Representative Brady Brammer proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jen Plumb
5	House Sponsor: Brady Brammer
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to electronic cigarettes.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 prohibits the sale of electronic eigarette products that have not received market
13	authorization or are pending market authorization from the federal Food and Drug
14	Administration;
15	 codifies a nicotine limit for electronic cigarette products;
16	 prohibits the sale of flavored electronic cigarette products; and
17	 creates a registry for electronic cigarette products.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	This bill provides a special effective date.
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	10-8-41.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327
25	17-50-333, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327



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             26B-7-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
27
             59-14-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 98, 300, 329, and 531 and
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      last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 531
29
             76-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
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             76-10-113, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 302
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      ENACTS:
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             26A-1-131, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             59-14-810, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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      Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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             Section 1. Section 10-8-41.6 is amended to read:
             10-8-41.6. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
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             (1) As used in this section:
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             (a) "Community location" means:
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             (i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
             (ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
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             (iii) a trade or technical school;
             (iv) a church;
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             (v) a public library;
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             (vi) a public playground;
             (vii) a public park;
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             (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
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             (ix) a public recreational facility;
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             (x) a public arcade; or
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             (xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
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             (b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in
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      Section 26B-1-201.
             (c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
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      76-10-101.
             [(d) "Flavored electronic eigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in
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      Section 76-10-101.
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57	[(e)] (d) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
58	retail tobacco specialty business.
59	[(f)] (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
60	26A-1-102.
61	[(g)] (f) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
62	76-10-101.
63	[(h)] (g) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
64	which:
65	(i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products
66	account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;
67	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
68	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
69	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of
70	tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
71	(iv) the commercial establishment:
72	(A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
73	(B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail
74	tobacco specialty business; <u>or</u>
75	[(v) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold; or]
76	[vi) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
77	cigarette products, or nicotine products.
78	[(i)] (h) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
79	76-10-105.1.
80	[(j)] <u>(i)</u> "Tobacco product" means:
81	(i) a tobacco product as defined in Section 76-10-101; or
82	(ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
83	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
84	powers of the state by the state or by delegation of the state's police powers to other
85	governmental entities.
86	(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality
87	unless the person obtains a license from the municipality in which the retail tobacco specialty

business is located.

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- (b) A municipality may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a municipality may not issue a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty business is located within:
 - (i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
 - (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
- (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
- 97 (A) agriculture use; or
 - (B) residential use.
 - (b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.
 - (5) A municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof that the retail tobacco specialty business has:
 - (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and
 - (b) (i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product; and
 - (ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
 - (6) (a) Nothing in this section:
 - (i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
- 117 (ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person 118 seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty

119	business.
120	(b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license
121	issued under this section:
122	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
123	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
124	(ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and
125	distribution of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and
126	adolescents;
127	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under
128	Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine
129	Products; or
130	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
131	(7) (a) A retail tobacco specialty business is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
132	(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a
133	license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;
134	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a municipality in accordance
135	with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
136	(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within
137	1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
138	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
139	(7)(a) if:
140	(i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse
141	or permanent revocation;
142	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
143	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for
144	more than 60 consecutive days;
145	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
146	premises or business operation; and
147	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
148	of other applicable laws, including:
149	(A) Section 26B-7-503;

(B) zoning ordinances;

150 (B) zoning ordinances; 151 (C) building codes; and 152 (D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i). (c) A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under 153 154 Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if: 155 (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a 156 general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under Title 26B, 157 Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the 158 local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty 159 business is located; 160 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the municipality in accordance 161 with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and 162 (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school. 163 (d) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business may 164 165 maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(c) if: 166 (i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a 167 retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having jurisdiction 168 over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; 169 (ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse 170 or permanent revocation; 171 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise 172 suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for 173 more than 60 consecutive days; 174 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business 175 premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco specialty 176 business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and 177 (v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms 178 of other applicable laws, including: 179 (A) Section 26B-7-503;

181	(C) building codes; and
182	(D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i).
183	(e) A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is
184	located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high,
185	or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection (4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco
186	specialty business:
187	(i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial use
188	and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial establishments built on a site
189	that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as an operating unit; and
190	(ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not
191	directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e).
192	Section 2. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read:
193	17-50-333. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
194	(1) As used in this section:
195	(a) "Community location" means:
196	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
197	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
198	(iii) a trade or technical school;
199	(iv) a church;
200	(v) a public library;
201	(vi) a public playground;
202	(vii) a public park;
203	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
204	(ix) a public recreational facility;
205	(x) a public arcade; or
206	(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
207	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in
208	Section 26B-1-201.
209	(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
210	76-10-101.
211	[(d) "Flavored electronic eigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in

