1	PROCESS AND FACILITIES AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
5	House Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies and repeals provisions related to government operations.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 modifies or repeals provisions related to legislative process that are intended for
13	incorporation into legislative rules;
14	 addresses the State Capitol Preservation Board's authority over areas on capitol hill;
15	and
16	 updates inconsistent terminology.
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	None
21	Utah Code Sections Affected:
22	AMENDS:
23	36-2-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 133
24	36-5-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 314
25	36-12-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 104
26	36-12-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 403
27	36-12-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 222



36-12-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 174 67-1-16, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 10 REPEALS: 36-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 71 36-12-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 226 36-12-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 39 36-12-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 6 36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177 37-36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	28	36-12-9.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 167
31 REPEALS: 32 36-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 71 33 36-12-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 226 34 36-12-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 39 35 36-12-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 6 36 36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177 37 36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	29	36-12-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 174
36-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 71 36-12-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 226 36-12-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 39 36-12-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 6 36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177 36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	30	67-1-16, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 10
36-12-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 226 36-12-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 39 36-12-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 6 36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177 36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	31	REPEALS:
36-12-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 39 36-12-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 6 36 36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177 37 36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	32	36-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 71
36 36-12-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 6 36 36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177 37 36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	33	36-12-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 226
36 36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177 36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	34	36-12-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 39
36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365	35	36-12-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 6
7	36	36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 177
38	37	36-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365
	38	

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **36-2-2** is amended to read:

36-2-2. Salaries and expenses of members -- Compensation of in-session employees.

- (1) (a) Unless rejected or lowered as provided in Section 36-2-3, beginning in 2001 and in each odd-numbered year after that year, members of the Legislature shall receive a salary equal to the amount recommended by the Legislative Compensation Commission in the last report issued by the commission in the previous even-numbered year.
- (b) Unless rejected or lowered as provided in Section 36-2-3, beginning in 2001 and in each odd-numbered year after that year, members of the Legislature shall receive a salary for attendance at a veto-override, special session, and other authorized legislative meetings equal to the amount recommended by the Legislative Compensation Commission in the last report issued by the commission in the previous even-numbered year.
- (2) (a) Unless rejected or lowered as provided in Section 36-2-3, beginning in 2001 and in each odd-numbered year after that year, the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives shall receive a salary equal to the amount recommended by the Legislative Compensation Commission in the last report issued by the commission in the previous even-numbered year.
- (b) Beginning in 2001 and in each odd-numbered year after that year, the majority and minority leadership of each [house] chamber shall receive a salary equal to the amount

59 recommended by the Legislative Compensation Commission in the last report issued by the 60 commission in the previous even-numbered year. 61 (3) The Legislature shall: 62 (a) establish, by joint rule of the Legislature, the expenses of its members; and (b) ensure that the rules governing expenses are based upon: 63 64 (i) payment of necessary expenses for attendance during legislative sessions; 65 (ii) a mileage allowance; and 66 (iii) reimbursement for other expenses involved in the performance of legislative 67 duties. 68 (4) (a) The Legislature shall establish the compensation of in-session employees by 69 joint resolution at each session of the Legislature. 70 (b) For necessary work done by in-session employees of the Legislature after the 71 adjournment of a session, the presiding officer of the house employing that work shall approve 72 payment for the work. 73 Section 2. Section **36-5-1** is amended to read: 74 36-5-1. Reservation of area for Legislature -- Duties of Legislative Management 75 Committee. 76 (1) As used in this section: 77 (a) "Architectural integrity" means the architectural elements, materials, color, and 78 quality of the original building construction. 79 (b) "Capitol hill" means the grounds, monuments, parking areas, buildings, and other 80 man-made and natural objects within the area bounded by 300 North Street, Columbus Street, 81 500 North Street, and East Capitol Boulevard, and includes: 82 (i) the White Community Memorial Chapel and its grounds and parking areas, and the 83 Council Hall Travel Information Center building and its grounds and parking areas; 84 (ii) the Daughters of the Utah Pioneers building and its grounds and parking areas and 85 other state-owned property included within the area bounded by Columbus Street, North Main 86 Street, and Apricot Avenue; 87 (iii) the state-owned property included within the area bounded by Columbus Street, 88 Wall Street, and 400 North Street; and

(iv) the state-owned property included within the area bounded by Columbus Street,

90 West Capitol Street, and 500 North Street.

(c) "House Building" means the west building on capitol hill that is located northwest of the State Capitol and southwest of the State Office Building.

