previous calendar year; or
- (ii) if the total program donations for the previous calendar year did not exceed 90% of the cap amount for that calendar year, the cap for the current calendar year is [the same as the cap amount for the previous calendar year] increased by a percentage equal to the percentage of growth in the participation of the program from the previous calendar year.
- (5) A person that receives a tax credit certificate in accordance with this section shall retain the certificate for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
 - Section 9. Section 53E-7-408 is amended to read:

53E-7-408. Eligible private schools.

- (1) To be eligible to enroll a scholarship student, a private school shall:
- (a) have a physical location in Utah where the scholarship students attend classes and have direct contact with the school's teachers;
- (b) (i) contract with an independent licensed certified public accountant to conduct an Agreed Upon Procedures engagement as adopted by the state board, or obtain an audit and report from a licensed independent certified public accountant that conforms with the following requirements:
- 615 (A) the audit shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing 616 standards;

01/	(b) the financial statements shall be presented in accordance with generally accepted
618	accounting principles; and
619	(C) the audited financial statements shall be as of a period within the last 12 months;
620	and
621	(ii) submit the audit report or report of the agreed upon procedure to the state board
622	when the private school applies to accept scholarship students;
623	(c) comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. 2000d;
624	(d) meet state and local health and safety laws and codes;
625	(e) provide a written disclosure to the parent of each prospective student, before the
626	student is enrolled, of:
627	(i) the special education services that will be provided to the student, including the cost
628	of those services;
629	(ii) tuition costs;
630	(iii) additional fees a parent will be required to pay during the school year; and
631	(iv) the skill or grade level of the curriculum in which the prospective student will
632	participate;
633	(f) (i) administer an annual assessment of each scholarship student's academic
634	progress; and
635	(ii) report the results of the assessment described in Subsection (1)(f)(i) to the
636	scholarship student's parent;
637	(g) employ or contract with teachers who:
638	(i) hold baccalaureate or higher degrees;
639	(ii) have at least three years of teaching experience in public or private schools; or
640	(iii) have the necessary skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies the teacher to
641	provide instruction:
642	(A) in the subject or subjects taught; and
643	(B) to the special needs students taught;
644	(h) maintain documentation demonstrating that teachers at the private school meet the
645	qualifications described in Subsection (1)(g);
646	(i) require the following individuals to submit to a nationwide, fingerprint-based
647	criminal background check and ongoing monitoring, in accordance with Section 53G-11-402,

648	as a condition for employment or appointment, as authorized by the Adam Walsh Child
649	Protection and Safety Act of 2006, Pub. L. No. 109-248:
650	(i) an employee who does not hold a current Utah educator license issued by the state
651	board under Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure;
652	(ii) a contract employee; and
653	(iii) a volunteer who is given significant unsupervised access to a student in connection
654	with the volunteer's assignment; and
655	(j) provide to the parent of a scholarship student the relevant credentials of the teachers
656	who will be teaching the scholarship student.
657	(2) A private school is not eligible to enroll scholarship students if:
658	(a) the private school requires a student to sign a contract waiving the student's rights
659	to transfer to another qualifying school during the school year;
660	(b) the audit report submitted under Subsection (1)(b) contains a going concern
661	explanatory paragraph;
662	(c) the report of the agreed upon procedures submitted under Subsection (1)(b) shows
663	that the private school does not have adequate working capital to maintain operations for the
664	first full year, as determined under Subsection (1)(b); or
665	(d) the private school charges a scholarship student more in tuition or fees than another
666	student based solely upon the scholarship student being a scholarship recipient under this part.
667	[(3) A home school is not eligible to enroll scholarship students.]
668	[(4)] (3) Residential treatment facilities licensed by the state are not eligible to enroll
669	scholarship students.
670	[(5)] (4) A private school intending to enroll scholarship students shall submit an
671	application to the state board.
672	$\left[\frac{(6)}{(5)}\right]$ The state board shall:
673	(a) approve a private school's application to enroll scholarship students, if the private
674	school meets the eligibility requirements of this section; and
675	(b) publish on the state board's website, a list of private schools approved under this
676	section.
677	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> A private school approved under this section that changes ownership shall:

(a) submit a new application to the state board; and

679	(b) demonstrate that the private school continues to meet the eligibility requirements of
680	this section.
681	Section 10. Section 53E-7-408.5 is enacted to read:
682	53E-7-408.5. Eligible service provider.
683	(1) To be an eligible service provider, a private program or service:
684	(a) shall provide to the scholarship granting organization:
685	(i) a federal employer identification number;
686	(ii) the provider's address and contact information;
687	(iii) a description of each program or service the provider proposes to offer directly to a
688	scholarship student; and
689	(iv) subject to Subsection (2), any other information as required by the scholarship
690	granting organization;
691	(b) shall comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d; and
692	(c) may not act as a consultant, clearing house, or intermediary that connects a
693	scholarship student with or otherwise facilitates the student's engagement with a program or
694	service that another entity provides.
695	(2) The scholarship granting organization shall adopt policies that maximize the
696	number of eligible service providers, including accepting new providers throughout the school
697	year, while ensuring education programs or services provided through the program meet
698	student needs and otherwise comply with this part.
699	(3) A private program or service intending to receive scholarship funds shall:
700	(a) submit an application to the scholarship granting organization; and
701	(b) agree to not refund, rebate, or share scholarship funds with scholarship students or
702	scholarship students' parents in any manner except remittances or refunds to a scholarship
703	account in accordance with this part and procedures that the program manager establishes.
704	(4) The scholarship granting organization shall:
705	(a) if the private program or service meets the eligibility requirements of this section,
706	recognize the private program or service as an eligible service provider and approve a private
707	program or service's application to receive scholarship funds on behalf of a scholarship student
708	<u>and</u>
709	(b) make available to the public a list of eligible service providers approved under this

