DOMESTIC RELATIONS RECODIFICATION	
2024 GENERAL SESSION	
STATE OF UTAH	
Chief Sponsor: Todd D. Weiler	
House Sponsor: Brady Brammer	
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LONG TITLE	
General Description:	
This bill recodifies and amends statutes related to domestic relations.	
Highlighted Provisions:	
This bill:	
 recodifies Title 30, Husband and Wife, to Title 81, Utah Domestic Relations Code; 	
 recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act, to Title 81, Chapter 6, 	
Child Support;	
 defines terms; 	
 clarifies provisions related to a claim of a creditor when the joint debtors divorce or 	
are living separately under an order of separate maintenance;	
 clarifies the validation of a marriage to an individual subject to chronic epileptic fits 	
who had not been sterilized;	
 clarifies the validation of an interracial marriage; 	
 clarifies the validation of a marriage to an individual with acquired immune 	
deficiency syndrome or other sexually transmitted disease;	
 clarifies provisions regarding the rights and obligations during a marriage; 	
 clarifies provisions regarding the dissolution of a marriage, including: 	
• an order for separate maintenance;	
• an annulment; and	
• a divorce;	
	2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Fodd D. Weiler House Sponsor: Brady Brammer LONG TITLE General Description This bill recodifies and amends statutes related to domestic relations. Highlighted Provisions: This bill • recodifies Title 30, Husband and Wife, to Title 81, Utah Domestic Relations Code; • recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act, to Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support; • defines terms; • clarifies provisions related to a claim of a creditor when the joint debtors divorce or are living separately under an order of separate maintenance; • clarifies the validation of an interracial marriage; • clarifies the validation of an interracial marriage; • clarifies the validation of an ameriage to an individual with acquired immune deficiency syndrome or other sexually transmitted disease; • clarifies provisions regarding the rights and obligations during a marriage; • clarifies provisions regarding the dissolution of a marriage, including: • an order for separate maintenance; • an annulment; and



28	 clarifies provisions regarding child support, including:
29	• the requirements for a child support order;
30	• the general requirements for calculating child support; and
31	• the requirements for calculating child support for a sole physical custody case, a
32	joint physical custody case, and a split physical custody case;
33	 clarifies provisions regarding custody, parent-time, and visitation;
34	 repeals statutes related to domestic relations, including a statute on the appointment
35	of counsel for a child; and
36	 makes technical and conforming changes.
37	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
38	None
39	Other Special Clauses:
40	This bill provides a special effective date.
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
42	AMENDS:
43	15-4-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327
44	15-4-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 252
45	15-4-6.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327
46	17-16-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335
47	23A-4-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327 and renumbered and
48	amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 103
49	26B-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 302
50	26B-5-316 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
51	26B-6-411 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
52	26B-8-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306 and last amended by
53	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
54	26B-9-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
55	26B-9-104 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305

- **26B-9-201**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
- **26B-9-202**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
- **26B-9-210**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305

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59	26B-9-211 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
60	26B-9-212 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
61	26B-9-213 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
62	26B-9-214 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
63	26B-9-217 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
64	26B-9-220 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
65	26B-9-221 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
66	26B-9-224 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
67	26B-9-225 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
68	26B-9-226 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
69	26B-9-230 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
70	26B-9-301 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
71	26B-9-303 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
72	26B-9-304 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
73	26B-9-403 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
74	26B-9-405 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
75	26B-9-501 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
76	31A-22-610.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327
77	35A-3-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 221
78	51-9-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
79	58-60-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 139
80	63G-20-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 46
81	63I-1-278 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 188, 318, 384, and 423
82	63I-2-278, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 33 and 250
83	63M-15-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 91
84	76-8-1201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 221
85	77-36-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 185 and 430
86	77-38-615, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 237
87	78A-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
88	78A-5a-103 (Effective 10/01/24), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 394
89	78A-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 115, 161, 264, and 330

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90	78A-6-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335
91	78A-6-356, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
92	78B-3-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 139
93	78B-3-426, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 440
94	78B-6-316, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
95	78B-7-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
96	78B-15-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
97	78B-15-113, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
98	78B-15-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
99	78B-15-610, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 188
100	78B-15-623, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
101	78B-20-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 224
102	78B-20-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 224
103	80-2-906, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334
104	ENACTS:
105	63I-1-281, Utah Code Annotated 1953
106	63I-2-281, Utah Code Annotated 1953
107	81-1-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
108	81-1-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
109	81-1-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
110	81-1-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
111	81-2-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
112	81-2-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
113	81-2-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
114	81-3-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
115	81-4-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
116	81-4-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
117	81-4-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
118	81-4-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
119	81-4-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
120	81-4-406, Utah Code Annotated 1953

- 121 **81-4-501**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 122 **81-4-502**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 123 **81-4-503**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 124 81-4-504, Utah Code Annotated 1953 125 **81-5-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 126 **81-6-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 127 **81-6-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 128 **81-6-204**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 129 81-6-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953 130 81-6-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953 131 81-6-207, Utah Code Annotated 1953 132 **81-6-212**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 133 **81-6-213**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 134 **81-6-301**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 135 **81-6-401**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 136 **81-7-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 137 **81-8-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 138 **81-9-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 139 **81-9-301**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 140 RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
- 141 81-1-203, (Renumbered from 30-3-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter
 142 142)
- 143 81-2-102, (Renumbered from 30-1-4.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 261)
 144 81-2-201, (Renumbered from 30-1-36, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter
 145 347)
- 146 81-2-202, (Renumbered from 30-1-30, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter
 147 347)
- 148 81-2-203, (Renumbered from 30-1-31, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 64)
 149 81-2-204, (Renumbered from 30-1-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter
- 150 297)
 - 151 **81-2-205**, (Renumbered from 30-1-33, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter

152	297)	
153		81-2-206, (Renumbered from 30-1-34, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
154	91)	
155		81-2-207, (Renumbered from 30-1-35, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter
156	297)	
157		81-2-208, (Renumbered from 30-1-37, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter
158	297)	
159		81-2-209 , (Renumbered from 30-1-38, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 64)
160		81-2-302, (Renumbered from 30-1-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
161	305)	
162		81-2-303, (Renumbered from 30-1-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
163	305)	
164		81-2-304, (Renumbered from 30-1-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
165	305)	
166		81-2-305, (Renumbered from 30-1-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter
167	444)	
168		81-2-306 , (Renumbered from 30-1-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter
169	327)	
170		81-2-402, (Renumbered from 30-1-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter
171	217)	
172		81-2-403, (Renumbered from 30-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters
173	300 ai	nd 317)
174		81-2-404 , (Renumbered from 30-1-2.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1963, Chapter 41)
175		81-2-405 , (Renumbered from 30-1-2.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter
176	20)	
177		81-2-406 , (Renumbered from 30-1-2.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter
178	20)	
179		81-2-407, (Renumbered from 30-1-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter
180	300)	
181		81-2-408, (Renumbered from 30-1-4.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
182	186)	

183		81-2-409, (Renumbered from 30-1-3, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
184	Chapt	er 217)
185		81-3-102, (Renumbered from 30-2-2, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
186		81-3-103, (Renumbered from 30-2-3, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
187		81-3-104, (Renumbered from 30-2-4, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
188		81-3-105, (Renumbered from 30-2-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter
189	327)	
190		81-3-106, (Renumbered from 30-2-6, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
191		81-3-107, (Renumbered from 30-2-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter
192	297)	
193		81-3-108, (Renumbered from 30-2-8, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
194		81-3-109, (Renumbered from 30-2-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter
195	457)	
196		81-3-110, (Renumbered from 30-2-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter
197	122)	
198		81-3-111, (Renumbered from 30-2-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters
199	3 and	382)
200		81-3-201, (Renumbered from 30-8-2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105)
201		81-3-202, (Renumbered from 30-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter
202	297)	
203		81-3-203, (Renumbered from 30-8-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105)
204		81-3-204, (Renumbered from 30-8-5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105)
205		81-3-205, (Renumbered from 30-8-6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105)
206		81-3-206, (Renumbered from 30-8-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105)
207		81-3-207, (Renumbered from 30-8-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105)
208		81-3-208, (Renumbered from 30-8-9, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105)
209		81-4-102, (Renumbered from 30-1-17.4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 65)
210		81-4-103, (Renumbered from 30-4a-1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 118)
211		81-4-104, (Renumbered from 30-3-4.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter
212	34)	
213		81-4-105, (Renumbered from 30-3-11.4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,

214	Chapter 272)
215	81-4-106 , (Renumbered from 30-3-11.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
216	Chapter 272)
217	81-4-202, (Renumbered from 30-4-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter
218	137)
219	81-4-203, (Renumbered from 30-4-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter
220	122)
221	81-4-204, (Renumbered from 30-4-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter
222	257)
223	81-4-205, (Renumbered from 30-4-4, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
224	81-4-206, (Renumbered from 30-4-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter
225	122)
226	81-4-302 , (Renumbered from 30-1-17.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 65)
227	81-4-303, (Renumbered from 30-1-17, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter
228	300)
229	81-4-403, (Renumbered from 30-3-39, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter
230	3)
231	81-4-404, (Renumbered from 30-3-5.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter
232	335)
233	81-4-405, (Renumbered from 30-3-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter
234	47)
235	81-6-101 , (Renumbered from 78B-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
236	Chapters 330 and 333)
237	81-6-103 , (Renumbered from 78B-12-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
238	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
239	81-6-104 , (Renumbered from 78B-12-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
240	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
241	81-6-105, (Renumbered from 78B-12-105.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021,
242	Chapters 111 and 111)
243	81-6-106, (Renumbered from 78B-12-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
244	Chapter 330)

245	81-6-107 , (Renumbered from 78B-12-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
246	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
247	81-6-108, (Renumbered from 78B-12-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
248	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
249	81-6-109, (Renumbered from 78B-12-115, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
250	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
251	81-6-110, (Renumbered from 78B-12-114, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
252	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
253	81-6-202, (Renumbered from 78B-12-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
254	Chapter 470)
255	81-6-203, (Renumbered from 78B-12-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
256	Chapter 368)
257	81-6-208, (Renumbered from 78B-12-212, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
258	Chapter 333)
259	81-6-209, (Renumbered from 78B-12-214, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
260	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
261	81-6-210 , (Renumbered from 78B-12-217, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
262	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
263	81-6-211, (Renumbered from 78B-12-216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
264	Chapter 330)
265	81-6-214, (Renumbered from 78B-12-218, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
266	Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
267	81-6-302 , (Renumbered from 78B-12-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
268	Chapter 470)
269	81-6-303, (Renumbered from 78B-12-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
270	Chapter 470)
271	81-6-304, (Renumbered from 78B-12-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter
272	470)
273	81-6-305, (Renumbered from 78B-12-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter
274	470)
275	81-6-402, (Renumbered from 78B-12-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018,

276	Chapter 21)
277	81-6-403 , (Renumbered from 78B-12-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
278	Chapter 330)
279	81-6-404, (Renumbered from 78B-12-403, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
280	2010, Chapter 286)
281	81-7-102, (Renumbered from 78B-12-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
282	Chapter 330)
283	81-7-103, (Renumbered from 30-3-3.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 182)
284	81-9-101, (Renumbered from 30-3-10.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
285	Chapter 44)
286	81-9-102, (Renumbered from 30-3-38, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter
287	327)
288	81-9-202, (Renumbered from 30-3-33, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter
289	224)
290	81-9-203, (Renumbered from 30-3-10.9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018,
291	Chapter 37)
292	81-9-204, (Renumbered from 30-3-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters
293	44 and 327)
294	81-9-205, (Renumbered from 30-3-10.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019,
295	Chapter 188)
296	81-9-206, (Renumbered from 30-3-34, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
297	399)
298	81-9-207, (Renumbered from 30-3-34.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
299	Chapter 430)
300	81-9-208, (Renumbered from 30-3-10.4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
301	Chapter 44)
302	81-9-209, (Renumbered from 30-3-37, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter
303	354)
304	81-9-302, (Renumbered from 30-3-35, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter
305	437)
306	81-9-303, (Renumbered from 30-3-35.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,

307	Chapter 437)
308	81-9-304 , (Renumbered from 30-3-35.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
309	Chapter 437)
310	81-9-305 , (Renumbered from 30-3-35.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
311	399)
312	81-9-401, (Renumbered from 30-5-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter
313	48)
314	81-9-402, (Renumbered from 30-5a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
315	Chapters 185, 335, and 430)
316	81-9-403 , (Renumbered from 30-5-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter
317	335)
318	81-9-404, (Renumbered from 30-5a-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter
319	108)
320	REPEALS:
321	26B-9-227 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
322	30-1-5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
323	30-1-9.1 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 129
324	30-1-10 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 317
325	30-1-11 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 420
326	30-1-13 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 300
327	30-1-14 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 300
328	30-1-15 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 129
329	30-1-16 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 108
330	30-1-17.2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
331	30-1-17.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 300
332	30-3-2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
333	30-3-4 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 470
334	30-3-5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 327 and 418
335	30-3-5.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327
336	30-3-5.4 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 327 and 333
337	30-3-7 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 404

338	30-3-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 154
339	30-3-10.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 271
340	30-3-10.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327
341	30-3-10.7 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 287
342	30-3-10.8 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 44
343	30-3-10.10 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 287
344	30-3-10.17 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 232
345	30-3-11.1 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1969, Chapter 72
346	30-3-11.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1969, Chapter 72
347	30-3-18 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 470
348	30-3-32 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 471
349	30-3-36, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 255
350	30-5a-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 48
351	30-5a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 48
352	30-8-1 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 105
353	63I-1-230, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 91
354	75-2b-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 132
355	78B-12-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
356	78B-12-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
357	78B-12-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
358	78B-12-107, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
359	78B-12-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
360	78B-12-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
361	78B-12-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
362	78B-12-116, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
363	78B-12-117, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
364	78B-12-202 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
365	78B-12-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
366	78B-12-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 470
367	78B-12-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
368	78B-12-207, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3

369	78B-12-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 399
370	78B-12-209, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
371	78B-12-211, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
372	78B-12-212.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 111 and 111
373	78B-12-213, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
374	78B-12-215, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 467
375 376	78B-12-219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
370 377	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
378	Section 1. Section 15-4-1 is amended to read:
379	15-4-1. Definitions.
380	As used in this chapter:
381	(1) "Administrative agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
382	<u>81-6-101</u>
383	(2) "Minor child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-1-101.
384	[(1)] (3) "Obligation" includes a liability in tort and contractual obligations.
385	[(2)] (4) "Obligee" includes a creditor and a person having a right based on a tort.
386	[(3)] (5) "Obligor" includes a debtor and a person liable for a tort.
387	[(4)] (6) (a) "School fee" means a charge, deposit, rent, or other mandatory payment
388	imposed by:
389	(i) a public school as defined in Section 26B-2-401; or
390	(ii) a private school that provides education to students in any grade from kindergarten
391	through grade 12.
392	(b) "School fee" includes:
393	(i) an admission fee;
394	(ii) a transportation charge; or
395	(iii) a charge, deposit, rent, or other mandatory payment imposed by a third party in
396	connection with an activity or function sponsored by a school described in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$.
397	<u>(6)(a).</u>
398	[(5)] (7) "Several obligors" means obligors severally bound for the same performance.
399	[(6)] (8) "Waiver" means the act of not requiring an individual to pay an amount that

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400 the individual otherwise owes. 401 Section 2. Section 15-4-6.5 is amended to read: 402 15-4-6.5. Divorce or separate maintenance of co-obligors. 403 (1) On the entering of a decree of divorce or separate maintenance of joint debtors in contract, the claim of a creditor remains unchanged unless otherwise provided by the contract 404 405 or until a new contract is entered into between the creditor and the debtors individually. 406 (2) In addition to the creditor's duties as a secured party under Title 70A, Chapter 9a, 407 Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions, and the creditor's duties as a trustee or 408 beneficiary of a trust deed under Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances, a creditor[, who has been 409 notified by service of a copy of a court order under Section 30-3-5 or 30-4-3 that the debtors 410 are divorced or living separately under an order for separate maintenance, and who has been 411 expressly advised of the separate, current addresses of the debtors either by the court order or by other written notice.] shall provide to the debtors individually all statements, notices, and 412 413 other similar correspondence required by law or by the contract if: 414 (a) the creditor has been notified by service of a copy of a court order under Section 81-4-204 or 81-4-406 that the debtors are divorced or living separately under an order for 415 416 separate maintenance; and 417 (b) the creditor has been expressly advised of the separate and current addresses of the 418 debtors by the court order or by other written notice. 419 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a creditor may: (i) continue to make negative credit reports of joint debtors under Section 70C-7-107 420 421 [and may]; and (ii) report the repayment practices or credit history of joint debtors under Title 7. 422 423 Chapter 14, Credit Information Exchange. 424 (b) [With respect to a debtor] If a debtor who is not ordered by the court under 425 $\left[\frac{\text{Sections } 30-3-5 \text{ or } 30-4-3}{30-4-3}\right]$ Section 81-4-204 or 81-4-406 to make payments on a joint obligation, [no] the creditor may not make a negative credit report under Section 70C-7-107, 426 427 [and no] or a report of the debtor's repayment practices or credit history under Title 7. Chapter 428 14, Credit Information Exchange, [may be made] regarding the joint obligation after the 429 creditor is served notice of the court's order as required under Subsection (2), unless the 430 creditor has made a demand on the debtor for payment because of the failure to make payments

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- 431 by the other debtor[-] who is ordered by the court to make the payments. 432 Section 3. Section 15-4-6.7 is amended to read: 433 15-4-6.7. Medical and miscellaneous expenses of a minor child -- Collection and 434 billing pursuant to court or administrative order of child support. 435 (1) When a court or an administrative agency enters an order that provides for the payment of medical and dental expenses of a [minor child under Section 30-3-5, 30-4-3, or 436 78B-12-111, or an administrative order under Section 26B-9-224] minor child as described in 437 438 Section 26B-9-224 or 81-6-202, a provider who receives a copy of the order: 439 (a) at or before the time the provider renders medical or dental services to the minor child [shall], and upon request from [either] a parent, shall separately bill each parent for the 440 441 share of the medical and dental expenses that the parent is required to pay under the order; or 442 (b) within 30 days after the day on which the provider renders the medical or dental 443 service to the minor child, may not: 444 (i) make a claim for unpaid medical and dental expenses against a parent who has paid 445 in full the share of the medical and dental expenses that the parent is required to pay under the 446 order: or 447 (ii) make a negative credit report under Section 70C-7-107, or a report of the debtor's 448 repayment practices or credit history under Title 7, Chapter 14, Credit Information Exchange, 449 regarding a parent who has paid in full the share of the medical and dental expenses that the 450 parent is required to pay under the order. 451 (2) (a) When a court enters an order that provides for the payment of school fees of a minor child [under Section 30-3-5 or 30-4-3] in a separate maintenance action under Section 452 453 81-4-204 or in a divorce action under Section 81-4-406: 454 (i) a provider, who receives a copy of the order before the day on which the provider 455 first issues a bill for a school fee [shall,] and upon request from [either] a parent, shall 456 separately bill each parent for the share of the school fee that the parent is required to pay under 457 the order; 458 (ii) a provider, who receives a copy of the order, regardless of whether the provider 459 receives the copy before, on, or after the day on which the provider first issues a bill for the
- 461 debtor's repayment practices or credit history under Title 7, Chapter 14, Credit Information

school fee, may not make a negative credit report under Section 70C-7-107, or report of the

462 Exchange, regarding a parent who has paid in full the share of the school fee that the parent is 463 required to pay under the order; and 464 (iii) each parent is liable only for the share of the school fee that the parent is required 465 to pay under the order. 466 (b) A provider may bill a parent for the parent's share of a minor child's school fee 467 under an order described in Subsection (2)(a) regardless of whether the provider grants the 468 other parent a waiver for all or a portion of the other parent's share of the minor child's school 469 fee. 470 Section 4. Section 17-16-21 is amended to read: 471 17-16-21. Fees of county officers. 472 (1) As used in this section, "county officer" means a county officer enumerated in 473 Section 17-53-101 except a county recorder, a county constable, or a county sheriff. 474 (2) (a) A county officer shall collect, in advance, for exclusive county use and benefit: 475 (i) a fee established by the county legislative body under Section 17-53-211; and 476 (ii) any other fee authorized or required by law. 477 (b) As long as the Children's Legal Defense Account is authorized by Section 478 51-9-408, the county clerk shall: 479 (i) assess \$10 in addition to whatever fee for a marriage license is established under 480 authority of this section; and 481 (ii) transmit \$10 from each marriage license fee to the Division of Finance for deposit 482 [in] into the Children's Legal Defense Account. 483 (c) (i) As long as the Division of Child and Family Services, created in Section 80-2-201, has the responsibility under Section 80-2-301 to provide services, including 484 485 temporary shelter, for victims of domestic violence, the county clerk shall: 486 (A) collect \$10 in addition to whatever fee for a marriage license is established under 487 authority of this section and in addition to the amount described in Subsection (2)(b), if an 488 applicant chooses, as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), to pay the additional \$10; and 489 (B) to the extent actually paid, transmit \$10 from each marriage license fee to the 490 Division of Finance for distribution to the Division of Child and Family Services for the 491 operation of shelters for victims of domestic violence. 492 (ii) (A) The county clerk shall provide a method for an applicant for a marriage license

493	to choose to pay the additional \$10 referred to in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
494	(B) An applicant for a marriage license may choose not to pay the additional \$10
495	referred to in Subsection (2)(c)(i) without affecting the applicant's ability to be issued a
496	marriage license.
497	(d) If a county operates an online marriage application system, the county clerk of that
498	county:
499	(i) may assess \$20 in addition to the other fees for a marriage license established under
500	this section;
501	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(iii), shall transmit \$20 from the marriage
502	license fee to the state treasurer for deposit annually as follows:
503	(A) the first \$400,000 shall accrue to the Utah Marriage Commission, created in Title
504	63M, Chapter 15, Utah Marriage Commission, as dedicated credits for the operation of the
505	Utah Marriage Commission; and
506	(B) proceeds in excess of \$400,000 shall be deposited into the General Fund; and
507	(iii) may not transmit \$20 from the marriage license fee to the state treasurer under this
508	Subsection (2)(d) if both individuals seeking the marriage license certify that they have
509	completed premarital counseling or education in accordance with Section [30-1-34] <u>81-2-206</u> .
510	(3) This section does not apply to a fee currently being assessed by the state but
511	collected by a county officer.
512	Section 5. Section 23A-4-1102 is amended to read:
513	23A-4-1102. Issuance of license, permit, or tag prohibited for failure to pay child
514	support.
515	(1) As used in this section:
516	(a) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section [26B-9-301]
517	<u>26B-9-101</u> .
518	(b) "Delinquent on a child support obligation" means that:
519	(i) an individual owes at least \$2,500 on an arrearage obligation of child support based
520	on an administrative or judicial order;
521	(ii) the individual has not obtained a judicial order staying enforcement of the
522	individual's obligation on the amount in arrears; and
523	(iii) the office has obtained a statutory judgment lien pursuant to Section 26B-9-214.

524	(c) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services created in Section 26B-9-103.
525	(d) "Wildlife license agent" means a person authorized under Section 23A-4-501 to sell
526	a license, permit, or tag in accordance with this chapter.
527	(2) (a) An individual who is delinquent on a child support obligation may not apply for,
528	obtain, or attempt to obtain a license, permit, or tag required under this title, by rule made by
529	the Wildlife Board under this title, or by an order or proclamation.
530	(b) (i) An individual who applies for, obtains, or attempts to obtain a license, permit, or
531	tag in violation of Subsection (2)(a) violates Section 23A-4-1101.
532	(ii) A license, permit, or tag obtained in violation of Subsection (2)(a) is invalid.
533	(iii) An individual who takes protected wildlife with an invalid license, permit, or tag
534	violates Section 23A-5-309.
535	(3) (a) The license, permit, and tag restrictions in Subsection (2)(a) remain effective
536	until the office notifies the division that the individual who is delinquent on a child support
537	obligation has:
538	(i) paid the delinquency in full; or
539	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), complied for at least 12 consecutive
540	months with a payment schedule entered into with the office.
541	(b) A payment schedule under Subsection (3)(a) shall provide that the individual:
542	(i) pay the current child support obligation in full each month; and
543	(ii) pays an additional amount as assessed by the office pursuant to Section 26B-9-219
544	towards the child support arrears.
545	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), if an individual fails to comply with the
546	payment schedule described in Subsection (3)(b), the office may notify the division and the
547	individual is considered to be an individual who is delinquent on a child support obligation and
548	cannot obtain a new license, permit, or tag without complying with this Subsection (3).
549	(d) If an individual fails to comply with the payment schedule described in Subsection
550	(3)(b) for one month of the 12-month period because of a transition to new employment, the
551	individual may obtain a license, permit, or tag and is considered in compliance with this
552	Subsection (3) if the individual:
553	(i) provides the office with information regarding the individual's new employer within
554	30 days from the day on which the missed payment was due;

555	(ii) pays the missed payment within 30 days from the day on which the missed payment
556	was due; and
557	(iii) complies with the payment schedule for all other payments owed for child support
558	within the 12-month period.
559	(4) (a) The division or a wildlife license agent may not knowingly issue a license,
560	permit, or tag under this title to an individual identified by the office as delinquent on a child
561	support obligation until notified by the office that the individual has complied with Subsection
562	(3).
563	(b) The division is not required to hold or reserve a license, permit, or tag opportunity
564	withheld from an individual pursuant to Subsection (4)(a) for purposes of reissuance to that
565	individual upon compliance with Subsection (3).
566	(c) The division may immediately reissue to another qualified person a license, permit,
567	or tag opportunity withheld from an individual identified by the office as delinquent on a child
568	support obligation pursuant to Subsection (4)(a).
569	(5) The office and division shall automate the process for the division or a wildlife
570	license agent to be notified whether an individual is delinquent on a child support obligation or
571	has complied with Subsection (3).
572	(6) The office is responsible to provide administrative or judicial review required
573	incident to the division issuing or denying a license, permit, or tag to an individual under
574	Subsection (4).
575	(7) The denial or withholding of a license, permit, or tag under this section is not a
576	suspension or revocation of license and permit privileges for purposes of:
577	(a) Section 23A-4-1106;
578	(b) Subsection $23A-5-311(1)$; and
579	(c) Section 23A-2-505.
580	(8) This section does not modify a court action to withhold, suspend, or revoke a
581	recreational license under Sections 26B-9-108 and 78B-6-315.
582	Section 6. Section 26B-1-202 is amended to read:
583	26B-1-202. Department authority and duties.
584	The department may, subject to applicable restrictions in state law and in addition to all
585	other authority and responsibility granted to the department by law:

586	(1) adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
587	Rulemaking Act, and not inconsistent with law, as the department may consider necessary or
588	desirable for providing health and social services to the people of this state;
589	(2) establish and manage client trust accounts in the department's institutions and
590	community programs, at the request of the client or the client's legal guardian or representative,
591	or in accordance with federal law;
592	(3) purchase, as authorized or required by law, services that the department is
593	responsible to provide for legally eligible persons;
594	(4) conduct adjudicative proceedings for clients and providers in accordance with the
595	procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
596	(5) establish eligibility standards for the department's programs, not inconsistent with
597	state or federal law or regulations;
598	(6) take necessary steps, including legal action, to recover money or the monetary value
599	of services provided to a recipient who was not eligible;
600	(7) set and collect fees for the department's services;
601	(8) license agencies, facilities, and programs, except as otherwise allowed, prohibited,
602	or limited by law;
603	(9) acquire, manage, and dispose of any real or personal property needed or owned by
604	the department, not inconsistent with state law;
605	(10) receive gifts, grants, devises, and donations; gifts, grants, devises, donations, or
606	the proceeds thereof, may be credited to the program designated by the donor, and may be used
607	for the purposes requested by the donor, as long as the request conforms to state and federal
608	policy; all donated funds shall be considered private, nonlapsing funds and may be invested
609	under guidelines established by the state treasurer;
610	(11) accept and employ volunteer labor or services; the department is authorized to
611	reimburse volunteers for necessary expenses, when the department considers that
612	reimbursement to be appropriate;
613	(12) carry out the responsibility assigned in the workforce services plan by the State
614	Workforce Development Board;
615	(13) carry out the responsibility assigned by Section [$\frac{62A-5a-105}{26B-1-430}$ with
616	respect to coordination of services for students with a disability;

- 617 (14) provide training and educational opportunities for the department's staff; 618 (15) collect child support payments and any other money due to the department; 619 (16) apply the provisions of [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, 620 Chapter 6, Child Support, to parents whose child lives out of the home in a department licensed 621 or certified setting; 622 (17) establish policy and procedures, within appropriations authorized by the 623 Legislature, in cases where the Division of Child and Family Services or the Division of 624 Juvenile Justice Services is given custody of a minor by the juvenile court under Title 80. Utah 625 Juvenile Code, or the department is ordered to prepare an attainment plan for a minor found not 626 competent to proceed under Section 80-6-403, including: 627 (a) designation of interagency teams for each juvenile court district in the state; 628 (b) delineation of assessment criteria and procedures; 629 (c) minimum requirements, and timeframes, for the development and implementation of a collaborative service plan for each minor placed in department custody; and 630 631 (d) provisions for submittal of the plan and periodic progress reports to the court; 632 (18) carry out the responsibilities assigned to the department by statute; 633 (19) examine and audit the expenditures of any public funds provided to a local 634 substance abuse authority, a local mental health authority, a local area agency on aging, and any 635 person, agency, or organization that contracts with or receives funds from those authorities or 636 agencies. Those local authorities, area agencies, and any person or entity that contracts with or 637 receives funds from those authorities or area agencies, shall provide the department with any 638 information the department considers necessary. The department is further authorized to issue 639 directives resulting from any examination or audit to a local authority, an area agency, and 640 persons or entities that contract with or receive funds from those authorities with regard to any 641 public funds. If the department determines that it is necessary to withhold funds from a local 642 mental health authority or local substance abuse authority based on failure to comply with state 643 or federal law, policy, or contract provisions, the department may take steps necessary to 644 ensure continuity of services. For purposes of this Subsection (19) "public funds" means the 645 same as that term is defined in Section [62A-15-102] 26B-5-101; 646 (20) in accordance with Subsection 26B-2-104(1)(d), accredit one or more agencies
 - and persons to provide intercountry adoption services;

(10	
648	(21) within legislative appropriations, promote and develop a system of care and
649	stabilization services:
650	(a) in compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
651	(b) that encompasses the department, department contractors, and the divisions,
652	offices, or institutions within the department, to:
653	(i) navigate services, funding resources, and relationships to the benefit of the children
654	and families whom the department serves;
655	(ii) centralize department operations, including procurement and contracting;
656	(iii) develop policies that govern business operations and that facilitate a system of care
657	approach to service delivery;
658	(iv) allocate resources that may be used for the children and families served by the
659	department or the divisions, offices, or institutions within the department, subject to the
660	restrictions in Section 63J-1-206;
661	(v) create performance-based measures for the provision of services; and
662	(vi) centralize other business operations, including data matching and sharing among
663	the department's divisions, offices, and institutions;
664	(22) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
665	employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title 63G, Chapter
666	22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or certification is required:
667	(a) under this title;
668	(b) by the department; or
669	(c) by an agency or division within the department;
670	(23) enter into cooperative agreements with the Department of Environmental Quality
671	to delineate specific responsibilities to assure that assessment and management of risk to
672	human health from the environment are properly administered;
673	(24) consult with the Department of Environmental Quality and enter into cooperative
674	agreements, as needed, to ensure efficient use of resources and effective response to potential
675	health and safety threats from the environment, and to prevent gaps in protection from potential
676	risks from the environment to specific individuals or population groups;
677	(25) to the extent authorized under state law or required by federal law, promote and
678	protect the health and wellness of the people within the state;

679 (26) establish, maintain, and enforce rules authorized under state law or required by 680 federal law to promote and protect the public health or to prevent disease and illness; 681 (27) investigate the causes of epidemic, infectious, communicable, and other diseases 682 affecting the public health; 683 (28) provide for the detection and reporting of communicable, infectious, acute, 684 chronic, or any other disease or health hazard which the department considers to be dangerous, 685 important, or likely to affect the public health; 686 (29) collect and report information on causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability 687 and the risk factors that contribute to the causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability within 688 the state: 689 (30) collect, prepare, publish, and disseminate information to inform the public 690 concerning the health and wellness of the population, specific hazards, and risks that may affect 691 the health and wellness of the population and specific activities which may promote and protect 692 the health and wellness of the population; 693 (31) abate nuisances when necessary to eliminate sources of filth and infectious and 694 communicable diseases affecting the public health; (32) make necessary sanitary and health investigations and inspections in cooperation 695 696 with local health departments as to any matters affecting the public health; 697 (33) establish laboratory services necessary to support public health programs and 698 medical services in the state; 699 (34) establish and enforce standards for laboratory services which are provided by any 700 laboratory in the state when the purpose of the services is to protect the public health; 701 (35) cooperate with the Labor Commission to conduct studies of occupational health 702 hazards and occupational diseases arising in and out of employment in industry, and make 703 recommendations for elimination or reduction of the hazards; 704 (36) cooperate with the local health departments, the Department of Corrections, the 705 Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division of Juvenile Justice Services, and the Crime 706 Victim Reparations and Assistance Board to conduct testing for HIV infection of alleged 707 sexual offenders, convicted sexual offenders, and any victims of a sexual offense; 708 (37) investigate the causes of maternal and infant mortality; 709 (38) establish, maintain, and enforce a procedure requiring the blood of adult

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710 pedestrians and drivers of motor vehicles killed in highway accidents be examined for the 711 presence and concentration of alcohol, and provide the Commissioner of Public Safety with

712 monthly statistics reflecting the results of these examinations, with necessary safeguards so that

information derived from the examinations is not used for a purpose other than the compilation

714 of these statistics;

(39) establish qualifications for individuals permitted to draw blood under Subsection
41-6a-523(1)(a)(vi), 53-10-405(2)(a)(vi), 72-10-502(5)(a)(vi), or 77-23-213(3)(a)(vi), and to
issue permits to individuals the department finds qualified, which permits may be terminated or
revoked by the department;

(40) establish a uniform public health program throughout the state which includes
continuous service, employment of qualified employees, and a basic program of disease
control, vital and health statistics, sanitation, public health nursing, and other preventive health
programs necessary or desirable for the protection of public health;

723

(41) conduct health planning for the state;

(42) monitor the costs of health care in the state and foster price competition in thehealth care delivery system;

(43) establish methods or measures for health care providers, public health entities, and
health care insurers to coordinate among themselves to verify the identity of the individuals the
providers serve;

(44) designate Alzheimer's disease and related dementia as a public health issue and,
within budgetary limitations, implement a state plan for Alzheimer's disease and related
dementia by incorporating the plan into the department's strategic planning and budgetary

732 process;

(45) coordinate with other state agencies and other organizations to implement the stateplan for Alzheimer's disease and related dementia;

(46) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title 63G, Chapter
22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or certification is required by
the agency or under this title, Title 26, Utah Health Code, or [Title 62A, Utah Human Services
Code] Title 26B, Utah Health and Human Services Code;

740 (47) oversee public education vision screening as described in Section 53G-9-404; and

741	(48) issue code blue alerts in accordance with Title 35A, Chapter 16, Part 7, Code Blue
742	Alert.
743	Section 7. Section 26B-5-316 is amended to read:
744	26B-5-316. Responsibility for cost of care.
745	(1) The division shall estimate and determine, as nearly as possible, the actual expense
746	per annum of caring for and maintaining a patient in the state hospital, and that amount or
747	portion of that amount shall be assessed to and paid by the applicant, patient, spouse, parents,
748	child or children who are of sufficient financial ability to do so, or by the guardian of the
749	patient who has funds of the patient that may be used for that purpose.
750	(2) In addition to the expenses described in Subsection (1), parents are responsible for
751	the support of their child while the child is in the care of the state hospital [pursuant to Title
752	78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act, and] in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 9,
753	Recovery Services and Administration of Child Support, and Title 81, Chapter 6, Child
754	Support.
755	Section 8. Section 26B-6-411 is amended to read:
756	26B-6-411. Parent liable for cost and support of minor Guardian liable for
757	costs.
757 758	costs.(1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are
758	(1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are
758 759	(1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person
758 759 760	(1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support]
758 759 760 761	(1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services,
758 759 760 761 762	(1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old.
758 759 760 761 762 763	 (1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old. (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable
758 759 760 761 762 763 764	 (1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old. (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable for the cost of actual care and maintenance of that person, regardless of his age, where funds
758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765	 (1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old. (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable for the cost of actual care and maintenance of that person, regardless of his age, where funds are available in the guardianship estate established on his behalf for that purpose. However, if
758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766	 (1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old. (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable for the cost of actual care and maintenance of that person, regardless of his age, where funds are available in the guardianship estate established on his behalf for that purpose. However, if the person who receives services is a beneficiary of a trust created in accordance with Section
758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767	 (1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old. (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable for the cost of actual care and maintenance of that person, regardless of his age, where funds are available in the guardianship estate established on his behalf for that purpose. However, if the person who receives services is a beneficiary of a trust created in accordance with Section 26B-6-412, or if the guardianship estate meets the requirements of a trust described in that
758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 766 767 768	 (1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old. (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable for the cost of actual care and maintenance of that person, regardless of his age, where funds are available in the guardianship estate established on his behalf for that purpose. However, if the person who receives services is a beneficiary of a trust created in accordance with Section 26B-6-412, or if the guardianship estate meets the requirements of a trust described in that section, the trust income prior to distribution to the beneficiary, and the trust principal are not
758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 766 767 768 769	(1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, until the person reaches 18 years old. (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable for the cost of actual care and maintenance of that person, regardless of his age, where funds are available in the guardianship estate established on his behalf for that purpose. However, if the person who receives services is a beneficiary of a trust created in accordance with Section 26B-6-412, or if the guardianship estate meets the requirements of a trust described in that section, the trust income prior to distribution to the beneficiary, and the trust principal are not subject to payment for services or support for that person.

772	or after the death and burial of a resident of the developmental center, there remains in the
773	custody of the division or the superintendent any money paid by a parent or guardian for the
774	support or maintenance of that person, it shall be repaid upon demand.
775	Section 9. Section 26B-8-101 is amended to read:
776	26B-8-101. Definitions.
777	As used in this part:
778	(1) "Adoption document" means an adoption-related document filed with the office, a
779	petition for adoption, a decree of adoption, an original birth certificate, or evidence submitted
780	in support of a supplementary birth certificate.
781	(2) "Biological sex at birth" means an individual's sex, as being male or female,
782	according to distinct reproductive roles as manifested by sex and reproductive organ
783	anatomy, chromosomal makeup, and endogenous hormone profiles.
784	(3) "Certified nurse midwife" means an individual who:
785	(a) is licensed to practice as a certified nurse midwife under Title 58, Chapter 44a,
786	Nurse Midwife Practice Act; and
787	(b) has completed an education program regarding the completion of a certificate of
788	death developed by the department by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
789	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
790	(4) "Custodial funeral service director" means a funeral service director who:
791	(a) is employed by a licensed funeral establishment; and
792	(b) has custody of a dead body.
793	(5) "Dead body" means a human body or parts of a human body from the condition of
794	which it reasonably may be concluded that death occurred.
795	(6) "Decedent" means the same as a dead body.
796	(7) "Dead fetus" means a product of human conception, other than those circumstances
797	described in Subsection 76-7-301(1):
798	(a) of 20 weeks' gestation or more, calculated from the date the last normal menstrual
799	period began to the date of delivery; and
800	(b) that was not born alive.
801	(8) "Declarant father" means a male who claims to be the genetic father of a child, and,
802	along with the biological mother, signs a voluntary declaration of paternity to establish the

803	child's paternity.
804	(9) "Dispositioner" means:
805	(a) a person designated in a written instrument, under Subsection 58-9-602(1), as
806	having the right and duty to control the disposition of the decedent, if the person voluntarily
807	acts as the dispositioner; or
808	(b) the next of kin of the decedent, if:
809	(i) (A) a person has not been designated as described in Subsection (9)(a); or
810	(B) the person described in Subsection (9)(a) is unable or unwilling to exercise the
811	right and duty described in Subsection (9)(a); and
812	(ii) the next of kin voluntarily acts as the dispositioner.
813	(10) "Fetal remains" means:
814	(a) an aborted fetus as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-232; or
815	(b) a miscarried fetus as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-233.
816	(11) "File" means the submission of a completed certificate or other similar document,
817	record, or report as provided under this part for registration by the state registrar or a local
818	registrar.
819	(12) "Funeral service director" means the same as that term is defined in Section
820	58-9-102.
821	(13) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
822	26B-2-201.
823	(14) "Health care professional" means a physician, physician assistant, nurse
824	practitioner, or certified nurse midwife.
825	(15) "Intersex individual" means an individual who:
826	(a) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably ambiguous;
827	(b) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
828	(c) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
829	(d) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
830	(e) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing, with
831	abnormal:
832	(i) sex chromosome structure;
833	(ii) sex steroid hormone production; or

834 (iii) sex steroid hormone action for a male or female. 835 (16) "Licensed funeral establishment" means: 836 (a) if located in Utah, a funeral service establishment, as that term is defined in Section 837 58-9-102, that is licensed under Title 58, Chapter 9, Funeral Services Licensing Act; or 838 (b) if located in a state, district, or territory of the United States other than Utah, a 839 funeral service establishment that complies with the licensing laws of the jurisdiction where the 840 establishment is located. 841 (17) "Live birth" means the birth of a child who shows evidence of life after the child is entirely outside of the mother. 842 (18) "Local registrar" means a person appointed under Subsection 26B-8-102(3)(b). 843 844 (19) "Nurse practitioner" means an individual who: 845 (a) is licensed to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse under Title 58, 846 Chapter 31b. Nurse Practice Act: and 847 (b) has completed an education program regarding the completion of a certificate of 848 death developed by the department by administrative rule made in accordance with Title 63G, 849 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 850 (20) "Office" means the Office of Vital Records and Statistics within the department. 851 (21) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice as a physician or osteopath in this 852 state under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah 853 Osteopathic Medical Practice Act. 854 (22) "Physician assistant" means an individual who: 855 (a) is licensed to practice as a physician assistant under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah 856 Physician Assistant Act; and 857 (b) has completed an education program regarding the completion of a certificate of 858 death developed by the department by administrative rule made in accordance with Title 63G, 859 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 860 (23) "Presumed father" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-15-102. 861 [(23) "Presumed father" means the father of a child conceived or born during a 862 marriage as defined in Section 30-1-17.2.] 863 (24) "Registration" or "register" means acceptance by the local or state registrar of a 864 certificate and incorporation of the certificate into the permanent records of the state.

865	(25) "State registrar" means the state registrar of vital records appointed under Section
866	26B-8-102.
867	(26) "Vital records" means:
868	(a) registered certificates or reports of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, divorce,
869	dissolution of marriage, or annulment;
870	(b) amendments to any of the registered certificates or reports described in Subsection
871	(26)(a);
872	(c) an adoption document; and
873	(d) other similar documents.
874	(27) "Vital statistics" means the data derived from registered certificates and reports of
875	birth, death, fetal death, induced termination of pregnancy, marriage, divorce, dissolution of
876	marriage, or annulment.
877	Section 10. Section 26B-9-101 is amended to read:
878	26B-9-101. Definitions.
879	As used in this part:
880	(1) "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal
881	order account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account.
882	(2) "Assistance" means public assistance.
883	[(3) "Cash medical support" means an obligation to equally share all reasonable and
884	necessary medical and dental expenses of children.]
885	[(4) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-301.]
886	(3) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
887	(4) (a) "Child support" means a base child support award as defined in Section
888	81-6-101, or a financial award for uninsured monthly medical expenses, ordered by a tribunal
889	for the support of a child, including current periodic payments, all arrearages that accrue under
890	an order for current periodic payments, and sum certain judgments awarded for arrearages,
891	medical expenses, and child care costs.
892	(b) "Child support" includes obligations ordered by a tribunal for the support of a
893	spouse or former spouse with whom the child resides if the spousal support is collected with
894	the child support.
905	(5) "Child sum art services" means convices anovided asymptote Def Title IV of

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- (5) "Child support services" means services provided pursuant to Part D of Title IV of

896	the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651, et seq.
897	(6) "Director" means the director of the Office of Recovery Services.
898	(0) Director means the uncetor of the office of Recovery Services.
899	after the deduction of all amounts required by law to be withheld.]
900	$[\frac{(8)}{(7)}$ "Financial institution" means:
901	(a) a depository institution as defined in Section 7-1-103 or the Federal Deposit
902	Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1813(c);
903	(b) an institution-affiliated party as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12
904	U.S.C. Sec. 1813(u);
905	(c) any federal credit union or state credit union as defined in the Federal Credit Union
906	Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1752, including an institution-affiliated party of such a credit union as
907	defined in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1786(r);
908	(d) a broker-dealer as defined in Section 61-1-13; or
909	(e) any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market
910	mutual fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in the state.
911	[(9)] (8) "Financial record" means the same as that term is defined in the Right to
912	Financial Privacy Act of 1978, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 3401.
913	[(10)] (9) (a) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or other payment due to an
914	individual, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus,
915	pay, or contract payment, or denominated as advances on future wages, salary, commission,
916	bonus, pay, allowances, contract payment, or otherwise, including severance pay, sick pay, and
917	incentive pay.
918	(b) "Income" includes:
919	(i) all gain derived from capital assets, labor, or both, including profit gained through
920	sale or conversion of capital assets;
921	(ii) interest and dividends;
922	(iii) periodic payments made under pension or retirement programs or insurance
923	policies of any type;
924	(iv) unemployment compensation benefits;
925	(v) workers' compensation benefits; and
926	(vi) disability benefits.

927	[(11)] (10) "IV-D" means Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
928	651 et seq.
929	[(12)] (11) "IV-D child support services" means [the same as] child support services.
930	[(13)] (12) "New hire registry" means the centralized new hire registry created in
931	Section 35A-7-103.
932	[(14)] (13) "Obligee" means an individual, this state, another state, or other comparable
933	jurisdiction to whom a debt is owed or who is entitled to reimbursement of child support or
934	public assistance.
935	[(15)] (14) "Obligor" means a person, firm, corporation, or the estate of a decedent
936	owing money to this state, to an individual, to another state, or other comparable jurisdiction in
937	whose behalf this state is acting.
938	[(16)] (15) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services.
939	[(17) "Provider" means a person or entity that receives compensation from any public
940	assistance program for goods or services provided to a public assistance recipient.]
941	[(18)] (16) "Public assistance" means:
942	(a) services or benefits provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;
943	(b) medical assistance provided under Chapter 3, Part 1, Health Care Assistance;
944	(c) foster care maintenance payments under Part E of Title IV of the Social Security
945	Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 670, et seq.;
946	(d) SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102; or
947	(e) any other public funds expended for the benefit of a person in need of financial,
948	medical, food, housing, or related assistance.
949	[(19)] (17) "State case registry" means the central, automated record system maintained
950	by the office and the central, automated district court record system maintained by the
951	Administrative Office of the Courts, that contains records which use standardized data
952	elements, such as names, Social Security numbers and other uniform identification numbers,
953	dates of birth, and case identification numbers, with respect to:
954	(a) each case in which services are being provided by the office under the state IV-D
955	child support services plan; and
956	(b) each support order established or modified in the state on or after October 1, 1998.
957	Section 11. Section 26B-9-104 is amended to read:

958	26B-9-104. Duties of the Office of Recovery Services.
959	(1) The office has the following duties:
960	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2), to provide child support services if:
961	(i) the office has received an application for child support services;
962	(ii) the state has provided public assistance; or
963	(iii) a child lives out of the home in the protective custody, temporary custody, or
964	custody or care of the state;
965	(b) for the purpose of collecting child support, to carry out the obligations of the
966	department contained in:
967	(i) this chapter;
968	[(ii) Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act;]
969	[(iii)] (ii) Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; [and]
970	[(iv)] (iii) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act; and
971	(iv) Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support;
972	(c) to collect money due the department which could act to offset expenditures by the
973	state;
974	(d) to cooperate with the federal government in programs designed to recover health
975	and social service funds;
976	(e) to collect civil or criminal assessments, fines, fees, amounts awarded as restitution,
977	and reimbursable expenses owed to the state or any of its political subdivisions, if the office
978	has contracted to provide collection services;
979	(f) to implement income withholding for collection of child support in accordance with
980	Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases;
981	(g) to enter into agreements with financial institutions doing business in the state to
982	develop and operate, in coordination with such financial institutions, a data match system in the
983	manner provided for in Section 26B-9-208;
984	(h) to establish and maintain the state case registry in the manner required by the Social
985	Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 654a, which shall include a record in each case of:
986	(i) the amount of monthly or other periodic support owed under the order, and other
987	amounts, including arrearages, interest, late payment penalties, or fees, due or overdue under
988	the order;

989	(ii) any amount described in Subsection (1)(h)(i) that has been collected;
990	(iii) the distribution of collected amounts;
991	(iv) the birth date of any child for whom the order requires the provision of support;
992	and
993	(v) the amount of any lien imposed with respect to the order pursuant to this part;
994	(i) to contract with the Department of Workforce Services to establish and maintain the
995	new hire registry created under Section 35A-7-103;
996	(j) to determine whether an individual who has applied for or is receiving cash
997	assistance or Medicaid is cooperating in good faith with the office as required by Section
998	26B-9-213;
999	(k) to finance any costs incurred from collections, fees, General Fund appropriation,
1000	contracts, and federal financial participation; and
1001	(l) to provide notice to a noncustodial parent in accordance with Section 26B-9-207 of
1002	the opportunity to contest the accuracy of allegations by a custodial parent of nonpayment of
1003	past-due child support, prior to taking action against a noncustodial parent to collect the alleged
1004	past-due support.
1005	(2) The office may not provide child support services to the Division of Child and
1006	Family Services for a calendar month when the child to whom the child support services relate
1007	is:
1008	(a) in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services; and
1009	(b) lives in the home of a custodial parent of the child for more than seven consecutive
1010	days, regardless of whether:
1011	(i) the greater than seven consecutive day period starts during one month and ends in
1012	the next month; and
1013	(ii) the child is living in the home on a trial basis.
1014	(3) The Division of Child and Family Services is not entitled to child support, for a
1015	child to whom the child support relates, for a calendar month when child support services may
1016	not be provided under Subsection (2).
1017	Section 12. Section 26B-9-201 is amended to read:
1018	26B-9-201. Definitions.
1019	As used in this part:

1020	(1) "Adjudicative proceeding" means an action or proceeding of the office conducted in
1021	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1022	(2) "Administrative order" means an order that has been issued by the office, the
1023	department, or an administrative agency of another state or other comparable jurisdiction with
1024	similar authority to that of the office.
1025	(3) "Arrears" means [the same as] support debt.
1026	(4) "Assistance" means public assistance as defined in Section 26B-9-101.
1027	[(5) "Business day" means a day on which state offices are open for regular business.]
1028	[(6) "Child" means:]
1029	[(a) a son or daughter under the age of 18 years who is not otherwise emancipated,
1030	self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States;]
1031	[(b) a son or daughter over the age of 18 years, while enrolled in high school during the
1032	normal and expected year of graduation and not otherwise emancipated, self-supporting,
1033	married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States; or]
1034	[(c) a son or daughter of any age who is incapacitated from earning a living and is
1035	without sufficient means].
1036	(5) "Cash medical support" means an obligation to equally share all reasonable and
1037	necessary medical and dental expenses of children.
1038	(6) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
1039	(7) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section [$\frac{26B-9-301}{2}$]
1040	<u>26B-9-101</u> .
1041	(8) "Child support guidelines" means [guidelines as defined in Section 78B-12-102]
1042	the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
1043	(9) "Child support order" means [the same as that term is defined in Section
1044	26B-9-301.] a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary, final, or subject to modification,
1045	issued by a tribunal for child support and related costs and fees, interest and penalties, income
1046	withholding, attorney fees, and other relief.
1047	(10) "Child support services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1048	26B-9-101.
1049	(11) "Court order" means a judgment or order of a tribunal of appropriate jurisdiction
1050	of this state, another state, Native American tribe, the federal government, or any other

1051 comparable jurisdiction. 1052 (12) "Director" means the director of the Office of Recovery Services. 1053 (13) "Disposable earnings" means [the same as that term is defined in Section 1054 $\frac{26B-9-101}{2}$ that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction of all 1055 amounts required by law to be withheld. 1056 [(14) "Guidelines" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-12-102.] 1057 [(15)] (14) "High-volume automated administrative enforcement" in interstate cases 1058 means, on the request of another state, the identification by the office, through automatic data 1059 matches with financial institutions and other entities where assets may be found, of assets 1060 owned by persons who owe child support in the requesting state, and the seizure of the assets 1061 by the office, through levy or other appropriate processes. 1062 [(16)] (15) "Income" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-101. [(17) "IV-D child support services" means the same as child support services.] 1063 1064 (16) "IV-D services" means services provided pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the 1065 Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651, et seq. 1066 [(18)] (17) "Notice of agency action" means the notice required to commence an adjudicative proceeding in accordance with Section 63G-4-201. 1067 1068 [(19)] (18) "Obligee" means an individual, this state, another state, or other 1069 comparable jurisdiction to whom a duty of child support is owed, or who is entitled to 1070 reimbursement of child support or public assistance. 1071 [(20)] (19) "Obligor" means a person, firm, corporation, or the estate of a decedent 1072 owing a duty of support to this state, to an individual, to another state, or other corporate 1073 jurisdiction in whose behalf this state is acting. 1074 [(21)] (20) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services. 1075 [(22)] (21) "Parent" means [a natural parent or an adoptive parent of a dependent child] 1076 the same as that term is defined in Section 81-1-101. 1077 [(23)] (22) "Past-due support" means [the same as] support debt. 1078 [(24)] (23) "Person" includes an individual, firm, corporation, association, political 1079 subdivision, department, or office. 1080 $\left[\frac{(25)}{(24)}\right]$ (24) "Public assistance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1081 26B-9-101.

1082	[(26)] (25) "Presiding officer" means a presiding officer described in Section
1083	63G-4-103.
1084	[(27)] (26) "Support" includes past-due, present, and future obligations established by:
1085	(a) a tribunal or imposed by law for the financial support, maintenance, medical, or
1086	dental care of a [dependent] child; and
1087	(b) a tribunal for the financial support of a spouse or former spouse with whom the
1088	obligor's [dependent] child resides if the obligor also owes a child support obligation that is
1089	being enforced by the state.
1090	[(28)] (27) "Support debt" means the debt created by nonpayment of support.
1091	[(29)] (28) "Support order" means [the same as] a child support order.
1092	[(30)] (29) "Tribunal" means the district court, the department, the Office of Recovery
1093	Services, or court or administrative agency of any state, territory, possession of the United
1094	States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Native American Tribe, or
1095	other comparable domestic or foreign jurisdiction.
1096	Section 13. Section 26B-9-202 is amended to read:
1097	26B-9-202. Common-law and statutory remedies augmented by act Public
1098	policy.
1099	(1) The state of Utah, exercising its police and sovereign power, declares that the
1100	common-law and statutory remedies pertaining to family desertion and nonsupport of [minor
1101	dependent] children shall be augmented by this part, which is directed to the real and personal
1102	property resources of the responsible parents.
1103	(2) In order to render resources more immediately available to meet the needs of
1104	[minor] children, it is the legislative intent that the remedies provided in this part are in
1105	addition to, and not in lieu of, existing law.
1106	(3) It is declared to be the public policy of this state that this part be liberally construed
1107	and administered to the end that children shall be maintained from the resources of responsible
1108	parents, thereby relieving or avoiding, at least in part, the burden often borne by the general
1109	citizenry through public assistance programs.
1110	Section 14. Section 26B-9-210 is amended to read:
1111	26B-9-210. Issuance or modification of an order to collect support for persons not
1112	receiving public assistance.

1113	The office may proceed to issue or modify an order under Section 26B-9-206 and
1114	collect under this part even though public assistance is not being provided on behalf of a
1115	[dependent] child if the office provides support collection services in accordance with:
1116	(1) an application for services provided under Title IV-D of the federal Social Security
1117	Act;
1118	(2) the continued service provisions of Subsection 26B-9-213(5); or
1119	(3) the interstate provisions of Section 26B-9-209.
1120	Section 15. Section 26B-9-211 is amended to read:
1121	26B-9-211. Mandatory review and adjustment of child support orders for TANF
1122	recipients.
1123	If a child support order has not been issued, adjusted, or modified within the previous
1124	three years and the children who are the subject of the order currently receive TANF funds, the
1125	office shall review the order, and if appropriate, move the tribunal to adjust the amount of the
1126	order if there is a difference of 10% or more between the payor's ordered support amount and
1127	the payor's support amount required under the child support guidelines.
1128	Section 16. Section 26B-9-212 is amended to read:
1129	26B-9-212. Collection directly from responsible parent.
1130	(1) (a) The office may issue or modify an order under Section 26B-9-206 and collect
1131	under this part directly from a responsible parent if the procedural requirements of applicable
1132	law have been met and if public assistance is provided on behalf of that parent's [dependent]
1133	child.
1134	(b) The direct right to issue an order under this Subsection (1) is independent of and in
1135	addition to the right derived from that assigned under Section 35A-3-108.
1136	(2) An order issuing or modifying a support obligation under Subsection (1), issued
1137	while public assistance was being provided for a [dependent] child, remains in effect and may
1138	be enforced by the office under Section 26B-9-210 after provision of public assistance ceases.
1139	(3) (a) The office may issue or modify an administrative order, subject to the
1140	procedural requirements of applicable law, that requires that obligee to pay to the office
1141	assigned support that an obligee receives and retains in violation of Subsection 26B-9-213(4)
1142	and may reduce to judgment any unpaid balance due.
1143	(b) The office may collect the judgment debt in the same manner as it collects any

1144	judgment for past-due support owed by an obligor.
1145	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Office of Recovery Services shall
1146	have full standing and authority to establish and enforce child support obligations against an
1147	alleged parent currently or formerly in a same-sex marriage on the same terms as the Office of
1148	Recovery Services' authority against other mothers and fathers.
1149	Section 17. Section 26B-9-213 is amended to read:
1150	26B-9-213. Duties of obligee after assignment of support rights.
1151	(1) An obligee whose rights to support have been assigned under Section 35A-3-108 as
1152	a condition of eligibility for public assistance has the following duties:
1153	(a) Unless a good cause or other exception applies, the obligee shall, at the request of
1154	the office:
1155	(i) cooperate in good faith with the office by providing the name and other identifying
1156	information of the other parent of the obligee's child for the purpose of:
1157	(A) establishing paternity; or
1158	(B) establishing, modifying, or enforcing a child support order;
1159	(ii) supply additional necessary information and appear at interviews, hearings, and
1160	legal proceedings; and
1161	(iii) submit the obligee's child and himself to judicially or administratively ordered
1162	genetic testing.
1163	(b) The obligee may not commence an action against an obligor or file a pleading to
1164	collect or modify support without the office's written consent.
1165	(c) The obligee may not do anything to prejudice the rights of the office to establish
1166	paternity, enforce provisions requiring health insurance, or to establish and collect support.
1167	(d) The obligee may not agree to allow the obligor to change the court or
1168	administratively ordered manner or amount of payment of past, present, or future support
1169	without the office's written consent.
1170	(2) (a) The office shall determine and redetermine, when appropriate, whether an
1171	obligee has cooperated with the office as required by Subsection (1)(a).
1172	(b) If the office determines that an obligee has not cooperated as required by
1173	Subsection (1)(a), the office shall:
1174	(i) forward the determination and the basis for it to the Department of Workforce

1175 Services, which shall inform the department of the determination, for a determination of

1176 whether compliance by the obligee should be excused on the basis of good cause or other

1177 exception; and

(ii) send to the obligee:

(A) a copy of the notice; and

(B) information that the obligee may, within 15 days of notice being sent:

(I) contest the office's determination of noncooperation by filing a written request foran adjudicative proceeding with the office; or

(II) assert that compliance should be excused on the basis of good cause or other
exception by filing a written request for a good cause exception with the Department of
Workforce Services.

(3) The office's right to recover is not reduced or terminated if an obligee agrees to
allow the obligor to change the court or administratively ordered manner or amount of payment
of support regardless of whether that agreement is entered into before or after public assistance
is furnished on behalf of a [dependent] child.

(4) (a) If an obligee receives direct payment of assigned support from an obligor, theobligee shall immediately deliver that payment to the office.

(b) (i) If an obligee agrees with an obligor to receive payment of support other than in
the court or administratively ordered manner and receives payment as agreed with the obligor,
the obligee shall immediately deliver the cash equivalent of the payment to the office.

(ii) If the amount delivered to the office by the obligee under Subsection (4)(b)(i)
exceeds the amount of the court or administratively ordered support due, the office shall return
the excess to the obligee.

(5) (a) If public assistance furnished on behalf of a [dependent] child is terminated, the
office may continue to provide paternity establishment and support collection services.

(b) Unless the obligee notifies the office to discontinue these services, the obligee is
considered to have accepted and is bound by the rights, duties, and liabilities of an obligee who
has applied for those services.

1203

Section 18. Section **26B-9-214** is amended to read:

1204 **26B-9-214.** Liens by operation of law and writs of garnishment.

1205 (1) Each payment or installment of child support is, on and after the date it is due, a

1207 w 1208 li 1209 li 1210 d 1211 1212 1213 1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	 udgment with the same attributes and effect of any judgment of a district court in accordance with Section [78B-12-112] 81-7-102 and for purposes of Section 78B-5-202. (2) (a) A judgment under Subsection (1) or final administrative order shall constitute a ien against the real property of the obligor upon the filing of a notice of judgment-lien in the district court where the obligor's real property is located if the notice: (i) specifies the amount of past-due support; and (ii) complies with the procedural requirements of Section 78B-5-202. (b) Rule 69, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, shall apply to any action brought to execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal property in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same effect as if the writ were issued on a judgment of a district court if:
1208 1209 li 1210 d 1211 1212 1213 1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	 (2) (a) A judgment under Subsection (1) or final administrative order shall constitute a ien against the real property of the obligor upon the filing of a notice of judgment-lien in the district court where the obligor's real property is located if the notice: (i) specifies the amount of past-due support; and (ii) complies with the procedural requirements of Section 78B-5-202. (b) Rule 69, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, shall apply to any action brought to execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal broperty in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal broperty in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1209 li 1210 d 1211 1212 1213 1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	 ien against the real property of the obligor upon the filing of a notice of judgment-lien in the district court where the obligor's real property is located if the notice: (i) specifies the amount of past-due support; and (ii) complies with the procedural requirements of Section 78B-5-202. (b) Rule 69, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, shall apply to any action brought to execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal property in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1210 d 1211 1212 1213 1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	 district court where the obligor's real property is located if the notice: (i) specifies the amount of past-due support; and (ii) complies with the procedural requirements of Section 78B-5-202. (b) Rule 69, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, shall apply to any action brought to execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal broperty in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal broperty in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1211 1212 1213 1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	 (i) specifies the amount of past-due support; and (ii) complies with the procedural requirements of Section 78B-5-202. (b) Rule 69, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, shall apply to any action brought to execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal property in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1212 1213 1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	 (ii) complies with the procedural requirements of Section 78B-5-202. (b) Rule 69, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, shall apply to any action brought to execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal broperty in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal broperty in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1213 1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	 (b) Rule 69, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, shall apply to any action brought to execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal property in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1214 e 1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	execute a judgment or final administrative order under this section against real or personal property in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1215 p 1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	oroperty in the obligor's possession. (3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1216 1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	(3) (a) The office may issue a writ of garnishment against the obligor's personal property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1217 p 1218 a 1219 a 1220	property in the possession of a third party for a judgment under Subsection (1) or a final administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1218 a 1219 a 1220	administrative order in the same manner and with the same effect as if the writ were issued on
1219 a 1220	
1220	independent of a district court if:
	Judgment of a district court in.
1221 re	(i) the judgment or final administrative order is recorded on the office's automated case
	egistry; and
1222	(ii) the writ is signed by the director or the director's designee and served by certified
1223 n	nail, return receipt requested, or as prescribed by Rule 4, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
1224	(b) A writ of garnishment issued under Subsection (3)(a) is subject to the procedures
1225 a	and due process protections provided by Rule 64D, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, except as
1226 p	provided by Section 26B-9-217.
1227	Section 19. Section 26B-9-217 is amended to read:
1228	26B-9-217. Requirement to honor voluntary assignment of earnings Discharge
1229 o	of employee prohibited Liability for discharge Earnings subject to support lien or
1230 g	garnishment.
1231	(1) (a) Every person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, or
1232 d	lepartment of the state shall honor, according to its terms, a duly executed voluntary
1233 a	assignment of earnings which is presented by the office as a plan to satisfy or retire a support
1234 d	lebt or obligation.
1235	(b) The requirement to honor an assignment of earnings, and the assignment of
1236 e	earnings itself, are applicable whether the earnings are to be paid presently or in the future, and

1237 continue in effect until released in writing by the office.