212	Section /6-10-101:
213	[(e)] (d) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
214	retail tobacco specialty business.
215	[(f)] (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
216	26A-1-102.
217	[(g)] (f) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
218	76-10-101.
219	[(h)] (g) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
220	which:
221	(i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products
222	account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;
223	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
224	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
225	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of
226	tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
227	(iv) the commercial establishment:
228	(A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
229	(B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail
230	tobacco specialty business; <u>or</u>
231	[(v) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold; or]
232	$[\underline{\text{(vi)}}]$ $\underline{\text{(v)}}$ the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
233	cigarette products, or nicotine products.
234	[(i)] (h) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
235	76-10-105.1.
236	[(j)] (i) "Tobacco product" means:
237	(i) the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or
238	(ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
239	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
240	powers of the state by the state or by the delegation of the state's police power to other
241	governmental entities.
242	(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a county unless

243 the person obtains a license from the county in which the retail tobacco specialty business is 244 located. 245 (b) A county may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if 246 the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5). 247 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a county may not issue a license for a 248 person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty 249 business is located within: 250 (i) 1,000 feet of a community location; 251 (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or 252 (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for: 253 (A) agriculture use; or 254 (B) residential use. 255 (b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in 256 a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest 257 property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard 258 to intervening structures or zoning districts. 259 (5) A county may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a 260 retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the county with proof that the retail 261 tobacco specialty business has: 262 (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, 263 Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty 264 265 business is located; and 266 (b) (i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax 267 Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product; or 268 (ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid 269 license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803 to sell an 270 electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product. 271 (6) (a) Nothing in this section: 272 (i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or

(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking

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- a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
- 275 (b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued 276 under this section:
- 277 (i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, 278 Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
 - (ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and distribution of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and adolescents;
 - (iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products; or
 - (iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
- 286 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business is 287 exempt from Subsection (4) if:
 - (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;
 - (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a county in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
 - (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
 - (b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:
 - (i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;
 - (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days;
 - (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and
- 303 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms 304 of other applicable laws, including:

305	(A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
306	(B) zoning ordinances;
307	(C) building codes; and
308	(D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
309	(c) A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under
310	Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
311	(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a
312	general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under Title 26,
313	Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit, by the local
314	health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty
315	business is located;
316	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the county in accordance with
317	all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
318	(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within
319	1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
320	(d) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
321	(7)(c) if:
322	(i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a
323	retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having jurisdiction
324	over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
325	(ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse
326	or permanent revocation;
327	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
328	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for
329	more than 60 consecutive days;
330	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
331	premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco specialty
332	business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and
333	(v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
334	of other applicable laws, including:
335	(A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;

336	(B) zoning ordinances;
337	(C) building codes; and
338	(D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i).
339	(e) A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is
340	located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high,
341	or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection (4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco
342	specialty business:
343	(i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial use
344	and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial establishments built on a site
345	that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as an operating unit; and
346	(ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not
347	directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e).
348	Section 3. Section 26A-1-131 is enacted to read:
349	26A-1-131. Electronic cigarette registry enforcement.
350	(1) (a) A local health department may examine the books, papers, and records of a
351	retailer in this state, for the purpose of determining compliance with Section 59-14-810.
352	(b) A local health department may make the inspections and examinations at any time
353	during ordinary business hours, and may inspect the premises and all desks, safes, vaults, and
354	other fixtures and furniture contained in or upon the premises for the purpose of ascertaining
355	whether an electronic cigarette product is held or possessed in violation of Section 59-14-810.
356	(c) Unannounced follow-up examinations of all retailers are required within 30 days
357	after any violation of Section 59-14-810.
358	(d) A local health department shall publish the results of all examinations at least
359	annually and shall make the results available to the public on request.
360	(e) Any electronic cigarette product offered for sale in violation of Section 59-14-810
361	is declared to be a contraband good and shall be immediately embargoed by a local health
362	<u>department.</u>
363	(f) An electronic cigarette product described in Subsection (1)(e) may be embargoed
364	without a warrant by:
365	(i) a local health department; or
366	(ii) a law enforcement agency of this state if directed by a local health department with

