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RESIDENTIAL BUILDING INSPECTION AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION

3 STATE OF UTAH 4 **Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers** House Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman 5 6 7 **LONG TITLE** 8 **General Description:** 9 This bill amends provisions relating to third-party inspection firms. 10 **Highlighted Provisions:** This bill: 11 12 • authorizes a person seeking a building permit to hire a third-party inspection firm to 13 perform an inspection of the person's property; 14 • requires that a local regulator that issues a building permit pay any cost associated 15 with the person seeking a building permit hiring a third-party inspection firm; 16 • establishes a process and standards that govern a local regulator's payment of 17 third-party inspection firm costs; 18 requires that a local regulator issue a certificate of occupancy to the owner of real 19 property after the third-party inspection firm complies with certain requirements; 20 exempts a local regulator from liability for any inspection performed by a 21 third-party inspection firm; • grants rulemaking authority to the Division of Facilities Construction and 22 23 Management; 24 amends provisions relating to disciplinary proceedings for a licensed inspector; and



defines terms.

I	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(Other Special Clauses:
	None
Į	Utah Code Sections Affected:
P	AMENDS:
	15A-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
	58-56-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 229
E	ENACTS:
	15A-1-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
E	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 15A-1-105 is enacted to read:
	15A-1-105. Third-party inspection firms.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Code" means:
	(i) the State Construction Code; or
	(ii) an approved code.
	(b) "Inspection" means a comprehensive assessment of the physical condition of a
ŗ	piece of real property or the real property's components.
	(c) "Local regulator" means a political subdivision of the state that is empowered to
e	engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other
<u>a</u>	activities subject to the code.
	(d) "Third-party inspection firm" means a licensed, independent entity, with no interest
<u>i</u>	n the outcome of an inspection, that a client engages to conduct an inspection.
	(2) Subject to the provisions of this section:
	(a) a person may hire a third-party inspection firm to conduct an inspection on real
r	property that the person owns; and
	(b) the local regulator shall pay the cost of the inspection the third-party inspection
<u>f</u>	irm performs after the local regulator issues a building permit for the property and collects the
<u>t</u>	building permit fee.

5/	(3) Before the local regulator pays the cost of an inspection in accordance with
58	Subsection (2):
59	(a) the third-party inspection firm shall provide proof of payment to the local regulator;
60	<u>and</u>
61	(b) the local regulator shall ensure that the cost described in the proof of payment
62	complies with rules made by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management.
63	(4) Upon completing an inspection, a third-party inspection firm shall submit the
64	inspection report to the local regulator.
65	(5) After the third-party inspection firm completes the final inspection and submits the
66	inspection report to the local regulator, the local regulator shall issue the certificate of
67	occupancy to the owner of the real property, if the local regulator determines that, based on the
68	inspection report, the property meets the applicable standards.
69	(6) A local regulator is not liable for any inspection performed by a third-party
70	inspection firm.
71	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
72	Division of Facilities and Construction Management shall:
73	(a) make rules establishing standard reimbursement costs for the services of third-party
74	inspection firms;
75	(b) establish standards for the approval of a third-party inspection firm; and
76	(c) establish a process by which the Division of Facilities and Construction
77	Management approves a third-party inspection firm.
78	Section 2. Section 15A-1-202 is amended to read:
79	15A-1-202. Definitions.
80	As used in this chapter:
81	(1) "Agricultural use" means a use that relates to the tilling of soil and raising of crops,
82	or keeping or raising domestic animals.
83	(2) (a) "Approved code" means a code, including the standards and specifications
84	contained in the code, approved by the division under Section 15A-1-204 for use by a
85	compliance agency.
86	(b) "Approved code" does not include the State Construction Code.
87	(3) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use