(c) Payment of money pursuant to an assignment of earnings presented by the office
shall serve as full acquittance under any contract of employment, and the state shall defend the
employer and hold the employer harmless for any action taken pursuant to the assignment of
earnings.

(d) The office shall be released from liability for improper receipt of money under anassignment of earnings upon return of any money so received.

(2) An employer may not discharge or prejudice any employee because the employee's
earnings have been subjected to support lien, wage assignment, or garnishment for any
indebtedness under this part.

(3) If an employer discharges an employee in violation of Subsection (2), the employer
is liable to the employee for the damages the employee may suffer, and, additionally, to the
office in an amount equal to the debt which is the basis of the assignment or garnishment, plus
costs, interest, and attorney fees, or a maximum of \$1,000, whichever is less.

(4) The maximum part of the aggregate disposable earnings of an individual for any
work pay period which may be subjected to a garnishment to enforce payment of a judicial or
administrative judgment arising out of failure to support [dependent] children may not exceed
50% of the individual's disposable earnings for the work pay period.

(5) The support lien or garnishment shall continue to operate and require the employer
to withhold the nonexempt portion of earnings at each succeeding earnings disbursement
interval until released in writing by the court or office.

1258

Section 20. Section **26B-9-220** is amended to read:

26B-9-220. Review and adjustment of child support order in three-year cycle -Substantial change in circumstances not required.

(1) If a child support order has not been issued, modified, or reviewed within the
previous three years, the office shall review a child support order, taking into account the best
interests of the child involved, if:

1264 (a) requested by a parent or legal guardian involved in a case receiving IV-D services;1265 or

(b) there has been an assignment under Section 35A-3-108 and the office determinesthat a review is appropriate.

1268	(2) (a) If the office conducts a review under Subsection (1), the office shall determine
1269	if there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount ordered and the amount that would
1270	be required under the child support guidelines.
1271	(b) If there is such a difference and the difference is not of a temporary nature, the
1272	office shall:
1273	[(a)] (i) with respect to a child support order issued or modified by the office, adjust the
1274	amount to that which is provided for in the child support guidelines; or
1275	[(b)] (ii) with respect to a child support order issued or modified by a court, file $[a]$
1276	petition] the appropriate pleading with the court to adjust the amount to that which is provided
1277	for in the <u>child support</u> guidelines.
1278	(3) The office may use automated methods to:
1279	(a) collect information and conduct reviews under Subsection (2); and
1280	(b) identify child support orders in which there is a difference of 10% or more between
1281	the amount of child support ordered and the amount that would be required under the child
1282	support guidelines for review under Subsection (1)(b).
1283	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who requests a review under Subsection (1)(a) shall
1284	provide notice of the request to the other parent within five days and in accordance with
1285	Section 26B-9-207.
1286	(b) If the office conducts a review under Subsections (1)(b) and (3)(b), the office shall
1287	provide notice to the parties of:
1288	(i) a proposed adjustment under Subsection $[(2)(a)]$ (2)(b)(i); or
1289	(ii) a proposed [petition] pleading to be filed in court under Subsection [(2)(b)]
1290	<u>(2)(b)(ii)</u> .
1291	(5) (a) Within 30 days of notice being sent under Subsection (4)(a), a parent or legal
1292	guardian may respond to a request for review filed with the office.
1293	(b) Within 30 days of notice being sent under Subsection (4)(b), a parent or legal
1294	guardian may contest a proposed adjustment or petition by requesting a review under
1295	Subsection (1)(a) and providing documentation that refutes the adjustment or petition.
1296	(6) A showing of a substantial change in circumstances is not necessary for an
1297	adjustment under this section.
1298	Section 21. Section 26B-9-221 is amended to read:

1299	26B-9-221. Review and adjustment of support order for substantial change in
1300	circumstances outside three-year cycle.
1301	(1) (a) A parent or legal guardian involved in a case receiving IV-D services or the
1302	office, if there has been an assignment under Section 35A-3-108, may at any time request the
1303	office to review a child support order if there has been a substantial change in circumstances.
1304	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), a substantial change in circumstances may
1305	include:
1306	(i) material changes in custody;
1307	(ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties;
1308	(iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent;
1309	(iv) material changes in the ability of a parent to earn;
1310	(v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; and
1311	(vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of
1312	others.
1313	(2) (a) Upon receiving a request under Subsection (1), the office shall review the order,
1314	taking into account the best interests of the child involved, to determine whether the substantial
1315	change in circumstance has occurred, and if so, whether the change resulted in a difference of
1316	15% or more between the amount of child support ordered and the amount that would be
1317	required under the child support guidelines.
1318	(b) If there is such a difference and the difference is not of a temporary nature, the
1319	office shall:
1320	[(a)] (i) with respect to a support order issued or modified by the office, adjust the
1321	amount in accordance with the child support guidelines; or
1322	[(b)] (ii) with respect to a support order issued or modified by a court, file a petition
1323	with the court to adjust the amount in accordance with the <u>child support</u> guidelines.
1324	(3) The office may use automated methods to collect information for a review
1325	conducted under Subsection (2).
1326	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who requests a review under Subsection (1) shall
1327	provide notice of the request to the other parent within five days and in accordance with
1328	Section 26B-9-207.
1329	(b) If the office initiates and conducts a review under Subsection (1), the office shall

1330 provide notice of the request to any parent or legal guardian within five days and in accordance 1331 with Section 26B-9-207. 1332 (5) Within 30 days of notice being sent under Subsection (4), a parent or legal guardian 1333 may file a response to a request for review with the office. 1334 Section 22. Section 26B-9-224 is amended to read: 1335 26B-9-224. Medical and dental expenses of a child -- Health insurance for a child. (1) As used in this section, "health insurance" means the same as that term is defined in 1336 1337 Section 31A-1-301. 1338 (2) In any action under this part, the office and the department in their orders shall 1339 include: 1340 [(1)] (a) [include] a provision assigning responsibility for cash medical support; 1341 [(2)] (b) [include] a provision requiring the purchase and maintenance of appropriate [medical, hospital, and dental care] health insurance for [those children] the child, if: 1342 1343 $\left[\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right]$ (i) insurance coverage is or becomes available at a reasonable cost; and 1344 [(b)] (ii) the insurance coverage is accessible to the [children] child; and 1345 $\left[\frac{(3)}{(3)}\right]$ (c) $\left[\frac{1}{(3)}\right]$ a designation of which $\left[\frac{1}{(3)}\right]$ health insurance 1346 plan^{[,}] is primary and which is secondary in accordance with the provisions of Section [30-3-5.4] 81-6-208, which will take effect if at any time the [dependent children are] child is 1347 1348 covered by both parents' [health, hospital, or dental] health insurance plans. Section 23. Section 26B-9-225 is amended to read: 1349 26B-9-225. Enrollment of child in accident and health insurance plan -- Order --1350 1351 Notice. 1352 (1) The office may issue a notice to existing and future employers or unions to enroll a 1353 [dependent] child in an accident and health insurance plan that is available through the 1354 [dependent] child's parent or legal guardian's employer or union, when the following conditions 1355 are satisfied: 1356 (a) the parent or legal guardian is already required to obtain insurance coverage for the 1357 child by a prior court or administrative order; and 1358 (b) the parent or legal guardian has failed to provide written proof to the office that: (i) the child has been enrolled in an accident and health insurance plan in accordance 1359 1360 with the court or administrative order: or

1361	(ii) the coverage required by the order was not available at group rates through the
1362	employer or union 30 or more days prior to the date of the mailing of the notice to enroll.
1363	(2) The office shall provide concurrent notice to the parent or legal guardian in
1364	accordance with Section 26B-9-207 of:
1365	(a) the notice to enroll sent to the employer or union; and
1366	(b) the opportunity to contest the enrollment due to a mistake of fact by filing a written
1367	request for an adjudicative proceeding with the office within 15 days of the notice being sent.
1368	(3) A notice to enroll shall result in the enrollment of the child in the parent's accident
1369	and health insurance plan, unless the parent successfully contests the notice based on a mistake
1370	of fact.
1371	(4) A notice to enroll issued under this section may be considered a "qualified medical
1372	support order" for the purposes of enrolling a [dependent] child in a group accident and health
1373	insurance plan as defined in Section 609(a), Federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act
1374	of 1974.
1375	Section 24. Section 26B-9-226 is amended to read:
1376	26B-9-226. Compliance with order Enrollment of child for insurance.
1377	(1) An employer or union shall comply with a notice to enroll issued by the office
1378	under Section 26B-9-225 by enrolling the [dependent] child that is the subject of the notice in
1379	the:
1380	(a) accident and health insurance plan in which the parent or legal guardian is enrolled,
1381	if the plan satisfies the prior court or administrative order; or
1382	(b) least expensive plan, assuming equivalent benefits, offered by the employer or
1383	union that complies with the prior court or administrative order which provides coverage that is
1384	reasonably accessible to the [dependent] child.
1385	(2) The employer, union, or insurer may not refuse to enroll a [dependent] child
1386	pursuant to a notice to enroll because a parent or legal guardian has not signed an enrollment
1387	application.
1388	(3) Upon enrollment of the [dependent] child, the employer shall deduct the
1389	appropriate premiums from the parent or legal guardian's wages and remit [them] the premiums
1390	directly to the insurer.
1391	(4) The insurer shall provide proof of insurance to the office upon request.

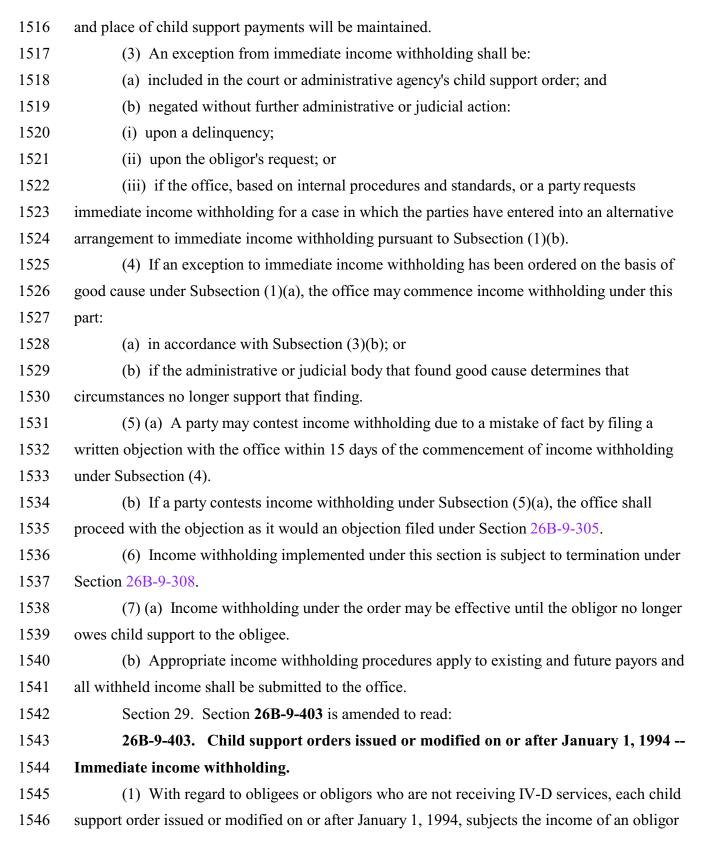
1392	(5) The signature of the custodial parent of the insured [dependent] child is a valid
1393	authorization to the insurer for purposes of processing any insurance reimbursement claim.
1394	Section 25. Section 26B-9-230 is amended to read:
1395	26B-9-230. Right to judicial review.
1396	(1) (a) Within 30 days of notice of any administrative action on the part of the office to
1397	establish paternity or establish, modify or enforce a child support order, the obligor may file a
1398	petition for de novo review with the district court.
1399	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), notice includes:
1400	(i) notice actually received by the obligor in accordance with Section 26B-9-207;
1401	(ii) participation by the obligor in the proceedings related to the establishment of the
1402	paternity or the modification or enforcement of child support; or
1403	(iii) receiving a paycheck in which a reduction has been made for child support.
1404	(2) The petition shall name the office and all other appropriate parties as respondents
1405	and meet the form requirements specified in Section 63G-4-402.
1406	(3) A copy of the petition shall be served upon the Child and Family Support Division
1407	of the Office of Attorney General.
1408	(4) (a) If the petition is regarding the amount of the child support obligation established
1409	in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child
1410	Support, the court may issue a temporary order for child support until a final order is issued.
1411	(b) The petitioner may file an affidavit stating the amount of child support reasonably
1412	believed to be due and the court may issue a temporary order for that amount. The temporary
1413	order shall be valid for 60 days, unless extended by the court while the action is being pursued.
1414	(c) If the court upholds the amount of support established in Subsection (4)(a), the
1415	petitioner shall be ordered to make up the difference between the amount originally ordered in
1416	Subsection (4)(a) and the amount temporarily ordered under Subsection (4)(b).
1417	(d) This Subsection (4) does not apply to an action for the court-ordered modification
1418	of a judicial child support order.
1419	(5) (a) The court may, on its own initiative and based on the evidence before it,
1420	determine whether the petitioner violated [U.R. Civ. P.] Rule 11 of the Utah Rules of Civil
1421	<u>Procedure</u> by filing the action.
1422	(b) If the court determines that [U.R. Civ. P.] Rule 11 of the Utah Rules of Civil

1423	Procedure was violated, it shall, at a minimum, award to the office attorney fees and costs for
1424	the action.
1425	(6) Nothing in this section precludes the obligor from seeking administrative remedies
1426	as provided in this chapter.
1427	Section 26. Section 26B-9-301 is amended to read:
1428	26B-9-301. Definitions.
1429	As used in this part and Part 4, Income Withholding in Non IV-D Cases:
1430	(1) "Business day" means a day on which state offices are open for regular business.
1431	(2) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section [$\frac{26B-9-201}{81-6-101}$.
1432	[(3) (a) "Child support" means a base child support award as defined in Section
1433	78B-12-102, or a financial award for uninsured monthly medical expenses, ordered by a
1434	tribunal for the support of a child, including current periodic payments, all arrearages which
1435	accrue under an order for current periodic payments, and sum certain judgments awarded for
1436	arrearages, medical expenses, and child care costs.]
1437	[(b) "Child support" includes obligations ordered by a tribunal for the support of a
1438	spouse or former spouse with whom the child resides if the spousal support is collected with
1439	the child support.]
1440	(3) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-101.
1441	(4) "Child support order" means [a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary,
1442	final, or subject to modification, issued by a tribunal for child support and related costs and
1443	fees, interest and penalties, income withholding, attorney fees, and other relief] the same as that
1444	term is defined in Section 26B-9-201.
1445	(5) "Child support services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1446	26B-9-101.
1447	(6) ["Delinquent" or "delinquency"] "Delinquency" means that child support in an
1448	amount at least equal to current child support payable for one month is overdue.
1449	(7) "Delinquent" means delinquency.
1450	[(7)] (8) "Immediate income withholding" means income withholding without regard
1451	to whether a delinquency has occurred.
1452	[(8)] (9) "Income" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-101.
1453	(10) "IV-D services" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-201.

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1454 $\left[\frac{(9)}{(11)}\right]$ (11) "Jurisdiction" means a state or political subdivision of the United States, a 1455 territory or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of 1456 Puerto Rico, an Indian tribe or tribal organization, or any comparable foreign nation or political 1457 subdivision. 1458 [(10)] (12) "Obligee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-201. 1459 [(11)] (13) "Obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-201. [(12)] (14) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services. 1460 [(13)] (15) "Payor" means an employer or any person who is a source of income to an 1461 1462 obligor. 1463 [(14) "Support order" means the same as child support order.] 1464 Section 27. Section 26B-9-303 is amended to read: 1465 26B-9-303. Provision for income withholding in child support order -- Immediate 1466 income withholding. 1467 (1) Whenever a child support order is issued or modified in this state the obligor's income is subject to immediate income withholding for the child support described in the order 1468 1469 in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, unless: 1470 (a) the court or administrative body which entered the order finds that one of the 1471 parties has demonstrated good cause so as not to require immediate income withholding; or 1472 (b) a written agreement which provides an alternative payment arrangement is executed 1473 by the obligor and obligee, and reviewed and entered in the record by the court or 1474 administrative body. 1475 (2) (a) In every child support order issued or modified on or after January 1, 1994, the 1476 court or administrative body shall include a provision that the income of an obligor is subject to 1477 immediate income withholding in accordance with this chapter. 1478 (b) If for any reason other than the provisions of Subsection (1) that provision is not 1479 included in the child support order the obligor's income is nevertheless subject to immediate 1480 income withholding. 1481 (3) In determining ["good cause,"] good cause, the court or administrative body may, in 1482 addition to any other requirement it considers appropriate, consider whether the obligor has: 1483 (a) obtained a bond, deposited money in trust for the benefit of the [dependent 1484 children] children, or otherwise made arrangements sufficient to guarantee child support

payments for at least two months;
(b) arranged to deposit all child support payments into a checking account belonging to
the obligee, or made arrangements insuring that a reliable and independent record of the date
and place of child support payments will be maintained; or
(c) arranged for electronic transfer of funds on a regular basis to meet court-ordered
child support obligations.
Section 28. Section 26B-9-304 is amended to read:
26B-9-304. Office procedures for income withholding for orders issued or
modified on or after October 13, 1990.
(1) With regard to obligees or obligors who are receiving IV-D services, each child
support order issued or modified on or after October 13, 1990, subjects the income of an
obligor to immediate income withholding as of the effective date of the order, regardless of
whether a delinquency occurs unless:
(a) the court or administrative body that entered the order finds that one of the parties
has demonstrated good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
(b) a written agreement that provides an alternative arrangement is executed by the
obligor and obligee, and by the office, if there is an assignment under Section 35A-3-108, and
reviewed and entered in the record by the court or administrative body.
(2) For purposes of this section:
(a) ["good cause"] good cause shall be based on, at a minimum:
(i) a determination and explanation on the record by the court or administrative body
that implementation of income withholding would not be in the best interest of the child; and
(ii) proof of timely payment of any previously ordered support; and
(b) in determining ["good cause,"] good cause, the court or administrative body may, in
addition to any other requirement that it determines appropriate, consider whether the obligor
has:
(i) obtained a bond, deposited money in trust for the benefit of the [dependent children]
children, or otherwise made arrangements sufficient to guarantee child support payments for at
least two months; and
(ii) arranged to deposit all child support payments into a checking account belonging to
the obligee or made arrangements insuring that a reliable and independent record of the date



1547 to immediate income withholding as of the effective date of the order, regardless of whether a 1548 delinquency occurs unless: 1549 (a) the court or administrative body that entered the order finds that one of the parties 1550 has demonstrated good cause so as not to require immediate income withholding; or 1551 (b) a written agreement which provides an alternative payment arrangement is executed 1552 by the obligor and obligee, and reviewed and entered in the record by the court or 1553 administrative body. (2) For purposes of this section: 1554 1555 (a) an action on or after January 1, 1994, to reduce child support arrears to judgment, 1556 without a corresponding establishment of or modification to a base child support amount, is not 1557 sufficient to trigger immediate income withholding; 1558 (b) ["good cause"] good cause shall be based on, at a minimum: 1559 (i) a determination and explanation on the record by the court or administrative body 1560 that implementation of income withholding would not be in the best interest of the child; and 1561 (ii) proof of timely payment of any previously ordered support; and 1562 (c) in determining ["good cause,"] good cause, the court or administrative body may, in addition to any other requirement it considers appropriate, consider whether the obligor has: 1563 1564 (i) obtained a bond, deposited money in trust for the benefit of the [dependent children] 1565 children, or otherwise made arrangements sufficient to guarantee child support payments for at 1566 least two months; (ii) arranged to deposit all child support payments into a checking account belonging to 1567 1568 the obligee, or made arrangements insuring that a reliable and independent record of the date 1569 and place of child support payments will be maintained; or 1570 (iii) arranged for electronic transfer of funds on a regular basis to meet court-ordered 1571 child support obligations. 1572 (3) In cases where the court or administrative body that entered the order finds a 1573 demonstration of good cause or enters a written agreement that immediate income withholding 1574 is not required, in accordance with this section, any party may subsequently pursue income 1575 withholding on the earliest of the following dates: 1576 (a) the date payment of child support becomes delinquent; 1577 (b) the date the obligor requests;

1578 (c) the date the obligee requests if a written agreement under Subsection (1)(b) exists; 1579 or 1580 (d) the date the court or administrative body so modifies that order. 1581 (4) The court shall include in every child support order issued or modified on or after 1582 January 1, 1994, a provision that the income of an obligor is subject to income withholding in 1583 accordance with this chapter; however, if for any reason that provision is not included in the 1584 child support order, the obligor's income is nevertheless subject to income withholding. 1585 (5) (a) In any action to establish or modify a child support order after July 1, 1997, the 1586 court, upon request by the obligee or obligor, shall commence immediate income withholding by ordering the clerk of the court or the requesting party to: 1587 1588 (i) mail written notice to the payor at the payor's last-known address that contains the 1589 information required by Section 26B-9-407; and 1590 (ii) mail a copy of the written notice sent to the payor under Subsection (5)(a)(i) and a copy of the support order to the office. 1591 1592 (b) If neither the obligee nor obligor requests commencement of income withholding 1593 under Subsection (5)(a), the court shall include in the order to establish or modify child support 1594 a provision that the obligor or obligee may commence income withholding by: 1595 (i) applying for IV-D services with the office; or 1596 (ii) filing an ex parte motion with a district court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to 1597 Section 26B-9-405. 1598 (c) A payor who receives written notice under Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall comply with 1599 the requirements of Section 26B-9-408. 1600 Section 30. Section 26B-9-405 is amended to read: 1601 26B-9-405. Procedures for commencing income withholding. 1602 (1) If income withholding has not been commenced in connection with a child support 1603 order, an obligee or obligor may commence income withholding by: 1604 (a) applying for IV-D services from the office; or (b) filing an ex parte motion for income withholding with a district court of competent 1605 1606 jurisdiction. 1607 (2) The office shall commence income withholding in accordance with Part 3. Income 1608 Withholding in IV-D Cases, upon receipt of an application for IV-D services under Subsection

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1609	(1)(a).
1610	(3) A court shall grant an ex parte motion to commence income withholding filed
1611	under Subsection (1)(b) regardless of whether the child support order provided for income
1612	withholding, if the obligee provides competent evidence showing:
1613	(a) the child support order was issued or modified after January 1, 1994, and the
1614	obligee or obligor expresses a desire to commence income withholding;
1615	(b) the child support order was issued or modified after January 1, 1994, and the order
1616	contains a good cause exception to income withholding as provided for in Section 26B-9-403,
1617	and a delinquency has occurred; or
1618	(c) the child support order was issued or modified before January 1, 1994, and a
1619	delinquency has occurred.
1620	(4) If a court grants an ex parte motion under Subsection (3), the court shall order the
1621	clerk of the court or the requesting party to:
1622	(a) mail written notice to the payor at the payor's last-known address that contains the
1623	information required by Section 26B-9-407;
1624	(b) mail a copy of the written notice sent to the payor under Subsection (4)(a) to the
1625	nonrequesting party's address and a copy of the <u>child</u> support order and the notice to the payor
1626	to the office; and
1627	(c) if the obligee is the requesting party, send notice to the obligor under Section
1628	26B-9-207 that includes:
1629	(i) a copy of the notice sent to the payor; and
1630	(ii) information regarding:
1631	(A) the commencement of income withholding; and
1632	(B) the opportunity to contest the withholding or the amount withheld due to mistake
1633	of fact by filing an objection with the court within 20 days.
1634	(5) A payor who receives written notice under Subsection $(4)(a)$ shall comply with the
1635	requirements of Section 26B-9-408.
1636	(6) If an obligor contests withholding, the court shall:
1637	(a) provide an opportunity for the obligor to present evidence supporting his claim of a
1638	mistake of fact;
1639	(b) decide whether income withholding should continue;

1640	(c) notify the parties of the decision; and
1641	(d) at the obligor's option, return or credit toward the most current and future support
1642	payments of the obligor any amount mistakenly withheld plus interest at the legal rate.
1643	Section 31. Section 26B-9-501 is amended to read:
1644	26B-9-501. Definitions.
1645	As used in this part:
1646	(1) "Business day" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-301.
1647	[(1)] (2) "Child support" [is as defined in Section 26B-9-301] means the same as that
1648	term is defined in Section 26B-9-101.
1649	[(2)] (3) "Delinquent on a child support obligation" means that a person:
1650	(a) (i) made no payment for 60 days on a current child support obligation as set forth in
1651	an administrative or court order;
1652	(ii) after the 60-day period described in Subsection $[(2)(a)(i)] (3)(a)(i)$, failed to make a
1653	good faith effort under the circumstances to make payment on the child support obligation in
1654	accordance with the order; and
1655	(iii) has not obtained a judicial order staying enforcement of the person's child support
1656	obligation, or the amount in arrears; or
1657	(b) (i) made no payment for 60 days on an arrearage obligation of child support as set
1658	forth in:
1659	(A) a payment schedule;
1660	(B) a written agreement with the office; or
1661	(C) an administrative or judicial order;
1662	(ii) after the 60-day period described in Subsection $[(2)(b)(i)] (3)(b)(i)$, failed to make a
1663	good faith effort under the circumstances to make payment on the child support obligation in
1664	accordance with the payment schedule, agreement, or order; and
1665	(iii) has not obtained a judicial order staying enforcement of the person's child support
1666	obligation, or the amount in arrears.
1667	[(3)] (4) "Driver license" means a license, as defined in Section 53-3-102.
1668	[(4)] (5) "Driver License Division" means the Driver License Division of the
1669	Department of Public Safety created in Section 53-3-103.
1670	[(5)] (6) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services.

1671	Section 32. Section 31A-22-610.5 is amended to read:
1672	31A-22-610.5. Dependent coverage.
1673	(1) As used in this section, "child" [has the same meaning as defined in Section
1674	78B-12-102] means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
1675	(2) (a) Any individual or group accident and health insurance policy or managed care
1676	organization contract that provides coverage for a policyholder's or certificate holder's
1677	dependent:
1678	(i) may not terminate coverage of an unmarried dependent by reason of the dependent's
1679	age before the dependent's 26th birthday; and
1680	(ii) shall, upon application, provide coverage for all unmarried dependents up to age
1681	26.
1682	(b) The cost of coverage for unmarried dependents 19 to 26 years old shall be included
1683	in the premium on the same basis as other dependent coverage.
1684	(c) This section does not prohibit the employer from requiring the employee to pay all
1685	or part of the cost of coverage for unmarried dependents.
1686	(d) An individual or group health insurance policy or managed care organization shall
1687	continue in force coverage for a dependent through the last day of the month in which the
1688	dependent ceases to be a dependent:
1689	(i) if premiums are paid; and
1690	(ii) notwithstanding Sections 31A-22-618.6 and 31A-22-618.7.
1691	(3) (a) When a parent is required by a court or administrative order to provide health
1692	insurance coverage for a child, an accident and health insurer may not deny enrollment of a
1693	child under the accident and health insurance plan of the child's parent on the grounds the
1694	child:
1695	(i) was born out of wedlock and is entitled to coverage under Subsection (4);
1696	(ii) was born out of wedlock and the custodial parent seeks enrollment for the child
1697	under the custodial parent's policy;
1698	(iii) is not claimed as a dependent on the parent's federal tax return;
1699	(iv) does not reside with the parent; or
1700	(v) does not reside in the insurer's service area.
1701	(b) A child enrolled as required under Subsection (3)(a)(iv) is subject to the terms of

1702 the accident and health insurance plan contract pertaining to services received outside of an 1703 insurer's service area. 1704 (4) When a child has accident and health coverage through an insurer of a noncustodial parent, and when requested by the noncustodial or custodial parent, the insurer shall: 1705 1706 (a) provide information to the custodial parent as necessary for the child to obtain 1707 benefits through that coverage, but the insurer or employer, or the agents or employees of either 1708 of them, are not civilly or criminally liable for providing information in compliance with this 1709 Subsection (4)(a), whether the information is provided pursuant to a verbal or written request; 1710 (b) permit the custodial parent or the service provider, with the custodial parent's 1711 approval, to submit claims for covered services without the approval of the noncustodial 1712 parent; and 1713 (c) make payments on claims submitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(b) directly 1714 to the custodial parent, the child who obtained benefits, the provider, or the state Medicaid 1715 agency. 1716 (5) When a parent is required by a court or administrative order to provide health 1717 coverage for a child, and the parent is eligible for family health coverage, the insurer shall: 1718 (a) permit the parent to enroll, under the family coverage, a child who is otherwise 1719 eligible for the coverage without regard to an enrollment season restrictions; 1720 (b) if the parent is enrolled but fails to make application to obtain coverage for the 1721 child, enroll the child under family coverage upon application of the child's other parent, the 1722 state agency administering the Medicaid program, or the state agency administering 42 U.S.C. 1723 [Sec.] Secs. 651 through 669, the child support enforcement program; and 1724 (c) (i) when the child is covered by an individual policy, not disenroll or eliminate 1725 coverage of the child unless the insurer is provided satisfactory written evidence that: 1726 (A) the court or administrative order is no longer in effect; or 1727 (B) the child is or will be enrolled in comparable accident and health coverage through 1728 another insurer which will take effect not later than the effective date of disenrollment; or 1729 (ii) when the child is covered by a group policy, not disenroll or eliminate coverage of 1730 the child unless the employer is provided with satisfactory written evidence, which evidence is 1731 also provided to the insurer, that Subsection (8)(c)(i), (ii), or (iii) has happened. 1732 (6) An insurer may not impose requirements on a state agency that has been assigned

the rights of an individual eligible for medical assistance under Medicaid and covered for
accident and health benefits from the insurer that are different from requirements applicable to
an agent or assignee of any other individual so covered.

1736 (7) Insurers may not reduce their coverage of pediatric vaccines below the benefit level1737 in effect on May 1, 1993.

(8) When a parent is required by a court or administrative order to provide health
coverage, which is available through an employer doing business in this state, the employer
shall:

(a) permit the parent to enroll under family coverage any child who is otherwiseeligible for coverage without regard to any enrollment season restrictions;

(b) if the parent is enrolled but fails to make application to obtain coverage of the child,
enroll the child under family coverage upon application by the child's other parent, by the state
agency administering the Medicaid program, or the state agency administering 42 U.S.C. Sec.
651 through 669, the child support enforcement program;

1747 (c) not disenroll or eliminate coverage of the child unless the employer is provided1748 satisfactory written evidence that:

(i) the court order is no longer in effect;

(ii) the child is or will be enrolled in comparable coverage which will take effect nolater than the effective date of disenrollment; or

1752 (iii) the employer has eliminated family health coverage for all of its employees; and

1753 (d) withhold from the employee's compensation the employee's share, if any, of

1754 premiums for health coverage and to pay this amount to the insurer.

(9) An order issued under Section 26B-9-225 may be considered a "qualified medical
support order" for the purpose of enrolling a [dependent] child in a group accident and health
insurance plan as defined in Section 609(a), Federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act
of 1974.

(10) This section does not affect any insurer's ability to require as a precondition of anychild being covered under any policy of insurance that:

1761

(a) the parent continues to be eligible for coverage;

(b) the child shall be identified to the insurer with adequate information to comply withthis section; and

1764	(c) the premium shall be paid when due.
1765	(11) This section applies to employee welfare benefit plans as defined in Section
1766	26B-3-1001.
1767	(12) (a) A policy that provides coverage to a child of a group member may not deny
1768	eligibility for coverage to a child solely because:
1769	(i) the child does not reside with the insured; or
1770	(ii) the child is solely dependent on a former spouse of the insured rather than on the
1771	insured.
1772	(b) A child who does not reside with the insured may be excluded on the same basis as
1773	a child who resides with the insured.
1774	Section 33. Section 35A-3-307 is amended to read:
1775	35A-3-307. Cash assistance to a single minor parent.
1776	(1) The department may provide cash assistance to a single minor parent in accordance
1777	with this section.
1778	(2) A single minor parent who receives cash assistance under this part shall:
1779	(a) except as provided under Subsection (3), reside in a place of residence maintained
1780	by a parent, legal guardian, or other adult relative of the single minor parent;
1781	(b) participate in education for parenting and life skills;
1782	(c) participate in infant and child wellness programs approved by the department; and
1783	(d) for at least 20 hours per week:
1784	(i) if the single minor parent does not have a high school diploma, attend high school
1785	or an alternative to high school;
1786	(ii) participate in education or training; or
1787	(iii) participate in a combination of employment and education or training.
1788	(3) (a) If the department determines that the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) are not
1789	appropriate for a single minor parent, the department may assist the single minor parent to
1790	obtain suitable living arrangements, including an adult-supervised living arrangement.
1791	(b) The department may only provide cash assistance to a single minor parent who is
1792	exempt from the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) if the single minor parent resides in a living
1793	arrangement that is approved by the department.
1794	(c) The approval by the department of a living arrangement under Subsection (3)(b):

1795	(i) is a means of safeguarding the use of state and federal funds; and
1796	(ii) is not a certification or guarantee of the safety, quality, or condition of the living
1797	arrangements of the single minor parent.
1798	(4) (a) If a single minor parent resides with a parent, the department shall include the
1799	income of the parent of the single minor parent in determining the single minor parent's
1800	eligibility for services under this part.
1801	(b) If a single minor parent receives services under this chapter but does not reside with
1802	a parent, the department shall seek an order under [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support
1803	Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, requiring the parent of the single minor parent to
1804	financially support the single minor parent.
1805	(5) The requirements of this section shall be included in a single minor parent's
1806	employment plan under Section 35A-3-304.
1807	Section 34. Section 51-9-408 is amended to read:
1808	51-9-408. Children's Legal Defense Account.
1809	(1) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the
1810	Children's Legal Defense Account.
1811	(2) The purpose of the Children's Legal Defense Account is to provide for programs
1812	that protect and defend the rights, safety, and quality of life of children.
1813	(3) (a) The Legislature shall appropriate money from the account for the administrative
1814	and related costs of the following programs:
1815	(i) implementing the [Mandatory Educational Course on Children's Needs for
1816	Divorcing Parents relating to the effects of divorce on children as provided in Sections 30-3-4,
1817	30-3-10.3, 30-3-11.3, and the Mediation Program - Child Custody or Parent-time] mandatory
1818	educational course described in Section 81-4-106 and the mediation program for child custody
1819	and parent-time;
1820	(ii) implementing the use of guardians ad litem in accordance with Sections
1821	78A-2-703, 78A-2-705, 78A-2-803, and 78B-3-102;
1822	(iii) the training of attorney guardians ad litem and volunteers as provided in Section
1823	78A-2-803;
1824	(iv) implementing and administering the Expedited Parent-time Enforcement Program
1825	as provided in Section [30-3-38] <u>81-9-102</u> ; and

- (v) implementing and administering the Divorce Education for Children Program.
 (b) The Children's Legal Defense Account may not be used to supplant funding for the
 guardian ad litem program under Section 78A-2-803.
 (4) The following withhold face shell be allocated only to the Children's Legal Defense
- (4) The following withheld fees shall be allocated only to the Children's Legal Defense
 Account and used only for the purposes provided in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through (v):
- (a) the additional \$10 fee withheld on every marriage license issued in the state of Utahas provided in Section 17-16-21; and
- (b) a fee of \$4 shall be withheld from the existing civil filing fee collected on anycomplaint, affidavit, or petition in a civil, probate, or adoption matter in every court of record.
- 1835 (5) The Division of Finance shall allocate the money described in Subsection (4) from1836 the General Fund to the Children's Legal Defense Account.
- 1837 (6) Any funds in excess of \$200,000 remaining in the restricted account as of June 301838 of any fiscal year shall lapse into the General Fund.
- 1839

Section 35. Section **58-60-112** is amended to read:

- 184058-60-112. Reporting of unprofessional or unlawful conduct -- Immunity from1841liability -- Reporting conduct of court-appointed therapist.
- 1842 (1) Upon learning of an act of unlawful or unprofessional conduct as defined in Section 1843 58-60-102 by a person licensed under this chapter or an individual not licensed under this 1844 chapter and engaged in acts or practices regulated under this chapter, that results in disciplinary action by a licensed health care facility, professional practice group, or professional society, or 1845 1846 that results in a significant adverse impact upon the public health, safety, or welfare, the 1847 following shall report the conduct in writing to the division within 10 days after learning of the 1848 disciplinary action or the conduct unless the individual or person knows it has been reported: 1849 (a) a licensed health care facility or organization in which an individual licensed under

1850 this chapter engages in practice;

- 1851
- (b) an individual licensed under this chapter; and
- (c) a professional society or organization whose membership is individuals licensed
 under this chapter and which has the authority to discipline or expel a member for acts of
 unprofessional or unlawful conduct.
- 1855 (2) Any individual reporting acts of unprofessional or unlawful conduct by an
 1856 individual licensed under this chapter is immune from liability arising out of the disclosure to

1857	the extent the individual furnishes the information in good faith and without malice.
1858	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3):
1859	(i) "Court-appointed therapist" means a mental health therapist ordered by a court to
1860	provide psychotherapeutic treatment to an individual, a couple, or a family in a domestic case.
1861	(ii) "Domestic case" means a proceeding under:
1862	[(A) Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce;]
1863	[(B) Title 30, Chapter 4, Separate Maintenance;]
1864	[(C) Title 30, Chapter 5, Grandparents;]
1865	[(D) Title 30, Chapter 5a, Custody and Visitation for Individuals Other than Parents
1866	Act;]
1867	[(E)] (A) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions;
1868	[(F)] (B) Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
1869	Enforcement Act; [or]
1870	[(G)] (C) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act[-];
1871	(D) Title 81, Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage; or
1872	(E) Title 81, Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation.
1873	(b) If a court appoints a court-appointed therapist in a domestic case, a party to the
1874	domestic case may not file a report against the court-appointed therapist for unlawful or
1875	unprofessional conduct during the pendency of the domestic case, unless:
1876	(i) the party has requested that the court release the court-appointed therapist from the
1877	appointment; and
1878	(ii) the court finds good cause to release the court-appointed therapist from the
1879	appointment.
1880	Section 36. Section 63G-20-201 is amended to read:
1881	63G-20-201. Provisions governing solemnizing or recognizing a marriage
1882	Prohibition against employment actions.
1883	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a state or local government or a state or
1884	local government official may not:
1885	(1) require a religious official, when acting as such, or religious organization to
1886	solemnize or recognize for ecclesiastical purposes a marriage that is contrary to that religious
1887	official's or religious organization's religious beliefs;

1888	(2) if the religious official or religious organization is authorized to solemnize a
1889	marriage by Section $[30-1-6]$ <u>81-2-305</u> , deny a religious official, when acting as such, or
1890	religious organization the authority to legally solemnize a legal marriage based on the religious
1891	official's or religious organization's refusal to solemnize any legal marriage that is contrary to
1892	the religious official's or religious organization's religious beliefs;
1893	(3) require a religious official, when acting as such, or religious organization to provide
1894	goods, accommodations, advantages, privileges, services, facilities, or grounds for activities
1895	connected with the solemnization or celebration of a marriage that is contrary to that religious
1896	official's or religious organization's religious beliefs; or
1897	(4) require a religious official, when acting as such, or religious organization to
1898	promote marriage through religious programs, counseling, courses, or retreats in a way that is
1899	contrary to that religious official's or religious organization's religious beliefs.
1900	Section 37. Section 63I-1-278 is amended to read:
1901	63I-1-278. Repeal dates: Title 78A and Title 78B.
1902	(1) Subsections 78A-2-301(4) and 78A-2-301.5(12), regarding the suspension of filing
1903	fees for petitions for expungement, are repealed on July 1, 2023.
1904	[(2) Section 78B-3-421, regarding medical malpractice arbitration agreements, is
1905	repealed July 1, 2029.]
1906	[(3)] (2) Subsection 78A-7-106(6), regarding the transfer of a criminal action involving
1907	a domestic violence offense from the justice court to the district court, is repealed on July 1,
1908	2024.
1909	(3) Section 78B-3-421, regarding medical malpractice arbitration agreements, is
1910	repealed July 1, 2029.
1911	(4) Section 78B-4-518, regarding the limitation on employer liability for an employee
1912	convicted of an offense, is repealed on July 1, 2025.
1913	(5) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 2, Alternative Dispute Resolution Act, is repealed July 1,
1914	2026.
1915	[(6) Title 78B, Chapter 12, Part 4, Advisory Committee, which creates the Child
1916	Support Guidelines Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2026.]
1917	[(7)] (6) Section 78B-22-805, regarding the Interdisciplinary Parental Representation
1918	Pilot Program, is repealed December 31, 2024.

1919	Section 38. Section 63I-1-281 is enacted to read:
1920	<u>63I-1-281.</u> Repeal dates: Title 81.
1921	Title 81, Chapter 6, Part 4, Child Support Guidelines Advisory Committee, is repealed
1922	<u>July 1, 2026.</u>
1923	Section 39. Section 63I-2-278 is amended to read:
1924	63I-2-278. Repeal dates: Title 78A and Title 78B.
1925	(1) Section 78A-2-804 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
1926	(2) Title 78A, Chapter 10, Judicial Selection Act, is repealed on July 1, 2023.
1927	(3) If Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 22, Cause of Action to Protect Minors from Unfiltered
1928	Devices, is not in effect before January 1, 2031, Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 22, Cause of Action
1929	to Protect Minors from Unfiltered Devices, is repealed January 1, 2031.
1930	[(4) Sections 78B-12-301 and 78B-12-302 are repealed on January 1, 2025.]
1931	Section 40. Section 63I-2-281 is enacted to read:
1932	<u>63I-2-281.</u> Repeal dates: Title 81.
1933	Sections 81-6-302 and 81-6-303 are repealed on January 1, 2025.
1934	Section 41. Section 63M-15-204 is amended to read:
1935	63M-15-204. Commission duties.
1936	The commission shall:
1937	(1) promote coalitions and collaborative efforts to uphold and encourage a strong and
1938	healthy culture of strong and lasting marriages and stable families;
1939	(2) contribute to greater awareness of the importance of marriage in an effort to reduce
1940	divorce and unwed parenthood in the state;
1941	(3) promote public policies that support marriage;
1942	(4) promote programs and activities that educate individuals and couples on how to
1943	achieve strong, successful, and lasting marriages, including promoting and assisting in the
1944	offering of:
1945	(a) events;
1946	(b) classes and services, including those designed to promote strong, healthy, and
1947	lasting marriages and prevent domestic violence;
1948	(c) marriage and relationship education conferences for the public and professionals;
1949	and

1950	(d) enrichment seminars;
1951	(5) actively promote measures designed to maintain and strengthen marriage, family,
1952	and the relationships between spouses and parents and children;
1953	(6) support volunteerism and private financial contributions and grants in partnership
1954	with the commission and in support of the commission's purposes and activities for the benefit
1955	of the state as provided in this section;
1956	(7) regularly publicize information on premarital counseling and education services
1957	available in the state that comply with Section [30-1-34] <u>81-2-206</u> ;
1958	(8) approve an online course meeting the requirements of Section [$30-1-34$] <u>81-2-206</u> ;
1959	and
1960	(9) for purposes of Section $[30-1-34]$ <u>81-2-206</u> , recognize one or more national
1961	organizations that certify family life educators.
1962	Section 42. Section 76-8-1201 is amended to read:
1963	76-8-1201. Definitions.
1964	As used in this part:
1965	(1) "Client" means a person who receives or has received public assistance.
1966	(2) "Overpayment" has the same meaning as defined in Section 35A-3-102.
1967	(3) "Provider" [has the same meaning as defined in Section 26B-9-101] means a person
1968	or entity that receives compensation from any public assistance program for goods or services
1969	provided to a public assistance recipient.
1970	(4) "Public assistance" has the same meaning as defined in Section 35A-1-102.
1971	Section 43. Section 77-36-1 is amended to read:
1972	77-36-1. Definitions.
1973	As used in this chapter:
1974	(1) "Cohabitant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102.
1975	(2) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety.
1976	(3) "Divorced" means an individual who has obtained a divorce under [Title 30,
1977	Chapter 3, Divorce] Title 81, Chapter 4, Part 4, Divorce.
1978	(4) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means any criminal offense
1979	involving violence or physical harm or threat of violence or physical harm, or any attempt,
1980	conspiracy, or solicitation to commit a criminal offense involving violence or physical harm,

01-15-24 2:01 PM 1981 when committed by one cohabitant against another. "Domestic violence" or "domestic 1982 violence offense" includes commission or attempt to commit, any of the following offenses by 1983 one cohabitant against another: 1984 (a) aggravated assault, as described in Section 76-5-103; 1985 (b) aggravated cruelty to an animal, as described in Subsection 76-9-301(4), with the 1986 intent to harass or threaten the other cohabitant; 1987 (c) assault, as described in Section 76-5-102; 1988 (d) criminal homicide, as described in Section 76-5-201: 1989 (e) harassment, as described in Section 76-5-106; 1990 (f) electronic communication harassment, as described in Section 76-9-201; 1991 (g) kidnapping, child kidnapping, or aggravated kidnapping, as described in Sections 1992 76-5-301, 76-5-301.1, and 76-5-302; 1993 (h) mayhem, as described in Section 76-5-105; 1994 (i) sexual offenses, as described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, and sexual exploitation of a minor and aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in 1995 1996 Sections 76-5b-201 and 76-5b-201.1; 1997 (j) stalking, as described in Section 76-5-106.5; 1998 (k) unlawful detention or unlawful detention of a minor, as described in Section 1999 76-5-304; 2000 (1) violation of a protective order or exparte protective order, as described in Section 2001 76-5-108; 2002 (m) any offense against property described in Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 1, Property 2003 Destruction, Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 2, Burglary and Criminal Trespass, or Title 76, Chapter 6, 2004 Part 3, Robbery; (n) possession of a deadly weapon with criminal intent, as described in Section 2005 2006 76-10-507; 2007 (o) discharge of a firearm from a vehicle, near a highway, or in the direction of any 2008 person, building, or vehicle, as described in Section 76-10-508; 2009 (p) disorderly conduct, as defined in Section 76-9-102, if a conviction or adjudication 2010 of disorderly conduct is the result of a plea agreement in which the perpetrator was originally 2011 charged with a domestic violence offense otherwise described in this Subsection (4), except

• • • •	
2012	that a conviction or adjudication of disorderly conduct as a domestic violence offense, in the
2013	manner described in this Subsection (4)(p), does not constitute a misdemeanor crime of
2014	domestic violence under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921, and is exempt from the federal Firearms Act, 18
2015	U.S.C. Sec. 921 et seq.;
2016	(q) child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-114;
2017	(r) threatening use of a dangerous weapon, as described in Section 76-10-506;
2018	(s) threatening violence, as described in Section 76-5-107;
2019	(t) tampering with a witness, as described in Section 76-8-508;
2020	(u) retaliation against a witness or victim, as described in Section 76-8-508.3;
2021	(v) unlawful distribution of an intimate image, as described in Section 76-5b-203, or
2022	unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image, as described in Section 76-5b-205;
2023	(w) sexual battery, as described in Section 76-9-702.1;
2024	(x) voyeurism, as described in Section 76-9-702.7;
2025	(y) damage to or interruption of a communication device, as described in Section
2026	76-6-108; or
2027	(z) an offense described in Subsection 78B-7-806(1).
2028	(5) "Jail release agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2029	78B-7-801.
2030	(6) "Jail release court order" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2031	78B-7-801.
2032	(7) "Marital status" means married and living together, divorced, separated, or not
2033	married.
2034	(8) "Married and living together" means a couple whose marriage was solemnized
2035	under Section [30-1-4 or 30-1-6] <u>81-2-305 or 81-2-407</u> and who are living in the same
2036	residence.
2037	(9) "Not married" means any living arrangement other than married and living together,
2038	divorced, or separated.
2039	(10) "Protective order" includes an order issued under Subsection 78B-7-804(3).
2040	(11) "Pretrial protective order" means a written order:
2041	(a) specifying and limiting the contact a person who has been charged with a domestic
2042	violence offense may have with an alleged victim or other specified individuals; and

2043	(b) specifying other conditions of release under Section 78B-7-802 or 78B-7-803,
2044	pending trial in the criminal case.
2045	(12) "Sentencing protective order" means a written order of the court as part of
2046	sentencing in a domestic violence case that limits the contact an individual who is convicted or
2047	adjudicated of a domestic violence offense may have with a victim or other specified
2048	individuals under Section 78B-7-804.
2049	(13) "Separated" means a couple who have had their marriage solemnized under
2050	Section $[30-1-4 \text{ or } 30-1-6] \underline{81-2-305 \text{ or } 81-2-407}$ and who are not living in the same residence.
2051	(14) "Victim" means a cohabitant who has been subjected to domestic violence.
2052	Section 44. Section 77-38-615 is amended to read:
2053	77-38-615. Participation in the program Orders in relation to allocation of
2054	custody or parent-time.
2055	(1) A court may not consider a parent's participation in the program for the purpose of
2056	making an order allocating custody [under Section 30-3-10 or parent-time under Section
2057	30-3-32] or parent-time under Title 81, Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation.
2058	(2) A court shall take practical measures to keep a program participant's actual address
2059	confidential when making an order allocating custody or parent-time.
2060	(3) Nothing in this part affects an order relating to the allocation of custody or
2061	parent-time in effect prior to or during a program participant's participation in the program.
2062	Section 45. Section 78A-2-301 is amended to read:
2063	78A-2-301. Civil fees of the courts of record Courts complex design.
2064	(1) (a) The fee for filing any civil complaint or petition invoking the jurisdiction of a
2065	court of record not governed by another subsection is \$375.
2066	(b) The fee for filing a complaint or petition is:
2067	(i) \$90 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
2068	interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;
2069	(ii) \$200 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
2070	interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;
2071	(iii) \$375 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader is \$10,000 or more;
2072	(iv) except as provided in Subsection $(1)(b)(v)$, \$325 if the petition is filed [under Title
2073	30, Chapter 3, Divorce, or Title 30, Chapter 4, Separate Maintenance;] for an action described

2074	in Title 81, Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage;
2075	(v) \$35 for a [motion] petition for temporary separation [order filed under Section
2076	30-3-4.5] described in Section 81-4-104;
2077	(vi) \$125 if the petition is for removal from the Sex Offender and Kidnap Offender
2078	Registry under Section 77-41-112; and
2079	(vii) \$35 if the petition is for guardianship and the prospective ward is the biological or
2080	adoptive child of the petitioner.
2081	(c) The fee for filing a small claims affidavit is:
2082	(i) \$60 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
2083	interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;
2084	(ii) \$100 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
2085	interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and
2086	(iii) \$185 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
2087	interest, and attorney fees is \$7,500 or more.
2088	(d) The fee for filing a counter claim, cross claim, complaint in intervention, third party
2089	complaint, or other claim for relief against an existing or joined party other than the original
2090	complaint or petition is:
2091	(i) \$55 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
2092	\$2,000 or less;
2093	(ii) \$165 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
2094	greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;
2095	(iii) \$170 if the original petition is filed under Subsection (1)(a), the claim for relief is
2096	\$10,000 or more, or the party seeks relief other than monetary damages; and
2097	(iv) \$130 if the original petition is filed [under Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce, or Title
2098	30, Chapter 4, Separate Maintenance] for an action described in Title 81, Chapter 4,
2099	Dissolution of Marriage.
2100	(e) The fee for filing a small claims counter affidavit is:
2101	(i) \$50 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
2102	\$2,000 or less;
2103	(ii) \$70 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
2104	greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and

(iii) \$120 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
\$7,500 or more.
(f) The fee for depositing funds under Section 57-1-29 when not associated with an
action already before the court is determined under Subsection (1)(b) based on the amount
deposited.
(g) The fee for filing a petition is:
(i) \$240 for trial de novo of an adjudication of the justice court or of the small claims
department; and
(ii) \$80 for an appeal of a municipal administrative determination in accordance with
Section 10-3-703.7.
(h) The fee for filing a notice of appeal, petition for appeal of an interlocutory order, or
petition for writ of certiorari is \$240.
(i) The fee for filing a petition for expungement is \$150.
(j) (i) Fifteen dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be
allocated to and between the Judges' Contributory Retirement Trust Fund and the Judges'
Noncontributory Retirement Trust Fund, as provided in Title 49, Chapter 17, Judges'
Contributory Retirement Act, and Title 49, Chapter 18, Judges' Noncontributory Retirement
Act.
(ii) Four dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be
allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited into the restricted account, Children's Legal
Defense Account, as provided in Section 51-9-408.
(iii) Five dollars of the fees established under Subsections (1)(a) through (e), (1)(g),
and (1)(s) shall be allocated to and deposited with the Dispute Resolution Account as provided
in Section 78B-6-209.
(iv) Thirty dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a), (1)(b)(iii) and (iv),
(1)(d)(iii) and (iv), (1)(g)(ii), (1)(h), and (1)(i) shall be allocated by the state treasurer to be
deposited into the restricted account, Court Security Account, as provided in Section
78A-2-602.
(v) Twenty dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), (1)(d)(ii)
and $(1)(g)(i)$ shall be allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited into the restricted account,
Court Security Account, as provided in Section 78A-2-602.

2136	(k) The fee for filing a judgment, order, or decree of a court of another state or of the
2137	United States is \$35.
2138	(1) The fee for filing a renewal of judgment in accordance with Section 78B-6-1801 is
2139	50% of the fee for filing an original action seeking the same relief.
2140	(m) The fee for filing probate or child custody documents from another state is \$35.
2141	(n) (i) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment, order, or decree of the
2142	State Tax Commission is \$30.
2143	(ii) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment of a court of law of this state
2144	or a judgment, order, or decree of an administrative agency, commission, board, council, or
2145	hearing officer of this state or of its political subdivisions other than the State Tax
2146	Commission, is \$50.
2147	(o) The fee for filing a judgment by confession without action under Section
2148	78B-5-205 is \$35.
2149	(p) The fee for filing an award of arbitration for confirmation, modification, or
2150	vacation under Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act, that is not part of an
2151	action before the court is \$35.
2152	(q) The fee for filing a petition or counter-petition to modify a domestic relations order
2153	other than a protective order or stalking injunction is \$100.
2154	(r) The fee for filing any accounting required by law is:
2155	(i) \$15 for an estate valued at \$50,000 or less;
2156	(ii) \$30 for an estate valued at \$75,000 or less but more than \$50,000;
2157	(iii) \$50 for an estate valued at \$112,000 or less but more than \$75,000;
2158	(iv) \$90 for an estate valued at \$168,000 or less but more than \$112,000; and
2159	(v) \$175 for an estate valued at more than \$168,000.
2160	(s) The fee for filing a demand for a civil jury is \$250.
2161	(t) The fee for filing a notice of deposition in this state concerning an action pending in
2162	another state under Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 30 is \$35.
2163	(u) The fee for filing documents that require judicial approval but are not part of an
2164	action before the court is \$35.
2165	(v) The fee for a petition to open a sealed record is \$35.
2166	(w) The fee for a writ of replevin, attachment, execution, or garnishment is \$50 in

2167	addition to any fee for a complaint or petition.
2168	(x) (i) The fee for a petition for authorization for a minor to marry required by Section
2169	[30-1-9] <u>81-2-304</u> is \$5.
2170	(ii) The fee for a petition for emancipation of a minor provided in Title 80, Chapter 7,
2171	Emancipation, is \$50.
2172	(y) The fee for a certificate issued under Section $26B-8-128$ is \$8.
2173	(z) The fee for a certified copy of a document is \$4 per document plus 50 cents per
2174	page.
2175	(aa) The fee for an exemplified copy of a document is \$6 per document plus 50 cents
2176	per page.
2177	(bb) The Judicial Council shall, by rule, establish a schedule of fees for copies of
2178	documents and forms and for the search and retrieval of records under Title 63G, Chapter 2,
2179	Government Records Access and Management Act. Fees under Subsection (1)(bb) and (cc)
2180	shall be credited to the court as a reimbursement of expenditures.
2181	(cc) The Judicial Council may, by rule, establish a reasonable fee to allow members of
2182	the public to conduct a limited amount of searches on the Xchange database without having to
2183	pay a monthly subscription fee.
2184	(dd) There is no fee for services or the filing of documents not listed in this section or
2185	otherwise provided by law.
2186	(ee) Except as provided in this section, all fees collected under this section are paid to
2187	the General Fund. Except as provided in this section, all fees shall be paid at the time the clerk
2188	accepts the pleading for filing or performs the requested service.
2189	(ff) The filing fees under this section may not be charged to the state, the state's
2190	agencies, or political subdivisions filing or defending any action. In judgments awarded in
2191	favor of the state, its agencies, or political subdivisions, except the Office of Recovery
2192	Services, the court shall order the filing fees and collection costs to be paid by the judgment
2193	debtor. The sums collected under this Subsection (1)(ff) shall be applied to the fees after credit
2194	to the judgment, order, fine, tax, lien, or other penalty and costs permitted by law.
2195	(2) (a) (i) From March 17, 1994, until June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall
2196	transfer all revenues representing the difference between the fees in effect after May 2, 1994,
2197	and the fees in effect before February 1, 1994, as dedicated credits to the Division of Facilities

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2198 Construction and Management Capital Projects Fund.

- (ii) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B), the Division of Facilities
 Construction and Management shall use up to \$3,750,000 of the revenue deposited into the
 Capital Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a) to design and take other actions necessary to
 initiate the development of a courts complex in Salt Lake City.
- (B) If the Legislature approves funding for construction of a courts complex in Salt
 Lake City in the 1995 Annual General Session, the Division of Facilities Construction and
 Management shall use the revenue deposited into the Capital Projects Fund under this
 Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to construct a courts complex in Salt Lake City.
- (C) After the courts complex is completed and all bills connected with its construction
 have been paid, the Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall use any money
 remaining in the Capital Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to fund the Vernal
 District Court building.
- (iii) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management may enter into
 agreements and make expenditures related to this project before the receipt of revenues
 provided for under this Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
- 2214

(iv) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall:

(A) make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building fundsalready appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund; and

(B) reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the revenues provided forunder this Subsection (2).