- (d) "Legislative area" means the buildings, chambers, rooms, hallways, lounges, parking lots, and parking garages designated by this section as being subject to legislative control.
- (e) "Senate Building" means the east building on capitol hill that is located northeast of the State Capitol and southeast of the State Office Building.
 - (f) "State Capitol" means the building dedicated as the Utah State Capitol in 1916.
 - (g) "State Capitol Preservation Board" or "board" is as created in Section 63C-9-201.
 - (2) The legislative area on capitol hill includes:
 - (a) in the State Capitol:
- (i) on the fourth floor: the entire floor and the stairs and elevators on the east and west side, except the four art galleries and the four closets on the interior of the State Capitol which are immediately around the art galleries are under the supervision of the board;
- (ii) on the third floor: the entire floor, including the stairs and elevators on the east and west side of the third floor, except:
- (A) the Supreme Court chambers which is to be controlled and scheduled by the Legislature during any general or special session of the Legislature and on interim days and controlled and scheduled by the Secretary of the Senate on all other days;
- (B) one office on the southeast side by the Senate Rules Room which is to be controlled by the Senate during any general or special session of the Legislature and on interim days, and shared with the Supreme Court as scheduled through the Secretary of the Senate on all other days; and
- (C) the Senate Rules Room, which Senate Rules Room is to be controlled by the Senate during any general or special session of the Legislature and on interim days, and shared with the Supreme Court as scheduled through the Secretary of the Senate on all other days;
- (iii) on the second floor: a committee room on the northeast side which is to be controlled and scheduled by the Legislature during any general or special session of the Legislature and on interim days and controlled and scheduled by the State Capitol Preservation Board on all other days;

121	(iv) on the first floor: no legislative space; and
122	(v) on the basement level:
123	(A) the Office of Legislative Printing; and
124	(B) the audio/video control rooms are to be controlled by the Legislature and the
125	governor and scheduled by the Legislature, and the maintenance of the control rooms shall be
126	by the State Capitol Preservation Board at the direction of the Legislature and the governor;
127	(b) the entire House Building;
128	(c) in the Senate Building:
129	(i) on the third floor: no legislative space;
130	(ii) on the second floor: the entire floor, including the secured elevator, is legislative
131	space;
132	(iii) on the first floor: the secured corridor to the secured elevator is legislative and
133	executive space controlled by the State Capitol Preservation Board; and
134	(iv) on the basement level: the secured elevator is legislative space; and
135	(d) (i) the parking stalls in the underground parking facility located directly east of the
136	House Building and below the central plaza;
137	(ii) 52 of the parking stalls in the above ground parking lot known as Lot G located
138	north of the House Building and west of the State Office Building;
139	(iii) 26 of the parking stalls in the underground parking located directly under the
140	Senate Building; and
141	(iv) 58 of the parking stalls in the underground parking facility directly east of the
142	Senate Building.
143	(3) (a) The legislative area is reserved for the use and occupancy of the Legislature and
144	its committees and for legislative functions.
145	(b) The Legislative Management Committee shall delegate oversight of designated
146	portions of the legislative parking areas to the State Capitol Preservation Board for use by the
147	executive branch on nonlegislative days.
148	(4) The data centers in the House Building, Senate Building, and State Capitol which
149	are associated with the House, Senate, or legislative staff space are the responsibility of the
150	Legislature, and the maintenance of these data centers shall be by the State Capitol
151	Preservation Board at the direction of the Legislature.

