Senator Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

1	CONDOMINIUM AND COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5	House Sponsor: Carol S. Moss
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions relating to homeowners' associations.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 modifies the rights of a board member of a nonprofit corporation to inspect and
13	copy records;
14	 adds an internal accessory dwelling unit to the definition of a rental;
15	 restricts a homeowners' association from regulating lease agreements in certain
16	circumstances;
17	 permits the board of a homeowners' association to presume the vote or approval of
18	an association member to amend the governing documents under certain conditions;
19	 requires that a homeowners' association adopt water wise landscaping rules;
20	 provides a remedy for an owner if the association does not implement water wise
21	landscaping rules;
22	 clarifies the process by which a county assessor may assess a common area for
23	property tax purposes;
24	 provides a process by which a homeowners' association may sell the common areas
25	located within the homeowners' association;

26	 defines terms; and
27	 makes technical and conforming changes.
28	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	16-6a-1602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
35	57-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
36	57-8-7.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 290
37	57-8-8.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
38	57-8-10.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
39	57-8-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 405
40	57-8-39, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 324
41	57-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
42	57-8a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 34, 325 and 387
43	57-8a-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
44	57-8a-218, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 503
45	57-8a-231, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 139, 199
46	59-2-301.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 49
47	ENACTS:
48	57-8a-232 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49 50	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
51	Section 1. Section 16-6a-1602 is amended to read:
52	16-6a-1602. Inspection of records by directors and members.
53	(1) A director or member is entitled to inspect and copy any of the records of the
54	nonprofit corporation described in Subsection 16-6a-1601(5):
55	(a) during regular business hours;
56	(b) at the nonprofit corporation's principal office; and

57	(c) if the director or member gives the nonprofit corporation written demand, at least
58	five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect and copy the records.
59	(2) In addition to the rights set forth in Subsection (1), a director or member is entitled
60	to inspect and copy any of the other records of the nonprofit corporation described in
61	[Subsections 16-6a-1601(2) through (5)] Subsections 16-6a-1601(1) through (3):
62	(a) during regular business hours;
63	(b) at a reasonable location specified by the nonprofit corporation; and
64	(c) at least five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect
65	and copy the records, if the director or member:
66	(i) meets the requirements of Subsection (3); and
67	(ii) gives the nonprofit corporation written demand.
68	(3) A director or member may inspect and copy the records described in [Subsection
69	(2)] Subsections (1) and (2) only if:
70	(a) the demand is made:
71	(i) in good faith; and
72	(ii) for a proper purpose;
73	(b) the director or member describes with reasonable particularity the purpose and the
74	records the director or member desires to inspect; and
75	(c) the records are directly connected with the described purpose.
76	(4) Notwithstanding Section 16-6a-102, for purposes of this section:
77	(a) "member" includes:
78	(i) a beneficial owner whose membership interest is held in a voting trust; and
79	(ii) any other beneficial owner of a membership interest who establishes beneficial
80	ownership; and
81	(b) "proper purpose" means a purpose reasonably related to the demanding member's or
82	director's interest as a member or director.
83	(5) The right of inspection granted by this section may not be abolished or limited by
84	the articles of incorporation or bylaws.
85	(6) This section does not affect:
86	(a) the right of a director or member to inspect records under Section 16-6a-710;
87	(b) the right of a member to inspect records to the same extent as any other litigant if

88	the member is in litigation with the nonprofit corporation; or
89	(c) the power of a court, independent of this chapter, to compel the production of
90	corporate records for examination.
91	(7) A director or member may not use any information obtained through the inspection
92	or copying of records permitted by Subsection (2) for any purposes other than those set forth in
93	a demand made under Subsection (3).
94	Section 2. Section 57-8-3 is amended to read:
95	57-8-3. Definitions.
96	As used in this chapter:
97	(1) "Assessment" means any charge imposed by the association, including:
98	(a) common expenses on or against a unit owner pursuant to the provisions of the
99	declaration, bylaws, or this chapter; and
100	(b) an amount that an association of unit owners assesses to a unit owner under
101	Subsection 57-8-43(9)(g).
102	(2) "Association of unit owners" or "association" means all of the unit owners:
103	(a) acting as a group in accordance with the declaration and bylaws; or
104	(b) organized as a legal entity in accordance with the declaration.
105	(3) "Building" means a building, containing units, and comprising a part of the
106	property.
107	(4) "Commercial condominium project" means a condominium project that has no
108	residential units within the project.
109	(5) "Common areas and facilities" unless otherwise provided in the declaration or
110	lawful amendments to the declaration means:
111	(a) the land included within the condominium project, whether leasehold or in fee
112	simple;
113	(b) the foundations, columns, girders, beams, supports, main walls, roofs, halls,
114	corridors, lobbies, stairs, stairways, fire escapes, entrances, and exits of the building;
115	(c) the basements, yards, gardens, parking areas, and storage spaces;
116	(d) the premises for lodging of janitors or persons in charge of the property;
117	(e) installations of central services such as power, light, gas, hot and cold water,
118	heating, refrigeration, air conditioning, and incinerating;

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119 (f) the elevators, tanks, pumps, motors, fans, compressors, ducts, and in general all 120 apparatus and installations existing for common use; 121 (g) such community and commercial facilities as may be provided for in the 122 declaration; and 123 (h) all other parts of the property necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance, 124 and safety, or normally in common use. 125 (6) "Common expenses" means: 126 (a) all sums lawfully assessed against the unit owners; 127 (b) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common 128 areas and facilities; 129 (c) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of unit owners; and 130 (d) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the bylaws. 131 (7) "Common profits," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful 132 133 amendments to the declaration, means the balance of all income, rents, profits, and revenues 134 from the common areas and facilities remaining after the deduction of the common expenses. 135 (8) "Condominium" means the ownership of a single unit in a multiunit project 136 together with an undivided interest in common in the common areas and facilities of the 137 property. (9) "Condominium plat" means a plat or plats of survey of land and units prepared in 138 139 accordance with Section 57-8-13. 140 (10) "Condominium project" means a real estate condominium project; a plan or 141 project whereby two or more units, whether contained in existing or proposed apartments, 142 commercial or industrial buildings or structures, or otherwise, are separately offered or 143 proposed to be offered for sale. Condominium project also means the property when the 144 context so requires. 145 (11) "Condominium unit" means a unit together with the undivided interest in the 146 common areas and facilities appertaining to that unit. Any reference in this chapter to a 147 condominium unit includes both a physical unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest in the common areas and facilities and a time period unit together with its appurtenant 148 149 undivided interest, unless the reference is specifically limited to a time period unit.