- (b) After June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall ensure that all revenues
 representing the difference between the fees in effect after May 2, 1994, and the fees in effect
 before February 1, 1994, are transferred to the Division of Finance for deposit in the restricted
 account.
- (c) The Division of Finance shall deposit all revenues received from the state courtadministrator into the restricted account created by this section.
- (d) (i) From May 1, 1995, until June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall
 transfer \$7 of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title 41, Motor
 Vehicles, in a court of record to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
 Capital Projects Fund. The division of money pursuant to Section 78A-5-110 shall be

2229	calculated on the balance of the fine or bail forfeiture paid.
2230	(ii) After June 30, 1998, the state court administrator or a municipality shall transfer \$7
2231	of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title 41, Motor Vehicles, in a
2232	court of record to the Division of Finance for deposit in the restricted account created by this
2233	section. The division of money pursuant to Section 78A-5-110 shall be calculated on the
2234	balance of the fine or bail forfeiture paid.
2235	(3) (a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the State
2236	Courts Complex Account.
2237	(b) The Legislature may appropriate money from the restricted account to the state
2238	court administrator for the following purposes only:
2239	(i) to repay costs associated with the construction of the court complex that were
2240	funded from sources other than revenues provided for under this Subsection (3)(b)(i); and
2241	(ii) to cover operations and maintenance costs on the court complex.
2242	Section 46. Section 78A-5a-103 (Effective 10/01/24) is amended to read:
2243	78A-5a-103 (Effective 10/01/24). Concurrent jurisdiction of the Business and
2244	Chancery Court Exceptions.
2245	(1) The Business and Chancery Court has jurisdiction, concurrent with the district
2246	court, over an action:
2247	(a) seeking monetary damages of at least \$300,000 or seeking solely equitable relief;
2248	and
2249	(b) (i) with a claim arising from:
2250	(A) a breach of a contract;
2251	(B) a breach of a fiduciary duty;
2252	(C) a dispute over the internal affairs or governance of a business organization;
2253	(D) the sale, merger, or dissolution of a business organization;
2254	(E) the sale of substantially all of the assets of a business organization;
2255	(F) the receivership or liquidation of a business organization;
2256	(G) a dispute over liability or indemnity between or among owners of the same
2257	business organization;
2258	(H) a dispute over liability or indemnity of an officer or owner of a business
2259	organization;

2260	(I) a tortious or unlawful act committed against a business organization, including an
2261	act of unfair competition, tortious interference, or misrepresentation or fraud;
2262	(J) a dispute between a business organization and an insurer regarding a commercial
2263	insurance policy;
2264	(K) a contract or transaction governed by Title 70A, Uniform Commercial Code;
2265	(L) the misappropriation of trade secrets under Title 13, Chapter 24, Uniform Trade
2266	Secrets Act;
2267	(M) the misappropriation of intellectual property;
2268	(N) a noncompete agreement, a nonsolicitation agreement, or a nondisclosure or
2269	confidentiality agreement, regardless of whether the agreement is oral or written;
2270	(O) a relationship between a franchisor and a franchisee;
2271	(P) the purchase or sale of a security or an allegation of security fraud;
2272	(Q) a dispute over a blockchain, blockchain technology, or a decentralized autonomous
2273	organization;
2274	(R) a violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 31, Utah Antitrust Act; or
2275	(S) a contract with a forum selection clause for a chancery, business, or commercial
2276	court of this state or any other state;
2277	(ii) with a malpractice claim concerning services that a professional provided to a
2278	business organization; or
2279	(iii) that is a shareholder derivative action.
2280	(2) The Business and Chancery Court may exercise supplemental jurisdiction over all
2281	claims in an action that the Business and Chancery Court has jurisdiction under Subsection (1),
2282	except that the Business and Chancery Court may not exercise jurisdiction over:
2283	(a) any claim arising from:
2284	(i) a consumer contract;
2285	(ii) a personal injury, including any personal injury relating to or arising out of health
2286	care rendered or which should have been rendered by the health care provider;
2287	(iii) a wrongful termination of employment or a prohibited or discriminatory
2288	employment practice;
2289	(iv) a violation of Title 13, Chapter 7, Civil Rights;
2290	[(v) Title 30, Husband and Wife;]

2291	[(vi)] (v) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
2292	[(vii)] (vi) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act;
2293	[(viii)] (vii) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain;
2294	[(ix)] (viii) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 8, Forcible Entry and Detainer;
2295	[(x)] (ix) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions;
2296	[(xi) Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act;]
2297	[(xii)] (x) Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
2298	Enforcement Act;
2299	[(xiii)] (xi) Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act;
2300	[(xiv)] (xii) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act;
2301	[(xv)] (xiii) Title 78B, Chapter 16, Utah Uniform Child Abduction Prevention Act; [or]
2302	[(xvi)] (xiv) Title 78B, Chapter 20, Uniform Deployed Parents Custody, Parent-time,
2303	and Visitation Act; or
2304	(xv) Title 81, Utah Domestic Relations Code; or
2305	(b) any criminal matter, unless the criminal matter is an act or omission of contempt
2306	that occurs in an action before the Business and Chancery Court.
2307	Section 47. Section 78A-6-103 is amended to read:
2308	78A-6-103. Original jurisdiction of the juvenile court Magistrate functions
2309	Findings Transfer of a case from another court.
2310	(1) Except as otherwise provided by Sections 78A-5-102.5 and 78A-7-106, the juvenile
2311	court has original jurisdiction over:
2312	(a) a felony, misdemeanor, infraction, or violation of an ordinance, under municipal,
2313	state, or federal law, that was committed by a child;
2314	(b) a felony, misdemeanor, infraction, or violation of an ordinance, under municipal,
2315	state, or federal law, that was committed by an individual:
2316	(i) who is under 21 years old at the time of all court proceedings; and
2317	(ii) who was under 18 years old at the time the offense was committed; and
2318	(c) a misdemeanor, infraction, or violation of an ordinance, under municipal or state
2319	law, that was committed:
2320	(i) by an individual:
2321	(A) who was 18 years old and enrolled in high school at the time of the offense; and

2322	(B) who is under 21 years old at the time of all court proceedings; and
2323	(ii) on school property where the individual was enrolled:
2324	(A) when school was in session; or
2325	(B) during a school-sponsored activity, as defined in Subsection Section 53G-8-211.
2326	(2) The juvenile court has original jurisdiction over:
2327	(a) any proceeding concerning:
2328	(i) a child who is an abused child, neglected child, or dependent child;
2329	(ii) a protective order for a child in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 2, Child
2330	Protective Orders;
2331	(iii) the appointment of a guardian of the individual or other guardian of a minor who
2332	comes within the court's jurisdiction under other provisions of this section;
2333	(iv) the emancipation of a minor in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 7, Emancipation;
2334	(v) the termination of parental rights in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 4,
2335	Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, including termination of residual parental
2336	rights and duties;
2337	(vi) the treatment or commitment of a minor who has an intellectual disability;
2338	(vii) the judicial consent to the marriage of a minor who is 16 or 17 years old in
2339	accordance with Section $[30-1-9]$ <u>81-2-304;</u>
2340	(viii) an order for a parent or a guardian of a child under Subsection 80-6-705(3);
2341	(ix) a minor under Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 11, Interstate Compact for Juveniles;
2342	(x) the treatment or commitment of a child with a mental illness;
2343	(xi) the commitment of a child to a secure drug or alcohol facility in accordance with
2344	Section 26B-5-204;
2345	(xii) a minor found not competent to proceed in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 6,
2346	Part 4, Competency;
2347	(xiii) de novo review of final agency actions resulting from an informal adjudicative
2348	proceeding as provided in Section 63G-4-402;
2349	(xiv) adoptions conducted in accordance with the procedures described in Title 78B,
2350	Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, if the juvenile court has previously entered an order
2351	terminating the rights of a parent and finds that adoption is in the best interest of the child;
2352	(xv) an ungovernable or runaway child who is referred to the juvenile court by the

2353	Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services if, despite earnest and persistent efforts by the
2354	Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services, the child has demonstrated that the child:
2355	(A) is beyond the control of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian to the extent that
2356	the child's behavior or condition endangers the child's own welfare or the welfare of others; or
2357	(B) has run away from home; and
2358	(xvi) a criminal information filed under Part 4a, Adult Criminal Proceedings, for an
2359	adult alleged to have committed an offense under Subsection 78A-6-352(4)(b) for failure to
2360	comply with a promise to appear and bring a child to the juvenile court;
2361	(b) a petition for expungement under Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 10, Juvenile Records and
2362	Expungement; and
2363	(c) the extension of a nonjudicial adjustment under Section 80-6-304.
2364	(3) The juvenile court has original jurisdiction over a petition for special findings under
2365	Section 80-3-505.
2366	(4) It is not necessary for a minor to be adjudicated for an offense or violation of the
2367	law under Section 80-6-701 for the juvenile court to exercise jurisdiction under Subsection
2368	(2)(a)(xvi), (b), or (c).
2369	(5) This section does not restrict the right of access to the juvenile court by private
2370	agencies or other persons.
2371	(6) The juvenile court has jurisdiction of all magistrate functions relative to cases
2372	arising under Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 5, Transfer to District Court.
2373	(7) The juvenile court has jurisdiction to make a finding of substantiated,
2374	unsubstantiated, or without merit, in accordance with Section 80-3-404.
2375	(8) The juvenile court has jurisdiction over matters transferred to the juvenile court by
2376	another trial court in accordance with Subsection 78A-7-106(4) and Section 80-6-303.
2377	Section 48. Section 78A-6-104 is amended to read:
2378	78A-6-104. Concurrent jurisdiction of the juvenile court Transfer of a
2379	protective order.
2380	(1) (a) The juvenile court has jurisdiction, concurrent with the district court:
2381	(i) to establish paternity, or to order testing for purposes of establishing paternity, for a
2382	child in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, when a
2383	proceeding is initiated under Title 80, Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency

2384	Proceedings, or Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, that
2385	involves the child;
2386	(ii) over a petition to modify a minor's birth certificate if the juvenile court has
2387	jurisdiction over the minor's case under Section 78A-6-103; and
2388	(iii) over questions of custody, support, and parent-time of a minor if the juvenile court
2389	has jurisdiction over the minor's case under Section 78A-6-103.
2390	(b) If the juvenile court obtains jurisdiction over a paternity action under Subsection
2391	(1)(a)(i), the juvenile court may:
2392	(i) retain jurisdiction over the paternity action until paternity of the child is adjudicated;
2393	or
2394	(ii) transfer jurisdiction over the paternity action to the district court.
2395	(2) (a) The juvenile court has jurisdiction, concurrent with the district court or the
2396	justice court otherwise having jurisdiction, over a criminal information filed under Part 4a,
2397	Adult Criminal Proceedings, for an adult alleged to have committed:
2398	(i) an offense under Section 32B-4-403, unlawful sale, offer for sale, or furnishing to a
2399	minor;
2400	(ii) an offense under Section 53G-6-202, failure to comply with compulsory education
2401	requirements;
2402	(iii) an offense under Section 80-2-609, failure to report;
2403	(iv) a misdemeanor offense under Section 76-5-303, custodial interference;
2404	(v) an offense under Section 76-10-2301, contributing to the delinquency of a minor; or
2405	(vi) an offense under Section 80-5-601, harboring a runaway.
2406	(b) It is not necessary for a minor to be adjudicated for an offense or violation of the
2407	law under Section 80-6-701 for the juvenile court to exercise jurisdiction under Subsection
2408	(2)(a).
2409	(3) (a) When a support, custody, or parent-time award has been made by a district court
2410	in a divorce action or other proceeding, and the jurisdiction of the district court in the case is
2411	continuing, the juvenile court may acquire jurisdiction in a case involving the same child if the
2412	child comes within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under Section 78A-6-103.
2413	(b) (i) The juvenile court may, by order, change the custody subject to Subsection
2414	[30-3-10(6)] <u>81-9-204(5)</u> , support, parent-time, and visitation rights previously ordered in the

2415	district court as necessary to implement the order of the juvenile court for the safety and
2416	welfare of the child.
2417	(ii) An order by the juvenile court under Subsection (3)(b)(i) remains in effect so long
2418	as the juvenile court continues to exercise jurisdiction.
2419	(c) If a copy of the findings and order of the juvenile court under this Subsection (3)
2420	are filed with the district court, the findings and order of the juvenile court are binding on the
2421	parties to the divorce action as though entered in the district court.
2422	(4) This section does not deprive the district court of jurisdiction to:
2423	(a) appoint a guardian for a child;
2424	(b) determine the support, custody, and parent-time of a child upon writ of habeas
2425	corpus; or
2426	(c) determine a question of support, custody, and parent-time that is incidental to the
2427	determination of an action in the district court.
2428	(5) A juvenile court may transfer a petition for a protective order for a child to the
2429	district court if the juvenile court has entered an ex parte protective order and finds that:
2430	(a) the petitioner and the respondent are the natural parent, adoptive parent, or step
2431	parent of the child who is the object of the petition;
2432	(b) the district court has a petition pending or an order related to custody or parent-time
2433	entered under [Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce,] Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse
2434	Protective Orders, [or] Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, or Title 81,
2435	Chapter 4, Part 4, Divorce, in which the petitioner and the respondent are parties; and
2436	(c) the best interests of the child will be better served in the district court.
2437	Section 49. Section 78A-6-356 is amended to read:
2438	78A-6-356. Child support obligation when custody of a child is vested in an
2439	individual or institution.
2440	(1) As used in this section:
2441	(a) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services.
2442	(b) "State custody" means that a child is in the custody of a state department, division,
2443	or agency, including secure care.
2444	(2) Under this section, a juvenile court may not issue a child support order against an
2445	individual unless:

2446	(a) the individual is served with notice that specifies the date and time of a hearing to
2447	determine the financial support of a specified child;
2448	(b) the individual makes a voluntary appearance; or
2449	(c) the individual submits a waiver of service.
2450	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (11), when a juvenile court places a child in state
2451	custody or if the guardianship of the child has been granted to another party and an agreement
2452	for a guardianship subsidy has been signed by the guardian, the juvenile court:
2453	(a) shall order the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual to pay child
2454	support for each month the child is in state custody or cared for under a grant of guardianship;
2455	(b) shall inform the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual, verbally and
2456	in writing, of the requirement to pay child support in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12,
2457	Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support; and
2458	(c) may refer the establishment of a child support order to the office.
2459	(4) When a juvenile court chooses to refer a case to the office to determine support
2460	obligation amounts in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title
2461	81, Chapter 6, Child Support, the juvenile court shall:
2462	(a) make the referral within three working days after the day on which the juvenile
2463	court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and
2464	(b) inform the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual of:
2465	(i) the requirement to contact the office within 30 days after the day on which the
2466	juvenile court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and
2467	(ii) the penalty described in Subsection (6) for failure to contact the office.
2468	(5) Liability for child support ordered under Subsection (3) shall accrue:
2469	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning on day 61 after the day on which
2470	the juvenile court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a) if there is no existing child
2471	support order for the child; or
2472	(b) beginning on the day the child is removed from the child's home, including time
2473	spent in detention or sheltered care, if the child is removed after having been returned to the
2474	child's home from state custody.
2475	(6) (a) If the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual contacts the office
2476	within 30 days after the day on which the court holds the hearing described in Subsection

2477 (2)(a), the child support order may not include a judgment for past due support for more than 2478 two months. 2479 (b) Notwithstanding Subsections (5) and (6)(a), the juvenile court may order the 2480 liability of support to begin to accrue from the date of the proceeding referenced in Subsection 2481 (3) if: 2482 (i) the court informs the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual, as 2483 described in Subsection (4)(b), and the parent, guardian, or other obligated individual fails to 2484 contact the office within 30 days after the day on which the court holds the hearing described in 2485 Subsection (2)(a); and 2486 (ii) the office took reasonable steps under the circumstances to contact the child's 2487 parent, guardian, or other obligated individual within 30 days after the last day on which the 2488 parent, guardian, or other obligated individual was required to contact the office to facilitate the 2489 establishment of a child support order. 2490 (c) For purposes of Subsection (6)(b)(ii), the office is presumed to have taken 2491 reasonable steps if the office: 2492 (i) has a signed, returned receipt for a certified letter mailed to the address of the child's 2493 parent, guardian, or other obligated individual regarding the requirement that a child support 2494 order be established: or 2495 (ii) has had a documented conversation, whether by telephone or in person, with the 2496 child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual regarding the requirement that a child 2497 support order be established. 2498 (7) In collecting arrears, the office shall comply with Section 26B-9-219 in setting a 2499 payment schedule or demanding payment in full. 2500 (8) (a) Unless a court orders otherwise, the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated 2501 individual shall pay the child support to the office. 2502 (b) The clerk of the juvenile court, the office, or the department and the department's 2503 divisions shall have authority to receive periodic payments for the care and maintenance of the 2504 child, such as social security payments or railroad retirement payments made in the name of or 2505 for the benefit of the child. 2506 (9) An existing child support order payable to a parent or other individual shall be 2507 assigned to the department as provided in Section 26B-9-111.

2508	(10) (a) Subsections (4) through (9) do not apply if legal custody of a child is vested by
2509	the juvenile court in an individual.
2510	(b) (i) If legal custody of a child is vested by the juvenile court in an individual, the
2511	court may order the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual to pay child support
2512	to the individual in whom custody is vested.
2513	(ii) In the same proceeding, the juvenile court shall inform the child's parent, guardian,
2514	or other obligated individual, verbally and in writing, of the requirement to pay child support in
2515	accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child
2516	Support.
2517	(11) The juvenile court may not order an individual to pay child support for a child in
2518	state custody if:
2519	(a) the individual's only form of income is a government-issued disability benefit;
2520	(b) the benefit described in Subsection (11)(a) is issued because of the individual's
2521	disability, and not the child's disability; and
2522	(c) the individual provides the juvenile court and the office evidence that the individual
2523	meets the requirements of Subsections (11)(a) and (b).
2524	(12) (a) The child's parent or another obligated individual is not responsible for child
2525	support for the period of time that the child is removed from the child's home by the Division
2526	of Child and Family Services if:
2527	(i) the juvenile court finds that there were insufficient grounds for the removal of the
2528	child; and
2529	(ii) the child is returned to the home of the child's parent or guardian based on the
2530	finding described in Subsection (12)(a)(i).
2531	(b) If the juvenile court finds insufficient grounds for the removal of the child under
2532	Subsection (12)(a), but that the child is to remain in state custody, the juvenile court shall order
2533	that the child's parent or another obligated individual is responsible for child support beginning
2534	on the day on which it became improper to return the child to the home of the child's parent or
2535	guardian.
2536	(13) After the juvenile court or the office establishes an individual's child support
2537	obligation ordered under Subsection (3), the office shall waive the obligation without further
2538	order of the juvenile court if:

2539	(a) the individual's child support obligation is established [under the low income table
2540	in Section 78B-12-302 or 78B-12-304] in accordance with a low income table described in
2541	Title 81, Chapter 6, Part 3, Child Support Tables; or
2542	(b) the individual's only source of income is a means-tested, income replacement
2543	payment of aid, including:
2544	(i) cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment
2545	Program; or
2546	(ii) cash benefits received under General Assistance, social security income, or social
2547	security disability income.
2548	Section 50. Section 78B-3-416 is amended to read:
2549	78B-3-416. Division to provide panel Exemption Procedures Statute of
2550	limitations tolled Composition of panel Expenses Division authorized to set license
2551	fees.
2552	(1) (a) The division shall provide a hearing panel in alleged medical liability cases
2553	against health care providers as defined in Section 78B-3-403, except dentists or dental care
2554	providers.
2555	(b) (i) The division shall establish procedures for prelitigation consideration of medical
2556	liability claims for damages arising out of the provision of or alleged failure to provide health
2557	care.
2558	(ii) The division may establish rules necessary to administer the process and
2559	procedures related to prelitigation hearings and the conduct of prelitigation hearings in
2560	accordance with Sections 78B-3-416 through 78B-3-420.
2561	(c) The proceedings are informal, nonbinding, and are not subject to Title 63G, Chapter
2562	4, Administrative Procedures Act, but are compulsory as a condition precedent to commencing
2563	litigation.
2564	(d) Proceedings conducted under authority of this section are confidential, privileged,
2565	and immune from civil process.
2566	(e) The division may not provide more than one hearing panel for each alleged medical
2567	liability case against a health care provider.
2568	(2) (a) The party initiating a medical liability action shall file a request for prelitigation
2569	panel review with the division within 60 days after the service of a statutory notice of intent to

2570	commence action under Section 78B-3-412.
2571	(b) The request shall include a copy of the notice of intent to commence action. The
2572	request shall be mailed to all health care providers named in the notice and request.
2573	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3):
2574	(i) "Court-appointed therapist" means a mental health therapist ordered by a court to
2575	provide psychotherapeutic treatment to an individual, a couple, or a family in a domestic case.
2576	(ii) "Domestic case" means a proceeding under:
2577	[(A) Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce;]
2578	[(B) Title 30, Chapter 4, Separate Maintenance;]
2579	[(C) Title 30, Chapter 5, Grandparents;]
2580	[(D) Title 30, Chapter 5a, Custody and Visitation for Individuals Other than Parents
2581	Act;]
2582	[(E)] (A) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions;
2583	[(F)] (B) Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
2584	Enforcement Act; [or]
2585	[(G)] (C) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act[-];
2586	(D) Title 81, Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage; or
2587	(E) Title 81, Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation.
2588	(iii) "Mental health therapist" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2589	58-60-102.
2590	(b) If a court appoints a court-appointed therapist in a domestic case, a party to the
2591	domestic case may not file a request for a prelitigation panel review for a malpractice action
2592	against the court-appointed therapist during the pendency of the domestic case, unless:
2593	(i) the party has requested that the court release the court-appointed therapist from
2594	appointment; and
2595	(ii) the court finds good cause to release the court-appointed therapist from the
2596	appointment.
2597	(c) If a party is prohibited from filing a request for a prelitigation panel review under
2598	Subsection (3)(b), the applicable statute of limitations tolls until the earlier of:
2599	(i) the court releasing the court-appointed therapist from appointment as described in
2600	Subsection (3)(b); or

2601	(ii) the court entering a final order in the domestic case.
2602	(4) (a) The filing of a request for prelitigation panel review under this section tolls the
2603	applicable statute of limitations until the later of:
2604	(i) 60 days following the division's issuance of:
2605	(A) an opinion by the prelitigation panel; or
2606	(B) a certificate of compliance under Section 78B-3-418; or
2607	(ii) the expiration of the time for holding a hearing under Subsection (4)(b)(ii).
2608	(b) The division shall:
2609	(i) send any opinion issued by the panel to all parties by regular mail; and
2610	(ii) complete a prelitigation hearing under this section within:
2611	(A) 180 days after the filing of the request for prelitigation panel review; or
2612	(B) any longer period as agreed upon in writing by all parties to the review.
2613	(c) If the prelitigation hearing has not been completed within the time limits
2614	established in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the claimant shall:
2615	(i) file an affidavit of merit under the provisions of Section 78B-3-423; or
2616	(ii) file an affidavit with the division within 180 days of the request for pre-litigation
2617	review, in accordance with Subsection (4)(d), alleging that the respondent has failed to
2618	reasonably cooperate in scheduling the hearing.
2619	(d) If the claimant files an affidavit under Subsection (4)(c)(ii):
2620	(i) within 15 days of the filing of the affidavit under Subsection $(4)(c)(ii)$, the division
2621	shall determine whether either the respondent or the claimant failed to reasonably cooperate in
2622	the scheduling of a pre-litigation hearing; and
2623	(ii) (A) if the determination is that the respondent failed to reasonably cooperate in the
2624	scheduling of a hearing, and the claimant did not fail to reasonably cooperate, the division
2625	shall, issue a certificate of compliance for the claimant in accordance with Section 78B-3-418;
2626	or
2627	(B) if the division makes a determination other than the determination in Subsection
2628	(4)(d)(ii)(A), the claimant shall file an affidavit of merit in accordance with Section 78B-3-423,
2629	within 30 days of the determination of the division under this Subsection (4).
2630	(e) (i) The claimant and any respondent may agree by written stipulation that no useful
2631	purpose would be served by convening a prelitigation panel under this section.

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- (ii) When the stipulation is filed with the division, the division shall within 10 days
 after receipt issue a certificate of compliance under Section 78B-3-418, as it concerns the
 stipulating respondent, and stating that the claimant has complied with all conditions precedent
 to the commencement of litigation regarding the claim.
- (5) The division shall provide for and appoint an appropriate panel or panels to hear
 complaints of medical liability and damages, made by or on behalf of any patient who is an
 alleged victim of medical liability. The panels are composed of:

(a) one member who is a resident lawyer currently licensed and in good standing to
practice law in this state and who shall serve as chairman of the panel, who is appointed by the
division from among qualified individuals who have registered with the division indicating a
willingness to serve as panel members, and a willingness to comply with the rules of
professional conduct governing lawyers in the state, and who has completed division training
regarding conduct of panel hearings;

(b) (i) one or more members who are licensed health care providers listed under
Section 78B-3-403, who are practicing and knowledgeable in the same specialty as the
proposed defendant, and who are appointed by the division in accordance with Subsection (6);
or

(ii) in claims against only a health care facility or the facility's employees, one member
who is an individual currently serving in a health care facility administration position directly
related to health care facility operations or conduct that includes responsibility for the area of
practice that is the subject of the liability claim, and who is appointed by the division; and

(c) a lay panelist who is not a lawyer, doctor, hospital employee, or other health care
provider, and who is a responsible citizen of the state, selected and appointed by the division
from among individuals who have completed division training with respect to panel hearings.

(6) (a) Each person listed as a health care provider in Section 78B-3-403 and practicing
under a license issued by the state, is obligated as a condition of holding that license to
participate as a member of a medical liability prelitigation panel at reasonable times, places,
and intervals, upon issuance, with advance notice given in a reasonable time frame, by the
division of an Order to Participate as a Medical Liability Prelitigation Panel Member.

2661 (b) A licensee may be excused from appearance and participation as a panel member 2662 upon the division finding participation by the licensee will create an unreasonable burden or

2663 hardship upon the licensee. 2664 (c) A licensee whom the division finds failed to appear and participate as a panel 2665 member when so ordered, without adequate explanation or justification and without being 2666 excused for cause by the division, may be assessed an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000. 2667 (d) A licensee whom the division finds intentionally or repeatedly failed to appear and 2668 participate as a panel member when so ordered, without adequate explanation or justification 2669 and without being excused for cause by the division, may be assessed an administrative fine not 2670 to exceed \$5,000, and is guilty of unprofessional conduct. 2671 (e) All fines collected under Subsections (6)(c) and (d) shall be deposited into the 2672 Physicians Education Fund created in Section 58-67a-1. 2673 (f) The director of the division may collect a fine that is not paid by: 2674 (i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or (ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom 2675 2676 the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located. 2677 (g) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance 2678 and advice to the director in an action to collect a fine. (h) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an 2679 2680 action brought by the division to collect a fine. 2681 (7) Each person selected as a panel member shall certify, under oath, that he has no 2682 bias or conflict of interest with respect to any matter under consideration. 2683 (8) A member of the prelitigation hearing panel may not receive compensation or 2684 benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance 2685 with: 2686 (a) Section 63A-3-106; 2687 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and 2688 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 2689 63A-3-107. 2690 (9) (a) In addition to the actual cost of administering the licensure of health care 2691 providers, the division may set license fees of health care providers within the limits 2692 established by law equal to their proportionate costs of administering prelitigation panels. 2693 (b) The claimant bears none of the costs of administering the prelitigation panel except

2694	under Section 78B-3-420.
2695	Section 51. Section 78B-3-426 is amended to read:
2696	78B-3-426. Nonpatient plaintiffs.
2697	(1) For purposes of this section, a nonpatient plaintiff does not include a patient, as
2698	defined in [Subsection 78B-3-403(23)] Section 78B-3-403.
2699	(2) This section does not apply to a health care malpractice action brought or seeking
2700	recovery under Section [30-2-11,] 78B-3-106, 78B-3-107, [or] 78B-3-502, or 81-3-111.
2701	(3) To establish a malpractice action against a health care provider, a nonpatient
2702	plaintiff shall be required to show that:
2703	(a) the health care provider owes a duty to the nonpatient plaintiff;
2704	(b) the nonpatient plaintiff suffered a foreseeable injury;
2705	(c) the nonpatient plaintiff's injury was proximately caused by an act or omission of the
2706	health care provider; and
2707	(d) the health care provider's act or omission was conduct that manifests a knowing and
2708	reckless indifference toward, and a disregard of, the injury suffered by the nonpatient plaintiff.
2709	Section 52. Section 78B-6-316 is amended to read:
210)	
2710	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to
2710	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to
2710 2711	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support.
2710 2711 2712	 78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2710 2711 2712 2713	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(1)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(1)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(1)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall order the parent to:
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(1)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall order the parent to: (a) perform a minimum of 10 hours of compensatory service; and
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718	 78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(1)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall order the parent to: (a) perform a minimum of 10 hours of compensatory service; and (b) participate in workshops, classes, or individual counseling to educate the parent
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719	 78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(1)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall order the parent to: (a) perform a minimum of 10 hours of compensatory service; and (b) participate in workshops, classes, or individual counseling to educate the parent about the importance of complying with the court order and providing a child a continuing
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(+)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall order the parent to: (a) perform a minimum of 10 hours of compensatory service; and (b) participate in workshops, classes, or individual counseling to educate the parent about the importance of complying with the court order and providing a child a continuing relationship with both parents.
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(+)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall order the parent to: (a) perform a minimum of 10 hours of compensatory service; and (b) participate in workshops, classes, or individual counseling to educate the parent about the importance of complying with the court order and providing a child a continuing relationship with both parents. [(-2)] (3) If a custodial parent is ordered to perform compensatory service or undergo
2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722	78B-6-316. Compensatory service for violation of parent-time order or failure to pay child support. (1) As used in this section, "obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. [(1)] (2) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a parent has refused to comply with the minimum amount of parent-time ordered in a decree of divorce, the court shall order the parent to: (a) perform a minimum of 10 hours of compensatory service; and (b) participate in workshops, classes, or individual counseling to educate the parent about the importance of complying with the court order and providing a child a continuing relationship with both parents. [(2)] (3) If a custodial parent is ordered to perform compensatory service or undergo court-ordered education, there is a rebuttable presumption that the noncustodial parent be

wrongfully denied by the custodial parent under the divorce decree.

[(3)] (4) If a noncustodial parent is ordered to perform compensatory service or
undergo court-ordered education, the court shall attempt to schedule the compensatory service
or education at times that will not interfere with the noncustodial parent's parent-time with the
child.

2730 [(4)] (5) The person ordered to participate in court-ordered education is responsible for 2731 expenses of workshops, classes, and individual counseling.

[(5)] (6) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that an obligor[, as defined
in Section 78B-12-102,] has refused to pay child support as ordered by a court in accordance
with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] <u>Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support</u>, the
court shall order the obligor to:

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(a) perform a minimum of 10 hours of compensatory service; and

(b) participate in workshops, classes, or individual counseling to educate the obligor
about the importance of complying with the court order and providing the children with a
regular and stable source of support.

2740 [(6)] (7) The obligor is responsible for the expenses of workshops, classes, and
 2741 individual counseling ordered by the court.

[(7)] <u>(8)</u> If a court orders an obligor to perform compensatory service or undergo
court-ordered education, the court shall attempt to schedule the compensatory service or
education at times that will not interfere with the obligor's parent-time with the child.

2745 [(8)] (9) The sanctions that the court shall impose under this section do not prevent the 2746 court from imposing other sanctions or prevent any person from bringing a cause of action 2747 allowed under state or federal law.

2748 [(9)] (10) The Legislature shall allocate the money from the Children's Legal Defense
 2749 Account to the judiciary to defray the cost of enforcing and administering this section.

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Section 53. Section **78B-7-204** is amended to read:

2751 78B-7-204. Content of orders -- Modification of orders -- Penalties.

(1) A child protective order or an ex parte child protective order may contain the
following provisions the violation of which is a class A misdemeanor under Section 76-5-108:

- (a) enjoin the respondent from threatening to commit or committing abuse of the child;
- (b) prohibit the respondent from harassing, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise

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2756 communicating with the child, directly or indirectly; 2757 (c) prohibit the respondent from entering or remaining upon the residence, school, or 2758 place of employment of the child and the premises of any of these or any specified place 2759 frequented by the child; 2760 (d) upon finding that the respondent's use or possession of a weapon may pose a 2761 serious threat of harm to the child, prohibit the respondent from purchasing, using, or 2762 possessing a firearm or other specified weapon; and 2763 (e) determine ownership and possession of personal property and direct the appropriate 2764 law enforcement officer to attend and supervise the petitioner's or respondent's removal of 2765 personal property. 2766 (2) A child protective order or an exparte child protective order may contain the 2767 following provisions the violation of which is contempt of court: 2768 (a) determine temporary custody of the child who is the subject of the petition; 2769 (b) determine parent-time with the child who is the subject of the petition, including 2770 denial of parent-time if necessary to protect the safety of the child, and require supervision of 2771 parent-time by a third party; (c) determine child support in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child 2772 2773 Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support; and 2774 (d) order any further relief the court considers necessary to provide for the safety and 2775 welfare of the child. 2776 (3) (a) If the child who is the subject of the child protective order attends the same 2777 school or place of worship as the respondent, or is employed at the same place of employment 2778 as the respondent, the court: 2779 (i) may not enter an order under Subsection (1)(c) that excludes the respondent from 2780 the respondent's school, place of worship, or place of employment; and 2781 (ii) may enter an order governing the respondent's conduct at the respondent's school, 2782 place of worship, or place of employment. 2783 (b) A violation of an order under Subsection (3)(a) is contempt of court. 2784 (4) (a) A respondent may petition the court to modify or vacate a child protective order 2785 after notice and a hearing. 2786 (b) At the hearing described in Subsection (4)(a):

2787	(i) the respondent shall have the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence
2788	that modification or vacation of the child protective order is in the best interest of the child; and
2789	(ii) the court shall consider:
2790	(A) the nature and duration of the abuse;
2791	(B) the pain and trauma inflicted on the child as a result of the abuse;
2792	(C) if the respondent is a parent of the child, any reunification services provided in
2793	accordance with Title 80, Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings; and
2794	(D) any other evidence the court finds relevant to the determination of the child's best
2795	interests, including recommendations by the other parent or a guardian of the child, or a mental
2796	health professional.
2797	(c) The child is not required to attend the hearing described in Subsection (4)(a).
2798	Section 54. Section 78B-15-102 is amended to read:
2799	78B-15-102. Definitions.
2800	As used in this chapter:
2801	(1) "Adjudicated father" means a man who has been adjudicated by a tribunal to be the
2802	father of a child.
2803	(2) "Alleged father" means a man who alleges himself to be, or is alleged to be, the
2804	genetic father or a possible genetic father of a child, but whose paternity has not been
2805	determined.
2806	(3) (a) "Assisted reproduction" means a method of causing pregnancy other than sexual
2807	intercourse. [The term includes:]
2808	(b) "Assisted reproduction" includes:
2809	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> intrauterine insemination;
2810	[(b)] <u>(ii)</u> donation of eggs;
2811	$\left[\frac{(c)}{(iii)}\right]$ donation of embryos;
2812	$\left[\frac{(d)}{(iv)}\right]$ in vitro fertilization and transfer of embryos; and
2813	$\left[\frac{(\mathbf{v})}{(\mathbf{v})}\right]$ intracytoplasmic sperm injection.
2814	(4) "Birth expenses" means all medical costs associated with the birth of a child,
2815	including the related expenses for the biological mother during her pregnancy and delivery.
2816	(5) "Birth mother" means the biological mother of a child.
2817	(6) "Child" means an individual of any age whose parentage may be determined under

this chapter.

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2819	(7) "Commence" means to file the initial pleading seeking an adjudication of parentage
2820	in the appropriate tribunal of this state.
2821	(8) "Declarant father" means a male who, along with the biological mother claims to be
2822	the genetic father of a child, and signs a voluntary declaration of paternity to establish the man's
2823	paternity.
2824	(9) "Determination of parentage" means the establishment of the parent-child
2825	relationship by the signing of a valid declaration of paternity under Part 3, Voluntary
2826	Declaration of Paternity Act, or adjudication by a tribunal.
2827	(10) (a) "Donor" means an individual who produces eggs or sperm used for assisted
2828	reproduction, whether or not for consideration. [The term does not include:]
2829	(b) "Donor" does not include:
2830	[(a)] (i) a husband who provides sperm, or a wife who provides eggs, to be used for
2831	assisted reproduction by the wife;
2832	[(b)] (ii) a woman who gives birth to a child by means of assisted reproduction, except
2833	as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement; or
2834	[(c)] (iii) a parent under Part 7, Assisted Reproduction, or an intended parent under
2835	Part 8, Gestational Agreement.
2836	(11) "Ethnic or racial group" means, for purposes of genetic testing, a recognized group
2837	that an individual identifies as all or part of the individual's ancestry or that is so identified by
2838	other information.
2839	(12) "Financial support" means a base child support award as defined in Section
2840	[78B-12-102] 81-6-101, all past-due support which accrues under an order for current periodic
2841	payments, and sum certain judgments for past-due support.
2842	(13) (a) "Genetic testing" means an analysis of genetic markers to exclude or identify a
2843	man as the father or a woman as the mother of a child. [The term]
2844	(b) "Genetic testing" includes an analysis of one or a combination of the following:
2845	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> deoxyribonucleic acid; or
2846	[(b)] (ii) blood-group antigens, red-cell antigens, human-leukocyte antigens, serum
2847	enzymes, serum proteins, or red-cell enzymes.
2848	(14) "Gestational mother" means an adult woman who gives birth to a child under a

2849 gestational agreement. 2850 (15) ["Man," as defined in this chapter,] "Man" means a male individual of any age. 2851 (16) "Medical support" means a provision in a support order that requires the purchase 2852 and maintenance of appropriate insurance for health and dental expenses of dependent children, 2853 and assigns responsibility for uninsured medical expenses. 2854 (17) "Parent" means an individual who has established a parent-child relationship 2855 under Section 78B-15-201. 2856 (18) (a) "Parent-child relationship" means the legal relationship between a child and a 2857 parent of the child. [The term] 2858 (b) "Parent-child relationship" includes the mother-child relationship and the 2859 father-child relationship. 2860 (19) "Paternity index" means the likelihood of paternity calculated by computing the 2861 ratio between: 2862 (a) the likelihood that the tested man is the father, based on the genetic markers of the 2863 tested man and child, conditioned on the hypothesis that the tested man is the father of the 2864 child; and 2865 (b) the likelihood that the tested man is not the father, based on the genetic markers of 2866 the tested man and child, conditioned on the hypothesis that the tested man is not the father of 2867 the child and that the father is of the same ethnic or racial group as the tested man. 2868 (20) "Presumed father" means a man who, by operation of law under Section 2869 78B-15-204, is recognized as the father of a child until that status is rebutted or confirmed as 2870 set forth in this chapter. 2871 (21) "Probability of paternity" means the measure, for the ethnic or racial group to 2872 which the alleged father belongs, of the probability that the man in question is the father of the 2873 child, compared with a random, unrelated man of the same ethnic or racial group, expressed as 2874 a percentage incorporating the paternity index and a prior probability. 2875 (22) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is 2876 stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. 2877 (23) "Signatory" means an individual who authenticates a record and is bound by its 2878 terms. 2879 (24) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico,

2880	the United States Virgin Islands, any territory, Native American Tribe, or insular possession
2881	subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
2882	(25) "Support-enforcement agency" means a public official or agency authorized under
2883	Title IV-D of the Social Security Act which has the authority to seek:
2884	(a) enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;
2885	(b) establishment or modification of child support;
2886	(c) determination of parentage; or
2887	(d) location of child-support obligors and their income and assets.
2888	(26) "Tribunal" means a court of law, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity
2889	authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage.
2890	Section 55. Section 78B-15-113 is amended to read:
2891	78B-15-113. Parent-time rights of father.
2892	(1) If the tribunal determines that the alleged father is the father, [it] the tribunal may
2893	upon [its] the tribunal's own motion or upon motion of the father, order parent-time rights in
2894	accordance with [Sections 30-3-32 through 30-3-37] Title 81, Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time,
2895	and Visitation, as [it] the tribunal considers appropriate under the circumstances.
2896	(2) Parent-time rights may not be granted to a father if the child has been subsequently
2897	adopted.
2898	Section 56. Section 78B-15-603 is amended to read:
2899	78B-15-603. Parties to proceeding.
2900	The following individuals shall be joined as parties in a proceeding to adjudicate
2901	parentage:
2902	(1) the mother of the child;
2903	(2) a man whose paternity of the child is to be adjudicated; and
2904	(3) the state [pursuant to Section 78B-12-113] in accordance with Section 81-6-106.
2905	Section 57. Section 78B-15-610 is amended to read:
2906	78B-15-610. Joinder of judicial proceedings Court reliance of custody and
2907	parent-time standards.
2908	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a judicial proceeding to adjudicate
2909	parentage may be joined with a proceeding for adoption, termination of parental rights, child
2910	custody or visitation, child support, divorce, annulment, legal separation or separate

2911	maintenance, probate or administration of an estate, or other appropriate proceeding.
2912	(2) A respondent may not join a proceeding described in Subsection (1) with a
2913	proceeding to adjudicate parentage brought under Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform
2914	Interstate Family Support Act.
2915	(3) A court [may rely on Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce, in determining issues related to
2916	custody or parent-time] may determine issues of custody, parent-time, visitation, and child
2917	support in accordance with Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Title 81, Chapter 9,
2918	Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation.
2919	Section 58. Section 78B-15-623 is amended to read:
2920	78B-15-623. Binding effect of determination of parentage.
2921	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a determination of parentage is
2922	binding on:
2923	(a) all signatories to a declaration or denial of paternity as provided in Part 3,
2924	Voluntary Declaration of Paternity Act; and
2925	(b) all parties to an adjudication by a tribunal acting under circumstances that satisfy
2926	the jurisdictional requirements of Section 78B-14-201.
2927	(2) A child is not bound by a determination of parentage under this chapter unless:
2928	(a) the determination was based on an unrescinded declaration of paternity and the
2929	declaration is consistent with the results of genetic testing;
2930	(b) the adjudication of parentage was based on a finding consistent with the results of
2931	genetic testing and the consistency is declared in the determination or is otherwise shown; or
2932	(c) the child was a party or was represented in the proceeding determining parentage by
2933	a guardian ad litem.
2934	(3) In a proceeding to dissolve a marriage, the tribunal is considered to have made an
2935	adjudication of the parentage of a child if the question of paternity is raised and the tribunal
2936	adjudicates according to Part 6, Adjudication of Parentage, and the final order:
2937	(a) expressly identifies a child as a "child of the marriage," "issue of the marriage," or
2938	similar words indicating that the husband is the father of the child; or
2939	(b) provides for support of the child by the husband unless paternity is specifically
2940	disclaimed in the order.
2941	(4) The tribunal is not considered to have made an adjudication of the parentage of a

2942	child if the child was born at the time of entry of the order and other children are named as
2943	children of the marriage, but that child is specifically not named.
2944	(5) Once the paternity of a child has been adjudicated, an individual who was not a
2945	party to the paternity proceeding may not challenge the paternity, unless:
2946	(a) the party seeking to challenge can demonstrate a fraud upon the tribunal;
2947	(b) the challenger can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the challenger
2948	did not know about the adjudicatory proceeding or did not have a reasonable opportunity to
2949	know of the proceeding; and
2950	(c) there would be harm to the child to leave the order in place.
2951	(6) A party to an adjudication of paternity may challenge the adjudication only under
2952	law of this state relating to appeal, vacation of judgments, or other judicial review.
2953	(7) A party to an adjudication may not bring a challenge under Subsection (6) if the
2954	party committed the fraud.
2955	Section 59. Section 78B-20-403 is amended to read:
2956	78B-20-403. Visitation before termination of temporary grant of custodial
2957	responsibility.
2958	After a deploying parent returns from deployment until a temporary agreement or order
2959	for custodial responsibility established under Part 2, Agreement Addressing Custodial
2960	Responsibility During Deployment, or a provision of a court order specifying temporary
2961	custodial responsibility during deployment issued under Part 3, Judicial Procedure for Granting
2962	Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, or [Section 30-3-10] Title 81, Chapter 9,
2963	Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation, is terminated, the court shall issue a temporary order
2964	granting the deploying parent reasonable contact with the child unless it is contrary to the best
2965	interest of the child, even if the time of contact exceeds the time the deploying parent spent
2966	with the child before deployment.
2967	Section 60. Section 78B-20-404 is amended to read:
2968	78B-20-404. Termination by operation of law of temporary grant of custodial
2969	responsibility established by court order.
2970	(1) If an agreement between the parties to terminate a court order for temporary
2971	custodial responsibility during deployment under Part 3, Judicial Procedure for Granting
2972	Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, or to terminate a provision of an order for

2973	temporary custodial responsibility during deployment entered under [Section 30-3-10] Title 81,
2974	Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation, has not been filed, the temporary order
2975	terminates 30 days after the day on which the deploying parent gives notice to the other parent
2976	and any nonparent granted custodial responsibility that the deploying parent has returned from
2977	deployment.
2978	(2) A proceeding seeking to prevent termination of a temporary order for custodial
2979	responsibility is governed by the law of this state other than this chapter.
2980	Section 61. Section 80-2-906 is amended to read:
2981	80-2-906. Financial responsibility for child placed under Interstate Compact.
2982	(1) Financial responsibility for a child placed under the provisions of the Interstate
2983	Compact on the Placement of Children shall, in the first instance, be determined in accordance
2984	with the provisions of Article V of the compact.
2985	(2) In the event of partial or complete default of performance under the compact, the
2986	provisions of [Title 78B, Chapter 12, Utah Child Support Act] Title 81, Chapter 6, Child
2987	Support, may also be invoked.
2988	Section 62. Section 81-1-101 is enacted to read:
2989	TITLE 81. UTAH DOMESTIC RELATIONS CODE
2990	CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
2991	Part 1. General Provisions
2992	81-1-101. Definitions for title.
2993	As used in this title:
2994	(1) "Child" means, except as provided in Section 81-6-101, a biological or adopted
2995	child of any age.
2996	(2) "Court" means:
2997	(a) a judge; or
2998	(b) a court commissioner if the court commissioner has authority to hear the matter
2999	under Section 78A-5-107 or the Utah Rules of Judicial Administration.
3000	(3) "Custodial parent" means:
3001	(a) a parent awarded primary physical custody of a minor child by a court order;
3002	(b) if both parents have joint physical custody:
3003	(i) the parent awarded more overnights each year by a court order; or

3004	(ii) the parent designated as the custodial parent by a court order; or
3005	(c) if there is no court order, the parent with whom the minor child resides more than
3006	one-half of the calendar year without regard to any temporary parent-time.
3007	(4) "Minor child" means, except as provided in Section 81-6-101, a child who is
3008	younger than 18 years old and is not emancipated.
3009	(5) "Noncustodial parent" means the parent who is not the custodial parent regardless
3010	of any designation of joint legal custody.
3011	(6) "Parent" means a parent with an established parent-child relationship as described
3012	<u>in Section 78B-15-201.</u>
3013	Section 63. Section 81-1-201 is enacted to read:
3014	Part 2. Domestic Relations Proceedings
3015	81-1-201. Definitions for part.
3016	As used in this part:
3017	(1) "Alimony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-4-101.
3018	(2) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
3019	Section 64. Section 81-1-202 is enacted to read:
3020	<u>81-1-202.</u> Court records in a domestic relations action.
3021	(1) (a) In an action under this title, Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody
3022	Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family
3023	Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, a party may file a motion
3024	to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as
3025	private.
3026	(b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that
3027	clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of the action,
3028	or any part of the records of the action, other than the final order, judgment, or decree, as
3029	private.
3030	(c) An order classifying part of the records of the action as private does not apply to
3031	subsequent filings.
3032	(d) The record of an action is private until the court determines it is possible to release
3033	the record without prejudice to the interests that justified the closure.
3034	(2) (a) Any interested person may petition the court to permit access to a record

3035	classified as private as described in Subsection (1).
3036	(b) The interested person described in Subsection (2)(a) shall serve the petition on the
3037	parties to the closure order.
3038	(3) A party shall place the social security number of any individual, who is the subject
3039	of an action under this title, in the records relating to the matter.
3040	Section 65. Section 81-1-203, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-3 is renumbered
3041	and amended to read:
3042	[30-3-3]. <u>81-1-203.</u> Award of costs[, attorney,] <u>and attorney</u> and witness fees
3043	<u>Temporary support and maintenance</u> .
3044	[(1) In any action filed under Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce, Chapter 4, Separate
3045	Maintenance, or Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders, and in any
3046	action to establish an order of custody, parent-time, child support, alimony, or division of
3047	property in a domestic case]
3048	(1) (a) In an action filed under Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage, Title 78B, Chapter
3049	7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders, or in an action to establish an order of custody,
3050	parent-time, child support, alimony, or the division of property in a domestic case, the court
3051	may order a party to pay the costs, attorney fees, and witness fees, including expert witness
3052	fees, of the other party to enable the other party to prosecute or defend the action.
3053	(b) The order under Subsection (1)(a) may include a provision for costs of the action.
3054	(2) In [any] an action to enforce an order of custody, parent-time, child support,
3055	alimony, or division of property in a domestic case, the court may award costs and attorney fees
3056	upon determining that the party substantially prevailed upon the claim or defense.
3057	(3) The court, in [its] the court's discretion, may award no fees or limited fees against a
3058	party if the court finds the party is [impecunious] indigent or enters in the record the reason for
3059	not awarding fees.
3060	[(3)] (4) In [any action listed in] an action described in Subsection (1), the court may
3061	order a party to provide money, during the pendency of the action, for the separate support and
3062	maintenance of the other party and of [any children] a minor child in the custody of the other
3063	party.
3064	(5) The court may amend an order entered in accordance with this section before the
3065	entry of the final order or judgment or in the final order or judgment.

3066	[(4) Orders entered under this section prior to entry of the final order or judgment may
3067	be amended during the course of the action or in the final order or judgment.]
3068	Section 66. Section 81-1-204 is enacted to read:
3069	81-1-204. Continuing jurisdiction of a court in a domestic relations action.
3070	In an action under this title, the court has continuing jurisdiction after a decree or final
3071	order is entered to make subsequent changes to the order, or to enter a new order, regarding:
3072	(1) the distribution of the property and obligations for debts, as is reasonable and
3073	necessary, for an action described in Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage;
3074	(2) alimony in accordance with Section 81-4-503;
3075	(3) child support and medical expenses in accordance with Sections 81-6-208 and
3076	<u>81-6-212; and</u>
3077	(4) custody and parent-time in accordance with Section 81-9-208.
3078	Section 67. Section 81-2-101 is enacted to read:
3079	CHAPTER 2. MARRIAGE
3080	Part 1. General Provisions
3081	81-2-101. Definitions for chapter.
3082	Reserved.
3083	Section 68. Section 81-2-102, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-4.1 is
3084	renumbered and amended to read:
3085	[30-1-4.1]. <u>81-2-102.</u> Marriage recognition policy.
3086	(1) (a) It is the policy of this state to recognize as marriage only the legal union of a
3087	man and a woman as provided in this chapter.
3088	(b) Except for the relationship of marriage between a man and a woman recognized
3089	pursuant to this chapter, this state will not recognize, enforce, or give legal effect to any law
3090	creating any legal status, rights, benefits, or duties that are substantially equivalent to those
3091	provided under Utah law to a man and a woman because they are married.
3092	(2) Nothing in Subsection (1) impairs any contract or other rights, benefits, or duties
3093	that are enforceable independently of this section.
3094	Section 69. Section 81-2-201, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-36 is
3095	renumbered and amended to read:
3096	Part 2. Premarital Counseling

3097	[30-1-36]. <u>81-2-201.</u> Definitions for part.
3098	As used in this part:
3099	(1) [Premarital counseling may include] "Premarital counseling" includes group
3100	counseling, individual counseling, and couple counseling.
3101	(2) [Premarital education may include] "Premarital education" includes:
3102	(a) a lecture, class, seminar, or workshop provided by a person that meets the
3103	requirements of Subsection [30-1-34(2)(b)(i)] <u>81-2-206(2)(b)(i)</u> ; or
3104	(b) an online course approved by the Utah Marriage Commission as provided in
3105	Subsection $[\frac{30-1-34(2)(b)(i)(F)}{81-2-206(2)(b)(i)(F)}]$.
3106	Section 70. Section 81-2-202 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-30 is
3107	renumbered and amended to read:
3108	[30-1-30]. <u>81-2-202.</u> Premarital counseling or education State policy
3109	Applicability.
3110	It is the policy of the state to enhance the possibility of couples to achieve more stable,
3111	satisfying, and enduring marital and family relationships by providing opportunities for and
3112	encouraging the use of premarital counseling or education before securing a marriage license.
3113	Section 71. Section 81-2-203 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-31 is
3114	renumbered and amended to read:
3115	[30-1-31]. <u>81-2-203.</u> Premarital counseling board in county Appointment,
3116	terms, compensation, offices Common counseling board with adjacent county.
3117	[The boards of commissioners of the respective counties in this state are]
3118	(1) A county is authorized to:
3119	(a) provide for premarital counseling; and [to]
3120	(b) require the use of premarital counseling as a condition precedent to the issuance of
3121	a marriage license under the provisions of this [act] part.
3122	(2) [They] The county may appoint a premarital counseling board consisting of seven
3123	members, four of whom shall be lay persons and three of whom shall be chosen from the
3124	professions of psychiatry, psychology, social work, marriage counseling, the clergy, law or
3125	medicine.
3126	(3) [They] The county may designate the terms of office and the procedures to be
3127	followed by the premarital counseling board and provide for payment of compensation and

3128	expenses for members.
3129	(4) [They] The county may pay the salaries and expenses of a counseling staff under
3130	the supervision of the premarital counseling board and provide office space, furnishings,
3131	equipment and supplies for [their] the board's use.
3132	(5) A county may join with an adjacent county or counties in forming a common
3133	premarital counseling board and in establishing a common master plan for premarital
3134	counseling.
3135	Section 72. Section 81-2-204, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-32 is
3136	renumbered and amended to read:
3137	[30-1-32]. <u>81-2-204.</u> Master plan for counseling.
3138	(1) It shall be the function and duty of the premarital counseling board, after holding
3139	public hearings, to make, adopt, and certify to the county legislative body a master plan for
3140	premarital counseling of marriage license applicants within the purposes and objectives of this
3141	[act] part.
3142	(2) The master plan described in Subsection (1) shall include:
3143	(a) counseling procedures that:
3144	(i) will make applicants aware of problem areas in their proposed marriage;
3145	(ii) suggest ways of meeting problems; and
3146	(iii) will induce reconsideration or postponement when:
3147	(A) the applicants are not sufficiently matured or are not financially capable of meeting
3148	the responsibilities of marriage; or
3149	(B) are marrying for reasons not conducive to a sound lasting marriage; and
3150	(b) standards for evaluating premarital counseling received by the applicants, prior to
3151	their application for a marriage license, which would justify issuance of certificate without
3152	further counseling being given or required.
3153	(3) The <u>premarital counseling</u> board may, from time to time, amend or extend the plan
3154	described in Subsection (1).
3155	(4) The premarital counseling board may, subject to Subsection (5):
3156	(a) appoint a staff and employees as may be necessary for its work; and
3157	(b) contract with social service agencies or other consultants within the county or
3158	counties for services it requires.

3159 (5) Expenditures for the appointments and contracts described in Subsection (4) may 3160 not exceed the sums appropriated by the county legislative body plus sums placed at its 3161 disposal through gift or otherwise. 3162 Section 73. Section 81-2-205, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-33 is 3163 renumbered and amended to read: 3164 [30-1-33]. 81-2-205. Conformity to master plan for counseling as prerequisite 3165 to marriage license -- Exceptions. 3166 Whenever [the board of commissioners of] a county has adopted a master plan for premarital counseling no resident of the county may obtain a marriage license without 3167 3168 conforming to the plan, except that: 3169 (1) [Any person] an individual who applies for a marriage license shall have the right 3170 to secure the license and to marry notwithstanding [their] the individual's failure to conform to 3171 the required premarital counseling or [their] the individual's failure to obtain a certificate of 3172 authorization from the premarital counseling board if [they wait] the individual waits six 3173 months from the date of application for issuance of the license[-]; 3174 (2) [This chapter] this part does not apply to any application for a marriage license 3175 where both parties are at least 19 years [of age] old and neither has been previously divorced[-]; 3176 (3) [This chapter] this part does not apply to any application for a marriage license 3177 unless both applicants have physically resided in Utah for 60 days immediately preceding their 3178 application[.]; or 3179 (4) [Premarital counseling required by this act shall be] premarital counseling required by this part is considered fulfilled if the applicants present a certificate verified by a clergyman 3180 3181 that the applicants have completed a course of premarital counseling approved by a church and 3182 given by or under the supervision of the clergyman. 3183 Section 74. Section 81-2-206, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-34 is 3184 renumbered and amended to read: 3185 [30-1-34]. 81-2-206. Completion of counseling or education. 3186 (1) The county clerk of a county that operates an online marriage application system 3187 and issues a marriage license to applicants who certify completion of premarital counseling or education in accordance with Subsection (2) shall reduce the marriage license fee by \$20. 3188 3189 (2) (a) To qualify for the reduced fee under Subsection (1), the applicants shall certify

- 3199 educator;3200 (D) a family and consumer sciences educator;
- 3201 (E) an individual who is an instructor approved by a premarital education curriculum
 3202 that meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(b)(ii); or

completion of premarital counseling or education in accordance with this Subsection (2).

(A) a licensed or ordained minister or the minister's designee who is trained by the

(B) an individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health Professional

Commission, created in Title 63M, Chapter 15, Utah Marriage Commission, as a family life

(b) To complete premarital counseling or education, the applicants:

(i) shall obtain the premarital counseling or education from:

minister or denomination to conduct premarital counseling or education;

- 3203 (F) an online course approved by the Utah Marriage Commission;
- (ii) shall receive premarital counseling or education that includes information onimportant factors associated with strong and healthy marriages, including:
- 3206 (A) commitment in marriage; and
- 3207 (B) effective communication and problem-solving skills, including avoiding violence3208 and abuse in the relationship;
- (iii) shall complete at least three hours of premarital counseling or six hours ofpremarital education meeting the requirements of this Subsection (2); and
- (iv) shall complete the premarital counseling or education meeting the requirements of
 this Subsection (2) not more than one year before but at least 14 days before the day on which
 the marriage license is issued.
- 3214 (c) Although applicants are encouraged to take the premarital counseling or education3215 together, each applicant may comply with the requirements of this Subsection (2) separately.
- 3216 (3) A provider of premarital counseling or education under this section is encouraged3217 to use research-based relationship inventories.
- 3218 Section 75. Section **81-2-207**, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-35 is 3219 renumbered and amended to read:
- 3220 [30-1-35]. <u>81-2-207.</u> Persons performing counseling services designated by

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3221	board Exemption from license requirements.
3222	For the purposes of this [chapter] part, the premarital counseling board of each county
3223	or combination of counties may determine those persons who are to perform any services under
3224	this [chapter] part and any person so acting is not subject to prosecution or other sanctions for
3225	the person's failure to hold any license for these services as may be required by the laws of the
3226	state.
3227	Section 76. Section 81-2-208, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-37 is
3228	renumbered and amended to read:
3229	[30-1-37]. <u>81-2-208.</u> Confidentiality of information obtained under counseling
3230	provisions.
3231	(1) Except for the information required or to be required on the marriage license
3232	application form, any information given by a marriage license applicant in compliance with this
3233	[chapter] part:
3234	(a) shall be confidential information [and]; and
3235	(b) may not be released by any person, board, commission, or other entity. [However,]
3236	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the premarital counseling board or board of
3237	commissioners may use the information given by a marriage license applicant, without
3238	identification of individuals, to compile and release statistical data.
3239	Section 77. Section 81-2-209 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-38 is
3240	renumbered and amended to read:
3241	[30-1-38]. <u>81-2-209.</u> Fee for counseling.
3242	Any county adopting a master plan under this act is authorized to charge, in addition to
3243	[its] the county's ordinary marriage license application fees, not more than \$10 for premarital
3244	counseling, to be paid by the applicants at the time [they] the applicants make application.
3245	Section 78. Section 81-2-301 is enacted to read:
3246	Part 3. Marriage License and Solemnization
3247	<u>81-2-301.</u> Definitions for part.
3248	As used in this part:
3249	(1) "County clerk" means:
3250	(a) the county clerk of the county; or
3251	(b) an employee or designee of the county clerk who is authorized to issue marriage

3252	licenses or solemnize marriages.
3253	(2) "Judge or magistrate of the United States" means:
3254	(a) a justice of the United States Supreme Court;
3255	(b) a judge of a court of appeals;
3256	(c) a judge of a district court;
3257	(d) a judge of any court created by an act of Congress, the judges of which are entitled
3258	to hold office during good behavior;
3259	(e) a judge of a bankruptcy court;
3260	(f) a judge of a tax court; or
3261	(g) a United States magistrate.
3262	(3) "Minor" means an individual who is 16 or 17 years old.
3263	(4) (a) "Native American spiritual advisor" means an individual who:
3264	(i) leads, instructs, or facilitates a Native American religious ceremony or service or
3265	provides religious counseling; and
3266	(ii) is recognized as a spiritual advisor by a federally recognized Native American tribe.
3267	(b) "Native American spiritual advisor" includes a sweat lodge leader, medicine
3268	person, traditional religious practitioner, or holy man or woman.
3269	Section 79. Section 81-2-302 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-7 is renumbered
3270	and amended to read:
3271	[30-1-7]. <u>81-2-302.</u> Marriage licenses Use within state Expiration.
3272	(1) [No marriage may be] A marriage may not be solemnized in this state without a
3273	license issued by the county clerk of any county of this state.
3274	(2) A license issued within this state by a county clerk may only be used within this
3275	state.
3276	(3) A license that is not used within 32 days after the day on which the licensed is
3277	issued is void.
3278	Section 80. Section 81-2-303, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-8 is renumbered
3279	and amended to read:
3280	[30-1-8]. <u>81-2-303.</u> Application for marriage license Contents.
3281	[(1) As used in this section, "minor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3282	30-1-9.]