152	(5) The Legislative Management Committee shall exercise complete jurisdiction over
153	the legislative area, except for the following, which are the responsibility of the State Capitol
154	Preservation Board:
155	(a) the architectural integrity of the legislative area, including:
156	(i) restored historic architectural or design features;
157	(ii) historic color schemes, decorative finishes, and stenciling;
158	(iii) decorative light fixtures; and
159	(iv) flooring;
160	(b) the exterior appearance of buildings on capitol hill, including interior alterations or
161	furnishings that impact the exterior appearance;
162	[(b)] (c) control of the central mechanical and electrical core of the House Building,
163	Senate Building, and State Capitol on all floors;
164	[(c)] (d) control of the enclosure of the House Building, Senate Building, and State
165	Capitol from the exterior of the building to the interior of the exterior wall;
166	[(d)] (e) the roof of the House Building, Senate Building, and State Capitol;
167	[(e)] (f) the utility and security tunnels between the underground parking structure and
168	the House Building, Senate Building, and State Capitol;
169	[(f)] (g) rest rooms of the House Building, Senate Building, and State Capitol;
170	[(g)] (h) maintenance of all the elevators and stairways in the House Building, Senate
171	Building, and State Capitol; and
172	[(h)] (i) those functions the Legislative Management Committee delegates in writing to
173	be performed by the State Capitol Preservation Board.
174	(6) (a) The communications centers in the Senate Building and State Capitol which are
175	associated with the House, Senate, or legislative staff space or are associated with the governor,
176	lieutenant governor, or their staff space are the shared responsibility of the State Capitol
177	Preservation Board, the Legislature, and the governor.
178	(b) The communications centers in the House Building which are associated with the
179	House, Senate, or legislative staff space are the shared responsibility of the State Capitol
180	Preservation Board and the Legislature.
181	Section 3. Section 36-12-1 is amended to read:
182	36-12-1 Definitions

183	As used in this chapter:
184	[(1) (a) "Interim committees" means legislative committees that are formed from the
185	membership of each house to function between sessions of the Legislature in order to study
186	subjects of legislative concern.]
187	[(b) "Interim committees" includes a commission, committee, council, task force,
188	board, or panel, in which legislative participation is required by law, which committee
189	functions between sessions of the Legislature.]
190	(1) "Interim committee" means the same as that term is defined in legislative rule.
191	(2) "Legislative director" means the director of the Office of Legislative Research and
192	General Counsel, the legislative fiscal analyst, or the legislative auditor general.
193	(3) "Major political party" means either of the two political parties having the greatest
194	number of members elected to the two [houses] chambers of the Legislature.
195	(4) "Professional legislative staff" means the legislative directors and the members of
196	their staffs.
197	[(5) "Standing committees" means legislative committees organized under the rules of
198	each house of the Legislature for the duration of the legislative biennial term to consider
199	proposed legislation. As used in this chapter, "standing committees" excludes appropriations
200	committees, appropriations subcommittees, and rules committees.]
201	(5) "Standing committee" means a Senate or House committee established under
202	Senate or House rule for the purpose of considering proposed legislation.
203	Section 4. Section 36-12-6 is amended to read:
204	36-12-6. Permanent committees House and Senate management Members
205	Chair Legislative Management Committee Membership Chair and vice-chair
206	Meetings Quorum.
207	(1) There are hereby established as permanent committees of the Legislature a House
208	Management Committee and a Senate Management Committee. The House Management
209	Committee shall consist of eight members of the House of Representatives, four from each
210	major political party. The membership shall include the elected leadership of the House of
211	Representatives and additional members chosen at the beginning of each annual general
212	session by the minority party caucus as needed to complete the full membership. The chair of
213	the committee shall be the speaker of the House of Representatives or the speaker's designee.

The Senate Management Committee shall consist of eight members of the Senate, four from each major political party. The membership shall include the elected leadership of the Senate and additional members chosen at the beginning of each annual general session by the appropriate party caucus as needed to complete the full membership. The chair of the committee shall be the president of the Senate or the president's designee.

