Senator Daniel McCay proposes the following substitute bill:

1	UTILITY EASEMENTS AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	House Sponsor: Brady Brammer
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to the marking of utilities.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 requires utility operators to create a statewide association to manage requests to
14	utility operators to mark utility facilities before excavation;
15	 requires excavators to provide notice to the association before beginning
16	excavation; and
17	 describes the process for an excavator to notify others of contact or damage to a
18	utility facility.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 347



	54-8a-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 426
7	54-8a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 426
3	54-8a-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 426
)	54-8a-5.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 426
)	54-8a-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 426
1	54-8a-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 344
2	54-8a-7.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 426
3	54-8a-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 426
4	54-8a-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 272
5	54-8a-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340
5	54-8a-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
7	REPEALS:
3	54-8a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 344
)	
)	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
1	Section 1. Section 54-3-29 is amended to read:
	Section 1. Section 34-3-27 is amended to read.
2	54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway
2	54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway
2	54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway construction or reconstruction Notice Cooperation.
2 3 4	54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway construction or reconstruction Notice Cooperation.(1) As used in this section:
2 3 4 5	 54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway construction or reconstruction Notice Cooperation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Design-build" means a design-build transportation project for which a design-build
2 3 4 5	 54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway construction or reconstruction Notice Cooperation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Design-build" means a design-build transportation project for which a design-build transportation project contract is issued, within the meaning of Section 63G-6a-1402.
2 3 4 5 6 7	 54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway construction or reconstruction Notice Cooperation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Design-build" means a design-build transportation project for which a design-build transportation project contract is issued, within the meaning of Section 63G-6a-1402. (b) "Municipality" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
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2 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2	 54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway construction or reconstruction Notice Cooperation. As used in this section: "Design-build" means a design-build transportation project for which a design-build transportation project contract is issued, within the meaning of Section 63G-6a-1402. "Municipality" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104. "Political subdivision" means a: county; [or] municipality; or special service district. "Public agency" means an entity of state government or a political subdivision. "Public highway" means a highway, street, road, or alley constructed for public use

57	(g) "Utility facility" means:
58	(i) a telecommunications, gas, electricity, cable television, water, sewer, or data
59	facility;
60	(ii) a video transmission line;
61	(iii) a drainage and irrigation system; or
62	(iv) a facility similar to those listed in Subsections (1)(g)(i) through (iii) located in, on,
63	along, across, over, through, or under any public highway.
64	(2) If a public agency engages in or proposes to engage in a construction or
65	reconstruction project on a public highway that may require the removal, relocation, or
66	alteration of a utility facility, the public agency shall:
67	(a) contact [an association, established under Title 54, Chapter 8a, Damage to
68	Underground Utility Facilities,] the association described in Section 54-8a-9, to identify each
69	utility company that may have a utility facility in the area of the construction or reconstruction
70	project;
71	(b) identify a utility company that has an above-ground utility facility in the area of the
72	proposed construction or reconstruction project; and
73	(c) electronically notify each utility company identified in accordance with Subsections
74	(2)(a) and (b).
75	(3) The notice required by Subsection (2)(c) shall:
76	(a) be made as early as practicable and at least 30 days:
77	(i) before the <u>date of the</u> preliminary design or project development meeting;
78	(ii) before the date of an issuance of a request for proposal for a design-build project;
79	or
80	(iii) after a change in scope of a design-build project;
81	(b) include:
82	(i) information concerning the proposed project design;
83	(ii) the proposed date of a required removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility;
84	(iii) the federal identifying project number, if applicable; and
85	(c) advise the utility company if the proposed project may qualify for aid for the utility
86	company's expense in removing, relocating, or altering a utility facility.
87	(4) A public agency shall permit a utility company notified under Subsection (2) to