710	section.
711	(5) A private program or service approved under this section that changes ownership
712	shall:
713	(a) cease operation as an eligible service provider until:
714	(i) the program or service submits a new application to the scholarship granting
715	organization; and
716	(ii) the scholarship granting organization approves the new application; and
717	(b) demonstrate that the private program or service continues to meet the eligibility
718	requirements of this section.
719	Section 11. Section 53E-7-410 is amended to read:
720	53E-7-410. Background checks for scholarship granting organizations State
721	board responsibilities Bureau responsibilities Fees.
722	(1) As used in this section:
723	(a) "Applicant" means an employee or officer of a scholarship granting organization.
724	(b) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification created in Section 53-10-201
725	within the Department of Public Safety.
726	(c) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety.
727	(d) "Division" means the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division
728	created in Section 53-10-103.
729	(e) "FBI" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
730	(f) "FBI Rap Back System" means the rap back system maintained by the FBI.
731	(g) "Personal identifying information" means:
732	(i) current name;
733	(ii) former names;
734	(iii) nicknames;
735	(iv) aliases;
736	(v) date of birth;
737	(vi) address;
738	(vii) telephone number;
739	(viii) driver license number or other government-issued identification number;
740	(ix) social security number; and

741 (x) fingerprints.

745

746

747

750

753

755

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764

765

766

767

768

- 742 (h) "Rap back system" means a system that enables authorized entities to receive 743 ongoing status notifications of any criminal history reported on individuals whose fingerprints 744 are registered in the system.
 - (i) "WIN Database" means the Western Identification Network Database that consists of eight western states sharing one electronic fingerprint database.
 - (2) The state board shall:
- 748 (a) require an applicant to submit to a nationwide criminal background check and ongoing monitoring in accordance with Section 53E-7-404;
 - (b) collect the following from an applicant:
- 751 (i) personal identifying information;
- 752 (ii) a fee described in Subsection (4); and
 - (iii) consent, on a form specified by the state board, for:
- (A) an initial fingerprint-based background check by the FBI and bureau;
 - (B) retention of personal identifying information for ongoing monitoring through registration with the systems described in Subsection (3); and
 - (C) disclosure of any criminal history information to the state board;
 - (c) submit an applicant's personal identifying information to the bureau for:
 - (i) an initial fingerprint-based background check by the FBI and bureau; and
 - (ii) ongoing monitoring through registration with the systems described in Subsection (3) if the results of the initial background check do not contain disqualifying criminal history information as determined by the state board in accordance with Section 53E-7-404;
 - (d) identify the appropriate privacy risk mitigation strategy that will be used to ensure that the state board only receives notifications for individuals with whom the state board maintains an authorizing relationship; and
 - (e) submit the information to the bureau for ongoing monitoring through registration with the systems described in Subsection (3)(a).
 - (3) The bureau shall:
- 769 (a) upon request from the state board, register the fingerprints submitted by the state 770 board as part of a background check with:
 - (i) the WIN Database rap back system, or any successor system; and

772	(ii) the FBI Rap Back System;
773	(b) notify the state board when a new entry is made against an individual whose
774	fingerprints are registered with the rap back systems described in Subsection (3)(a) regarding:
775	(i) an alleged offense; or
776	(ii) a conviction, including a plea in abeyance;
777	(c) assist the state board to identify the appropriate privacy risk mitigation strategy that
778	is to be used to ensure that the state board only receives notifications for individuals with
779	whom the authorized entity maintains an authorizing relationship; and
780	(d) collaborate with the state board to provide training to appropriate state board
781	employees on the notification procedures and privacy risk mitigation strategies described in
782	this section.
783	(4) (a) The division shall impose fees set in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for an
784	applicant fingerprint card, name check, and to register fingerprints under this section.
785	(b) Funds generated under this Subsection (4) shall be deposited into the General Fund
786	as a dedicated credit by the department to cover the costs incurred in providing the information.
787	Section 12. Section 53F-4-302 is amended to read:
788	53F-4-302. Scholarship program created Qualifications.
789	(1) The Carson Smith Scholarship Program is created to award scholarships to students
790	with disabilities to attend a private school.
791	(2) To qualify for a scholarship:
792	(a) the student's custodial parent shall reside within Utah;
793	(b) the student shall have one or more of the following disabilities:
794	(i) an intellectual disability;
795	(ii) deafness or being hard of hearing;
796	(iii) a speech or language impairment;
797	(iv) a visual impairment;
798	(v) a serious emotional disturbance;
799	(vi) an orthopedic impairment;
800	(vii) autism;
801	(viii) traumatic brain injury;
802	(ix) other health impairment;

803	(x) specific learning disabilities;
804	(xi) deafblindness; or
805	(xii) a developmental delay, provided the student is at least three years [of age,
806	pursuant] old, as described to Subsection (2)(c), and is younger than eight years [of age] old;
807	(c) the student shall be at least three years [of age] old before September 2 of the year
808	in which admission to a private school is sought and under 19 years [of age] old on the last day
809	of the school year as determined by the private school, or, if the individual has not graduated
810	from high school, will be under 22 years [of age] old on the last day of the school year as
811	determined by the private school; and
812	(d) except as provided in Subsection (3), the student shall:
813	(i) be enrolled in a Utah public school in the school year prior to the school year the
814	student will be enrolled in a private school;
815	(ii) have an IEP; and
816	(iii) have obtained acceptance for admission to an eligible private school.
817	(3) The requirements of Subsection (2)(d) do not apply in the following circumstances:
818	(a) the student is enrolled or has obtained acceptance for admission to an eligible
819	private school that has previously served students with disabilities; and
820	(b) an assessment team is able to readily determine with reasonable certainty:
821	(i) that the student has a disability listed in Subsection (2)(b) and would qualify for
822	special education services, if enrolled in a public school; and
823	(ii) for the purpose of establishing the scholarship amount, the appropriate level of
824	special education services which should be provided to the student.
825	(4) (a) [To] Except as provided in Subsection (11)(a), to receive a full-year scholarship
826	under this part, a parent of a student shall submit to the LEA where the student is enrolled an
827	application on or before the August 15 immediately preceding the first day of the school year
828	for which the student would receive the scholarship.
829	(b) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), the state board may waive the
830	full-year scholarship deadline described in Subsection (4)(a).
831	(c) An application for a scholarship shall contain an acknowledgment by the parent that
832	the selected school is qualified and capable of providing the level of special education services
833	required for the student.