- (2) (a) There is established a permanent committee of the Legislature known as the Legislative Management Committee.
 - (b) The committee shall consist of:

- (i) the members of the House Management Committee; and
- (ii) the members of the Senate Management Committee.
- (c) (i) The president of the Senate or the president's designee shall be chair during 1987, and the speaker of the House of Representatives or the speaker's designee shall be vice-chair of the committee during that year.
- (ii) The positions of chair and vice-chair of the Legislative Management Committee shall rotate annually between these two officers in succeeding years.
- (d) The committee shall meet as often as is necessary to perform its duties, but not less than once each quarter.
- (e) If any vote of the committee results in a tie, the president of the Senate and speaker of the House of Representatives may together cast an additional vote to break the tie.
- (3) If a legislator declines membership on the committees established by this section, or if a vacancy occurs, a replacement shall be chosen by the leadership of the appropriate party of the [house] chamber in which the vacancy occurs.
- (4) The committees established by this section shall meet not later than 60 days after the adjournment sine die of the annual general session held in even-numbered years and not later than 30 days after the adjournment sine die of the annual general session held in odd-numbered years for the purpose of effecting their organization and prescribing rules and policies pertaining to their respective powers and duties. A majority of the members of each committee constitutes a quorum, and a majority of a quorum has authority to act in any matter falling within the jurisdiction of the committee.
- Section 5. Section **36-12-7** is amended to read:
- 244 36-12-7. Legislative Management Committee -- Duties -- Litigation.

(1) The Senate or House Management Committee shall:

- (a) receive legislative resolutions directing studies on legislative matters and may assign these studies to the appropriate interim committee of its [house] chamber;
- (b) assign to interim committees of the same [house] chamber, matters of legislative study not specifically contained in a legislative resolution but considered significant to the welfare of the state;
- (c) receive requests from interim committees of its [house] chamber for matters to be included on the study agenda of the requesting committee. Appropriate bases for denying a study include inadequate funding to properly complete the study or duplication of the work;
- (d) establish a budget account for interim committee day as designated by Legislative Management Committee and for all other legislative committees of its [house] chamber and allocate to that account sufficient funds to adequately provide for the work of the committee; and
 - (e) designate the time and place for periodic meetings of the interim committees.
- (2) To maximize the use of legislators' available time, the Senate and House Management Committees should attempt to schedule the committee meetings of their respective [houses] chambers during the same one or two-day period each month. This does not preclude an interim committee from meeting at any time it determines necessary to complete its business.
 - (3) The Legislative Management Committee shall:
- (a) employ, after recommendation of the appropriate subcommittee of the Legislative Management Committee, without regard to political affiliation, and subject to approval of a majority vote of both [houses] chambers, persons qualified for the positions of director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, legislative fiscal analyst, legislative general counsel, and legislative auditor general. Appointments to these positions shall be for terms of six years subject to renewal under the same procedure as the original appointment. A person may be removed from any of these offices before the expiration of the person's term only by a majority vote of both [houses] chambers of the Legislature or by a two-thirds vote of the management committee for such causes as inefficiency, incompetency, failure to maintain skills or adequate performance levels, insubordination, misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance in office. If a vacancy occurs in any of these offices after adjournment of the

Legislature, the committee shall appoint an individual to fill the vacancy until such time as the person is approved or rejected by majority vote of the next session of the Legislature;

- (b) develop policies for personnel management, compensation, and training of all professional legislative staff;
- (c) develop a policy within the limits of legislative appropriation for the authorization and payment to legislators of compensation and travel expenses, including out-of-state travel;
 - (d) approve special study budget requests of the legislative directors; and
- (e) assist the speaker-elect of the House of Representatives and the president-elect of the Senate, upon selection by their majority party caucus, to organize their respective [houses] chambers of the Legislature and assume the direction of the operation of the Legislature in the forthcoming annual general session.
- (4) (a) The Legislature delegates to the Legislative Management Committee the authority, by means of a majority vote of the committee, to direct the legislative general counsel in matters involving the Legislature's participation in litigation.
- (b) The Legislature has an unconditional right to intervene in a state court action and may provide evidence or argument, written or oral, if a party to that court action challenges:
 - (i) the constitutionality of a state statute;
 - (ii) the validity of legislation; or