- participate in the preliminary design or project development meeting[7] or similar meeting at which the project design is addressed.
- (5) (a) A public agency shall, not less than 30 days after providing notice under Subsection (2) to each utility company, provide the utility company an opportunity to meet with the public agency to allow the utility company to:
 - (i) review project plans;
 - (ii) understand the objectives and funding sources for the proposed project;
- (iii) provide and discuss recommendations to the public agency that may reasonably eliminate or minimize utility removal, relocation, or alteration costs, limit the disruption of utility company services, or eliminate or reduce the need for present or future utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration; and
- (iv) provide reasonable schedules to enable coordination of the construction project and removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility.
- (b) If a public agency provides a utility company with reasonable opportunities to meet in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), the utility company's failure to meet does not affect the public agency's ability to proceed with the project.
- (6) While recognizing the essential goals and objectives of the public highway agency in proceeding with and completing a project, the parties shall use their best efforts to find ways to:
 - (a) eliminate the cost to the utility of relocation of the utility facilities; or
- (b) if elimination of the costs is not feasible, minimize the relocation costs to the extent reasonably possible.
- (7) A utility company notified under Subsection (2) shall coordinate with the public agency concerning the utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration, including the scheduling of the utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration.
- (8) A public agency and a utility company may address the removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility in relation to a construction or reconstruction project on a public highway in a franchise agreement in lieu of this section, if the public agency is otherwise permitted to enter into the franchise agreement.
- (9) This chapter does not affect a public agency's authority over a public right-of-way, including any rule, ordinance, order to relocate a utility as provided in Section 72-6-116, or

119	other valid provision governing the use of the public right-of-way.
120	Section 2. Section 54-8a-2 is amended to read:
121	54-8a-2. Definitions.
122	As used in this chapter:
123	(1) "Association" means two or more operators organized to receive notification of
124	excavation activities [in a specified area] in the state, as provided by Section 54-8a-9.
125	(2) "Backfill" means soil or material that is approved for the soil or material's intended
126	use and meets a project's plans and specifications.
127	(3) "Business hours" means the hours between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. Monday
128	through Friday, excluding holidays.
129	[(2)] (4) "Board" means the Underground Facilities Damage Dispute Board created in
130	Section 54-8a-13.
131	(5) "Electronic positive response system" means an automated information system,
132	operated by the association, that allows excavators, locators, operators, and others to
133	communicate the status of an excavation notice.
134	[(3)] (6) "Emergency" means an occurrence or suspected natural gas leak necessitating
135	immediate action to prevent or mitigate loss of, or damage to, life, health, property, or essentia
136	public services.
137	[(4)] (7) "Excavate" or "excavation" means an operation in which earth, rock, or other
138	material on or below the ground is moved or displaced by tools, equipment, [or] explosives, or
139	demolition.
140	(8) "Excavation notice" means a communication that:
141	(a) has a location request assignment;
142	(b) provides notice of a person's intent to excavate in a specified location in the state;
143	<u>and</u>
144	(c) meets the requirements of Section 54-8a-4.
145	[(5)] (9) "Excavator" means any person [or entity] that excavates or conducts
146	excavation activities.
147	[(6)] (10) "48 hours" means a 48-hour period, occurring during business days [which]
148	that includes any day except Saturday, Sunday, or a [legal] holiday, that begins at 8:00 a.m. on
149	the first business day after notice has been submitted