- (12) "Contractible condominium" means a condominium project from which one or more portions of the land within the project may be withdrawn in accordance with provisions of the declaration and of this chapter. If the withdrawal can occur only by the expiration or termination of one or more leases, then the condominium project is not a contractible condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
- (13) "Convertible land" means a building site which is a portion of the common areas
 and facilities, described by metes and bounds, within which additional units or limited common
 areas and facilities may be created in accordance with this chapter.
- (14) "Convertible space" means a portion of the structure within the condominium
 project, which portion may be converted into one or more units or common areas and facilities,
 including limited common areas and facilities in accordance with this chapter.
- 161 (15) "Declarant" means all persons who execute the declaration or on whose behalf the 162 declaration is executed. From the time of the recordation of any amendment to the declaration 163 expanding an expandable condominium, all persons who execute that amendment or on whose 164 behalf that amendment is executed shall also come within this definition. Any successors of 165 the persons referred to in this subsection who come to stand in the same relation to the 166 condominium project as their predecessors also come within this definition.
- 167 (16) "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the168 provisions of this act, as it from time to time may be lawfully amended.
- 169 (17) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- 170 (18) "Expandable condominium" means a condominium project to which additional
 171 land or an interest in it may be added in accordance with the declaration and this chapter.
- 172 (19) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- 173 (20) "Governing documents":
- 174 (a) means a written instrument by which an association of unit owners may:
- 175 (i) exercise powers; or
- (ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of theassociation of unit owners; and
- 178 (b) includes:
- 179 (i) articles of incorporation;
- 180 (ii) bylaws;

181	(iii) a plat;
182	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
183	(v) rules of the association of unit owners.
184	(21) "Independent third party" means a person that:
185	(a) is not related to the unit owner;
186	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the unit owner; and
187	(c) purchases the unit in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current or future
188	lienholder.
189	(22) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a unit:
190	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
191	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property;
192	and
193	(c) as provided in this chapter.
194	(23) "Leasehold condominium" means a condominium project in all or any portion of
195	which each unit owner owns an estate for years in his unit, or in the land upon which that unit
196	is situated, or both, with all those leasehold interests to expire naturally at the same time. A
197	condominium project including leased land, or an interest in the land, upon which no units are
198	situated or to be situated is not a leasehold condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
199	(24) "Limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and facilities
200	designated in the declaration as reserved for use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion of the
201	other units.
202	(25) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners," unless otherwise provided in the
203	declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the owners of more than 50% in
204	the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common areas and facilities.
205	(26) "Management committee" means the committee as provided in the declaration
206	charged with and having the responsibility and authority to make and to enforce all of the
207	reasonable rules covering the operation and maintenance of the property.
208	(27) "Management committee meeting" means a gathering of a management
209	committee, whether in person or by means of electronic communication, at which the
210	management committee can take binding action.
211	(28) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows

212	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
213	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
214	(i) web conferencing;
215	(ii) video conferencing; and
216	(iii) telephone conferencing.
217	(29) "Mixed-use condominium project" means a condominium project that has both
218	residential and commercial units in the condominium project.
219	(30) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a unit:
220	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
221	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
222	57-1-34; and
223	(c) as provided in this chapter.
224	(31) "Par value" means a number of dollars or points assigned to each unit by the
225	declaration. Substantially identical units shall be assigned the same par value, but units located
226	at substantially different heights above the ground, or having substantially different views, or
227	having substantially different amenities or other characteristics that might result in differences
228	in market value, may be considered substantially identical within the meaning of this
229	subsection. If par value is stated in terms of dollars, that statement may not be considered to
230	reflect or control the sales price or fair market value of any unit, and no opinion, appraisal, or
231	fair market transaction at a different figure may affect the par value of any unit, or any
232	undivided interest in the common areas and facilities, voting rights in the unit owners'
233	association, liability for common expenses, or right to common profits, assigned on the basis
234	thereof.
235	(32) "Period of administrative control" means the period of control described in
236	Subsection 57-8-16.5(1).
237	(33) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trustee, or
238	other legal entity.
239	(34) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
240	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
241	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
242	(35) "Property" means the land, whether leasehold or in fee simple, the building, if any,

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243 all improvements and structures thereon, all easements, rights, and appurtenances belonging 244 thereto, and all articles of personal property intended for use in connection therewith. 245 (36) "Protected area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7. (37) "Record," "recording," "recorded," and "recorder" have the meaning stated in 246 247 Chapter 3, Recording of Documents. 248 (38) "Rentals" or "rental unit" means: 249 (a) a unit that: 250 (i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and 251 (ii) is occupied by an individual while the unit owner is not occupying the unit as the 252 unit owner's primary residence; or 253 (b) an occupied unit owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the unit. (39) "Size" means the number of cubic feet, or the number of square feet of ground or 254 255 floor space, within each unit as computed by reference to the record of survey map and rounded off to a whole number. Certain spaces within the units including attic, basement, or garage 256 257 space may be omitted from the calculation or be partially discounted by the use of a ratio, if the 258 same basis of calculation is employed for all units in the condominium project and if that basis 259 is described in the declaration. 260 (40) "Time period unit" means an annually recurring part or parts of a year specified in 261 the declaration as a period for which a unit is separately owned and includes a timeshare estate as defined in Section 57-19-2. 262 263 (41) "Unconstructed unit" means a unit that: 264 (a) is intended, as depicted in the condominium plat, to be fully or partially contained 265 in a building; and 266 (b) is not constructed. 267 (42) (a) "Unit" means a separate part of the property intended for any type of 268 independent use, which is created by the recording of a declaration and a condominium plat 269 that describes the unit boundaries. 270 (b) "Unit" includes one or more rooms or spaces located in one or more floors or a 271 portion of a floor in a building. 272 (c) "Unit" includes a convertible space, in accordance with Subsection 57-8-13.4(3). 273 (43) "Unit number" means the number, letter, or combination of numbers and letters

274	designating the unit in the declaration and in the record of survey map.
275	(44) "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a unit in fee simple and an
276	undivided interest in the fee simple estate of the common areas and facilities in the percentage
277	specified and established in the declaration or, in the case of a leasehold condominium project,
278	the person or persons whose leasehold interest or interests in the condominium unit extend for
279	the entire balance of the unexpired term or terms.
280	(45) "Water wise landscaping" means:
281	(a) installation of plant materials, suited to the microclimate and soil conditions, that
282	<u>can:</u>
283	(i) remain healthy with minimal irrigation once established; or
284	(ii) be maintained without the use of overhead spray irrigation;
285	(b) use of water for outdoor irrigation through proper and efficient irrigation design and
286	water application; or
287	(c) use of other landscape design features that:
288	(i) minimize the landscape's need for supplemental water from irrigation;
289	(ii) reduce the landscape area dedicated to lawn or turf; or
290	(iii) encourage vegetative coverage.
291	(46) "Water wise plant material" means a plant material suited to water wise
292	landscaping.
293	Section 3. Section 57-8-7.2 is amended to read:
294	57-8-7.2. Scope Designation of certain areas.
295	(1) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, this section applies to a unit if the
296	declaration designates a wall, floor, or ceiling as a boundary of the unit.
297	(2) (a) The following are part of a unit:
298	(i) lath;
299	(ii) furring;
300	(iii) wallboard;
301	(iv) plasterboard;
302	(v) plaster;
303	(vi) paneling;
304	(vii) tiles;

