26	AMENDS:
27	26B-7-509, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
28	26B-7-511, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
29	26B-7-521, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
30	76-10-105.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 348
31	ENACTS:
32 33	26B-7-522, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
35	Section 1. Section 26B-7-509 is amended to read:
36	26B-7-509. Permit term and fees.
37	(1) (a) The term of a permit issued to a retail tobacco specialty business is one year.
38	(b) The term of a permit issued to a general tobacco retailer is two years.
39	(2) (a) A local health department may not issue a permit until the applicant has paid a
40	permit fee to the local health department of:
41	(i) for a general tobacco retailer:
42	$[\underbrace{(i)}]$ (A) \$30 for a new permit;
43	[(ii)] (B) \$20 for a permit renewal; or
44	[(iii)] (C) \$30 for reinstatement of a permit that has been revoked, suspended, or
45	allowed to expire[-]; or
46	(ii) for a retail tobacco specialty business, \$10,000.
47	(b) A local health department that collects fees under Subsection (2)(a) shall use the
48	fees to administer and enforce the permit requirements described in Sections 26B-7-506
49	through [26B-7-521] <u>26B-7-522</u> .
50	(c) In addition to the fee described in Subsection (2)(a), a local health department may
51	establish and collect a fee to perform a plan review for a retail tobacco specialty business
52	permit.
53	(d) Payment of the fee described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) is due after an initial
54	application or a renewal application is approved.
55	(3) A permit holder may apply for a renewal of a permit no earlier than 30 days before
56	the day on which the permit expires.

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3 /	(4) A tobacco retailer that rans to renew a permit before the permit expires may apply
58	to reinstate the permit by submitting to the local health department:
59	(a) the information required in Subsection 26B-7-508(3) and, if applicable, Subsection
60	26B-7-508(4);
61	(b) the fee for the reinstatement of a permit; and
62	(c) a signed affidavit affirming that the tobacco retailer has not violated the
63	prohibitions in Subsection 26B-7-507(1)(b) after the permit expired.
64	Section 2. Section 26B-7-511 is amended to read:
65	26B-7-511. Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty business.
66	(1) A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
67	(a) electronically verify proof of age for any individual that enters the premises of the
68	business in accordance with Section 26B-7-521;
69	(b) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual from
70	entering the business if the individual is under 21 years old; [and]
71	(c) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public
72	entrance of the business that communicates:
73	(i) the prohibition on the presence of an individual under 21 years old in a retail
74	tobacco specialty business in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4); and
75	(ii) the prohibition on the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products to
76	an individual under 21 years old as described in Sections 76-10-104, 76-10-104.1, 76-10-105.1
77	and 76-10-114[.]; and
78	(d) implement security standards that include an electronic video monitoring system
79	with:
80	(i) at least one 19-inch or greater call-up monitor;
81	(ii) a printer, capable of producing a clear still photo from any video camera image;
82	(iii) video cameras with a recording resolution of at least 1280 x 720 pixels, or the
83	equivalent for analog, that records continuously during business hours and for one hour before
84	and after business hours, seven days a week, and is motion activated after business hours that
85	provides coverage of:
86	(A) all points of entry; and
87	(B) each point-of-sale;

88	(iv) a method for storing each video recording from the video camera for at least 45
89	days after the day on which the recording was taken:
90	(v) a surveillance system with:
91	(A) a storage device for locally stored footage secured in the business in a lock box,
92	cabinet, closet, or secured in another manner, to protect from tampering or criminal theft; or
93	(B) a storage system on a remote server which has restricted access to protect from
94	tampering;
95	(vi) a failure notification system that provides an audible or visual notification of an
96	error within the electronic monitoring system; and
97	(vii) a date and time stamp embedded on video camera recordings.
98	(2) A retail tobacco specialty business may not:
99	(a) employ an individual under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic
100	cigarette product, or a nicotine product; or
101	(b) permit an employee under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic
102	cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
103	Section 3. Section 26B-7-521 is amended to read:
104	26B-7-521. Verification of proof of age Verification of identification.
105	(1) As used in this section:
106	(a) "Employee" means an employee of a retail tobacco specialty business.
107	(b) "Electronic verification program" means a technology used by a retail tobacco
108	specialty business to confirm proof of age for an individual.
109	(2) A retail tobacco specialty business shall require that an employee verify proof of
110	age as provided in this section.
111	(3) To comply with Subsection (2), an employee shall:
112	(a) request the individual present proof of age; and
113	(b) verify the validity of the proof of age electronically in accordance with Subsection
114	(4).
115	(4) (a) A retail tobacco specialty business shall use an electronic verification program
116	to assist the business in complying with the requirements of this section.
117	(b) Beginning July 1, 2024, a retail tobacco specialty business shall use an
118	identification verification system.