150	$\left[\frac{(7)}{(11)}\right]$ "Hand tool" means an implement:
151	(a) powered by hand; or
152	(b) designed to avoid damaging an underground facility, including a vacuum
153	excavation tool and air knife.
154	(12) "Holiday" means all legal holidays as defined in Section 63G-1-301, the Friday
155	after Thanksgiving Day, December 24th, and any other association observed holiday as posted
156	in the association's excavator's guide.
157	[(8)] (13) "Location" means the site of a proposed area of excavation described:
158	(a) (i) by street address, if available;
159	(ii) by the area at that street address to be excavated; and
160	(iii) as specified in Subsection 54-8a-4(3) or 54-8a-5(2)(b)(ii); or
161	(b) if there is no street address available, by the area of excavation using any available
162	designations, including a nearby street or road, an intersection, GPS coordinates, or other
163	generally accepted methods.
164	[(9)] (14) "Location request assignment" means a number assigned to a proposed
165	excavation by [an] the association [or operator] upon receiving an excavation notice [of the
166	proposed excavation from the excavator].
167	(15) "Mark" means to locate and indicate the existence of a line or facility according to
168	the guidelines published by the association in the association's current version of the
169	excavator's guide.
170	(16) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
171	(17) "No response notice" means notice given by an excavator to the association that:
172	(a) describes indications of specific facilities or facility types;
173	(b) indicates that the facilities or facility types were not marked by the operator at the
174	site of the proposed excavation; and
175	(c) is submitted after the excavator previously submitted an excavation notice
176	regarding the site.
177	$[\frac{(10)}{(18)}]$ (a) "Operator" means a person $[\frac{(10)}{(18)}]$ that owns, operates, or maintains an
178	underground facility.
179	(b) "Operator" does not include an owner of real property where underground facilities
180	are:

181	(i) located within:
182	(A) the owner's property; or
183	(B) a public street adjacent to the owner's property, a right-of-way adjacent to the
184	owner's property, or a public utility easement adjacent to the owner's property;
185	(ii) used exclusively to furnish services to the owner's property; and
186	(iii) maintained under the operation and control of that owner.
187	[(11)] <u>(19)</u> "Person" includes:
188	(a) an individual, government entity, corporation, partnership, association, or company
189	and
190	(b) the trustee, receiver, assignee, and personal representative of a person listed in
191	Subsection [(11)(a).] <u>(19)(a).</u>
192	[(12)] (20) "Sewer lateral cleanout" means a point of access where a sewer lateral can
193	be serviced.
194	(21) "Tolerance zone" means the area surrounding a facility that:
195	(a) for an underground facility that has the diameter of the facility marked, is the
196	distance of one half of the marked diameter plus 24 inches on either side of the designated
197	<u>center;</u>
198	(b) for an underground facility that does not have the diameter of the facility marked, is
199	24 inches on either side of the outside edge of the mark indicating a facility; or
200	(c) for an above ground facility, is 24 inches in each direction of the outside edge of the
201	physically present facility.
202	[(13)] (22) "24 hours" means a 24-hour period, excluding hours occurring during a
203	Saturday, Sunday, or a [legal] holiday.
204	[(14)] (23) "Underground facility" means personal property that is buried or placed
205	below ground level for use in the storage or conveyance of any of the following:
206	(a) water;
207	(b) sewage, including sewer laterals;
208	(c) communications, including electronic, photonic, telephonic, or telegraphic
209	communications;
210	(d) television, cable television, or other telecommunication signals, including
211	transmission to subscribers of video or other programming;

212	(e) electric power;
213	(f) oil, gas, or other fluid and gaseous substances;
214	(g) steam;
215	(h) slurry; or
216	(i) dangerous materials or products.
217	Section 3. Section 54-8a-4 is amended to read:
218	54-8a-4. Notice of excavation.
219	(1) (a) Before excavating, an excavator shall notify each operator with an underground
220	facility in the area of the proposed excavation.
221	(b) The requirements of Subsection (1)(a) do not apply:
222	(i) if there is an emergency;
223	(ii) while gardening; or
224	(iii) while tilling private ground.
225	(2) The notice required by Subsection (1) shall:
226	(a) be given:
227	(i) by telephone;
228	[(ii) in person]
229	(ii) by electronic communication; or
230	(iii) by other means acceptable to [each operator] the association;
231	(b) be given not:
232	(i) less than 48 hours before excavation begins; or
233	(ii) more than 14 days before excavation begins; and
234	(c) include the proposed excavation's anticipated:
235	(i) location, with reasonable specificity;
236	(ii) dimensions; <u>and</u>
237	(iii) type[; and].
238	[(iv) duration.]
239	(3) If the proposed excavation's anticipated location and dimensions cannot be
240	described as required under Subsection (2)(c) or as requested in accordance with Subsection
241	54-8a-5(2)(b), an excavator shall outline the proposed excavation site using as a guideline the
242	then-existing Uniform Color Code and Marking Guidelines, Appendix B, published by the