305	(viii) wallpaper;
306	(ix) paint;
307	(x) finished flooring; and
308	(xi) any other material constituting part of the finished surface of a wall, floor, or
309	ceiling.
310	(b) Any portion of a wall, floor, or ceiling not listed in Subsection (2)(a) is part of the
311	common areas and facilities.
312	(3) If a chute, flue, duct, pipe, wire, conduit, bearing wall, bearing column, or any other
313	fixture lies partially within and partially outside the designated boundaries of a unit:
314	(a) any portion of an item described in this Subsection (3) serving only that unit is part
315	of the limited common areas and facilities; and
316	(b) any portion of an item described in this Subsection (3) is part of the common areas
317	and facilities if the item serves:
318	(i) more than one unit; or
319	(ii) any portion of the common areas and facilities.
320	(4) Subject to Subsection (3), the following within the boundaries of a unit are part of
321	the unit:
322	(a) spaces;
323	(b) interior partitions; and
324	(c) other fixtures and improvements.
325	(5) The following, if designated to serve a single unit but located outside the unit's
326	boundaries, are limited common areas and facilities allocated exclusively to a unit:
327	(a) a shutter;
328	(b) an awning;
329	(c) a window box;
330	(d) a doorstep;
331	(e) a stoop;
332	(f) a porch;
333	(g) a balcony;
334	(h) a patio;
335	(i) an exterior door;

336	(j) an exterior window; and
337	(k) any other fixture.
338	Section 4. Section 57-8-8.1 is amended to read:
339	57-8-8.1. Equal treatment by rules required Limits on rules.
340	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated unit
341	owners similarly.
342	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
343	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association of unit owners
344	provides to unit owners;
345	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; or
346	(iii) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
347	reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas and facilities as
348	the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest.
349	(2) (a) If a unit owner owns a rental unit and is in compliance with the association of
350	unit owners' governing documents and any rule that the association of unit owners adopts under
351	[Subsection (4)] Subsection (5), a rule may not treat the unit owner differently because the unit
352	owner owns a rental unit.
353	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may:
354	(i) limit or prohibit a rental unit owner from using the common areas and facilities for
355	purposes other than attending an association meeting or managing the rental unit;
356	(ii) if the rental unit owner retains the right to use the association of unit owners'
357	common areas and facilities, even occasionally:
358	(A) charge a rental unit owner a fee to use the common areas and facilities; and
359	(B) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
360	reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas and facilities as
361	the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest; or
362	(iii) include a provision in the association of unit owners' governing documents that:
363	(A) requires each tenant of a rental unit to abide by the terms of the governing
364	documents; and
365	(B) holds the tenant and the rental unit owner jointly and severally liable for a violation
366	of a provision of the governing documents.

367	(3) (a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a unit owner to determine the
368	composition of the unit owner's household.
369	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an association of unit owners may:
370	(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit;
371	or
372	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
373	basis of the residential dwelling's:
374	(A) size and facilities; and
375	(B) fair use of the common areas and facilities.
376	(4) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.
377	(5) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association of unit owners may by
378	rule:
379	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
380	areas and facilities;
381	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
382	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas and
383	facilities; and
384	(ii) a service provided to a unit owner;
385	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
386	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association of unit owners' officers and
387	management committee consistent with Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit
388	Corporation Act.
389	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a rule may not prohibit a unit owner
390	from installing a personal security camera immediately adjacent to the entryway, window, or
391	other outside entry point of the owner's condominium unit.
392	(b) A rule may prohibit a unit owner from installing a personal security camera in a
393	common area not physically connected to the owner's unit.
394	(7) (a) A rule may not abridge the right of a unit owner to display a religious or holiday
395	sign, symbol, or decoration inside the owner's condominium unit.
396	(b) An association may adopt a reasonable time, place, and manner restriction with
397	respect to a display that is visible from the exterior of a unit.

398	(8) (a) A rule may not:
399	(i) prohibit a unit owner from displaying in a window of the owner's condominium
400	unit:
401	(A) a for-sale sign; or
402	(B) a political sign;
403	(ii) regulate the content of a political sign; or
404	(iii) establish design criteria for a political sign.
405	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the size and
406	time, place, and manner of posting a for-sale sign or a political sign.
407	(9) [An] For any area for which one or more unit owners are responsible for landscape
408	maintenance, the association of unit owners:
409	(a) shall adopt rules supporting [water-efficient landscaping, including allowance for]
410	water wise landscaping, including:
411	(i) low water use requirements on lawns during drought conditions;
412	(ii) design criterion for water wise landscaping; and
413	(iii) limiting permissible plant material to specific water wise plant material;
414	(b) may not prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions; and
415	[(b)] (c) may not prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to
416	water-efficient landscaping.
417	(10) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is
418	maintained, operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in
419	Subsection 77-27-21.7(3).
420	(11) A rule shall be reasonable.
421	(12) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the
422	requirements of Subsections (1) through (5), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
423	(13) This section applies to an association of unit owners regardless of when the
424	association of unit owners is created.
425	Section 5. Section 57-8-10.1 is amended to read:
426	57-8-10.1. Rental restrictions.
427	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), and (6), an association of unit owners may:
428	(i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in a condominium project; or

429	(ii) prohibit rentals in the condominium project.
430	(b) An association of unit owners that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in
431	accordance with Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a
432	declaration or by amending the declaration.
433	(2) If an association of unit owners prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and
434	term of rentals, the restrictions shall include:
435	(a) a provision that requires a condominium project to exempt from the rental
436	restrictions the following unit owner and the unit owner's unit:
437	(i) a unit owner in the military for the period of the unit owner's deployment;
438	(ii) a unit occupied by a unit owner's parent, child, or sibling;
439	(iii) a unit owner whose employer has relocated the unit owner for two years or less;
440	(iv) a unit owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who:
441	(A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and
442	(B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and losses of
443	the entity; or
444	(v) a unit owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the
445	trust or other estate planning entity was created for the estate of:
446	(A) a current resident of the unit; or
447	(B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the unit;
448	(b) a provision that allows a unit owner who has a rental in the condominium project
449	before the time the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with the county
450	recorder of the county in which the condominium project is located to continue renting until:
451	(i) the unit owner occupies the unit;
452	(ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a
453	similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an ownership interest in
454	the unit, occupies the unit; or
455	(iii) the unit is transferred; and
456	(c) a requirement that the association of unit owners create, by rule or resolution,
457	procedures to:
458	(i) determine and track the number of rentals and units in the condominium project
459	subject to the provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and

460	(ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions.
461	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the
462	following occur:
463	(a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a unit by deed;
464	(b) the granting of a life estate in the unit; or
465	(c) if the unit is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or
466	other business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share, stock,
467	membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period.
468	(4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association
469	of unit owners that complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act, 42
470	U.S.C. Sec. 3607.
471	(5) A declaration or amendment to a declaration recorded before transfer of the first
472	unit from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for the
473	exceptions, provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2).
474	(6) (a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to:
475	(i) a condominium project that contains a time period unit as defined in Section 57-8-3;
476	(ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or
477	(iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), a condominium project in which the initial
478	declaration is recorded before May 12, 2009, unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the association
479	of unit owners:
480	(A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or
481	(B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition.
482	(b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental
483	restriction or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption
484	described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv).
485	(7) Notwithstanding this section, an association of unit owners may restrict or prohibit
486	rentals without an exception described in Subsection (2) if:
487	(a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all unit owners; and
488	(b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association of unit
489	owners' declaration, the association of unit owners fulfills all other requirements for amending
490	the declaration described in the association of unit owners' governing documents.