507	jurisdiction over where the product is found.
368	(g) The cost of embargoing shall be borne by the retailer.
369	(h) In an action brought under this section, a local health department may recover
370	reasonable expenses incurred in investigating and preparing the case and attorney fees.
371	(i) A retailer shall remove any embargoed electronic cigarette product from the
372	retailer's active inventory and work with the wholesaler or distributor to return or dispose the
373	electronic cigarette product.
374	(2) (a) A local health department shall disclose to the attorney general any information
375	received under this section which is requested by the attorney general for purposes of
376	determining compliance with and enforcing the provisions of this section or Section 59-14-810.
377	(b) A local health department and attorney general shall share with each other
378	information received under this section and Section 59-14-810 or corresponding laws of other
379	states.
380	(c) A local health department shall provide any necessary information to the State Tax
381	Commission regarding violations of Section 59-14-810.
382	(3) A monetary penalty assessed to a retailer by a local health department under this
383	section shall be doubled if the retailer fails to provide documentation establishing a clear chain
384	of custody back to the manufacturer.
385	Section 4. Section 26B-7-505 is amended to read:
386	26B-7-505. Electronic cigarette products Labeling Requirements to sell
387	Advertising Labeling of nicotine products containing nicotine.
388	(1) The department shall, in consultation with a local health department and with input
389	from members of the public, establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
390	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the requirements to sell an electronic cigarette substance
391	that is not a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance regarding:
392	(a) labeling;
393	(b) nicotine content;
394	(c) packaging; and
395	(d) product quality.
396	(2) On or before January 1, 2021, the department shall, in consultation with a local
397	health department and with input from members of the public, establish by rule made in

398	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the requirements
399	to sell a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product regarding:
400	(a) labeling;
401	(b) nicotine content;
402	(c) packaging; and
403	(d) product quality.
404	(3) (a) A person may not sell an electronic cigarette substance unless the electronic
405	cigarette substance complies with the requirements established by the department under
406	Subsection (1).
407	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2021, a person may not sell a manufacturer sealed electronic
408	cigarette product unless the manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product complies with the
409	requirements established by the department under Subsection (2).
410	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b) and beginning on January 1, 2025, a
411	person may not sell an electronic cigarette product that is not a premarket authorized or
412	pending electronic cigarette product as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
413	(4) (a) A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding
414	electronic cigarette substance labeling, nicotine content, packaging, or product quality that is
415	not identical to the requirements established by the department under Subsections (1) and (2).
416	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a local health department may enact a rule
417	or regulation regarding electronic cigarette substance manufacturing.
418	(c) A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding a
419	manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product.
420	(5) A person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product as a tobacco cessation
421	device.
422	(6) (a) Any nicotine product shall contain the statement described in Subsection [(7)]
423	(6)(b) if the nicotine product:
424	[(a)] (i) [(i)] (A) is not a tobacco product as defined in 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321 and related
425	federal regulations; or
426	[(ii)] (B) is not otherwise required under federal or state law to contain a nicotine
427	warning; and
428	[(b)] (ii) contains nicotine.

429	[(7)] <u>(b)</u> A statement shall appear on the exterior packaging of a nicotine product
430	described in Subsection (6)(a) as follows:
431	"This product contains nicotine."
432	Section 5. Section 59-14-807 is amended to read:
433	59-14-807. Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds
434	Restricted Account.
435	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
436	"Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account."
437	(2) The Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted
438	Account consists of:
439	(a) revenue collected from the tax imposed by Section 59-14-804;
440	(b) fees and penalties collected under Section 59-14-810;
441	[(b)] (c) all money received by the attorney general or the Department of Commerce as
442	a result of any judgment, settlement, or compromise of claims pertaining to alleged violations
443	of law related to the manufacture, marketing, distribution, or sale of electronic cigarette
444	products, as defined in Section 76-10-101:
445	(i) if the total amount of the judgment, settlement, or compromise received by the state
446	exceeds \$1,000,000; and
447	(ii) after reimbursement to the attorney general and the Department of Commerce for
448	expenses related to the matters described in Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ $(2)(c)$; and
449	[(c)] (d) amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
450	(3) (a) For each fiscal year and subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the Division
451	of Finance shall distribute from the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product
452	Proceeds Restricted Account:
453	(i) \$2,000,000, which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
454	Department of Health and Human Services using the formula created in accordance with
455	Section 26A-1-116;
456	(ii) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health and Human Services for statewide
457	cessation programs and prevention education;
458	(iii) \$1,180,000 to the Department of Public Safety for law enforcement officers aimed
459	at disrupting organizations and networks that provide tobacco products, electronic cigarette