3283	[(2)] (1) A county clerk may issue a marriage license only after an application is filed
3284	with the county clerk's office, requiring the following information:
3285	(a) the full names of the applicants, including the maiden or bachelor name of each
3286	applicant;
3287	(b) the social security numbers of the applicants, unless an applicant has not been
3288	assigned a number;
3289	(c) the current address of each applicant;
3290	(d) the date and place of birth, including the town or city, county, state or country, if
3291	possible;
3292	(e) the names of the applicants' respective parents, including the maiden name of a
3293	mother; and
3294	(f) the birthplaces of the applicants' respective parents, including the town or city,
3295	county, state or country, if possible.
3296	[(3)] (2) (a) If one or both of the applicants is a minor, the <u>county</u> clerk shall provide
3297	each minor with a standard petition on a form provided by the Judicial Council to be presented
3298	to the juvenile court to obtain the authorization required by Section $[30-1-9]$ <u>81-2-304</u> .
3299	(b) The form described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(3)(a)}{(2)(a)}\right]$ shall include:
3300	(i) all information described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (1);
3301	(ii) [in accordance with Subsection 30-1-9(2)(a),] a place for the parent or legal
3302	guardian to indicate the parent or legal guardian's relationship to the minor in accordance with
3303	<u>Subsection 81-2-304(1)(a);</u>
3304	(iii) an affidavit for the parent or legal guardian to acknowledge the penalty described
3305	in Section [30-1-9.1] <u>81-2-304</u> signed under penalty of perjury;
3306	(iv) an affidavit for each applicant regarding the accuracy of the information contained
3307	in the marriage application signed under penalty of perjury; and
3308	(v) a place for the clerk to sign that indicates that the following have provided
3309	documentation to support the information contained in the form:
3310	(A) each applicant; and
3311	(B) the minor's parent or legal guardian.
3312	[(4)] (3) (a) The social security numbers obtained under the authority of this section
3313	may not be recorded on the marriage license[,] and are not open to inspection as a part of the

3314	vital statistics files.
3315	(b) The [Department of Health,] Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics shall,
3316	upon request, supply the social security numbers to the Office of Recovery Services [within the
3317	Department of Human Services].
3318	(c) The Office of Recovery Services may not use a social security number obtained
3319	under the authority of this section for any reason other than the administration of child support
3320	services.
3321	(4) (a) A county clerk may not issue a marriage license until an affidavit is made before
3322	the clerk by a party applying for the marriage license that shows there is no lawful reason in the
3323	way of the marriage.
3324	(b) The county clerk shall file and preserve the affidavit under Subsection (4)(a).
3325	(c) A party who makes an affidavit described in Subsection (4)(a), or a subscribing
3326	witness to the affidavit who falsely swears in the affidavit, is guilty of perjury.
3327	(5) A county clerk who knowingly issues a marriage license for any prohibited
3328	marriage is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
3329	Section 81. Section 81-2-304, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-9 is renumbered
3330	and amended to read:
3331	[30-1-9]. <u>81-2-304.</u> Marriage of a minor Consent of parent or guardian
3332	Juvenile court authorization.
3333	[(1) For purposes of this section, "minor" means an individual that is 16 or 17 years
3334	old.]
3335	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ (a) If $\left[\frac{1}{(1)}\right]$ (a) If $\left[\frac{1}{(1)}\right]$ and $\left[\frac{1}{(1)}\right]$ of a point of
3336	before the minor is married, a license may not be issued] an applicant is a minor at the time of
3337	applying for a license, a county clerk may not issue a marriage license without the signed
3338	consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian given in person to the clerk, except that:
3339	(i) if the parents of the minor are divorced, consent shall be given by the parent having
3340	legal custody of the minor as evidenced by an oath of affirmation to the clerk;
3341	(ii) if the parents of the minor are divorced and have been awarded joint custody of the
3342	minor, consent shall be given by the parent having physical custody of the minor the majority
3343	of the time as evidenced by an oath of affirmation to the clerk; or
3344	(iii) if the minor is not in the custody of a parent, the legal guardian shall provide the

3345	consent and provide proof of guardianship by court order as well as an oath of affirmation.
3346	(b) Each applicant, and [if an applicant is a minor,] the minor's consenting parent or
3347	legal guardian if an applicant is a minor, shall appear in person before the county clerk and
3348	provide legal documentation to establish the following information:
3349	(i) the legal relationship between the minor and the minor's parent or legal guardian;
3350	(ii) the legal name and identity of the minor; and
3351	(iii) the birth date of each applicant.
3352	(c) An individual may present the following documents to satisfy a requirement
3353	described in Subsection [(2)(b)] (1)(b):
3354	(i) for verifying the legal relationship between the minor and the minor's parent or legal
3355	guardian, one of the following:
3356	(A) the minor's certified birth certificate with the name of the parent, and an official
3357	translation if the birth certificate is in a language other than English;
3358	(B) a report of a birth abroad with the name of the minor and the parent;
3359	(C) a certified adoption decree with the name of the minor and the parent; or
3360	(D) a certified court order establishing custody or guardianship between the minor and
3361	the parent or legal guardian;
3362	(ii) for verifying the legal name and identity of the minor, one of the following:
3363	(A) an expired or current passport;
3364	(B) a driver's license;
3365	(C) a certificate of naturalization;
3366	(D) a military identification; or
3367	(E) a government employee identification card from a federal, state, or municipal
3368	government; and
3369	(iii) for verifying the birth date of each applicant, one of the following for each
3370	applicant:
3371	(A) a certified birth certificate;
3372	(B) a report of a birth abroad;
3373	(C) a certificate of naturalization;
3374	(D) a certificate of citizenship;
3375	(E) a passport;

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3376	(F) a driver's license; or
3377	(G) a state identification card.
3378	(d) An individual may not use a temporary or altered document to satisfy a requirement
3379	described in Subsection [(2)(b)] (1)(b).
3380	$\left[\frac{(3)}{2}\right]$ (a) The minor and the parent or legal guardian of the minor shall obtain a
3381	written authorization to marry from:
3382	(i) a judge of the court exercising juvenile jurisdiction in the county where either party
3383	to the marriage resides; or
3384	(ii) a court commissioner as permitted by rule of the Judicial Council.
3385	(b) Before issuing written authorization for a minor to marry, the judge or court
3386	commissioner shall determine:
3387	(i) that the minor is entering into the marriage voluntarily; and
3388	(ii) the marriage is in the best [interests] interest of the minor under the circumstances.
3389	(c) The judge or court commissioner shall require that both parties to the marriage
3390	complete premarital counseling, except the requirement for premarital counseling may be
3391	waived if premarital counseling is not reasonably available.
3392	(d) The judge or court commissioner may require:
3393	(i) that the minor continue to attend school, unless excused under Section $53G-6-204$;
3394	and
3395	(ii) any other conditions that the court deems reasonable under the circumstances.
3396	(e) The judge or court commissioner may not issue a written authorization to the minor
3397	if the age difference between both parties to the marriage is more than seven years.
3398	[(4)] (3) (a) The determination required in Subsection $[(3)]$ (2) shall be made on the
3399	record.
3400	(b) Any inquiry conducted by the judge or commissioner may be conducted in
3401	chambers.
3402	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who knowingly consents or allows a minor to enter
3403	into a marriage prohibited by law is guilty of a third degree felony.
3404	(b) An individual is guilty of a third degree felony if the individual:
3405	(i) knowingly, with or without a license, solemnizes the marriage of an individual who
3406	is younger than 18 years old and the marriage is prohibited by law;

3407	(ii) without a written authorization from the juvenile court, solemnizes a marriage to
3408	which a party is a minor;
3409	(iii) impersonates a parent or legal guardian of a minor to obtain a license for the minor
3410	to marry; or
3411	(iv) forges the name of a parent or legal guardian of a minor on any writing purporting
3412	to give consent to a marriage of a minor.
3413	Section 82. Section 81-2-305 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-6 is renumbered
3414	and amended to read:
3415	[30-1-6]. <u>81-2-305.</u> Who may solemnize marriages Certificate.
3416	[(1) As used in this section:]
3417	[(a) "Judge or magistrate of the United States" means:]
3418	[(i) a justice of the United States Supreme Court;]
3419	[(ii) a judge of a court of appeals;]
3420	[(iii) a judge of a district court;]
3421	[(iv) a judge of any court created by an act of Congress, the judges of which are
3422	entitled to hold office during good behavior;]
3423	[(v) a judge of a bankruptcy court;]
3424	[(vi) a judge of a tax court; or]
3425	[(vii) a United States magistrate.]
3426	[(b) (i) "Native American spiritual advisor" means an individual who:]
3427	[(A) leads, instructs, or facilitates a Native American religious ceremony or service or
3428	provides religious counseling; and]
3429	[(B) is recognized as a spiritual advisor by a federally recognized Native American
3430	tribe.]
3431	[(ii) "Native American spiritual advisor" includes a sweat lodge leader, medicine
3432	person, traditional religious practitioner, or holy man or woman.]
3433	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ The following individuals may solemnize a marriage:
3434	(a) an individual 18 years old or older who is authorized by a religious denomination to
3435	solemnize a marriage;
3436	(b) a Native American spiritual advisor;
3437	(c) the governor;

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3438	(d) the lieutenant governor;
3439	(e) the state attorney general;
3440	(f) the state treasurer;
3441	(g) the state auditor;
3442	(h) a mayor of a municipality or county executive;
3443	(i) a justice, judge, or commissioner of a court of record;
3444	(j) a judge of a court not of record of the state;
3445	(k) a judge or magistrate of the United States;
3446	(l) the county clerk of any county in the state or the county clerk's designee as
3447	authorized by Section 17-20-4;
3448	(m) a senator or representative of the Utah Legislature;
3449	(n) a member of the state's congressional delegation; or
3450	(o) a judge or magistrate who holds office in Utah when retired, under rules set by the
3451	Supreme Court.
3452	[(3)] (2) An individual authorized under Subsection $[(2)]$ (1) who solemnizes a
3453	marriage shall give to the couple married a certificate of marriage that shows the:
3454	(a) name of the county from which the license is issued; and
3455	(b) date of the license's issuance.
3456	[(4)] (3) Except for an individual described in Subsection $[(2)(1)]$ (1)(1), an individual
3457	described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ has discretion to solemnize a marriage.
3458	[(5)] (4) Except as provided in Section 17-20-4 and Subsection $[(2)(1)]$ (1)(1), and
3459	notwithstanding any other provision in law, no individual authorized under Subsection [(2)] (1)
3460	to solemnize a marriage may delegate or deputize another individual to perform the function of
3461	solemnizing a marriage.
3462	(5) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which a marriage is solemnized, the individual
3463	solemnizing the marriage shall return the marriage license to the county clerk that issued the
3464	marriage license with a certificate of the marriage over the individual's signature stating the
3465	date and place of celebration and the names of two or more witnesses present at the marriage.
3466	(b) An individual described in Subsection (5)(a) who fails to return the license is guilty
3467	of an infraction.
3468	(6) (a) An individual is guilty of a third degree felony if the individual knowingly:

3469	(i) solemnizes a marriage without a valid marriage license; or
3470	(ii) solemnizes a marriage in violation of this section.
3471	(b) An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the individual knowingly, with
3472	or without a marriage license, solemnizes a marriage between two individuals who are 18 years
3473	old or older that is prohibited by law.
3474	Section 83. Section 81-2-306, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-12 is
3475	renumbered and amended to read:
3476	[30-1-12]. <u>81-2-306.</u> County clerk to file license and certificate Designation
3477	as vital record.
3478	[(1) (a) The license, together with the certificate of the individual officiating at the
3479	marriage, shall be filed and preserved by the clerk, and shall be recorded by the clerk]
3480	(1) (a) The county clerk shall:
3481	(i) file and preserve the marriage license returned by an individual under Subsection
3482	81-2-305(5) with the certificate of the marriage; and
3483	(ii) record the marriage license and certificate in a book kept for that purpose[7] or by
3484	electronic means.
3485	(b) The record shall be properly indexed in the names of the parties so married.
3486	(2) An individual may use a diacritical mark, as defined in Section 26B-8-103, on a
3487	marriage license.
3488	(3) A transcript shall be promptly certified and transmitted by the clerk to the state
3489	registrar of vital statistics.
3490	(4) The <u>marriage</u> license and the certificate of the individual officiating at the marriage
3491	are:
3492	(a) vital records as defined in Section 26B-8-101; and [are]
3493	(b) subject to the inspection requirements described in Section 26B-8-125.
3494	Section 84. Section 81-2-401 is enacted to read:
3495	Part 4. Validity of Marriage
3496	81-2-401. Definitions for part.
3497	Reserved.
3498	Section 85. Section 81-2-402, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-1 is renumbered
3499	and amended to read:

3500	[30-1-1]. <u>81-2-402.</u> Incestuous marriages void.
3501	(1) The following marriages are incestuous and void from the beginning, regardless of
3502	whether the relationship is legally recognized:
3503	(a) [marriages between parents and children] a marriage between a parent and a child;
3504	(b) [marriages between ancestors and descendants of every degree] a marriage between
3505	an ancestor and a descendant of any degree;
3506	(c) [marriages between siblings of the half as well as the whole blood] a marriage
3507	between siblings of the half or whole blood;
3508	[(d) marriages between:]
3509	[(i) uncles and nieces or nephews; or]
3510	[(ii) aunts and nieces or nephews;]
3511	(d) a marriage between an uncle and a niece or nephew;
3512	(e) a marriage between an aunt and a niece or nephew;
3513	[(e)] (f) [marriages between first cousins,] except as provided in Subsection (2), a
3514	marriage between first cousins; or
3515	[(f)] (g) [marriages between any] except as provided in Subsection (2), a marriage
3516	between individuals related to each other within and not including the fifth degree of
3517	consanguinity computed according to the rules of the civil law[, except as provided in
3518	Subsection (2)].
3519	(2) First cousins may marry under the following circumstances:
3520	(a) both parties are 65 years [of age] old or older; or
3521	(b) if both parties are 55 years [of age] old or older, upon a finding by the district court,
3522	located in the district in which either party resides, that either party is unable to reproduce.
3523	Section 86. Section 81-2-403 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-2 is renumbered
3524	and amended to read:
3525	[30-1-2]. <u>81-2-403.</u> Marriages prohibited and void.
3526	(1) The following marriages are prohibited and declared void:
3527	(a) when there is a spouse $living[,]$ from whom the individual marrying has not been
3528	divorced;
3529	(b) except as provided in Subsection (2), [when an applicant is] the individual
3530	marrying is under 18 years old; [and] or

3531	(c) between a divorced individual and any individual other than the one from whom the
3532	divorce was secured until:
3533	(i) the divorce decree becomes absolute[, and,]; and
3534	(ii) if an appeal is taken, until after the affirmance of the divorce decree.
3535	(2) A marriage of an individual under 18 years old is not void if the individual:
3536	(a) is 16 or 17 years old and obtains consent from a parent or guardian and juvenile
3537	court authorization in accordance with Section [30-1-9] 81-2-304; or
3538	(b) lawfully marries before May 14, 2019.
3539	Section 87. Section 81-2-404, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-2.1 is
3540	renumbered and amended to read:
3541	[30-1-2.1]. <u>81-2-404.</u> Validation of a marriage to an individual subject to
3542	chronic epileptic fits who had not been sterilized.
3543	[All marriages, otherwise valid and legal, contracted prior to the effective date of this
3544	act, to which either party was subject to chronic epileptic fits and who had not been sterilized,
3545	as provided by law, are hereby validated and legalized in all respects as though such marriages
3546	had been duly and legally contracted in the first instance.] A marriage between two individuals
3547	that was not valid or legal before May 14, 1963, on the basis that a party was subject to chronic
3548	epileptic fits and had not been sterilized is considered valid and legal in this state.
3549	Section 88. Section 81-2-405, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-2.2 is
3550	renumbered and amended to read:
3551	[30-1-2.2]. <u>81-2-405.</u> Validation of a marriage on the basis of the race,
3552	ethnicity, or national origin of the parties.
3553	[All interracial marriages, otherwise valid and legal, contracted prior to July 1, 1965, to
3554	which one of the parties of the marriage was subject to disability to marry on account of
3555	Subsection 30-1-2(5) or (6), as those subsections existed prior to May 14, 1963, are hereby
3556	valid and made lawful in all respects as though such marriages had been duly and legally
3557	contracted in the first instance.] A marriage between two individuals that was not valid or legal
3558	before July 1, 1965, on the basis of the race, ethnicity, or national origin of those individuals is
3559	considered valid and legal in this state.
3560	Section 89. Section 81-2-406, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-2.3 is
3561	renumbered and amended to read:

3562	[30-1-2.3]. <u>81-2-406.</u> Validation of a marriage to an individual with acquired
3563	immune deficiency syndrome or other sexually transmitted disease.
3564	[Each marriage contracted prior to October 21, 1993, is valid and legal but for the
3565	prohibition described in Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 117, Section 1, Subsection 30-1-2(1)
3566	regarding persons afflicted with acquired immune deficiency syndrome, syphilis, or gonorrhea,
3567	is hereby valid and made lawful in all respects as though that marriage had been legally
3568	contracted in the first instance.] A marriage between two individuals that was not valid or legal
3569	before October 21, 1993, on the basis that a party was afflicted with acquired immune
3570	deficiency syndrome, syphilis, or gonorrhea, is considered valid and legal in this state.
3571	Section 90. Section 81-2-407, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-4 is renumbered
3572	and amended to read:
3573	[30-1-4]. <u>81-2-407.</u> Validity of a foreign marriage Exceptions.
3574	A marriage solemnized in any other country, state, or territory, if valid where
3575	solemnized, is valid in this state, unless [it is a marriage]:
3576	(1) [that] the marriage would be prohibited and declared void in this state[;] under
3577	Subsection $[\frac{30-1-2(1)}{(a)}] \frac{81-2-403(1)(a)}{(a)}$; or
3578	(2) <u>the marriage is</u> between parties who are related to each other within and including
3579	three degrees of consanguinity, except as provided in Subsection $[30-1-1(2)]$ <u>81-2-402(2)</u> .
3580	Section 91. Section 81-2-408 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-4.5 is
3581	renumbered and amended to read:
3582	[30-1-4.5]. <u>81-2-408.</u> Validity of marriage not solemnized or solemnized before
3583	an unauthorized individual.
3584	(1) A marriage [which] that is not solemnized according to this chapter [shall be] is
3585	legal and valid if a court or administrative order establishes that the marriage arises out of a
3586	contract between [a man and a woman] two individuals who:
3587	(a) are of legal age and capable of giving consent;
3588	(b) are legally capable of entering a solemnized marriage under the provisions of this
3589	chapter;
3590	(c) have cohabited;
3591	(d) mutually assume marital rights, duties, and obligations; and
3592	(e) who hold themselves out as and have acquired a uniform and general reputation as

3593	[husband and wife] spouses.
3594	(2) (a) A petition for an unsolemnized marriage shall be filed during the relationship
3595	described in Subsection (1), or within one year following the termination of that relationship.
3596	(b) Evidence of a marriage recognizable under this section may be:
3597	(i) manifested in any form[, and may be]; and
3598	(ii) proved under the same general rules of evidence as facts in other cases.
3599	(3) (a) A marriage solemnized before an individual professing to have authority to
3600	perform marriages may not be invalidated for lack of authority if consummated in the belief of
3601	the parties or either party that the person had authority and that the parties have been lawfully
3602	married.
3603	(b) Subsection (3)(a) may not be construed to validate a marriage that is prohibited or
3604	void under Section 81-2-403.
3605	Section 92. Section 81-2-409, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-3 is renumbered
3606	and amended to read:
3607	[30-1-3]. <u>81-2-409.</u> Legal recognition of a child when marriage is void.
3608	When a marriage is void under Subsection $\left[\frac{30-1-2(1)(a)}{a}\right] \frac{81-2-403(1)(a)}{a}$ and the parties
3609	entered into the marriage in good faith, a child of the marriage, who is born or conceived
3610	before the parties had actual knowledge that the marriage was void, shall be legally recognized
3611	as the child of the parties.
3612	Section 93. Section 81-3-101 is enacted to read:
3613	CHAPTER 3. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS DURING MARRIAGE
3614	Part 1. Property Rights
3615	<u>81-3-101.</u> Definitions for part.
3616	Reserved.
3617	Section 94. Section 81-3-102, which is renumbered from Section 30-2-2 is renumbered
3618	and amended to read:
3619	[30-2-2]. <u>81-3-102.</u> Married individual's right to contract, sue, and be sued.
3620	[Contracts may be made by a wife, and liabilities incurred and enforced by or against
3621	her, to the same extent and in the same manner as if she were unmarried.] A married individual
3622	may contract, sue, or be sued, to the same extent and in the same manner as if the individual
3623	was unmarried.

3624	Section 95. Section 81-3-103, which is renumbered from Section 30-2-3 is renumbered
3625	and amended to read:
3626	[30-2-3]. <u>81-3-103.</u> Conveyances between spouses.
3627	A conveyance, transfer, or lien executed by [either husband or wife] an individual, to or
3628	in favor of the [other shall be] individual's spouse is valid to the same extent as between other
3629	persons.
3630	Section 96. Section 81-3-104 , which is renumbered from Section 30-2-4 is renumbered
3631	and amended to read:
3632	[30-2-4]. <u>81-3-104.</u> Married individual's right to wages Actions for
3633	personal injury.
3634	(1) A [wife] married individual may:
3635	(a) receive the wages for [her] the individual's personal labor[;] as if unmarried;
3636	(b) maintain an action [therefor in her] in the individual's own name and hold the same
3637	in [her] the individual's own right[, and may] as if unmarried; and
3638	(c) prosecute and defend all actions for the preservation and protection of [her] the
3639	individual's rights and property as if unmarried.
3640	(2) [There shall be no right of recovery by the husband] A husband does not have a
3641	right of recovery:
3642	(a) on account of personal injury or wrong to [his wife, or] the husband's wife; or
3643	(b) for expenses connected [therewith, but the wife] with the personal injury or wrong
3644	to the husband's wife.
3645	(3) (a) A wife may recover against a third person for [such injury or wrong] a personal
3646	injury or wrong to the wife as if unmarried[, and such].
3647	(b) A recovery shall include expenses of medical treatment and other expenses paid or
3648	assumed by the husband.
3649	Section 97. Section 81-3-105 , which is renumbered from Section 30-2-5 is renumbered
3650	and amended to read:
3651	[30-2-5]. <u>81-3-105.</u> Separate debts.
3652	(1) [Neither spouse is] A married individual is not personally liable for the separate
3653	debts, obligations, or liabilities of the [other] individual's spouse that are:
3654	(a) contracted or incurred before marriage;

3655	(b) contracted or incurred during marriage, except family expenses as provided in
3656	Section [30-2-9] <u>81-3-109;</u>
3657	(c) contracted or incurred after divorce or an order for separate maintenance under [this
3658	title, except the spouse is personally liable for that portion of the expenses incurred on behalf
3659	of a minor child for reasonable and necessary medical and dental expenses, and other similar
3660	necessities as provided in a court order under Section 30-3-5, 30-4-3, or 78B-12-212, or an
3661	administrative order under Section 26B-9-224] Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage, except that
3662	the individual is personally liable for any support ordered by a court as described in Chapter 6,
3663	Child Support, or an administrative agency as described in Title 26B, Chapter 9, Recovery
3664	Services and Administration of Child Support; or
3665	(d) ordered by the court to be paid by the [other] individual's spouse under [Section
3666	30-3-5 or 30-4-3] Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage, and not in conflict with Section 15-4-6.5
3667	or 15-4-6.7.
3668	(2) [The] A creditor of a married individual may not reach the wages, earnings,
3669	property, rents, or other income of [one spouse may not be reached by a creditor of the other
3670	spouse] the individual's spouse to satisfy a debt, obligation, or liability [of the other spouse, as
3671	described] of the individual under Subsection (1).
3672	Section 98. Section 81-3-106, which is renumbered from Section 30-2-6 is renumbered
3673	and amended to read:
3674	[30-2-6]. <u>81-3-106.</u> Actions based on property rights.
3675	[Should the husband or wife obtain] If a married individual obtains possession or
3676	control of property belonging to the [other] individual's spouse before or after marriage, the
3677	owner of the property may maintain an action therefor, or for any right growing out of the
3678	same, in the same manner and to the same extent as if [they were] the individual was
3679	unmarried.
3680	Section 99. Section 81-3-107, which is renumbered from Section 30-2-7 is renumbered
3681	and amended to read:
3682	[30-2-7]. <u>81-3-107.</u> Liability for spouse's torts.
3683	[For civil injuries committed by a married woman damages may be recovered from her
3684	alone, and her husband]
3685	(1) If a married individual is held liable in a civil action, the plaintiff may recover

3686	damages from the individual alone.
3687	(2) The spouse of the individual described in Subsection (1) may not be held liable [for
3688	those civil injuries] in the civil action, except in [cases where he would be jointly liable with
3689	her] an action where the spouse would be jointly liable with the individual if the marriage did
3690	not exist.
3691	Section 100. Section 81-3-108, which is renumbered from Section 30-2-8 is
3692	renumbered and amended to read:
3693	[30-2-8]. <u>81-3-108.</u> Agency between spouses.
3694	A [husband or wife] married individual may:
3695	(1) constitute the [other his or her] attorney in fact to control and dispose of [his or her
3696	property for their mutual benefit] the property of the individual's spouse for the mutual benefit
3697	of the individual and the individual's spouse or otherwise[, and may]; and
3698	(2) revoke the appointment the same as other persons.
3699	Section 101. Section 81-3-109, which is renumbered from Section 30-2-9 is
3700	renumbered and amended to read:
3701	[30-2-9]. <u>81-3-109.</u> Family expenses Joint and several liability.
3702	[(1) The expenses of the family and the education of the children are chargeable upon
3703	the property of both spouses or of either of them separately, for which expenses they may be
3704	sued jointly or separately.]
3705	(1) As used in this section:
3706	(a) "Family expenses" means expenses incurred that benefit and promote the family
3707	unit.
3708	(b) "Family expenses" do not include items purchased in accordance with a written
3709	contract or agreement during the marriage that do not relate to the expenses described in
3710	Subsection (1)(a).
3711	(2) (a) A married individual, and the married individual's property, is chargeable for
3712	family expenses and expenses for the education of a minor child.
3713	(b) A married individual may be sued separately or jointly with the individual's spouse
3714	for the expenses described in Subsection (2)(a).
3715	[(2)] (3) For the expenses described in Subsection $[(1),]$ (2), where there is a written
3716	agreement signed by [either] a spouse that allows for the recovery of agreed upon amounts, a

3717	creditor or an assignee or successor in interest of the creditor is entitled to recover the
3718	contractually allowed amounts against both spouses, jointly and severally.
3719	[(3)] (4) Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) applies to all contracts and agreements under this section
3720	entered into by [either] a spouse during the time the parties are married and living together.
3721	[(4) For the purposes of this section, family expenses are considered expenses incurred
3722	that benefit and promote the family unit. Items purchased pursuant to a written contract or
3723	agreement during the marriage that do not relate to family expenses are not covered by this
3724	section.]
3725	(5) The provisions of Subsections [(2) and (3)] (3) and (4) do not create a right to
3726	attorney's fees or collection fees as to the nonsigning spouse for purchases of:
3727	(a) food or clothing; or
3728	(b) home improvements or repairs over \$5,000.
3729	Section 102. Section 81-3-110 , which is renumbered from Section 30-2-10 is
3730	renumbered and amended to read:
3731	[30-2-10]. <u>81-3-110.</u> Homestead rights Custody of a minor child.
3732	[Neither the husband nor wife can remove the other or their children]
3733	(1) A married individual may not remove the individual's spouse or minor child from
3734	the homestead without the consent of the [other] individual's spouse, unless the owner of the
3735	property shall in good faith provide another homestead suitable to the condition in life of the
3736	family[; and if a husband or wife abandons his or her spouse, that spouse] .
3737	(2) If a married individual abandons the individual's spouse, the individual's spouse is
3738	entitled to the custody of [the minor children] a minor child, unless a court [of competent
3739	jurisdiction shall otherwise direct] with jurisdiction orders otherwise.
3740	Section 103. Section 81-3-111, which is renumbered from Section 30-2-11 is
3741	renumbered and amended to read:
3742	[30-2-11]. <u>81-3-111.</u> Action for consortium due to personal injury.
3743	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this section:
3744	(a) ["injury"] "Injury" or "injured" means a significant permanent injury to [a person]
3745	an individual that substantially changes that [person's] individual's lifestyle [and includes the
3746	following], including:
3747	(i) a partial or complete paralysis of one or more of the extremities;

3748	(ii) significant disfigurement; or
3749	(iii) incapability of the [person] individual of performing the types of jobs the [person]
3750	individual performed before the injury[; and].
3751	(b) ["spouse"] "Spouse" means the legal relationship:
3752	(i) established between [a man and a woman] two individuals as recognized by the
3753	laws of this state; and
3754	(ii) existing at the time of the person's injury.
3755	(2) The spouse of [a person] an individual injured by a third party on or after May 4,
3756	1997, may maintain an action against the third party to recover for loss of consortium.
3757	(3) A claim for loss of consortium begins on the date of injury to the spouse.
3758	(4) The statute of limitations applicable to the injured [person] individual shall also
3759	apply to the spouse's claim of loss of consortium.
3760	[(4)] (5) A claim for the spouse's loss of consortium shall be:
3761	(a) made at the time the claim of the injured person is made and joinder of actions shall
3762	be compulsory; and
3763	(b) subject to the same defenses, limitations, immunities, and provisions applicable to
3764	the claims of the injured [person] individual.
3765	[(5)] (6) The spouse's action for loss of consortium:
3766	(a) shall be derivative from the cause of action existing [in] on behalf of the injured
3767	[person] individual; and
3768	(b) may not exist in cases where the injured [person] individual would not have a cause
3769	of action.
3770	[(6)] (7) Fault of the spouse of the injured [person] individual, as well as fault of the
3771	injured [person] individual, shall be compared with the fault of all other parties, pursuant to
3772	Sections 78B-5-817 through 78B-5-823, for purposes of reducing or barring any recovery by
3773	the spouse for loss of consortium.
3774	[(7)] (8) Damages awarded for loss of consortium, when combined with any award to
3775	the injured [person] individual for general damages, may not exceed any applicable statutory
3776	limit on noneconomic damages, including Section 78B-3-410.
3777	[(8)] (9) Damages awarded for loss of consortium which a governmental entity is
3778	required to pay, when combined with any award to the injured [person] individual which a

3779	governmental entity is required to pay, may not exceed the liability limit for one [person]
3780	individual in any one occurrence under Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity Act of
3781	Utah.
3782	Section 104. Section 81-3-201, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-2 is
3783	renumbered and amended to read:
3784	Part 2. Uniform Premarital Agreement Act
3785	[30-8-2]. <u>81-3-201.</u> Definitions for part.
3786	As used in this [chapter] part:
3787	(1) "Premarital agreement" means an agreement between prospective spouses made in
3788	contemplation of marriage and to be effective upon marriage.
3789	(2) "Property" means an interest, present or future, legal or equitable, vested or
3790	contingent, in real or personal property, including income and earnings.
3791	Section 105. Section 81-3-202, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-3 is
3792	renumbered and amended to read:
3793	[30-8-3]. <u>81-3-202.</u> Writing Signature required.
3794	(1) A premarital agreement shall be in writing and signed by both parties.
3795	(2) [It] A premarital agreement is enforceable without consideration.
3796	Section 106. Section 81-3-203, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-4 is
3797	renumbered and amended to read:
3798	[30-8-4]. <u>81-3-203.</u> Content.
3799	(1) Parties to a premarital agreement may contract with respect to:
3800	(a) the rights and obligations of each of the parties in any of the property of either or
3801	both of them whenever and wherever acquired or located;
3802	(b) the right to buy, sell, use, transfer, exchange, abandon, lease, consume, expend,
3803	assign, create a security interest in, mortgage, encumber, dispose of, or otherwise manage and
3804	control property;
3805	(c) the disposition of property upon separation, marital dissolution, death, or the
3806	occurrence or nonoccurrence of any other event;
3807	(d) the modification or elimination of spousal support;
3808	(e) the ownership rights in and disposition of the death benefit from a life insurance
3809	policy;

3810 (f) the choice of law governing the construction of the agreement, except that a court 3811 [of competent jurisdiction] with jurisdiction may apply the law of the legal domicile of either 3812 party, if it is fair and equitable; and 3813 (g) any other matter, including their personal rights and obligations, not in violation of 3814 public policy or a statute imposing a criminal penalty. 3815 (2) The right of a child, as defined in Section 81-6-101, to support, health and medical 3816 provider expenses, medical insurance, and child care coverage may not be affected by a 3817 premarital agreement. 3818 Section 107. Section 81-3-204, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-5 is 3819 renumbered and amended to read: 3820 [30-8-5]. 81-3-204. Effect of marriage -- Amendment -- Revocation. 3821 (1) A premarital agreement becomes effective upon marriage. 3822 (2) (a) After marriage, a premarital agreement may be amended or revoked only by a 3823 written agreement signed by the parties. 3824 (b) The amended agreement or the revocation is enforceable without consideration. 3825 Section 108. Section 81-3-205, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-6 is 3826 renumbered and amended to read: 3827 [30-8-6]. 81-3-205. Enforcement. 3828 (1) A premarital agreement is not enforceable if the party against whom enforcement is 3829 sought proves that: 3830 (a) that party did not execute the agreement voluntarily; or 3831 (b) the agreement was fraudulent when [it] the agreement was executed and, before 3832 execution of the agreement, that party: 3833 (i) was not provided a reasonable disclosure of the property or financial obligations of 3834 the other party insofar as was possible; 3835 (ii) did not voluntarily and expressly waive, in writing, any right to disclosure of the 3836 property or financial obligations of the other party beyond the disclosure provided; and 3837 (iii) did not have, or reasonably could not have had, an adequate knowledge of the 3838 property or financial obligations of the other party. (2) If a provision of a premarital agreement modifies or eliminates spousal support and 3839 3840 that modification or elimination causes one party to the agreement to be eligible for support

under a program of public assistance at the time of separation or marital dissolution, a court,

- notwithstanding the terms of the agreement, may require the other party to provide support tothe extent necessary to avoid that eligibility.
- 3844 (3) An issue of fraud of a premarital agreement shall be decided by the court as a3845 matter of law.

3846 Section 109. Section **81-3-206**, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-7 is

3847 renumbered and amended to read:

3848 [30-8-7]. <u>81-3-206.</u> Enforcement -- Void marriage.

- 3849 If a marriage is determined to be void, an agreement that would otherwise have been a 3850 premarital agreement is enforceable only to the extent necessary to avoid an inequitable result.
- 3851 Section 110. Section **81-3-207**, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-8 is
- 3852 renumbered and amended to read:
- 3853 [30-8-8]. <u>81-3-207.</u> Limitations of actions.
- 3854 Any statute of limitations applicable to an action asserting a claim for relief under a 3855 premarital agreement is tolled during the marriage of the parties to the agreement.
- 3856 Section 111. Section **81-3-208**, which is renumbered from Section 30-8-9 is
- 3857 renumbered and amended to read:
- 3858 [30-8-9]. <u>81-3-208.</u> Application and construction.
- This [act] part shall be applied and construed to effectuate [its] the part's general purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the subject of this [act] part among states enacting [it] this uniform law.
- 3862 Section 112. Section **81-4-101** is enacted to read:
- 3863 CHAPTER 4. DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE
 3864 Part 1. General Provisions
 3865 <u>81-4-101.</u> Definitions for chapter.
 3866 As used in this chapter:
 3867 (1) "Alimony" means financial support made to a spouse or former spouse for the
 3868 support and maintenance of that spouse.
- 3869 (2) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
- 3870 Section 113. Section **81-4-102**, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-17.4 is
- 3871 renumbered and amended to read:

3872	[30-1-17.4]. <u>81-4-102.</u> Action for annulment or divorce as alternative relief.
3873	Nothing [herein] in this chapter shall be construed to prevent the filing of an action
3874	requesting an annulment or a divorce as alternative relief.
3875	Section 114. Section 81-4-103, which is renumbered from Section 30-4a-1 is
3876	renumbered and amended to read:
3877	[30-4a-1]. <u>81-4-103.</u> Nunc pro tunc order by court.
3878	[A court having jurisdiction may, upon its] Upon a court's finding of good cause and
3879	giving of such notice as may be ordered, the court may enter an order nunc pro tunc in a matter
3880	relating to marriage, divorce, legal separation, or annulment of marriage.
3881	Section 115. Section 81-4-104, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-4.5 is
3882	renumbered and amended to read:
3883	[30-3-4.5]. <u>81-4-104.</u> Temporary separation order.
3884	(1) [A petitioner] An individual may file an action for a temporary separation order,
3885	without filing a petition for divorce, by filing a petition for temporary separation and motion
3886	for temporary orders if:
3887	(a) the [petitioner] individual is lawfully married to the [respondent] individual from
3888	whom the separation is sought; and
3889	(b) both parties are residents of the state for at least 90 days [prior to the date of filing]
3890	before the day on which the action is filed.
3891	(2) The temporary orders are valid for one year [from the date of the hearing,] after the
3892	day on which the hearing for the order is held or until one of the following occurs:
3893	(a) a petition for divorce is filed and consolidated with the petition for temporary
3894	separation; or
3895	(b) the case is dismissed.
3896	(3) If a petition for divorce is filed and consolidated with the petition for temporary
3897	separation, orders entered in the temporary separation shall continue in the consolidated case.
3898	(4) (a) [Both] If the parties have a minor child, the parties shall attend the divorce
3899	orientation course described in Section [30-3-11.4] 81-4-105 within:
3900	(i) 60 days of the filing of the petition, for the petitioner[, and within]; and
3901	(ii) 45 days of being served, for the respondent.
3902	(b) The clerk of the court shall provide notice to the petitioner of the requirement for

3903	the divorce orientation course.
3904	(c) The petition shall include information regarding the divorce orientation course
3905	when the petition is served on the respondent.
3906	(d) Except for a temporary restraining order under Rule 65 of the Utah Rules of Civil
3907	Procedure, a party may file, but the court may not hear, a motion for an order related to the
3908	petition for temporary separation, until the moving party completes the divorce orientation
3909	course.
3910	(e) The court may waive the requirement for the parties to attend the mandatory
3911	courses under this Subsection (4), on the court's own motion or on the motion of one of the
3912	parties, if the court determines course attendance and completion are not necessary,
3913	appropriate, feasible, or in the best interest of the parties.
3914	(5) The petitioner shall serve the petition for a temporary separation order in
3915	accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
3916	(6) If a party files for divorce within one year after the day on which the petition for
3917	temporary separation is filed, the filing fee for a petition for temporary separation shall be
3918	credited towards the filing fee for a divorce.
3919	[(5) Service shall be made upon respondent, together with a 20-day summons, in
3920	accordance with the rules of civil procedure.]
3921	[(6) The fee for filing the petition for temporary separation orders is \$35. If either
3922	party files a petition for divorce within one year from the date of filing the petition for
3923	temporary separation, the separation filing fee shall be credited towards the filing fee for the
3924	divorce.]
3925	Section 116. Section 81-4-105 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-11.4 is
3926	renumbered and amended to read:
3927	[30-3-11.4]. <u>81-4-105.</u> Mandatory orientation course for divorcing parties.
3928	(1) (a) There is established a mandatory divorce orientation course for all parties with
3929	[minor children] <u>a minor child</u> who file a petition for temporary separation or for a divorce. [A
3930	couple with no minor children is not required, but may choose to attend the course.]
3931	(b) The purpose of the course is to educate parties about the divorce process and
3932	reasonable alternatives.
3933	[(2) A petitioner shall attend a divorce orientation course no more than 60 days after

3934	filing a petition for divorce.]
3935	[(3) (a) With the exception of a temporary restraining order pursuant to Rule 65, Utah
3936	Rules of Civil Procedure, a party may file, but the court may not hear, a motion for an order
3937	related to the divorce or petition for temporary separation, until the moving party completes the
3938	divorce orientation course.]
3939	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), both parties shall attend a divorce orientation
3940	course before a divorce decree may be entered, unless waived by the court under Section
3941	30-3-4.]
3942	[(4) The respondent shall attend the divorce orientation course no more than 30 days
3943	after being served with a petition for divorce.]
3944	[(5) The clerk of the court shall provide notice to a petitioner of the requirement for the
3945	course, and information regarding the course shall be included with the petition or motion,
3946	when served on the respondent.]
3947	[(6)] (2) The divorce orientation course shall be neutral, unbiased, at least one hour in
3948	duration, and include:
3949	(a) options available as alternatives to divorce;
3950	(b) resources available from courts and administrative agencies for resolving custody
3951	and support issues without filing for divorce;
3952	(c) resources available to improve or strengthen the marriage;
3953	(d) a discussion of the positive and negative consequences of divorce;
3954	(e) a discussion of the process of divorce;
3955	(f) options available for proceeding with a divorce, including:
3956	(i) mediation;
3957	(ii) collaborative law; and
3958	(iii) litigation; and
3959	(g) a discussion of post-divorce resources.
3960	[(7)] (3) The course may be provided in conjunction with the mandatory course for
3961	divorcing parents required by Section [30-3-11.3] 81-4-106.
3962	[(8)] (4) (a) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer the course
3963	pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, through private or public contracts.
3964	(b) The contracts shall provide for the recoupment of administrative expenses through

3965	the costs charged to individual parties as described in Subsection (6).
3966	[(9)] (5) The course may be through live instruction, video instruction, or through an
3967	online provider.
3968	[(10)] (a) A participant shall pay the costs of the course, which may not exceed \$30,
3969	to the independent contractor providing the course at the time and place of the course.
3970	(b) A petitioner who attends a live instruction course within 30 days of filing may not
3971	be charged more than \$15 for the course.
3972	(c) A respondent who attends a live instruction course within 30 days of being served
3973	with a petition for divorce or temporary separation order may not be charged more than \$15 for
3974	the course.
3975	(d) A fee of \$5 shall be collected, as part of the course fee paid by each participant, and
3976	deposited in the Children's Legal Defense Account described in Section 51-9-408.
3977	(e) Each party who is unable to pay the costs of the course may attend the course
3978	without payment upon a prima facie showing of indigency as evidenced by an affidavit of
3979	indigency filed in the district court in accordance with Section 78A-2-302. [The independent
3980	contractor shall be reimbursed for the independent contractor's costs by the Administrative
3981	Office of the Courts.]
3982	(f) A petitioner who is later determined not to meet the qualifications for indigency
3983	may be ordered to pay the costs of the course.
3984	[(11) Appropriations from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts
3985	for the divorce orientation course shall be used]
3986	(7) (a) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall reimburse an independent
3987	contractor that administers the mandatory orientation courts for the independent contractor's
3988	<u>costs.</u>
3989	(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall use appropriations from the
3990	Children's Legal Defense Account to pay the costs of an indigent [petitioner who is determined
3991	to be indigent as provided in Subsection (10)(e)] individual who makes a showing as described
3992	in Subsection (6) to attend the mandatory orientation course under this section.
3993	[(12)] (8) The Online Court Assistance Program shall include instructions with the
3994	forms for divorce that inform the petitioner of the requirement of this section.
3995	[(13)] (9) A certificate of completion constitutes evidence to the court of course

- 3996 completion by the parties.
- 3997 [(14)] (10) It [shall be] is an affirmative defense in all divorce actions that the divorce
 3998 orientation requirement was not complied with[-] and the action may not continue until a party
 3999 has complied.
- 4000 [(15)] (11) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall:
- 4001 (a) adopt a program to evaluate the effectiveness of the mandatory educational course

4002 [. Progress reports shall be provided if requested by the Judiciary Interim Committee.]; and

- 4003 (b) provide progress reports to the Judiciary Interim Committee if requested.
- 4004 Section 117. Section **81-4-106**, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-11.3 is 4005 renumbered and amended to read:
- 4006 [30-3-11.3]. <u>81-4-106.</u> Mandatory educational course for divorcing parents.
 4007 (1) (a) The Judicial Council shall approve and implement a mandatory <u>educational</u>
- 4008 course for divorcing parents in all judicial districts.
- 4009 (b) The mandatory <u>educational</u> course is designed to educate and sensitize divorcing
 4010 parties to their [children's] <u>minor child's</u> needs both during and after the divorce process.
- 4011 (2) The Judicial Council shall adopt rules to implement and administer this program.
- 4012 [(3) (a) As a prerequisite to receiving a divorce decree, both parties are required to

4013 attend a mandatory course on their children's needs after filing a complaint for divorce and

- 4014 receiving a docket number, unless waived under Section 30-3-4. If that requirement is waived,
- 4015 the court may permit the divorce action to proceed.]
- 4016[(b) With the exception of a temporary restraining order pursuant to Rule 65, Utah4017Rules of Civil Procedure, a party may file, but the court may not hear, a motion for an order4018related to the divorce until the moving party completes the mandatory educational course for
- 4019 divorcing parents required by this section.]
- 4020 [(4) The court may require unmarried parents to attend this educational course when
 4021 those parents are involved in a visitation or custody proceeding before the court.]
- 4022 [(5)] (3) The mandatory <u>educational</u> course shall instruct both parties:
- 4023 (a) about divorce and its impacts on:
- 4024 (i) their [child or children] minor child;
- 4025 (ii) their family relationship; and
- 4026 (iii) their financial responsibilities for [their child or children] their minor child; and

4027 (b) that domestic violence has a harmful effect on [children] a minor child and family 4028 relationships. 4029 [(6)] (4) (a) The course may be provided through live instruction, video instruction, or 4030 an online provider. 4031 (b) The online and video options must be formatted as interactive presentations that 4032 ensure active participation and learning by the parent. 4033 $\left[\frac{(7)}{2}\right]$ (5) (a) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer the course 4034 [pursuant to] in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, through 4035 private or public contracts and organize the program in each of Utah's judicial districts. 4036 (b) The contracts shall provide for the recoupment of administrative expenses through 4037 the costs charged to individual parties[, pursuant to Subsection (9)] as described in Subsection 4038 (7). [(8)] (6) A certificate of completion constitutes evidence to the court of course 4039 4040 completion by the parties. $\left[\frac{(9)}{(2)}\right]$ (7) (a) Each party shall pay the costs of the course to the independent contractor 4041 4042 providing the course at the time and place of the course. (b) A fee of \$8 shall be collected, as part of the course fee paid by each participant, and 4043 4044 deposited in the Children's Legal Defense Account[-] described in Section 51-9-408. 4045 [(b)] (c) Each party who is unable to pay the costs of the course may attend the course 4046 without payment upon a prima facie showing of indigency as evidenced by an affidavit of 4047 indigency filed in the district court in accordance with Section 78A-2-302. [In those situations, 4048 the independent contractor shall be reimbursed for the independent contractor's costs from the 4049 appropriation to the Administrative Office of the Courts for "Mandatory Educational Course 4050 for Divorcing Parents Program."] 4051 (d) Before a decree of divorce may be entered, the court shall make a final review and 4052 determination of indigency and may order the payment of the costs if so determined. 4053 (10) Appropriations from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts 4054 for the "Mandatory Educational Course for Divorcing Parents Program" shall be used] 4055 (8) (a) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall reimburse an independent 4056 contractor that administers the mandatory educational course for the independent contractor's 4057 costs.

4058	(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall use appropriations from the
4059	Children's Legal Defense Account to pay the costs of an indigent parent who makes a showing
4060	as [provided in Subsection (9)(b)] described in Subsection (7) to attend the mandatory
4061	educational course under this section.
4062	[(11)] (9) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall:
4063	(a) adopt a program to evaluate the effectiveness of the mandatory educational course[-
4064	Progress reports shall be provided if requested by the Judiciary Interim Committee.]; and
4065	(b) provide progress reports to the Judiciary Interim Committee if requested.
4066	Section 118. Section 81-4-201 is enacted to read:
4067	Part 2. Separate Maintenance
4068	81-4-201. Definitions for part.
4069	As used in this part:
4070	(1) "Petitioner" means an individual who brings a petition for separate maintenance.
4071	(2) "Respondent" means the individual against whom a petition for separate
4072	maintenance is brought.
4073	Section 119. Section 81-4-202, which is renumbered from Section 30-4-1 is
4074	renumbered and amended to read:
4075	[30-4-1]. <u>81-4-202.</u> Petition for separate maintenance Grounds.
4076	[Whenever a resident of this state:]
4077	(1) A married individual may bring a petition seeking separate maintenance from the
4078	married individual's spouse if:
4079	(a) the married individual's spouse is a resident of this state; and
4080	(b) the married individual's spouse:
4081	[(1)] (i) deserts [a spouse] the married individual without good and sufficient cause;
4082	[(2)] (ii) being of sufficient ability to provide support, neglects or refuses to properly
4083	provide for and suitably maintain [that spouse] the married individual;
4084	[(3)] (iii) [having property within this state and the spouse being a resident of this state,
4085	so deserts or neglects or refuses to provide such support] has property within this state and
4086	deserts, neglects or refuses to provide support to the married individual; or
4087	[(4)] (iv) [where a married person without that person's fault lives separate and apart
4088	from that spouse, the district court shall, on the filing of a complaint, allot, assign, set apart and

4089	decree as alimony the use of the real and personal estate or earnings of the deserting spouse as
4090	the court may determine appropriate] lives separate and apart from the married individual
4091	without any fault to the married individual.
4092	(2) If a petition is filed under Subsection (1), the court shall allot, assign, set apart, and
4093	decree as alimony the use of the real and personal estate or earnings of the respondent as the
4094	court may determine is appropriate.
4095	(3) During the pendency of the action, the court may require the [deserting spouse]
4096	<u>respondent</u> to pay a sum as provided in Section $[30-3-3]$ <u>81-1-203</u> .
4097	Section 120. Section 81-4-203, which is renumbered from Section 30-4-2 is
4098	renumbered and amended to read:
4099	[30-4-2]. <u>81-4-203.</u> Venue Procedure.
4100	[In all actions brought hereunder the proceedings and practice shall be the same as near
4101	as may be as in actions for divorce; but the action may be brought in any county where the wife
4102	or the husband may be found.]
4103	(1) Notwithstanding Title 78B, Chapter 3a, Venue for Civil Actions, a petitioner shall
4104	bring an action under this part in any county in which the petitioner or respondent is found.
4105	(2) An action under this part shall proceed in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil
4106	Procedure.
4107	Section 121. Section 81-4-204, which is renumbered from Section 30-4-3 is
4108	renumbered and amended to read:
4109	[30-4-3]. <u>81-4-204.</u> Custody and maintenance of children Property and
4110	debt division Support payments.
4111	(1) [In all actions brought under this chapter] In an action under this part, the court may
4112	by order or decree:
4113	(a) provide for the care, custody, and maintenance of [the minor children] a minor child
4114	of the parties [and may determine with which of the parties the children or any of them shall
4115	remain];
4116	(b) (i) provide for support of [either] \underline{a} spouse and the support of [the minor children] \underline{a}
4117	minor child remaining with that spouse;
4118	(ii) provide how and when support payments [shall be] are made; and
4119	(iii) provide that [either] a spouse have a lien upon the property of the other spouse to

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4120	secure payment of the support or maintenance obligation;
4121	(c) award to [either] \underline{a} spouse the possession of any real or personal property of the
4122	other spouse or acquired by the spouses during the marriage; [or]
4123	(d) specify which party is responsible for the payment of joint debts, obligations, or
4124	liabilities of the parties contracted or incurred during marriage in accordance with Section
4125	<u>15-4-6.5;</u>
4126	(e) require the parties to notify respective creditors or obligees regarding the court's
4127	division of debts, obligations, or liabilities and regarding the parties' separate and current
4128	addresses in accordance with Section 15-4-6.5; or
4129	(f) provide for the enforcement of the orders described in Subsections (1)(d) and (e).
4130	[(d) pursuant to Section 15-4-6.5:]
4131	[(i) specify which party is responsible for the payment of joint debts, obligations, or
4132	liabilities contracted or incurred by the parties during the marriage;]
4133	[(ii) require the parties to notify respective creditors or obligees regarding the court's
4134	division of debts, obligations, and liabilities and regarding the parties' separate, current
4135	addresses; and]
4136	[(iii) provide for the enforcement of these orders.]
4137	(2) [The orders and decrees] A court may enforce an order or decree under this section
4138	[may be enforced]:
4139	(a) by sale of any property of the spouse [or by];
4140	(b) by contempt proceedings [or otherwise as may be necessary.]; or
4141	(c) as is otherwise necessary.
4142	(3) The court may:
4143	(a) change the support or maintenance of a party from time to time according to
4144	circumstances[, and may]; or
4145	(b) terminate altogether any obligation upon satisfactory proof of voluntary and
4146	permanent reconciliation.
4147	(4) An order or decree of support or maintenance [shall in every case be] described in
4148	this part is valid only during the joint lives of [the husband and wife] the parties.
4149	Section 122. Section 81-4-205, which is renumbered from Section 30-4-4 is
4150	renumbered and amended to read:

4151	[30-4-4]. <u>81-4-205.</u> Restraining disposal of property.
4152	[At the time of filing the complaint mentioned in Section 30-4-1]
4153	(1) At the time of the filing of a petition described in Section 81-4-202, or at any time
4154	subsequent [thereto, the plaintiff] to the filing of the petition, a party may procure from the
4155	court, and file with the county recorder of any county in the state in which the [defendant] other
4156	party may own real estate, an order enjoining and restraining the [defendant] other party from
4157	disposing of or encumbering the [same] real estate or any portion [thereof, describing such] of
4158	the real estate.
4159	(2) The party shall describe the real estate with reasonable certainty[, and from the time
4160	of filing such order the property described therein shall be charged with a lien in favor of the
4161	plaintiff to the extent of any judgment which may be rendered in the action.] in a filing
4162	described in Subsection (1).
4163	(3) From the time in which a party receives a court order described in Subsection (1),
4164	the party has a lien in favor of the party to the extent of any judgment that is rendered in an
4165	action under this part.
4166	Section 123. Section 81-4-206, which is renumbered from Section 30-4-5 is
4167	renumbered and amended to read:
4168	[30-4-5]. <u>81-4-206.</u> Rights and remedies Imprisonment of spouse.
4169	[Like rights and remedies shall be extended to either husband or wife on the
4170	imprisonment of the other in the state prison under a sentence of one year or more when
4171	suitable provision has not been made for the support of the one not so imprisoned.] If a party to
4172	an action for separate maintenance is imprisoned in the state prison for a sentence of one year
4173	or more and a suitable provision of support has not been made for the other party, the rights
4174	and remedies of this part shall be extended to the party that is not imprisoned.
4175	Section 124. Section 81-4-301 is enacted to read:
4176	Part 3. Annulment
4177	<u>81-4-301.</u> Definitions for part.
4178	As used in this part:
4179	(1) "Petitioner" means an individual who brings a petition for an annulment.
4180	(2) "Respondent" means the individual against whom a petition for an annulment is
4181	brought.

4182	Section 125. Section 81-4-302 , which is renumbered from Section 30-1-17.1 is
4183	renumbered and amended to read:
4184	[30-1-17.1]. <u>81-4-302.</u> Annulment Grounds.
4185	[A marriage may be annulled] A court may annul a marriage for any of the following
4186	causes existing at the time of the marriage:
4187	[(1) When the marriage is prohibited or void under Title 30, Chapter 1, Marriage.]
4188	(1) when the marriage is prohibited or void under Title 81, Chapter 2, Part 4, Validity
4189	of Marriage; or
4190	(2) [Upon] upon grounds existing at common law.
4191	Section 126. Section 81-4-303, which is renumbered from Section 30-1-17 is
4192	renumbered and amended to read:
4193	[30-1-17]. <u>81-4-303.</u> Petition for annulment Venue Judgment on validity
4194	of marriage.
4195	(1) (a) When there is doubt as to the validity of a marriage, [either party may, in a court
4196	of equity in a county where either party is domiciled,] a party to the marriage may bring a
4197	petition for annulment to demand avoidance or affirmance of the marriage[, but when].
4198	(b) If one of the parties was under 18 years old at the time of the marriage, the other
4199	party, being of proper age at the time of the marriage, [does not have a proceeding for that
4200	cause] may not bring a petition for annulment against the party who was under 18 years old.
4201	(2) A petitioner may bring a petition for annulment in any county where the petitioner
4202	or respondent is domiciled.
4203	(3) (a) If a petition for annulment is filed upon the ground that one or both of the
4204	parties were prohibited from marriage because of the age of the parties, the court may refuse to
4205	grant the annulment if the court finds that it is in the best interest of the parties, or a child of the
4206	parties, to refuse the annulment.
4207	(b) The refusal to annul under Subsection (3)(a) makes the marriage valid and
4208	subsisting for all purposes.
4209	(4) If the parties have accumulated any property or acquired any obligations subsequent
4210	to the marriage, if there is a genuine need arising from an economic change of circumstances
4211	due to the marriage, or if there is a minor child born or expected, the court may make
4212	temporary and final orders, and subsequently modify the orders, as may be equitable, in regards

4213	<u>to:</u>
4214	(a) the property and obligations of the parties;
4215	(b) the support and maintenance of the parties and a minor child of the parties; and
4216	(c) the custody and parent-time for a minor child of the parties.
4217	(5) [The judgment in the action shall either declare the marriage valid or annulled and
4218	shall be conclusive] A judgment in an action under this part:
4219	(a) shall declare the marriage valid or annulled; and
4220	(b) is conclusive upon all persons concerned with the marriage.
4221	Section 127. Section 81-4-401 is enacted to read:
4222	Part 4. Divorce
4223	<u>81-4-401.</u> Definitions for part.
4224	As used in this part:
4225	(1) "Cohabitation" means the same as the term, "cohabit," is defined in Section
4226	<u>81-4-501.</u>
4227	(2) "Mandatory courses" means:
4228	(a) the mandatory divorce orientation course described in Section 81-4-105; and
4229	(b) the mandatory educational course for divorcing parents described in Section
4230	<u>81-4-106.</u>
4231	(3) "Petitioner" means the individual who brings a petition for divorce.
4232	(4) "Respondent" means the individual against whom a petition for divorce is brought.
4233	Section 128. Section 81-4-402 is enacted to read:
4234	<u>81-4-402.</u> Petition for divorce Divorce proceedings Temporary orders.
4235	(1) An individual may bring a petition for divorce if:
4236	(a) the individual or the individual's spouse is an actual and bona fide resident of the
4237	county where the petition is filed for at least 90 days before the day on which the petition is
4238	filed; or
4239	(b) the individual is a member of the armed forces of the United States and the
4240	individual is stationed under military orders in this state for at least 90 days before the day on
4241	which the petition is filed.
4242	(2) A divorce action shall be commenced and conducted in accordance with this
4243	chapter and the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.

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4244	(3) (a) The court may not enter a decree of divorce until 30 days after the day on which
4245	the petition is filed, unless the court finds that extraordinary circumstances exist.
4246	(b) The court may make interim orders as the court considers just and equitable before
4247	the expiration of the 30-day period described in Subsection (3)(a).
4248	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), if the parties to the divorce action have a
4249	minor child, the parties shall attend the mandatory courses described in Sections 81-4-105 and
4250	<u>81-4-106 within:</u>
4251	(i) for the petitioner, 60 days after the day on which the petition is filed; and
4252	(ii) for the respondent, 30 days after the day on which the respondent is served.
4253	(b) If the parties to a divorce action do not have a minor child, the parties may choose
4254	to attend the mandatory divorce orientation course described in Section 81-4-105.
4255	(c) The clerk of the court shall provide notice to a petitioner of the requirement for the
4256	mandatory courses.
4257	(d) A petition shall include information regarding the mandatory courses when the
4258	petition is served on the respondent.
4259	(e) Except for a temporary restraining order under Rule 65 of the Utah Rules of Civil
4260	Procedure, a party may file, but the court may not hear, a motion for an order related to the
4261	divorce until the moving party completes the mandatory courses.
4262	(5) (a) The court may waive the requirement for the parties to attend the mandatory
4263	courses under Subsection (4), on the court's own motion or on the motion of one of the parties,
4264	if the court determines course attendance and completion are not necessary, appropriate,
4265	feasible, or in the best interest of the parties.
4266	(b) If the requirement is waived, the court may permit the divorce action to proceed.
4267	(6) The use of counseling, mediation, and education services provided under this part
4268	may not be construed as condoning or promoting divorce.
4269	Section 129. Section 81-4-403 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-39 is
4270	renumbered and amended to read:
4271	[30-3-39]. <u>81-4-403.</u> Mediation requirement.
4272	(1) There is established a mandatory domestic mediation program to help reduce the
4273	time and tensions associated with obtaining a divorce.
4274	(2) (a) If[, after the filing of an answer to a complaint of divorce,] there are any

4275	remaining contested issues after the filing of a response to a petition for divorce, the parties
4276	shall participate in good faith in at least one session of mediation.
4277	(b) [This requirement] The requirement described in Subsection (2)(a) does not
4278	preclude the entry of pretrial orders before mediation takes place.
4279	(3) The parties shall use a mediator qualified to mediate domestic disputes under
4280	criteria established by the Judicial Council in accordance with Section 78B-6-205.
4281	(4) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or the parties agree upon a different payment
4282	arrangement, the cost of mediation shall be divided equally between the parties.
4283	(5) The director of dispute resolution programs for the courts, the court, or the
4284	mediator may excuse either party from the requirement to mediate for good cause.
4285	(6) [Mediation] A mediation described in this section shall be conducted in accordance
4286	with the Utah Rules of Court-Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution.
4287	Section 130. Section 81-4-404 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-5.2 is
4288	renumbered and amended to read:
4289	[30-3-5.2]. <u>81-4-404.</u> Allegations of child abuse or child sexual abuse in a
4290	divorce proceeding Investigation.
4291	(1) When[, in any divorce proceeding or upon a request for modification of a divorce
4292	decree,] an allegation of child abuse or child sexual abuse is made[, implicating either] <u>in a</u>
4293	divorce proceeding, or a request for modification of a divorce decree, that implicates a party,
4294	the court, after making an inquiry, may order that an investigation be conducted by the Division
4295	of Child and Family Services [within the Department of Human Services] in accordance with
4296	Title 80, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services, and Title 80, Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective
4297	Custody of a Child.
4298	(2) A final award of custody or parent-time may not be rendered until a report on that
4299	investigation, consistent with Section 80-2-1005, is received by the court.
4300	(3) [That investigation shall be conducted by the] The Division of Child and Family
4301	Services shall conduct an investigation described in Subsection (1) within 30 days of the court's
4302	notice and request for an investigation.
4303	(4) In reviewing [this report] a report described in Subsection (2), the court shall
4304	comply with Sections 78A-2-703, 78A-2-705, and 78B-15-612.
4305	Section 131. Section 81-4-405, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-1 is

4306	renumbered and amended to read:
4307	[30-3-1]. <u>81-4-405.</u> Grounds for divorce.
4308	[(1) Proceedings in divorce are commenced and conducted as provided by law for
4309	proceedings in civil causes, except as provided in this chapter.]
4310	[(2) The court may decree a dissolution of the marriage contract between the petitioner
4311	and respondent on the grounds specified in Subsection (3) in all cases where the petitioner or
4312	respondent has been an actual and bona fide resident of this state and of the county where the
4313	action is brought, or if members of the armed forces of the United States who are not legal
4314	residents of this state, where the petitioner has been stationed in this state under military orders,
4315	for three months next prior to the commencement of the action.]
4316	[(3)] (1) [Grounds for divorce] A court may order the dissolution of a marriage contract
4317	between the petitioner and the respondent on the grounds of:
4318	(a) impotency of the respondent at the time of marriage;
4319	(b) adultery committed by the respondent subsequent to marriage;
4320	(c) willful desertion of the petitioner by the respondent for more than one year;
4321	(d) willful neglect of the respondent to provide for the petitioner the common
4322	necessaries of life;
4323	(e) habitual drunkenness of the respondent;
4324	(f) conviction of the respondent for a felony;
4325	(g) cruel treatment of the petitioner by the respondent to the extent of causing bodily
4326	injury or great mental distress to the petitioner;
4327	(h) irreconcilable differences of the marriage;
4328	(i) incurable insanity; or
4329	(j) when the [husband and wife] petitioner and respondent have lived separately under
4330	a decree of separate maintenance of any state for three consecutive years without cohabitation.
4331	[(4)] (2) A decree of divorce granted under Subsection $[(3)(j)]$ (1)(j) does not affect the
4332	liability of either party under any provision for separate maintenance previously granted.
4333	[(5)] (a) A [divorce may not be granted on the] court may not order the dissolution
4334	of a marriage contract between the petitioner and the respondent on the grounds of insanity
4335	unless:
4336	(i) the respondent has been adjudged insane by the appropriate authorities of this or

4337	another state prior to the commencement of the action; and
4338	(ii) the court finds by the testimony of competent witnesses that the insanity of the
4339	respondent is incurable.
4340	(b) The court shall appoint for the respondent a guardian ad litem who shall protect the
4341	interests of the respondent.
4342	(c) A copy of the summons and [complaint] petition shall be served on:
4343	(i) the respondent in person or by publication, as provided by the laws of this state in
4344	other actions for divorce, or upon [his] the respondent's guardian ad litem[, and upon]; and
4345	(ii) the county attorney for the county where the action is prosecuted.
4346	[(c)] (d) The county attorney shall:
4347	(i) investigate the merits of the case [and];
4348	(ii) if the respondent resides out of this state, take depositions as necessary[;;
4349	(iii) attend the proceedings[;; and
4350	(iv) make a defense as is just to protect the rights of the respondent and the interests of
4351	the state.
4352	[(d) In all actions the court and judge have jurisdiction over the payment of alimony,
4353	the distribution of property, and the custody and maintenance of minor children, as the courts
4354	and judges possess in other actions for divorce.]
4355	(e) The petitioner or respondent may[,]:
4356	(i) if the respondent resides in this state, upon notice, have the respondent brought into
4357	the court at trial[, or]; or
4358	(ii) have an examination of the respondent by two or more competent $physicians[,]$ to
4359	determine the mental condition of the respondent.
4360	(f) For [this purpose either] the purpose described in Subsection (3)(e), a party may
4361	have leave from the court to enter any asylum or institution where the respondent may be
4362	confined.
4363	(g) The court shall apportion the costs of court in this action [shall be apportioned by
4364	the court].
4365	Section 132. Section 81-4-406 is enacted to read:
4366	81-4-406. Decree of divorce When decree becomes absolute Remarriage

4367 Jurisdiction to modify a decree for a child born after the decree.

4368	(1) (a) The court shall enter a decree of divorce upon the evidence or the petitioner's
4369	affidavit in the case of default as described in Subsection (1)(b).
4370	(b) A court may not grant a divorce upon default, unless there is evidence to support a
4371	decree of divorce upon an affidavit by the petitioner as provided by Rule 104 of the Utah Rules
4372	of Civil Procedure.
4373	(2) Unless the requirement is waived by the court under Subsection 81-4-402(5), a
4374	court may not grant a decree of divorce for parties with a minor child until:
4375	(a) both parties have attended the mandatory courses described in Sections 81-4-105
4376	and 81-4-106; and
4377	(b) both parties have presented a certificate of course completion for each course to the
4378	<u>court.</u>
4379	(3) In a decree of divorce, the court shall:
4380	(a) specify which party is responsible for the payment of joint debts, obligations, or
4381	liabilities of the parties contracted or incurred during marriage in accordance with Section
4382	<u>15-4-6.5;</u>
4383	(b) require the parties to notify respective creditors or obligees, regarding the court's
4384	division of debts, obligations, or liabilities and regarding the parties' separate and current
4385	addresses in accordance with Section 15-4-6.5;
4386	(c) provide for the enforcement of the orders described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b);
4387	(d) if a party owns a life insurance policy or an annuity contract, include an
4388	acknowledgment by the court that the party:
4389	(i) has reviewed and updated, where appropriate, the list of beneficiaries;
4390	(ii) has affirmed that those listed as beneficiaries are in fact the intended beneficiaries
4391	after the divorce becomes final; and
4392	(iii) understands that, if no changes are made to the policy or contract, the beneficiaries
4393	currently listed will receive any funds paid by the insurance company under the terms of the
4394	policy or contract; and
4395	(e) if the parties have a child as defined in Section 81-6-101, include an order for child
4396	support and medical expenses as described in Chapter 6, Child Support.
4397	(4) The court may include in the divorce decree any equitable orders relating to:
4398	(a) the parties, including any alimony to be awarded to a party in accordance with Part

4399	5, Spousal Support;
4400	(b) a child of the parties; and
4401	(c) any property, debts, or obligations.
4402	(5) A decree of divorce becomes absolute:
4403	(a) on the date it is signed by the court and entered by the clerk in the register of
4404	actions;
4405	(b) at the expiration of a period of time the court may specifically designate, unless an
4406	appeal or other proceedings for review are pending;
4407	(c) if an appeal is taken, when the decree is affirmed; or
4408	(d) when the court, before the decree becomes absolute, for sufficient cause otherwise
4409	orders.
4410	(6) The court, upon application or on the court's own motion for good cause shown,
4411	may waive, alter, or extend a designated period of time before the decree becomes absolute, but
4412	not to exceed six months from the signing and entry of the decree.
4413	(7) A party to a divorce proceeding may not marry another individual other than the
4414	other party for whom the divorce was granted until the party's divorce becomes absolute.
4415	(8) The court has jurisdiction to modify a decree of divorce to address child support,
4416	parent-time, and other matters related to a minor child born to the parties after the decree of
4417	divorce is entered.
4418	Section 133. Section 81-4-501 is enacted to read:
4419	Part 5. Spousal Support
4420	<u>81-4-501.</u> Definitions for part.
4421	As used in this part:
4422	(1) "Child support guidelines" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4423	<u>81-6-101.</u>
4424	(2) "Cohabit" means to live together, or to reside together on a regular basis, in the
4425	same residence and in a relationship of a romantic or sexual nature.
4426	(3) "Fault" means any of the following wrongful conduct during the marriage that
4427	substantially contributed to the breakup of the marriage:
4428	(a) engaging in sexual relations with an individual other than the party's spouse;
4429	(b) knowingly and intentionally causing or attempting to cause physical harm to the

4430	other party or a minor child;
4431	(c) knowingly and intentionally causing the other party or a minor child to reasonably
4432	fear life-threatening harm; or
4433	(d) substantially undermining the financial stability of the other party or the minor
4434	<u>child.</u>
4435	(4) "Length of the marriage" means, for purposes of alimony, the number of years from
4436	the day on which the parties are legally married to the day on which the petition for divorce is
4437	filed with the court.
4438	(5) "Payee" means the party who is or would receive alimony from the other party.
4439	(6) "Payor" means the party who is paying, or would pay, alimony to the other party.
4440	(7) "Temporary alimony" means money that the court orders a party to pay during the
4441	pendency of an action under this chapter for the support and maintenance of a party as
4442	described in Subsection 81-1-203(4).
4443	Section 134. Section 81-4-502 is enacted to read:
4444	<u>81-4-502.</u> Determination of alimony.
4445	(1) For a proceeding under Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage, or in a proceeding to
4446	modify alimony, the court shall consider at least the following factors in determining alimony:
4447	(a) the financial condition and needs of the payee;
4448	(b) the payee's earning capacity or ability to produce income, including the impact of
4449	diminished workplace experience resulting from primarily caring for a minor child of the
4450	payor;
4451	(c) the ability of the payor to provide support;
4452	(d) the length of the marriage;
4453	(e) whether the payee has custody of a minor child requiring support;
4454	(f) whether the payee worked in a business owned or operated by the payor; and
4455	(g) whether the payee directly contributed to any increase in the payor's skill by paying
4456	for education received by the payor or enabling the payor to attend school during the marriage.
4457	(2) (a) The court may consider the fault of the parties in determining whether to award
4458	alimony and the terms of the alimony.
4459	(b) The court may, when fault is at issue, close the proceedings and seal the court
4460	records.