491	(8) Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association of unit owners may not require
492	a unit owner who owns a rental unit to:
493	(a) obtain the association of unit owners' approval of a prospective renter;
494	(b) give the association of unit owners:
495	(i) a copy of a rental application;
496	(ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;
497	(iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
498	(iv) documentation to verify the renter's age; [or]
499	(c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the unit is a rental unit[.];
500	(d) use a lease agreement provided by the association;
501	(e) obtain the association's approval of a lease agreement;
502	(f) use a lease agreement for an initial term longer than six months; or
503	(g) otherwise make a rental unit available for an initial term longer than six months.
504	(9) (a) A unit owner who owns a rental unit shall give an association of unit owners the
505	documents described in Subsection (8)(b) if the unit owner is required to provide the
506	documents by court order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
507	(b) If an association of unit owners' declaration lawfully prohibits or restricts
508	occupancy of the units by a certain class of individuals, the association of unit owners may
509	require a unit owner who owns a rental unit to give the association of unit owners the
510	information described in Subsection (8)(b), if:
511	(i) the information helps the association of unit owners determine whether the renter's
512	occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners' declaration; and
513	(ii) the association of unit owners uses the information to determine whether the
514	renter's occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners' declaration.
515	(c) An association that permits [at least 35% of the] units in the association to be rental
516	units may charge a unit owner who owns a rental unit an annual fee of up to \$200 to defray the
517	association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a unit that is a rental unit, as
518	detailed in an accounting provided to the unit owner.
519	(d) An association may require a unit owner who owns a rental unit and the renter of
520	the unit owner's rental unit to sign an addendum to a lease agreement provided by the
521	association.

522	(10) The provisions of Subsections (8) and (9) apply to an association of unit owners
523	regardless of when the association of unit owners is created.
524	Section 6. Section 57-8-32 is amended to read:
525	57-8-32. Sale of property.
526	(1) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration or bylaws, and notwithstanding the
527	provisions of Sections 57-8-30 and 57-8-31, the unit owners may[, at a meeting of unit owners
528	called for the purpose of voting,] by an affirmative vote of at least 67% of unit owners, elect to
529	sell, convey, transfer, or otherwise dispose of the property or all or part of the common areas
530	and facilities.
531	(2) An affirmative vote described in Subsection (1) is binding upon all unit owners,
532	and each unit owner shall execute and deliver the appropriate instruments and perform all acts
533	as necessary to effect the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the property or
534	common areas and facilities.
535	(3) The general easement of ingress, egress, and use of the common areas and facilities
536	granted to an association and unit owners through recorded governing documents is
537	extinguished in any portion of the common areas and facilities the unit owners sell, convey,
538	transfer, or otherwise dispose of, if:
539	(a) the unit owners, in selling, conveying, transferring, or otherwise disposing of the
540	portion of the common areas and facilities, comply with:
541	(i) the provisions of this section; and
542	(ii) Section 10-9a-606 or 17-27a-606; and
543	(b) the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the portion of the common
544	areas and facilities results in a person other than the association or a unit owner owning the
545	portion of the common areas and facilities.
546	(4) This section applies to an association of unit owners regardless of when the
547	association of unit owners is created.
548	Section 7. Section 57-8-39 is amended to read:
549	57-8-39. Limitation on requirements for amending governing documents
550	Limitation on contracts.
551	(1) (a) (i) To amend the governing documents, the governing documents may not
552	require:

553	(A) for an amendment adopted after the period of administrative control, the vote or
554	approval of unit owners with more than 67% of the voting interests;
555	(B) the approval of any specific unit owner; or
556	(C) the vote or approval of lien holders holding more than 67% of the first position
557	security interests secured by a mortgage or trust deed in the association of unit owners.
558	(ii) Any provision in the governing documents that prohibits a vote or approval to
559	amend any part of the governing documents during a particular time period is invalid.
560	(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to an amendment affecting only:
561	(i) the undivided interest of each unit owner in the common areas and facilities, as
562	expressed in the declaration;
563	(ii) unit boundaries; or
564	(iii) unit owners' voting rights.
565	(2) (a) A contract for services such as garbage collection, maintenance, lawn care, or
566	snow removal executed on behalf of the association of unit owners during a period of
567	administrative control is binding beyond the period of administrative control unless terminated
568	by the management committee after the period of administrative control ends.
569	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to golf course and amenity management, utilities,
570	cable services, and other similar services that require an investment of infrastructure or capital.
571	(3) Voting interests under Subsection (1) are calculated in the manner required by the
572	governing documents.
573	(4) (a) A unit owner is considered to vote in favor of a proposed amendment to the
574	governing documents if:
575	(i) the association satisfies the notice requirements described in this Subsection (4);
576	(ii) the unit owner does not respond before the deadline described in Subsection
577	<u>(4)(c)(iii);</u>
578	(iii) the unit owner does not vote on the proposed amendment:
579	(A) in the meeting in which the vote occurs; or
580	(B) by written ballot in accordance with Section <u>16-6a-709</u> ;
581	(iv) at least 36% of the voting interests, excluding the voting interests of the
582	management committee members, vote in the meeting on the proposed amendment; and
583	(v) 67% of voting interests that vote on the proposed amendment vote in favor of the

584	proposed amendment, or a lower threshold if provided in the governing documents.
585	(b) (i) A proposed amendment to the governing documents is adopted if the total
586	voting interests represented by the presumptive votes described in Subsection (4)(a) and the
587	affirmative votes satisfy the threshold in the governing documents required for an amendment.
588	(ii) An amendment to the governing documents that is adopted as a result of one or
589	more presumptive votes described in Subsection (4)(a) may not take effect before 14 days after
590	the day on which the vote on the amendment occurs.
591	(iii) An association may overturn an amendment to the governing documents that is
592	adopted as a result of one or more presumptive votes described in Subsection (4)(a) if:
593	(A) the association convenes a meeting for the purpose of voting to overturn the
594	amendment; and
595	(B) at least 51% of the total voting interests vote to overturn the amendment.
596	(c) Before an association considers a unit owner's vote on a proposed amendment to
597	the governing documents as a favorable vote in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), the
598	association shall provide the unit owner:
599	(i) written notice, as described in this Subsection (4)(c), at least 60 days before the day
600	on which the association votes on the proposed amendment; and
601	(ii) if the unit owner does not respond to the written notice within 30 days after the day
602	on which the notice is sent, a second written notice that includes the information described in
603	Subsection (4)(c)(iii).
604	(iii) An association shall include the following in a notice under this Subsection (4)(c):
605	(A) a copy of the proposed amendment;
606	(B) if the vote will occur at a meeting, the time, date, and location of the meeting
607	where the vote on the proposed amendment will occur;
608	(C) a deadline by which the unit owner must respond to the notice and indicate whether
609	the unit owner supports the proposed amendment;
610	(D) the name and contact information for the individual designated to receive a
611	response described in Subsection (4)(c)(iii)(C); and
612	(E) a statement that failure to respond by the deadline described in Subsection
613	(4)(c)(iii)(C) may have the effect of voting in favor of the proposed amendment.
614	(d) (i) An association may send a notice described in Subsection (4)(c) electronically or