400	products, income products, and other megal controlled substances to minors;
461	(iv) \$3,000,000, which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
462	Department of Health and Human Services using the formula created in accordance with
463	Section 26A-1-116;
464	(v) \$5,084,200 to the State Board of Education for school-based prevention programs;
465	[and]
466	(vi) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health and Human Services for alcohol, tobacco,
467	and other drug prevention, reduction, cessation, and control programs that promote unified
468	messages and make use of media outlets, including radio, newspaper, billboards, and
469	television[-]; and
470	(vii) of the money deposited under Section 59-14-810:
471	(A) to the commission, in an amount equal to the amount necessary to create and
472	maintain the registry described in Section 59-14-810;
473	(B) to the Department of Health and Human Services, in an amount necessary for
474	completing duties described in Section 59-14-810; and
475	(C) to the Department of Health and Human Services, the remainder to be divided
476	among the local health departments for inspection and enforcement described in Sections
477	26A-1-131 and 59-14-810.
478	(b) If the amount in the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds
479	Restricted Account is insufficient to cover the distributions described in Subsection (3)(a), the
480	distribution amounts shall be adjusted proportionately.
481	(4) (a) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
482	Subsection (3)(a) for enforcing:
483	(i) the regulation provisions described in Section 26B-7-505;
484	(ii) the labeling requirement described in Section 26B-7-505; and
485	(iii) the penalty provisions described in Section 26B-7-518.
486	(b) The Department of Health and Human Services shall use the money received in
487	accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(ii) for the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other
488	Drug Prevention Program created in Section 26B-1-428.
489	(c) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
490	Subsection (3)(a)(iv) to issue grants under the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug

491	Prevention Grant Program created in Section 26A-1-129.
492	(d) The State Board of Education shall use the money received in accordance with
493	Subsection (3)(a)(v) to distribute to local education agencies to pay for:
494	(i) (A) stipends for positive behaviors specialists as described in Subsection
495	53G-10-407(4)(a)(i);
496	(B) the cost of administering the positive behaviors plan as described in Subsection
497	53G-10-407(4)(a)(ii); and
498	(C) the cost of implementing an Underage Drinking and Substance Abuse Prevention
499	Program in grade 4 or 5, as described in Subsection 53G-10-406(3)(b); or
500	(ii) a comprehensive prevention plan, as that term is defined in Section 53F-2-525.
501	(5) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
502	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
503	(6) Subject to legislative appropriations, funds remaining in the Electronic Cigarette
504	Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account after the distribution described in
505	Subsection (3) may only be used for:
506	(a) funding commission personnel to enforce compliance with the tax collection
507	requirements of this part; and
508	(b) programs and activities related to the prevention and cessation of electronic
509	cigarette, nicotine products, marijuana, and other drug use.
510	Section 6. Section 59-14-810 is enacted to read:
511	59-14-810. Electronic cigarette product registry.
512	(1) Beginning on August 1, 2024, every manufacturer of an electronic cigarette product
513	that is sold in this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar
514	intermediary or intermediaries, shall certify under penalty of perjury on a form and in the
515	manner prescribed by the commission, that:
516	(a) the manufacturer agrees to comply with this section; and
517	(b) the electronic cigarette product is a premarket authorized or pending electronic
518	cigarette product as defined in Section 76-10-101 and is not otherwise illegal to be sold in the
519	state.
520	(2) When submitting the certification a manufacturer shall submit a form that
521	separately lists each electronic cigarette product that is sold in this state.

