Senator Daniel McCay proposes the following substitute bill:

1	GOLF COURSE AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	House Sponsor: Jon Hawkins
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses water use by and management of golf courses.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 makes water data regarding golf courses a protected record under Government
13	Records Access and Management Act;
14	defines terms;
15	requires a study of water use by golf courses;
16	 outlines process to be followed in conducting and reporting on the study;
17	 requires the Division of State Parks to develop a master plan for state-owned golf
18	courses and to report on the master plan; and
19	 makes technical and conforming changes.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:



2nd Sub. (Salmon) S.B. 195

_	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Otan 2023, Chapters 1, 16, 203, and 329
Ŀ	ENACTS: 79-4-207, Utah Code Annotated 1953
=	75 1 201, 0 100 2 1 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1
E	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
	63G-2-305. Protected records.
	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret
h	as provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
p	person if:
	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
c	ompetitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
g	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access
tl	han the public in obtaining access; and
	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with
tl	he information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity
to	the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
c	ommodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause
S	ubstantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
	(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
c	ompetitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as
d	defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
	(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
e	mployment, or academic examinations;
	(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement
p	proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or
a	greement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this

of the property; or

57 Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or 58 grant has been awarded and signed by all parties: 59 (a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental 60 entity in response to: 61 (i) an invitation for bids; 62 (ii) a request for proposals; 63 (iii) a request for quotes; 64 (iv) a grant; or 65 (v) other similar document; or 66 (b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712; 67 (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for 68 information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict 69 the right of a person to have access to the information, after: 70 (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been 71 awarded and signed by all parties; or 72 (b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the 73 subject of the request for information; and 74 (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is 75 issued; 76 (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real 77 or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition 78 before any rights to the property are acquired unless: 79 (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the 80 governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible: 81 (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a 82 duty of confidentiality to the entity; 83 (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described 84 property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property; 85 (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of 86 property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value

- (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
- (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
- (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;

119 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 120 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, 121 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy: 122 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional 123 facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere 124 with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole; 125 (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of 126 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the 127 Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that are based 128 on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the 129 board's jurisdiction; 130 (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational 131 procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with 132 audits or collections; 133 (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit 134 until the final audit is released; 135 (17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege; 136 (18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer, 137 employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial, 138 quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding; 139 (19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or 140 from a member of the Legislature; and 141 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of 142 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and 143 (b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection 144 with the preparation of legislation between: 145 (A) members of a legislative body; 146 (B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or 147 (C) members of a legislative body's staff; and 148 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of

legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;

180

150 (20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and 151 General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated 152 legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the 153 legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and 154 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the 155 Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator 156 asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such 157 time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public; 158 (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and 159 General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared 160 in response to these requests; 161 (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public; 162 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about: (a) collective bargaining; or 163 164 (b) imminent or pending litigation; 165 (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that 166 may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the 167 Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities: 168 (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation 169 concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of 170 personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest; 171 (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or 172 biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of 173 valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information; 174 (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would 175 conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency; 176 (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in 177 Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, 178 retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in

accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of

the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students

admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas:
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of

212	the donor, provided that:
213	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
214	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
215	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
216	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
217	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged
218	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
219	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
220	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
221	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
222	73-18-13;
223	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
224	34A-2-205;
225	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
226	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to
227	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
228	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
229	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
230	(A) relating to research; and
231	(B) of:
232	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
233	53B-1-102; or
234	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
235	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
236	(iv) creative works in process;
237	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
238	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
239	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
240	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
241	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
242	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor

243 General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit 244 prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and 245 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the 246 Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that 247 the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would 248 reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as 249 protected records until the audit is completed and made public; 250 (42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or 251 other document that indicates the location of: 252 (a) a production facility; or 253 (b) a magazine; 254 (43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and 255 Adult Services created by Section 26B-6-210; 256 (44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80, 257 Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services; 258 (45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the 259 National Guard's federal mission; (46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement 260 261 agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, 262 Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act; 263 (47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed 264 by the Department of Agriculture and Food; 265 (48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section 266 63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or 267 prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of 268 which would jeopardize: 269 (a) the safety of the general public; or 270 (b) the security of: 271 (i) governmental property; 272 (ii) governmental programs; or 273 (iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency

- 274 Management information;
- 275 (49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the
- identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under
- Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
- of Animal Disease;

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

- 279 (50) as provided in Section 26B-2-408:
- 280 (a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services 281 related to a complaint regarding a child care program or residential child care which the 282 department is unable to substantiate; and
 - (b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
 - (51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or personal mobile phone number, if:
 - (a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law, ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
 - (b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be kept confidential due to:
 - (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
 - (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
 - (52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number where the candidate may be contacted:
 - (a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination, described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
 - (b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
- 302 (c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 303 20A-9-408;
- 304 (53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual

303	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
306	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
307	53B-1-102; and
308	(b) conducted using animals;
309	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
310	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to whether a
311	judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection 78A-12-203(4), and
312	information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
313	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
314	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
315	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
316	the information or report;
317	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
318	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63L-11-202;
319	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section
320	63H-7a-302;
321	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
322	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
323	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
324	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
325	municipality;
326	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General
327	of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
328	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
329	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or
330	allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services
331	through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied
332	upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation
333	report or final audit report;
334	(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
335	person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any

- Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
- (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
- (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, or audit program; or
- (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an investigation or audit;
- (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
- (61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 58-68-304(3) and (4);
 - (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
- (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
- (64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim, including:
 - (a) a victim's application or request for benefits;
 - (b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
- (c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to, evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim Reparations Fund;
- (65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as

367	that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
368	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
369	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
370	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
371	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against
372	a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
373	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection
374	76-2-408(1)(f); or
375	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
376	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;
377	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
378	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
379	announced finalist;
380	(67) an audio recording that is:
381	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
382	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an
383	individual with a life-threatening condition;
384	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
385	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:
386	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
387	condition; and
388	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
389	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
390	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
391	their response to an emergency situation;
392	(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a
393	recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget
394	Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an
395	employment position with the Legislature;
396	(69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
397	(70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency

398	under Section 61-1-206;
399	(71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
400	31A-37-201;
401	(72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
402	(73) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of
403	Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
404	(74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
405	involving an amusement ride;
406	(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual
407	on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
408	including a petition or request described in the following titles:
409	(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
410	(b) Title 17, Counties;
411	(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;
412	(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
413	(e) Title 20A, Election Code;
414	(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in
415	a voter registration record;
416	(77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a
417	signature described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a
418	local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
419	(78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part
420	5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
421	(79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
422	(80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
423	prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
424	(81) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into
425	jail, unless:
426	(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
427	the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
428	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:

429	(1) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
430	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist in
431	apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
432	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
433	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or locating an
434	individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal proceeding; or
435	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
436	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest;
437	(82) a record:
438	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
439	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
440	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
441	63M-14-205; and
442	(c) the disclosure of which would:
443	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
444	Colorado River system;
445	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
446	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River
447	system; or
448	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
449	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
450	(83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's
451	Office of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
452	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83) may
453	not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval decision;
454	(84) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
455	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility
456	and
457	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
458	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records described
459	in Subsection (84)(a);

2nd Sub. (Salmon) S.B. 195

460	(85) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the
461	governmental entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative
462	investigation into potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
463	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
464	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the statement; and
465	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
466	employee in any criminal proceeding;
467	(86) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in
468	Section 53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
469	53F-6-401; [and]
470	(87) a record:
471	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
472	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
473	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the federal
474	government; and
475	(c) the disclosure of which would:
476	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the Great
477	Salt Lake;
478	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
479	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
480	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
481	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake[-]; and
482	(88) a record of water data provided to the Utah State University Institute of Land, Air,
483	and Water under Section 79-4-207.
484	Section 2. Section 79-4-207 is enacted to read:
485	79-4-207. Water use by golf courses Master plan for state-owned golf courses.
486	(1) As used in this section:
487	(a) "Division" means the Division of State Parks.
488	(b) "Golf course" means:
489	(i) real property that may be used for golf, golf practice areas, or a driving range by the
490	public or by the members and guests of a private club; and

491	(ii) improvements to the real property described in Subsection (1)(c)(i), including turf,
492	bunkers, trees, irrigation, lakes, lake liners, bridges, practice ranges, golf greens, golf tees,
493	paths, and trails.
494	(c) "Institute" means the Utah State University Institute of Land, Air, and Water.
495	(2) (a) The Utah State University Institute of Land, Air, and Water shall study the use
496	of water on golf courses in the state.
497	(b) As part of the study under this Subsection (2), the institute shall identify best
498	practices for water use for the unique elements of Utah's diverse geography and topography,
499	including:
500	(i) surveying practices in similar climate states;
501	(ii) determining how much water is used by golf courses;
502	(iii) determining how much irrigable acreage is playing versus non-playing areas; and
503	(iv) recommending methods for capturing possible water savings.
504	(c) The institute shall work with owners and operators of golf courses to identify
505	strategic water savings opportunities.
506	(d) Notwithstanding Section 63G-2-305, in preparing the report described in
507	Subsection (2)(e), the institute shall consult and share data with the following stakeholders:
508	(i) two individuals selected by the Golf Alliance Utah;
509	(ii) one individual selected by the Utah Section of the Professional Golfers' Association
510	of America;
511	(iii) one individual selected by the Utah Golf Association; and
512	(iv) three individuals selected by the Utah Golf Course Superintendents Association.
513	(e) The institute shall report the findings of the study, in a manner that does not
514	identify golf courses, by no later than June 30, 2027, to the Legislative Water Development
515	Commission created in Section 73-27-102.
516	(3) An owner or operator of a golf course in the state shall work with the institute as
517	part of the study under Subsection (2).
518	(4) (a) The division shall develop a master plan for state-owned golf courses, including
519	addressing capital facilities and water use and conservation.
520	(b) The division shall report to the following committees regarding the division's
521	master plan by no later than the November 2025 interim meetings of the Legislature:

2nd Sub. (Salmon) S.B. 195

02-27-24 7:25 AM

522	(i) Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee; and
523	(ii) Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee.
524	Section 3. Effective date.
525	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.