4461	(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the court shall consider the
4462	standard of living, existing at the time of separation, in determining alimony in accordance
4463	with this section.
4464	(b) In considering all relevant facts and equitable principles, the court may, in the
4465	court's discretion, base alimony on the standard of living that existed at the time of trial.
4466	(4) The court may, under appropriate circumstances, attempt to equalize the parties'
4467	respective standards of living.
4468	(5) (a) If the marriage is short in duration and a minor child has not been conceived or
4469	born during the marriage, the court may consider the standard of living that existed at the time
4470	of the marriage.
4471	(b) In determining alimony when a marriage of short duration dissolves and a minor
4472	child has not been conceived or born during the marriage, the court may consider restoring
4473	each party to the condition which existed at the time of the marriage.
4474	(6) (a) When a marriage of long duration dissolves on the threshold of a major change
4475	in the income of one of the parties due to the collective efforts of both parties, the court shall
4476	consider the change when dividing the marital property and in determining the amount of
4477	alimony.
4478	(b) If a party's earning capacity has been greatly enhanced through the efforts of both
4479	parties during the marriage, the court may make a compensating adjustment in dividing the
4480	marital property and awarding alimony.
4481	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), the court may not order alimony for a
4482	period of time longer than the length of the marriage.
4483	(b) If a party is ordered to pay temporary alimony during the pendency of a divorce
4484	action, the court shall count the period of time that the party pays temporary alimony towards
4485	the period of time for which the party is ordered to pay alimony.
4486	(c) At any time before the termination of alimony, the court may find extenuating
4487	circumstances or good cause that justify the payment of alimony for a longer period of time
4488	than the length of the marriage.
4489	Section 135. Section 81-4-503 is enacted to read:
4490	<u>81-4-503.</u> Modification of alimony after divorce decree.
4491	(1) The court has continuing jurisdiction to make substantive changes and new orders

4492	regarding alimony based on a substantial material change in circumstances not expressly stated
4493	in the divorce decree or in the findings that the court entered at the time of the divorce decree.
4494	(2) A party's retirement is a substantial material change in circumstances that is subject
4495	to a petition to modify alimony, unless the divorce decree, or the findings that the court entered
4496	at the time of the divorce decree, expressly states otherwise.
4497	(3) The court may not modify alimony or issue a new order for alimony to address
4498	needs of the recipient that did not exist at the time the decree was entered, unless the court
4499	finds extenuating circumstances that justify that action.
4500	(4) In modifying the amount of alimony, the court may not consider the income of any
4501	subsequent spouse of the payor, except that the court may consider:
4502	(a) the subsequent spouse's financial ability to share living expenses; or
4503	(b) the income of a subsequent spouse if the court finds that the payor's improper
4504	conduct justifies that consideration.
4505	Section 136. Section 81-4-504 is enacted to read:
4506	<u>81-4-504.</u> Termination of alimony.
4507	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), or unless a decree of divorce
4508	specifically provides otherwise, any order of the court that a payor pay alimony to a payee
4509	automatically terminates upon the remarriage or death of that payee.
4510	(b) If the remarriage of the payee is annulled and found to be void ab initio, the
4511	payment of alimony shall resume if the payor is made a party to the action of annulment and
4512	the payor's rights are determined.
4513	(2) If a payor establishes that a payee cohabits with another individual during the
4514	pendency of the divorce action, the court:
4515	(a) may not order the payor to pay temporary alimony to the payee; and
4516	(b) shall terminate any order that the payor pay temporary alimony to the payee.
4517	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the court shall terminate an order that a payor pay
4518	alimony to a payee if the payor establishes that, after the order for alimony is issued, the payee
4519	cohabits with another individual even if the payee is not cohabiting with the individual when
4520	the payor files the motion to terminate alimony.
4521	(b) A payor may not seek termination of alimony under Subsection (3)(a) later than one
4522	year after the day on which the payor knew or should have known that the payee has cohabited

4523	with another individual.
4524	Section 137. Section 81-5-101 is enacted to read:
4525	CHAPTER 5. UNIFORM PARENTAGE ACT
4526	<u>81-5-101.</u> Reserved.
4527	Reserved.
4528	Section 138. Section 81-6-101, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-102 is
4529	renumbered and amended to read:
4530	CHAPTER 6. CHILD SUPPORT
4531	Part 1. General Provisions
4532	[78B-12-102]. <u>81-6-101.</u> Definitions for chapter.
4533	As used in this chapter:
4534	[(1) "Adjusted gross income" means income calculated under Subsection
4535	78B-12-204(1).]
4536	[(2)] (1) "Administrative agency" means the Office of Recovery Services or the
4537	Department of Health and Human Services.
4538	[(3)] (2) "Administrative order" means [an order that has been issued by the Office of
4539	Recovery Services, the Department of Health and Human Services, or an administrative agency
4540	of another state or other comparable jurisdiction with similar authority to that of the office.] the
4541	same as that term is defined in Section 26B-9-201.
4542	(3) "Alimony" means the same as that term is defined in Section $81-4-101$.
4543	(4) "Base child support award" means the award that may be ordered and is calculated
4544	using the child support guidelines before additions for medical expenses and work-related child
4545	care costs.
4546	(5) "Base combined child support obligation" means the presumed amount of child
4547	support that the parents should provide for their child as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1).
4548	(6) "Base combined child support obligation table" means the appropriate table
4549	described in Sections 81-6-302 and 81-6-304.
4550	[(5) "Base combined child support obligation table," "child support table," "base child
4551	support obligation table," "low income table," or "table" means the appropriate table in Part 3,
4552	Tables.]
4553	[(6) "Cash medical support" means an obligation to equally share all reasonable and

- 4554 necessary medical and dental expenses of children.]
- 4555 (7) "Child" means:

(a) a son or daughter [under the age of 18 years] who is under 18 years old and who is
not otherwise emancipated, self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the
United States;

(b) a son or daughter [over the age of 18 years,] who is 18 years old or older while
enrolled in high school during the normal and expected year of graduation and not otherwise
emancipated, self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States; or

4562 (c) a son or daughter of any age who is incapacitated from earning a living and, if able4563 to provide some financial resources to the family, is not able to support self by own means.

4564 (8) (a) "Child support" means a base child support award, or a monthly financial award 4565 for uninsured medical expenses, ordered by a tribunal for the support of a child[, including].

4566 (b) "Child support" includes current periodic payments, arrearages that accrue under an
4567 order for current periodic payments, and sum certain judgments awarded for arrearages,
4568 medical expenses, and child care costs.

4569 (9) "Child support guidelines" means the calculation and application of child support
4570 as described in Part 2, Calculation and Adjustment of Child Support.

4571 [(9)] (10) "Child support order" [or "support order"] means a judgment, decree, or 4572 order [of] issued by a tribunal [whether interlocutory or final, whether or not prospectively or 4573 retroactively modifiable, whether incidental to a proceeding for divorce, judicial or legal 4574 separation, separate maintenance, paternity, guardianship, civil protection, or otherwise] 4575 whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, that:

4576 (a) establishes or modifies child support;

4577 (b) reduces child support arrearages to judgment; or

4578 (c) establishes child support or registers a child support order under [Chapter 14, Utah
4579 Uniform Interstate Family Support Act] <u>Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family</u>
4580 <u>Support Act.</u>

- 4581 (11) "Child support tables" means the tables described in Part 3, Child Support Tables.
- 4582 [(10) "Child support services" or "IV-D child support services" means services

4583 provided pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651 et seq.]

4584 [(11) "Court" means the district court or juvenile court.]

4585	[(12) "Guidelines" means the directions for the calculation and application of child
4586	support in Part 2, Calculation and Adjustment.]
4587	(12) "Child support services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4588	<u>26B-9-101.</u>
4589	(13) "Gross income" means the amount of income calculated for a parent as described
4590	<u>in Section 81-6-203.</u>
4591	[(13)] (14) "Health care coverage" means coverage under which medical services are
4592	provided to a child through:
4593	(a) fee for service;
4594	(b) a health maintenance organization;
4595	(c) a preferred provider organization;
4596	(d) any other type of private health insurance; or
4597	(e) public health care coverage.
4598	[(14)] (15) (a) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or other payment due to an
4599	individual, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus,
4600	pay, allowances, contract payment, or otherwise, including severance pay, sick pay, and
4601	incentive pay.
4602	(b) "Income" includes:
4603	(i) all gain derived from capital assets, labor, or both, including profit gained through
4604	sale or conversion of capital assets;
4605	(ii) interest and dividends;
4606	(iii) periodic payments made under pension or retirement programs or insurance
4607	policies of any type;
4608	(iv) unemployment compensation benefits;
4609	(v) workers' compensation benefits; and
4610	(vi) disability benefits.
4611	[(15)] (16) "Joint physical custody" means the [child stays with each parent overnight
4612	for more than 30% of the year, and both parents contribute to the expenses of the child in
4613	addition to paying child support] same as that term is defined in Section 81-9-101.
4614	(17) "Low income table" means the appropriate table under Section 81-6-303 or
4615	01 (205

4615 <u>81-6-305.</u>

4616	[(16)] (18) "Medical expenses" means health and dental expenses and related insurance
4617	costs.
4618	(19) "Minor child" means a child who is younger than 18 years old.
4619	[(17)] (20) "Obligee" means an individual, this state, another state, or another
4620	comparable jurisdiction to whom child support is owed or who is entitled to reimbursement of
4621	child support or public assistance.
4622	[(18)] (21) "Obligor" means a person owing a duty of support.
4623	[(19)] (22) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services within the Department of
4624	Health and Human Services.
4625	[(20) "Parent" includes a natural parent, or an adoptive parent.]
4626	[(21)] (23) "Pregnancy expenses" means an amount equal to:
4627	(a) the sum of a pregnant mother's:
4628	(i) health insurance premiums while pregnant that are not paid by an employer or
4629	government program; and
4630	(ii) medical costs related to the pregnancy, incurred after the date of conception and
4631	before the pregnancy ends; [minus] and
4632	(b) <u>minus</u> any portion of the amount described in Subsection [$(21)(a)$] (23)(a) that a
4633	court determines is equitable based on the totality of the circumstances, not including any
4634	amount paid by the mother or father of the child.
4635	[(22)] (24) "Split custody" means that each parent has physical custody of at least one
4636	of the children.
4637	[(23)] (25) "State" [includes] means a state, territory, possession of the United States,
4638	the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Native American [Tribe] tribe, or
4639	other comparable domestic or foreign jurisdiction.
4640	(26) "Support" means past-due, present, and future obligations to provide for the
4641	financial support, maintenance, or medical expenses of a child.
4642	(27) "Support order" means:
4643	(a) a child support order; or
4644	(b) a judgment, decree, or order by a tribunal, whether temporary, final, or subject to
4645	modification, for alimony.
4646	[(24)] (28) "Temporary" means a period of time that is projected to be less than 12

4647	months in duration.
4648	[(25)] (29) "Third party" means an agency or a person other than [the biological or
4649	adoptive parent] a parent or a child who provides care, maintenance, and support to a child.
4650	[(26)] (30) "Tribunal" means the district court, the Department of Health and Human
4651	Services, Office of Recovery Services, or court or administrative agency of a state, territory,
4652	possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
4653	Native American Tribe, or other comparable domestic or foreign jurisdiction.
4654	[(27)] (31) "Work-related child care [costs] expenses" means reasonable child care
4655	costs for up to a full-time work week or training schedule as necessitated by the employment or
4656	training of a parent [under Section 78B-12-215].
4657	[(28)] (32) ["Worksheets" means the forms] "Worksheet" means a form used to aid in
4658	calculating the base child support award.
4659	Section 139. Section 81-6-102 is enacted to read:
4660	<u>81-6-102.</u> Application of chapter.
4661	This chapter applies to any judicial or administrative order establishing or modifying an
4662	award of child support entered on or after July 1, 1989.
4663	Section 140. Section 81-6-103 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-103 is
4664	renumbered and amended to read:
4665	[78B-12-103]. <u>81-6-103.</u> Jurisdiction over a child support proceeding
4666	Appeals.
4667	[The district court shall have jurisdiction of all proceedings brought under this chapter.]
4668	(1) A court has jurisdiction over a proceeding brought under this chapter in accordance
4669	with Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration.
4670	(2) An appeal may be taken from an order or judgment under this part as in other civil
4671	actions.
4672	Section 141. Section 81-6-104 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-105 is
4673	renumbered and amended to read:
4674	[78B-12-105]. <u>81-6-104.</u> Duty of parents to provide support for a child
4675	Support follows the child.
4676	(1) (a) Every child is presumed to be in need of the support of the [child's mother and
4677	father. Every mother and father shall support their children.] child's parents.

4678	(b) Every parent shall support their child.
4679	(c) Nothing in this chapter relieves a parent of the primary obligation of support for the
4680	parent's child.
4681	(2) Except as limited in a [court order under Section 30-3-5, 30-4-3, or 78B-12-212]
4682	court order under Section 81-6-208:
4683	(a) [The] the expenses incurred on behalf of a minor child for reasonable and necessary
4684	medical and dental expenses[;] and other necessities are chargeable upon the property of both
4685	parents, regardless of the marital status of the parents[-]; and
4686	(b) [Either or both parents may be sued by a creditor] a creditor may sue a parent for
4687	the expenses described in Subsection (2)(a) incurred on behalf of [minor children] a minor
4688	<u>child</u> .
4689	(3) (a) A parent whose minor child has become a ward of this or any other state is not
4690	relieved of the primary obligation to support that child until the minor child is 18 years old or is
4691	legally married, regardless of any agreements or legal defenses that exist between the parents or
4692	other care providers.
4693	(b) Any state that provides support for a child shall have the right to reimbursement.
4694	(c) A third party has a right to recover support from a parent.
4695	(4) An obligation ordered for child support and medical expenses:
4696	(a) are for the use and benefit of the child; and
4697	(b) shall follow the child in a case in which a parent, or another person, is awarded sole
4698	physical custody of the child as described in Subsection 81-6-205(8).
4699	(5) The rights created in this chapter are in addition to and not in substitution to any
4700	other rights.
4701	Section 142. Section 81-6-105 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-105.1 is
4702	renumbered and amended to read:
4703	[78B-12-105.1]. <u>81-6-105.</u> Duty of biological father to share pregnancy
4704	expenses.
4705	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a biological father of a child has a
4706	duty to pay 50% of the mother's pregnancy expenses.
4707	(2) (a) If paternity is disputed, a biological father owes no duty under this section until
4708	the biological father's paternity is established.

4709	(b) Once paternity is established, the biological father is subject to Subsection (1).
4710	(3) (a) Any portion of a mother's pregnancy expenses paid by the mother or the
4711	biological father reduces that parent's 50% share under Subsection (1), not the total amount of
4712	pregnancy expenses.
4713	(b) Subsection (3)(a) applies regardless of when the mother or biological father pays
4714	the pregnancy expense.
4715	(4) If a mother receives an abortion, as defined in Section 76-7-301, without the
4716	biological father's consent, the biological father owes no duty under this section, unless:
4717	(a) the abortion is necessary to avert the death of the mother; or
4718	(b) the mother was pregnant as a result of:
4719	(i) rape, as described in Section 76-5-402;
4720	(ii) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1; or
4721	(iii) incest, as described in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) or Section 76-7-102.
4722	(5) Subsection (1) does not apply if a court apportions pregnancy expenses [under
4723	Section 30-3-5] in a divorce decree under Section 81-4-406.
4724	[(6) A person may seek payment under Subsection (1) in accordance with Section
4725	78B-12-113.]
4726	(6) (a) A person who seeks payment under this section for pregnancy expenses shall
4727	provide documentation of payments, medical expenses, and insurance premiums to the court.
4728	(b) The court shall order the payment of the expenses after a review of the
4729	documentation described in Subsection (6)(a).
4730	(7) Nothing in this section [or Section 78B-12-212.1] requires a person to separately
4731	bill a biological father for pregnancy expenses.
4732	Section 143. Section 81-6-106 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-113 is
4733	renumbered and amended to read:
4734	[78B-12-113]. <u>81-6-106.</u> Duty of obligor Enforcement of right of support.
4735	(1) (a) An obligor who is present in, or a resident of, this state has the duty to provide
4736	support to the child regardless of the presence or residence of the obligee.
4737	$\left[\frac{(1)(a)}{(b)}\right]$ The obligee may enforce $\left[\frac{bis}{b}\right]$ the obligee's right of support against the
4738	obligor.
4739	(2) (a) The office may proceed pursuant to this [chapter] part or any other applicable

4740	statute on behalf of:
4741	(i) the Department of Health and Human Services;
4742	(ii) any other department or agency of this state that provides public assistance, as
4743	defined by [Subsection 26B-9-201(4)] Section 26B-9-101, to enforce the right to recover public
4744	assistance; or
4745	(iii) the obligee, to enforce the obligee's right of support against the obligor.
4746	(b) Whenever any court action is commenced by the office to enforce payment of the
4747	obligor's support obligation, the attorney general or the county attorney of the county of
4748	residence of the obligee shall represent the office.
4749	(c) The attorney general or the county attorney does not represent or have an
4750	attorney-client relationship with the obligee or the obligor in carrying out the duties under this
4751	chapter.
4752	[(2)] (3) (a) A person may not commence an action, file a pleading, or submit a written
4753	stipulation to the court, without complying with Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ (3)(b), if the purpose or
4754	effect of the action, pleading, or stipulation is to:
4755	(i) establish paternity;
4756	(ii) establish or modify a support obligation;
4757	(iii) change the court-ordered manner of payment of support;
4758	(iv) recover support due or owing; or
4759	(v) appeal issues regarding child support laws.
4760	(b) (i) When taking an action described in Subsection $[(2)(a)]$ (3)(a), a person must file
4761	an affidavit with the court at the time the action is commenced, the pleading is filed, or the
4762	stipulation is submitted stating whether child support services have been or are being provided
4763	under Part IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C., Section 601 et seq., on behalf of a child
4764	who is a subject of the action, pleading, or stipulation.
4765	(ii) If child support services have been or are being provided, under Part IV of the
4766	Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C., Section 601 et seq., the person shall mail a copy of the affidavit
4767	and a copy of the pleading or stipulation to the child and family support division of the Office
4768	of the Attorney General[, Child Support Division].
4769	(iii) (A) If notice is not given in accordance with this Subsection [(2)] (3), the office is
4770	not bound by any decision, judgment, agreement, or compromise rendered in the action.

4771	(B) For purposes of appeals, service must be made on the Office of the Director for the
4772	Office of Recovery Services.
4773	(c) If [IV-D services] <u>child support services</u> have been or are being provided, that
4774	person shall join the office as a party to the action, or mail or deliver a written request to the
4775	child and family support division of the Office of the Attorney General, [Child Support
4776	Division] asking the office to join as a party to the action.
4777	(d) A copy of [that request] the request described in Subsection (3)(c), along with proof
4778	of service, shall be filed with the court.
4779	(e) The office shall be represented as provided in Subsection $[(1)(b)]$ (2)(b).
4780	[(3) Neither the attorney general nor the county attorney represents or has an
4781	attorney-client relationship with the obligee or the obligor in carrying out the duties under this
4782	chapter.]
4783	Section 144. Section 81-6-107, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-201 is
4784	renumbered and amended to read:
4785	[78B-12-201]. <u>81-6-107.</u> Procedure for child support proceeding
4786	Documentation.
4787	(1) In any matter in which child support is ordered, the moving party shall submit:
4788	(a) a completed [child support] worksheet;
4789	(b) the financial verification required by [Subsection 78B-12-203(5)] Section
4790	<u>81-6-203;</u>
4791	(c) a written statement indicating whether or not the amount of child support requested
4792	is consistent with the child support guidelines; and
4793	(d) the information required under Subsection (3).
4794	(2) (a) If the documentation of income required under Subsection (1) is not available,
4795	the moving party may submit a verified representation of the other party's income [by the
4796	moving party,] based on the best evidence available[, may be submitted].
4797	(b) [The evidence shall be in affidavit form and may only be offered after a copy has
4798	been provided] The moving party shall provide the evidence described in Subsection (2)(a) in
4799	affidavit form.
4800	(c) The moving party may only offer the evidence described in Subsection (2)(a) after a
4801	copy is provided to the other party in accordance with Utah Rules of Civil Procedure or Title

4802 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in an administrative proceeding.

- 4803 (3) (a) Upon the entry of an order in a proceeding to establish paternity or to establish,
 4804 modify, or enforce a <u>child</u> support order, each party shall:
- 4805 (i) file identifying information [and shall]; and
- 4806 (ii) update that information as changes occur with the court that conducted the4807 proceeding.
- 4808 [(a)] (b) The required identifying information shall include the person's social security 4809 number, driver's license number, residential and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, the 4810 name, address and telephone number of employers, and any other data required by the United 4811 States Secretary of Health and Human Services.
- 4812 [(b)] (c) [Attorneys] <u>An attorney</u> representing the office in child support services cases
 4813 [are] is not required to file the identifying information required by Subsection [(3)(a).] (3)(b).
- 4814 [(4) A stipulated amount for child support or combined child support and alimony is
 4815 adequate under the guidelines if the stipulated child support amount or combined amount
 4816 equals or exceeds the base child support award required by the guidelines.]
- 4817 Section 145. Section **81-6-108**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-109 is 4818 renumbered and amended to read:
- 4819

[78B-12-109]. <u>81-6-108.</u> Waiver and estoppel.

4820 (1) Waiver and estoppel shall apply only to the [custodial parent] obligee when there is
4821 no order already established by a tribunal if the [custodial parent] obligee freely and voluntarily
4822 waives support specifically and in writing.

4823 (2) Waiver and estoppel may not be applied against any third party or public entity that 4824 may provide support for the child.

(3) [A noncustodial parent] <u>An obligor</u>, or alleged biological father in a paternity
action, may not rely on statements made by the [custodial parent of the child] <u>obligee</u>
concerning child support unless the statements are reduced to writing and signed by both
parties.

4829 Section 146. Section **81-6-109**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-115 is 4830 renumbered and amended to read:

 4831
 [78B-12-115].
 <u>81-6-109.</u> Spousal privilege -- Competency of spouses.

 4832
 [Laws]

4833	(1) A law attaching a privilege against the disclosure of communications between
4834	[husband and wife] spouses are inapplicable under this chapter.
4835	(2) Spouses are competent witnesses to testify to any relevant matter, including
4836	marriage and parentage.
4837	Section 147. Section 81-6-110, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-114 is
4838	renumbered and amended to read:
4839	[78B-12-114]. <u>81-6-110.</u> County attorney to assist obligee.
4840	(1) The county attorney's office shall provide assistance to an obligee desiring to
4841	proceed under this [chapter] part in the following manner:
4842	(a) provide forms, approved by the Judicial Council [of Utah], for an order of wage
4843	assignment if the obligee is not represented by legal counsel;
4844	(b) inform the obligee of the right to file [impecuniously] indigently if the obligee is
4845	unable to bear the expenses of the action and assist the obligee with such filing;
4846	(c) advise the obligee of the available methods for service of process; and
4847	(d) assist the obligee in expeditiously scheduling a hearing before the court.
4848	(2) The county attorney's office may charge a fee not to exceed \$25 for providing
4849	assistance to an obligee under Subsection (1).
4850	Section 148. Section 81-6-201 is enacted to read:
4851	Part 2. Calculation and Adjustment of Child Support
4852	<u>81-6-201.</u> Definitions for part.
4853	Reserved.
4854	Section 149. Section 81-6-202 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-210 is
4855	renumbered and amended to read:
4856	[78B-12-210]. <u>81-6-202.</u> Determination of amount of child support
4857	Application of child support guidelines Requirements for child support order.
4858	[(1) The guidelines in this chapter apply to any judicial or administrative order
4859	establishing or modifying an award of child support entered on or after July 1, 1989.]
4860	(1) (a) If a prior child support order does not exist, a substantial change in
4861	circumstances has occurred, or a petition to modify a child support order as described in
4862	Section 81-6-212 is filed, the court determining the amount of prospective child support shall
4863	require each party to file a proposed award of child support using the child support guidelines

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4864 before the court enters or modifies a child support order. 4865 (b) When no prior child support order exists, the court or administrative agency shall 4866 determine and assess all arrearages based upon the child support guidelines. 4867 (2) (a) The court or administrative agency shall apply the child support guidelines [shall be applied] as a rebuttable presumption in establishing or modifying the amount of 4868 4869 temporary or permanent child support. 4870 (b) The rebuttable presumption means the provisions and considerations required by 4871 the child support guidelines, the award amounts resulting from the application of the child 4872 support guidelines, and the use of worksheets consistent with [these] the child support 4873 guidelines are presumed to be correct, unless [rebutted under the provisions of] the child 4874 support guidelines are rebutted in accordance with this section. 4875 (3) (a) A written finding or specific finding on the record supporting the conclusion 4876 that complying with a provision of the child support guidelines or ordering an award amount 4877 resulting from use of the child support guidelines would be unjust, inappropriate, or not in the 4878 best interest of a child in a particular case is sufficient to rebut the presumption in that case. 4879 (b) If an order rebuts the presumption through findings, [it] the order is considered a 4880 deviated order. 4881 (4) The following [shall be] are considered deviations from the child support 4882 guidelines, if: (a) the order includes a written finding that [it] the order is a deviation from the child 4883 4884 support guidelines; 4885 (b) the [guidelines] worksheet has: 4886 (i) the box checked for a deviation; and 4887 (ii) an explanation as to the reason; or 4888 (c) the deviation is made because there were more children than provided for in the 4889 [guidelines table] child support tables. 4890 (5) If the amount in the order and the amount on the [guidelines] worksheet differ by 4891 \$10 or more: 4892 (a) the order is considered deviated; and 4893 (b) the incomes listed on the worksheet may not be used in adjusting support for 4894 emancipation as described in Section 81-6-213.

4895	(6) If the court finds sufficient evidence to rebut the guidelines as described in
4896	Subsection (3), the court shall establish child support after considering all relevant factors,
4897	including:
4898	(a) the standard of living and situation of the parties;
4899	(b) the relative wealth and income of the parties;
4900	(c) the ability of the obligor to earn;
4901	(d) the ability of the obligee to earn;
4902	(e) the ability of an incapacitated adult child to earn, or other benefits received by the
4903	adult child or on the adult child's behalf including Supplemental Security Income;
4904	(f) the needs of the obligee, the obligor, and the child;
4905	(g) the ages of the parties; and
4906	(h) the responsibilities of the obligor and the obligee for the support of others.
4907	[(6)] (7) (a) [Natural or adoptive children of either] If there are children of either parent
4908	who live in the home of that parent and are not children in common to both parties [may at the
4909	option of either party be taken into account], the court or administrative agency, at the option of
4910	either party, may take into account the children under the child support guidelines in setting a
4911	base child support award[, as provided] as described in Subsection [(7)] (8).
4912	(b) Additional worksheets shall be prepared that [compute] calculate the base child
4913	support award of the respective parents for the additional children.
4914	(c) [The base child support award shall then be subtracted] The court or administrative
4915	agency shall subtract the base child support award calculated under Subsection (7)(b) from the
4916	appropriate parent's income before determining the award in the [instant case] case described in
4917	Subsection (7)(a).
4918	[(7)] (8) In a proceeding to adjust or modify [an existing award, consideration of
4919	natural or adoptive children born after entry of the order and who are not in common to both
4920	parties may be applied] a child support order, the court or administrative agency may consider
4921	children, who are born after the entry of the child support order and are not in common to both
4922	parties, to mitigate an increase in the award, but [may not be applied] the court or
4923	administrative agency may not consider the children:
4924	(a) for the benefit of the obligee if the credit would increase the support obligation of
4925	the obligor from the most recent child support order; or

4926	(b) for the benefit of the obligor if the amount of support received by the obligee would
4927	be decreased from the most recent child support order.
4928	(9) A stipulated amount for child support or combined child support and alimony is
4929	adequate under the child support guidelines if the stipulated child support amount or combined
4930	amount equals or exceeds the base child support award required by the child support
4931	guidelines.
4932	(10) The court shall include the following provisions in a child support order:
4933	(a) a provision establishing the monthly amount of child support obligation for each
4934	parent in accordance with the child support guidelines;
4935	(b) a provision assigning responsibility for the payment of reasonable and necessary
4936	medical expenses for the child as described in Section 81-6-208;
4937	(c) a provision requiring the purchase and maintenance of appropriate health care
4938	insurance for the medical expenses of the child as described in Section 81-6-208 if health care
4939	insurance is or becomes available at a reasonable cost;
4940	(d) a provision regarding the child care expenses and costs as described in Section
4941	<u>81-6-209;</u>
4942	(e) a provision regarding each parent's right to claim a child as a tax exemption for
4943	federal and state income tax purposes in accordance with Section 81-6-210;
4944	(f) provisions for income withholding as a means of collecting child support, in
4945	accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases, and Title
4946	26B, Chapter 9, Part 4, Income Withholding in Non IV-D Cases; and
4947	(g) a provision regarding a parent's opportunity to adjust a child support order as
4948	described in Section 81-6-212.
4949	(11) The office shall include the provisions described in Section 26B-9-224 in a child
4950	support order.
4951	[(8) (a) If a child support order has not been issued or modified within the previous
4952	three years, a parent, legal guardian, or the office may move the court to adjust the amount of a
4953	child support order.]
4954	[(b) Upon receiving a motion under Subsection (8)(a), the court shall, taking into
4955	account the best interests of the child:]
4956	[(i) determine whether there is a difference between the payor's ordered support

4957	amount and the payor's support amount that would be required under the guidelines; and]
4958	[(ii) if there is a difference as described in Subsection (8)(b)(i), adjust the payor's
4959	ordered support amount to the payor's support amount provided in the guidelines if:]
4960	[(A) the difference is 10% or more;]
4961	[(B) the difference is not of a temporary nature; and]
4962	[(C) the order adjusting the payor's ordered support amount does not deviate from the
4963	guidelines.]
4964	[(c) A showing of a substantial change in circumstances is not necessary for an
4965	adjustment under this Subsection (8).]
4966	[(9) (a) A parent, legal guardian, or the office may at any time petition the court to
4967	adjust the amount of a child support order if there has been a substantial change in
4968	circumstances. A change in the base combined child support obligation table is not a
4969	substantial change in circumstances for the purposes of this Subsection (9).]
4970	[(b) For purposes of this Subsection (9), a substantial change in circumstances may
4971	include:]
4972	[(i) material changes in custody;]
4973	[(ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties;]
4974	[(iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent;]
4975	[(iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn;]
4976	[(v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or]
4977	[(vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of
4978	others.]
4979	[(c) Upon receiving a petition under Subsection (9)(a), the court shall, taking into
4980	account the best interests of the child:]
4981	[(i) determine whether a substantial change has occurred;]
4982	[(ii) if a substantial change has occurred, determine whether the change results in a
4983	difference of 15% or more between the payor's ordered support amount and the payor's support
4984	amount that would be required under the guidelines; and]
4985	[(iii) adjust the payor's ordered support amount to that which is provided for in the
4986	guidelines if:]
4987	[(A) there is a difference of 15% or more; and]

4988	[(B) the difference is not of a temporary nature.]
4989	[(10) Notice of the opportunity to adjust a support order under Subsections (8) and (9)
4990	shall be included in each child support order.]
4991	Section 150. Section 81-6-203 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-203 is
4992	renumbered and amended to read:
4993	[78B-12-203]. <u>81-6-203.</u> Determination of gross income for child support
4994	Imputing income to a parent.
4995	[(1) As used in the guidelines, "gross income" includes prospective income from any
4996	source, including earned and nonearned income sources which may include salaries, wages,
4997	commissions, royalties, bonuses, rents, gifts from anyone, prizes, dividends, severance pay,
4998	pensions, interest, trust income, alimony from previous marriages, annuities, capital gains,
4999	Social Security benefits, workers' compensation benefits, unemployment compensation,
5000	income replacement disability insurance benefits, and payments from "nonmeans-tested"
5001	government programs.]
5002	(1) (a) Each parent shall provide verification of current income to the court or
5003	administrative agency.
5004	(b) Each parent shall provide year-to-date pay stubs or employer statements and
5005	complete copies of tax returns from at least the most recent year, unless the court finds the
5006	verification is not reasonably available.
5007	(c) Verification of income from records maintained by the Department of Workforce
5008	Services may be substituted for pay stubs, employer statements, and income tax returns.
5009	(2) (a) To calculate gross income of a parent, the court or administrative agency may
5010	include:
5011	(i) prospective income of the parent, including income from earned and nonearned
5012	sources, such as salaries, wages, commissions, royalties, bonuses, rents, gifts from anyone,
5013	prizes, dividends, severance pay, pensions, interest, trust income, alimony from previous
5014	marriages, annuities, capital gains, Social Security benefits, worker compensation benefits,
5015	unemployment compensation, income replacement disability insurance benefits, and payments
5016	from nonmeans-tested government programs; and
5017	(ii) income imputed to the parent as described in Subsection (6).
5018	[(2)] (b) Income from earned income sources is limited to the equivalent of one

5019	full-time 40-hour job.
5020	(c) If and only if during the time before the original support order, the parent normally
5021	and consistently worked more than 40 hours at the parent's job, the court may consider this
5022	extra time as a pattern in calculating the parent's ability to provide child support.
5023	(3) (a) The court or administrative agency shall use historical and current earnings to
5024	determine whether an underemployment or overemployment situation exists.
5025	(b) The office may not treat incarceration of at least six months as voluntary
5026	unemployment in establishing or modifying a support order.
5027	[(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), specifically excluded from gross income are:]
5028	[(a) cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment
5029	Program;]
5030	[(b) benefits received under a housing subsidy program, the Job Training Partnership
5031	Act, Supplemental Security Income, Social Security Disability Insurance, Medicaid, SNAP
5032	benefits, or General Assistance; and]
5033	[(c) other similar means-tested welfare benefits received by a parent.]
5034	[(4) (a) Gross income from self-employment or operation of a business shall be
5035	calculated]
5036	(4) (a) To calculate income from self-employment or operation of a business, the court
5037	or administrative agency:
5038	(i) shall calculate gross income from self-employment or operation of a business by
5039	subtracting necessary expenses required for self-employment or business operation from gross
5040	receipts[-];
5041	(ii) [The] shall review income and expenses from self-employment or operation of a
5042	business [shall be reviewed] to determine an appropriate level of gross income available to the
5043	parent to satisfy a child support award[-]; and
5044	(iii) [Only] may only deduct those expenses necessary to allow the business to operate
5045	at a reasonable level [may be deducted] from gross receipts.
5046	(b) Gross income determined under this Subsection (4) may differ from the amount of
5047	business income determined for tax purposes.
5048	[(5) (a) When possible, gross income should first be computed on an annual basis and
5049	then recalculated to determine the average gross monthly income.]

5050	[(b) Each parent shall provide verification of current income. Each parent shall
5051	provide year-to-date pay stubs or employer statements and complete copies of tax returns from
5052	at least the most recent year unless the court finds the verification is not reasonably available.
5053	Verification of income from records maintained by the Department of Workforce Services may
5054	be substituted for pay stubs, employer statements, and income tax returns.]
5055	[(c) Historical and current earnings shall be used to determine whether an
5056	underemployment or overemployment situation exists.]
5057	[(6) Incarceration of at least six months may not be treated as voluntary unemployment
5058	by the office in establishing or modifying a support order.]
5059	[(7) Gross income includes income imputed to the parent under Subsection (8).]
5060	[(8) (a) Income may not be imputed]
5061	(5) When possible, the court or administrative agency shall determine the average
5062	monthly gross income for each parent by:
5063	(a) calculating the gross income of each parent on an annual basis; and
5064	(b) dividing the annual gross income for each parent by 12.
5065	(6) (a) The court or administrative agency may not impute income to a parent unless
5066	the parent stipulates to the amount imputed, the parent defaults, or, in contested cases, a
5067	hearing is held and [the judge in a judicial proceeding or the presiding officer in an
5068	administrative proceeding] the court or administrative agency enters findings of fact as to the
5069	evidentiary basis for the imputation.
5070	(b) If income is imputed to a parent, [the income shall be based] the court or
5071	administrative agency shall base income upon employment potential and probable earnings
5072	considering, to the extent known:
5073	(i) employment opportunities;
5074	(ii) work history;
5075	(iii) occupation qualifications;
5076	(iv) educational attainment;
5077	(v) literacy;
5078	(vi) age;
5079	(vii) health;
5080	(viii) criminal record;

5081	(ix) other employment barriers and background factors; and
5082	(x) prevailing earnings and job availability for persons of similar backgrounds in the
5083	community.
5084	(c) If a parent has no recent work history or a parent's occupation is unknown, [that
5085	parent may be imputed] the court or administrative agency may impute an income to that parent
5086	at the federal minimum wage for a 40-hour work week.
5087	(d) To impute a greater or lesser income, the [judge in a judicial proceeding or the
5088	presiding officer in an administrative proceeding] court or administrative agency shall enter
5089	specific findings of fact as to the evidentiary basis for the imputation.
5090	[(d)] (e) [Income may not be imputed] The court or administrative agency may not
5091	impute income to a parent if any of the following conditions exist and the condition is not of a
5092	temporary nature:
5093	(i) the reasonable costs of child care for the parents' minor [children] child approach or
5094	equal the amount of income the custodial parent can earn;
5095	(ii) a parent is physically or mentally unable to earn minimum wage;
5096	(iii) a parent is engaged in career or occupational training to establish basic job skills;
5097	or
5098	(iv) unusual emotional or physical needs of a child require the custodial parent's
5099	presence in the home.
5100	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the court or administrative agency may not include
5101	the following sources of income when calculating the gross income of a parent:
5102	(a) cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment
5103	Program;
5104	(b) benefits received under a housing subsidy program, the Job Training Partnership
5105	Act, Supplemental Security Income, Social Security Disability Insurance, Medicaid, SNAP
5106	benefits, or General Assistance;
5107	(c) other similar means-tested welfare benefits received by a parent;
5108	(d) the earned income of a child who is the subject of a child support award; or
5109	(e) except as otherwise provided in Subsection (8), the benefits to a child in the child's
5110	own right, such as Supplemental Security Income.
5111	(8) (a) The court or administrative agency shall credit, as child support, the amount of

5112	social security benefits received by a child due to the earnings of the parent on whose earning
5113	record the social security benefits are based by crediting the amount against the potential
5114	obligation of that parent.
5115	(b) The court or administrative agency may consider other unearned income of a child
5116	as income of a parent depending upon the circumstances of each case.
5117	[(9) (a) Gross income may not include the earnings of a minor child who is the subject
5118	of a child support award nor benefits to a minor child in the child's own right such as
5119	Supplemental Security Income.]
5120	[(b) Social security benefits received by a child due to the earnings of a parent shall be
5121	credited as child support to the parent upon whose earning record it is based, by crediting the
5122	amount against the potential obligation of that parent. Other unearned income of a child may
5123	be considered as income to a parent depending upon the circumstances of each case.]
5124	Section 151. Section 81-6-204 is enacted to read:
5125	81-6-204. General provisions for calculating child support Determination of
5126	base combined child support obligation.
5127	(1) To calculate child support, the court or administrative agency shall determine the
5128	base combined child support obligation for the parents by:
5129	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), adjusting the average monthly gross income
5130	for each parent by subtracting any alimony previously ordered and paid and any child support
5131	previously ordered for that parent;
5132	(b) adjusting the average monthly gross income for each parent by subtracting any
5133	credits deemed appropriate under Subsections 81-6-202(7) and (8);
5134	(c) combining the adjusted average monthly gross incomes for both parents; and
5135	(d) locating the base combined child support obligation in the base combined child
5136	support obligation table by finding:
5137	(i) the combined adjusted average monthly gross incomes of the parents in the table;
5138	and
5139	(ii) the total number of children in common to the parents.
5140	(2) The court or administrative agency may only use the income of the parents of the
5141	child to determine the base child support award.
5142	(3) The court or administrative agency may not subtract any alimony ordered in the

5143	pending proceeding from the gross incomes of the parents as described in Subsection (1)(c).
5144	(4) If there is no amount listed for the base combined child support obligation in the
5145	base combined child support obligation table, the base combined support obligation for the
5146	parents is \$0.
5147	(5) Upon determining the base combined child support obligation, the court or
5148	administrative agency shall make additional calculations as described in Section 81-6-205,
5149	81-6-206, or 81-6-207 to determine the base child support award.
5150	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the court may consider any amount that
5151	an incapacitated adult child can contribute to the child's support and use the amount to justify a
5152	reduction in the amount of support ordered.
5153	(b) If the case described in Subsection (6)(a) involves more than one child, the
5154	reduction may not be greater than the effect of reducing the total number of children by one.
5155	(7) (a) The base combined child support obligation table provides combined child
5156	support obligations for up to six children.
5157	(b) If a case involves more than six children, the court may add additional amounts to
5158	the base child support obligation shown in the base combined child support obligation table.
5159	(c) Unless rebutted by Subsection 81-6-202(3), the court or administrative agency may
5160	not order an amount less than the amount that would be ordered for up to six children.
5161	(8) (a) If the combined adjusted gross income exceeds the highest level specified in the
5162	base combined child support obligation table, the court shall order an appropriate and just
5163	amount of child support on a case-by-case basis, except that the court may not order an amount
5164	that is less than the highest level specified in the table for the number of children due child
5165	support.
5166	(b) There is no maximum limit on the base child support award that a court may order
5167	using the child support tables.
5168	(9) The amount shown in a child support table is the child support amount for the total
5169	number of children not an amount per child.
5170	(10) For all worksheets, income and child support award figures are rounded to the
5171	nearest dollar.
5172	Section 152. Section 81-6-205 is enacted to read:
5173	81-6-205. Sole physical custody Obligation calculations Change in physical

5174	custody.
5175	(1) This section applies to a case in which a parent, or another person, is awarded sole
5176	physical custody of the children.
5177	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the court or administrative agency
5178	shall determine the base child support award for each parent by:
5179	(a) dividing each parent's monthly adjusted gross income by the combined monthly
5180	adjusted gross income to determine each parent's percentage; and
5181	(b) multiplying each parent's percentage by the base combined child support obligation
5182	that is calculated as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1).
5183	(3) (a) If the base combined child support obligation is \$0, the court or administrative
5184	agency shall establish the base child support award for each parent by:
5185	(i) determining the individual monthly adjusted gross income for the parent;
5186	(ii) locating the amount of the base child support award in the low income table by
5187	finding:
5188	(A) the monthly adjusted gross income for the parent in the low income table; and
5189	(B) the number of children in common with the parents.
5190	(b) The corresponding amount in the low income table is the base child support award
5191	for that parent.
5192	(4) (a) If a parent's individual monthly adjusted gross income is less than the highest
5193	amount of monthly adjusted gross income shown in the low income table, the court or
5194	administrative agency shall determine that the base child support award is the lesser of:
5195	(i) the amount calculated using the base combined child support obligation table as
5196	described in Subsection (2); and
5197	(ii) the amount calculated using the low income table as described in Subsection (3).
5198	(b) If the monthly adjusted gross income of a parent is found in an area of the low
5199	income table in which no amount is shown, the court or administrative agency shall determine
5200	the base child support award by using the amount listed in the base combined child support
5201	obligation table and calculated as described in Subsection (2).
5202	(5) A base child support award in a sole physical custody case may not be less than
5203	<u>\$30.</u>
5204	(6) The amounts calculated under this section are rebuttable as described in Section

5205	<u>81-6-202.</u>
5206	(7) A parent without sole physical custody of the children is an obligor and is required
5207	to pay the amount of child support calculated under this section.
5208	(8) (a) When physical custody of a child changes after the original child support order,
5209	the parent without physical custody of the child is required to pay the amount of child support
5210	calculated under this section, without the need to modify the order, to:
5211	(i) the parent who has physical custody of the child;
5212	(ii) a relative to whom physical custody of the child has been voluntarily given; or
5213	(iii) the state when the child is residing outside of the home in the protective custody,
5214	temporary custody, or care of the state or a state-licensed facility for at least 30 days.
5215	(b) When physical custody of a child changes from the physical custody that is
5216	assumed in the original child support order calculated under this section, the modification of
5217	the child support order is not necessary even if only one parent is specifically ordered to pay in
5218	the child support order.
5219	Section 153. Section 81-6-206 is enacted to read:
5220	<u>81-6-206.</u> Joint physical custody Obligation calculations.
5221	(1) This section applies to a case in which the parents are awarded joint physical
5222	custody of the children.
5223	(2) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in
5224	Subsection 81-6-204(1) is \$0, the base child support award for each parent is \$0.
5225	(3) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in
5226	Subsection 81-6-204(1) is greater than \$0, the court or administrative agency shall determine
5227	each parent's share of the base combined child support obligation by:
5228	(a) dividing each parent's monthly adjusted gross income by the combined monthly
5229	adjusted gross income to determine each parent's percentage; and
5230	(b) multiplying each parent's percentage by the base combined child support obligation.
5231	(4) The court or administrative agency shall determine the base child support award for
5232	the parent with the lesser number of overnights by:
5233	(a) multiplying the number of overnights over 110 and under 131 for that parent by
5234	.0027;
5235	(b) multiplying the number calculated under Subsection (4)(a) by the base combined

5236	child support obligation;
5237	(c) multiplying the number of overnights over 130 for that parent by .0084;
5238	(d) multiplying the number calculated under Subsection (4)(c) by the base combined
5239	child support obligation; and
5240	(e) subtracting the numbers calculated in Subsections (4)(b) and (4)(d) from that
5241	parent's share of the base combined child support obligation calculated under Subsection (3).
5242	(5) If the base child support award calculated under Subsection (4) is greater than 0 ,
5243	the parent with the lesser number of overnights is the obligor and is required to pay child
5244	support.
5245	(6) If the base child support award calculated under Subsection (4) is less than \$0:
5246	(a) the parent with the lesser number of overnights is the obligee; and
5247	(b) the parent with the greater number of overnights is the obligor and is required to
5248	pay child support.
5249	(7) If the parents have an equal parent-time schedule under Section 81-9-305, the
5250	amount of time to be spent with the parent who has the lower monthly adjusted gross income is
5251	considered 183 overnights, regardless of whether the parent receives 182 overnights or 183
5252	overnights under the equal parent-time schedule.
5253	Section 154. Section 81-6-207 is enacted to read:
5254	81-6-207. Split physical custody Obligation calculations.
5255	(1) This section applies to a case in which the parents are awarded split physical
5256	custody of the children.
5257	(2) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in
5258	Subsection 81-6-204(1) is \$0, the base child support award for each parent is \$0.
5259	(3) If the base combined child support obligation that is calculated as described in
5260	Subsection 81-6-204(1) is greater than \$0, the court shall determine the base child support
5261	award by:
5262	(a) dividing the number of children with each parent by the combined number of
5263	children to calculate each parent's percentage of children;
5264	(b) dividing each parent's monthly adjusted gross income by the combined monthly
5265	adjusted gross income to calculate each parent's percentage of the combined monthly adjusted
5266	gross income;

5267	(c) multiplying each parent's percentage of the combined monthly adjusted gross
5268	income by the base combined child support obligation to calculate each parent's share of the
5269	base combined child support obligation;
5270	(d) multiplying each parent's share of the base combined child support obligation by
5271	the other parent's percentage of children to determine the individual child support obligations
5272	for each parent; and
5273	(e) subtracting the lesser individual child support obligation from the higher individual
5274	child support obligation to reach the base child support award.
5275	(4) The parent with the higher individual child support obligation is the parent required
5276	to pay the base child support award calculated under Subsection (3).
5277	Section 155. Section 81-6-208, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-212 is
5278	renumbered and amended to read:
5279	[78B-12-212]. <u>81-6-208.</u> Requirements for a child support order regarding
5280	medical expenses Determination of parental liability for medical expenses.
5281	(1) As used in this section, "health insurance" means the same as that term is defined in
5282	<u>Section 31A-1-301.</u>
5283	[(1)] (2) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4), a child support order issued or
5284	modified in this state on or after May 3, 2023, shall require compliance with the requirements
5285	described in Subsection [(2)] (3) as of the effective date of the child support order.
5286	[(2)] (3) A child support order shall:
5287	(a) [order that] require the parents provide health care coverage for the medical
5288	expenses of a child;
5289	(b) [order that] require the parents provide health insurance for the medical expenses of
5290	a child if <u>health</u> insurance is available to the parents at a reasonable cost;
5291	(c) [in accordance with Subsection 30-3-5(3)(b)(ii) and Section 30-3-5.4,] designate
5292	which health[, hospital, or dental] insurance plan is primary and which health[, hospital, or
5293	dental] insurance plan is secondary if, at any time, a child is covered by both parents' health[,
5294	hospital, or dental] insurance plans as described in Subsection (7);
5295	(d) [require] require each parent to share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the
5296	premium actually paid by a parent for the child's portion of health insurance; and
5297	(e) [in accordance with Subsection 30-3-5(3)(a),] include a provision that requires each

5298	parent to equally share all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and
5299	dental expenses incurred for a child, including co-payments, co-insurance, and deductibles.
5300	[(3)] (4) [A court] The court may deviate from the requirements described in
5301	Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ if:
5302	(a) the court makes specific findings establishing good cause for the deviation; or
5303	(b) subject to the court's approval, the parents agree which parent shall provide <u>health</u>
5304	insurance for the child.
5305	[(4)] (5) In determining whether to take the action described in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4), the
5306	court may consider:
5307	(a) the reasonableness of the cost;
5308	(b) the availability of a group insurance policy;
5309	(c) the coverage of the policy; or
5310	(d) the preference of the custodial parent.
5311	[(5)] (6) Subject to Subsection $[(3)]$ (4), if a child support order does not contain the
5312	requirements described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (3):
5313	(a) the parents are nonetheless subject to the requirements described in Subsection $[(2)]$
5314	(3), as applicable; and
5315	(b) for purposes of Subsection $[(2)(c)]$ (3)(c), the <u>health</u> insurance plan of the parent
5316	whose birthday falls first in the calendar year is primary, and the <u>health</u> insurance plan of the
5317	parent whose birthday falls second in the calendar year is secondary.
5318	(7) (a) The provisions of an order under Subsection (3)(c) shall:
5319	(i) take effect if at any time a child is covered by both parents' health insurance plans;
5320	and
5321	(ii) include the following language: "If, at any point in time, a child is covered by the
5322	health insurance plans of both parents, the health insurance plan of (Parent's Name) shall be
5323	primary coverage for the child and the health insurance plan of (Other Parent's Name) shall be
5324	secondary coverage for the child. If a parent remarries and the child is not covered by that
5325	parent's health insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the health insurance plan
5326	of the step-parent shall be treated as if it is the plan of the remarried parent and shall retain the
5327	same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the child."
5328	(b) A court or administrative agency may not modify the language required by

5329	Subsection (7)(a)(ii).
5330	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b), the court may allocate the payment of medical
5331	expenses including co-payments, deductibles, and co-insurance not covered by health insurance
5332	between the parents.
5333	(d) In designating primary coverage pursuant to Subsection (3)(c), the court may take
5334	into account:
5335	(i) the birth dates of the parents;
5336	(ii) a requirement in a court order, if any, for one of the parents to maintain health
5337	insurance coverage for a child;
5338	(iii) the parent with physical custody of the child; or
5339	(iv) any other factor the court considers relevant.
5340	$\left[\frac{(6)(a)}{(8)(a)}\right]$ The parent who provides <u>health</u> insurance may receive credit against
5341	the base child support award or recover the other parent's share of the child's portion of the
5342	premium.
5343	(b) If the parent does not have <u>health</u> insurance but another member of the parent's
5344	household provides health insurance for the child, the parent may receive credit against the
5345	base child support award or recover the other parent's share of the child's portion of the
5346	premium.
5347	[(7) (a)] (9) (a) The child's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium
5348	actually paid.
5349	(b) The premium expense for a child shall be calculated by dividing the premium
5350	amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the
5351	number of children in the instant case.
5352	$\left[\frac{(8)(a)}{(10)(a)}\right]$ The parent maintaining health care coverage or insurance shall
5353	provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the [Office of Recovery Services]
5354	office under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., upon initial
5355	enrollment of the child, and after initial enrollment on or before January 2 of each calendar
5356	year.
5357	(b) The parent shall notify the other parent, or the [Office of Recovery Services] office
5358	under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., of any change of
5359	insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date the parent first knew

5360	or should have known of the change.
5361	[(9)] (c) A parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the
5362	cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.
5363	[(10)] (d) [In addition to any other sanctions provided by the court, a] The court may
5364	deny a parent incurring medical expenses [may be denied] the right to receive credit for the
5365	expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to comply
5366	with [Subsections (8) and (9)] this Subsection (10).
5367	(11) (a) The court or administrative agency may issue an order determining the amount
5368	of a parent's liability for medical expenses of a child when the parent:
5369	(i) is required by a prior court or administrative order to:
5370	(A) share those expenses with the other parent of the child; or
5371	(B) obtain insurance for medical expenses but fails to do so; or
5372	(ii) receives direct payment from an insurer under insurance coverage obtained after the
5373	prior court or administrative order was issued.
5374	(b) If the prior court or administrative order does not specify what proportions of the
5375	expenses are to be shared:
5376	(i) the court may determine the amount of liability as may be reasonable and necessary;
5377	and
5378	(ii) the administrative agency may determine the amount of liability in accordance with
5379	established rules.
5380	(c) This Subsection (11) applies to an order without regard to when the order was
5381	issued.
5382	Section 156. Section 81-6-209, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-214 is
5383	renumbered and amended to read:
5384	[78B-12-214]. <u>81-6-209.</u> Requirements for a child support order regarding
5385	child care costs and expenses Actual expenses for child care.
5386	[(1) The child support order shall require that each parent share equally the reasonable
5387	work-related child care expenses of the parents.]
5388	(1) The court or administrative agency shall require in a child support order that each
5389	parent share equally the reasonable work-related child care expenses of the parents.
5390	(2) (a) If an actual expense for child care is incurred, a parent shall begin paying [his]

5391 the parent's share on a monthly basis immediately upon presentation of proof of the child care 5392 expense[, but if]. 5393 (b) If the child care expense ceases to be incurred, [that] the parent may suspend 5394 making monthly payment of that expense, while [it] the expense is not being incurred, without 5395 obtaining a modification of the child support order. 5396 [(b)] (c) (i) In the absence of a court order to the contrary, a parent who incurs child 5397 care expense shall provide written verification of the cost and identity of a child care provider 5398 to the other parent upon initial engagement of a provider and thereafter on the request of the 5399 other parent. 5400 (ii) In the absence of a court order to the contrary, the parent shall notify the other 5401 parent of any change of child care provider or the monthly expense of child care within 30 5402 calendar days [of the date of the change] after the day on which the change occurred. (3) [In addition to any other sanctions provided by the court, a] The court may deny a 5403 5404 parent incurring child care expenses [may be denied] the right to receive credit for the expenses 5405 or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if the parent incurring the expenses fails to 5406 comply with Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)(b)}{(2)(c)}\right]$ (2)(c). (4) (a) The court or administrative agency shall presume that child care costs should be 5407 5408 included in a child support order if a parent, during extended parent-time, is working and 5409 actually incurring the child care costs. 5410 (b) The presumption under Subsection (4)(a) is rebutted if: 5411 (i) the obligor's base child support award, in combination with the award of medical 5412 expenses, exceeds 50% of the obligor's adjusted gross income; or (ii) by adding the child care costs, the obligor's child support obligation would exceed 5413 5414 50% of the obligor's adjusted gross income. 5415 (5) (a) The court or administrative agency may award child care costs on a case-by-case 5416 basis if the child care costs are related to the career and occupational training of the custodial 5417 parent or the child care costs would be in the interest of justice. 5418 (b) The court or administrative agency may assign financial responsibility in a child 5419 support order for all or a portion of child care expenses incurred on behalf of a child due to the 5420 employment or training of the custodial parent. 5421 (6) (a) The court or administrative agency may impute a monthly obligation for child

5422	care costs when the court imputes income to a parent who is providing child care for the child
5423	so that the parties are not incurring child care costs for the child.
5424	(b) The court shall apply any monthly obligation imputed under Subsection (6)(a)
5425	towards any actual child care costs incurred within the same month for the child.
5426	Section 157. Section 81-6-210, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-217 is
5427	renumbered and amended to read:
5428	[78B-12-217]. <u>81-6-210.</u> Award of tax exemption for a child.
5429	(1) [No presumption exists] There is no presumption as to which parent should be
5430	awarded the right to claim a child [or children as exemptions] as an exemption for federal and
5431	state income tax purposes.
5432	(2) Unless the parties otherwise stipulate in writing, the court [or administrative
5433	agency] shall award in any final order the exemption on a case-by-case basis.
5434	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ In awarding the exemption, the court [or administrative agency] shall
5435	consider:
5436	(a) as the primary factor, the relative contribution of each parent to the cost of raising
5437	the child; and
5438	(b) among other factors, the relative tax benefit to each parent.
5439	[(3)] (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(2)]$ (3), the court [or administrative agency]
5440	may not award any exemption to [the noncustodial parent if that parent is not current in his] a
5441	parent if the parent is not current in the parent's child support obligation[, in which case].
5442	(b) If a parent is not current in the parent's child support obligation under Subsection
5443	(4)(a), the court [or administrative agency] may award an exemption to the [custodial parent]
5444	other parent.
5445	[(4)] (5) An exemption may not be awarded to a parent unless the award will result in a
5446	tax benefit to that parent.
5447	Section 158. Section 81-6-211, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-216 is
5448	renumbered and amended to read:
5449	[78B-12-216]. <u>81-6-211.</u> Reduction for extended parent-time.
5450	(1) The base child support award [shall be] is:
5451	(a) reduced by 50% for each child for time periods during which the child is with the
5452	noncustodial parent by order of the court or by written agreement of the parties for at least 25

5453 of any 30 consecutive days of extended parent-time; or

- 5454 (b) <u>reduced by</u> 25% for each child for time periods during which the child is with the 5455 noncustodial parent by order of the court[,] or by written agreement of the parties for at least 12 5456 of any 30 consecutive days of extended parent-time.
- 5457 (2) If the [dependent] child is a client of cash assistance provided under Title 35A,
 5458 Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment Program, <u>the administrative agency shall approve</u> any
 5459 agreement by the parties for reduction of child support during extended parent-time [shall be
 5460 approved by the administrative agency].
- 5461 (3) [Normal] For purposes of this section, normal parent-time and holiday visits to the 5462 custodial parent [shall not be] are not considered extended parent-time.
- 5463 (4) For cases receiving [IV-D] child support services in accordance with [Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 2, Child Support 5464 5465 Services, and Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases, to receive the adjustment] Title 26B, Chapter 9, Recovery Services and Administration of Child Support, the 5466 5467 noncustodial parent shall provide written documentation to the office of the extended 5468 parent-time schedule to receive the adjustment under Subsection (1), including the beginning 5469 and ending dates, [to the Office of Recovery Services] in the form of [either] a court order or a 5470 voluntary written agreement between the parties.
- (5) If the noncustodial parent complies with Subsection (4), owes no past-due support, and pays the full, unadjusted amount of current child support due for the month of scheduled extended parent-time and the following month, the [Office of Recovery Services] office shall refund the difference from the child support due to the custodial parent or the state, between the full amount of current child support received during the month of extended parent-time and the adjusted amount of current child support due:
- 5477 (a) from current <u>child</u> support received in the month following the month of scheduled5478 extended parent-time; or
- (b) from current <u>child</u> support received in the month following the month written
 documentation of the scheduled extended parent-time is provided to the office, whichever
 occurs later.
- (6) If the noncustodial parent complies with Subsection (4), owes past-due support, andpays the full, unadjusted amount of current child support due for the month of scheduled

5484	extended parent-time, the [Office of Recovery Services] office shall apply the difference, from
5485	the child support due to the custodial parent or the state, between the full amount of current
5486	child support received during the month of extended parent-time and the adjusted amount of
5487	current child support due, to the past-due support obligation in the case.
5488	(7) For cases not receiving $[H-D]$ child support services in accordance with $[Title]$
5489	26B, Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 2, Child
5490	Support Services, and Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases, any
5491	potential adjustment of the support payment during the month of extended visitation or any
5492	refund that may be due to the noncustodial parent from the custodial parent, shall be resolved
5493	between the parents or through the court without involvement by the Office of Recovery
5494	Services] Title 26B, Chapter 9, Recovery Services and Administration of Child Support, the
5495	court or the parents shall resolve, without involvement by the office, any potential adjustment
5496	of the child support payment during the month of extended visitation or any refund that is due
5497	to the noncustodial parent from the custodial parent.
5498	(8) For purposes of this section, the per child amount to which the abatement applies
5499	[shall be] is calculated by dividing the base child support award by the number of children
5500	included in the award.
5501	(9) The reduction in this section does not apply to parents with joint physical custody
5502	obligations calculated in accordance with Section [78B-12-208] 81-6-206.
5503	Section 159. Section 81-6-212 is enacted to read:
5504	81-6-212. Modification of child support order Adjustment of child support.
5505	(1) The amount of prospective child support is equal to the amount granted by a prior
5506	child support order unless:
5507	(a) there is a substantial change of circumstances on the part of the obligor or obligee
5508	as described in this section; or
5509	(b) an adjustment is made as described in this section or Subsection 81-6-215(5).
5510	(2) If the prior child support order contains a stipulated provision for the automatic
5511	adjustment for prospective child support, the prospective child support is the amount as stated
5512	in the order, without a showing of a substantial change of circumstances, if the stipulated
5513	provision:
5514	(a) is clear and unambiguous;

5515	(b) is self-executing;
5516	(c) provides for child support that equals or exceeds the base child support award
5517	required by the child support guidelines; and
5518	(d) does not allow a decrease in child support as a result of the obligor's voluntary
5519	reduction of income.
5520	(3) (a) A parent, legal guardian, or the office may, at any time, petition the court to
5521	adjust the amount of a child support order if there has been a substantial change in
5522	circumstances.
5523	(b) A change in the child support tables is not a substantial change in circumstances for
5524	the purposes of Subsection (3)(a).
5525	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (3)(a), a substantial change in circumstances may
5526	include:
5527	(i) material changes in custody;
5528	(ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties;
5529	(iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent;
5530	(iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn;
5531	(v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or
5532	(vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of
5533	others.
5534	(4) Upon receiving a petition under Subsection (3)(a), the court shall, taking into
5535	account the best interests of the child:
5536	(a) determine whether a substantial change has occurred;
5537	(b) if a substantial change has occurred, determine whether the change results in a
5538	difference of 15% or more between the obligor's ordered support amount and the obligor's
5539	support amount that would be required under the child support guidelines; and
5540	(c) adjust the obligor's ordered support amount to that which is provided for in the
5541	child support guidelines if:
5542	(i) there is a difference of 15% or more; and
5543	(ii) the difference is not of a temporary nature.
5544	(5) (a) If a child support order has not been issued or modified within the previous (5) (b) (5) (c) (5) (c) (5)
5545	three years, a parent, legal guardian, or the office may move the court to adjust the amount of a

5546	child support order.
5547	(b) Upon receiving a motion under Subsection (5)(a), the court shall, taking into
5548	account the best interests of the child:
5549	(i) determine whether there is a difference between the obligor's ordered support
5550	amount and the obligor's support amount that would be required under the child support
5551	guidelines; and
5552	(ii) if there is a difference as described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), adjust the obligor's
5553	ordered support amount to the obligor's support amount provided in the child support
5554	guidelines if:
5555	(A) the difference is 10% or more;
5556	(B) the difference is not of a temporary nature; and
5557	(C) the order adjusting the obligor's ordered support amount does not deviate from the
5558	child support guidelines.
5559	(c) A showing of a substantial change in circumstances is not necessary for an
5560	adjustment under Subsection (4).
5561	Section 160. Section 81-6-213 is enacted to read:
5562	81-6-213. Adjustment to child support when child becomes emancipated.
5563	(1) Except as otherwise provided in the child support order, the base child support
5564	award is automatically adjusted to the base child support award for the remaining number of
5565	children due child support, without the need to modify the most recent child support order by a
5566	court, when a child:
5567	(a) becomes 18 years old or graduates from high school during the child's normal and
5568	expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later;
5569	(b) dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States; or
5570	(c) is emancipated in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 7, Emancipation.
5571	(2) The base child support award is adjusted as described in Subsection (1) by using
5572	the child support table that was used to establish the most recent child support order and by
5573	using the income of the parties as specified in the most recent child support order or the
5574	worksheets.
5575	(3) The base child support award may not be reduced by a per child amount derived
5576	from the base child support award originally ordered.