834	(5) (a) The scholarship application form shall contain the following statement:
835	"I acknowledge that:
836	(1) A private school may not provide the same level of special education services that
837	are provided in a public school;
838	(2) I will assume full financial responsibility for the education of my scholarship
839	student if I accept this scholarship;
840	(3) Acceptance of this scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to
841	services pursuant to Section 614(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20
842	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.; and
843	(4) My child may return to a public school at any time."
844	(b) Upon acceptance of the scholarship, the parent assumes full financial responsibility
845	for the education of the scholarship student.
846	(c) Acceptance of a scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to
847	services pursuant to Section 614(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20
848	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
849	(d) The creation of the scholarship program or granting of a scholarship does not:
850	(i) imply that a public school did not provide a free and appropriate public education
851	for a student; or
852	(ii) constitute a waiver or admission by the state.
853	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a scholarship shall remain in force for
854	the lesser of:
855	(i) three years; or
856	(ii) until the student is determined ineligible for special education services.
857	(b) If a student is determined ineligible for special education services as described in
858	Subsection (6)(a)(ii) before the end of a school year, the student may remain enrolled at the
859	private school and qualifies for the scholarship until the end of the school year.
860	(c) [♠] Except as provided in Subsection (11)(c), a scholarship shall be extended for an
861	additional three years, if:
862	(i) the student is evaluated by an assessment team; and
863	(ii) the assessment team determines that the student would qualify for special education
864	services, if enrolled in a public school.

865	(d) The assessment team shall determine the appropriate level of special education
866	services which should be provided to the student for the purpose of setting the scholarship
867	amount.
868	(e) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (11)(c), a scholarship shall be extended for
869	successive three-year periods as provided in Subsections (6)(a) and (c):
870	(i) until the student graduates from high school; or
871	(ii) if the student does not graduate from high school, until the student is [age] 22 years
872	<u>old</u> .
873	(7) A student's parent, at any time, may remove the student from a private school and
874	place the student in another eligible private school and retain the scholarship.
875	(8) A scholarship student:
876	(a) may participate in the Statewide Online Education Program described in Part 5,
877	Statewide Online Education Program; and
878	(b) may not participate in a dual enrollment program pursuant to Section 53G-6-702.
879	(9) The parents of a scholarship student have the authority to choose the private school
880	that will best serve the interests and educational needs of that student, which may be a sectarian
881	or nonsectarian school, and to direct the scholarship resources available for that student solely
882	as a result of their genuine and independent private choices.
883	(10) The state board shall:
884	(a) notify the parents of a scholarship student in writing of the termination of the
885	existing scholarship program including when the final scholarship payment will be awarded;
886	<u>and</u>
887	(b) direct current recipients and prospective applicants to the website for the Carson
888	Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program described in Title 53E, Chapter 7, The Carson Smith
889	Opportunity Scholarship Program.
890	[(a) An LEA shall notify in writing the parents of students enrolled in the LEA who
891	have an IEP of the availability of a scholarship to attend a private school through the Carson
892	Smith Scholarship Program.]
893	[(b) The notice described under Subsection (10)(a) shall:]
894	[(i) be provided no later than 30 days after the student initially qualifies for an IEP;]
895	(ii) be provided annually no later than February 1 to all students who have an IEP;

896	and]
897	[(iii) include the address of the Internet website maintained by the state board that
898	provides prospective applicants with detailed program information and application forms for
899	the Carson Smith Scholarship Program.]
900	[(c) An LEA or school within an LEA that has an enrolled student who has an IEP
901	shall post the address of the Internet website maintained by the state board that provides
902	prospective applicants with detailed program information and application forms for the Carson
903	Smith Scholarship Program on the LEA's or school's website, if the LEA or school has one.]
904	(11) After the 2023-2024 school year, an LEA or the state board may not:
905	(a) accept a new application;
906	(b) provide a waiver of a full-year application; or
907	(c) extend an existing scholarship as described in Subsections (6)(c) and (e).
908	Section 13. Section 53F-4-304 is amended to read:
909	53F-4-304. Scholarship payments.
910	(1) (a) The state board shall award scholarships subject to the availability of money
911	appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.
912	(b) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the state board from the
913	General Fund to make scholarship payments.
914	[(c) The Legislature shall annually increase the amount of money appropriated under
915	Subsection (1)(b) by an amount equal to the product of:
916	[(i) the average scholarship amount awarded as of December 1 in the previous year;
917	and]
918	[(ii) the product of:]
919	[(A) the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public schools statewide
920	who have an IEP on December 1 of the previous year; and]
921	[(B) 0.0007.]
922	[(d)] (c) If the number of scholarship students as of December 1 in any school year
923	equals or exceeds 7% of the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public
924	schools statewide who have an IEP as of December 1 in the same school year, the Public
925	Education Appropriations Subcommittee shall study the requirement to increase appropriations
926	for scholarship payments as provided in this section.

[(e)] (d) (i) If money is not available to pay for all scholarships requested, the state board shall allocate scholarships on a random basis except that the state board shall give preference to students who received scholarships in the previous school year.

- (ii) If money is insufficient in a school year to pay for all the continuing scholarships, the state board may not award new scholarships during that school year and the state board shall prorate money available for scholarships among the eligible students who received scholarships in the previous year.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the state board shall award full-year scholarships in the following amounts:
- (a) for a student who received an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 2.5; or
 - (ii) the private school tuition and fees; and

- (b) for a student who received an average of less than 180 minutes per day of special education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.5; or
 - (ii) the private school tuition and fees.
- (3) The scholarship amount for a student enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day preschool program shall be the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) multiplied by .55.
 - (4) If a student leaves a private school before the end of a fiscal quarter:
- (a) the private school is only entitled to the amount of scholarship equivalent to the number of days that the student attended the private school; and
- (b) the private school shall remit a prorated amount of the scholarship to the state board in accordance with the procedures described in rules adopted by the state board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
 - (5) For the amount of funds remitted under Subsection (4)(b), the state board shall:
- 955 (a) make the amount available to the student to enroll immediately in another qualifying private school; or
 - (b) refund the amount back to the Carson Smith Scholarship Program account to be

available to support the costs of another scholarship.