- (iii) any action of the Legislature.
- (c) In a federal court action that challenges the constitutionality of a state statute, the validity of legislation, or any action of the Legislature, the Legislature may seek to intervene, to file an amicus brief, or to present argument in accordance with federal rules of procedure.
- (d) Intervention by the Legislature pursuant to Subsection (4)(b) or (c) does not limit the duty of the attorney general to appear and prosecute legal actions or defend state agencies, officers or employees as otherwise provided by law.
- (e) In any action in which the Legislature intervenes or participates, legislative counsel and the attorney general shall function independently from each other in the representation of their respective clients.
- (f) The attorney general shall notify the legislative general counsel of a claim in accordance with Subsection 67-5-1(1)(y).
 - Section 6. Section **36-12-9.5** is amended to read:

307	36-12-9.5. Obstructing a legislative proceeding.
308	(1) As used in this section, "legislative proceeding" means an investigation or audit
309	conducted by:
310	(a) the Legislature, or a [house] chamber, committee, subcommittee, or task force of
311	the Legislature; or
312	(b) an employee or independent contractor of an entity described in Subsection (1)(a),
313	at or under the direction of an entity described in Subsection (1)(a).
314	(2) Except as described in Subsection (3), a person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor
315	if the person, with intent to hinder, delay, or prevent a legislative proceeding:
316	(a) provides a person with a weapon;
317	(b) prevents a person, by force, intimidation, or deception, from performing any act
318	that might aid the legislative proceeding;
319	(c) alters, destroys, conceals, or removes any item or other thing;
320	(d) makes, presents, or uses an item, document, or thing known by the person to be
321	false;
322	(e) makes a false material statement, not under oath, to:
323	(i) the Legislature, or a [house] chamber, committee, subcommittee, or task force of the
324	Legislature; or
325	(ii) an employee or independent contractor of an entity described in Subsection
326	(2)(e)(i);
327	(f) harbors or conceals a person;
328	(g) provides a person with transportation, disguise, or other means of avoiding
329	discovery or service of process;
330	(h) warns any person of impending discovery or service of process;
331	(i) conceals an item, information, document, or thing that is not privileged after a
332	legislative subpoena is issued for the item, information, document, or thing; or
333	(j) provides false information regarding a witness or a material aspect of the legislative
334	proceeding.
335	(3) Subsection (2) does not include:
336	(a) false or inconsistent material statements, as described in Section 76-8-502;
337	(b) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, as described in Section

338	76-8-508;
339	(c) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, as described in Section
340	76-8-508.3; or
341	(d) extortion or bribery to dismiss a criminal proceeding, as described in Section
342	76-8-509.
343	Section 7. Section 36-12-19 is amended to read:
344	36-12-19. Investigatory powers of the Legislature.
345	In the discharge of its legislative investigatory powers, the Legislature, or either [house]
346	chamber or any committee thereof, may:
347	(1) administer oaths; and
348	(2) issue subpoenas, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of any
349	papers, books, accounts, documents, other tangible things, and testimony, by following the
350	procedures contained in Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers.
351	Section 8. Section 67-1-16 is amended to read:
352	67-1-16. Reservation of area for governor.
353	(1) As used in this section:
354	(a) "Architectural integrity" means the architectural elements, materials, color, and
355	quality of the original building construction.
356	(b) "Capitol hill" means the grounds, monuments, parking areas, buildings, and other
357	man-made and natural objects within the area bounded by 300 North Street, Columbus Street,
358	500 North Street, and East Capitol Boulevard, and includes:
359	(i) the White Community Memorial Chapel and its grounds and parking areas, and the
360	Council Hall Travel Information Center building and its grounds and parking areas;
361	(ii) the Daughters of the Utah Pioneers building and its grounds and parking areas and
362	other state-owned property included within the area bounded by Columbus Street, North Main
363	Street, and Apricot Avenue;
364	(iii) the state-owned property included within the area bounded by Columbus Street,
365	Wall Street, and 400 North Street; and
366	(iv) the state-owned property included within the area bounded by Columbus Street,
367	West Capitol Street, and 500 North Street.
368	(c) "Governor area" means the chambers, rooms, hallways, lounges, parking lots, and

parking garages designated by this section as being subject to governor control.