615	via certified mail.
616	(ii) If the association sends the notice electronically, the association shall deliver the
617	notice to the email address that the unit owner provides to the management committee.
618	(iii) If the association sends the notice via certified mail, the association shall deliver
619	the notice to the unit owner's mailing address provided to the management committee or, if the
620	unit owner does not provide a mailing address, the address listed in the most recently recorded
621	instrument containing an address.
622	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ Nothing in this section affects any other rights reserved by the declarant.
623	[(5)] (6) This section applies to an association of unit owners regardless of when the
624	association of unit owners is created.
625	Section 8. Section 57-8a-102 is amended to read:
626	57-8a-102. Definitions.
627	As used in this chapter:
628	(1) (a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied:
629	(i) by the association;
630	(ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and
631	(iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder.
632	(b) "Assessment" includes:
633	(i) a common expense; and
634	(ii) an amount assessed against a lot owner under Subsection 57-8a-405(7).
635	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation or
636	other legal entity, any member of which:
637	(i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as
638	described in the governing documents; and
639	(ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay:
640	(A) real property taxes;
641	(B) insurance premiums;
642	(C) maintenance costs; or
643	(D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member.
644	(b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created
615	under Chanter & Condominium Oumership Act

645 under Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.

646	(3) "Board meeting" means a gathering of a board, whether in person or by means of
647	electronic communication, at which the board can take binding action.
648	(4) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary
649	authority to manage the affairs of the association.
650	(5) "Common areas" means property that the association:
651	(a) owns;
652	(b) maintains;
653	(c) repairs; or
654	(d) administers.
655	(6) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the
656	powers provided for in the association's governing documents.
657	(7) "Declarant":
658	(a) means the person who executes a declaration and submits it for recording in the
659	office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the declaration is
660	located; and
661	(b) includes the person's successor and assign.
662	(8) "Director" means a member of the board of directors.
663	(9) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
664	(10) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
665	(11) (a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the association
666	may:
667	(i) exercise powers; or
668	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
669	association.
670	(b) "Governing documents" includes:
671	(i) articles of incorporation;
672	(ii) bylaws;
673	(iii) a plat;
674	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
675	(v) rules of the association.
676	(12) "Independent third party" means a person that:

677	(a) is not related to the owner of the residential lot;
678	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the owner of the residential lot; and
679	(c) purchases the residential lot in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current
680	or future lienholder.
681	(13) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a lot:
682	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
683	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property;
684	and
685	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
686	(14) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:
687	(a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and
688	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,
689	gratuity, or emolument.
690	(15) "Limited common areas" means common areas described in the declaration and
691	allocated for the exclusive use of one or more lot owners.
692	(16) "Lot" means:
693	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:
694	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and
695	(ii) (A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or
696	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or
697	(b) (i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part of
698	a development; or
699	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a
700	development.
701	(17) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
702	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
703	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
704	(i) web conferencing;
705	(ii) video conferencing; and
706	(iii) telephone conferencing.
707	(18) "Mixed-use project" means a project under this chapter that has both residential

708	and commercial lots in the project.
709	(19) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a lot:
710	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
711	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
712	57-1-34; and
713	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
714	(20) "Period of administrative control" means the period during which the person who
715	filed the association's governing documents or the person's successor in interest retains
716	authority to:
717	(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or
718	(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under the association's
719	governing documents.
720	(21) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
721	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
722	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
723	(22) "Protected area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
724	(23) "Rentals" or "rental lot" means:
725	(a) a lot that:
726	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
727	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the lot owner is not occupying the lot as the lot
728	owner's primary residence; [or]
729	(b) an occupied lot owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the lot[-]; or
730	(c) an internal accessory dwelling unit as defined in Section 10-9a-530 or 17-27a-526.
731	(24) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant, or
732	otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.
733	(25) (a) "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction, procedure, or regulation of an
734	association that:
735	(i) is not set forth in a contract, easement, article of incorporation, bylaw, or
736	declaration; and
737	(ii) governs:
738	(A) the conduct of persons; or

739	(B) the use, quality, type, design, or appearance of real property or personal property.
740	(b) "Rule" does not include the internal business operating procedures of a board.
741	(26) "Sex offender" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
742	(27) "Solar energy system" means:
743	(a) a system that is used to produce electric energy from sunlight; and
744	(b) the components of the system described in Subsection (27)(a).
745	Section 9. Section 57-8a-104 is amended to read:
746	57-8a-104. Limitation on requirements for amending governing documents
747	Limitation on contracts.
748	(1) (a) (i) To amend the governing documents, the governing documents may not
749	require:
750	(A) for an amendment adopted after the period of administrative control, the vote or
751	approval of lot owners with more than 67% of the voting interests;
752	(B) the approval of any specific lot owner; or
753	(C) the vote or approval of lien holders holding more than 67% of the first position
754	security interests secured by a mortgage or trust deed in the association.
755	(ii) Any provision in the governing documents that prohibits a vote or approval to
756	amend any part of the governing documents during a particular time period is invalid.
757	(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to an amendment affecting only:
758	(i) lot boundaries; or
759	(ii) lot owner's voting rights.
760	(2) (a) A contract for services such as garbage collection, maintenance, lawn care, or
761	snow removal executed on behalf of the association during a period of administrative control is
762	binding beyond the period of administrative control unless terminated by the board of directors
763	after the period of administrative control ends.
764	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to golf course and amenity management, utilities,
765	cable services, and other similar services that require an investment of infrastructure or capital.
766	(3) Voting interests under Subsection (1) are calculated in the manner required by the
767	governing documents.
768	(4) (a) A lot owner is considered to vote in favor of a proposed amendment to the
769	governing documents if:

770	(i) the association satisfies the notice requirements described in this Subsection (4);
771	(ii) the lot owner does not respond before the deadline described in Subsection
772	<u>(4)(c)(iii);</u>
773	(iii) the lot owner does not vote on the proposed amendment:
774	(A) in the meeting in which the vote occurs; or
775	(B) by written ballot in accordance with Section <u>16-6a-709</u> ;
776	(iv) at least 36% of voting interests, excluding the voting interests of the members of
777	the board of directors, vote in the meeting on the proposed amendment; and
778	(v) 67% of the voting interests that vote on the proposed amendment vote in favor of
779	the proposed amendment, or a lower threshold if provided in the governing documents.
780	(b) (i) A proposed amendment to the governing documents is adopted if the total
781	voting interests represented by the presumptive votes described in Subsection (4)(a) and the
782	affirmative votes satisfy the threshold in the governing documents required for an amendment.
783	(ii) An amendment to the governing documents that is adopted as a result of one or
784	more presumptive votes described in Subsection (4)(a) may not take effect before 14 days after
785	the day on which the vote on the amendment occurs.
786	(iii) An association may overturn an amendment to the governing documents that is
787	adopted as a result of one or more presumptive votes described in Subsection (4)(a) if:
788	(A) the association convenes a meeting for the purpose of voting to overturn the
789	amendment; and
790	(B) at least 51% of the total voting interests vote to overturn the amendment.
791	(c) Before an association considers a lot owner's vote on a proposed amendment to the
792	governing documents as a favorable vote in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), the association
793	shall provide the lot owner:
794	(i) written notice, as described in this Subsection (4)(c), at least 60 days before the day
795	on which the association votes on the proposed amendment; and
796	(ii) if the lot owner does not respond to the written notice within 30 days after the day
797	on which the notice is sent, a second written notice that includes the information described in
798	Subsection (4)(c)(iii).
799	(iii) An association shall include the following in a notice under this Subsection (4)(c):
800	(A) a copy of the proposed amendment;