- 959 (6) (a) The state board shall make an additional allocation on a random basis before 960 June 30 each year only:
 - (i) if there are sufficient remaining funds in the program; and
 - (ii) for scholarships for students enrolled in a full-day preschool program.
 - (b) If the state board awards a scholarship under Subsection (6)(a), the scholarship amount or supplement may not exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.0; or
 - (ii) the private school tuition and fees.
 - (c) The state board shall, when preparing annual growth projection numbers for the Legislature, include the annual number of applications for additional allocations described in Subsection (6)(a).
 - (7) (a) The scholarship amount for a student who receives a waiver under Subsection 53F-4-302(3) shall be based upon the assessment team's determination of the appropriate level of special education services to be provided to the student.
 - (b) (i) If the student requires an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a).
 - (ii) If the student requires less than an average of 180 minutes per day of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(b).
 - (iii) If the student is enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day preschool program, a full-year scholarship is equal to the amount specified in Subsection (3).
 - (8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), upon review and receipt of documentation that verifies a student's admission to, or continuing enrollment and attendance at, a private school, the state board shall make scholarship payments quarterly in four equal amounts in each school year in which a scholarship is in force.
 - (b) In accordance with state board rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board may make a scholarship payment before the first quarterly payment of the school year, if a private school requires partial payment of tuition before the start of the school year to reserve space for a student admitted to the school.

989	(9) A parent of a scholarship student shall notify the state board if the student does not
	. / .
990	have continuing enrollment and attendance at an eligible private school.
991	(10) Before scholarship payments are made, the state board shall cross-check
992	enrollment lists of scholarship students, LEAs, and youth in custody to ensure that scholarship
993	payments are not erroneously made.
994	Section 14. Section 53F-6-401 is amended to read:
995	53F-6-401. Definitions.
996	As used in this part:
997	(1) "Eligible student" means a student:
998	(a) who is eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten, or grades 1 through
999	12;
1000	(b) who is a resident of the state;
1001	(c) who, during the school year for which the student is applying for a scholarship
1002	account:
1003	(i) does not receive a scholarship under:
1004	(A) the Carson Smith Scholarship Program established in Section 53F-4-302; or
1005	(B) the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program established in
1006	Section 53E-7-402; and
1007	(ii) except for a student who is enrolled part-time in accordance with Section
1008	53G-6-702, is not enrolled in an LEA upon receiving the scholarship;
1009	(d) whose eligibility is not suspended or disqualified under Section 53F-6-401; and
1010	(e) who completes, to maintain eligibility, the portfolio requirement described in
1011	Subsection 53F-6-402(3)(d).
1012	(2) "Federal poverty level" means the United States poverty level as defined by the
1013	most recently revised poverty income guidelines published by the United States Department of
1014	Health and Human Services in the Federal Register.
1015	(3) (a) "Home-based scholarship student" means a student who:
1016	(i) is eligible to participate in public school, in kindergarten or grades 1 through 12;
1017	(ii) is excused from enrollment in an LEA in accordance with Section 53G-6-204 to
1018	attend a home school; and

(iii) receives a benefit of scholarship funds.

1020	(b) "Home-based scholarship student" does not mean a home school student who does
1021	not receive a scholarship under the program.
1022	(4) "Program manager" means an organization that:
1023	(a) is qualified as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code;
1024	(b) is not affiliated with any international organization;
1025	(c) does not harvest data for the purpose of reproducing or distributing the data to other
1026	entities;
1027	(d) has no involvement in guiding or directing any curriculum or curriculum standards;
1028	(e) does not manage or otherwise administer a scholarship under:
1029	(i) the Carson Smith Scholarship Program established in Section 53F-4-302; or
1030	(ii) the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program established in
1031	Section 53E-7-402; and
1032	(f) an agreement with the state board recognizes as a program manager, in accordance
1033	with this part.
1034	(5) (a) "Program manager employee" means an individual working for the program
1035	manager in a position in which the individual's salary, wages, pay, or compensation, including
1036	as a contractor, is paid from scholarship funds.
1037	(b) "Program manager employee" does not include:
1038	(i) an individual who volunteers for the program manager or for a qualifying provider;
1039	(ii) an individual who works for a qualifying provider; or
1040	(iii) a qualifying provider.
1041	(6) "Program manager officer" means:
1042	(a) a member of the board of a program manager; or
1043	(b) the chief administrative officer of a program manager.
1044	(7) "Qualifying provider" means one of the following entities that is not a public school
1045	and is autonomous and not an agent of the state, in accordance with Section 53F-6-406:
1046	(a) an eligible school that the program manager approves in accordance with Section
1047	53F-6-408; or
1048	(b) an eligible service provider that the program manager approves in accordance with
1049	Section 53F-6-409.
1050	(8) "Relative" means a father, mother, husband, wife, son, daughter, sister, brother,

uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law.

- (9) "Scholarship account" means the account to which a program manager allocates funds for the payment of approved scholarship expenses in accordance with this part.
- (10) "Scholarship expense" means an expense described in Section 53F-6-402 that a parent or scholarship student incurs in the education of the scholarship student for a service or goods that a qualifying provider provides, including:
 - (a) tuition and fees of a qualifying provider;
 - (b) fees and instructional materials at a technical college;
- 1060 (c) tutoring services;