5577	(4) If the incomes of the parties are not specified in the most recent child support order
5578	or the worksheets, the information regarding the incomes is not consistent, or the order deviates
5579	from the child support guidelines, the base child support award is not automatically adjusted
5580	under Subsection (1) and the child support order will continue until modified by the issuing
5581	tribunal.
5582	(5) If the child support order is deviated and the parties subsequently obtain a court
5583	order that adjusts the amount of child support back to the date of the emancipation of the child,
5584	the office may not be required to repay any difference in the child support collected during the
5585	interim.
5586	Section 161. Section 81-6-214 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-218 is
5587	renumbered and amended to read:
5588	[78B-12-218]. <u>81-6-214.</u> Accountability of support provided to benefit child
5589	Accounting.
5590	(1) The court or administrative agency [which] that issues the initial or modified order
5591	for child support may, upon the petition of the obligor, order prospectively the obligee to
5592	furnish an accounting of amounts provided for the child's benefit to the obligor, including an
5593	accounting or receipts.
5594	(2) The court or administrative agency may prescribe the frequency and the form of the
5595	accounting [which shall include], including receipts [and an accounting].
5596	(3) The obligor may petition for the accounting only if current on all child support that
5597	has been ordered.
5598	Section 162. Section 81-6-301 is enacted to read:
5599	Part 3. Child Support Tables
5600	81-6-301. Definitions for part.
5601	Reserved.
5602	Section 163. Section 81-6-302, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-301 is
5603	renumbered and amended to read:
5604	[78B-12-301]. <u>81-6-302.</u> Base combined child support obligation table
5605	Both parents Child support orders entered before January 1, 2023.
5606	The table in this section [shall be] is used to:
5607	(1) establish a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2008,

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5608 but before January 1, 2023;

- 5609 (2) modify a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2008,
- 5610 but before January 1, 2023;
- 5611 (3) modify a temporary judicial child support order established on or before December
- 5612 31, 2007, if the new order is entered on or after January 1, 2008, but before January 1, 2023; or
- 5613 (4) modify a final child support order entered on or before December 31, 2007, if the
- 5614 modification is made on or after January 1, 2010, but before January 1, 2025.

5615	Adjuste	d Monthly ed Gross ome			Number o	f Children		
5616			1	2	3	4	5	6
5617	From	То						
5618	726 -	750	138	245	286	319	351	382
5619	751 -	775	141	252	294	328	360	392
5620	776 -	800	146	259	301	336	370	402
5621	801 -	825	151	265	309	345	379	412
5622	826 -	850	155	272	317	353	389	423
5623	851 -	875	160	279	324	362	398	433
5624	876 -	900	165	285	332	370	407	443
5625	901 -	925	169	292	340	379	417	453
5626	926 -	950	174	299	348	387	426	464
5627	951 -	975	179	305	355	396	436	474
5628	976 -	1,000	183	312	363	405	445	484
5629	1,001 -	1,050	193	322	374	417	459	500
5630	1,051 -	1,100	201	335	390	435	478	520
5631	1,101 -	1,150	210	348	405	452	497	541
5632	1,151 -	1,200	220	362	420	469	516	561
5633	1,201 -	1,250	229	375	436	486	535	582
5634	1,251 -	1,300	238	388	451	503	553	602

5635	1,301 -	1,350	248	401	467	520	572	623
5636	1,351 -	1,400	256	414	481	536	590	642
5637	1,401 -	1,450	265	426	495	552	607	661
5638	1,451 -	1,500	275	438	510	568	625	680
5639	1,501 -	1,550	284	451	524	584	643	699
5640	1,551 -	1,600	293	463	538	600	660	718
5641	1,601 -	1,650	303	476	553	616	678	737
5642	1,651 -	1,700	311	488	567	632	695	757
5643	1,701 -	1,750	320	500	581	648	713	776
5644	1,751 -	1,800	330	513	596	664	731	795
5645	1,801 -	1,850	339	525	610	680	748	814
5646	1,851 -	1,900	348	538	624	696	766	833
5647	1,901 -	1,950	358	550	638	712	783	852
5648	1,951 -	2,000	366	562	652	727	800	870
5649	2,001 -	2,100	385	580	673	750	825	898
5650	2,101 -	2,200	399	604	701	781	859	935
5651	2,201 -	2,300	410	628	728	812	893	972
5652	2,301 -	2,400	420	652	756	843	927	1,009
5653	2,401 -	2,500	431	676	784	874	961	1,046
5654	2,501 -	2,600	443	700	811	904	995	1,082
5655	2,601 -	2,700	453	723	838	934	1,028	1,118
5656	2,701 -	2,800	464	747	865	964	1,060	1,154
5657	2,801 -	2,900	475	770	891	994	1,093	1,189
5658	2,901 -	3,000	485	794	918	1,024	1,126	1,225
5659	3,001 -	3,100	496	817	945	1,054	1,159	1,261
5660	3,101 -	3,200	508	838	970	1,081	1,189	1,294
5661	3,201 -	3,300	518	859	994	1,108	1,219	1,326
5662	3,301 -	3,400	529	881	1,018	1,135	1,248	1,358

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5663	3,401 -	3,500	539	902	1,042	1,162	1,278	1,391
5664	3,501 -	3,600	548	923	1,066	1,189	1,308	1,423
5665	3,601 -	3,700	555	944	1,090	1,216	1,337	1,455
5666	3,701 -	3,800	564	965	1,115	1,243	1,367	1,487
5667	3,801 -	3,900	573	985	1,138	1,269	1,396	1,519
5668	3,901 -	4,000	581	1,004	1,160	1,294	1,423	1,548
5669	4,001 -	4,100	590	1,024	1,182	1,318	1,450	1,577
5670	4,101 -	4,200	599	1,043	1,204	1,342	1,477	1,607
5671	4,201 -	4,300	608	1,062	1,226	1,367	1,503	1,636
5672	4,301 -	4,400	616	1,081	1,248	1,391	1,530	1,665
5673	4,401 -	4,500	624	1,101	1,270	1,416	1,557	1,694
5674	4,501 -	4,600	633	1,119	1,291	1,439	1,583	1,722
5675	4,601 -	4,700	641	1,133	1,306	1,456	1,601	1,742
5676	4,701 -	4,800	650	1,147	1,321	1,473	1,620	1,762
5677	4,801 -	4,900	659	1,161	1,336	1,489	1,638	1,783
5678	4,901 -	5,000	668	1,175	1,351	1,506	1,657	1,803
5679	5,001 -	5,100	676	1,189	1,366	1,523	1,675	1,823
5680	5,101 -	5,200	684	1,203	1,381	1,540	1,694	1,843
5681	5,201 -	5,300	693	1,217	1,396	1,557	1,712	1,863
5682	5,301 -	5,400	701	1,227	1,408	1,570	1,726	1,878
5683	5,401 -	5,500	710	1,238	1,419	1,582	1,741	1,894
5684	5,501 -	5,600	719	1,248	1,431	1,595	1,755	1,909
5685	5,601 -	5,700	728	1,259	1,442	1,608	1,769	1,925
5686	5,701 -	5,800	733	1,269	1,454	1,621	1,783	1,940
5687	5,801 -	5,900	739	1,280	1,465	1,634	1,797	1,956
5688	5,901 -	6,000	745	1,290	1,477	1,647	1,812	1,971
5689	6,001 -	6,100	751	1,302	1,490	1,661	1,827	1,988
5690	6,101 -	6,200	756	1,313	1,503	1,676	1,843	2,005

5(01)								
5691 6,2	201 -	6,300	763	1,325	1,516	1,690	1,859	2,023
5692 6,3	301 -	6,400	769	1,336	1,528	1,704	1,874	2,039
5693 6,4	401 -	6,500	775	1,347	1,540	1,717	1,889	2,055
5694 6,5	501 -	6,600	780	1,358	1,553	1,731	1,904	2,072
5695 6,	601 -	6,700	786	1,369	1,565	1,745	1,919	2,088
5696 6,	701 -	6,800	786	1,380	1,577	1,759	1,934	2,105
5697 6,	801 -	6,900	841	1,391	1,590	1,772	1,950	2,121
5698 6,	901 -	7,000	850	1,402	1,602	1,786	1,965	2,138
5699 7,	001 -	7,100	859	1,413	1,614	1,800	1,980	2,154
5700 7,	101 -	7,200	868	1,417	1,618	1,804	1,985	2,159
5701 7,2	201 -	7,300	876	1,420	1,621	1,807	1,988	2,163
5702 7,3	301 -	7,400	883	1,423	1,624	1,811	1,992	2,167
5703 7,4	401 -	7,500	888	1,426	1,627	1,814	1,996	2,171
5704 7,3	501 -	7,600	894	1,429	1,630	1,818	1,999	2,175
5705 7,	601 -	7,700	899	1,432	1,633	1,821	2,003	2,179
5706 7,	701 -	7,800	904	1,436	1,636	1,824	2,007	2,184
5707 7,	801 -	7,900	910	1,439	1,639	1,828	2,011	2,188
5708 7,	901 -	8,000	915	1,442	1,642	1,831	2,014	2,192
5709 8,	001 -	8,100	921	1,445	1,646	1,835	2,018	2,196
5710 8,	101 -	8,200	926	1,448	1,649	1,838	2,022	2,200
5711 8,2	201 -	8,300	933	1,451	1,652	1,842	2,026	2,204
5712 8,3	301 -	8,400	938	1,454	1,655	1,845	2,029	2,208
5713 8,4	401 -	8,500	944	1,460	1,661	1,852	2,037	2,216
5714 8,3	501 -	8,600	949	1,475	1,678	1,871	2,058	2,240
5715 8,	601 -	8,700	954	1,491	1,696	1,891	2,080	2,263
5716 8,	701 -	8,800	960	1,506	1,714	1,911	2,102	2,287
5717 8,	801 -	8,900	965	1,522	1,732	1,931	2,124	2,311
5718 8,	901 -	9,000	971	1,537	1,749	1,951	2,146	2,334

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5719	9,001 -	9,100	976	1,553	1,767	1,970	2,167	2,358
5720	9,101 -	9,200	983	1,568	1,785	1,990	2,189	2,382
5721	9,201 -	9,300	988	1,584	1,803	2,010	2,211	2,405
5722	9,301 -	9,400	994	1,599	1,820	2,030	2,233	2,429
5723	9,401 -	9,500	999	1,614	1,838	2,049	2,254	2,453
5724	9,501 -	9,600	1,004	1,630	1,856	2,069	2,276	2,477
5725	9,601 -	9,700	1,010	1,645	1,874	2,089	2,298	2,500
5726	9,701 -	9,800	1,015	1,661	1,891	2,109	2,320	2,524
5727	9,801 -	9,900	1,021	1,673	1,905	2,124	2,336	2,542
5728	9,901 -	10,000	1,026	1,683	1,917	2,137	2,351	2,557
5729	10,001 -	10,100	1,033	1,694	1,928	2,150	2,365	2,573
5730	10,101 -	10,200	1,039	1,704	1,940	2,163	2,379	2,589
5731	10,201 -	10,300	1,045	1,715	1,951	2,176	2,394	2,604
5732	10,301 -	10,400	1,051	1,725	1,963	2,189	2,408	2,620
5733	10,401 -	10,500	1,058	1,736	1,975	2,202	2,422	2,635
5734	10,501 -	10,600	1,064	1,746	1,986	2,215	2,436	2,651
5735	10,601 -	10,700	1,070	1,757	1,998	2,228	2,451	2,666
5736	10,701 -	10,800	1,077	1,767	2,010	2,241	2,465	2,682
5737	10,801 -	10,900	1,083	1,778	2,021	2,254	2,479	2,697
5738	10,901 -	11,000	1,090	1,788	2,033	2,267	2,494	2,713
5739	11,001 -	11,100	1,096	1,799	2,045	2,280	2,508	2,729
5740	11,101 -	11,200	1,103	1,809	2,056	2,293	2,522	2,744
5741	11,201 -	11,300	1,109	1,820	2,068	2,306	2,537	2,760
5742	11,301 -	11,400	1,116	1,830	2,080	2,319	2,551	2,775
5743	11,401 -	11,500	1,123	1,841	2,091	2,332	2,565	2,791
5744	11,501 -	11,600	1,129	1,851	2,103	2,345	2,579	2,806
5745	11,601 -	11,700	1,136	1,862	2,115	2,358	2,594	2,822
5746	11,701 -	11,800	1,143	1,872	2,126	2,371	2,608	2,838

5747	11,801 -	11,900	1,150	1,882	2,138	2,383	2,622	2,852
5748	11,901 -	12,000	1,157	1,892	2,148	2,395	2,635	2,867
5749	12,001 -	12,100	1,164	1,901	2,159	2,407	2,648	2,881
5750	12,101 -	12,200	1,171	1,910	2,170	2,419	2,661	2,895
5751	12,201 -	12,300	1,178	1,919	2,180	2,431	2,674	2,910
5752	12,301 -	12,400	1,185	1,929	2,191	2,443	2,687	2,924
5753	12,401 -	12,500	1,192	1,938	2,202	2,455	2,700	2,938
5754	12,501 -	12,600	1,199	1,947	2,212	2,467	2,714	2,952
5755	12,601 -	12,700	1,206	1,956	2,223	2,479	2,727	2,967
5756	12,701 -	12,800	1,213	1,966	2,234	2,491	2,740	2,981
5757	12,801 -	12,900	1,220	1,975	2,245	2,503	2,753	2,995
5758	12,901 -	13,000	1,227	1,984	2,255	2,514	2,766	3,009
5759	13,001 -	13,100	1,233	1,993	2,265	2,525	2,778	3,022
5760	13,101 -	13,200	1,239	2,001	2,275	2,536	2,790	3,035
5761	13,201 -	13,300	1,245	2,010	2,285	2,547	2,802	3,049
5762	13,301 -	13,400	1,250	2,018	2,294	2,558	2,814	3,062
5763	13,401 -	13,500	1,256	2,027	2,304	2,569	2,826	3,075
5764	13,501 -	13,600	1,262	2,035	2,314	2,580	2,838	3,088
5765	13,601 -	13,700	1,267	2,044	2,324	2,591	2,850	3,101
5766	13,701 -	13,800	1,273	2,052	2,334	2,602	2,862	3,114
5767	13,801 -	13,900	1,279	2,061	2,344	2,613	2,875	3,127
5768	13,901 -	14,000	1,284	2,069	2,354	2,624	2,887	3,141
5769	14,001 -	14,100	1,290	2,078	2,363	2,635	2,899	3,154
5770	14,101 -	14,200	1,296	2,087	2,373	2,646	2,911	3,167
5771	14,201 -	14,300	1,301	2,095	2,383	2,657	2,923	3,180
5772	14,301 -	14,400	1,306	2,104	2,393	2,668	2,935	3,193
5773	14,401 -	14,500	1,312	2,112	2,403	2,679	2,947	3,206
5774	14,501 -	14,600	1,317	2,121	2,413	2,690	2,959	3,220
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5775	14,601 -	14,700	1,323	2,129	2,423	2,701	2,971	3,233
5776	14,701 -	14,800	1,329	2,138	2,432	2,712	2,983	3,246
5777	14,801 -	14,900	1,334	2,146	2,442	2,723	2,995	3,259
5778	14,901 -	15,000	1,340	2,155	2,452	2,734	3,008	3,272
5779	15,001 -	15,100	1,345	2,163	2,461	2,744	3,018	3,284
5780	15,101 -	15,200	1,351	2,170	2,469	2,752	3,028	3,294
5781	15,201 -	15,300	1,357	2,177	2,476	2,761	3,037	3,304
5782	15,301 -	15,400	1,362	2,184	2,484	2,769	3,046	3,314
5783	15,401 -	15,500	1,368	2,191	2,491	2,778	3,056	3,325
5784	15,501 -	15,600	1,373	2,198	2,499	2,786	3,065	3,335
5785	15,601 -	15,700	1,379	2,205	2,507	2,795	3,074	3,345
5786	15,701 -	15,800	1,384	2,211	2,514	2,803	3,084	3,355
5787	15,801 -	15,900	1,390	2,218	2,522	2,812	3,093	3,365
5788	15,901 -	16,000	1,395	2,225	2,529	2,820	3,102	3,375
5789	16,001 -	16,100	1,401	2,232	2,537	2,829	3,112	3,385
5790	16,101 -	16,200	1,407	2,239	2,545	2,837	3,121	3,396
5791	16,201 -	16,300	1,412	2,246	2,552	2,846	3,130	3,406
5792	16,301 -	16,400	1,418	2,253	2,560	2,854	3,140	3,416
5793	16,401 -	16,500	1,423	2,260	2,567	2,863	3,149	3,426
5794	16,501 -	16,600	1,429	2,267	2,575	2,871	3,158	3,436
5795	16,601 -	16,700	1,434	2,274	2,583	2,880	3,168	3,446
5796	16,701 -	16,800	1,440	2,281	2,590	2,888	3,177	3,457
5797	16,801 -	16,900	1,445	2,288	2,598	2,897	3,186	3,467
5798	16,901 -	17,000	1,451	2,295	2,605	2,905	3,196	3,477
5799	17,001 -	17,100	1,456	2,302	2,613	2,914	3,205	3,487
5800	17,101 -	17,200	1,462	2,309	2,621	2,922	3,214	3,497
5801	17,201 -	17,300	1,467	2,316	2,628	2,931	3,224	3,507
5802	17,301 -	17,400	1,473	2,323	2,636	2,939	3,233	3,517

F								
5803	17,401 -	17,500	1,478	2,330	2,643	2,947	3,242	3,528
5804	17,501 -	17,600	1,483	2,337	2,651	2,956	3,252	3,538
5805	17,601 -	17,700	1,489	2,344	2,659	2,964	3,261	3,548
5806	17,701 -	17,800	1,494	2,351	2,666	2,973	3,270	3,558
5807	17,801 -	17,900	1,499	2,358	2,674	2,981	3,280	3,568
5808	17,901 -	18,000	1,505	2,365	2,682	2,990	3,289	3,578
5809	18,001 -	18,100	1,510	2,372	2,689	2,998	3,298	3,588
5810	18,101 -	18,200	1,516	2,379	2,697	3,007	3,308	3,599
5811	18,201 -	18,300	1,520	2,386	2,704	3,015	3,317	3,609
5812	18,301 -	18,400	1,525	2,392	2,712	3,024	3,326	3,619
5813	18,401 -	18,500	1,530	2,399	2,720	3,032	3,336	3,629
5814	18,501 -	18,600	1,535	2,406	2,727	3,041	3,345	3,639
5815	18,601 -	18,700	1,540	2,413	2,735	3,049	3,354	3,649
5816	18,701 -	18,800	1,545	2,420	2,742	3,058	3,364	3,659
5817	18,801 -	18,900	1,550	2,427	2,750	3,066	3,373	3,670
5818	18,901 -	19,000	1,555	2,434	2,758	3,075	3,382	3,680
5819	19,001 -	19,100	1,560	2,441	2,765	3,083	3,391	3,690
5820	19,101 -	19,200	1,565	2,448	2,773	3,092	3,401	3,700
5821	19,201 -	19,300	1,570	2,455	2,780	3,100	3,410	3,710
5822	19,301 -	19,400	1,575	2,462	2,788	3,109	3,419	3,720
5823	19,401 -	19,500	1,580	2,469	2,796	3,117	3,429	3,731
5824	19,501 -	19,600	1,585	2,476	2,803	3,126	3,438	3,741
5825	19,601 -	19,700	1,590	2,483	2,811	3,134	3,447	3,751
5826	19,701 -	19,800	1,595	2,490	2,818	3,143	3,457	3,761
5827	19,801 -	19,900	1,600	2,497	2,826	3,151	3,466	3,771
5828	19,901 -	20,000	1,605	2,504	2,834	3,159	3,475	3,781
5829	20,001 -	22,000	1,766	2,754	3,117	3,475	3,822	4,159
5830	22,001 -	24,000	1,926	3,005	3,401	3,791	4,170	4,537

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5831	24,001 -	26,000	2,087	3,255	3,684	4,107	4,518	4,915
5832	26,001 -	28,000	2,247	3,506	3,968	4,423	4,865	5,293
5833	28,001 -	30,000	2,408	3,756	4,251	4,739	5,213	5,672
5834	30,001 -	32,000	2,508	3,916	4,451	4,979	5,473	5,952
5835	32,001 -	34,000	2,608	4,076	4,651	5,219	5,733	6,232
5836	34,001 -	36,000	2,708	4,236	4,851	5,459	5,993	6,512
5837	36,001 -	38,000	2,808	4,396	5,051	5,699	6,253	6,792
5838	38,001 -	40,000	2,908	4,556	5,251	5,939	6,513	7,072
5839	40,001 -	42,000	3,008	4,716	5,451	6,179	6,773	7,352
5840	42,001 -	44,000	3,108	4,876	5,651	6,419	7,033	7,632
5841	44,001 -	46,000	3,208	5,036	5,851	6,659	7,293	7,912
5842	46,001 -	48,000	3,308	5,196	6,051	6,899	7,553	8,192
5843	48,001 -	50,000	3,408	5,356	6,251	7,139	7,813	8,472
5844	50,001 -	52,000	3,508	5,476	6,391	7,299	7,993	8,672
5845	52,001 -	54,000	3,608	5,596	6,531	7,459	8,173	8,872
5846	54,001 -	56,000	3,708	5,716	6,671	7,619	8,353	9,072
5847	56,001 -	58,000	3,808	5,836	6,811	7,779	8,533	9,272
5848	58,001 -	60,000	3,908	5,956	6,951	7,939	8,713	9,472
5849	60,001 -	62,000	4,008	6,076	7,091	8,099	8,893	9,672
5850	62,001 -	64,000	4,108	6,196	7,231	8,259	9,073	9,872
5851	64,001 -	66,000	4,208	6,316	7,371	8,419	9,253	10,072
5852	66,001 -	68,000	4,308	6,436	7,511	8,579	9,433	10,272
5853	68,001 -	70,000	4,408	6,556	7,651	8,739	9,613	10,472
5854	70,001 -	72,000	4,508	6,676	7,791	8,899	9,793	10,672
5855	72,001 -	74,000	4,608	6,796	7,931	9,059	9,973	10,872
5856	74,001 -	76,000	4,708	6,916	8,071	9,219	10,153	11,072
5857	76,001 -	78,000	4,808	7,036	8,211	9,379	10,333	11,272
5858	78,001 -	80,000	4,908	7,156	8,351	9,539	10,513	11,472

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5859		80,001 -	82,000	5,008	7,276	8,491	9,699	10,693	11,672	
5860		82,001 -	84,000	5,108	7,396	8,631	9,859	10,873	11,872	
5861		84,001 -	86,000	5,208	7,516	8,771	10,019	11,053	12,072	
5862		86,001 -	88,000	5,308	7,636	8,911	10,179	11,233	12,272	
5863		88,001 -	90,000	5,408	7,756	9,051	10,339	11,413	12,472	
5864		90,001 -	92,000	5,508	7,876	9,191	10,499	11,593	12,672	
5865		92,001 -	94,000	5,608	7,996	9,331	10,659	11,773	12,872	
5866		94,001 - 96,000 5,708 8,116 9,471 10,819 11,953 13,072								
5867		96,001 - 98,000 5,808 8,236 9,611 10,979 12,133 13,272								
5868		98,001 - 100,000 5,908 8,356 9,751 11,139 12,313 13,472								
5869 5870 5871 5872 5873 5874 5875 5876 5877 5878 5879 5879 5880 5881	suj bu bu 31	numbered an [78B-1] pport order The tal (1) est t before Jan (2) mo t before Jan (3) mo , 2007, if th (4) mo	nd amended 12-302]. rs entered h ble in this se tablish a chil mary 1, 2023 odify a child mary 1, 2023 odify a temp te new order odify a final	to read: <u>81-6-30</u> efore Janu ection [shall d support or 3; support ord 3; orary judician is entered of child support	3. Low inco ary 1, 2023. be] is used to rder entered ler entered for al child supp on or after Jac rt order ente	ome table o: for the first the or the first the ort order est nuary 1, 200 red on or be	rom Section Obligor par time on or aften ablished on of 8, but before fore Decemb anuary 1, 202	rent only fter January f er January 1, or before De January 1, 2 per 31, 2007,	Child 1, 2008, 2008, ecember 2023; or	
5882	 Individual Monthly Number of Children Adjusted Gross Income 									
5883	ľ			1	2	3	4	5	6	
5884	Ē	From	То							

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5885	0 -	649	30	30	30	30	30	30
5886	650 -	675	30	30	30	30	31	31
5887	676 -	700	58	60	60	61	61	62
5888	701 -	725	88	88	90	91	92	92
5889	726 -	750	117	118	119	120	122	123
5890	751 -	775		148	149	151	153	155
5891	776 -	800		178	179	182	183	186
5892	801 -	825		207	209	212	214	216
5893	826 -	850		236	239	242	244	247
5894	851 -	875		266	269	272	275	278
5895	876 -	900			299	303	305	309
5896	901 -	925			329	333	337	339
5897	926 -	950				363	366	370
5898	951 -	975				393	398	402
5899	976 -	1,000					428	433
5900	1,001 -	1,050						494

5901 Section 165. Section **81-6-304**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-303 is

5902 renumbered and amended to read:

5903[78B-12-303].81-6-304.Based combined child support obligation table --5904Both parents -- Child support orders entered on or after January 1, 2023.

5905 The following table [shall be] is used to:

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5906 (1) establish a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;
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- 5907 (2) modify a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;
- 5908(3) modify a temporary judicial child support order established on or before December
- 5909 31, 2022, if the new order is entered on or after January 1, 2023; or
- (4) modify a final child support order entered on or before December 31, 2022, if themodification is made on or after January 1, 2025.

5912	Adjuste	d Monthly ed Gross ome	Number of Children						
5913			1	2	3	4	5	6	
5914	From	То							
5915	1,951 -	2,000	366						
5916	2,001 -	2,100	385						
5917	2,101 -	2,200	399						
5918	2,201 -	2,300	410	628	728				
5919	2,301 -	2,400	420	652	756	843	927		
5920	2,401 -	2,500	431	676	784	874	961	1,046	
5921	2,501 -	2,600	443	700	811	904	995	1,082	
5922	2,601 -	2,700	453	723	838	934	1,028	1,118	
5923	2,701 -	2,800	464	747	865	964	1,060	1,154	
5924	2,801 -	2,900	475	770	891	994	1,093	1,189	
5925	2,901 -	3,000	485	794	918	1,024	1,126	1,225	
5926	3,001 -	3,100	496	817	945	1,054	1,159	1,261	
5927	3,101 -	3,200	508	838	970	1,081	1,189	1,294	
5928	3,201 -	3,300	518	859	994	1,108	1,219	1,326	
5929	3,301 -	3,400	529	881	1,018	1,135	1,248	1,358	
5930	3,401 -	3,500	539	902	1,042	1,162	1,278	1,391	
5931	3,501 -	3,600	548	923	1,066	1,189	1,308	1,423	
5932	3,601 -	3,700	555	944	1,090	1,216	1,337	1,455	
5933	3,701 -	3,800	564	965	1,115	1,243	1,367	1,487	
5934	3,801 -	3,900	573	985	1,138	1,269	1,396	1,519	
5935	3,901 -	4,000	581	1,004	1,160	1,294	1,423	1,548	
5936	4,001 -	4,100	590	1,024	1,182	1,318	1,450	1,577	
5937	4,101 -	4,200	599	1,043	1,204	1,342	1,477	1,607	
5938	4,201 -	4,300	608	1,062	1,226	1,367	1,503	1,636	

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5939	4,301 -	4,400	616	1,081	1,248	1,391	1,530	1,665
5940	4,401 -	4,500	624	1,101	1,270	1,416	1,557	1,694
5941	4,501 -	4,600	633	1,119	1,291	1,439	1,583	1,722
5942	4,601 -	4,700	641	1,133	1,306	1,456	1,601	1,742
5943	4,701 -	4,800	650	1,147	1,321	1,473	1,620	1,762
5944	4,801 -	4,900	659	1,161	1,336	1,489	1,638	1,783
5945	4,901 -	5,000	668	1,175	1,351	1,506	1,657	1,803
5946	5,001 -	5,100	676	1,189	1,366	1,523	1,675	1,823
5947	5,101 -	5,200	684	1,203	1,381	1,540	1,694	1,843
5948	5,201 -	5,300	693	1,217	1,396	1,557	1,712	1,863
5949	5,301 -	5,400	701	1,227	1,408	1,570	1,726	1,878
5950	5,401 -	5,500	710	1,238	1,419	1,582	1,741	1,894
5951	5,501 -	5,600	719	1,248	1,431	1,595	1,755	1,909
5952	5,601 -	5,700	728	1,259	1,442	1,608	1,769	1,925
5953	5,701 -	5,800	733	1,269	1,454	1,621	1,783	1,940
5954	5,801 -	5,900	739	1,280	1,465	1,634	1,797	1,956
5955	5,901 -	6,000	745	1,290	1,477	1,647	1,812	1,971
5956	6,001 -	6,100	751	1,302	1,490	1,661	1,827	1,988
5957	6,101 -	6,200	756	1,313	1,503	1,676	1,843	2,005
5958	6,201 -	6,300	763	1,325	1,516	1,690	1,859	2,023
5959	6,301 -	6,400	769	1,336	1,528	1,704	1,874	2,039
5960	6,401 -	6,500	775	1,347	1,540	1,717	1,889	2,055
5961	6,501 -	6,600	780	1,358	1,553	1,731	1,904	2,072
5962	6,601 -	6,700	786	1,369	1,565	1,745	1,919	2,088
5963	6,701 -	6,800	786	1,380	1,577	1,759	1,934	2,105
5964	6,801 -	6,900	841	1,391	1,590	1,772	1,950	2,121
5965	6,901 -	7,000	850	1,402	1,602	1,786	1,965	2,138
5966	7,001 -	7,100	859	1,413	1,614	1,800	1,980	2,154
				-				

5967	7,101 -	7,200	868	1,417	1,618	1,804	1,985	2,159
5968	7,201 -	7,300	876	1,420	1,621	1,807	1,988	2,163
5969	7,301 -	7,400	883	1,423	1,624	1,811	1,992	2,167
5970	7,401 -	7,500	888	1,426	1,627	1,814	1,996	2,171
5971	7,501 -	7,600	894	1,429	1,630	1,818	1,999	2,175
5972	7,601 -	7,700	899	1,432	1,633	1,821	2,003	2,179
5973	7,701 -	7,800	904	1,436	1,636	1,824	2,007	2,184
5974	7,801 -	7,900	910	1,439	1,639	1,828	2,011	2,188
5975	7,901 -	8,000	915	1,442	1,642	1,831	2,014	2,192
5976	8,001 -	8,100	921	1,445	1,646	1,835	2,018	2,196
5977	8,101 -	8,200	926	1,448	1,649	1,838	2,022	2,200
5978	8,201 -	8,300	933	1,451	1,652	1,842	2,026	2,204
5979	8,301 -	8,400	938	1,454	1,655	1,845	2,029	2,208
5980	8,401 -	8,500	944	1,460	1,661	1,852	2,037	2,216
5981	8,501 -	8,600	949	1,475	1,678	1,871	2,058	2,240
5982	8,601 -	8,700	954	1,491	1,696	1,891	2,080	2,263
5983	8,701 -	8,800	960	1,506	1,714	1,911	2,102	2,287
5984	8,801 -	8,900	965	1,522	1,732	1,931	2,124	2,311
5985	8,901 -	9,000	971	1,537	1,749	1,951	2,146	2,334
5986	9,001 -	9,100	976	1,553	1,767	1,970	2,167	2,358
5987	9,101 -	9,200	983	1,568	1,785	1,990	2,189	2,382
5988	9,201 -	9,300	988	1,584	1,803	2,010	2,211	2,405
5989	9,301 -	9,400	994	1,599	1,820	2,030	2,233	2,429
5990	9,401 -	9,500	999	1,614	1,838	2,049	2,254	2,453
5991	9,501 -	9,600	1,004	1,630	1,856	2,069	2,276	2,477
5992	9,601 -	9,700	1,010	1,645	1,874	2,089	2,298	2,500
5993	9,701 -	9,800	1,015	1,661	1,891	2,109	2,320	2,524
5994	9,801 -	9,900	1,021	1,673	1,905	2,124	2,336	2,542

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5996 10,001 - 10,100 1,033 1,694 1,928 2,150 2,365 2,57 5997 10,101 - 10,200 1,039 1,704 1,940 2,163 2,379 2,58 5998 10,201 - 10,300 1,045 1,715 1,951 2,176 2,394 2,60 5999 10,301 - 10,400 1,051 1,725 1,963 2,189 2,408 2,62 6000 10,401 - 10,500 1,058 1,736 1,975 2,202 2,422 2,63 6001 10,501 - 10,600 1,064 1,746 1,986 2,215 2,436 2,65 6002 10,601 - 10,700 1,070 1,757 1,998 2,228 2,451 2,66 6003 10,701 - 10,800 1,077 1,767 2,010 2,241 2,465 2,68 6004 10,901 - 11,000 1,090 1,788 2,033 2,267 2,494 2,71									
5997 10,101 - 10,200 1,039 1,704 1,940 2,163 2,379 2,58 5998 10,201 - 10,300 1,045 1,715 1,951 2,176 2,394 2,600 5999 10,301 - 10,400 1,051 1,725 1,963 2,189 2,408 2,622 6000 10,401 - 10,500 1,058 1,736 1,975 2,202 2,422 2,63 6001 10,501 - 10,600 1,064 1,746 1,986 2,215 2,436 2,65 6002 10,601 - 10,700 1,070 1,757 1,998 2,228 2,451 2,666 6003 10,701 - 10,800 1,077 1,767 2,010 2,244 2,711 2,669 6004 10,801 - 10,900 1,083 1,778 2,021 2,254 2,479 2,699 6005 10,901 - 11,000 1,090 1,788 2,033 2,267 2,494 2,714 </td <td>5995</td> <td>9,901 -</td> <td>10,000</td> <td>1,026</td> <td>1,683</td> <td>1,917</td> <td>2,137</td> <td>2,351</td> <td>2,557</td>	5995	9,901 -	10,000	1,026	1,683	1,917	2,137	2,351	2,557
5998 $10,201 10,300$ $1,045$ $1,715$ $1,951$ $2,176$ $2,394$ $2,600$ 5999 $10,301 10,400$ $1,051$ $1,725$ $1,963$ $2,189$ $2,408$ $2,622$ 6000 $10,401 10,500$ $1,058$ $1,736$ $1,975$ $2,202$ $2,422$ $2,633$ 6001 $10,501 10,600$ $1,064$ $1,746$ $1,986$ $2,215$ $2,436$ $2,655$ 6002 $10,601 10,700$ $1,070$ $1,757$ $1,998$ $2,228$ $2,451$ $2,666$ 6003 $10,701 10,800$ $1,077$ $1,767$ $2,010$ $2,241$ $2,465$ $2,668$ 6004 $10,801 10,900$ $1,083$ $1,778$ $2,021$ $2,254$ $2,479$ $2,69$ 6005 $10,901 11,000$ $1,090$ $1,788$ $2,033$ $2,267$ $2,494$ $2,711$ 6006 $11,001 11,000$ $1,096$ $1,799$ $2,045$ $2,280$ $2,508$ $2,722$ 6007 $11,101 11,200$ $1,103$ $1,809$ $2,056$ $2,293$ $2,522$ $2,744$ 6008 $11,201 11,300$ $1,109$ $1,820$ $2,068$ $2,306$ $2,537$ $2,766$ 6010 $11,401 11,500$ $1,123$ $1,841$ $2,091$ $2,332$ $2,555$ $2,779$ 6011 $11,501 11,600$ $1,129$ $1,851$ $2,103$ $2,345$ $2,579$ $2,800$ 6013 $11,701 -$	5996	10,001 -	10,100	1,033	1,694	1,928	2,150	2,365	2,573
5999 10,301 - 10,400 1,051 1,725 1,963 2,189 2,408 2,62 6000 10,401 - 10,500 1,058 1,736 1,975 2,202 2,422 2,63 6001 10,501 - 10,600 1,064 1,746 1,986 2,215 2,436 2,65 6002 10,601 - 10,700 1,070 1,757 1,998 2,228 2,451 2,666 6003 10,701 - 10,800 1,077 1,767 2,010 2,241 2,465 2,668 6004 10,801 - 10,900 1,083 1,778 2,021 2,254 2,479 2,699 6005 10,901 - 11,000 1,096 1,799 2,045 2,280 2,508 2,772 6006 11,001 - 11,200 1,103 1,809 2,056 2,293 2,522 2,74 6007 11,301 - 11,400 1,116 1,830 2,080 2,319 2,551 2,77 <td>5997</td> <td>10,101 -</td> <td>10,200</td> <td>1,039</td> <td>1,704</td> <td>1,940</td> <td>2,163</td> <td>2,379</td> <td>2,589</td>	5997	10,101 -	10,200	1,039	1,704	1,940	2,163	2,379	2,589
6000 $10,401 10,500$ $1,058$ $1,736$ 1.975 $2,202$ $2,422$ $2,633$ 6001 $10,501 10,600$ $1,064$ $1,746$ 1.986 $2,215$ $2,436$ $2,655$ 6002 $10,601 10,700$ $1,070$ $1,757$ 1.998 $2,228$ $2,451$ $2,666$ 6003 $10,701 10,800$ $1,077$ $1,767$ $2,010$ $2,241$ $2,465$ $2,688$ 6004 $10,801 10,900$ $1,083$ $1,778$ $2,021$ $2,254$ $2,479$ $2,699$ 6005 $10,901 11,000$ $1,090$ $1,788$ $2,033$ $2,267$ $2,494$ $2,711$ 6006 $11,001 11,100$ $1,096$ $1,799$ $2,045$ $2,280$ $2,508$ $2,722$ 6007 $11,101 11,200$ $1,103$ $1,809$ $2,056$ $2,293$ $2,522$ $2,744$ 6008 $11,201 11,300$ $1,109$ $1,820$ $2,068$ $2,306$ $2,537$ $2,766$ 6009 $11,301 11,400$ $1,116$ $1,830$ $2,080$ $2,319$ $2,551$ $2,779$ 6010 $11,401 11,500$ $1,123$ $1,841$ $2,091$ $2,332$ $2,565$ $2,799$ 6011 $11,501 11,600$ $1,129$ $1,851$ $2,103$ $2,345$ $2,579$ $2,800$ 6012 $11,601 11,700$ $1,136$ $1,862$ $2,115$ $2,358$ $2,594$ $2,825$	5998	10,201 -	10,300	1,045	1,715	1,951	2,176	2,394	2,604
6001 10,501 - 10,600 1,064 1,746 1,986 2,215 2,436 2,65 6002 10,601 - 10,700 1,070 1,757 1,998 2,228 2,451 2,66 6003 10,701 - 10,800 1,077 1,767 2,010 2,241 2,465 2,68 6004 10,801 - 10,900 1,083 1,778 2,021 2,254 2,479 2,69 6005 10,901 - 11,000 1,090 1,788 2,033 2,267 2,494 2,71 6006 11,001 - 11,100 1,096 1,799 2,045 2,280 2,508 2,72 6007 11,101 - 11,200 1,103 1,809 2,056 2,293 2,522 2,74 6008 11,201 - 11,300 1,109 1,820 2,068 2,306 2,537 2,76 6010 11,401 - 11,500 1,123 1,841 2,091 2,332 2,555 2,79	5999	10,301 -	10,400	1,051	1,725	1,963	2,189	2,408	2,620
600210,601 -10,7001,0701,7571,9982,2282,4512,66600310,701 -10,8001,0771,7672,0102,2412,4652,68600410,801 -10,9001,0831,7782,0212,2542,4792,69600510,901 -11,0001,0901,7882,0332,2672,4942,71600611,001 -11,1001,0961,7992,0452,2802,5082,72600711,101 -11,2001,1031,8092,0562,2932,5222,74600811,201 -11,3001,1091,8202,0682,3062,5372,76600911,301 -11,4001,1161,8302,0802,3192,5512,77601011,401 -11,5001,1231,8412,0912,3322,5652,79601111,501 -11,6001,1291,8512,1032,3452,5792,80601211,601 -11,7001,1361,8622,1152,3582,5942,82601311,701 -11,8001,1431,8722,1262,3712,6082,83601411,801 -11,9001,1501,8822,1382,3832,6222,85601511,901 -12,1001,1641,9012,1592,4072,6482,88601712,101 -12,2001,1711,9102,1702,4192,661<	6000	10,401 -	10,500	1,058	1,736	1,975	2,202	2,422	2,635
600310,701 -10,8001,0771,7672,0102,2412,4652,68600410,801 -10,9001,0831,7782,0212,2542,4792,69600510,901 -11,0001,0901,7882,0332,2672,4942,71600611,001 -11,1001,0961,7992,0452,2802,5082,72600711,101 -11,2001,1031,8092,0562,2932,5222,74600811,201 -11,3001,1091,8202,0682,3062,5372,76600911,301 -11,4001,1161,8302,0802,3192,5512,77601011,401 -11,5001,1231,8412,0912,3322,5652,79601111,601 -11,7001,1361,8622,1152,3582,5942,82601311,701 -11,8001,1431,8722,1262,3712,6082,83601411,801 -11,9001,1501,8822,1382,3832,6222,85601511,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,86601612,001 -12,1001,1641,9012,1702,4192,6612,89601812,201 -12,3001,1711,9102,1702,4312,6742,914	6001	10,501 -	10,600	1,064	1,746	1,986	2,215	2,436	2,651
6004 10,801 - 10,900 1,083 1,778 2,021 2,254 2,479 2,69 6005 10,901 - 11,000 1,090 1,788 2,033 2,267 2,494 2,711 6006 11,001 - 11,100 1,096 1,799 2,045 2,280 2,508 2,722 6007 11,101 - 11,200 1,103 1,809 2,056 2,293 2,522 2,74 6008 11,201 - 11,300 1,109 1,820 2,068 2,306 2,537 2,76 6009 11,301 - 11,400 1,116 1,830 2,080 2,319 2,551 2,77 6010 11,401 - 11,500 1,123 1,841 2,091 2,332 2,565 2,79 6011 11,601 - 11,700 1,136 1,862 2,115 2,358 2,594 2,82 6013 11,701 - 11,800 1,143 1,872 2,126 2,371 2,608 2,83	6002	10,601 -	10,700	1,070	1,757	1,998	2,228	2,451	2,666
600510,901 -11,0001,0901,7882,0332,2672,4942,71600611,001 -11,1001,0961,7992,0452,2802,5082,72600711,101 -11,2001,1031,8092,0562,2932,5222,74600811,201 -11,3001,1091,8202,0682,3062,5372,76600911,301 -11,4001,1161,8302,0802,3192,5512,77601011,401 -11,5001,1231,8412,0912,3322,5652,79601111,501 -11,6001,1291,8512,1032,3452,5792,80601211,601 -11,7001,1361,8622,1152,3582,5942,82601311,701 -11,8001,1431,8722,1262,3712,6082,83601411,801 -11,9001,1501,8822,1382,3832,6222,85601511,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,86601612,001 -12,1001,1641,9012,1592,4072,6482,88601712,101 -12,2001,1711,9102,1702,4192,6612,89601812,201 -12,3001,1781,9192,1802,4312,6742,914	6003	10,701 -	10,800	1,077	1,767	2,010	2,241	2,465	2,682
6006 $11,001 - 11,100$ $1,096$ $1,799$ $2,045$ $2,280$ $2,508$ $2,72$ 6007 $11,101 - 11,200$ $1,103$ $1,809$ $2,056$ $2,293$ $2,522$ $2,74$ 6008 $11,201 - 11,300$ $1,109$ $1,820$ $2,068$ $2,306$ $2,537$ $2,76$ 6009 $11,301 - 11,400$ $1,116$ $1,830$ $2,080$ $2,319$ $2,551$ $2,77$ 6010 $11,401 - 11,500$ $1,123$ $1,841$ $2,091$ $2,332$ $2,565$ $2,79$ 6011 $11,501 - 11,600$ $1,129$ $1,851$ $2,103$ $2,345$ $2,579$ $2,800$ 6012 $11,601 - 11,700$ $1,136$ $1,862$ $2,115$ $2,358$ $2,594$ $2,822$ 6013 $11,701 - 11,800$ $1,143$ $1,872$ $2,126$ $2,371$ $2,608$ $2,833$ 6014 $11,900$ $1,150$ $1,882$ $2,138$ $2,383$ $2,622$ $2,855$ 6015 $11,901 - 12,000$ $1,157$ $1,892$ $2,148$ $2,395$ $2,635$ $2,866$ 6016 $12,001 - 12,100$ $1,164$ $1,901$ $2,159$ $2,407$ $2,648$ $2,888$ 6017 $12,101 - 12,200$ $1,171$ $1,919$ $2,180$ $2,431$ $2,674$ $2,914$	6004	10,801 -	10,900	1,083	1,778	2,021	2,254	2,479	2,697
6007 11,101 - 11,200 1,103 1,809 2,056 2,293 2,522 2,74 6008 11,201 - 11,300 1,109 1,820 2,068 2,306 2,537 2,76 6009 11,301 - 11,400 1,116 1,830 2,080 2,319 2,551 2,77 6010 11,401 - 11,500 1,123 1,841 2,091 2,332 2,565 2,79 6011 11,501 - 11,600 1,129 1,851 2,103 2,345 2,579 2,800 6012 11,601 - 11,700 1,136 1,862 2,115 2,358 2,594 2,82 6013 11,701 - 11,800 1,143 1,872 2,126 2,371 2,608 2,83 6014 11,900 1,150 1,882 2,138 2,383 2,622 2,85 6015 11,901 - 12,000 1,157 1,892 2,148 2,395 2,635 2,86	6005	10,901 -	11,000	1,090	1,788	2,033	2,267	2,494	2,713
600811,201 -11,3001,1091,8202,0682,3062,5372,76600911,301 -11,4001,1161,8302,0802,3192,5512,77601011,401 -11,5001,1231,8412,0912,3322,5652,79601111,501 -11,6001,1291,8512,1032,3452,5792,80601211,601 -11,7001,1361,8622,1152,3582,5942,82601311,701 -11,8001,1431,8722,1262,3712,6082,83601411,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,86601511,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,86601612,001 -12,1001,1641,9012,1592,4072,6482,88601712,101 -12,2001,1711,9102,1702,4192,6612,89601812,201 -12,3001,1781,9192,1802,4312,6742,914	6006	11,001 -	11,100	1,096	1,799	2,045	2,280	2,508	2,729
600911,301 -11,4001,1161,8302,0802,3192,5512,77601011,401 -11,5001,1231,8412,0912,3322,5652,79601111,501 -11,6001,1291,8512,1032,3452,5792,80601211,601 -11,7001,1361,8622,1152,3582,5942,82601311,701 -11,8001,1431,8722,1262,3712,6082,83601411,901 -11,9001,1501,8822,1382,3832,6222,855601511,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,86601612,001 -12,1001,1641,9012,1592,4072,6482,89601812,201 -12,3001,1781,9192,1802,4312,6742,914	6007	11,101 -	11,200	1,103	1,809	2,056	2,293	2,522	2,744
6010 11,401 - 11,500 1,123 1,841 2,091 2,332 2,565 2,79 6011 11,501 - 11,600 1,129 1,851 2,103 2,345 2,579 2,800 6012 11,601 - 11,700 1,136 1,862 2,115 2,358 2,594 2,822 6013 11,701 - 11,800 1,143 1,872 2,126 2,371 2,608 2,833 6014 11,801 - 11,900 1,150 1,882 2,138 2,383 2,622 2,855 6015 11,901 - 12,000 1,157 1,892 2,148 2,395 2,635 2,866 6016 12,001 - 12,100 1,164 1,901 2,159 2,407 2,648 2,888 6017 12,101 - 12,200 1,171 1,910 2,170 2,419 2,661 2,899 6018 12,201 - 12,300 1,178 1,919 2,180 2,431 2,674 2,910	6008	11,201 -	11,300	1,109	1,820	2,068	2,306	2,537	2,760
601111,501 -11,6001,1291,8512,1032,3452,5792,80601211,601 -11,7001,1361,8622,1152,3582,5942,822601311,701 -11,8001,1431,8722,1262,3712,6082,833601411,801 -11,9001,1501,8822,1382,3832,6222,855601511,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,866601612,001 -12,1001,1641,9012,1592,4072,6482,89601712,101 -12,2001,1711,9102,1702,4192,6612,89601812,201 -12,3001,1781,9192,1802,4312,6742,914	6009	11,301 -	11,400	1,116	1,830	2,080	2,319	2,551	2,775
601211,601 -11,7001,1361,8622,1152,3582,5942,82601311,701 -11,8001,1431,8722,1262,3712,6082,83601411,801 -11,9001,1501,8822,1382,3832,6222,85601511,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,86601612,001 -12,1001,1641,9012,1592,4072,6482,88601712,101 -12,2001,1711,9102,1702,4192,6612,89601812,201 -12,3001,1781,9192,1802,4312,6742,914	6010	11,401 -	11,500	1,123	1,841	2,091	2,332	2,565	2,791
6013 11,701 - 11,800 1,143 1,872 2,126 2,371 2,608 2,83 6014 11,801 - 11,900 1,150 1,882 2,138 2,383 2,622 2,855 6015 11,901 - 12,000 1,157 1,892 2,148 2,395 2,635 2,866 6016 12,001 - 12,100 1,164 1,901 2,159 2,407 2,648 2,88 6017 12,101 - 12,200 1,171 1,910 2,170 2,419 2,661 2,89 6018 12,201 - 12,300 1,178 1,919 2,180 2,431 2,674 2,914	6011	11,501 -	11,600	1,129	1,851	2,103	2,345	2,579	2,806
601411,801 -11,9001,1501,8822,1382,3832,6222,85601511,901 -12,0001,1571,8922,1482,3952,6352,86601612,001 -12,1001,1641,9012,1592,4072,6482,88601712,101 -12,2001,1711,9102,1702,4192,6612,89601812,201 -12,3001,1781,9192,1802,4312,6742,914	6012	11,601 -	11,700	1,136	1,862	2,115	2,358	2,594	2,822
6015 11,901 - 12,000 1,157 1,892 2,148 2,395 2,635 2,86 6016 12,001 - 12,100 1,164 1,901 2,159 2,407 2,648 2,88 6017 12,101 - 12,200 1,171 1,910 2,170 2,419 2,661 2,89 6018 12,201 - 12,300 1,178 1,919 2,180 2,431 2,674 2,914	6013	11,701 -	11,800	1,143	1,872	2,126	2,371	2,608	2,838
6016 12,001 - 12,100 1,164 1,901 2,159 2,407 2,648 2,88 6017 12,101 - 12,200 1,171 1,910 2,170 2,419 2,661 2,89 6018 12,201 - 12,300 1,178 1,919 2,180 2,431 2,674 2,914	6014	11,801 -	11,900	1,150	1,882	2,138	2,383	2,622	2,852
6017 12,101 - 12,200 1,171 1,910 2,170 2,419 2,661 2,89 6018 12,201 - 12,300 1,178 1,919 2,180 2,431 2,674 2,914	6015	11,901 -	12,000	1,157	1,892	2,148	2,395	2,635	2,867
6018 12,201 - 12,300 1,178 1,919 2,180 2,431 2,674 2,919	6016	12,001 -	12,100	1,164	1,901	2,159	2,407	2,648	2,881
	6017	12,101 -	12,200	1,171	1,910	2,170	2,419	2,661	2,895
6019 12,301 - 12,400 1,185 1,929 2,191 2,443 2,687 2,924	6018	12,201 -	12,300	1,178	1,919	2,180	2,431	2,674	2,910
	6019	12,301 -	12,400	1,185	1,929	2,191	2,443	2,687	2,924
6020 12,401 - 12,500 1,192 1,938 2,202 2,455 2,700 2,93	6020	12,401 -	12,500	1,192	1,938	2,202	2,455	2,700	2,938
6021 12,501 - 12,600 1,199 1,947 2,212 2,467 2,714 2,95	6021	12,501 -	12,600	1,199	1,947	2,212	2,467	2,714	2,952
6022 12,601 - 12,700 1,206 1,956 2,223 2,479 2,727 2,96	6022	12,601 -	12,700	1,206	1,956	2,223	2,479	2,727	2,967

6023 12,701 - 12,800 1,213 1,966 2,234 2,491	2,740 2,981
6024 12,801 - 12,900 1,220 1,975 2,245 2,503	2,753 2,995
6025 12,901 - 13,000 1,227 1,984 2,255 2,514	2,766 3,009
6026 13,001 - 13,100 1,233 1,993 2,265 2,525	2,778 3,022
6027 13,101 - 13,200 1,239 2,001 2,275 2,536	2,790 3,035
6028 13,201 - 13,300 1,245 2,010 2,285 2,547	2,802 3,049
6029 13,301 - 13,400 1,250 2,018 2,294 2,558	2,814 3,062
6030 13,401 - 13,500 1,256 2,027 2,304 2,569	2,826 3,075
6031 13,501 - 13,600 1,262 2,035 2,314 2,580	2,838 3,088
6032 13,601 - 13,700 1,267 2,044 2,324 2,591	2,850 3,101
6033 13,701 - 13,800 1,273 2,052 2,334 2,602	2,862 3,114
6034 13,801 - 13,900 1,279 2,061 2,344 2,613	2,875 3,127
6035 13,901 - 14,000 1,284 2,069 2,354 2,624	2,887 3,141
6036 14,001 - 14,100 1,290 2,078 2,363 2,635	2,899 3,154
6037 14,101 - 14,200 1,296 2,087 2,373 2,646	2,911 3,167
6038 14,201 - 14,300 1,301 2,095 2,383 2,657	2,923 3,180
6039 14,301 - 14,400 1,306 2,104 2,393 2,668	2,935 3,193
6040 14,401 - 14,500 1,312 2,112 2,403 2,679	2,947 3,206
6041 14,501 - 14,600 1,317 2,121 2,413 2,690	2,959 3,220
6042 14,601 - 14,700 1,323 2,129 2,423 2,701	2,971 3,233
6043 14,701 - 14,800 1,329 2,138 2,432 2,712	2,983 3,246
6044 14,801 - 14,900 1,334 2,146 2,442 2,723	2,995 3,259
6045 14,901 - 15,000 1,340 2,155 2,452 2,734	3,008 3,272
6046 15,001 - 15,100 1,345 2,163 2,461 2,744	3,018 3,284
6047 15,101 - 15,200 1,351 2,170 2,469 2,752	3,028 3,294
6048 15,201 - 15,300 1,357 2,177 2,476 2,761	3,037 3,304
6049 15,301 - 15,400 1,362 2,184 2,484 2,769	3,046 3,314

S.B. 95

6051	15,501 -	15,600	1,373	2,198	2,499	2,786	3,065	3,335
6052	15,601 -	15,700	1,379	2,198	2,499	2,780	3,074	3,345
	· ·			-	-			
6053	15,701 -	15,800	1,384	2,211	2,514	2,803	3,084	3,355
6054	15,801 -	15,900	1,390	2,218	2,522	2,812	3,093	3,365
6055	15,901 -	16,000	1,395	2,225	2,529	2,820	3,102	3,375
6056	16,001 -	16,100	1,401	2,232	2,537	2,829	3,112	3,385
6057	16,101 -	16,200	1,407	2,239	2,545	2,837	3,121	3,396
6058	16,201 -	16,300	1,412	2,246	2,552	2,846	3,130	3,406
6059	16,301 -	16,400	1,418	2,253	2,560	2,854	3,140	3,416
6060	16,401 -	16,500	1,423	2,260	2,567	2,863	3,149	3,426
6061	16,501 -	16,600	1,429	2,267	2,575	2,871	3,158	3,436
6062	16,601 -	16,700	1,434	2,274	2,583	2,880	3,168	3,446
6063	16,701 -	16,800	1,440	2,281	2,590	2,888	3,177	3,457
6064	16,801 -	16,900	1,445	2,288	2,598	2,897	3,186	3,467
6065	16,901 -	17,000	1,451	2,295	2,605	2,905	3,196	3,477
6066	17,001 -	17,100	1,456	2,302	2,613	2,914	3,205	3,487
6067	17,101 -	17,200	1,462	2,309	2,621	2,922	3,214	3,497
6068	17,201 -	17,300	1,467	2,316	2,628	2,931	3,224	3,507
6069	17,301 -	17,400	1,473	2,323	2,636	2,939	3,233	3,517
6070	17,401 -	17,500	1,478	2,330	2,643	2,947	3,242	3,528
6071	17,501 -	17,600	1,483	2,337	2,651	2,956	3,252	3,538
6072	17,601 -	17,700	1,489	2,344	2,659	2,964	3,261	3,548
6073	17,701 -	17,800	1,494	2,351	2,666	2,973	3,270	3,558
6074	17,801 -	17,900	1,499	2,358	2,674	2,981	3,280	3,568
6075	17,901 -	18,000	1,505	2,365	2,682	2,990	3,289	3,578
6076	18,001 -	18,100	1,510	2,372	2,689	2,998	3,298	3,588
6077	18,101 -	18,200	1,516	2,379	2,697	3,007	3,308	3,599
6078	18,201 -	18,300	1,520	2,386	2,704	3,015	3,317	3,609

6079	18,301 -	18,400	1,525	2,392	2,712	3,024	3,326	3,619
6080	18,401 -	18,500	1,530	2,399	2,720	3,032	3,336	3,629
6081	18,501 -	18,600	1,535	2,406	2,727	3,041	3,345	3,639
6082	18,601 -	18,700	1,540	2,413	2,735	3,049	3,354	3,649
6083	18,701 -	18,800	1,545	2,420	2,742	3,058	3,364	3,659
6084	18,801 -	18,900	1,550	2,427	2,750	3,066	3,373	3,670
6085	18,901 -	19,000	1,555	2,434	2,758	3,075	3,382	3,680
6086	19,001 -	19,100	1,560	2,441	2,765	3,083	3,391	3,690
6087	19,101 -	19,200	1,565	2,448	2,773	3,092	3,401	3,700
6088	19,201 -	19,300	1,570	2,455	2,780	3,100	3,410	3,710
6089	19,301 -	19,400	1,575	2,462	2,788	3,109	3,419	3,720
6090	19,401 -	19,500	1,580	2,469	2,796	3,117	3,429	3,731
6091	19,501 -	19,600	1,585	2,476	2,803	3,126	3,438	3,741
6092	19,601 -	19,700	1,590	2,483	2,811	3,134	3,447	3,751
6093	19,701 -	19,800	1,595	2,490	2,818	3,143	3,457	3,761
6094	19,801 -	19,900	1,600	2,497	2,826	3,151	3,466	3,771
6095	19,901 -	20,000	1,605	2,504	2,834	3,159	3,475	3,781
6096	20,001 -	22,000	1,766	2,754	3,117	3,475	3,822	4,159
6097	22,001 -	24,000	1,926	3,005	3,401	3,791	4,170	4,537
6098	24,001 -	26,000	2,087	3,255	3,684	4,107	4,518	4,915
6099	26,001 -	28,000	2,247	3,506	3,968	4,423	4,865	5,293
6100	28,001 -	30,000	2,408	3,756	4,251	4,739	5,213	5,672
6101	30,001 -	32,000	2,508	3,916	4,451	4,979	5,473	5,952
6102	32,001 -	34,000	2,608	4,076	4,651	5,219	5,733	6,232
6103	34,001 -	36,000	2,708	4,236	4,851	5,459	5,993	6,512
6104	36,001 -	38,000	2,808	4,396	5,051	5,699	6,253	6,792
6105	38,001 -	40,000	2,908	4,556	5,251	5,939	6,513	7,072
6106	40,001 -	42,000	3,008	4,716	5,451	6,179	6,773	7,352

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6107	42,001 -	44,000	3,108	4,876	5,651	6,419	7,033	7,632
6108	44,001 -	46,000	3,208	5,036	5,851	6,659	7,293	7,912
6109	46,001 -	48,000	3,308	5,196	6,051	6,899	7,553	8,192
6110	48,001 -	50,000	3,408	5,356	6,251	7,139	7,813	8,472
6111	50,001 -	52,000	3,508	5,476	6,391	7,299	7,993	8,672
6112	52,001 -	54,000	3,608	5,596	6,531	7,459	8,173	8,872
6113	54,001 -	56,000	3,708	5,716	6,671	7,619	8,353	9,072
6114	56,001 -	58,000	3,808	5,836	6,811	7,779	8,533	9,272
6115	58,001 -	60,000	3,908	5,956	6,951	7,939	8,713	9,472
6116	60,001 -	62,000	4,008	6,076	7,091	8,099	8,893	9,672
6117	62,001 -	64,000	4,108	6,196	7,231	8,259	9,073	9,872
6118	64,001 -	66,000	4,208	6,316	7,371	8,419	9,253	10,072
6119	66,001 -	68,000	4,308	6,436	7,511	8,579	9,433	10,272
6120	68,001 -	70,000	4,408	6,556	7,651	8,739	9,613	10,472
6121	70,001 -	72,000	4,508	6,676	7,791	8,899	9,793	10,672
6122	72,001 -	74,000	4,608	6,796	7,931	9,059	9,973	10,872
6123	74,001 -	76,000	4,708	6,916	8,071	9,219	10,153	11,072
6124	76,001 -	78,000	4,808	7,036	8,211	9,379	10,333	11,272
6125	78,001 -	80,000	4,908	7,156	8,351	9,539	10,513	11,472
6126	80,001 -	82,000	5,008	7,276	8,491	9,699	10,693	11,672
6127	82,001 -	84,000	5,108	7,396	8,631	9,859	10,873	11,872
6128	84,001 -	86,000	5,208	7,516	8,771	10,019	11,053	12,072
6129	86,001 -	88,000	5,308	7,636	8,911	10,179	11,233	12,272
6130	88,001 -	90,000	5,408	7,756	9,051	10,339	11,413	12,472
6131	90,001 -	92,000	5,508	7,876	9,191	10,499	11,593	12,672
6132	92,001 -	94,000	5,608	7,996	9,331	10,659	11,773	12,872
6133	94,001 -	96,000	5,708	8,116	9,471	10,819	11,953	13,072
6134	96,001 -	98,000	5,808	8,236	9,611	10,979	12,133	13,272

[70D 12 204]	
[78B-12-304]	•

6139 support orders entered on or after January 1, 2023.

- 6140 The following table [shall be] is used to:
- 6141 (1) establish a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;

8,356

9,751

Section 166. Section 81-6-305, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-304 is

- 6142 (2) modify a child support order entered for the first time on or after January 1, 2023;
- 6143 (3) modify a temporary judicial child support order established on or before December
- 6144 31, 2022, if the new order is entered on or after January 1, 2023; or

5,908

6145 (4) modify a final child support order entered on or before December 31, 2022, if the6146 modification is made on or after January 1, 2025.