522	(3) (a) Each certification form shall include:
523	(i) the name of the electronic cigarette product, nicotine content level by percentage,
524	and any flavors contained in the product;
525	(ii) (A) a copy of the order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the
526	electronic cigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21
527	$\underline{\text{U.S.C. Sec. }}$ 387j(c)(1)(A)(i); or
528	(B) evidence that the premarket tobacco product application for the electronic cigarette
529	product or nicotine product was submitted to the United States Food and Drug Administration
530	before September 9, 2020, and a final authorization or order has not yet taken effect;
531	(iii) a nonrefundable \$1,000 fee for an electronic cigarette product that is being added
532	to the registry in the first instance; and
533	(iv) information described in Subsection (10) if applicable.
534	(b) The commission shall make the materials submitted under Subsection (3)(a)
535	available to the Department of Health and Human Services for review and approval.
536	(c) A manufacturer required to submit a certification form under this section shall
537	notify the commission and the Department of Health and Human Services in a manner
538	prescribed by the commission within 30 days of any material change making the certification
539	form no longer accurate, including:
540	(i) the issuance or denial of a marketing authorization or other order by the United
541	States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j; or
542	(ii) any other order or action by the United States Food and Drug Administration or any
543	court that affects the ability of the electronic cigarette product to be introduced or delivered
544	into interstate commerce for commercial distribution in the United States.
545	(d) On or before January 31 of each year and in a manner prescribed by the
546	commission, a manufacturer shall:
547	(i) recertify that the information contained in the certification is correct and accurate;
548	(ii) correct or amend information if necessary; and
549	(iii) pay a \$250 nonrefundable fee for each electronic cigarette product on the registry
550	that is manufactured by the manufacturer.
551	(e) A manufacturer may amend a certification, including to add additional electronic
552	cigarette products to the registry, if all requirements of this section are met.

553	(f) The commission shall:
554	(i) provide an electronic notification to a manufacturer that has not submitted a
555	recertification under Subsection (3)(d); and
556	(ii) remove a manufacturer or an electronic cigarette product that is not recertified from
557	the registry by March 15.
558	(4) (a) The Department of Health and Human Services shall review materials described
559	in Subsection (3)(a) and notify the commission regarding whether an electronic cigarette
560	product should be included in the registry.
561	(b) On or before October 1, 2024, the commission shall make publicly available on the
562	commission's website a registry that lists each electronic cigarette product manufacturer and
563	each electronic cigarette product for which certification forms have been approved by the
564	Department of Health and Human Services.
565	(c) An electronic cigarette product may not be listed on the registry unless the
566	Department of Health and Human Services determines the requirements of Subsection (3)(a)
567	are met.
568	(5) (a) If the Department of Health and Human Services obtains information that an
569	electronic cigarette product should not be listed in the registry, the Department of Health and
570	Human Services shall provide the manufacturer notice and an opportunity to cure deficiencies
571	before notifying the commission to remove the manufacturer or products from the registry.
572	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the Department of Health and Human
573	Services shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, before
574	notifying the commission to remove an electronic cigarette product or manufacturer from the
575	registry.
576	(c) Subsection (5)(b) does not apply to a manufacturer failing:
577	(i) to decertify an electronic cigarette product;
578	(ii) to provide fees and documentation described in Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(d); or
579	(iii) to comply with Subsection (10).
580	(6) (a) If a product is removed from the registry, each retailer, distributor, and
581	wholesaler shall have 30 days from the day on which the product is removed from the registry
582	to remove the product from any inventory and return the product to the manufacturer for
583	disposal.

584	(b) After the period described in Subsection (6)(a), any electronic cigarette product of a
585	manufacturer identified in the notice of removal are contraband and are subject to penalties
586	under Subsection (8) and seizure, forfeiture, and destruction under Section 26A-1-131.
587	(7) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2025, a person may not sell or offer for retail sale an
588	electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry.
589	(b) A manufacturer may not sell, either directly or through a distributor, wholesaler,
590	retailer, or similar intermediary or intermediaries, an electronic cigarette product in this state
591	that is not included in the registry.
592	(8) (a) A wholesaler, distributor, or retailer who sells or offers for retail sale an
593	electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry shall be subject to a
594	civil penalty of:
595	(i) \$1,000 for each product offered for sale in violation of this section; and
596	(ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the
597	offending product is properly listed on the registry.
598	(b) The commission shall suspend the person's license issued under Section 59-14-803
599	for a violation of Subsection (8)(a) as follows:
600	(i) for a second violation within a 12-month period, at least 14 days;
601	(ii) for a third violation within a 12-month period, at least 60 days; or
602	(iii) for a fourth violation within a 12-month period, at least one year.
603	(c) A manufacturer whose electronic cigarette products are not listed in the registry and
604	are sold in this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar
605	intermediary or intermediaries, is subject to a civil penalty of:
606	(i) \$1,000 for each product offered for retail sale in violation of this section; and
607	(ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the
608	offending product is properly listed on the registry.
609	(d) A manufacturer that falsely represents any information required by a certification
610	form described in this section shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor for each false
611	representation.
612	(e) A repeated violation of this section shall constitute a deceptive act or practice as
613	provided in Sections 13-11-4 and 13-11a-3 and shall be subject to any remedies or penalties
614	available for a violation of those sections.