1051

1052

1053

10541055

1056

10571058

1059

1061

1065

1066

10671068

1069

1070

1071

1072

1073

1074

1075

1076

1077

1078

1079

1080

- (d) fees for after-school or summer education programs;
- (e) textbooks, curricula, or other instructional materials, including any supplemental
 materials or associated online instruction that a curriculum or a qualifying provider
 recommends;
 - (f) educational software and applications;
 - (g) supplies or other equipment related to a scholarship student's educational needs;
 - (h) computer hardware or other technological devices that are intended primarily for a scholarship student's educational needs;
 - (i) fees for the following examinations, or for a preparation course for the following examinations, that the program manager approves:
 - (i) a national norm-referenced or standardized assessment described in Section 53F-6-410, an advanced placement examination, or another similar assessment;
 - (ii) a state-recognized industry certification examination; and
 - (iii) an examination related to college or university admission;
 - (j) educational services for students with disabilities from a licensed or accredited practitioner or provider, including occupational, behavioral, physical, audiology, or speech-language therapies;
 - (k) contracted services that the program manager approves and that an LEA provides, including individual classes, after-school tutoring services, transportation, or fees or costs associated with participation in extracurricular activities;
 - (l) ride fees or fares for a fee-for-service transportation provider to transport the

1082	scholarship student to and from a qualifying provider, not to exceed \$750 in a given school
1083	year;
1084	(m) expenses related to extracurricular activities, field trips, educational supplements,
1085	and other educational experiences; or
1086	(n) any other expense for a good or service that:
1087	(i) a parent or scholarship student incurs in the education of the scholarship student;
1088	and
1089	(ii) the program manager approves, in accordance with Subsection (4)(d).
1090	(11) "Scholarship funds" means:
1091	(a) funds that the Legislature appropriates for the program; and
1092	(b) interest that scholarship funds accrue.
1093	(12) (a) "Scholarship student" means an eligible student, including a home-based
1094	scholarship student, for whom the program manager establishes and maintains a scholarship
1095	account in accordance with this part.
1096	(b) "Scholarship student" does not include a home school student who does not receive
1097	a scholarship award under the program.
1098	(13) "Utah Fits All Scholarship Program" or "program" means the scholarship program
1099	established in Section 53F-6-402.
1100	Section 15. Section 59-7-109.1 is amended to read:
1101	59-7-109.1. Charitable contributions to the Carson Smith Opportunity
1102	Scholarship Program.
1103	(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 59-7-109, a taxpayer may not
1104	subtract a charitable contribution that meets the requirements of Section 59-7-109 to the extent
1105	that the taxpayer claims a tax credit under Section 59-7-625 for the same charitable
1106	contribution.
1107	(2) This section supersedes any conflicting provisions of Utah law.
1108	Section 16. Section 59-7-625 is amended to read:
1109	59-7-625. Nonrefundable tax credit for donation to the Carson Smith
1110	Opportunity Scholarship Program.
1111	(1) A taxpayer that makes a donation to the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity
1112	Scholarship Program established in Section 53E-7-402 may claim a nonrefundable tax credit

1113 equal to 100% of the amount stated on a tax credit certificate issued in accordance with Section 1114 53E-7-407. 1115 (2) If the amount of a tax credit listed on the tax credit certificate exceeds a taxpayer's 1116 liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the taxpayer: 1117 (a) may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period 1118 that does not exceed the next three taxable years; and 1119 (b) may carry back the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability 1120 to the previous taxable year. 1121 Section 17. Section **59-10-1041** is amended to read: 1122 59-10-1041. Nonrefundable tax credit for donation to the Carson Smith 1123 Opportunity Scholarship Program. 1124 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust that makes a 1125 donation to the [Special Needs] Carson Smith Opportunity Scholarship Program established in Section 53E-7-402 may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 100% of the amount stated 1126 1127 on a tax credit certificate issued in accordance with Section 53E-7-407. (2) If the amount of a tax credit listed on the tax credit certificate exceeds a claimant's, 1128 estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the claimant, estate, or trust: 1129 1130 (a) may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period 1131 that does not exceed the next three taxable years; and 1132 (b) may carry back the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or 1133 trust's tax liability to the previous taxable year. 1134 (3) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a credit described in Subsection (1) to the 1135 extent the claimant, estate, or trust claims a donation described in Subsection (1) as an itemized 1136 deduction on the claimant's, estate's, or trust's federal individual income tax return for that 1137 taxable year. 1138 Section 18. Section **63I-2-253** (Superseded **07/01/24**) is amended to read: 1139 63I-2-253 (Superseded 07/01/24). Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.

(4) Section 53-22-104 is repealed December 31, 2023.

(1) Section 53-1-118 is repealed on July 1, 2024.

(2) Section 53-1-120 is repealed on July 1, 2024.

(3) Section 53-7-109 is repealed on July 1, 2024.

1140

1141

1142

- 1144 (5) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1145 (6) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is repealed 1146 July 1, 2023.
- 1147 (7) Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1148 (8) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are repealed on July 1, 2023:
- 1150 (a) in Subsection 53B-8-105(12), the language that states, "or any scholarship established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205":
- 1152 (b) Section 53B-8-202;
- 1153 (c) Section 53B-8-203;
- (d) Section 53B-8-204; and
- 1155 (e) Section 53B-8-205.
- 1156 (9) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027.
- 1157 (10) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational Interpretation 1158 and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1159 (11) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024.
- 1161 (12) Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a)(iv)(A) is repealed July 1, 2027.
- [(12)] (13) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1164 [(13)] (14) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024.
- 1166 [(14)] (15) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1168 (16) Title 53F, Chapter 4, Part 3, Carson Smith Scholarship Program, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1170 [(15)] (17) Section 53F-5-221, regarding a management of energy and water pilot program, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- 1172 (18) Subsection 53F-6-401(1)(c)(i)(A) is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1173 (19) Subsection 53F-6-401(4)(e)(i) is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1174 [(16)] (20) Section 53F-9-401 is repealed on July 1, 2024.