243	Common Ground Alliance, as amended in the current version of the excavators' guide
244	published by the statewide association established in Section 54-8a-9.
245	(4) If more than one excavator will operate at the same excavation site, each excavator
246	shall provide the notice required by this section.
247	(5) [If there is an association in the county, notice to that association] Notice provided
248	to the association constitutes notice to each operator that has facilities within the proposed
249	excavation site.
250	(6) (a) Notice given under this section is valid for [14] 21 days from the day on which
251	the notice is given.
252	(b) If an excavation will continue beyond the [14-day] 21-day period under Subsection
253	(6)(a), the excavator shall provide notice of that fact at least 48 hours, but no sooner than [six]
254	seven calendar days, before expiration of the [14-day] 21-day period.
255	(c) A notice under Subsection (6)(b) is valid for [14] 21 days from the day on which
256	the previous notice expires.
257	(d) An excavator shall give notice as provided in this Subsection (6) for the duration of
258	the excavation.
259	(7) (a) An excavator shall confirm before excavation that:
260	(i) operators that utilize electronic positive response have responded through the
261	association's electronic positive response system; and
262	(ii) (A) all facilities that may be affected by the proposed excavation have been
263	marked;
264	(B) the operators have indicated that there are no underground facilities within the
265	proposed excavation site; or
266	(C) the operators have not requested a meeting under Subsection 54-8a-5(2).
267	(b) If an operator has not marked a facility or responded within 48 hours of the initial
268	excavation notice:
269	(i) the excavator may not begin excavation if the excavator is aware of or observes
270	indications of a facility that was not marked at the proposed excavation area until:
271	(A) the excavator has given a no response notice; and
272	(B) the operator makes arrangements for the facility to be marked by the operator; or
273	(ii) the excavator may begin excavation if there are no visible indications of a facility

2/4	within the proposed excavation area.
275	(c) Within four business hours of the association receiving a no response notice, an
276	operator shall mark the facilities or make arrangements for the facilities to be marked.
277	[(7)] (8) If markings made by the operator have been disturbed so that the markings no
278	longer identify the underground facility:
279	(a) before excavating the site an excavator shall notify:
280	(i) the association; or
281	(ii) each operator; and
282	(b) the operator shall mark the area again within 48 hours of the [renotification]
283	notification provided by the excavator under Subsection (8)(a).
284	[(8) An excavator may begin excavation if:]
285	[(a) (i) all underground facilities have been:]
286	[(A) located; and]
287	[(B) marked; or]
288	[(ii) the operators have indicated that there are no underground facilities within the
289	proposed excavation site;]
290	[(b) (i) 48 hours have elapsed from the time of initial notice; and]
291	[(ii) the excavator has not:]
292	[(A) been notified by the operator; or]
293	[(B) received a request for a meeting under Subsection 54-8a-5(2); or]
294	[(c) 48 hours have elapsed from the time of renotification under Subsection (6).]
295	(9) Unless an operator remarks an area pursuant to Subsection [(7),] <u>(8),</u> the excavator
296	shall be responsible for the costs incurred by an operator to remark its underground facilities
297	following the second or subsequent notice given by an excavator for a proposed excavation.
298	Section 4. Section 54-8a-5 is amended to read:
299	54-8a-5. Marking of underground facilities.
300	(1) [(a)] Within 48 hours of the receipt of the notice required by Section 54-8a-4, the
301	operator shall:
302	[(i)] (a) (i) mark the location of [its] the operator's underground facilities in the area of
303	the proposed excavation; or
304	(ii) notify the excavator, by telephonic or electronic message or indication at the