- (d) "House Building" means the west building on capitol hill that is located northwest of the State Capitol and southwest of the State Office Building.
- (e) "Legislative area" means the buildings, chambers, rooms, hallways, lounges, parking lots, and parking garages designated by this section as being subject to legislative control.
- (f) "Senate Building" means the east building on capitol hill that is located northeast of the State Capitol and southeast of the State Office Building.
 - (g) "State Capitol" means the building dedicated as the Utah State Capitol in 1916.
 - (h) "State Capitol Preservation Board" or "board" is as created in Section 63C-9-201.
 - (2) The governor area on capitol hill includes:
- 380 (a) in the State Capitol:

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- 381 (i) on the second floor: the entire floor including the stairways and elevators on the east 382 and west side of the second floor, except:
 - (A) the area reserved for the attorney general and the state auditor;
- 384 (B) the committee room on the northeast side which is to be controlled and scheduled as provided in Subsection 36-5-1(2)(a)(iii);
 - (C) the conference room on the south side, east of the southeast stairway, which is to be scheduled through the State Capitol Preservation Board;
 - (D) the Gold Room, which is to be controlled by the governor and the Legislature and scheduled by the governor, with the governor being given scheduling priority; and the maintenance of the Gold Room shall be by the State Capitol Preservation Board at the direction of the governor;
 - (E) the public restrooms;
 - (F) the grand staircases;
 - (G) the public stairways;
- 395 (H) the public elevators;
- 396 (I) the Capitol Rotunda;
- (J) the kitchen to the east of the dignitary protection elevator and pantry area which kitchen is to be scheduled and maintained by the State Capitol Preservation Board, with the governor's and Legislature's use associated with the Gold Room to be given scheduling

400	priority; and
401	(K) the open areas:
402	(I) east of the Rotunda to the doors of the Capitol Board Room;
403	(II) south of the Rotunda to the south entrance to the State Capitol; and
404	(III) north of the Rotunda to the north wall;
405	(ii) on the first floor: all office areas, conference rooms, stairways, and elevators,
406	excluding the public corridors, public stairways, and public elevators:
407	(A) west of the south entrance to the State Capitol on the first floor, including the
408	dignitary holding area and elevator, which area and elevator the Legislature may schedule
409	through the Utah Highway Patrol Dignitary Protection Bureau; but excluding the storage area
410	that is directly to the north of the dignitary holding area;
411	(B) west of the public elevator on the north side of the first floor; and
412	(C) the northwest pier storage area; and
413	(iii) in the basement:
414	(A) the audio/video control rooms on the southwest side of the State Capitol are shared
415	space with the Legislature as provided in Section 36-5-1;
416	(B) all areas west of the westernmost hall and bordered by a hall on the north and a hall
417	on the south of the areas, including the stairs and elevator, secured parking and all entrances
418	and exits to the secured parking, and the Utah Highway Patrol Dignitary Protection Bureau
419	office space, and excluding the areas north and south of the area designated in this Subsection
420	(2) as the governor area;
421	(b) in the Senate Building:
422	(i) all office areas and conference rooms on the third floor that are south of the south
423	stairway; and
424	(ii) the Utah Highway Patrol Dignitary Protection Bureau office space in the basement;
425	(c) (i) 46 of the parking stalls in the underground parking facility known as Lot C
426	located directly east of the State Capitol; and
427	(ii) 52 of the parking stalls in the underground parking facility known as Lot E located
428	directly east of the Senate Building; and
429	(d) any other area designated by the State Capitol Preservation Board as the governor
430	area.