- 1175 [(17)] (21) Section 53F-9-403 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
- 1176 (22) Subsection 53G-11-401(8)(a) is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1177 [(18)] (23) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of
- 1178 Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under
- 1179 Section 36-12-12, make corrections necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified
- in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of the
- 1181 Legislature's intent.
- 1182 Section 19. Section **63I-2-253** (Effective **07/01/24**) is amended to read:
- 1183 63I-2-253 (Effective 07/01/24). Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
- 1184 (1) Subsection 53-1-104(1)(b), regarding the Air Ambulance Committee, is repealed
- 1185 July 1, 2024.
- 1186 (2) Section 53-1-118 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
- 1187 (3) Section 53-1-120 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
- 1188 (4) Section 53-2d-107, regarding the Air Ambulance Committee, is repealed July 1,
- 1189 2024.
- 1190 (5) In relation to the Air Ambulance Committee, on July 1, 2024, Subsection
- 1191 53-2d-702(1)(a) is amended to read:
- "(a) provide the patient or the patient's representative with the following information
- before contacting an air medical transport provider:
- (i) which health insurers in the state the air medical transport provider contracts with;
- (ii) if sufficient data is available, the average charge for air medical transport services
- for a patient who is uninsured or out of network; and
- (iii) whether the air medical transport provider balance bills a patient for any charge not
- paid by the patient's health insurer; and".
- 1199 (6) Section 53-7-109 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
- 1200 (7) Section 53-22-104 is repealed December 31, 2023.
- 1201 (8) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1202 (9) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is repealed
- 1203 July 1, 2023.
- 1204 (10) Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1205 (11) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are

1206	repealed on July 1, 2023:
1207	(a) in Subsection 53B-8-105(12), the language that states, "or any scholarship
1208	established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205";
1209	(b) Section 53B-8-202;
1210	(c) Section 53B-8-203;
1211	(d) Section 53B-8-204; and
1212	(e) Section 53B-8-205.
1213	(12) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027.
1214	(13) Subsection 53E-7-401(1)(a)(iv)(A) is repealed July 1, 2027.
1215	[(13)] (14) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational
1216	Interpretation and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024.
1217	[(14)] (15) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations
1218	Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024.
1219	[(15)] (16) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility,
1220	is repealed July 1, 2024.
1221	[(16)] (17) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the
1222	at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024.
1223	[(17)] (18) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments,
1224	is repealed July 1, 2024.
1225	(19) Title 53F, Chapter 4, Part 3, Carson Smith Scholarship Program, is repealed July
1226	<u>1, 2027.</u>
1227	[(18)] (20) Section 53F-5-221, regarding a management of energy and water pilot
1228	program, is repealed July 1, 2028.
1229	(21) Subsection 53F-6-401(1)(c)(i)(A) is repealed July 1, 2027.
1230	(22) Subsection 53F-6-401(4)(e)(i) is repealed July 1, 2027.
1231	[(19)] <u>(23)</u> Section 53F-9-401 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
1232	[(20)] <u>(24)</u> Section 53F-9-403 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
1233	(25) Subsection 53G-11-401(8)(a) is repealed July 1, 2027.
1234	[(21)] (26) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of
1235	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under
1236	Section 36-12-12, make corrections necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified

1237	in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of the
1238	Legislature's intent.
1239	Section 20. Section 63I-2-267 is amended to read:
1240	63I-2-267. Repeal dates: Title 67.
1241	Subsection 67-3-1(21)(a)(ii) is repealed July 1, 2027.
1242	Section 21. Section 67-3-1 is amended to read:
1243	67-3-1. Functions and duties.
1244	(1) (a) The state auditor is the auditor of public accounts and is independent of any
1245	executive or administrative officers of the state.
1246	(b) The state auditor is not limited in the selection of personnel or in the determination
1247	of the reasonable and necessary expenses of the state auditor's office.
1248	(2) The state auditor shall examine and certify annually in respect to each fiscal year,
1249	financial statements showing:
1250	(a) the condition of the state's finances;
1251	(b) the revenues received or accrued;
1252	(c) expenditures paid or accrued;
1253	(d) the amount of unexpended or unencumbered balances of the appropriations to the
1254	agencies, departments, divisions, commissions, and institutions; and
1255	(e) the cash balances of the funds in the custody of the state treasurer.
1256	(3) (a) The state auditor shall:
1257	(i) audit each permanent fund, each special fund, the General Fund, and the accounts of
1258	any department of state government or any independent agency or public corporation as the law
1259	requires, as the auditor determines is necessary, or upon request of the governor or the
1260	Legislature;
1261	(ii) perform the audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and
1262	other auditing procedures as promulgated by recognized authoritative bodies; and
1263	(iii) as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct the audits to determine:
1264	(A) honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs;
1265	(B) accuracy and reliability of financial statements;
1266	(C) effectiveness and adequacy of financial controls; and
1267	(D) compliance with the law.

(b) If any state entity receives federal funding, the state auditor shall ensure that the audit is performed in accordance with federal audit requirements.

- (c) (i) The costs of the federal compliance portion of the audit may be paid from an appropriation to the state auditor from the General Fund.
- (ii) If an appropriation is not provided, or if the federal government does not specifically provide for payment of audit costs, the costs of the federal compliance portions of the audit shall be allocated on the basis of the percentage that each state entity's federal funding bears to the total federal funds received by the state.
- (iii) The allocation shall be adjusted to reflect any reduced audit time required to audit funds passed through the state to local governments and to reflect any reduction in audit time obtained through the use of internal auditors working under the direction of the state auditor.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the state auditor shall, in addition to financial audits, and as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct performance and special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public funds, including a determination of any or all of the following:
 - (i) the honesty and integrity of all the entity's fiscal affairs;
 - (ii) whether the entity's administrators have faithfully complied with legislative intent;
- (iii) whether the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient, effective, and cost-efficient manner;
- (iv) whether the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing the intended objectives; and
- (v) whether the entity's management, control, and information systems are adequate, effective, and secure.
- (b) The auditor may not conduct performance and special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public funds if the entity:
 - (i) has an elected auditor; and
- (ii) has, within the entity's last budget year, had the entity's financial statements or performance formally reviewed by another outside auditor.
 - (5) The state auditor:

1297 (a) shall administer any oath or affirmation necessary to the performance of the duties 1298 of the auditor's office; and