6147	Individual Adjusteo Inco	d Gross		Number of Children							
6148			1	2	3	4	5	6			
6149	From	То									
6150	0 -	50	30	30	30	30	30	30			
6151	51 -	100	30	40	50	50	50	50			
6152	101 -	150	30	50	75	75	75	75			
6153	151 -	750	30	55	75	90	100	105			
6154	751 -	1,256	60	111	151	181	201	211			
6155	1,257 -	1,270	75	138	189	226	251	264			
6156	1,271 -	1,280	76	140	191	229	254	267			
6157	1,281 -	1,290	77	141	192	231	256	269			
6158	1,291 -	1,300	77	142	194	232	258	271			
6159	1,301 -	1,310	78	143	195	234	260	273			

13,472

11,139

81-6-305. Low income table -- Obligor parent only -- Child

12,313

100,000

renumbered and amended to read:

98,001 -

6135

6136

6137

6138

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6160	1,311 -	1,320	79	144	197	236	262	275
6161	1,321 -	1,330	79	145	198	238	264	277
6162	1,331 -	1,340	80	146	200	240	266	280
6163	1,341 -	1,350	80	148	201	241	268	282
6164	1,351 -	1,360	95	162	216	257	284	297
6165	1,361 -	1,370	95	163	218	259	286	299
6166	1,371 -	1,380	96	165	219	260	288	302
6167	1,381 -	1,390	97	166	221	262	290	304
6168	1,391 -	1,400	97	167	223	264	292	306
6169	1,401 -	1,410	98	168	224	266	294	308
6170	1,411 -	1,420	113	183	240	282	310	325
6171	1,421 -	1,430	114	185	242	284	313	327
6172	1,431 -	1,440	114	186	243	286	315	329
6173	1,441 -	1,450	115	187	245	288	317	331
6174	1,451 -	1,460	116	189	247	290	319	334
6175	1,461 -	1,470	131	205	263	307	336	351
6176	1,471 -	1,480	132	206	265	309	338	353
6177	1,481 -	1,490	133	207	267	311	341	355
6178	1,491 -	1,500	134	209	268	313	343	358
6179	1,501 -	1,510	135	210	270	315	345	360
6180	1,511 -	1,520	151	227	287	332	363	378
6181	1,521 -	1,530	152	228	289	335	365	380
6182	1,531 -	1,540	153	230	291	337	367	383
6183	1,541 -	1,550	154	231	293	339	370	385
6184	1,551 -	1,560	155	233	295	341	372	388
6185	1,561 -	1,570	172	250	312	359	390	406
6186	1,571 -	1,580	173	251	314	361	393	408
6187	1,581 -	1,590	174	253	316	364	395	411

6188	1,591 -	1,600	175	255	318	366	398	414
6189	1,601 -	1,610	176	256	320	368	400	416
6190	1,611 -	1,620	193	274	338	387	419	435
6191	1,621 -	1,630	195	276	340	389	421	438
6192	1,631 -	1,640	196	277	343	391	424	440
6193	1,641 -	1,650	197	279	345	394	427	443
6194	1,651 -	1,660	198	281	347	396	429	446
6195	1,661 -	1,670	216	299	365	415	448	465
6196	1,671 -	1,680	217	301	368	418	451	468
6197	1,681 -	1,690	219	303	370	420	454	471
6198	1,691 -	1,700	220	304	372	423	457	473
6199	1,701 -	1,710	221	306	374	425	459	476
6200	1,711 -	1,720	240	325	394	445	479	496
6201	1,721 -	1,730	241	327	396	447	482	499
6202	1,731 -	1,740	242	329	398	450	485	502
6203	1,741 -	1,750	244	331	400	453	487	505
6204	1,751 -	1,760	245	333	403	455	490	508
6205	1,761 -	1,770	264	352	423	475	511	528
6206	1,771 -	1,780	266	354	425	478	514	531
6207	1,781 -	1,790	267	356	427	481	516	534
6208	1,791 -	1,800	269	358	430	484	519	537
6209	1,801 -	1,810	270	360	432	486	522	540
6210	1,811 -	1,820	290	380	453	507	543	561
6211	1,821 -	1,830	291	382	455	510	546	565
6212	1,831 -	1,840	293	385	458	513	549	568
6213	1,841 -	1,850	295	387	460	515	552	571
6214	1,851 -	1,860	296	389	463	518	555	574
6215	1,861 -	1,870	316	409	484	540	577	596

6216 1,871 - 1,880 318 412 486 543 580 6217 1,881 - 1,890 320 414 489 545 583 6218 1,891 - 1,900 321 416 492 548 586 6219 1,901 - 1,910 323 418 494 551 589 6220 1,911 - 1,920 344 440 516 573 612 6221 1,921 - 1,930 346 442 519 576 615 6222 1,931 - 1,940 348 444 521 579 618 6223 1,941 - 1,950 349 446 524 582 621 6224 1,951 - 1,960 351 449 527 585 624 6225 1,961 - 1,970 471 549 608 647 6226 1,971 - 1,980 473 555 614 654 6227 1,981 - 1,990 475 5555									
6218 $1,891 - 1,900$ 321 416 492 548 586 6219 $1,901 - 1,910$ 323 418 494 551 589 6220 $1,911 - 1,920$ 344 440 516 573 612 6221 $1,921 - 1,930$ 346 442 519 576 615 6222 $1,931 - 1,940$ 348 444 521 579 618 6223 $1,941 - 1,950$ 349 446 524 582 621 6224 $1,951 - 1,960$ 351 449 527 585 624 6225 $1,961 - 1,970$ 471 549 608 647 6226 $1,971 - 1,980$ 473 552 611 650 6227 $1,981 - 1,990$ 475 555 614 654 6228 $1,991 - 2,000$ 478 557 617 657 6229 $2,001 - 2,050$ 480 560 620 660 6230 $2,051 - 2,100$ 513 595 656 697 6231 $2,151 - 2,200$ 581 667 731 774 6233 $2,201 - 2,250$ 616 704 770 814 6234 $2,251 - 2,300$ 616 704 770 814	6216	1,871 -	1,880	318	412	486	543	580	599
6219 $1,901 - 1,910$ 323 418 494 551 589 6220 $1,911 - 1,920$ 344 440 516 573 612 6221 $1,921 - 1,930$ 346 442 519 576 615 6222 $1,931 - 1,940$ 348 444 521 579 618 6223 $1,941 - 1,950$ 349 446 524 582 621 6224 $1,951 - 1,960$ 351 449 527 585 624 6225 $1,961 - 1,970$ 471 549 608 647 6226 $1,971 - 1,980$ 473 552 611 650 6227 $1,981 - 1,990$ 475 555 614 654 6228 $1,991 - 2,000$ 478 557 617 657 6229 $2,001 - 2,050$ 480 560 620 660 6231 $2,101 - 2,150$ 546 630 693 735 6232 $2,151 - 2,200$ 581 667 731 774 6233 $2,201 - 2,250$ 616 704 770 814	6217	1,881 -	1,890	320	414	489	545	583	602
6220 1,911 - 1,920 344 440 516 573 612 6221 1,921 - 1,930 346 442 519 576 615 6222 1,931 - 1,940 348 444 521 579 618 6223 1,941 - 1,950 349 446 524 582 621 6224 1,951 - 1,960 351 449 527 585 624 6225 1,961 - 1,970 471 549 608 647 6226 1,971 - 1,980 473 555 614 650 6227 1,981 - 1,990 475 555 614 654 6228 1,991 - 2,000 478 557 617 657 6229 2,001 - 2,050 480 560 620 660 6231 2,101 - 2,150 546 630 693 735 6231 2,101 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233	6218	1,891 -	1,900	321	416	492	548	586	605
6221 $1,921 - 1,930$ 346 442 519 576 615 6222 $1,931 - 1,940$ 348 444 521 579 618 6223 $1,941 - 1,950$ 349 446 524 582 621 6224 $1,951 - 1,960$ 351 449 527 585 624 6225 $1,961 - 1,970$ 471 549 608 647 6226 $1,971 - 1,980$ 473 552 611 650 6227 $1,981 - 1,990$ 475 555 614 654 6228 $1,991 - 2,000$ 478 557 617 657 6229 $2,001 - 2,050$ 480 560 620 660 6230 $2,051 - 2,100$ 513 595 656 697 6231 $2,101 - 2,150$ 581 667 731 774 6233 $2,201 - 2,250$ 616 704 770 814 6234 $2,251 - 2,300$ 810 855	6219	1,901 -	1,910	323	418	494	551	589	608
6222 $1,931 - 1,940$ 348 444 521 579 618 6223 $1,941 - 1,950$ 349 446 524 582 621 6224 $1,951 - 1,960$ 351 449 527 585 624 6225 $1,961 - 1,970$ 471 549 608 647 6226 $1,971 - 1,980$ 473 552 611 650 6227 $1,981 - 1,990$ 475 555 614 654 6228 $1,991 - 2,000$ 478 557 617 657 6229 $2,001 - 2,050$ 480 560 620 660 6230 $2,051 - 2,100$ 513 595 656 697 6231 $2,101 - 2,150$ 546 630 693 735 6232 $2,201 - 2,250$ 616 704 770 814 6234 $2,251 - 2,300$ 616 704 810 855	6220	1,911 -	1,920	344	440	516	573	612	631
6223 1,941 - 1,950 349 446 524 582 621 6224 1,951 - 1,960 351 449 527 585 624 6225 1,961 - 1,970 471 549 608 647 6226 1,971 - 1,980 473 552 611 650 6227 1,981 - 1,990 475 555 614 654 6228 1,991 - 2,000 478 557 617 657 6229 2,001 - 2,050 480 560 620 660 6230 2,051 - 2,100 513 595 656 697 6231 2,101 - 2,150 581 667 731 774 6232 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 581 667 731 774	6221	1,921 -	1,930	346	442	519	576	615	634
6224 $1,951 1,960$ 351 449 527 585 624 6225 $1,961 1,970$ 471 549 608 647 6226 $1,971 1,980$ 473 552 611 650 6227 $1,981 1,990$ 475 555 614 654 6228 $1,991 2,000$ 478 557 617 657 6229 $2,001 2,050$ 480 560 620 660 6230 $2,051 2,100$ 513 595 656 697 6231 $2,101 2,150$ 546 630 693 735 6232 $2,201 2,250$ 616 704 770 814 6233 $2,201 2,250$ 616 704 810 855	6222	1,931 -	1,940	348	444	521	579	618	637
6225 $1,961 - 1,970$ 471 549 608 647 6226 $1,971 - 1,980$ 473 552 611 650 6227 $1,981 - 1,990$ 475 555 614 654 6228 $1,991 - 2,000$ 478 557 617 657 6229 $2,001 - 2,050$ 480 560 620 660 6230 $2,051 - 2,100$ 513 595 656 697 6231 $2,101 - 2,150$ 546 630 693 735 6232 $2,201 - 2,250$ 616 704 770 814 6234 $2,251 - 2,300$ 616 704 810 855	6223	1,941 -	1,950	349	446	524	582	621	641
6226 1,971 - 1,980 473 552 611 650 6227 1,981 - 1,990 475 555 614 654 6228 1,991 - 2,000 478 557 617 657 6229 2,001 - 2,050 480 560 620 660 6230 2,051 - 2,100 513 595 656 697 6231 2,101 - 2,150 546 630 693 735 6232 2,151 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 810 855 655	6224	1,951 -	1,960	351	449	527	585	624	644
6227 1,981 - 1,990 475 555 614 654 6228 1,991 - 2,000 478 557 617 657 6229 2,001 - 2,050 480 560 620 660 6230 2,051 - 2,100 513 595 656 697 6231 2,101 - 2,150 546 630 693 735 6232 2,151 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 810 855	6225	1,961 -	1,970		471	549	608	647	667
6228 1,991 - 2,000 478 557 617 657 6229 2,001 - 2,050 480 560 620 660 6230 2,051 - 2,100 513 595 656 697 6231 2,101 - 2,150 546 630 693 735 6232 2,151 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 506 616 704 810 855	6226	1,971 -	1,980		473	552	611	650	670
6229 2,001 - 2,050 480 560 620 660 6230 2,051 - 2,100 513 595 656 697 6231 2,101 - 2,150 546 630 693 735 6232 2,151 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 9 9 9 9	6227	1,981 -	1,990		475	555	614	654	674
6230 2,051 - 2,100 513 595 656 697 6231 2,101 - 2,150 546 630 693 735 6232 2,151 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 810 855	6228	1,991 -	2,000		478	557	617	657	677
6231 2,101 - 2,150 546 630 693 735 6232 2,151 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 810 855	6229	2,001 -	2,050		480	560	620	660	680
6232 2,151 - 2,200 581 667 731 774 6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 616 810 855	6230	2,051 -	2,100		513	595	656	697	718
6233 2,201 - 2,250 616 704 770 814 6234 2,251 - 2,300 810 855	6231	2,101 -	2,150		546	630	693	735	756
6234 2,251 - 2,300 810 855	6232	2,151 -	2,200		581	667	731	774	796
	6233	2,201 -	2,250		616	704	770	814	836
6235 2,301 - 2,350 897	6234	2,251 -	2,300				810	855	878
	6235	2,301 -	2,350					897	920
6236 2,351 - 2,400	6236	2,351 -	2,400						964
6237 2,401 - 2,450 1	6237	2,401 -	2,450						1,008

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6238 Section 167. Section **81-6-401** is enacted to read:

6239

Part 4. Child Support Guidelines Advisory Committee

- 6240 **<u>81-6-401</u>**. Definitions for part.
- 6241 As used in this part, "advisory committee" means the Child Support Guidelines
- 6242 Advisory Committee.
- 6243 Section 168. Section **81-6-402**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-401 is

6244	renumbered and amended to read:
6245	[78B-12-401]. <u>81-6-402.</u> Creation of advisory committee.
6246	(1) (a) There is created the advisory committee known as the "Child Support
6247	Guidelines Advisory Committee."
6248	[(b) As used in this part, "advisory committee" means the Child Support Guidelines
6249	Advisory Committee.]
6250	[(c)] (b) The governor shall appoint the 11 members of the advisory committee as
6251	follows:
6252	(i) one representative recommended by the Office of Recovery Services;
6253	(ii) one representative recommended by the Judicial Council;
6254	(iii) two representatives recommended by the Utah State Bar Association;
6255	(iv) two representatives of noncustodial parents;
6256	(v) two representatives of custodial parents;
6257	(vi) one representative with expertise in economics; and
6258	(vii) two representatives from diverse interests related to child support issues and who
6259	are not members of the Utah State Bar Association, as the governor may consider appropriate.
6260	(2) (a) The term of a member of the advisory committee is four years.
6261	(b) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall
6262	appoint a replacement for the unexpired term of the member.
6263	(c) The governor may appoint a member of the advisory committee to more than one
6264	term.
6265	(3) (a) Six members of the advisory committee constitute a quorum.
6266	(b) The vote of a majority of a quorum present is an action of the advisory committee.
6267	(4) The advisory committee shall elect two members to serve as cochairs of the
6268	advisory committee for a term of one year.
6269	(5) The advisory committee shall meet at the time and place designated by the cochairs.
6270	Section 169. Section 81-6-403 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-402 is
6271	renumbered and amended to read:
6272	[78B-12-402]. <u>81-6-403.</u> Duties Report Staff.
6273	(1) The advisory committee shall review the child support guidelines to ensure the
6274	application of the guidelines results in the determination of appropriate child support award

6275	amounts.
6276	(2) The advisory committee shall submit, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, a written
6277	report to the [legislative] Judiciary Interim Committee on or before October 1, 2021, and then
6278	on or before October 1 of every fourth year subsequently.
6279	(3) The advisory committee's report shall include recommendations of the majority of
6280	the advisory committee, as well as specific recommendations of individual members of the
6281	advisory committee.
6282	(4) Staff for the advisory committee shall be provided from the existing budget of the
6283	Department of Health and Human Services.
6284	Section 170. Section 81-6-404, which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-403 is
6285	renumbered and amended to read:
6286	[78B-12-403]. <u>81-6-404.</u> Expenses for per diem and travel.
6287	A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
6288	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
6289	(1) Section 63A-3-106;
6290	(2) Section 63A-3-107; and
6291	(3) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
6292	63A-3-107.
6293	Section 171. Section 81-7-101 is enacted to read:
6294	CHAPTER 7. PAYMENT AND ENFORCEMENT OF SPOUSAL AND CHILD
6295	SUPPORT
6296	81-7-101. Definitions for chapter.
6297	As used in this chapter:
6298	(1) "Alimony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-4-101.
6299	(2) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6300	(3) "Child support services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
6301	<u>26B-9-101.</u>
6302	(4) "Obligee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6303	(5) "Obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6304	(6) "Support order" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6305	(7) "Tribunal" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.

6306	Section 172. Section 81-7-102 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-12-112 is
6307	renumbered and amended to read:
6308	[78B-12-112]. <u>81-7-102.</u> Payment under child support or alimony order
6309	Judgment.
6310	(1) All monthly payments of child support [shall be] and alimony are due on the 1st
6311	day of each month [pursuant to Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 2, Child Support Services, Title 26B,
6312	Chapter 9, Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases, and Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 4, Income
6313	Withholding in Non IV-D Cases] in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 9, Recovery Services
6314	and Administration of Child Support.
6315	(2) For purposes of child support services and income withholding [pursuant to]
6316	described in Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 2, Child Support Services, and Title 26B, Chapter 9,
6317	Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases, child support is not considered past due until the
6318	1st day of the following month.
6319	(3) For purposes other than those specified in Subsection (1), [support shall be] child
6320	support is payable 1/2 by the 5th day of each month and 1/2 by the 20th day of that month,
6321	unless the order or decree provides for a different time for payment.
6322	[(3)] (4) Each payment or installment of [child or spousal support] child support or
6323	alimony under any support order[, as defined by Section 78B-12-102,] is, on and after the date
6324	[it] the payment or installment is due:
6325	(a) a judgment with the same attributes and effect of any judgment of a district court,
6326	except as provided in Subsection [(4)] (5);
6327	(b) entitled, as a judgment, to full faith and credit in this and in any other jurisdiction;
6328	and
6329	(c) not subject to retroactive modification by this or any other jurisdiction, except as
6330	provided in Subsection $[(4)]$ (5).
6331	[(4)] (5) (a) A [child or spousal support] child support or alimony payment under a
6332	support order may be modified with respect to any period during which a modification is
6333	pending, but only from the date of service of the pleading on:
6334	(i) the obligee[;] if the obligor is the petitioner[; or on]; or
6335	(ii) the obligor[5] if the obligee is the petitioner.
6336	(b) If the tribunal orders that the support order should be modified, the effective date of

6337	the modification shall be the month following service on the [parent] party whose support is
6338	affected.
6339	(c) Once the tribunal determines that a modification is appropriate, the tribunal shall
6340	order a judgment to be entered for any difference in the original order and the modified amount
6341	for the period from the service of the pleading until the final order of modification is entered.
6342	[(5)] (6) The judgment provided for in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (4)(a), to be effective and
6343	enforceable as a lien against the real property interest of any third party relying on the public
6344	record, shall be docketed in the district court in accordance with Sections 78B-5-202 and
6345	26B-9-214.
6346	Section 173. Section 81-7-103 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-3.5 is
6347	renumbered and amended to read:
6348	[30-3-3.5]. <u>81-7-103.</u> Collection fee for past due child support or alimony.
6349	(1) As used in this section:
6350	(a) "Debtor" means a person obligated or allegedly obligated to pay a domestic
6351	relations debt.
6352	(b) "Domestic relations debt" means an obligation or alleged obligation to pay past due
6353	child support or alimony.
6354	(2) (a) A court shall order the amounts described in Subsection (2)(b) be paid, if:
6355	(i) the court issues a judgment requiring the payment of a domestic relations debt by
6356	the debtor;
6357	(ii) imposing a collection fee on the debtor or in relation to the domestic relations debt
6358	is not prohibited or otherwise restricted by another federal or state law; and
6359	(iii) the person owed the domestic relations debt has a contingency arrangement with
6360	an attorney to collect the domestic relations debt.
6361	(b) If the conditions of Subsection (2)(a) are met, a court shall order payment of:
6362	(i) the principal amount due;
6363	(ii) applicable interest;
6364	(iii) a collection fee equal to the amount provided in the contingency agreement, except
6365	that the collection fee may not exceed the lesser of:
6366	(A) the actual amount the person owed the domestic relations debt is required to pay
6367	for collection costs, regardless of whether that amount is a specific dollar amount or a

6368	percentage of the principal amount owed for the domestic relations debt; or
6369	(B) 40% of the principal amount owed to the person for the domestic relations debt;
6370	(iv) reasonable attorney fees; and
6371	(v) costs, if any, related to obtaining the judgment described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
6372	(3) The obligation to pay a collection fee described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii) is incurred
6373	at the time the person owed a domestic relations debt enters into an agreement with an attorney
6374	to collect the domestic relations debt.
6375	(4) An obligation to pay a collection fee imposed under this section is in addition to
6376	any obligation to pay reasonable attorney fees that may exist.
6377	(5) The Office of Recovery Services may not collect an order issued pursuant to
6378	Subsection (2).
6379	Section 174. Section 81-8-101 is enacted to read:
6380	CHAPTER 8. UNIFORM INTERSTATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT
6381	<u>81-8-101.</u> Reserved.
6382	Reserved.
6383	Section 175. Section 81-9-101, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-10.1 is
6384	renumbered and amended to read:
6385	CHAPTER 9. CUSTODY, PARENT-TIME, AND VISITATION
6386	Part 1. General Provisions
6387	[30-3-10.1]. <u>81-9-101.</u> Definitions for chapter.
6388	As used in this chapter:
6389	(1) (a) "Custodial responsibility" includes all powers and duties relating to caretaking
6390	authority and decision-making authority for a minor child.
6391	(b) "Custodial responsibility" includes physical custody, legal custody, parenting time,
6392	right to access, visitation, and authority to grant limited contact with a minor child.
6393	(2) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
6394	[(2) "Joint legal custody":]
6395	[(a) means the sharing of the rights, privileges, duties, and powers of a parent by both
6396	parents, where specified;]
6397	[(b) may include an award of exclusive authority by the court to one parent to make
6398	specific decisions;]

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6399	[(c) does not affect the physical custody of the child except as specified in the order of
6400	joint legal custody;]
6401	[(d) is not based on awarding equal or nearly equal periods of physical custody of and
6402	access to the child to each of the parents, as the best interest of the child often requires that a
6403	primary physical residence for the child be designated; and]
6404	[(e) does not prohibit the court from specifying one parent as the primary caretaker and
6405	one home as the primary residence of the child.]
6406	[(3) "Joint physical custody":]
6407	[(a) means the child stays with each parent overnight for more than 30% of the year,
6408	and both parents contribute to the expenses of the child in addition to paying child support;]
6409	[(b) can mean equal or nearly equal periods of physical custody of and access to the
6410	child by each of the parents, as required to meet the best interest of the child;]
6411	[(c) may require that a primary physical residence for the child be designated; and]
6412	[(d) does not prohibit the court from specifying one parent as the primary caretaker and
6413	one home as the primary residence of the child.]
6414	(3) "Joint legal custody" means the sharing of the rights, privileges, duties, and powers
6415	of a parent by both parents, where specified.
6416	(4) "Joint physical custody" means the minor child stays with each parent overnight for
6417	more than 30% of the year and both parents contribute to the expenses of the minor child in
6418	addition to paying child support.
6419	(5) (a) "Parenting functions" means those aspects of the parent-child relationship in
6420	which the parent makes decisions and performs functions necessary for the care and growth of
6421	the minor child.
6422	(b) "Parenting functions" include:
6423	(i) maintaining a loving, stable, consistent, and nurturing relationship with the minor
6424	<u>child;</u>
6425	(ii) attending to the daily needs of the minor child, such as feeding, clothing, physical
6426	care, grooming, supervision, health care, day care, and engaging in other activities which are
6427	appropriate to the developmental level of the minor child and that are within the social and
6428	economic circumstances of the particular family;
6429	(iii) attending to adequate education for the minor child, including remedial or other

6430	education essential to the best interest of the minor child;
6431	(iv) assisting the minor child in developing and maintaining appropriate interpersonal
6432	relationships;
6433	(v) exercising appropriate judgment regarding the minor child's welfare, consistent
6434	with the minor child's developmental level and family social and economic circumstances; and
6435	(vi) providing for the financial support of the minor child.
6436	(6) (a) "Parenting plan" means a plan for parenting a minor child.
6437	(b) "Parenting plan" includes the allocation of parenting functions that are incorporated
6438	in any final decree or decree of modification including an action for dissolution of marriage,
6439	annulment, legal separation, or paternity.
6440	[(4)] (7) "Service member" means a member of a uniformed service.
6441	(8) "Supervised parent-time" means parent-time that requires the noncustodial parent to
6442	be accompanied during parent-time by an individual approved by the court.
6443	(9) "Surrogate care" means care by any individual other than the parent of the minor
6444	child.
6445	[(5)] (10) "Uniformed service" means:
6446	(a) active and reserve components of the United States Armed Forces;
6447	(b) the United States Merchant Marine;
6448	(c) the commissioned corps of the United States Public Health Service;
6449	(d) the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
6450	of the United States; or
6451	(e) the National Guard of a state.
6452	(11) "Uninterrupted time" means parent-time exercised by one parent without
6453	interruption at any time by the presence of the other parent.
6454	(12) "Virtual parent-time" means parent-time facilitated by tools such as telephone,
6455	email, instant messaging, video conferencing, and other wired or wireless technologies over the
6456	Internet or other communication media, to supplement in-person visits between a noncustodial
6457	parent and a minor child or between a minor child and the custodial parent when the minor
6458	child is staying with the noncustodial parent.
6459	Section 176. Section 81-9-102 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-38 is
6460	renumbered and amended to read:

6461	[30-3-38]. <u>81-9-102.</u> Expedited Parent-time Enforcement Program.
6462	[(1) There is established an Expedited Parent-time Enforcement Program in the third
6463	judicial district to be administered by the Administrative Office of the Courts.]
6464	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ As used in this section:
6465	(a) "Mediator" means a person who:
6466	(i) is qualified to mediate parent-time disputes under criteria established by the
6467	Administrative Office of the Courts; and
6468	(ii) agrees to follow billing guidelines established by the Administrative Office of the
6469	Courts and this section.
6470	(b) "Services to facilitate parent-time" or "services" means services designed to assist
6471	families in resolving parent-time problems through:
6472	(i) counseling;
6473	(ii) supervised parent-time;
6474	(iii) neutral drop-off and pick-up;
6475	(iv) educational classes; and
6476	(v) other related activities.
6477	(2) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer an Expedited Parent-time
6478	Enforcement Program in the third judicial district.
6479	(3) (a) If a parent files a motion in the third district court alleging that court-ordered
6480	parent-time rights are being violated, the clerk of the court, after assigning the case to a judge,
6481	shall refer the case to the administrator of this program for assignment to a mediator, unless a
6482	parent is incarcerated or otherwise unavailable.
6483	(b) Unless the court rules otherwise, a parent residing outside of the state is not
6484	unavailable.
6485	(c) The director of the program for the courts, the court, or the mediator may excuse
6486	either party from the requirement to mediate for good cause.
6487	[(b)] (d) Upon receipt of a case, the mediator shall:
6488	(i) meet with the parents to address parent-time issues within 15 days of the motion
6489	being filed;
6490	(ii) assess the situation;
6491	(iii) facilitate an agreement on parent-time between the parents; and

6492	(iv) determine whether a referral to a service provider under Subsection $\left[\frac{(3)(c)}{(3)(c)}\right]$
6493	is warranted.
6494	[(c)] (e) While a case is in mediation, a mediator may refer the parents to a service
6495	provider designated by the Department of Health and Human Services for services to facilitate
6496	parent-time if:
6497	(i) the services may be of significant benefit to the parents; or
6498	(ii) (A) a mediated agreement between the parents is unlikely; and
6499	(B) the services may facilitate an agreement.
6500	[(d)] (f) At any time during mediation, a mediator shall terminate mediation and
6501	transfer the case to the administrator of the program for referral to the [judge or court
6502	commissioner] court to whom the case was assigned under Subsection (3)(a) if:
6503	(i) a written agreement between the parents is reached; or
6504	(ii) the parents are unable to reach an agreement through mediation and:
6505	(A) the parents have received services to facilitate parent-time;
6506	(B) both parents object to receiving services to facilitate parent-time; or
6507	(C) the parents are unlikely to benefit from receiving services to facilitate parent-time.
6508	[(c)] (g) Upon receiving a case from the administrator of the program, a [judge or court
6509	commissioner] court may:
6510	(i) review the agreement of the parents and, if acceptable, sign it as an order;
6511	(ii) order the parents to receive services to facilitate parent-time;
6512	(iii) proceed with the case; or
6513	(iv) take other appropriate action.
6514	(4) (a) If a parent makes a particularized allegation of physical or sexual abuse of a
6515	minor child who is the subject of a parent-time order against the other parent or a member of
6516	the other parent's household to a mediator or service provider, the mediator or service provider
6517	shall immediately report that information to:
6518	(i) the [judge assigned to the case who] court and the court may immediately issue
6519	orders and take other appropriate action to resolve the allegation and protect the minor child;
6520	and
6521	(ii) the Division of Child and Family Services within the Department of Health and
6522	Human Services in the manner required by Title 80, Chapter 2, Part 6, Child Abuse and

6523	Neglect Reports.
6524	(b) If an allegation under Subsection (4)(a) is made against a parent with parent-time
6525	rights or a member of that parent's household, parent-time by that parent shall, pursuant to an
6526	order of the court, be supervised until:
6527	(i) the allegation has been resolved; or
6528	(ii) a court orders otherwise.
6529	(c) Notwithstanding an allegation under Subsection (4)(a), a mediator may continue to
6530	mediate parent-time problems and a service provider may continue to provide services to
6531	facilitate parent-time unless otherwise ordered by a court.
6532	(5) (a) The Department of Health and Human Services may contract with one or more
6533	entities in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to provide:
6534	(i) services to facilitate parent-time;
6535	(ii) case management services; and
6536	(iii) administrative services.
6537	(b) An entity who contracts with the Department of Health and Human Services under
6538	Subsection (5)(a) shall:
6539	(i) be qualified to provide one or more of the services listed in Subsection (5)(a); and
6540	(ii) agree to follow billing guidelines established by the Department of Health and
6541	Human Services and this section.
6542	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the cost of mediation shall be:
6543	(i) reduced to a sum certain;
6544	(ii) divided equally between the parents; and
6545	(iii) charged against each parent taking into account the ability of that parent to pay
6546	under billing guidelines adopted in accordance with this section.
6547	(b) A [judge] court may order a parent to pay an amount in excess of that provided for
6548	in Subsection (6)(a) if the parent:
6549	(i) failed to participate in good faith in mediation or services to facilitate parent-time;
6550	or
6551	(ii) made an unfounded assertion or claim of physical or sexual abuse of a minor child.
6552	(c) (i) The cost of mediation and services to facilitate parent-time may be charged to
6553	parents at periodic intervals.

6554	(ii) Mediation and services to facilitate parent-time may only be terminated on the
6555	ground of nonpayment if both parents are delinquent.
6556	(7) (a) The Judicial Council may make rules to implement and administer the
6557	provisions of this program related to mediation.
6558	(b) The Department of Health and Human Services may make rules to implement and
6559	administer the provisions of this program related to services to facilitate parent-time.
6560	(8) (a) (i) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt outcome measures to
6561	evaluate the effectiveness of the mediation component of this program.
6562	(ii) [Progress reports shall be provided] The Administrative Office of the Courts shall
6563	provide progress reports to the Judiciary Interim Committee as requested by the committee.
6564	(b) (i) The Department of Health and Human Services shall adopt outcome measures to
6565	evaluate the effectiveness of the services component of this program.
6566	(ii) [Progress reports shall be provided] The Department of Health and Human
6567	Services shall provide progress reports to the Judiciary Interim Committee as requested by the
6568	committee.
6569	(c) The Administrative Office of the Courts and the Department of Health and Human
6570	Services may adopt joint outcome measures and file joint reports to satisfy the requirements of
6571	Subsections $[(7)(a)]$ (8)(a) and (b).
6572	(9) The Department of Health and Human Services shall, by following the procedures
6573	and requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act, apply for federal
6574	funds as available.
6575	Section 177. Section 81-9-201 is enacted to read:
6576	Part 2. Custody and Parent-time Between Parents
6577	81-9-201. Definitions for part.
6578	Reserved.
6579	Section 178. Section 81-9-202, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-33 is
6580	renumbered and amended to read:
6581	[30-3-33]. <u>81-9-202.</u> Advisory guidelines for a custody and parent-time
6582	arrangement.
6583	(1) In addition to the parent-time schedules provided in Sections [$\frac{30-3-35}{30-3-35}$ and
6584	30-3-35.5] 81-9-302 and 81-9-304, the following advisory guidelines are suggested to govern

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6585 [all parent-time arrangements] a custody and parent-time arrangement between parents.

- [(1)] (2) [Parent-time schedules] <u>A parent-time schedule</u> mutually agreed upon by both
 parents [are] is preferable to a court-imposed solution.
- 6588 [(2)] (3) [The] <u>A</u> parent-time schedule shall be used to maximize the continuity and 6589 stability of the <u>minor</u> child's life.

[(3)] (4) [Special consideration shall be given by each parent] Each parent shall give
special consideration to make the minor child available to attend family functions including
funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other
significant events in the life of the minor child or in the life of either parent which may
inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule.

6595 [(4)] (5) (a) The court shall determine the responsibility for the pick up, delivery, and
6596 return of the [child shall be determined by the court] minor child when the parent-time order is
6597 entered[, and may be changed].

- 6598 (b) The court may change the responsibility described in Subsection (5)(a) at any time 6599 a subsequent modification is made to the parent-time order.
- 6600 [(5)] (c) If the noncustodial parent will be providing transportation, the custodial parent 6601 shall:

6602 (i) have the minor child ready for parent-time at the time the minor child is to be 6603 picked up [and shall]; and

6604 (ii) be present at the custodial home or [shall] make reasonable alternate arrangements 6605 to receive the minor child at the time the minor child is returned.

6606 [(6)] (d) If the custodial parent will be transporting the minor child, the noncustodial
 6607 parent shall:

6608 (i) be at the appointed place at the time the noncustodial parent is to receive the minor
 6609 child[, and]; and

6610 (ii) have the minor child ready to be picked up at the appointed time and place[;] or
6611 have made reasonable alternate arrangements for the custodial parent to pick up the minor
6612 child.

6613 [(7)] (6) [Regular] <u>A parent may not interrupt regular school hours [may not be</u>
6614 interrupted] for a school-age <u>minor</u> child for the exercise of parent-time [by either parent].
6615 [(8)] (7) The court may:

6616 (a) make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably accommodate the work 6617 schedule of both parents [and may]; and 6618 (b) increase the parent-time allowed to the noncustodial parent but may not diminish 6619 the standardized parent-time provided in Sections [30-3-35 and 30-3-35.5] 81-9-302 and 6620 81-9-304. 6621 $\left[\frac{(9)}{2}\right]$ (8) The court may make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably 6622 accommodate the distance between the parties and the expense of exercising parent-time. 6623 [(10)] (9) [Neither parent-time nor child support is to be withheld due to either] A 6624 parent may not withhold parent-time or child support due to the other parent's failure to comply 6625 with a court-ordered parent-time schedule. 6626 [(11)] (10) (a) The custodial parent shall notify the noncustodial parent within 24 hours 6627 of receiving notice of all significant school, social, sports, and community functions in which 6628 the minor child is participating or being honored[, and the]. 6629 (b) The noncustodial parent [shall be] is entitled to attend and participate fully in the 6630 functions described in Subsection (10)(a). 6631 $\left[\frac{12}{12}\right]$ (c) The noncustodial parent shall have access directly to all school reports including preschool and daycare reports and medical records [and shall be notified immediately 6632 6633 by the custodial parent]. 6634 (d) A parent shall immediately notify the other parent in the event of a medical 6635 emergency. [(13)] (11) Each parent shall provide the other with the parent's current address and 6636 6637 telephone number, email address, and other virtual parent-time access information within 24 6638 hours of any change. 6639 $\left[\frac{14}{12}\right]$ (12) (a) Each parent shall permit and encourage, during reasonable hours, 6640 reasonable and uncensored communications with the minor child, in the form of mail privileges 6641 and virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available[, provided that if the parties]. 6642 (b) If the parents cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the 6643 court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available[,] by 6644 taking into consideration: 6645 [(a)] (i) the best interests of the minor child; 6646 [(b)] (ii) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time;

6647 and 6648 [(c)] (iii) any other factors the court considers material. 6649 [(15)] (13) (a) Parental care [shall be] is presumed to be better care for the minor child 6650 than surrogate care [and the]. 6651 (b) The court shall encourage the parties to cooperate in allowing the noncustodial 6652 parent, if willing and able to transport the [children] minor child, to provide the child care. 6653 (c) Child care arrangements existing during the marriage are preferred as are child care 6654 arrangements with nominal or no charge. 6655 $\left[\frac{16}{16}\right]$ (14) Each parent shall: 6656 (a) provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address, and telephone 6657 number of the other parent [and shall]; and 6658 (b) provide the noncustodial parent with the name, current address, and telephone 6659 number of all surrogate care providers unless the court for good cause orders otherwise. 6660 [(17)] (15) (a) Each parent [shall be] is entitled to an equal division of major religious 6661 holidays celebrated by the parents[, and the]. 6662 (b) The parent who celebrates a religious holiday that the other parent does not 6663 celebrate shall have the right to be together with the minor child on the religious holiday. 6664 $\left[\frac{18}{18}\right]$ (16) If the minor child is on a different parent-time schedule than a sibling. 6665 based on Sections [30-3-35 and 30-3-35.5] 81-9-302 and 81-9-304, the parents should consider 6666 if an upward deviation for parent-time with all the minor children so that parent-time is 6667 uniform between school aged and nonschool aged children, is appropriate. 6668 [(19)] (17) (a) When one or both parents are servicemembers or contemplating joining 6669 a uniformed service, the parents should resolve issues of custodial responsibility in the event of 6670 deployment as soon as practicable through reaching a voluntary agreement pursuant to Section 6671 78B-20-201 or through court order obtained pursuant to [Section 30-3-10] this part. 6672 (b) Servicemembers shall ensure their family care plan reflects orders and agreements 6673 entered and filed pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 20, Uniform Deployed Parents Custody, 6674 Parent-time, and Visitation Act. 6675 (18) (a) For emergency purposes, whenever the minor child travels with a parent, the 6676 parent shall provide the following information to the other parent: 6677 (i) an itinerary of travel dates;

6678	(ii) destinations;
6679	(iii) places where the minor child or traveling parent can be reached; and
6680	(iv) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be
6681	knowledgeable of the minor child's location.
6682	(b) Unchaperoned travel of a minor child under the age of five years is not
6683	recommended.
6684	Section 179. Section 81-9-203, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-10.9 is
6685	renumbered and amended to read:
6686	[30-3-10.9]. <u>81-9-203.</u> Custody and parent-time proceedings Requirements for
6687	parenting plan.
6688	(1) In a custody or parent-time proceeding that is not a divorce action, the court may
6689	require the parents to attend the mandatory educational course described in Section 81-4-106.
6690	(2) (a) In a proceeding between parents regarding the custody or parent-time for a
6691	minor child, the parent shall file and serve a proposed parenting plan at the time of the filing of
6692	the parent's original petition or at the time of filing the parent's answer or counterclaim.
6693	(b) In a proceeding in which a parent seeks to modify custody provisions or a parenting
6694	plan, the parent shall file the proposed parenting plan with the petition to modify or the answer
6695	or counterclaim to the petition to modify.
6696	(c) A parent who desires joint legal custody shall file a proposed parenting plan in
6697	accordance with this section.
6698	(3) If a parent files a proposed parenting plan in compliance with this section, the
6699	parent may move the court for an order of default to adopt the plan if the other parent fails to
6700	file a proposed parenting plan as required by this section.
6701	(4) A parent may file and serve an amended proposed parenting plan according to the
6702	Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
6703	(5) The parent submitting a proposed parenting plan shall attach a verified statement
6704	that the plan is proposed by that parent in good faith.
6705	(6) (a) Both parents may submit a parenting plan which has been agreed upon.
6706	(b) The parents shall attach a verified statement to the parenting plan that is signed by
6707	both parents.
6708	(7) If the parents file inconsistent parenting plans, the court may appoint a guardian ad

6709	litem to represent the best interests of the minor child, who may, if necessary, file a separate
6710	parenting plan reflecting the best interests of the minor child.
6711	(8) (a) If a parent is a service member, the parenting plan shall be consistent with
6712	Subsection (16).
6713	(b) If a parent becomes a service member after a parenting plan is adopted, the parents
6714	shall amend the existing parenting plan as soon as practical to comply with Subsection (16).
6715	[(1)] (9) The objectives of a parenting plan are to:
6716	(a) provide for the <u>minor</u> child's physical care;
6717	(b) maintain the minor child's emotional stability;
6718	(c) provide for the minor child's changing needs as the minor child grows and matures
6719	in a way that minimizes the need for future modifications to the parenting plan;
6720	(d) set forth the authority and responsibilities of each parent with respect to the \underline{minor}
6721	child consistent with the definitions outlined in this chapter;
6722	(e) minimize the minor child's exposure to harmful parental conflict;
6723	(f) encourage the parents, where appropriate, to meet the responsibilities to their
6724	[minor children] minor child through agreements in the parenting plan rather than relying on
6725	judicial intervention; and
6726	(g) protect the best interests of the <u>minor</u> child.
6727	[(2)] (10) (a) The parenting plan shall contain:
6728	(i) provisions for resolution of future disputes between the parents, allocation of
6729	decision-making authority, and residential provisions for the minor child[, and provisions];
6730	(ii) provisions addressing notice and parent-time responsibilities in the event of the
6731	relocation of [either party. It may contain other provisions comparable to those in Sections
6732	30-3-5 and 30-3-10.3 regarding the welfare of the child.] a party; and
6733	(iii) a process for resolving disputes, unless precluded or limited by statute.
6734	[(3) A process for resolving disputes shall be provided unless precluded or limited by
6735	statute.]
6736	(b) A dispute resolution process <u>under Subsection (10)(a)(iii)</u> may include:
6737	[(a)] (i) counseling;
6738	[(b)] (ii) mediation or arbitration by a specified individual or agency; or
6739	[(c)] <u>(iii)</u> court action.

6740	[(4)] (c) In the dispute resolution process <u>under Subsection (10)(b)</u> :
6741	[(a)] (i) preference shall be given to the provisions in the parenting plan;
6742	[(b)] (ii) parents shall use the designated process to resolve disputes relating to
6743	implementation of the plan, except those related to financial support, unless an emergency
6744	exists;
6745	[(c)] (iii) a written record shall be prepared of any agreement reached in counseling or
6746	mediation and provided to each party;
6747	[(d)] (iv) if arbitration becomes necessary, a written record shall be prepared and a
6748	copy of the arbitration award shall be provided to each party;
6749	[(e)] (v) if the court finds that a parent has used or frustrated the dispute resolution
6750	process without good reason, the court may award attorney fees and financial sanctions to the
6751	prevailing parent;
6752	[(f)] (vi) the district court has the right of review from the dispute resolution process;
6753	and
6754	$\left[\frac{(y)}{(y)}\right]$ the provisions of this Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)}{(10)(c)}\right]$ shall be set forth in any final
6755	decree or order.
6756	[(5)] (11) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection $[(5)]$ (11), the parenting
6757	plan shall allocate decision-making authority to one or both parties regarding the minor child's
6758	education, healthcare, and religious upbringing.
6759	(b) The parties may incorporate an agreement related to the care and growth of the
6760	minor child in these specified areas or in other areas into the plan[, consistent with] that are
6761	consistent with parenting functions and the criteria outlined in Subsection [30-3-10.7(2) and
6762	Subsection (1)] (9).
6763	(c) Regardless of the allocation of decision-making in the parenting plan, [either] \underline{a}
6764	parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the minor child.
6765	[(b)] (d) A minor child's education plan shall designate the following:
6766	(i) the home residence for purposes of identifying the appropriate school or another
6767	specific plan that provides for where the minor child will attend school;
6768	(ii) which parent has authority to make education decisions for the minor child if the
6769	parents cannot agree; and
6770	(iii) whether one or both parents have access to the minor child during school and

6771	authority to check the minor child out of school.
6772	[(c)] (e) [If no education provision is included in the parent plan] If an education
6773	provision is not included in the parenting plan:
6774	(i) a parent with sole physical custody shall make the decisions listed in Subsection
6775	[(5)(b)] (11)(d);
6776	(ii) in the event of joint physical custody when one parent has custody a majority of the
6777	time[, pursuant to Subsection 30-3-10.3(4):] as described in Subsection 81-9-205(10):
6778	(A) the parent having the minor child the majority of the time shall make the decisions
6779	listed in Subsections [(5)(b)(i)] (11)(d)(i) and (ii); and
6780	(B) both parents with joint physical custody shall have access to the minor child during
6781	school and authority to check the child out of school; or
6782	(iii) in the event of joint physical custody when the parents have custody an equal
6783	amount of time:
6784	(A) the court shall determine how the decisions listed in Subsections $[(5)(b)(i)]$
6785	(11)(d)(i) and (ii) are made; and
6786	(B) both parents with joint physical custody shall have access to the minor child during
6787	school and authority to check the minor child out of school.
6788	[(6)] (12) Each parent may make decisions regarding the day-to-day care and control of
6789	the minor child while the minor child is residing with that parent.
6790	[(7)] (13) When mutual decision-making is designated but cannot be achieved, the
6791	parties shall make a good faith effort to resolve the issue through the dispute resolution
6792	process.
6793	[(8)] (14) The parenting plan shall include a residential schedule that designates in
6794	which parent's home [each] a minor child shall reside on given days of the year, including
6795	provisions for holidays, birthdays of family members, vacations, and other special occasions.
6796	[(9)] (15) (a) If a parent fails to comply with a provision of the parenting plan or a child
6797	support order, the other parent's obligations under the parenting plan or the child support order
6798	are not affected.
6799	(b) Failure to comply with a provision of the parenting plan or a child support order
6800	may result in a finding of contempt of court.
6801	[(10)] (16) (a) [When one or both parents are servicemembers] If a parent is a service

6802	member, the parenting plan shall contain provisions that address the foreseeable parenting and
6803	custodial issues likely to arise in the event of notification of deployment or other contingency,
6804	including long-term deployments, short-term deployments, death, incapacity, and
6805	noncombatant evacuation operations.
6806	(b) The provisions in the parenting plan described in Subsection $[(10)(a)] (16)(a)$ shall
6807	comport substantially with the requirements of an agreement made pursuant to Section
6808	78 B-20-201 .
6809	Section 180. Section 81-9-204, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-10 is
6810	renumbered and amended to read:
6811	[30-3-10]. <u>81-9-204.</u> Custody and parent-time of a minor child Custody
6812	factors Evidence of domestic violence in a custody case Preferences.
6813	[(1) If a married couple having one or more minor children are separated, or the
6814	married couple's marriage is declared void or dissolved, the court shall enter, and has
6815	continuing jurisdiction to modify, an order of custody and parent-time.]
6816	(1) In a proceeding between parents in which the custody and parent-time of a minor
6817	child is at issue, the court shall consider the best interests of the minor child in determining any
6818	form of custody and parent-time.
6819	(2) The court shall determine whether an order for custody or parent-time is in the best
6820	interests of the minor child by a preponderance of the evidence.
6821	[(2)] (3) [In determining any form of custody and parent-time under Subsection (1), the
6822	court shall consider the best interest of the child and may consider among other factors the
6823	court finds relevant, the following] To determine the best interests of the minor child, the court
6824	shall consider the following factors for each parent:
6825	(a) evidence of domestic violence, neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or emotional
6826	abuse, involving the minor child, the parent, or a household member of the parent;
6827	(b) the parent's demonstrated understanding of, responsiveness to, and ability to meet
6828	the developmental needs of the minor child, including the minor child's:
6829	(i) physical needs;
6830	(ii) emotional needs;
6831	(iii) educational needs;
6832	(iv) medical needs; and

6833	(v) any special needs;
6834	(c) the parent's capacity and willingness to function as a parent, including:
6835	(i) parenting skills;
6836	(ii) co-parenting skills, including:
6837	(A) ability to appropriately communicate with the other parent;
6838	(B) ability to encourage the sharing of love and affection; and
6839	(C) willingness to allow frequent and continuous contact between the minor child and
6840	the other parent, except that, if the court determines that the parent is acting to protect the
6841	minor child from domestic violence, neglect, or abuse, the parent's protective actions may be
6842	taken into consideration; and
6843	(iii) ability to provide personal care rather than surrogate care;
6844	(d) [in accordance with Subsection (10),] the past conduct and demonstrated moral
6845	character of the parent as described in Subsection (8);
6846	(e) the emotional stability of the parent;
6847	(f) the parent's inability to function as a parent because of drug abuse, excessive
6848	drinking, or other causes;
6849	(g) whether the parent has intentionally exposed the minor child to pornography or
6850	[material harmful to minors, as "material" and "harmful to minors" are] material that is harmful
6851	to minors, as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-1201;
6852	(h) the parent's reasons for having relinquished custody or parent-time in the past;
6853	(i) duration and depth of desire for custody or parent-time;
6854	(j) the parent's religious compatibility with the <u>minor</u> child;
6855	(k) the parent's financial responsibility;
6856	(1) the minor child's interaction and relationship with step-parents, extended family
6857	members of other individuals who may significantly affect the minor child's best interests;
6858	(m) who has been the primary caretaker of the minor child;
6859	(n) previous parenting arrangements in which the minor child has been happy and
6860	well-adjusted in the home, school, and community;
6861	(o) the relative benefit of keeping siblings together;
6862	(p) the stated wishes and concerns of the minor child, taking into consideration the

6864	(q) the relative strength of the minor child's bond with the parent, meaning the depth,
6865	quality, and nature of the relationship between the parent and the minor child; and
6866	(r) any other factor the court finds relevant.
6867	[(3) There is a rebuttable presumption that joint legal custody, as defined in Section
6868	30-3-10.1, is in the best interest of the child, except in cases when there is:]
6869	[(a) evidence of domestic violence, neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or emotional
6870	abuse involving the child, a parent, or a household member of the parent;]
6871	[(b) special physical or mental needs of a parent or child, making joint legal custody
6872	unreasonable;]
6873	[(c) physical distance between the residences of the parents, making joint decision
6874	making impractical in certain circumstances; or]
6875	[(d) any other factor the court considers relevant including those listed in this section
6876	and Section 30-3-10.2.]
6877	[(4) (a) The person who desires joint legal custody shall file a proposed parenting plan
6878	in accordance with Sections 30-3-10.8 and 30-3-10.9.]
6879	[(b) A presumption for joint legal custody may be rebutted by a showing by a
6880	preponderance of the evidence that it is not in the best interest of the child.]
6881	[(5)] (4) (a) A minor child may not be required by either party to testify unless the trier
6882	of fact determines that extenuating circumstances exist that would necessitate the testimony of
6883	the minor child be heard and there is no other reasonable method to present the minor child's
6884	testimony.
6885	(b) (i) The court may inquire [of the child's] and take into consideration the minor
6886	child's desires regarding future custody or parent-time schedules, but the expressed desires are
6887	not controlling and the court may determine the minor child's custody or parent-time otherwise.
6888	(ii) The desires of a minor child who is 14 years old or older shall be given added
6889	weight, but is not the single controlling factor.
6890	(c) (i) If an interview with a minor child is conducted by the court pursuant to
6891	Subsection [$(5)(b)$] $(4)(b)$, the interview shall be conducted by the [judge] court in camera.
6892	(ii) The prior consent of the parties may be obtained but is not necessary if the court
6893	finds that an interview with a minor child is the only method to ascertain the minor child's
6894	desires regarding custody.

- [(6)] (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(6)(b)] (5)(b), a court may not
 discriminate against a parent due to a disability, as defined in Section 57-21-2, in awarding
 custody or determining whether a substantial change has occurred for the purpose of modifying
 an award of custody.
 (b) The court may not consider the disability of a parent as a factor in awarding custody
 or modifying an award of custody based on a determination of a substantial change in
- 6901 circumstances, unless the court makes specific findings that:
- (i) the disability significantly or substantially inhibits the parent's ability to provide forthe physical and emotional needs of the <u>minor</u> child at issue; and
- (ii) the parent with a disability lacks sufficient human, monetary, or other resources
 available to supplement the parent's ability to provide for the physical and emotional needs of
 the <u>minor</u> child at issue.
- 6907 (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to apply to adoption proceedings under6908 Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act.
- [(7)] (6) This section does not establish:
- 6910 (a) a preference for either parent solely because of the gender of the parent[-]; or
- 6911 [(8)] (b) [This section establishes neither a preference nor a presumption] a preference
 6912 for or against joint physical custody or sole physical custody, but allows the court and the
 6913 family the widest discretion to choose a parenting plan that is in the best interest of the minor
 6914 child.
- 6915 [(9)] (7) When an issue before the court involves custodial responsibility in the event
 6916 of a deployment of [one or both parents who are service members] a parent who is a service
 6917 member and the service member has not yet been notified of deployment, the court shall
 6918 resolve the issue based on the standards in Sections 78B-20-306 through 78B-20-309.
- 6919 [(10)] (8) In considering the past conduct and demonstrated moral standards of each 6920 party under Subsection [(2)(d)] (3)(d) or any other factor a court finds relevant, the court may 6921 not:
- (a) consider or treat a parent's lawful possession or use of cannabis in a medicinal
 dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device, in
 accordance with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments and Pharmacies,
 Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis, or Subsection

6926	58-37-3.7(2) or (3) any differently than the court would consider or treat the lawful possession
6927	or use of any prescribed controlled substance; or
6928	(b) discriminate against a parent because of the parent's status as a:
6929	(i) cannabis production establishment agent, as that term is defined in Section
6930	4-41a-102;
6931	(ii) medical cannabis pharmacy agent, as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-201;
6932	(iii) medical cannabis courier agent, as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-201; or
6933	(iv) medical cannabis cardholder in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2,
6934	Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis.
6935	(9) (a) The court shall consider evidence of domestic violence if evidence of domestic
6936	violence is presented.
6937	(b) The court shall consider, as primary, the safety and well-being of the minor child
6938	and the parent who experiences domestic violence.
6939	(c) An order issued by a court pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant
6940	Abuse Protective Orders, shall be considered evidence of real harm or substantiated potential
6941	harm to the minor child.
6942	(d) If a parent relocates because of an act of domestic violence or family violence by
6943	the other parent, the court shall make specific findings and orders with regards to the
6944	application of Section 81-9-209.
6945	(10) Absent a showing by a preponderance of evidence of real harm or substantiated
6946	potential harm to the minor child:
6947	(a) it is in the best interest of the minor child to have frequent, meaningful, and
6948	continuing access to each parent following separation or divorce;
6949	(b) each parent is entitled to and responsible for frequent, meaningful, and continuing
6950	access with the parent's minor child consistent with the minor child's best interests; and
6951	(c) it is in the best interest of the minor child to have both parents actively involved in
6952	parenting the minor child.
6953	Section 181. Section 81-9-205 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-10.2 is
6954	renumbered and amended to read:
6955	[30-3-10.2]. <u>81-9-205.</u> Presumption of joint legal custody Joint custody factors
6956	Order for joint custody.

6957	[(1) The court may order joint legal custody or joint physical custody or both if one or
6958	both parents have filed a parenting plan in accordance with Section 30-3-10.8 and the court
6959	determines that joint legal custody or joint physical custody or both is in the best interest of the
6960	child.]
6961	[(2) In determining whether the best interest of a child will be served by ordering joint
6962	legal custody or joint physical custody or both, the court shall consider the custody factors in
6963	Section 30-3-10 and the following factors:]
6964	(1) The court may order joint legal custody or joint physical custody or both joint legal
6965	custody and joint physical custody if:
6966	(a) one or both parents have filed a parenting plan as described in Section 81-9-203;
6967	and
6968	(b) the court determines that, by a preponderance of the evidence, joint legal custody or
6969	joint physical custody or both joint legal custody and joint physical custody is in the best
6970	interest of the minor child in accordance with Subsection (5) and Section 81-9-204.
6971	(2) (a) There is a rebuttable presumption that joint legal custody is in the best interest
6972	of the minor child, except in cases when there is:
6973	(i) evidence of domestic violence, neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or emotional
6974	abuse involving the minor child, a parent, or a household member of the parent;
6975	(ii) special physical or mental needs of a parent or minor child, making joint legal
6976	custody unreasonable;
6977	(iii) physical distance between the residences of the parents, making joint decision
6978	making impractical in certain circumstances; or
6979	(iv) any other factor the court considers relevant, including the factors described in
6980	Subsection (5) and Section 81-9-204.
6981	(b) A presumption for joint legal custody may be rebutted by showing by a
6982	preponderance of the evidence that it is not in the best interest of the minor child.
6983	(3) (a) Joint legal custody does not affect the physical custody of the minor child
6984	except as specified in the order of joint legal custody.
6985	(b) Joint legal custody is not based on awarding equal or nearly equal periods of
6986	physical custody of and access to the minor child to each of the parents because the best
6987	interest of the minor child often requires that a primary physical residence for the minor child

6988	be designated.
6989	(c) In ordering joint legal custody, the court:
6990	(i) may include an award of exclusive authority by the court to one parent to make
6991	specific decisions regarding the minor child; and
6992	(ii) is not prohibited from specifying one parent as the primary caretaker and one home
6993	as the primary residence of the minor child.
6994	(4) (a) Joint physical custody may result in equal or nearly equal periods of physical
6995	custody of and access to the minor child by each of the parents to meet the best interest of the
6996	minor child.
6997	(b) Joint physical custody may require that a physical residence for the minor child be
6998	designated.
6999	(c) In ordering joint physical custody, the court is not prohibited from specifying one
7000	parent as the primary caretaker and one home as the primary residence of the minor child.
7001	(5) In addition to the factors described in Section $81-9-204$, the court shall consider the
7002	following factors in determining whether joint legal custody, joint physical custody, or both
7003	joint legal custody and joint physical custody, is in the best interest of the minor child:
7004	(a) whether the physical, psychological, and emotional needs and development of the
7005	minor child will benefit from joint legal custody or joint physical custody or both joint legal
7006	custody and joint physical custody;
7007	(b) the ability of the parents to give first priority to the welfare of the \underline{minor} child and
7008	reach shared decisions in the minor child's best interest;
7009	(c) co-parenting skills, including:
7010	(i) ability to appropriately communicate with the other parent;
7011	(ii) ability to encourage the sharing of love and affection; and
7012	(iii) willingness to allow frequent and continuous contact between the minor child and
7013	the other parent, except that, if the court determines that the parent is acting to protect the
7014	minor child from domestic violence, neglect, or abuse, the parent's protective actions may be
7015	taken into consideration; [and]
7016	(d) whether both parents participated in raising the minor child before the divorce;
7017	(e) the geographical proximity of the homes of the parents;
7018	(f) the preference of the minor child if the minor child is of sufficient age and capacity

7019	to reason so as to form an intelligent preference as to joint legal custody or joint physical
7020	custody or both joint legal custody and joint physical custody;
7021	(g) the maturity of the parents and their willingness and ability to protect the minor
7022	child from conflict that may arise between the parents;
7023	(h) the past and present ability of the parents to cooperate with each other and make
7024	decisions jointly; and
7025	(i) any other factor the court finds relevant.
7026	[(3) The determination of the best interest of the child shall be by a preponderance of
7027	the evidence.]
7028	[(4)] (6) The court shall inform both parties that an order for joint physical custody
7029	may preclude eligibility for cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment
7030	Support Act.
7031	(7) An order of joint legal custody or joint physical custody shall provide terms the
7032	court determines appropriate, which may include specifying:
7033	(a) the county of residence of the minor child, until altered by further order of the court,
7034	or the custodian who has the sole legal right to determine the residence of the minor child;
7035	(b) that the parents shall exchange information concerning the health, education, and
7036	welfare of the minor child, and where possible, confer before making decisions concerning any
7037	of these areas;
7038	(c) the rights and duties of each parent regarding the minor child's present and future
7039	physical care, support, and education;
7040	(d) provisions to minimize disruption of the minor child's attendance at school and
7041	other activities, the minor child's daily routine, and the minor child's association with friends;
7042	and
7043	(e) as necessary, the remaining parental rights, privileges, duties, and powers to be
7044	exercised by the parents solely, concurrently, or jointly.
7045	(8) An order of joint legal custody or joint physical custody shall require the parenting
7046	plan contain a dispute resolution procedure that the parties agree to use:
7047	(a) in accordance with Subsection 81-9-203(10); and
7048	(b) before seeking enforcement or modification of the terms and conditions of the order
7049	of joint legal custody or joint physical custody through litigation, except in emergency

7050	situations requiring ex parte orders to protect the minor child.
7051	(9) The court shall, where possible, include in the order the terms of the parenting plan
7052	provided in accordance with Section 81-9-203.
7053	(10) Any parental rights not specifically addressed by the court order may be exercised
7054	by the parent having physical custody of the minor child the majority of the time.
7055	(11) The appointment of joint legal or physical custodians does not impair or limit the
7056	authority of the court to order support of the minor child, including payments by one custodian
7057	to the other.
7058	(12) An order of joint legal custody, in itself, is not grounds for modifying a support
7059	order.
7060	[(5)] (13) The court may order that when possible the parties attempt to settle future
7061	disputes by a dispute resolution method before seeking enforcement or modification of the
7062	terms and conditions of the order of joint legal custody or joint physical custody through
7063	litigation, except in emergency situations requiring ex parte orders to protect the minor child.
7064	Section 182. Section 81-9-206, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-34 is
7065	renumbered and amended to read:
7066	[30-3-34]. <u>81-9-206.</u> Determination of parent-time schedule Parent-time
7067	factors.
7068	(1) If the parties are unable to agree on a parent-time schedule, the court may:
7069	(a) establish a parent-time schedule; or
7070	(b) order a parent-time schedule described in [Section 30-3-35, 30-3-35.1, 30-3-35.2,
7071	or 30-3-35.5] Part 3, Parent-time Schedules.
7072	(2) [The advisory guidelines as provided in Section 30-3-33 and the parent-time
7073	schedule as provided in Sections 30-3-35 and 30-3-35.5 shall be considered] There is a
7074	presumption that the advisory guidelines described in Section 81-9-202 and the parent-time
7075	schedules described in Part 3, Parent-time Schedules, are the minimum parent-time to which
7076	the noncustodial parent and the minor child [shall be] are entitled.
7077	(3) A court may consider the following when ordering a parent-time schedule:
7078	(a) whether parent-time would endanger the <u>minor</u> child's physical health or mental
7079	health, or significantly impair the minor child's emotional development;
7080	(b) evidence of domestic violence, neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, or emotional

7081	abuse, involving the minor child, a parent, or a household member of the parent as described
7082	Subsection (4) and Section 81-9-204;
7083	(c) the distance between the residency of the <u>minor</u> child and the noncustodial parent;
7084	(d) a credible allegation of child abuse has been made;
7085	(e) the lack of demonstrated parenting skills without safeguards to ensure the minor
7086	child's well-being during parent-time;
7087	(f) the financial inability of the noncustodial parent to provide adequate food and
7088	shelter for the minor child during periods of parent-time;
7089	(g) the preference of the minor child if the court determines the minor child is of
7090	sufficient maturity;
7091	(h) the incarceration of the noncustodial parent in a county jail, secure youth
7092	corrections facility, or an adult corrections facility;
7093	(i) shared interests between the minor child and the noncustodial parent;
7094	(j) the involvement or lack of involvement of the noncustodial parent in the school,
7095	community, religious, or other related activities of the minor child;
7096	(k) the availability of the noncustodial parent to care for the minor child when the
7097	custodial parent is unavailable to do so because of work or other circumstances;
7098	(l) a substantial and chronic pattern of missing, canceling, or denying regularly
7099	scheduled parent-time;
7100	(m) the minimal duration of and lack of significant bonding in the parents' relationship
7101	before the conception of the minor child;
7102	(n) the parent-time schedule of siblings;
7103	(o) the lack of reasonable alternatives to the needs of a nursing minor child; and
7104	(p) any other criteria the court determines relevant to the best interests of the minor
7105	child.
7106	(4) The court shall enter the reasons underlying the court's order for parent-time that:
7107	(a) incorporates a parent-time schedule [provided in Section 30-3-35 or 30-3-35.5]
7108	described in Section 81-9-302 or 81-9-304; or
7109	(b) provides more or less parent-time than a parent-time schedule [provided in Section
7110	30-3-35 or 30-3-35.5] described in Section 81-9-302 or 81-9-304.
7111	(5) A court may not order a parent-time schedule unless the court determines by a

preponderance of the evidence that the parent-time schedule is in the best interest of the minor
child.
(6) Once the parent-time schedule has been established, the parties may not alter the
parent-time schedule except by mutual consent of the parties or a court order.
(7) (a) If the court orders parent-time and a protective order or stalking injunction is
still in place, the court shall consider whether to order the parents to conduct parent-time
pick-up and transfer through a third party.
(b) The parent who is the stated victim in the protective order or stalking injunction
may submit to the court, and the court shall consider, the name of a person considered suitable
to act as the third party.
(c) If the court orders the parents to conduct parent-time through a third party, the
parenting plan shall specify the time, day, place, manner, and the third party to be used to
implement the exchange.
(8) If there is a protective order, stalking injunction, or the court finds that a parent has
committed domestic violence, the court shall:
(a) consider the impact of domestic violence in awarding parent-time; and
(b) make specific findings regarding the award of parent-time.
(9) Upon a specific finding by the court of the need for peace officer enforcement, the
court may include a provision in an order for parent-time that authorizes a peace officer to
enforce the order for parent-time.
(10) When parent-time has not taken place for an extended period of time and the
minor child lacks an appropriate bond with the noncustodial parent, both parents shall consider
the possible adverse effects upon the minor child and gradually reintroduce an appropriate
parent-time plan for the noncustodial parent.
Section 183. Section 81-9-207, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-34.5 is
renumbered and amended to read:
[30-3-34.5]. <u>81-9-207.</u> Supervised parent-time.
[(1) Considering the fundamental liberty interests of parents and children, it is the
policy of this state that divorcing parents have unrestricted and unsupervised access to their
children. When necessary to protect a child and no less restrictive means is reasonably
available however, a court may order supervised parent-time if the court finds evidence that the

7143	child would be subject to physical or emotional harm or child abuse, as described in Sections
7144	76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and 76-5-114, from the noncustodial parent if left
7145	unsupervised with the noncustodial parent.]
7146	(1) If it is necessary to protect a minor child and there is no less restrictive means
7147	reasonably available, a court may order supervised parent-time if the court finds evidence that
7148	the minor child would be subject to physical or emotional harm or child abuse, as described in
7149	Sections 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and 76-5-114, from the noncustodial parent if left
7150	unsupervised with the noncustodial parent.
7151	(2) (a) A court that orders supervised parent-time shall give preference to persons
7152	suggested by the parties to supervise, including relatives.
7153	(b) If the court finds that the persons suggested by the parties are willing to supervise,
7154	and are capable of protecting the [children] minor child from physical or emotional harm, or
7155	child abuse, the court shall authorize the persons to supervise parent-time.
7156	[(3)] (c) If the court is unable to authorize any persons to supervise parent-time
7157	[pursuant to Subsection (2)], the court may require that the noncustodial parent seek the
7158	services of a professional individual or agency to exercise their supervised parent-time.
7159	[(4)] (3) At the time supervised parent-time is imposed, the court shall consider:
7160	(a) whether the cost of professional or agency services is likely to prevent the
7161	noncustodial parent from exercising parent-time; and
7162	(b) whether the requirement for supervised parent-time should expire after a set period
7163	of time.
7164	[(5)] (4) (a) The court shall, in its order for supervised parent-time, provide specific
7165	goals and expectations for the noncustodial parent to accomplish before unsupervised
7166	parent-time may be granted.
7167	(b) The court shall schedule one or more follow-up hearings to revisit the issue of
7168	supervised parent-time.
7169	[(6)] (5) A noncustodial parent may, at any time, petition the court to modify the order
7170	for supervised parent-time if the noncustodial parent can demonstrate that the specific goals
7171	and expectations set by the court [in Subsection (5)] as described in Subsection (4) have been
7172	accomplished.
7173	Section 184. Section 81-9-208 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-10.4 is

7174	renumbered and amended to read:
7175	[30-3-10.4]. <u>81-9-208.</u> Modification or termination of a custody or parent-time
7176	order Noncompliance with a parent-time order.
7177	(1) The court has continuing jurisdiction to make subsequent changes to modify:
7178	(a) custody of a minor child if there is a showing of a substantial and material change
7179	in circumstances since the entry of the order; and
7180	(b) parent-time for a minor child if there is a showing that there is a change in
7181	circumstances since the entry of the order.
7182	[(1)] (2) On the petition of one or both of the parents, or the joint legal or physical
7183	custodians if they are not the parents, the court may, after a hearing, modify or terminate an
7184	order that established joint legal custody or joint physical custody if:
7185	(a) the verified petition or accompanying affidavit initially alleges that admissible
7186	evidence will show that there has been a substantial and material change in the circumstances
7187	of the minor child or one or both parents or joint legal or physical custodians [have materially
7188	and substantially changed] since the entry of the order to be modified;
7189	(b) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvement
7190	for and in the best interest of the minor child; and
7191	(c) (i) both parents have complied in good faith with the dispute resolution procedure
7192	in accordance with Subsection [30-3-10.3(7)] <u>81-9-205(8)</u> ; or
7193	(ii) if no dispute resolution procedure is contained in the order that established joint
7194	legal custody or joint physical custody, the court orders the parents to participate in a dispute
7195	resolution procedure in accordance with Subsection $[30-3-10.2(5)]$ <u>81-9-205(13)</u> unless the
7196	parents certify that, in good faith, they have used a dispute resolution procedure to resolve their
7197	dispute.
7198	[(2)] (3) (a) In determining whether the best interest of a minor child will be served by
7199	either modifying or terminating the joint legal custody or joint physical custody order, the court
7200	shall, in addition to other factors the court considers relevant, consider the factors [outlined in
7201	Section 30-3-10 and Subsection 30-3-10.2(2)] described in Sections 81-9-204 and 81-9-205.
7202	(b) A court order modifying or terminating an existing joint legal custody or joint
7203	physical custody order shall contain written findings that:
7204	(i) a [material and substantial] substantial and material change of circumstance has

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7205 occurred; and

(ii) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvementfor and in the best interest of the <u>minor</u> child.