431	(3) The governor area is reserved for the use and occupancy of the governor and
432	lieutenant governor and their staff, committees, and functions.
433	(4) The data centers in the Senate Building and State Capitol which are associated with
434	the governor, lieutenant governor, or their staff space are the responsibility of the governor, and
435	the maintenance of these data centers shall be by the State Capitol Preservation Board at the
436	direction of the governor.
437	(5) The governor shall exercise complete jurisdiction over the governor area, except for
438	the following, which are the responsibility of the State Capitol Preservation Board:
439	(a) the architectural integrity of the governor area, including:
440	(i) restored historic architectural or design features;
441	(ii) historic color schemes, decorative finishes, and stenciling;
442	(iii) decorative light fixtures; and
443	(iv) flooring;
444	(b) the exterior appearance of buildings on capitol hill, including interior alterations or
445	furnishings that impact the exterior appearance;
446	[(b)] (c) control of the central mechanical and electrical core of the Senate Building
447	and State Capitol on all floors;
448	[(c)] (d) control of the enclosure of the Senate Building and State Capitol from the
449	exterior of the building to the interior of the exterior wall;
450	[(d)] (e) the roof of the Senate Building and State Capitol;
451	[(e)] (f) the utility and security tunnels between the underground parking structure and
452	the Senate Building and State Capitol;
453	[(f)] (g) public restrooms of the Senate Building and State Capitol;
454	[(g)] (h) maintenance of all the elevators and stairways in the Senate Building and State
455	Capitol; and
456	[(h)] (i) those functions the governor delegates in writing to be performed by the State
457	Capitol Preservation Board.
458	(6) The responsibility for the communications centers in the Senate Building and State
459	Capitol is as provided in Subsection 36-5-1(6).
460	(7) The State Capitol Preservation Board shall schedule and manage the Capitol Board

461

Room on the second floor of the State Capitol.

(a) The governor's and lieutenant governor's use of the Capitol Board Room for functions shall be given scheduling priority over other meetings, except as provided in Subsection (7)(b). If the governor or lieutenant governor has need for the Capitol Board Room that has already been scheduled by another person, the governor or lieutenant governor shall be given the Capitol Board Room and as much notice as possible shall be given to the other person scheduling the room so that person may seek an alternative site.

- (b) During a general session or special session of the Legislature or on interim committee days designated by the Legislative Management Committee, a legislator's use of the Capitol Board Room for functions shall be given scheduling priority over any meeting, including the governor's or lieutenant governor's use under Subsection (7)(a). If a legislator has need for the Capitol Board Room and it has already been scheduled by another person, the legislator shall be given the Capitol Board Room and as much notice as possible shall be given to the other person scheduling the room so that person may seek an alternative site.
- (c) When the Legislature is not in session and on non interim committee days, a legislator's use of the Capitol Board Room for functions shall be given scheduling priority over any meeting, other than the governor's or lieutenant governor's use under Subsection (7)(a). If a legislator has need for the Capitol Board Room and it is not being used as provided in Subsection (7)(a), the legislator shall be given the Capitol Board Room and as much notice as possible shall be given to the other person scheduling the room so that person may seek an alternative site.
- (d) When not being used for a governor, lieutenant governor, or legislative function, the Capitol Board Room may be scheduled by the State Capitol Preservation Board on a first-come, first-served basis:
 - (i) by other executive or judicial branch entities; and
- (ii) by a public or private person or organization who complies with State Capitol Preservation Board rules for Capitol Hill Complex Facility use.
- 488 Section 9. **Repealer.**
- This bill repeals:

- 490 Section 36-2-1, Legislative in-session employees.
- 491 Section 36-12-2, Standing committees.
- 492 Section 36-12-3, Interim committees -- Membership -- Purpose -- Meetings and

493	rules.
494	Section 36-12-4, Interim committees of two houses Meeting jointly Joint rules
495	Majority vote.
496	Section 36-12-5, Duties of interim committees.
497	Section 36-21-1, Definition Deadline for state governmental entities filing
498	legislation Waiver.
499	Section 10. Effective date.
500	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.