801	(B) if the vote will occur at a meeting, the time, date, and location of the meeting
802	where the vote on the proposed amendment will occur;
803	(C) a deadline by which the lot owner must respond to the notice and indicate whether
804	the lot owner supports the proposed amendment;
805	(D) the name and contact information for the individual designated to receive a
806	response described in Subsection (4)(c)(iii)(C); and
807	(E) a statement that failure to respond by the deadline described in Subsection
808	(4)(c)(iii)(C) may have the effect of voting in favor of the proposed amendment.
809	(d) (i) An association may send a notice described in Subsection (4)(c) electronically or
810	via certified mail.
811	(ii) If the association sends the notice electronically, the association shall deliver the
812	notice to the email address that the lot owner provides to the board of directors.
813	(iii) If the association sends the notice via certified mail, the association shall deliver
814	the notice to the lot owner's mailing address provided to the board of directors or, if the lot
815	owner does not provide a mailing address, the address listed in the most recently recorded
816	instrument containing an address.
817	[(4)] (5) Nothing in this section affects any other rights reserved by the person who
818	filed the association's original governing documents or a successor in interest.
819	[(5)] (6) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is
820	created.
821	Section 10. Section 57-8a-209 is amended to read:
822	57-8a-209. Rental restrictions.
823	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), (6), and (10), an association may:
824	(i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in an association; or
825	(ii) prohibit rentals in the association.
826	(b) An association that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in accordance with
827	Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a recorded declaration of
828	covenants, conditions, and restrictions, or by amending the recorded declaration of covenants,
829	conditions, and restrictions.
830	(2) If an association prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and term of
831	rentals, the restrictions shall include:

832	(a) a provision that requires the association to exempt from the rental restrictions the
833	following lot owner and the lot owner's lot:
834	(i) a lot owner in the military for the period of the lot owner's deployment;
835	(ii) a lot occupied by a lot owner's parent, child, or sibling;
836	(iii) a lot owner whose employer has relocated the lot owner for two years or less;
837	(iv) a lot owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who:
838	(A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and
839	(B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and losses of
840	the entity; or
841	(v) a lot owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the trust
842	or other estate planning entity was created for:
843	(A) the estate of a current resident of the lot; or
844	(B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the lot;
845	(b) a provision that allows a lot owner who has a rental in the association before the
846	time the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with the county recorder of
847	the county in which the association is located to continue renting until:
848	(i) the lot owner occupies the lot;
849	(ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a
850	similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an ownership interest in
851	the lot, occupies the lot; or
852	(iii) the lot is transferred; and
853	(c) a requirement that the association create, by rule or resolution, procedures to:
854	(i) determine and track the number of rentals and lots in the association subject to the
855	provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and
856	(ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions.
857	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the
858	following occur:
859	(a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a lot by deed;
860	(b) the granting of a life estate in the lot; or
861	(c) if the lot is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or other
862	business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share, stock,

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863 membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period. 864 (4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association 865 that complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 866 3607. 867 (5) A declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions or amendments to the 868 declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions recorded before the transfer of the first lot 869 from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for the exceptions, 870 provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2). 871 (6) (a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to: (i) an association that contains a time period unit as defined in Section 57-8-3; 872 873 (ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or 874 (iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), an association that is formed before May 12, 2009, 875 unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the association: (A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or 876 877 (B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition. 878 (b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental 879 restriction or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption 880 described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv). 881 (7) Notwithstanding this section, an association may restrict or prohibit rentals without 882 an exception described in Subsection (2) if: 883 (a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all lot owners; and 884 (b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association's 885 recorded declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions, the association fulfills all other 886 requirements for amending the recorded declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions 887 described in the association's governing documents. 888 (8) Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association may not require a lot owner 889 who owns a rental lot to: 890 (a) obtain the association's approval of a prospective renter; 891 (b) give the association: 892 (i) a copy of a rental application; 893 (ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;

894	(iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
895	(iv) documentation to verify the renter's age; [or]
896	(c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the lot is a rental lot[-];
897	(d) use a lease agreement provided by the association;
898	(e) obtain the association's approval of a lease agreement;
899	(f) use a lease agreement for an initial term longer than six months; or
900	(g) otherwise make a rental lot available for an initial term longer than six months.
901	(9) (a) A lot owner who owns a rental lot shall give an association the documents
902	described in Subsection (8)(b) if the lot owner is required to provide the documents by court
903	order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
904	(b) If an association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions lawfully
905	prohibits or restricts occupancy of the lots by a certain class of individuals, the association may
906	require a lot owner who owns a rental lot to give the association the information described in
907	Subsection (8)(b), if:
908	(i) the information helps the association determine whether the renter's occupancy of
909	the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions;
910	and
911	(ii) the association uses the information to determine whether the renter's occupancy of
912	the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions.
913	(c) An association that permits at least 35% of the lots in the association to be rental
914	lots may charge a lot owner who owns a rental lot an annual fee of up to \$200 to defray the
915	association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a lot that is a rental lot, as
916	detailed in an accounting provided to the lot owner.
917	(d) An association may require a lot owner who owns a rental lot and the renter of the
918	lot owner's rental lot to sign an addendum to a lease agreement provided by the association.
919	(10) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), an association may not restrict or prohibit the
920	rental of an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section 10-9a-530 or 17-27a-526,
921	constructed within a lot owner's residential lot, if the internal accessory dwelling unit complies
922	with all applicable:
923	(a) land use ordinances;
924	(b) building codes;

925	(c) health codes; and
926	(d) fire codes.
927	(11) The provisions of Subsections (8) through (10) apply to an association regardless
928	of when the association is created.
929	Section 11. Section 57-8a-218 is amended to read:
930	57-8a-218. Equal treatment by rules required Limits on association rules and
931	design criteria.
932	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated lot
933	owners similarly.
934	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
935	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association provides to lot
936	owners;
937	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; and
938	(iii) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable
939	limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities as guests of
940	the lot tenant or lot owner.
941	(2) (a) If a lot owner owns a rental lot and is in compliance with the association's
942	governing documents and any rule that the association adopts under Subsection (4), a rule may
943	not treat the lot owner differently because the lot owner owns a rental lot.
944	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may:
945	(i) limit or prohibit a rental lot owner from using the common areas for purposes other
946	than attending an association meeting or managing the rental lot;
947	(ii) if the rental lot owner retains the right to use the association's common areas, even
948	occasionally:
949	(A) charge a rental lot owner a fee to use the common areas; or
950	(B) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable
951	limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities as guests of
952	the lot tenant or lot owner; or
953	(iii) include a provision in the association's governing documents that:
954	(A) requires each tenant of a rental lot to abide by the terms of the governing
055	do primantar and