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305	excavation site, that the operator does not have any underground facility in the area of the
306	proposed excavation[-]; and
307	(b) if the operator utilizes the association's electronic positive response system, provide
308	a response to the association's electronic positive response system to indicate whether the
309	operator can provide the information described in Subsection (1)(a)(i).
310	[(b) The underground facility shall be marked using as a guideline the then-existing
311	Uniform Color Code and Marking Guidelines, Appendix B, published by the Common Ground
312	Alliance, as amended in the current version of the excavators' guide published by the statewide
313	association established in Section 54-8a-9.]
314	(2) (a) The operator is not required to mark the underground facilities within 48 hours
315	if:
316	(i) the proposed excavation:
317	(A) is not identified in accordance with Subsection 54-8a-4(2) or is not marked as
318	provided in Subsection 54-8a-4(3);
319	(B) is located in a remote area;
320	(C) is an extensive excavation; or
321	(D) presents other constraints that make it unreasonably difficult for the operator to
322	comply with the marking requirements of this section; or
323	(ii) the operator is not able to readily locate the underground facilities from the surface
324	with standard underground detection devices.
325	(b) If the operator cannot proceed with the marking because of a situation described in
326	Subsection (2)(a), the operator shall contact the excavator within 48 hours after the [excavator's
327	notice of excavation or request for a location request assignment made in accordance with
328	Section 54-8a-4] excavation notice and:
329	(i) request a meeting at the proposed excavation site or some other mutually agreed
330	upon location; or
331	(ii) at the operator's discretion, contact the excavator and request the proposed
332	excavation site be outlined in accordance with Subsection 54-8a-4(3).
333	(c) For a situation described under Subsection (2)(a)(i), the meeting or completed
334	outlining of the proposed excavation site constitutes the beginning of a new 48-hour period

within which the operator [must] shall begin marking the underground facilities.

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excavating with hand tools.

- 336 (d) (i) For the situation described under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the excavator and 337 operator shall agree on a plan of excavation designed to prevent damage to the operator's 338 underground facility. 339 (ii) Notwithstanding the agreement, the excavator shall proceed in a manner that is 340 reasonably calculated to avoid damage to the underground facility. 341 (e) (i) An operator need not mark [or locate] an underground facility the operator does 342 not own. 343 (ii) An underground facility under Subsection (2)(e)(i) includes a water or sewer lateral 344 or a facility running from a house to a garage or outbuilding. 345 (f) (i) An operator may mark the location of a known facility connected to the 346 operator's facilities that is not owned or operated by the operator. 347 (ii) Marking a known facility under Subsection (2)(f)(i) imposes no liability on the 348 operator for the accuracy of the marking. 349 (3) Each marking is valid for not more than [14] 21 calendar days from the date notice 350 is given. 351 (4) If multiple lines exist: 352 (a) the markings must indicate the number of lines; or 353 (b) all lines must be marked. 354 Section 5. Section **54-8a-5.5** is amended to read: 355 54-8a-5.5. Determining the precise location of marked underground facilities. 356 (1) An excavator may not use any power-operated or power-driven excavating or 357 boring equipment within [24 inches of the markings made in accordance with Section 54-8a-5] 358 the tolerance zone unless: 359 (a) the excavator determines the exact location of the underground facility by 360 excavating with hand tools to confirm that the excavation will not damage the underground 361 facilities: or 362 (b) the operator provides an excavator with written or electronic notice waiving the 363 requirement that the excavator determine the exact location of the underground facilities by
 - the removal of any existing pavement if there is no underground facility contained in the

(2) Power-operated or power-driven excavating or boring equipment may be used for