1299	(b) may:
1300	(i) subpoena witnesses and documents, whether electronic or otherwise; and
1301	(ii) examine into any matter that the auditor considers necessary.
1302	(6) The state auditor may require all persons who have had the disposition or
1303	management of any property of this state or its political subdivisions to submit statements
1304	regarding the property at the time and in the form that the auditor requires.
1305	(7) The state auditor shall:
1306	(a) except where otherwise provided by law, institute suits in Salt Lake County in
1307	relation to the assessment, collection, and payment of revenues against:
1308	(i) persons who by any means have become entrusted with public money or property
1309	and have failed to pay over or deliver the money or property; and
1310	(ii) all debtors of the state;
1311	(b) collect and pay into the state treasury all fees received by the state auditor;
1312	(c) perform the duties of a member of all boards of which the state auditor is a member
1313	by the constitution or laws of the state, and any other duties that are prescribed by the
1314	constitution and by law;
1315	(d) stop the payment of the salary of any state official or state employee who:
1316	(i) refuses to settle accounts or provide required statements about the custody and
1317	disposition of public funds or other state property;
1318	(ii) refuses, neglects, or ignores the instruction of the state auditor or any controlling
1319	board or department head with respect to the manner of keeping prescribed accounts or funds;
1320	or
1321	(iii) fails to correct any delinquencies, improper procedures, and errors brought to the
1322	official's or employee's attention;
1323	(e) establish accounting systems, methods, and forms for public accounts in all taxing
1324	or fee-assessing units of the state in the interest of uniformity, efficiency, and economy;
1325	(f) superintend the contractual auditing of all state accounts;
1326	(g) subject to Subsection (8)(a), withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of
1327	property taxes from a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit, if necessary, to ensure that
1328	officials and employees in those taxing units comply with state laws and procedures in the

budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds;

(h) subject to Subsection (9), withhold the disbursement of tax money from any county, if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in the county comply with Section 59-2-303.1; and

- (i) withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of property taxes from a local government entity or a limited purpose entity, as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15 if the state auditor finds the withholding necessary to ensure that the entity registers and maintains the entity's registration with the lieutenant governor, in accordance with Section 67-1a-15.
- (8) (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(g) until a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit has received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days to make the specified corrections.
- (b) If, after receiving notice under Subsection (8)(a), a state or independent local fee-assessing unit that exclusively assesses fees has not made corrections to comply with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds, the state auditor:
 - (i) shall provide a recommended timeline for corrective actions;
- (ii) may prohibit the state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by the state; and
- (iii) may prohibit a state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an account of a financial institution by filing an action in district court requesting an order of the court to prohibit a financial institution from providing the fee-assessing unit access to an account.
- (c) The state auditor shall remove a limitation on accessing funds under Subsection (8)(b) upon compliance with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds.
- (d) If a local taxing or fee-assessing unit has not adopted a budget in compliance with state law, the state auditor:
- (i) shall provide notice to the taxing or fee-assessing unit of the unit's failure to comply;
 - (ii) may prohibit the taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by the

1361 state; and

1364

1365

1366

1367

1368

1369

1370

1371

1372

1373

1374

1375

1376

13771378

1379

1380

1381

1382

1383

1384

1385

1386

- 1362 (iii) may prohibit a taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an account of a financial institution by:
 - (A) contacting the taxing or fee-assessing unit's financial institution and requesting that the institution prohibit access to the account; or
 - (B) filing an action in district court requesting an order of the court to prohibit a financial institution from providing the taxing or fee-assessing unit access to an account.
 - (e) If the local taxing or fee-assessing unit adopts a budget in compliance with state law, the state auditor shall eliminate a limitation on accessing funds described in Subsection (8)(d).
 - (9) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(h) until a county has received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days to make the specified corrections.
 - (10) (a) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(i) until the state auditor receives a notice of non-registration, as that term is defined in Section 67-1a-15.
 - (b) If the state auditor receives a notice of non-registration, the state auditor may prohibit the local government entity or limited purpose entity, as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15, from accessing:
 - (i) money held by the state; and
 - (ii) money held in an account of a financial institution by:
 - (A) contacting the entity's financial institution and requesting that the institution prohibit access to the account; or
 - (B) filing an action in district court requesting an order of the court to prohibit a financial institution from providing the entity access to an account.
 - (c) The state auditor shall remove the prohibition on accessing funds described in Subsection (10)(b) if the state auditor received a notice of registration, as that term is defined in Section 67-1a-15, from the lieutenant governor.
- 1388 (11) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(g), (7)(h), (7)(i), (8)(b), (8)(d), or (10)(b), the state auditor:
- 1390 (a) shall authorize a disbursement by a local government entity or limited purpose 1391 entity, as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15, or a state or local taxing or fee-assessing

unit if the disbursement is necessary to:

(i) avoid a major disruption in the operations of the local government entity, limited purpose entity, or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit; or

- (ii) meet debt service obligations; and
- (b) may authorize a disbursement by a local government entity, limited purpose entity, or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit as the state auditor determines is appropriate.
- (12) (a) The state auditor may seek relief under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure to take temporary custody of public funds if an action is necessary to protect public funds from being improperly diverted from their intended public purpose.
 - (b) If the state auditor seeks relief under Subsection (12)(a):
- (i) the state auditor is not required to exhaust the procedures in Subsection (7) or (8); and
 - (ii) the state treasurer may hold the public funds in accordance with Section 67-4-1 if a court orders the public funds to be protected from improper diversion from their public purpose.
 - (13) The state auditor shall:
 - (a) establish audit guidelines and procedures for audits of local mental health and substance abuse authorities and their contract providers, conducted pursuant to Title 17, Chapter 43, Part 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities, Title 17, Chapter 43, Part 3, Local Mental Health Authorities, Title 26B, Chapter 5, Health Care Substance Use and Mental Health, and Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act; and
 - (b) ensure that those guidelines and procedures provide assurances to the state that:
 - (i) state and federal funds appropriated to local mental health authorities are used for mental health purposes;
 - (ii) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide comprehensive mental health programs or services for a local mental health authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements and state and federal law;
 - (iii) state and federal funds appropriated to local substance abuse authorities are used for substance abuse programs and services; and
 - (iv) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide

comprehensive substance abuse programs or services for a local substance abuse authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and federal law.

