Senator Michael K. McKell proposes the following substitute bill:

TAX MODIFICATIONS
2024 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Michael K. McKell
House Sponsor: Carl R. Albrecht
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill addresses taxation related to radioactive waste facilities.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 creates a new tax rate for certain uncontainerized, unprocessed class A waste;
 includes certain radioactive waste facility tax revenue in the calculation of a
taxpayer's high cost infrastructure development tax credit; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a special effective date.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
59-24-103.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 10
79-6-602 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 473

26	Section 1. Section 59-24-103.5 is amended to read:
27	59-24-103.5. Radioactive waste disposal, processing, and recycling facility tax.
28	(1) On and after July 1, 2003, there is imposed a tax on a radioactive waste facility, or a
29	processing or recycling facility, as provided in this chapter.
30	(2) The tax is equal to the sum of the following amounts:
31	(a) 12% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the disposal of
32	containerized class A waste;
33	(b) 10% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the disposal
34	of processed class A waste;
35	(c) except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), 5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive
36	waste facility derived from the disposal of uncontainerized, unprocessed class A waste from a
37	governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity:
38	(i) pursuant to a contract entered into on or after April 30, 2001;
39	(ii) pursuant to a contract substantially modified on or after April 30, 2001;
40	(iii) pursuant to a contract renewed or extended on or after April 30, 2001; or
41	(iv) not pursuant to a contract;
42	(d) except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), 5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive
43	waste facility derived from the disposal of uncontainerized, unprocessed class A waste received
44	by the facility from an entity other than a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental
45	entity;
46	(e) .5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the disposal of
47	uncontainerized, unprocessed class A waste received by the facility if the uncontainerized,
48	unprocessed class A waste does not exceed 10% of the radioactive concentration limit for class
49	A waste as defined in 10 C.F.R. Sec. 61.55;
50	[(e)] (f) 5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the
51	disposal of mixed waste, other than the mixed waste described in Subsection [$\frac{(2)(f)}{(2)(g)}$,
52	received from:
53	(i) an entity other than a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity; or
54	(ii) a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity:
55	(A) pursuant to a contract entered into on or after April 30, 2005;
56	(B) pursuant to a contract substantially modified on or after April 30, 2005;

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31	(C) pursuant to a contract renewed or extended on or after April 30, 2003, or
58	(D) not pursuant to a contract;
59	[(f)] (g) 10% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the
60	disposal of mixed waste:
61	(i) (A) received from an entity other than a governmental entity or an agent of a
62	governmental entity; or
63	(B) received from a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity:
64	(I) pursuant to a contract entered into on or after April 30, 2005;
65	(II) pursuant to a contract substantially modified on or after April 30, 2005;
66	(III) pursuant to a contract renewed or extended on or after April 30, 2005; or
67	(IV) not pursuant to a contract; and
68	(ii) that contains a higher radionuclide concentration level than the mixed waste
69	received by any radioactive waste facility in the state [prior to] before April 1, 2004;
70	[(g)] (h) 10 cents per cubic foot of alternate feed material received at a radioactive
71	waste facility for disposal or reprocessing; and
72	[(h)] (i) 10 cents per cubic foot of byproduct material received at a radioactive waste
73	facility for disposal.
74	(3) For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, a fraction of a cubic foot is
75	considered to be a full cubic foot.
76	(4) Except as provided in Subsections $[(2)(e) \text{ and } (2)(f)] (2)(f) \text{ and } (g)$, the tax imposed
77	by this section does not apply to radioactive waste containing material classified as hazardous
78	waste under 40 C.F.R. Part 261.
79	Section 2. Section 79-6-602 is amended to read:
80	79-6-602. Definitions.
81	As used in this part:
82	(1) "Applicant" means a person that conducts business in the state and that applies for a
83	tax credit under this part.
84	(2) "Energy delivery project" means a project that is designed to:
85	(a) increase the capacity for the delivery of energy to a user of energy inside or outside
86	the state; or
87	(b) increase the capability of an existing energy delivery system or related facility to

88	deliver energy to a user of energy inside or outside the state.
89	(3) "Fuel standard compliance project" means a project designed to retrofit a fuel
90	refinery in order to make the refinery capable of producing fuel that complies with the United
91	States Environmental Protection Agency's Tier 3 gasoline sulfur standard described in 40
92	C.F.R. Sec. 79.54.
93	(4) "High cost infrastructure project" means a project, including an energy delivery
94	project or a fuel standard compliance project:
95	(a) (i) that expands or creates new industrial, mining, manufacturing, or agriculture
96	activity in the state, not including a retail business;
97	(ii) that involves new investment of at least \$50,000,000 in an existing industrial,
98	mining, manufacturing, or agriculture entity, by the entity; or
99	(iii) for the construction of a plant or other facility for the storage or production of fuel
100	used for transportation, electricity generation, or industrial use;
101	(b) that requires or is directly facilitated by infrastructure construction; and
102	(c) for which the cost of infrastructure construction to the entity creating the project is
103	greater than:
104	(i) 10% of the total cost of the project; or
105	(ii) \$10,000,000.
106	(5) "Infrastructure" means:
107	(a) an energy delivery project;
108	(b) a railroad as defined in Section 54-2-1;
109	(c) a fuel standard compliance project;
110	(d) a road improvement project;
111	(e) a water self-supply project;
112	(f) a water removal system project;
113	(g) a solution-mined subsurface salt cavern;
114	(h) a project that is designed to:
115	(i) increase the capacity for water delivery to a water user in the state; or
116	(ii) increase the capability of an existing water delivery system or related facility to

(i) an underground mine infrastructure project.

deliver water to a water user in the state; or

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119	(6) (a) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means an applicant that enters into an
120	agreement with the office that qualifies the applicant to receive a tax credit as provided in this
121	part.
122	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" includes a pass-through entity taxpayer, as
123	defined in Section 59-10-1402, of a person described in Subsection (6)(a).
124	(7) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means an amount of tax revenue, for an entity
125	creating a high cost infrastructure project, in a taxable year, that is directly attributable to a high
126	cost infrastructure project, under:
127	(a) <u>Subsection 59-24-103.5(2)(e);</u>
128	(b) Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 1, Oil and Gas Severance Tax;
129	[(b)] (c) Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 2, Mining Severance Tax;
130	[(c)] (d) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes;
131	[(d)] (e) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
132	[(e)] <u>(f)</u> Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
133	(8) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.
134	(9) "Tax credit" means a tax credit under Section 59-7-619 or 59-10-1034.
135	(10) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office to an infrastructure
136	cost-burdened entity that:
137	(a) lists the name of the infrastructure cost-burdened entity;
138	(b) lists the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's taxpayer identification number;
139	(c) lists, for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit authorized for the infrastructure
140	cost-burdened entity under this part; and
141	(d) includes other information as determined by the office.
142	(11) (a) "Underground mine infrastructure project" means a project that:
143	(i) is designed to create permanent underground infrastructure to facilitate underground
144	mining operations; and
145	(ii) services multiple levels or areas of an underground mine or multiple underground
146	mines.
147	(b) "Underground mine infrastructure project" includes:
148	(i) an underground access or a haulage road, entry, ramp, or decline;
149	(ii) a vertical or incline mine shaft;

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150	(iii) a ventilation shaft or an air course; or
151	(iv) a conveyor or a truck haulageway.
152	Section 3. Effective date.
153	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2024.