367	pavement, as marked by the operator.
368	Section 6. Section 54-8a-6 is amended to read:
369	54-8a-6. Duties and liabilities of an excavator.
370	(1) Damage to an underground facility by an excavator who excavates but fails to
371	comply with Section 54-8a-4, is prima facie evidence that the excavator is liable for any
372	damage caused by the negligence of that excavator.
373	(2) (a) An excavator is not liable for a civil penalty under this chapter if the excavator
374	has:
375	(i) given proper notice of the proposed excavation as required in this chapter;
376	(ii) marked the area of the proposed excavation as required in Section 54-8a-4;
377	(iii) complied with Section 54-8a-5.5; and
378	(iv) complied with Section 54-8a-7.
379	(b) An excavator is liable for damage incurred by an operator if:
380	(i) the operator complies with Section 54-8a-5; and
381	(ii) the damage occurs within [24 inches of the operator's markings or the physical
382	presence of an above ground facility, including a manhole, meter, or junction box] the
383	tolerance zone.
384	Section 7. Section 54-8a-7 is amended to read:
385	54-8a-7. Notice of contact or damage Repairs.
386	[(1) If an excavator contacts or damages an underground facility, the excavator shall:]
387	[(a) immediately notify the appropriate operator and then proceed in a manner that is
388	reasonably calculated to avoid further damage to the underground facility; and]
389	[(b) immediately call 911 if the excavation may result in an immediate risk to human
390	life.]
391	(1) An excavator performing an excavation that results in contact or damage to a
392	facility shall:
393	(a) provide notice of the contact or damage including the location and nature of any
394	damage immediately to the operator;
395	(b) allow the operator reasonable time when considering the safety of the area, and the
396	availability of materials, labor, or equipment, to make or coordinate necessary repairs before
397	completing the excavation in the immediate area of the facility; and

398	(c) delay any backfilling in the immediate area of the contacted or damaged facility
399	until the operator authorizes the excavator to resume backfilling.
400	(2) After receiving notification of contact or damage to a facility, the operator, or
401	qualified personnel authorized by the operator, shall:
402	(a) expedite a response to examine the contacted or damaged facility; and
403	(b) make or coordinate necessary repairs to the contacted or damaged facility within
404	eight business hours or notify the excavator that the repairs will take longer than eight business
405	hours due to safety or availability of materials, labor, or equipment.
406	(3) (a) An excavator that is responsible for an excavation where any contact or damage
407	to a facility results in the discharge of electricity or escape of any flammable, toxic, or
408	corrosive gas or liquid, or that endangers life, health, or property shall:
409	(i) immediately notify:
410	(A) emergency responders, including 911 services; and
411	(B) the facility operator; and
412	(ii) take reasonable measures to protect the excavator, other persons, property, and the
413	environment until the operator or emergency responders arrive.
414	[(2) Upon receipt of notice, the operator shall immediately examine the underground
415	facility, and, if necessary, make repairs.]
416	Section 8. Section 54-8a-7.5 is amended to read:
417	54-8a-7.5. Third-party damages caused by failure to mark a facility.
418	(1) If an operator fails to [locate] mark a facility as required by this chapter and an
419	excavator damages another operator's facility of a similar size and appearance that fits surface
420	markings [as required by Subsection 54-8a-5(1)(b)], the operator who failed to [locate its] mark
421	the operator's own facility is liable for the costs of damage to the facility caused by the
422	excavator if:
423	(a) the excavator complies with Sections 54-8a-4, 54-8a-5.5, and 54-8a-6; and
424	(b) the excavator demonstrates that the damage is the direct result of the operator's
425	failure to [locate its] mark the operator's own facility.
426	(2) An excavator who damages a third-party operator's facility as described in
427	Subsection (1):
428	(a) shall pay for the costs of repairing the damaged facility; and