615	(9) (a) To assist in ensuring compliance and enforcement of this section and Section
616	26A-1-131, the commission shall disclose to the following entities, upon request, any
617	information obtained under this section:
618	(i) the Department of Health and Human Services;
619	(ii) a local health department; or
620	(iii) the attorney general.
621	(b) The commission and attorney general shall share with each other information
622	received under this section, or corresponding laws of other states.
623	(10) (a) (i) The commission may not list a nonresident manufacturer of an electronic
624	cigarette product in the registry unless:
625	(A) the nonresident manufacturer has registered to do business in the state as a foreign
626	corporation or business entity; or
627	(B) the nonresident manufacturer appoints and maintains without interruption the
628	services of an agent in this state to receive any service of process on behalf of the
629	manufacturer.
630	(b) The nonresident manufacturer shall provide the name, address, telephone number
631	of the agent to the commission.
632	(c) (i) A nonresident manufacturer shall provide notice to the commission 30 days
633	before the termination of the authority of an agent and shall further provide proof to the
634	satisfaction of the commission of the appointment of a new agent no less than five calendar
635	days prior to the termination of an existing agent appointment.
636	(ii) In the event an agent terminates an agency appointment, the manufacturer shall
637	notify the commission of the termination within five calendar days and shall include proof to
638	the satisfaction of the commission of the appointment of a new agent.
639	(11) Before May 31 of each year, the commission and the Department of Health and
640	Human Services shall provide a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee and the
641	Health and Human Services Interim Committee regarding:
642	(a) the status of the registry;
643	(b) manufacturers and products included in the registry;
644	(c) revenue and expenditures related to administration of this section; and
645	(d) enforcement activities undertaken under this section and Section 26A-1-131.

646	(12) All fees and penalties collected under this section shall be used for administration
647	and enforcement of this section and Section 26A-1-131.
648	(13) The commission, in consultation with the Department of Health and Human
649	Services, may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
650	Rulemaking Act, to implement this section.
651	Section 7. Section 76-10-101 is amended to read:
652	76-10-101. Definitions.
653	As used in this part:
654	(1) (a) "Alternative nicotine product" means a product, other than a cigarette, a
655	counterfeit cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, a nontherapeutic nicotine product, or a
656	tobacco product, that:
657	(i) contains nicotine;
658	(ii) is intended for human consumption;
659	(iii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
660	(iv) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
661	replacement therapy.
662	(b) "Alternative nicotine product" includes:
663	(i) pure nicotine;
664	(ii) snortable nicotine;
665	(iii) dissolvable salts, orbs, pellets, sticks, or strips; and
666	(iv) nicotine-laced food and beverage.
667	(c) "Alternative nicotine product" does not include a fruit, a vegetable, or a tea that
668	contains naturally occurring nicotine.
669	(2) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
670	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
671	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette.
672	(3) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be heated or
673	burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
674	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
675	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
676	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to

677 be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (3)(a). 678 (4) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means: 679 (i) any electronic oral device: 680 (A) that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and 681 (B) which simulates smoking through the use or inhalation of the device; 682 (ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); or 683 (iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection 684 (4)(a)(i). 685 (b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an oral device that is: 686 (i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and 687 (ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as: 688 (A) an e-cigarette; 689 (B) an e-cigar; 690 (C) an e-pipe; or 691 (D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the 692 definition of Subsection (4)(a). 693 (c) "Electronic cigarette" does not mean a medical cannabis device, as that term is 694 defined in Section 26B-4-201. 695 (5) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette 696 substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette. 697 (6) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing 698 nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette. 699 (7) (a) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette product 700 that has a taste or smell that is distinguishable by an ordinary consumer either before or during 701 use or consumption of the electronic cigarette product. 702 (b) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" includes an electronic cigarette product that 703 is labeled as, or has a taste or smell of any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy, cocoa, 704 dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb, mint, or spice. 705 (c) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" does not include an electronic cigarette 706 product that[:] has a taste or smell of only tobacco or menthol.

