

	63G-31-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	63G-31-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
	Section 1. Section 63G-31-101 is enacted to read:
	<u>63G-31-101.</u> Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Demonstrates" means to produce the evidence necessary to meet, and to meet, the
burden	of persuasion.
	(2) "Free exercise of religion" means the ability to act or refuse to act in a manner
substan	tially motivated by a sincerely held religious belief, regardless of whether the exercise is
compu	sory or central to a larger system of religious belief.
	(3) "Government action" includes:
	(a) a law, ordinance, or rule;
	(b) the application of a law, ordinance, or rule; or
	(c) any other action taken by, or on behalf of, a government entity.
	(4) (a) "Government entity" means:
	(i) the state;
	(ii) a county, city, town, metro township, school district, special district, special service
district	or other political subdivision of the state;
	(iii) an independent entity; or
	(iv) an employee of an entity described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii) or
Subsec	tion (4)(b) who is acting in the capacity of an employee of the entity.
	(b) "Government entity" includes an agency, bureau, office, department, division,
board,	commission, institution, laboratory, or other instrumentality of an entity described in
Subsec	tions (4)(a)(i) through (iii).
	(5) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102.
	(6) "Person" means:
	(a) an individual; or
	(b) a religious assembly, a religious institution, or another religious organization.
	Section 2. Section 63G-31-201 is enacted to read:

57	63G-31-201. Free exercise of religion Limitations on burdens imposed by
58	government Claims or defenses Attorney fees and costs.
59	(1) The free exercise of religion is a fundamental right and applies to all government
60	action, including action that is facially neutral.
61	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a government entity may not substantially
62	burden the free exercise of religion of a person, regardless of whether the burden results from a
63	rule of general applicability.
64	(3) A government entity may substantially burden a person's free exercise of religion
65	only if the government entity demonstrates that the application of the burden to the person is:
66	(a) in furtherance of a compelling governmental interest; and
67	(b) the least restrictive means of furthering the compelling governmental interest.
68	(4) A person whose free exercise of religion is burdened in violation of this section
69	may assert the violation as a claim or defense in a judicial proceeding to obtain relief.
70	(5) A person who prevails in an action to enforce the provisions of this section against
71	a government entity is entitled to recover attorney fees and costs.
72	Section 3. Effective date.
73	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.