88	or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
89	(4) "Building permit holder" means a person to whom a local regulator issues a
90	building permit.
91	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Code" means:
92	(a) the State Construction Code; or
93	(b) an approved code.
94	[(5)] (6) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created in
95	Section 15A-1-203.
96	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> "Compliance agency" means:
97	(a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions which issues permits for
98	construction regulated under the codes;
99	(b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to
100	enforce compliance with the codes; [or]
101	(c) a third-party inspection firm as defined in Section 15A-1-105 approved by the
102	Division of Facilities Construction and Management that a building permit holder hires; or
103	[(c)] (d) any other state agency which chooses to enforce codes adopted under this
104	chapter by authority given the agency under a title other than this part and Part 3, Factory Built
105	Housing and Modular Units Administration Act.
106	[(7)] (8) "Construction code" means standards and specifications published by a
107	nationally recognized code authority for use in circumstances described in Subsection
108	15A-1-204(1), including:
109	(a) a building code;
110	(b) an electrical code;
111	(c) a residential one and two family dwelling code;
112	(d) a plumbing code;
113	(e) a mechanical code;
114	(f) a fuel gas code;
115	(g) an energy conservation code;
116	(h) a swimming pool and spa code; and
117	(i) a manufactured housing installation standard code.
118	[(8)] (9) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section

119	38-1a-102.
120	[(9)] (10) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of
121	Commerce.
122	[(10)] (11) "Legislative action" includes legislation that:
123	(a) adopts a new State Construction Code;
124	(b) amends the State Construction Code; or
125	(c) repeals one or more provisions of the State Construction Code.
126	[(11)] (12) "Local regulator" means a political subdivision of the state that is
127	empowered to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair,
128	and other activities subject to the codes.
129	[(12)] (13) "Membrane-covered frame structure" means a nonpressurized building with
130	a structure composed of a rigid framework to support a tensioned membrane that provides a
131	weather barrier.
132	[(13)] (14) "Not for human occupancy" means use of a structure for purposes other
133	than protection or comfort of human beings, but allows people to enter the structure for:
134	(a) maintenance and repair; and
135	(b) the care of livestock, crops, or equipment intended for agricultural use which are
136	kept there.
137	[(14)] (15) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by
138	the commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of
139	the codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the
140	issue.
141	[(15)] (16) "Remote yurt" means a membrane-covered frame structure that:
142	(a) is no larger than 710 square feet;
143	(b) is not used as a permanent residence;
144	(c) is located in an unincorporated county area that is not zoned for residential,
145	commercial, industrial, or agricultural use;
146	(d) does not have plumbing or electricity;
147	(e) is set back at least 300 feet from any river, stream, lake, or other body of water; and
148	(f) is registered with the local health department.
149	[(16)] (17) "State regulator" means an agency of the state which is empowered to

150	engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other
151	activities subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
152	Section 3. Section 58-56-9 is amended to read:
153	58-56-9. Qualifications of inspectors Contract for inspection services.
154	(1) An inspector employed by a local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency
155	to enforce the codes shall:
156	(a) (i) meet minimum qualifications as established by the division in collaboration with
157	the commission;
158	(ii) be certified by a nationally recognized organization which promulgates
159	construction codes; or
160	(iii) pass an examination developed by the division in collaboration with the
161	commission;
162	(b) be currently licensed by the division as meeting those minimum qualifications; and
163	(c) be subject to [revocation or suspension of the inspector's license or being placed on
164	probation if found guilty of] disciplinary or other action if the licensee engages in unlawful or
165	unprofessional conduct.
166	(2) A local regulator, state regulator, [or] compliance agency, or building permit holder
167	as defined in Section 15A-1-202 may contract for the services of a licensed inspector not
168	regularly employed by the regulator or agency.
169	(3) In accordance with Section 58-1-401, the division may:
170	(a) refuse to issue a license to an applicant;
171	(b) refuse to renew the license of a licensee;
172	(c) revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation the license of a licensee;
173	(d) issue a public or private reprimand;
174	(e) issue a citation to a licensee; and
175	(f) issue a cease and desist order.
176	Section 4. Effective date.
177	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.