[(i) has a taste or smell of only tobacco, mint, or menthol; or]

708	[(ii) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product application of
709	the electronic eigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21
710	U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)(1)(A)(i).
711	(8) "Nicotine" means a poisonous, nitrogen containing chemical that is made
712	synthetically or derived from tobacco or other plants.
713	(9) "Nicotine product" means an alternative nicotine product or a nontherapeutic
714	nicotine product.
715	(10) (a) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a device that:
716	(i) has a pressurized canister that is used to administer nicotine to the user through
717	inhalation or intranasally;
718	(ii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
719	(iii) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
720	replacement therapy.
721	(b) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" includes a nontherapeutic nicotine inhaler or a
722	nontherapeutic nicotine nasal spray.
723	(11) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means a substance that:
724	(a) contains nicotine;
725	(b) is sold in a cartridge for use in a nontherapeutic nicotine device;
726	(c) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
727	(d) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
728	replacement therapy.
729	(12) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device, a
730	nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device.
731	(13) "Place of business" includes:
732	(a) a shop;
733	(b) a store;
734	(c) a factory;
735	(d) a public garage;
736	(e) an office;
737	(f) a theater;
738	(g) a recreation hall;

739	(h) a dance hall;
740	(i) a poolroom;
741	(j) a cafe;
742	(k) a cafeteria;
743	(l) a cabaret;
744	(m) a restaurant;
745	(n) a hotel;
746	(o) a lodging house;
747	(p) a streetcar;
748	(q) a bus;
749	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
750	(s) a waiting room; and
751	(t) any other place of business.
752	(14) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled
753	with an electronic eigarette substance.
754	(15) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device
755	that is sold prefilled with a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance.
756	(16) "Premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product" means an
757	electronic cigarette product that:
758	(a) (i) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product application
759	of the electronic cigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21
760	U.S.C. Sec. $387j(c)(1)(A)(i)$; or
761	(ii) (A) was marketed in the United States on or before August 8, 2016;
762	(B) the manufacturer submitted a premarket tobacco product application for the
763	electronic cigarette product to the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21
764	U.S.C. Sec. 387j on or before September 9, 2020; and
765	(C) has an application described in Subsection (16)(b)(ii) that either remains under
766	review by the United States Food and Drug Administration or a final decision on the
767	application has not taken effect; and
768	(b) does not exceed:
769	(i) 4.0% nicotine by weight per container; or

770 (ii) a nicotine concentration of 40 milligrams per milliliter. 771 [(16)] (17) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined 772 in Section 26B-7-501. 773 [(17)] (18) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or 774 other lighted smoking equipment. 775 [(18)] (19) (a) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means equipment, product, or material of any 776 kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, 777 conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette 778 substance, or a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance into the human body. 779 (b) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes: 780 (i) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without 781 screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls; 782 (ii) water pipes: (iii) carburetion tubes and devices; 783 784 (iv) smoking and carburetion masks; 785 (v) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that 786 has become too small or too short to be held in the hand; 787 (vi) chamber pipes; 788 (vii) carburetor pipes; 789 (viii) electric pipes; 790 (ix) air-driven pipes; 791 (x) chillums; 792 (xi) bongs; and 793 (xii) ice pipes or chillers. 794 (c) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters. 795 [(19)] (20) "Tobacco product" means: 796 (a) a cigar; 797 (b) a cigarette; or 798 (c) tobacco in any form, including: 799 (i) chewing tobacco; and 800 (ii) any substitute for tobacco, including flavoring or additives to tobacco.

801	[(20)] (21) "Tobacco retailer" means:
802	(a) a general tobacco retailer, as that term is defined in Section 26B-7-501; or
803	(b) a retail tobacco specialty business.
804	Section 8. Section 76-10-113 is amended to read:
805	76-10-113. Prohibition on distribution of flavored electronic cigarette products
806	Prohibition of electronic cigarette products without federal authorization.
807	(1) [#] Subject to Subsection (2), it is unlawful for a tobacco retailer that is not a retail
808	tobacco specialty business to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored electronic
809	cigarette product to any person.
810	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful
811	for a person to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to any person a flavored electronic
812	cigarette product.
813	(3) Beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person to give, distribute, sell,
814	offer for sale, or furnish to any person an electronic cigarette product that is not a premarket
815	authorized or pending electronic eigarette product.
816	$\left[\frac{(2)}{4}\right]$ An individual who violates this section is guilty of:
817	(a) a class C misdemeanor for the first offense; and
818	(b) a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
819	Section 9. Effective date.
820	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2024.