(c) The court shall give substantial weight to the existing joint legal custody or joint
 physical custody order when the <u>minor</u> child is thriving, happy, and well-adjusted.

7210 [(3)] (4) The court shall, in every case regarding a petition for termination of a joint 7211 legal custody or joint physical custody order, consider reasonable alternatives to preserve the 7212 existing order in accordance with [Subsection 30-3-10(3)] Section 81-9-204.

(5) The court may modify the terms and conditions of the existing order in accordance
with [Subsection 30-3-10(8)] this chapter and may order the parents to file a parenting plan in
accordance with [this chapter] Section 81-9-203.

[(4)] (6) A parent requesting a modification from sole custody to joint legal custody or
joint physical custody or both, or any other type of shared parenting arrangement, shall file and
serve a proposed parenting plan with the petition to modify in accordance with Section
[30-3-10.8] 81-9-203.

[(5) If the court finds that an action under this section is filed or answered frivolously
 and in a manner designed to harass the other party, the court shall assess attorney fees as costs
 against the offending party.]

[(6)] <u>(7)</u> If an issue before the court involves custodial responsibility in the event of
deployment of one or both parents who are service members, and the service member has not
yet been notified of deployment, the court shall resolve the issue based on the standards in
Sections 78B-20-306 through 78B-20-309.

(8) If the court finds that an action to modify custody or parent-time is filed or
answered frivolously and, in a manner, designed to harass the other party, the court shall assess
attorney fees as costs against the offending party.

(9) If a petition to modify custody or parent-time provisions of a court order is made
and denied, the court shall order the petitioner to pay the reasonable attorney fees expended by
the prevailing party in that action if the court determines that the petition was without merit and
not asserted or defended against in good faith.

(10) If a motion or petition alleges noncompliance with a parent-time order by a parent,
 or a visitation order by a grandparent or other member of the immediate family where a

7236	visitation or parent-time right has been previously granted by the court, the court:
7237	(a) may award to the prevailing party:
7238	(i) actual attorney fees incurred;
7239	(ii) the costs incurred by the prevailing party because of the other party's failure to
7240	provide or exercise court-ordered visitation or parent-time, including:
7241	(A) court costs;
7242	(B) child care expenses;
7243	(C) transportation expenses actually incurred;
7244	(D) lost wages, if ascertainable; or
7245	(E) counseling for a parent or a minor child if ordered or approved by the court; or
7246	(iii) any other appropriate equitable remedy; and
7247	(b) shall award reasonable make-up parent-time to the prevailing party, unless make-up
7248	parent-time is not in the best interest of the minor child.
7249	Section 185. Section 81-9-209 , which is renumbered from Section 30-3-37 is
7250	renumbered and amended to read:
7251	[30-3-37]. <u>81-9-209.</u> Notice of relocation Effect of relocation on parent-time
7252	schedule.
7253	(1) [For purposes of this section] As used in this section, "relocation" means moving
7254	150 miles or more from the residence of the other parent.
7255	(2) The relocating parent shall provide [60 days advance] written notice [of the
7256	intended relocation] to the other parent at least 60 days before the day on which the relocating
7257	parent intends to relocate.
7258	(3) The written notice of relocation <u>under Subsection (2)</u> shall contain statements
7259	affirming [the following]:
7260	(a) the parent-time provisions in Subsection [(6)] (9) or a parent-time schedule
7261	approved by both parties will be followed; and
7262	(b) [neither parent will] that a parent will not interfere with the other's parental rights
7263	pursuant to court ordered parent-time arrangements[;] or the parent-time schedule approved by
7264	both parties.
7265	[(3)] (4) The court shall, upon motion of any party or upon the court's own motion,
7266	schedule a hearing with notice to:

7267	(a) review the notice of relocation and [parent-time schedule as provided in Section
7268	30-3-35] the relevant parent-time schedule under Section 81-8-302 or 81-8-304; and
7269	(b) make appropriate orders regarding the parent-time schedule and costs for
7270	parent-time transportation.
7271	[(4)] (5) In a hearing to review the notice of relocation, the court shall, in determining
7272	if the relocation of a custodial parent is in the best interest of the minor child, consider any
7273	other factors that the court considers relevant to the determination.
7274	(6) If the court determines that relocation is not in the best interest of the minor child,
7275	and the custodial parent relocates, the court may order a change of custody.
7276	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(2)}\right]$ (7) (a) If the court finds that the relocation is in the best interest of the minor
7277	child, the court shall determine the parent-time schedule and allocate the transportation costs
7278	that will be incurred for the minor child to visit the noncustodial parent.
7279	(b) In making [its determination,] a determination under Subsection (7)(a), the court
7280	shall consider:
7281	[(a)] (i) the reason for the parent's relocation;
7282	[(b)] (ii) the additional costs or difficulty to both parents in exercising parent-time;
7283	[(c)] (iii) the economic resources of both parents; and
7284	$\left[\frac{(d)}{(d)}\right]$ (iv) other factors the court considers necessary and relevant.
7285	(8) If a parent relocates because of an act of domestic violence or family violence by
7286	the other parent, the court shall make specific findings and orders with regard to the application
7287	of this section.
7288	[(6)] (9) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, upon the relocation[, as defined in
7289	Subsection (1),] of one of the parties, the following schedule [shall be the minimum
7290	requirements for parent-time for children 5 to 18 years of age] is the minimum parent-time the
7291	noncustodial parent is entitled to a minor child who is five to 18 years old:
7292	(a) in years ending in an odd number, the minor child shall spend the following
7293	holidays with the noncustodial parent:
7294	(i) Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and
7295	(ii) Spring break, if applicable, beginning the last day of school before the holiday until
7296	the day before school resumes;
7297	(b) in years ending in an even number, the minor child shall spend the following

7298	holidays with the noncustodial parent:
7299	(i) the entire winter school break period; and
7300	(ii) the Fall school break beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the
7301	day before school resumes;
7302	(c) extended parent-time equal to $1/2$ of the summer or off-track time for consecutive
7303	weeks[. The children should be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before
7304	school begins; however, this week shall be counted when determining the amount of
7305	parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period]; and
7306	(d) one weekend per month, at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent.
7307	(10) For extended parent-time under Subsection (9)(c), the minor child should be
7308	returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins, except that this
7309	week is counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents
7310	for the summer or off-track period.
7311	[(7)] (11) (a) The court may also set a parent-time schedule for [children under the age
7312	of five] a minor child who is younger than five years old.
7313	(b) The schedule shall take into consideration the following:
7314	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> the age of the <u>minor</u> child;
7315	[(b)] (ii) the developmental needs of the minor child;
7316	[(c)] (iii) the distance between the parents' homes;
7317	[(d)] (iv) the travel arrangements and cost;
7318	[(e)] (v) the level of attachment between the minor child and the noncustodial parent;
7319	and
7320	[(f)] (vi) any other factors relevant to the best interest of the minor child.
7321	[(8)] (12) The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the
7322	following restrictions.
7323	(a) (i) If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time,
7324	the noncustodial parent shall receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned
7325	to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend.
7326	(ii) If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month,
7327	the noncustodial parent [shall be] is entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.
7328	(b) If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday

extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend shall be consideredthe noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.

(c) If a <u>minor</u> child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after
the [children begin] <u>minor child begins</u> the school year, or other days not included in the list of
holidays in Subsection [(6)] (9) and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's
monthly weekend parent-time, those days shall be included in the weekend parent-time.

7335 [(9)] (13) The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to
 7336 the noncustodial parent.

[(10)] (14) In the event finances and distance preclude the exercise of minimum
parent-time for the noncustodial parent during the school year, the court should consider
awarding more time for the noncustodial parent during the summer time if it is in the best
interests of the [children] the minor child.

[(11)] (15) (a) Upon the motion of any party, the court may order uninterrupted
parent-time with the noncustodial parent for a minimum of 30 days during extended
parent-time, unless the court finds it is not in the best [interests] interest of the minor child.

(b) If the court orders uninterrupted parent-time during a period not covered by this
section, [it] the court shall specify in its order which parent is responsible for the minor child's
travel expenses.

7347 [(12)] (16) (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court the relocating party shall be 7348 responsible for all the <u>minor</u> child's travel expenses relating to Subsections [(6)(a)] (9)(a) and 7349 (b) and 1/2 of the <u>minor</u> child's travel expenses relating to Subsection [(6)(c)] (9)(c), provided 7350 the noncustodial parent is current on all support obligations.

(b) If the noncustodial parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all
support obligations, the noncustodial parent [shall be] is responsible for all of the minor child's
travel expenses under Subsection [(6)] (9), unless the court rules otherwise.

(c) [Reimbursement by either] <u>A</u> responsible party <u>shall make a reimbursement</u> to the
 other for the <u>minor</u> child's travel expenses [shall be made] within 30 days of receipt of
 documents detailing those expenses.

7357 [(13)] (17) The court may apply this provision to any preexisting decree of divorce.

7358 [(14)] (18) Any action under this section may be set for an expedited hearing.

7359 [(15)] (19) A parent who fails to comply with the notice of relocation in Subsection (2)

7360	[shall be] is in contempt of the court's order.
7361	Section 186. Section 81-9-301 is enacted to read:
7362	Part 3. Parent-time Schedules
7363	81-9-301. Definitions for part.
7364	As used in this part:
7365	(1) "Juneteenth National Freedom Day" means the day on which the Juneteenth
7366	National Freedom Day holiday is celebrated in this state in accordance with Section
7367	<u>63G-1-301.</u>
7368	(2) "Weekends" include, for a parent-time schedule under Sections 81-9-302 and
7369	81-9-303, any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when school is not
7370	scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.
7371	Section 187. Section 81-9-302, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-35 is
7372	renumbered and amended to read:
7373	[30-3-35]. <u>81-9-302.</u> Minimum schedule for parent-time for a minor child five
7374	to 18 years old.
7375	[(1) As used in this section:]
7376	[(a) "Juneteenth National Freedom Day" means the day on which the Juneteenth
7377	National Freedom Day holiday is celebrated in this state in accordance with Section
7378	63G-1-301.]
7379	[(b) "Weekends" include any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when
7380	school is not scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.]
7381	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ The parent-time schedule in this section applies to a <u>minor</u> child who is five to
7382	18 years old.
7383	[(3)] (2) If the parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule for a <u>minor</u> child
7384	described in Subsection [(2)] (1), the following schedule is considered the minimum
7385	parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the minor child:
7386	(a) (i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or
7387	Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
7388	(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday to be specified by the
7389	noncustodial parent or the court:
7390	(A) beginning at the time that the minor child's school is regularly dismissed and

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ending at 8:30 p.m.; or

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7392 (B) if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor 7393 child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 9 a.m. and 7394 ending at 8:30 p.m.; 7395 (b) (i) beginning on the first weekend after entry of the decree, alternating weekends 7396 beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; or 7397 (ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent and beginning on the first weekend after 7398 the entry of the decree, alternating weekends: 7399 (A) beginning at the time that the minor child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday 7400 and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; or 7401 (B) if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor 7402 child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 7403 9 a.m. and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.: 7404 (c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday 7405 schedule described in Subsection [(13)] (12); and 7406 (d) extended parent-time with the minor child when school is not in session for 7407 summer break in accordance with Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)}{(3)}\right]$ (3). 7408 [(4)] (3) (a) For extended parent-time with the minor child under Subsection [(3)(d)]7409 (2)(d) and at the election of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent is entitled up to 7410 four weeks of parent-time with the minor child, which may be consecutive, when school is not 7411 in session for summer break. 7412 (b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent under 7413 Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)(a)}{(a)}\right]$ (3)(a): 7414 (i) two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for the 7415 noncustodial parent; and 7416 (ii) two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent 7417 for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day 7418 parent-time. 7419 (c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with the minor child for 7420 two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break. 7421 $\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$ (4) (a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's

7422 plans for the exercise of extended parent-time for summer break under Subsection [(4)] (3). 7423 (b) For the notification requirement under Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)(a)}{(4)}\right]$ (4)(a): 7424 (i) in odd-numbered years: 7425 (A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1; and 7426 (B) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15; and 7427 (ii) in even-numbered years: (A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1; and 7428 7429 (B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15. (c) (i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in 7430 7431 Subsection [(5)(b)](4)(b), the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break 7432 for the noncomplying parent. 7433 (ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in 7434 Subsection [(5)(b)] (4)(b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for 7435 summer break for the other parent. 7436 (d) If a custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under 7437 Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)(b)(ii)}{(2)(b)(ii)}\right]$ (3)(b)(ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the 7438 noncustodial parent of the intent to interrupt parent-time within 10 days after the day on which 7439 the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of 7440 interrupted extended parent-time. 7441 $\left[\frac{(6)}{(5)}\right]$ (5) (a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry 7442 of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual 7443 agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the minor 7444 child's schedule. 7445 (b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the 7446 decree and made a part of the parent-time order. 7447 $\left[\frac{7}{7}\right]$ (6) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence 7448 7449 shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time: 7450 (i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection [(13)] (12); 7451 (ii) the holiday schedule for the minor child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising 7452 uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)}{(4)}\right]$ (3) and takes the minor child away

7453 from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;

- (iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection [(13)] (12) that is not
 Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the <u>minor</u> child's birthday;
- 7456 (iv) extended parent-time under Subsection [(4)] (3); and
- 7457 (v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
- (b) A parent exercising parent-time for the <u>minor</u> child's birthday may bring other
 siblings along for the <u>minor</u> child's birthday.
- [(8)] <u>(7)</u> A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the
 noncustodial parent, may pick up the <u>minor</u> child for parent-time if the custodial parent is
 aware of the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the <u>minor</u> child
 by 7 p.m.
- [(9)] (8) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising
 parent-time shall be responsible for the <u>minor</u> child's attendance at school for that school day.
- [(10)] (9) If there is more than one minor child and the minor children's school
 schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the
 parent's half of the holiday, the minor children may remain together for the holiday period
 beginning the first evening that all minor children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and
 ending the evening before any minor child returns to school.
- 7471 [(11)] (10) (a) Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable
 7472 duration.
- (b) (i) Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parentsreside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.
- (ii) If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the
 court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking
 into consideration:
- 7478 (A) the best interests of the <u>minor</u> child;
- 7479 (B) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
- 7480 (C) any other factors the court considers material.
- 7481 (c) Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.
- 7482 [(12)] (11) If there is a minor child five to 18 years old and a minor child under five
 7483 years old and both minor children are the [natural or adopted] children of the parties, the

parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the minor

children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule under this section.

7486 [(13)] (12) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this7487 section.

	Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Years	Years Custodial
			Noncustodial	Parent is
7488			Parent is	Granted Holiday
			Granted	
			Holiday	
	Dr. Martin	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:(a) 9	Odd years	Even years
	Luther King Jr.	a.m. if school is not in session and		
	Day	the parent can be with the minor		
		child;		
7489		(b) the time that school is regularly		
/409		dismissed; or		
		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr.		
		Martin Luther King Jr. Day.		
	President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
		(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in		
		session and the parent can be with		
		the <u>minor</u> child;		
7490		(b) the time that school is regularly		
/490		dismissed; or		
		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
		day before school resumes.		

7491	Spring Break	 Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes. 	Odd years	Even years
7492	Memorial Day	 (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the <u>minor</u> child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day. 	Even years	Odd years
7493	Mother's Day	 Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m. 	All years if noncustodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.
7494	Father's Day	 Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m. 	All years if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent granted the holiday in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the father or other parent granted the holiday in the order.

	Juneteenth	(1) Holiday begins at:	Even years	Odd years
	National	(a) 6 p.m. on the day before		
	Freedom Day	Juneteenth National Freedom Day		
		if the day before Juneteenth		
		National Freedom Day is not		
		Father's Day; or		
7495		(b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National		
		Freedom Day if the day before		
		Juneteenth National Freedom Day		
		is Father's Day.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the		
		day following Juneteenth National		
		Freedom Day.		
	Independence	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6	Odd years	Even years
7496	Day	p.m.		
/490		(2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6		
		p.m.		
7407	Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at	Even years	Odd years
		6 p.m.		
7497		(2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6		
		p.m.		

	Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
		(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in		
		session and the parent can be with		
		the <u>minor</u> child;		
		(b) the time that school is regularly		
7498		dismissed; or		
		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
		Labor Day.		
	Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Even years	Odd years
7400		day before Columbus Day.		
7499		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
		Columbus Day.		
	Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
		day school is dismissed for fall		
7500		break.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
		day before school resumes.		
	Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October	Even years	Odd years
		31st or the day that Halloween is		
		traditionally celebrated in the local		
		community:		
7501		(a) at the time that school is		
		dismissed; or		
		(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the		
		same day the holiday begins.		

7502	Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
		day before Veterans Day.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
		Veterans Day.		
	Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday	Even years	Odd years
		at:		
		(a) 6 p.m.; or		
		(b) the time school is regularly		
7503		dismissed for Thanksgiving at the		
		election of the parent granted the		
		holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
		day before school resumes.		
	Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins at:	Odd years	Even years
	(First Half)	(a) 6 p.m. on the day on that		
		school dismisses for winter break;		
		or		
		(b) the time school is regularly		
7504		dismissed on the day that school		
		dismisses for winter break at the		
		election of the parent granted the		
		holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends on December		
		27th at 7 p.m.		
	Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins on December	Even years	Odd years
	(Second Half)	27th at 7 p.m.	-	5
7505	× · · · ·	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
		day before school resumes.		
7506	Day of Minor	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
	Child's Birthday	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		<u> </u>
	·	× / / I		

	Day Before or	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
7507	After Minor	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	o uu yours	
, ,	Child's Birthday	(-) monomy on an a prime		
7508	Section 188.	Section 81-9-303 , which is renum	bered from Section 3	80-3-35.1 is
7509	renumbered and amended to read:			
7510	[30-3-35.1]. <u>81-9-303.</u> Optional schedule for parent-time for a minor child five			
7511	to 18 years old.			
7512	[(1) As used in this section:]			
7513	[(a) "Juneteenth National Freedom Day" means the day on which the Juneteenth			
7514	National Freedom Day holiday is celebrated in this state in accordance with Section			
7515	63G-1-301.]			
7516	[(b) "Weekends" include any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when			
7517	school is not schedu	led and that are contiguous to the w	eekend period.]	
7518	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ (a) The optional parent-time schedule in this section applies to a minor child			
7519	who is five to 18 years old.			
7520	(b) For purposes of calculating child support, the optional parent-time schedule in this			
7521	section is 145 overnights.			
7522	(c) Any impact on child support shall be consistent with joint physical custody[, as			
7523	defined in Section 7	defined in Section 78B-12-102].		
7524	[(3)] (2) The parents and the court may consider the increased parent-time schedule in			
7525	this section as a min	this section as a minimum parent-time schedule when the parties agree or the noncustodial		
7526	parent can demonstr	rate:		
7527	(a) the nonc	ustodial parent has been actively in	volved in the <u>minor</u>	child's life;
7528	(b) the parti	es can communicate effectively reg	arding the <u>minor</u> chi	ld or the
7529	noncustodial parent	noncustodial parent has a plan to accomplish effective communications regarding the minor		
7530	child;			
7531	(c) the nonc	ustodial parent has the ability to fac	ilitate the increased	parent-time;
7532		eased parent-time would be in the be		nor child; and
7533	•	r factor the court considers relevant		
7534	[(4)] (3) In (determining whether a noncustodial	parent has been acti	vely involved in the

7535	minor child's life, the court shall consider:
7536	(a) demonstrated responsibility in caring for the <u>minor</u> child;
7537	(b) involvement in childcare;
7538	(c) presence or volunteer efforts in the minor child's school and at extracurricular
7539	activities;
7540	(d) assistance with the <u>minor</u> child's homework;
7541	(e) involvement in preparation of meals, bath time, and bedtime for the minor child;
7542	(f) bonding with the <u>minor</u> child; and
7543	(g) any other factor the court considers relevant.
7544	[(5)] (4) In determining whether a noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the
7545	increased parent-time, the court shall consider:
7546	(a) the geographic distance between the residences of the parents and the distance
7547	between the parents' residences and the minor child's school;
7548	(b) the noncustodial parent's ability to assist with after school care;
7549	(c) the health of the minor child and the noncustodial parent in accordance with
7550	Subsection $[\frac{30-3-10(6)}{81-9-204(5)};$
7551	(d) flexibility of employment or another schedule of the noncustodial parent;
7552	(e) ability to provide appropriate playtime with the <u>minor</u> child;
7553	(f) history and ability of the noncustodial parent to implement a flexible schedule for
7554	the <u>minor</u> child;
7555	(g) physical facilities of the noncustodial parent's residence; and
7556	(h) any other factor the court considers relevant.
7557	[(6)] (5) If the parties agree or the court enters an order for the optional parent-time
7558	schedule under this section, a parenting plan in compliance with [Sections 30-3-10.7 through
7559	30-3-10.10] <u>Section 81-9-203</u> shall be filed with any order incorporating the optional
7560	parent-time schedule described in Subsection [(7)] (6).
7561	[(7)] (6) The following schedule is considered the optional parent-time to which the
7562	noncustodial parent is entitled to the minor child:
7563	(a) (i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or
7564	Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending the following day upon
7565	delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or

7566	(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday specified by the
7567	noncustodial parent or the court:
7568	(A) beginning at the time the minor child's school is regularly dismissed until the
7569	following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
7570	(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor child,
7571	and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 8 a.m. and
7572	ending on the following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no
7573	school;
7574	(b) (i) beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends
7575	beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the minor child to school
7576	or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
7577	(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, beginning the first weekend after the
7578	entry of the decree, alternating weekends:
7579	(A) beginning at the time the minor child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and
7580	ending on Monday upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;
7581	or
7582	(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor child,
7583	and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 9 a.m.
7584	and ending on Monday upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no
7585	school;
7586	(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday
7587	schedule described in Subsection [(16)] (15); and
7588	(d) extended parent-time with the minor child when school is not in session for
7589	summer break in accordance with Subsection $[(8)]$ (7).
7590	[(8)] (7) (a) For extended parent-time with the minor child under Subsection $[(7)(d)]$
7591	(6)(d) and at the election of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent is entitled up to
7592	four weeks of parent-time with the minor child, which may be consecutive, when school is not
7593	in session for summer break.
7594	(b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent under
7595	Subsection $[(8)(a)] (7)(a)$:
7596	(i) two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for the

7597 noncustodial parent; and

(ii) two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent
for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day
parent-time.

(c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with the <u>minor</u> child for
 two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.

[(9)] <u>(8)</u> (a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's
 plans for the exercise of parent-time for summer break under Subsection [(8)] <u>(7)</u>.

7605

(b) For the notification requirement under Subsection [(9)(a)] (8)(a):

7606 (i) in odd-numbered years:

(A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1; and

(B) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15; and

7609 (ii) in even-numbered years:

7610 (A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1; and

7611 (B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15.

(c) (i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in
Subsection [(9)(b)] (8)(b), the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break
for the noncomplying parent.

(ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in
Subsection [(9)(b)] (8)(b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for
summer break for the other parent.

(d) If a custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under
Subsection [(8)(b)(ii)] (7)(b)(ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the
noncustodial parent of the intent to interrupt parent-time within 10 days after the day on which
the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of
interrupted extended parent-time.

[(10)] (9) (a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of
entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual
agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the minor
child's schedule.

(b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the

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7628 decree and made a part of the parent-time order.

- [(11)] (10) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this
 section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of
 precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
- (i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection [(16)] (15);
- (ii) the holiday schedule for the <u>minor</u> child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising
 uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection [(8)] (7) and takes the <u>minor</u> child away
 from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
- (iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection [(16)] (15) that is not
 Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the <u>minor</u> child's birthday;
- (iv) extended parent-time under Subsection [(8)] (7); and
- 7639 (v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
- (b) A parent exercising parent-time for the <u>minor</u> child's birthday may bring other
 siblings along for the <u>minor</u> child's birthday.
- [(12)] (11) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the
 noncustodial parent, may pick up the <u>minor</u> child for parent-time if the custodial parent is
 aware of the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the <u>minor</u> child
 by 7 p.m.
- 7646 [(13)] (12) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising
 7647 parent-time shall be responsible for the <u>minor</u> child's attendance at school for that school day.
- [(14)] (13) If there is more than one minor child and the minor children's school
 schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the
 parent's half of the holiday, the minor children may remain together for the holiday period
 beginning the first evening that all minor children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and
 ending the evening before any minor child returns to school.
- 7653 [(15)] (14) If there is a <u>minor</u> child five to 18 years old and a <u>minor</u> child under five 7654 years old and both <u>minor</u> children are the [natural or adopted] children of the parties, the 7655 parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the <u>minor</u> 7656 children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule under this section.
- 7657 [(16)] (15) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this
 7658 section.

	Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Years	Years Custodial
			Noncustodial	Parent is Granted
7659			Parent is	Holiday
			Granted	
			Holiday	
	Dr. Martin	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:(a) 9	Odd years	Even years
	Luther King	a.m. if school is not in session and		
	Jr. Day	the parent can be with the minor		
		child;		
		(b) the time that school is regularly		
		dismissed; or		
		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
7660		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends:		
		(a) upon delivering of the <u>minor</u>		
		child to school on the day following		
		Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or		
		(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
		Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day if		
		there is no school.		

	President's	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
	Day	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
		and the parent can be with the minor		
		child;		
		(b) the time that school is regularly		
		dismissed; or		
7661		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
/001		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends:		
		(a) upon delivering the <u>minor</u> child		
		to school on the day following		
		President's Day; or		
		(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
		President's Day if there is no school.		
	Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
		day that school dismisses for spring		
		break.		
		(2) Holiday ends:		
7662		(a) upon delivering the <u>minor child</u>		
/002		to school on the day following the		
		end of spring break; or		
		(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
		the end of spring break if there is no		
		school.		

	Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
		(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
		and the parent can be with the minor		
		child;		
		(b) the time that school is regularly		
		dismissed; or		
7(()		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
7663		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends:		
		(a) upon delivering the <u>minor</u> child		
		to school on the day following		
		Memorial Day; or		
		(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
		Memorial Day if there is no school.		
	Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day	All years if	All years if
		at 9 a.m.	noncustodial	custodial parent
		(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day	parent is the	is the mother or
7664		at 7 p.m.	mother or other	other parent
			parent	designated in the
			designated in	order.
			the order.	
7665	Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day	All years if	All years if
		at 9 a.m.	noncustodial	custodial parent
		(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at	parent is the	is the father or
		7 p.m.	father or other	other parent
			parent	designated in the
			designated in	order.
			the order.	

	Juneteenth	(1) Holiday begins at:	Even years	Odd years
	National	(a) 6 p.m. on the day before		
	Freedom Day	Juneteenth National Freedom Day if		
		the day before Juneteenth National		
		Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or		
7666		(b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National		
/000		Freedom Day if the day before		
		Juneteenth National Freedom Day is		
		Father's Day.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the		
		day following Juneteenth National		
		Freedom Day.		
	Independence	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6	Odd years	Even years
7((7	Day	p.m.		
7667		(2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6		
		p.m.		
7668	Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6	Even years	Odd years
		p.m.		
		(2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6		
		p.m.		

	Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
		(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
		and the parent can be with the minor		
		child;		
		(b) the time that school is regularly		
		dismissed; or		
7669		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
/009		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends:		
		(a) upon delivering the <u>minor</u> child		
		to school on the day following		
		Labor Day; or		
		(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
		Labor Day if there is no school.		
	Columbus	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Even years	Odd years
7670	Day	day before Columbus Day.		
1010		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
		Columbus Day.		
	Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
		day school is dismissed for fall		
		break.		
		(2) Holiday ends:		
7671		(a) upon delivering the <u>minor</u> child		
/0/1		to school on the day following the		
		end of fall break; or		
		(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
		the end of fall break if there is no		
		school.		

	Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st	Even years	Odd years
		or the day that Halloween is		
		traditionally celebrated in the local		
		community:		
7672		(a) at the time that school is		
		dismissed; or		
		(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the		
		same day the holiday begins.		
	Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
7672		day before Veterans Day.		
7673		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
		Veterans Day.		
	Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday	Even years	Odd years
		at:		
		(a) 6 p.m.; or		
		(b) the time school is regularly		
		dismissed for Thanksgiving at the		
		election of the parent granted the		
7674		holiday.		
/0/4		(2) Holiday ends:		
		(a) upon delivering the <u>minor</u> child		
		to school on the Monday following		
		Thanksgiving; or		
		(b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday		
		following Thanksgiving if there is		
		no school.		

	Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins at:	Odd years	Even years
	(First Half)	(a) 6 p.m. on the day that school	Oud years	Lven years
	(Plist Hall)	dismisses for winter break; or		
		(b) the time school is regularly		
		dismissed on the day that school		
7675		dismisses for winter break at the		
		election of the parent granted the		
		holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends on December 27th		
		at 7 p.m.		
	Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins on December	Even years	Odd years
	(Second Half)	27th at 7 p.m.	Even years	oud yours
	(Second Hull)	(2) Holiday ends upon delivering		
7676		the minor child to school on the day		
		that school resumes after the winter		
		break.		
	Day of Minor	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
7677	Child's	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
	Birthday			
7678	Day Before or	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
	After Minor	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
	Child's			
	Birthday			

7679 Section 189. Section **81-9-304**, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-35.5 is

renumbered and amended to read:

7681 [30-3-35.5]. <u>81-9-304.</u> Minimum schedule for parent-time for a minor child
7682 under five years old.

7683 [(1) As used in this section, "Juncteenth National Freedom Day" means the day on
 7684 which the Juncteenth National Freedom Day holiday is celebrated in this state in accordance

7685	with Section 63G-1-301.]
7686	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ The parent-time schedule in this section applies to a <u>minor</u> child who is
7687	younger than five years old.
7688	[(3)] (2) If the parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule, the schedules in
7689	Subsections $[(4) \text{ through } (9)] (3) \text{ through } (8)$ are considered the minimum parent-time to which
7690	the noncustodial parent is entitled to the minor child.
7691	[(4)] (3) For a minor child who is younger than five months old, the noncustodial
7692	parent is entitled to:
7693	(a) three two-hour visits every week; and
7694	(b) two hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday
7695	schedule under Subsection [(16)] (15).
7696	[(5)] (4) For a minor child who is at least five months old but younger than nine
7697	months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
7698	(a) three three-hour visits every week; and
7699	(b) two hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday
7700	schedule under Subsection [(16)] (15).
7701	[(6)] (5) For a minor child who is at least nine months old but younger than 12 months
7702	old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to [the child]:
7703	(a) one eight-hour visit every week;
7704	(b) one three-hour visit every week; and
7705	(c) eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with
7706	the holiday schedule under Subsection [(16)] (15).
7707	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> For a minor child who is at least 12 months old but younger than 18 months
7708	old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
7709	(a) one three-hour visit every week;
7710	(b) one eight-hour visit on alternating weekends to be specified by the noncustodial
7711	parent or court;
7712	(c) an overnight visit on opposite weekends from Subsection $[(7)(b)]$ (6)(b) beginning
7713	at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at noon on Saturday; and
7714	(d) eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday
7715	schedule under Subsection [(16)] (15).

7716	$\left[\frac{(8)}{(7)}\right]$ For a minor child who is at least 18 months old but younger than three years
7717	old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
7718	(a) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
7719	(i) beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
7720	(ii) if the minor child is being cared for during the day outside the minor child's regular
7721	place of residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that
7722	the minor child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
7723	(b) beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends
7724	beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;
7725	(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday
7726	schedule described in Subsection [(16)] (15); and
7727	(d) extended parent-time for two one-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at
7728	the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:
7729	(i) one week of uninterrupted parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
7730	(ii) one week of interrupted parent-time where the custodial parent may have an equal
7731	amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the
7732	noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a).
7733	[(9)] (8) For a minor child who is at least three years old but younger than five years
7734	old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
7735	(a) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
7736	(i) beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
7737	(ii) if the minor child is being cared for during the day outside the minor child's regular
7738	place of residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that
7739	the minor child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
7740	(b) beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends
7741	beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;
7742	(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday
7743	schedule described in Subsection [(16)] (15) ; and
7744	(d) extended parent-time for two two-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at
7745	the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:
7746	(i) two weeks of uninterrupted parent-time, which may be consecutive, for the

7747	noncustodial parent; and
7748	(ii) two weeks of interrupted parent-time, which may be consecutive, where the
7749	custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent
7750	on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under
7751	Subsection $[(9)(a)] (8)(a)$.
7752	[(10)] (9) For a minor child who is at least 18 months old but younger than five years
7753	old, the custodial parent is entitled to one week of uninterrupted extended parent-time.
7754	[(11)] (10) (a) For a minor child who is nine months old or older, the noncustodial
7755	parent shall have at least two times a week:
7756	(i) brief telephone contact at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration; and
7757	(ii) virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside
7758	at least 100 miles apart, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.
7759	(b) If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the
7760	court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking
7761	into consideration:
7762	(i) the best interests of the <u>minor</u> child;
7763	(ii) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
7764	(iii) any other factors the court considers material.
7765	(c) Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.
7766	[(12)] (11) For a minor child who is younger than nine months old, unless the parents
7767	agree otherwise, parent-time should take place in the home of the custodial parent, an
7768	established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the minor child.
7769	[(13)] (12) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this
7770	section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of
7771	precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
7772	(i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection [(16)] (15) ;
7773	(ii) the holiday schedule for the minor child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising
7774	uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection [(8)(d), (9)(d), or (10)] (7)(d), (8)(d), or
7775	(9) and takes the minor child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted
7776	extended parent-time;
7777	(iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection [(16)] (15) that is not

7778	Father's Day, Mot	her's Day, or the <u>minor</u> child's birthday;		
7779	(iv) exten	ded parent-time under Subsection [(8)(1), (9)(d), or (10)]	(7)(d), (8)(d), or
7780	<u>(9);</u> and			
7781	(v) the scl	nedule for weekday or weekend parent-	time.	
7782	(b) A pare	ent exercising parent-time for the minor	child's birthday m	ay bring other
7783	siblings along for	the <u>minor</u> child's birthday.		
7784	[(14)] <u>(13)</u>	If a holiday falls on a regularly schedu	iled school day, the	e parent exercising
7785	parent-time shall l	be responsible for the minor child's atten	ndance at school f	or that school day.
7786	[(15)] <u>(14)</u>	A parent shall notify the other parent a	at least 30 days in	advance of the
7787	parent's plans for	the exercise of extended parent-time un	der Subsection [(8)(d), (9)(d), or (10)]
7788	<u>(7)(d), (8)(d), or (9</u>	<u>9)</u> .		
7789	[(16)] <u>(15)</u>	The following table is the holiday sch	edule for parent-ti	me under this
7790	section.			
	Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Years	Years Custodial
		, in the second s	Noncustodial	Parent is Granted
7791			Parent is	Holiday
			Granted	2
			Holiday	
	Dr. Martin	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:(a)	Odd years	Even years
	Luther King	9 a.m. if the parent is available to be		-
	Jr. Day	with the minor child; or		
7792		(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr.		
		Martin Luther King Jr. Day.		
	R.			

7793	President's Day	 Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the <u>minor</u> child; or (b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on President's Day. 	Even years	Odd years
7794	Spring Break	 Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes. 	Odd years	Even years
7795	Memorial Day	 Holiday begins on Friday at: 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the minor child; or 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day. 	Even years	Odd years
7796	Mother's Day	 Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m. 	All years if noncustodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.

7797	Father's Day	 Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m. 	All years if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.
7798	Juneteenth National Freedom Day	 (1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day. 	Even years	Odd years
7799	Independence Day	 Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m. 	Odd years	Even years
7800	Pioneer Day	 Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m. 	Even years	Odd years

	Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
		(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available		
		to be with the <u>minor</u> child; or		
7801		(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
		parent granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor		
		Day.		
	Columbus	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Even years	Odd years
7902	Day	day before Columbus Day.		
7802		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
		Columbus Day.		
	Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
		day school is dismissed for fall		
7803		break.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
		day before school resumes.		
	Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st	Even years	Odd years
		or the day that Halloween is		
		traditionally celebrated in the local		
		community:		
7804		(a) at the time that school is		
		dismissed; or		
		(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.		
		(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the		
		same day the holiday begins.		
	Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
7805		day before Veterans Day.		
/003		(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
		Veterans Day.		

7806	Thanksgiving	 Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on day before school resumes. 	Even years	Odd years
7807	Winter Break (First Half)	 Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day on that school dismisses for winter break. Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m. 	Odd years	Even years
7808	Winter Break (Second Half)	 Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes. 	Even years	Odd years
7809	Day of <u>Minor</u> Child's Birthday	 Holiday begins at 3 p.m. Holiday ends at 9 p.m. 	Even years	Odd years
7810	Day Before or After <u>Minor</u> Child's Birthday	 Holiday begins at 3 p.m. Holiday ends at 9 p.m. 	Odd years	Even years

- 7811 Section 190. Section **81-9-305**, which is renumbered from Section 30-3-35.2 is
- 7812 renumbered and amended to read:

7813

- [30-3-35.2]. <u>81-9-305.</u> Equal parent-time schedule.
- 7814 (1) (a) A court may order the equal parent-time schedule described in this section if the
- 7815 court determines that:
- 7816 (i) the equal parent-time schedule is in the <u>minor</u> child's best interest;
- 7817 (ii) each parent has been actively involved in the <u>minor</u> child's life; and
- 7818 (iii) each parent can effectively facilitate the equal parent-time schedule.

7819	(b) To determine whether each parent has been actively involved in the <u>minor</u> child's
7820	life, the court shall consider:
7821	(i) each parent's demonstrated responsibility in caring for the minor child;
7822	(ii) each parent's involvement in child care;
7823	(iii) each parent's presence or volunteer efforts in the minor child's school and at
7824	extracurricular activities;
7825	(iv) each parent's assistance with the minor child's homework;
7826	(v) each parent's involvement in preparation of meals, bath time, and bedtime for the
7827	minor child;
7828	(vi) each parent's bond with the minor child; and
7829	(vii) any other factor the court considers relevant.
7830	(c) To determine whether each parent can effectively facilitate the equal parent-time
7831	schedule, the court shall consider:
7832	(i) the geographic distance between the residence of each parent and the distance
7833	between each residence and the minor child's school;
7834	(ii) each parent's ability to assist with the minor child's after school care;
7835	(iii) the health of the minor child and each parent, consistent with Subsection
7836	$[\frac{30-3-10(6)}{81-9-204(5)};$
7837	(iv) the flexibility of each parent's employment or other schedule;
7838	(v) each parent's ability to provide appropriate playtime with the minor child;
7839	(vi) each parent's history and ability to implement a flexible schedule for the minor
7840	child;
7841	(vii) physical facilities of each parent's residence; and
7842	(viii) any other factor the court considers relevant.
7843	(2) (a) If the parties agree to or the court orders the equal parent-time schedule
7844	described in this section, a parenting plan in accordance with [Sections 30-3-10.7 through
7845	30-3-10.10] Section 81-9-203 shall be filed with an order incorporating the equal parent-time
7846	schedule.
7847	(b) An order under this section shall result in 182 overnights per year for one parent,
7848	and 183 overnights per year for the other parent.
7849	(c) Under the equal parent-time schedule, [neither parent is] a parent is not considered

7850	to have the minor child the majority of the time for the purposes of Subsection $[30-3-10.3(4) \text{ or }]$
7851	30-3-10.9(5)(c)(ii)] <u>81-9-203(11)(e)(ii) or 81-9-205(10)</u> .
7852	(d) Child support for the equal parent-time schedule shall be consistent with Section
7853	[78B-12-208] <u>81-6-206</u> .
7854	(e) [(i)] A court shall determine which parent receives 182 overnights and which parent
7855	receives 183 overnights for parent-time.
7856	[(ii) For the purpose of calculating child support under Section 78B-12-208, the
7857	amount of time to be spent with the parent who has the lower gross monthly income is
7858	considered 183 overnights, regardless of whether the parent receives 182 overnights or 183
7859	overnights under Subsection (2)(e)(i).]
7860	(3) (a) Unless the parents agree otherwise and subject to a holiday, the equal
7861	parent-time schedule is as follows:
7862	(i) one parent shall exercise parent-time starting Monday morning and ending
7863	Wednesday morning;
7864	(ii) the other parent shall exercise parent-time starting Wednesday morning and ending
7865	Friday morning; and
7866	(iii) each parent shall alternate weeks exercising parent-time starting Friday morning
7867	and ending Monday morning.
7868	(b) The child exchange shall take place:
7869	(i) at the time the <u>minor</u> child's school begins; or
7870	(ii) if school is not in session, at 9 a.m.
7871	(4) (a) The parents may create a holiday schedule.
7872	(b) If the parents are unable to create a holiday schedule under Subsection (4)(a), the
7873	court shall:
7874	(i) order the holiday schedule described in Section [30-3-35] <u>81-9-302 or 81-9-304</u> ;
7875	and
7876	(ii) designate which parent shall exercise parent-time for each holiday described in
7877	Section [30-3-35] <u>81-9-302 or 81-9-304</u> .
7878	(5) (a) Each year, a parent may designate two consecutive weeks to exercise
7879	uninterrupted parent-time during the summer when school is not in session.
7880	(b) (i) One parent may make a designation at any time and the other parent may make a

7881	designation after May 1.
7882	(ii) A parent shall make a designation at least 30 days before the day on which the
7883	designated two-week period begins.
7884	(c) The court shall designate which parent may make the earlier designation described
7885	in Subsection (5)(b)(i) for an even numbered year with the other parent allowed to make the
7886	earlier designation in an odd numbered year.
7887	(d) The two consecutive weeks described in Subsection (5)(a) take precedence over all
7888	holidays except for Mother's Day and Father's Day.
7889	Section 191. Section 81-9-401, which is renumbered from Section 30-5-1 is
7890	renumbered and amended to read:
7891	Part 4. Custody and Visitation by Individual Other than a Parent
7892	[30-5-1]. <u>81-9-401.</u> Definitions for part.
7893	As used in this [act] part:
7894	(1) "District court" means the district court with proper jurisdiction over the
7895	[grandchild] minor child.
7896	(2) "Grandchild" means the minor child with respect to whom a grandparent is seeking
7897	visitation rights under this [chapter] part.
7898	(3) "Grandparent" means an individual whose child, either by blood, marriage, or
7899	adoption, is the parent of the grandchild.
7900	(4) "Individual other than a parent" means an individual who is not a parent and is
7901	related to the minor child by marriage or blood, including:
7902	(a) siblings;
7903	(b) aunts;
7904	(c) uncles;
7905	(d) grandparents;
7906	(e) current or former step-parents; or
7907	(f) any of the individuals described in Subsections (4)(a) through (d) in a step
7908	relationship to the minor child.
7909	Section 192. Section 81-9-402 , which is renumbered from Section 30-5a-103 is
7910	renumbered and amended to read:
7911	[30-5a-103]. <u>81-9-402.</u> Custody and visitation for individuals other than a

7912	parent Venue.
7913	(1) (a) In accordance with Section 80-2a-201, it is the public policy of this state that a
7914	parent retain the fundamental right and duty to exercise primary control over the care,
7915	supervision, upbringing, and education of [the parent's children] a minor child of the parent.
7916	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent's decisions are in the minor child's
7917	best interests.
7918	(2) A court may find the presumption in Subsection (1) rebutted and grant custodial or
7919	visitation rights to an individual other than a parent who, by clear and convincing evidence,
7920	establishes that:
7921	(a) the individual has intentionally assumed the role and obligations of a parent;
7922	(b) the individual and the minor child have formed a substantial emotional bond and
7923	created a parent-child type relationship;
7924	(c) the individual substantially contributed emotionally or financially to the \underline{minor}
7925	child's well being;
7926	(d) the assumption of the parental role is not the result of a financially compensated
7927	surrogate care arrangement;
7928	(e) the continuation of the relationship between the individual and the \underline{minor} child is in
7929	the minor child's best interest;
7930	(f) the loss or cessation of the relationship between the individual and the minor child
7931	would substantially harm the minor child; and
7932	(g) the parent:
7933	(i) is absent; or
7934	(ii) is found by a court to have abused or neglected the minor child.
7935	(3) [A proceeding under this chapter may be commenced by filing a verified petition,
7936	or petition supported by an affidavit,] Notwithstanding Title 78B, Chapter 3a, Venue for Civil
7937	Actions, or Section 78A-6-350, an individual shall file a verified petition, or a petition
7938	supported by an affidavit, for custodial or visitation rights to the minor child in the juvenile
7939	court if a matter is pending in the juvenile court, or in the district court in the county where the
7940	minor child:
7941	(a) currently resides; or
7942	(b) lived with a parent or an individual other than a parent who acted as a parent within

7943	six months before the commencement of the action.
7944	(4) [A proceeding under this chapter may be filed] An individual may file a petition
7945	under this section in a pending divorce, parentage action, or other proceeding, including a
7946	proceeding in the juvenile court involving custody of or visitation with a minor child.
7947	(5) The petition shall include detailed facts supporting the petitioner's right to file the
7948	petition including the criteria set forth in Subsection (2) and residency information [as set
7949	forth] described in Section 78B-13-209.
7950	(6) [A proceeding under this chapter may not be filed] An individual may not file a
7951	petition under this section against a parent who is actively serving outside the state in any
7952	branch of the military.
7953	(7) Notice of a petition filed pursuant to this chapter shall be served in accordance with
7954	the [rules of civil procedure] Utah Rules of Civil Procedure on all of the following:
7955	(a) the minor child's biological, adopted, presumed, declarant, and adjudicated parents;
7956	(b) any individual who has court-ordered custody or visitation rights;
7957	(c) the <u>minor</u> child's guardian;
7958	(d) the guardian ad litem, if one has been appointed;
7959	(e) an individual or agency that has physical custody of the minor child or that claims
7960	to have custody or visitation rights; and
7961	(f) any other individual or agency that has previously appeared in any action regarding
7962	custody of or visitation with the minor child.
7963	(8) The court may order a custody evaluation to be conducted in any [action brought
7964	under this chapter] proceeding brought under this section.
7965	(9) The court may enter temporary orders in [an action brought under this chapter] \underline{a}
7966	proceeding brought under this section pending the entry of final orders.
7967	(10) Except as provided in Subsection (11), a court may not grant custody of a minor
7968	child under this section to an individual:
7969	(a) who is not the parent of the [child and] minor child; and
7970	(b) who, before a custody order is issued, is convicted, pleads guilty, or pleads no
7971	contest to a felony or attempted felony involving conduct that constitutes any of the following:
7972	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> child abuse, as described in Sections 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and
7973	76-5-114;

7974	[(b)] (ii) child abuse homicide, as described in Section 76-5-208;
7975	[(c)] (iii) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1;
7976	[(d)] (iv) human trafficking of a child, as described in Section 76-5-308.5;
7977	[(e)] (v) sexual abuse of a minor, as described in Section 76-5-401.1;
7978	[(f)] (vi) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1;
7979	[(g)] (vii) object rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.3;
7980	[(h)] (viii) sodomy on a child, as described in Section 76-5-403.1;
7981	[(i)] (ix) sexual abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.1, or aggravated
7982	sexual abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.3;
7983	$[\frac{(j)}{(x)}]$ sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201;
7984	$\left[\frac{k}{2}\right]$ (xi) aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section
7985	76-5b-201.1; or
7986	[(1)] (xii) an offense in another state that, if committed in this state, would constitute an
7987	offense described in this Subsection (10).
7988	(11) (a) As used in this Subsection (11), "disqualifying offense" means an offense
7989	listed in Subsection (10) that prevents a court from granting custody except as provided in this
7990	Subsection (11).
7991	(b) An individual described in Subsection (10) may only be considered for custody of a
7992	minor child if the following criteria are met by clear and convincing evidence:
7993	(i) the individual is a relative, as defined in Section 80-3-102, of the minor child;
7994	(ii) at least 10 years have elapsed from the day on which the individual is successfully
7995	released from prison, jail, parole, or probation related to a disqualifying offense;
7996	(iii) during the 10 years before the day on which the individual files a petition with the
7997	court seeking custody the individual has not been convicted, plead guilty, or plead no contest to
7998	an offense greater than an infraction or traffic violation that would likely impact the health,
7999	safety, or well-being of the minor child;
8000	(iv) the individual can provide evidence of successful treatment or rehabilitation
8001	directly related to the disqualifying offense;
8002	(v) the court determines that the risk related to the disqualifying offense is unlikely to
8003	cause harm, as defined in Section 80-1-102, or potential harm to the minor child currently or at
8004	any time in the future when considering all of the following:

8005	(A) the <u>minor</u> child's age;
8006	(B) the minor child's gender;
8007	(C) the <u>minor</u> child's development;
8008	(D) the nature and seriousness of the disqualifying offense;
8009	(E) the preferences of a minor child who is 12 years old or older;
8010	(F) any available assessments, including custody evaluations, parenting assessments,
8011	psychological or mental health assessments, and bonding assessments; and
8012	(G) any other relevant information;
8013	(vi) the individual can provide evidence of the following:
8014	(A) the relationship with the <u>minor</u> child is of long duration;
8015	(B) that an emotional bond exists with the minor child; and
8016	(C) that custody by the individual who has committed the disqualifying offense ensures
8017	the best interests of the minor child are met;
8018	(vii) (A) there is no other responsible relative known to the court who has or likely
8019	could develop an emotional bond with the minor child and does not have a disqualifying
8020	offense; or
8021	(B) if there is a responsible relative known to the court that does not have a
8022	disqualifying offense, Subsection (11)(d) applies; and
8023	(viii) that the continuation of the relationship between the individual with the
8024	disqualifying offense and the minor child could not be sufficiently maintained through any type
8025	of visitation if custody were given to the relative with no disqualifying offense described in
8026	Subsection (11)(d).
8027	(c) The individual with the disqualifying offense bears the burden of proof regarding
8028	why placement with that individual is in the best interest of the minor child over another
8029	responsible relative or equally situated individual who does not have a disqualifying offense.
8030	(d) If, as provided in Subsection (11)(b)(vii)(B), there is a responsible relative known
8031	to the court who does not have a disqualifying offense:
8032	(i) preference for custody is given to a relative who does not have a disqualifying
8033	offense; and
8034	(ii) before the court may place custody with the individual who has the disqualifying
8035	offense over another responsible, willing, and able relative:

8036	(A) an impartial custody evaluation shall be completed; and
8037	(B) a guardian ad litem shall be assigned.
8038	(12) Subsections (10) and (11) apply to a case pending on March 25, 2017, for which a
8039	final decision on custody has not been made and to a case filed on or after March 25, 2017.
8040	Section 193. Section 81-9-403, which is renumbered from Section 30-5-2 is
8041	renumbered and amended to read:
8042	[30-5-2]. <u>81-9-403.</u> Visitation rights of grandparents.
8043	(1) In accordance with the provisions and requirements of this section:
8044	(a) a grandparent has standing to bring an action requesting visitation in district court
8045	by petition; and
8046	(b) a grandparent may file a petition for visitation rights in the juvenile court or district
8047	court where a divorce proceeding or other proceeding involving custody and visitation issues is
8048	pending.
8049	(2) (a) In accordance with Section 80-2a-201, it is the public policy of this state that a
8050	parent retains the fundamental right and duty to exercise primary control over the care,
8051	supervision, upbringing, and education of [the parent's children] a minor child of the parent.
8052	(b) A court shall presume that a parent's decision in regard to grandparent visitation is
8053	in the best interest of the parent's minor child.
8054	(3) A court may find the presumption in Subsection (2)(b) rebutted if the grandparent,
8055	by clear and convincing evidence, establishes that:
8056	(a) the grandparent has filled the role of custodian or caregiver to the grandchild that:
8057	(i) is in a manner akin to a parent; and
8058	(ii) the loss of the relationship between the grandparent and the grandchild would cause
8059	substantial harm to the grandchild; or
8060	(b) both parents are unfit or incompetent in a manner that causes potential harm to the
8061	grandchild.
8062	(4) (a) If the court finds the presumption in Subsection (2)(b) is rebutted, the court may
8063	consider whether grandparent visitation is in the best interest of the grandchild.
8064	(b) If the court considers whether grandparent visitation is in the best interest of the
8065	child, the court shall take into account the totality of the circumstances, including:
8066	(i) the reasonableness of the parent's decision to deny grandparent visitation;

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8067 (ii) the age of the grandchild; (iii) the death or unavailability of a parent; and 8068 8069 (iv) if the grandchild is 14 years old or older, the grandchild's desires regarding 8070 visitation after the court inquires of the grandchild. 8071 (5) If the court finds the presumption in Subsection (2)(b) is rebutted and grandparent 8072 visitation is in the best interest of the grandchild, the court may issue an order for grandparent 8073 visitation. 8074 (6) [The] Notwithstanding Section 81-9-404, the adoption of a grandchild by the 8075 grandchild's stepparent does not diminish or alter visitation rights previously ordered under this 8076 section. 8077 (7) On the petition of a grandparent or the legal custodian of a grandchild the court 8078 may, after a hearing, modify an order regarding grandparent visitation if: 8079 (a) the circumstances of the grandchild, the grandparent, or the custodian have 8080 materially and substantially changed since the entry of the order to be modified, or the order 8081 has become unworkable or inappropriate under existing circumstances; and 8082 (b) the court determines that a modification is appropriate based upon the factors set forth in Subsections (3) and (4). 8083 8084 (8) A grandparent may petition the court to remedy a parent's wrongful noncompliance 8085 with a visitation order. 8086 Section 194. Section 81-9-404, which is renumbered from Section 30-5a-104 is renumbered and amended to read: 8087 8088 [30-5a-104]. 81-9-404. Exceptions to visitation by nonparent. 8089 This [chapter] part may not be used to seek, obtain, maintain or continue custody of, or 8090 visitation with, a minor child who has been relinquished for adoption, or adopted [pursuant to 8091 an order of a court of competent jurisdiction] in accordance with a court order. 8092 Section 195. Repealer. 8093 This bill repeals: 8094 Section 26B-9-227, Determination of parental liability. 8095 Section 30-1-5, Marriage solemnization -- Before unauthorized person -- Validity. 8096 Section 30-1-9.1, Parental consent to prohibited marriage of minor -- Penalty.

8097 Section **30-1-10**, Affidavit before the clerk -- Penalty.

8098	Section 30-1-11, Return of license after ceremony Failure Penalty.
8099	Section 30-1-13, Solemnization without license Penalty.
8100	Section 30-1-14, Acting without authority Penalty.
8101	Section 30-1-15, Solemnization of prohibited marriage Penalty.
8102	Section 30-1-16, Misconduct of county clerk Penalty.
8103	Section 30-1-17.2, Action to determine validity of marriage Orders relating to
8104	parties, property, and children Presumption of paternity in marriage.
8105	Section 30-1-17.3, Age as basis of action to determine validity of marriage
8106	Refusal to grant annulment.
8107	Section 30-3-2, Right of husband to divorce.
8108	Section 30-3-4, Pleadings Decree Use of affidavit Private records.
8109	Section 30-3-5, Disposition of property Maintenance and health care of parties
8110	and children Division of debts Court to have continuing jurisdiction Custody and
8111	parent-time Alimony Nonmeritorious petition for modification.
8112	Section 30-3-5.1 , Provision for income withholding in child support order .
8113	Section 30-3-5.4, Designation of primary and secondary health, dental, or hospital
8114	insurance coverage.
8115	Section 30-3-7 , When decree becomes absolute.
8116	Section 30-3-8, Remarriage When unlawful.
8117	Section 30-3-10.3, Terms of joint legal or physical custody order.
8118	Section 30-3-10.5, Payments of support, maintenance, and alimony.
8119	Section 30-3-10.7 , Parenting plan Definitions .
8120	Section 30-3-10.8, Parenting plan Filing Modifications.
8121	Section 30-3-10.10, Parenting plan Domestic violence.
8122	Section 30-3-10.17 , Social security number in court records .
8123	Section 30-3-11.1, Family Court Act Purpose.
8124	Section 30-3-11.2, Appointment of counsel for child.
8125	Section 30-3-18, Waiting period for hearing after filing for divorce Exemption
8126	Use of counseling and education services not to be construed as condonation or
8127	promotion.
8128	Section 30-3-32, Parent-time Definitions Considerations for parent-time

8128 Section 30-3-32, Parent-time -- Definitions -- Considerations for parent-time --

8129	Relocation.
8130	Section 30-3-36, Special circumstances.
8131	Section 30-5a-101, Title.
8132	Section 30-5a-102, Definitions.
8133	Section 30-8-1, Title.
8134	Section 63I-1-230, Repeal dates: Title 30.
8135	Section 75-2b-101, Title.
8136	Section 78B-12-101, Title.
8137	Section 78B-12-104, Continuing jurisdiction.
8138	Section 78B-12-106, Ward of state Natural or adoptive parent has primary
8139	obligation to support Right of third party to recover support.
8140	Section 78B-12-107, Duty of obligor regardless of presence or residence of obligee.
8141	Section 78B-12-108, Support follows the child.
8142	Section 78B-12-110, Appeals.
8143	Section 78B-12-111, Court order Medical expenses of dependent children
8144	Assigning responsibility for payment Insurance coverage Income withholding.
8145	Section 78B-12-116, Social Security number in court records.
8146	Section 78B-12-117, Rights are in addition to those presently existing.
8147	Section 78B-12-202, Determination of amount of support Rebuttable guidelines.
8148	Section 78B-12-204, Adjusted gross income.
8149	Section 78B-12-205, Calculation of obligations.
8150	Section 78B-12-206, Income in excess of tables.
8151	Section 78B-12-207, Obligation Adjusted gross income used.
8152	Section 78B-12-208, Joint physical custody Obligation calculations.
8153	Section 78B-12-209, Split custody Obligation calculations.
8154	Section 78B-12-211, Limitation on amount of support ordered.
8155	Section 78B-12-212.1, Pregnancy expenses.
8156	Section 78B-12-213, Determination of parental liability.
8157	Section 78B-12-215, Child care costs.
8158	Section 78B-12-219, Adjustment when child becomes emancipated.
8159	Section 196. Effective date.

- 8160 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on September 1, 2024.
- 8161 (2) The actions affecting Section 78A-5a-103 (Effective 10/01/24) take effect on
- 8162 <u>October 1, 2024.</u>