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119	(c) The identification verification system described in Subsection (4)(b) shall analyze
120	and conduct a forensic check of the front and back of a proof of identification for authentic
121	security features to detect a fraudulent proof of identification, which shall include the ability to:
122	(i) read and identify ultraviolet and infrared images, microprint, laser perforation,
123	holograms, and other proof of identification specific security features;
124	(ii) scan and analyze a proof of identification issued from any state or territory within
125	the United States;
126	(iii) scan and read magstripe, 2D barcodes, and machine readable zones on United
127	States passport cards;
128	(iv) display easy to read results of the identification analysis and alert staff when a
129	proof of identification appears to be fake or false;
130	(v) detect and alert to an expired or invalid proof of identification;
131	(vi) ability to identify and alert to pass-back or proof of identification sharing; and
132	(vii) to capture a real time image of the individual presenting the proof of
133	identification.
134	(5) (a) A retail tobacco specialty business may not disclose information obtained under
135	this section except as provided under this part.
136	(b) Information obtained under this section:
137	(i) shall be kept for at least 180 days; and
138	(ii) is subject to inspection upon request by a peace officer or the representative of an
139	enforcing agency.
140	(6) (a) If an employee does not verify proof of age under this section, the employee
141	may not permit an individual to:
142	(i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), enter a retail tobacco specialty business; or
143	(ii) purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.
144	(b) In accordance with Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), an individual who is under 21 years
145	old may be permitted to enter a retail tobacco specialty business if the individual is:
146	(i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian who provides proof of age; or
147	(ii) (A) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of
148	providing a commercial service to the retail tobacco specialty business, including making a
149	commercial delivery;

150	(B) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an employee
151	of the retail tobacco specialty business; and
152	(C) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction other
153	than the service described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A).
154	(7) To determine whether the individual described in Subsection (2) is 21 years old or
155	older, the following may request an individual described in Subsection (2) to present proof of
156	age:
157	(a) an employee;
158	(b) a peace officer; or
159	(c) a representative of an enforcing agency.
160	Section 4. Section 26B-7-522 is enacted to read:
161	26B-7-522. Flavored electronic cigarette product inventory control system
162	requirements.
163	(1) As used in this section:
164	(a) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in
165	Section 76-10-101.
166	(b) "RFID" means radio-frequency identification.
167	(2) Beginning January 1, 2025, a retail tobacco specialty business shall have in place an
168	inventory control system that tracks flavored electronic cigarette products.
169	(3) The inventory control system shall have an RFID tag attached to each flavored
170	electronic cigarette product package label in which:
171	(a) each flavored electronic cigarette product is issued a unique identification number
172	via an RFID tag; and
173	(b) the tag is placed in a position that can be clearly read and include the following
174	information:
175	(i) a unique identification number;
176	(ii) the name of the retail tobacco specialty business that sells the product; and
177	(iii) date of sale of the flavored electronic cigarette product.
178	(4) A retail tobacco specialty business shall maintain the information required by this
179	section for at least 180 days after the day on which the flavored electronic cigarette product
180	leaves the retail tobacco specialty business.

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181	Section 5. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read:
182	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a tobacco product, an
183	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product Minors not allowed in tobacco
184	specialty shop Penalties.
185	(1) As used in this section:
186	(a) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
187	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
188	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
189	(A) vending machine; [or]
190	(B) self-service display[-]; or
191	(C) a drive-through.
192	(b) "Retailer" means a person who:
193	(i) sells a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an
194	individual for personal consumption; or
195	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a tobacco product, an
196	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
197	(c) "Self-service display" means a display of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette
198	product, or a nicotine product to which the public has access without the intervention of a
199	retailer or retailer's employee.
200	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a tobacco product, an
201	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product only in a face-to-face exchange.
202	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
203	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section
204	59-14-509; <u>or</u>
205	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
206	retailer's facility:
207	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
208	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be
209	present[; or].
210	[(c) a sale at a retail tobacco specialty business.]
211	(4) An individual who is under 21 years old may not enter or be present at a retail

212	tobacco specialty business unless the individual is:
213	(a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; or
214	(b) (i) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of
215	providing a service to the retail tobacco specialty business, including making a delivery;
216	(ii) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an employee
217	of the retail tobacco specialty business; and
218	(iii) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction other
219	than the service described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
220	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a), an individual
221	into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail tobacco specialty business may not
222	allow the individual to purchase a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
223	nicotine product.
224	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
225	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
226	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
227	(c) class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offenses.
228	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of an offense under Section
229	76-10-104.
230	Section 6. Effective date.
231	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.