955 documents; and

956	(B) holds the tenant and the rental lot owner jointly and severally liable for a violation
957	of a provision of the governing documents.
958	(3) (a) A rule criterion may not abridge the rights of a lot owner to display a religious
959	or holiday sign, symbol, or decoration:
960	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
961	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
962	(A) a lot;
963	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest in, or
964	a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the exterior; or
965	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest in,
966	or a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the yard.
967	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the association may adopt a reasonable time,
968	place, and manner restriction with respect to a display that is:
969	(i) outside a dwelling on:
970	(A) a lot;
971	(B) the exterior of the dwelling; or
972	(C) the front yard of the dwelling; and
973	(ii) visible from outside the lot.
974	(4) (a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a political sign:
975	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
976	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
977	(A) a lot;
978	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an ownership
979	interest in the exterior; or
980	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
981	ownership interest in the yard.
982	(b) A rule may not regulate the content of a political sign.
983	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,
984	and manner of posting a political sign.
985	(d) An association design provision may not establish design criteria for a political
986	sign.

987	(5) (a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a for-sale sign:
988	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
989	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
990	(A) a lot;
991	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an ownership
992	interest in the exterior; or
993	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
994	ownership interest in the yard.
995	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,
996	and manner of posting a for-sale sign.
997	(6) (a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a lot owner to determine the
998	composition of the lot owner's household.
999	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), an association may:
1000	(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit;
1001	or
1002	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
1003	basis of the residential dwelling's:
1004	(A) size and facilities; and
1005	(B) fair use of the common areas.
1006	(7) (a) A rule may not interfere with a reasonable activity of a lot owner within the
1007	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, to the extent that
1008	the activity is in compliance with local laws and ordinances, including nuisance laws and
1009	ordinances.
1010	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a rule may prohibit an activity within the
1011	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, if the activity:
1012	(i) is not normally associated with a project restricted to residential use; or
1013	(ii) (A) creates monetary costs for the association or other lot owners;
1014	(B) creates a danger to the health or safety of occupants of other lots;
1015	(C) generates excessive noise or traffic;
1016	(D) creates unsightly conditions visible from outside the dwelling;
1017	(E) creates an unreasonable source of annoyance to persons outside the lot; or

1018	(F) if there are attached dwellings, creates the potential for smoke to enter another lot
1019	owner's dwelling, the common areas, or limited common areas.
1020	(c) If permitted by law, an association may adopt rules described in Subsection (7)(b)
1021	that affect the use of or behavior inside the dwelling.
1022	(8) (a) A rule may not, to the detriment of a lot owner and over the lot owner's written
1023	objection to the board, alter the allocation of financial burdens among the various lots.
1024	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), an association may:
1025	(i) change the common areas available to a lot owner;
1026	(ii) adopt generally applicable rules for the use of common areas; or
1027	(iii) deny use privileges to a lot owner who:
1028	(A) is delinquent in paying assessments;
1029	(B) abuses the common areas; or
1030	(C) violates the governing documents.
1031	(c) This Subsection (8) does not permit a rule that:
1032	(i) alters the method of levying assessments; or
1033	(ii) increases the amount of assessments as provided in the declaration.
1034	(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(b), a rule may not:
1035	(i) prohibit the transfer of a lot; or
1036	(ii) require the consent of the association or board to transfer a lot.
1037	(b) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.
1038	(10) (a) A rule may not require a lot owner to dispose of personal property that was in
1039	or on a lot before the adoption of the rule or design criteria if the personal property was in
1040	compliance with all rules and other governing documents previously in force.
1041	(b) The exemption in Subsection (10)(a):
1042	(i) applies during the period of the lot owner's ownership of the lot; and
1043	(ii) does not apply to a subsequent lot owner who takes title to the lot after adoption of
1044	the rule described in Subsection (10)(a).
1045	(11) A rule or action by the association or action by the board may not unreasonably
1046	impede a declarant's ability to satisfy existing development financing for community
1047	improvements and right to develop:
1048	(a) the project; or

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1049	(b) other properties in the vicinity of the project.
1050	(12) A rule or association or board action may not interfere with:
1051	(a) the use or operation of an amenity that the association does not own or control; or
1052	(b) the exercise of a right associated with an easement.
1053	(13) A rule may not divest a lot owner of the right to proceed in accordance with a
1054	completed application for design review, or to proceed in accordance with another approval
1055	process, under the terms of the governing documents in existence at the time the completed
1056	application was submitted by the owner for review.
1057	(14) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association may by rule:
1058	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
1059	areas;
1060	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
1061	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas; and
1062	(ii) a service provided to a lot owner;
1063	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
1064	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association's officers and board consistent
1065	with Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act.
1066	(15) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from installing a personal security camera
1067	immediately adjacent to the entryway, window, or other outside entry point of the owner's
1068	dwelling unit.
1069	(16) (a) [An] For any area for which one or more lot owners are responsible for
1070	landscape maintenance of any landscaping within the lot owner's lot or the common areas, the
1071	association
1072	shall adopt rules supporting [water-efficient landscaping, including allowance for]
1073	water wise landscaping as defined in Section 57-8a-231 including:
1074	(i) low water use <u>requirements</u> on lawns during drought conditions;
1075	(ii) design criterion for water wise landscaping; and
1076	(iii) [.] limiting permissible plant material to specific water wise plant material.
1077	(b) A rule may not:
1078	(i) prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to [water-efficient
1079	landscaping;] water wise landscaping as defined in Section 57-8a-231; or

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1080	(ii) prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions.
1081	[(c) An association subject to this chapter and formed before March 5, 2023, shall
1082	adopt rules required under Subsection (16)(a) before June 30, 2023.]
1083	(17) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), a rule may not prohibit the owner of
1084	a residential lot from constructing an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section
1085	10-9a-530 or 17-27a-526, within the owner's residential lot.
1086	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply if the construction would violate:
1087	(i) a local land use ordinance;
1088	(ii) a building code;
1089	(iii) a health code; or
1090	(iv) a fire code.
1091	(18) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is
1092	maintained, operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in
1093	Subsection 77-27-21.7(3).
1094	(19) A rule shall be reasonable.
1095	(20) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the
1096	requirements of Subsections (1), (2), (6), and (8) through (14), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
1097	(21) A rule may not be inconsistent with a provision of the association's declaration,
1098	bylaws, or articles of incorporation.
1099	(22) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is
1100	created.
1101	Section 12. Section 57-8a-231 is amended to read:
1102	57-8a-231. Water wise landscaping.
1103	(1) As used in this section:
1104	(a) "Lawn or turf" means nonagricultural land planted in closely mowed, managed
1105	grasses.
1106	(b) "Mulch" means material such as rock, bark, wood chips, or other materials left
1107	loose and applied to the soil.
1108	(c) "Overhead spray irrigation" means above ground irrigation heads that spray water
1109	through a nozzle.
1110	(d) (i) "Vegetative coverage" means the ground level surface area covered by the