- (14) (a) The state auditor may, in accordance with the auditor's responsibilities for political subdivisions of the state as provided in Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act, initiate audits or investigations of any political subdivision that are necessary to determine honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs, accuracy and reliability of financial statements, effectiveness, and adequacy of financial controls and compliance with the law.
- (b) If the state auditor receives notice under Subsection 11-41-104(7) from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity on or after July 1, 2024, the state auditor may initiate an audit or investigation of the public entity subject to the notice to determine compliance with Section 11-41-103.
- (15) (a) The state auditor may not audit work that the state auditor performed before becoming state auditor.
- (b) If the state auditor has previously been a responsible official in state government whose work has not yet been audited, the Legislature shall:
 - (i) designate how that work shall be audited; and
 - (ii) provide additional funding for those audits, if necessary.
 - (16) The state auditor shall:

- (a) with the assistance, advice, and recommendations of an advisory committee appointed by the state auditor from among special district boards of trustees, officers, and employees and special service district boards, officers, and employees:
 - (i) prepare a Uniform Accounting Manual for Special Districts that:
- (A) prescribes a uniform system of accounting and uniform budgeting and reporting procedures for special districts under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Special Districts, and special service districts under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;
 - (B) conforms with generally accepted accounting principles; and
- 1451 (C) prescribes reasonable exceptions and modifications for smaller districts to the 1452 uniform system of accounting, budgeting, and reporting;
 - (ii) maintain the manual under this Subsection (16)(a) so that the manual continues to

reflect generally accepted accounting principles;

- (iii) conduct a continuing review and modification of procedures in order to improve them;
 - (iv) prepare and supply each district with suitable budget and reporting forms; and
- (v) (A) prepare instructional materials, conduct training programs, and render other services considered necessary to assist special districts and special service districts in implementing the uniform accounting, budgeting, and reporting procedures; and
- (B) ensure that any training described in Subsection (16)(a)(v)(A) complies with Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements; and
- (b) continually analyze and evaluate the accounting, budgeting, and reporting practices and experiences of specific special districts and special service districts selected by the state auditor and make the information available to all districts.
- (17) (a) The following records in the custody or control of the state auditor are protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act:
- (i) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a past or present governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the state auditor through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the state auditor in preparing a final audit report;
- (ii) records and audit workpapers to the extent the workpapers would disclose the identity of an individual who during the course of an audit, communicated the existence of any waste of public funds, property, or manpower, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the individual be protected;
- (iii) before an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to an individual who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the individual's response or information;
- (iv) records that would disclose an outline or part of any audit survey plans or audit program; and

(v) requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an audit.

(b) The provisions of Subsections (17)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) do not prohibit the disclosure of records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity or employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.

- (c) The provisions of this Subsection (17) do not limit the authority otherwise given to the state auditor to classify a document as public, private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- (d) (i) As used in this Subsection (17)(d), "record dispute" means a dispute between the state auditor and the subject of an audit performed by the state auditor as to whether the state auditor may release a record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103, to the public that the state auditor gained access to in the course of the state auditor's audit but which the subject of the audit claims is not subject to disclosure under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- (ii) The state auditor may submit a record dispute to the State Records Committee, created in Section 63G-2-501, for a determination of whether the state auditor may, in conjunction with the state auditor's release of an audit report, release to the public the record that is the subject of the record dispute.
- (iii) The state auditor or the subject of the audit may seek judicial review of a State Records Committee determination under Subsection (17)(d)(ii), as provided in Section 63G-2-404.
- (18) If the state auditor conducts an audit of an entity that the state auditor has previously audited and finds that the entity has not implemented a recommendation made by the state auditor in a previous audit, the state auditor shall notify the Legislative Management Committee through the Legislative Management Committee's audit subcommittee that the entity has not implemented that recommendation.
- (19) The state auditor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the state privacy officer described in Section 67-3-13.
- (20) Except as provided in Subsection (21), the state auditor shall report, or ensure that another government entity reports, on the financial, operational, and performance metrics for the state system of higher education and the state system of public education, including metrics in relation to students, programs, and schools within those systems.

1516	(21) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (20), the state auditor shall conduct regular audits
1517	of:
1518	(i) the scholarship granting organization for the [Special Needs] Carson Smith
1519	Opportunity Scholarship Program, created in Section 53E-7-402;
1520	(ii) the State Board of Education for the Carson Smith Scholarship Program, created in
1521	Section 53F-4-302; and
1522	(iii) the scholarship program manager for the Utah Fits All Scholarship Program,
1523	created in Section 53F-6-402.
1524	(b) Nothing in this subsection limits or impairs the authority of the State Board of
1525	Education to administer the programs described in Subsection (21)(a).
1526	(22) The state auditor shall, based on the information posted by the Office of
1527	Legislative Research and General Counsel under Subsection 36-12-12.1(2), for each policy,
1528	track and post the following information on the state auditor's website:
1529	(a) the information posted under Subsections 36-12-12.1(2)(a) through (e);
1530	(b) an indication regarding whether the policy is timely adopted, adopted late, or not
1531	adopted;
1532	(c) an indication regarding whether the policy complies with the requirements
1533	established by law for the policy; and
1534	(d) a link to the policy.
1535	(23) (a) A legislator may request that the state auditor conduct an inquiry to determine
1536	whether a government entity, government official, or government employee has complied with
1537	a legal obligation directly imposed, by statute, on the government entity, government official,
1538	or government employee.
1539	(b) The state auditor may, upon receiving a request under Subsection (23)(a), conduct
1540	the inquiry requested.
1541	(c) If the state auditor conducts the inquiry described in Subsection (23)(b), the state
1542	auditor shall post the results of the inquiry on the state auditor's website.
1543	(d) The state auditor may limit the inquiry described in this Subsection (23) to a simple
1544	determination, without conducting an audit, regarding whether the obligation was fulfilled.
1545	Section 22. Effective date.
1546	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on July 1, 2024.

1547 (2) The actions affecting Section 63I-2-253 (Superseded 07/01/24) take effect on May 1548 1, 2024.