429	(b) may seek recovery of the costs of damage from the operator [who] that failed to
430	mark [its] the operator's own facility.
431	(3) Resolution of a dispute under this section may be in accordance with Section
432	54-8a-13.
433	Section 9. Section 54-8a-8 is amended to read:
434	54-8a-8. Civil penalty Exceptions Other remedies.
435	(1) A civil penalty may be imposed for a violation of this chapter as provided in this
436	section.
437	(2) A civil penalty under this section may be imposed on:
438	(a) any person [who] that violates this chapter in an amount no greater than \$5,000 for
439	each violation with a maximum civil penalty of \$100,000 per excavation; or
440	(b) an excavator [who] that fails to provide notice of an excavation in accordance with
441	Section 54-8a-4 in an amount no greater than \$500 in addition to the amount under Subsection
442	(2)(a), regardless of whether the excavation resulted in damage to a facility.
443	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a penalty under this chapter may not be
444	imposed on an excavator or operator unless the excavator or operator fails to comply with this
445	chapter and damages an underground facility.
446	(4) The amount of a civil penalty under this section shall be made taking into
447	consideration the following:
448	(a) the excavator's or operator's history of any prior violation or penalty;
449	(b) the seriousness of the violation;
450	(c) any discharge or pollution resulting from the damage;
451	(d) the hazard to the health or safety of the public;
452	(e) the degree of culpability and willfulness of the violation;
453	(f) any good faith of the excavator or operator; and
454	(g) any other factor considered relevant, including the number of past excavations
455	conducted by the excavator, the number of location requests made by the excavator and the
456	number of location markings made for the excavator or by the operator.
457	(5) "Good faith," as used in Subsection (4)(f), includes actions taken before the filing
458	of an action for civil penalty under this section to:
459	(a) remedy, in whole or in part, a violation of this chapter; or

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association;

460	(b) mitigate the consequences and damages resulting from a violation of this chapter.
461	(6) (a) A civil penalty may not be imposed on an excavator if the damage to an
462	underground facility results from an operator's:
463	(i) failure to mark; [or]
464	(ii) inaccurate marking or locating of the operator's underground facilities[-]; or
465	(iii) failure to comply with Section 54-8a-5.
466	(b) In addition to or in lieu of part of or all of a civil penalty, the excavator or operator
467	may be required to undertake actions that are designed to prevent future violations of this
468	chapter, including attending safety and compliance training, improving internal monitoring and
469	compliance processes and procedures, or any other action that may result in compliance with
470	this chapter.
471	(7) Subsection (1) does not apply to an excavation made:
472	(a) during an emergency, if reasonable precautions are taken to protect any
473	underground facility;
474	(b) in agricultural operations;
475	(c) for the purpose of finding or extracting natural resources; or
476	(d) with hand tools on property owned or occupied by the excavator.
477	(8) (a) A civil penalty under this section is in addition to any damages that an operator
478	or an excavator may seek to recover.
479	(b) In an action brought under this section, the prevailing party shall be awarded its
480	costs and attorney fees as determined by the court.
481	Section 10. Section 54-8a-9 is amended to read:
482	54-8a-9. Association for mutual receipt of excavation notices.
483	(1) (a) (i) Two or more operators may form and operate a statewide association
484	providing for mutual receipt of notice of excavation activities.
485	(ii) [H] When an association is operational, notice to the association shall be given
486	pursuant to Section 54-8a-4.
487	(b) (i) [H] When an association is formed, each operator with an underground facility
488	in the [area] state shall become a member of the association and participate in it to:
489	(A) receive [a notice of a proposed excavation] an excavation notice submitted to the