1111	exposed leaf area of a plant or group of plants at full maturity.
1112	(ii) "Vegetative coverage" does not mean the ground level surface area covered by the
1113	exposed leaf area of a tree or trees.
1114	(e) "Water wise landscaping" means any or all of the following:
1115	(i) installation of plant materials suited to the microclimate and soil conditions that
1116	can:
1117	(A) remain healthy with minimal irrigation once established; or
1118	(B) be maintained without the use of overhead spray irrigation;
1119	(ii) use of water for outdoor irrigation through proper and efficient irrigation design
1120	and water application; or
1121	(iii) the use of other landscape design features that:
1122	(A) minimize the need of the landscape for supplemental water from irrigation;
1123	(B) reduce the landscape area dedicated to lawn or turf; or
1124	(C) encourage vegetative coverage.
1125	(f) "Water wise plant material" means a plant material suited to water wise landscaping
1126	as defined in this section.
1127	(2) An association may not enact or enforce a governing document that prohibits, or
1128	has the effect of prohibiting, a lot owner of a detached dwelling from incorporating water wise
1129	landscaping on the [property] lot owner's [property] lot.
1130	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), Subsection (2) does not prohibit an association
1131	from requiring a property owner to:
1132	(i) comply with a site plan review or other review process before installing water wise
1133	landscaping;
1134	(ii) maintain plant material in a healthy condition; and
1135	(iii) follow specific water wise landscaping design requirements adopted by the
1136	association including a requirement that:
1137	(A) restricts or clarifies the use of mulches considered detrimental to the association's
1138	operations; and
1139	(B) restricts or prohibits the use of specific plant materials other than water wise plant
1140	materials.
1141	(b) An association may not require a [property] lot owner to:

1142	(i) install or keep in place lawn or turf in an area with a width less than eight feet; or
1143	(ii) have more than 50% vegetative coverage, that is not water wise landscaping, on the
1144	[property] lot owner's [property] lot.
1145	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), if an association does not adopt rules as required
1146	by Subsection 57-8a-218(16) and fails to remedy the noncompliance within the time specified
1147	in Subsection (4)(c), a lot owner may file an action in state court for:
1148	(i) injunctive relief requiring the association to comply with the requirements of
1149	Subsection <u>57-8a-218(16);</u>
1150	(ii) \$500, or the lot owner's actual damages, whichever is greater;
1151	(iii) any other remedy provided by law; and
1152	(iv) reasonable costs and attorney fees.
1153	(b) No fewer than 90 days before the day on which a lot owner files a complaint under
1154	Subsection (4)(a), the lot owner shall deliver written notice described in Subsection (4)(c) to
1155	the association.
1156	(c) The lot owner shall include in a notice described in Subsection (4)(b):
1157	(i) the requirements in Subsection 57-8a-218(16) for adopting water wise landscaping
1158	rules with which the association has failed to comply;
1159	(ii) a demand that the association come into compliance with the requirements; and
1160	(iii) a date, no fewer than 90 days after the day on which the lot owner delivers the
1161	notice, by which the association must remedy the association's noncompliance.
1162	Section 13. Section 57-8a-232 is enacted to read:
1163	57-8a-232. Sale of common areas.
1164	(1) Unless otherwise provided in the governing documents, an association may by an
1165	affirmative vote of at least 67% of the voting interests of the association, elect to sell, convey,
1166	transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or part of the common areas.
1167	(2) An affirmative vote described in Subsection (1) is binding upon all lot owners, and
1168	each lot owner shall execute and deliver the appropriate instruments and perform all acts as
1169	necessary to effect the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the common areas.
1170	(3) The general easement of ingress, egress, and use of the common areas and facilities
1171	granted to an association and lot owners through recorded governing documents is
1172	extinguished in any portion of the common areas and facilities the association sells, conveys,

1173	transfers, or otherwise disposes of, if:
1174	(a) the lot owners, in selling, conveying, transferring, or otherwise disposing of the
1175	portion of the common areas, comply with:
1176	(i) the provisions of this section; and
1177	(ii) Section <u>10-9a-606</u> or <u>17-27a-606</u> ; and
1178	(b) the sale, conveyance, transfer, or other disposition of the portion of the common
1179	areas results in a person other than the association or a lot owner owning the portion of the
1180	common areas and facilities.
1181	(4) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is created.
1182	Section 14. Section 59-2-301.1 is amended to read:
1183	59-2-301.1. Assessment of property subject to a conservation easement
1184	Assessment of golf course or hunting club Assessment of common areas.
1185	(1) In assessing the fair market value of property subject to a conservation easement
1186	under Title 57, Chapter 18, Land Conservation Easement Act, a county assessor shall consider
1187	factors relating to the property and neighboring property that affect the fair market value of the
1188	property being assessed, including:
1189	(a) value that transfers to neighboring property because of the presence of a
1190	conservation easement on the property being assessed;
1191	(b) practical and legal restrictions on the development potential of the property because
1192	of the presence of the conservation easement;
1193	(c) the absence of neighboring property similarly subject to a conservation easement to
1194	provide a basis for comparing values between properties; and
1195	(d) any other factor that causes the fair market value of the property to be affected
1196	because of the presence of a conservation easement.
1197	(2) (a) In assessing the fair market value of a golf course or hunting club, a county
1198	assessor shall consider factors relating to the golf course or hunting club and neighboring
1199	property that affect the fair market value of the golf course or hunting club, including:
1200	(i) value that transfers to neighboring property because of the presence of the golf
1201	course or hunting club;
1202	(ii) practical and legal restrictions on the development potential of the golf course or
1203	hunting club; and

1204	(iii) the history of operation of the golf course or hunting club and the likelihood that
1205	the present use will continue into the future.
1206	(b) The valuation method a county assessor may use in determining the fair market
1207	value of a golf course or hunting club includes:
1208	(i) the cost approach;
1209	(ii) the income capitalization approach; and
1210	(iii) the sales comparison approach.
1211	(3) Except as otherwise provided by the plat or accompanying recorded document, a
1212	county assessor shall assess a common area and facility as defined in Section 57-8-3 or a
1213	common area as defined in Section 57-8a-102 consistent with the equal ownership interests
1214	described in Subsection 10-9a-606(4) or 17-27a-606(4) and may not assess the common area
1215	and facility or common area in a manner that reflects a different division of interest.
1216	[(3)] (4) In assessing the fair market value of property that is a common area or facility
1217	under Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act, or a common area under Title 57,
1218	Chapter 8a, Community Association Act, a county assessor shall consider factors relating to the
1219	property and neighboring property that affect the fair market value of the property being
1220	assessed, including:
1221	(a) value that transfers to neighboring property because the property is a common area
1222	or facility;
1223	(b) practical and legal restrictions on the development potential of the property because
1224	the property is a common area or facility;
1225	(c) the absence of neighboring property similarly situated as a common area or facility
1226	to provide a basis for comparing values between properties; and
1227	(d) any other factor that causes the fair market value of the property to be affected
1228	because the property is a common area or facility.
1229	Section 15. Effective date.
1230	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.