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SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT IN CORRECTIONAL



of Corrections;

26	<ul> <li>provides a repeal date for the required report; and</li> </ul>
27	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
28	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
33	AMENDS:
34	26B-4-325, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 322
35	631-2-264, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 366
36	ENACTS:
37	<b>64-13-25.1</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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39	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
40	Section 1. Section <b>26B-4-325</b> is amended to read:
41	26B-4-325. Medical care for inmates Reporting of statistics.
42	As used in this section:
43	(1) "Correctional facility" means a facility operated to house inmates in a secure or
44	nonsecure setting:
45	(a) by the Department of Corrections; or
46	(b) under a contract with the Department of Corrections.
47	(2) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-201.
48	(3) "Inmate" means an individual who is:
49	(a) committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections; and
50	(b) housed at a correctional facility or at a county jail at the request of the Department
51	of Corrections.
52	(4) "Medical monitoring technology" means a device, application, or other technology
53	that can be used to improve health outcomes and the experience of care for patients, including
54	evidence-based clinically evaluated software and devices that can be used to monitor and treat
55	diseases and disorders.
56	(5) "Terminally ill" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-36-102.

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31	(6) The department shall:
58	(a) for each health care facility owned or operated by the Department of Corrections,
59	assist the Department of Corrections in complying with Section 64-13-39;
60	(b) create policies and procedures for providing services to inmates; [and]
61	(c) in coordination with the Department of Corrections, develop standard population
62	indicators and performance measures relating to the health of inmates[-]; and
63	(d) collaborate with the Department of Corrections to comply with Section 64-13-25.1
64	(7) Beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2024, the department shall:
65	(a) evaluate and study the use of medical monitoring technology and create a plan for a
66	pilot program that identifies:
67	(i) the types of medical monitoring technology that will be used during the pilot
68	program; and
69	(ii) eligibility for participation in the pilot program; and
70	(b) make the indicators and performance measures described in Subsection (6)(c)
71	available to the public through the Department of Corrections and the department websites.
72	(8) Beginning July 1, 2024, and ending June 30, 2029, the department shall implement
73	the pilot program.
74	(9) The department shall submit to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee
75	and the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee:
76	(a) a report on or before October 1 of each year regarding the costs and benefits of the
77	pilot program;
78	(b) a report that summarizes the indicators and performance measures described in
79	Subsection (6)(c) on or before October 1, 2024; and
80	(c) an updated report before October 1 of each year that compares the indicators and
81	population measures of the most recent year to the initial report described in Subsection (9)(b).
82	Section 2. Section <b>63I-2-264</b> is amended to read:
83	63I-2-264. Repeal dates: Title 64.
84	(1) Section 64-13e-103.2 is repealed June 30, 2024.
85	(2) Section 64-13-25.1(4), related to reporting on continuation or discontinuation of a
86	medication assisted treatment plan, is repealed July 1, 2026.
<b>9</b> 7	Section 3 Section 64-13-25 1 is enacted to read:

88	<u>04-13-25.1.</u> Wiedication assisted treatment plan.
89	(1) As used in this section, "medication assisted treatment plan" means a prescription
90	plan to use a medication, such as buprenorphine, methadone, or naltrexone, to treat substance
91	use withdrawal symptoms or an opioid use disorder.
92	(2) In collaboration with the Department of Health and Human Services the department
93	may cooperate with medical personnel to continue a medication assisted treatment plan for an
94	inmate who had an active medication assisted treatment plan within the last six months before
95	being committed to the custody of the department.
96	(3) A medication used for a medication assisted treatment plan under Subsection (2):
97	(a) shall be an oral, short-acting medication unless the chief administrative officer or
98	other medical personnel who is familiar with the inmate's medication assisted treatment plan
99	determines that a long-acting, non-oral medication will provide a greater benefit to the
100	individual receiving treatment;
101	(b) may be administered to an inmate under the direction of the chief administrative
102	officer of the correctional facility;
103	(c) may, as funding permits, be paid for by the department or the Department of Health
104	and Human Services; and
105	(d) may be left or stored at a correctional facility at the discretion of the chief
106	administrative officer of the correctional facility.
107	(4) Before November 30 each year, the Department of Health and Human Services
108	shall provide a report to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee that details, for
109	each category, the number of individuals in the custody of the department who, in the
110	preceding 12 months:
111	(a) had an active medication assisted treatment plan within the six months preceding
112	commitment to the custody of the department;
113	(b) continued a medication assisted treatment plan following commitment to the
114	custody of the department; and
115	(c) discontinued a medication assisted treatment plan prior to, at the time of, or after
116	commitment to the custody of the department and, as available, the type of medication
117	discontinued and the reason for the discontinuation.
118	Section 4. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.