491	(B) receive the services furnished by it; [and]
492	(C) pay its share of the cost for the service furnished[-]; and
493	(D) provide electronic positive response information to the association's electronic
494	positive response system, if the system is utilized by the operator.
495	(ii) If an operator does not comply with Subsection (1)(b)(i) and Section 54-8a-5, the
496	operator is liable for damages incurred by an excavator who complies with this chapter's
497	requirements.
498	[(c) An association whose members or participants have underground facilities within a
499	county shall:]
500	[(i) file a description of the geographical area served by the association; and]
501	[(ii) file the name and address of every member and participating operator with the
502	county clerk.]
503	(2) [An association receiving notice as provided in Subsection 54-8a-4(1)] The
504	association's notification center shall:
505	(a) notify members and participants in the relevant geographic area within 24 hours
506	after receiving an excavation notice [from the person who proposes to excavate; and];
507	(b) maintain a record of any notice received for a period of five years to document
508	compliance with the requirements of this chapter[:]; and
509	(c) implement and operate a statewide electronic positive response system.
510	(3) The association and its notification center shall not be responsible for:
511	(a) resolving reports of alleged violations of this chapter; or
512	(b) a failure on the part of an excavator or operator to perform an excavator's or
513	operator's responsibilities under this chapter.
514	[(3)] (4) An association contacted by a public agency to identify a utility company, in
515	accordance with Section 54-3-29, shall provide the public agency with a list, including contact
516	information to the extent available, of each utility company of which the association is aware
517	that has a utility facility within the area identified by the public agency.
518	Section 11. Section 54-8a-11 is amended to read:
519	54-8a-11. Applicability of federal law.
520	The following persons [or entities] are subject to the provisions of Title 49, Code of
521	Federal Regulations, Part 198, Regulations for Grants to Aid State Pipeline Safety Programs,

522	including those provisions relating to damage to underground facilities:
523	(1) an operator, to the extent subject to the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2002,
524	49 U.S.C. 60101 et seq.;
525	(2) an excavator; and
526	[(3) a person who operates an association.]
527	(3) the association.
528	Section 12. Section 54-8a-13 is amended to read:
529	54-8a-13. Underground Facilities Damage Dispute Board Arbitration
530	Relationship with Public Service Commission.
531	(1) There is created within the commission the Underground Facilities Damage
532	Dispute Board to arbitrate, or parties may mutually agree to mediate, a dispute arising from:
533	(a) an operator's or excavator's violation of this chapter; and
534	(b) damage caused by excavation during an emergency.
535	(2) The board consists of five members appointed by the governor as follows:
536	(a) one member from a list of names provided to the governor by a group representing
537	operators;
538	(b) one member from a list of names provided to the governor by the Associated
539	General Contractors;
540	(c) one member from a list of names provided to the governor by Blue Stakes of Utah;
541	(d) one member from a list of names provided to the governor by the Utah Home
542	Builders Association; and
543	(e) one member from the Division of Public Utilities.
544	(3) (a) A member of the board:
545	(i) shall be appointed for a three-year term; and
546	(ii) may continue to serve until the member's successor takes office.
547	(b) At the time of appointment, the governor shall stagger the terms of the members to
548	ensure that approximately 1/3 of the members of the board are reappointed each year.
549	(c) A vacancy in the board shall be filled:
550	(i) for the unexpired term; and
551	(ii) in the same manner as the board member is initially appointed.
552	(d) The board shall select an alternate for a specific board member to serve on a

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553	specific case if it becomes necessary to replace a member who has a conflict of interest because
554	a dispute involves that member or that member's employer.
555	(4) Three members of the board constitute a quorum.
556	(5) The board may, upon agreement of the disputing parties, arbitrate or mediate a
557	dispute regarding damages, not including personal injury damages, arising between:
558	(a) an operator;
559	(b) an excavator;
560	(c) a property owner; or
561	(d) any other interested party.
562	(6) At least four members of the board shall be present and vote on an arbitration
563	decision.
564	(7) An arbitration before the board shall be consistent with Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah
565	Uniform Arbitration Act.
566	(8) The prevailing party in an arbitration conducted under this section shall be awarded
567	its costs and attorney fees in an amount determined by the board.
568	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
569	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
570	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
571	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
572	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
573	63A-3-107.
574	(10) The commission shall provide administrative support to the board.
575	Section 13. Repealer.
576	This bill repeals:
577	Section 54-8a-3, Information filed with county clerk.
578	Section 14. Effective date.
579	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.