1	FIRST HOME INVESTMENT ZONE ACT
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts the First Home Investment Zone Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	enacts the First Home Investment Zone Act;
13	defines terms;
14	allows a municipality to create a first home investment zone to:
15	 provide affordable, owner-occupied housing;
16	 encourage mixed use development;
17	 encourage strategic and efficient land use planning;
18	 improve access to opportunities; and
19	 increase opportunities for home ownership;
20	 allows a first home investment zone to capture tax increment to finance the
21	objectives of a first home investment zone;
22	 provides certain requirements regarding housing density, affordability, development
23	size, and other characteristics of a first home investment zone;
24	 requires the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee to review and approve
25	first home investment zone proposals; and
26	makes technical changes.
27	Money Appropriated in this Bill:



None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
63N-3-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
63N-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
63N-3-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
ENACTS:
63N-3-1301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63N-3-1302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63N-3-1303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63N-3-1304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63N-3-1305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63N-3-1306, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63N-3-1307, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63N-3-1308 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 63N-3-602 is amended to read:
63N-3-602. Definitions.
As used in this part:
(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross
income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size.
(2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
(3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the
assessment roll last equalized during the base year.
(4) "Base year" means, for a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, a
year beginning the first day of the calendar quarter determined by the last equalized tax roll

59 (5) "Bus rapid transit" means a high-quality bus-based transit system that delivers fast 60 and efficient service that may include dedicated lanes, busways, traffic signal priority, 61 off-board fare collection, elevated platforms, and enhanced stations. 62 (6) "Bus rapid transit station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed station, stop, or terminal that is specifically identified in a metropolitan planning 63 64 organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit district's 65 five-year plan: 66 (a) along an existing bus rapid transit line; or 67 (b) along an extension to an existing bus rapid transit line or new bus rapid transit line. (7) (a) "Commuter rail" means a heavy-rail passenger rail transit facility operated by a 68 69 large public transit district. 70 (b) "Commuter rail" does not include a light-rail passenger rail facility of a large public 71 transit district. 72 (8) "Commuter rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed 73 station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified in a metropolitan planning 74 organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit district's 75 five-year plan: 76 (a) along an existing commuter rail line; 77 (b) along an extension to an existing commuter rail line or new commuter rail line; or 78 (c) along a fixed guideway extension from an existing commuter rail line. 79 (9) (a) "Developable area" means the portion of land within a housing and transit 80 reinvestment zone available for development and construction of business and residential uses. 81 (b) "Developable area" does not include portions of land within a housing and transit 82 reinvestment zone that are allocated to: 83 (i) parks; 84 (ii) recreation facilities; 85 (iii) open space; 86 (iv) trails; 87 (v) publicly-owned roadway facilities; or

(10) "Dwelling unit" means one or more rooms arranged for the use of one or more

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(vi) other public facilities.

90 individuals living together, as a single housekeeping unit normally having cooking, living, 91 sanitary, and sleeping facilities. 92 (11) "Enhanced development" means the construction of mixed uses including 93 housing, commercial uses, and related facilities. 94 (12) "Enhanced development costs" means extra costs associated with structured 95 parking costs, vertical construction costs, horizontal construction costs, life safety costs, structural costs, conveyor or elevator costs, and other costs incurred due to the increased height 96 97 of buildings or enhanced development. 98 (13) "First home investment zone" means the same as that term is defined in Section 99 63N-3-1301. 100 [(13)] (14) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 101 59-12-102. 102 [(14)] (15) "Horizontal construction costs" means the additional costs associated with 103 earthwork, over excavation, utility work, transportation infrastructure, and landscaping to 104 achieve enhanced development in the housing and transit reinvestment zone. 105 [(15)] (16) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means a housing and transit 106 reinvestment zone created pursuant to this part. 107 [(16)] (17) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means a housing and 108 transit reinvestment zone committee created pursuant to Section 63N-3-605. 109 [(17)] (18) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in 110 Section 17B-2a-802. 111 [(18)] (19) "Light rail" means a passenger rail public transit system with right-of-way 112 and fixed rails: 113 (a) dedicated to exclusive use by light-rail public transit vehicles; 114 (b) that may cross streets at grade; and 115 (c) that may share parts of surface streets. 116 [(19)] (20) "Light rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal or a 117 proposed station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified in a metropolitan

(a) along an existing light rail line; or

district's five-year plan:

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planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit

121	(b) along an extension to an existing light rail line or new light rail line.
122	[(20)] (21) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is
123	defined in Section 72-1-208.5.
124	[(21)] (22) "Mixed use development" means development with a mix of multi-family
125	residential use and at least one additional land use.
126	[(22)] (23) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
127	[(23)] (24) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
128	[(24)] (25) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
129	17C-1-102, except that the agency may not provide and the person may not receive a direct
130	subsidy.
131	[(25)] (26) "Public transit county" means a county that has created a small public
132	transit district.
133	[(26)] (27) "Public transit hub" means a public transit depot or station where four or
134	more routes serving separate parts of the county-created transit district stop to transfer riders
135	between routes.
136	[(27)] (28) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by
137	the first year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax
138	boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established.
139	[(28)] (29) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary created as described in
140	Section 63N-3-604, based on state sales and use tax collection that corresponds as closely as
141	reasonably practicable to the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary.
142	[(29)] (30) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between:
143	(a) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the
144	sales and use tax base year by the sales and use tax from the area within a housing and transit
145	reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area
146	from which sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and
147	(b) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue that was generated from that same
148	area during the sales and use tax base year.
149	[(30)] (31) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is generated from the tax
150	imposed under Section 59-12-103.
151	[(31)] (32) "Small public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in

152	Section 17B-2a-802.
153	[(32)] (33) "Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section
154	59-1-201.
155	[(33)] (34) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
156	(a) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from
157	the area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit
158	reinvestment zone proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the
159	current assessed value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section
160	59-2-924; and
161	(b) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
162	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
163	Section 59-2-924.
164	[(34)] (35) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
165	17C-1-102.
166	[(35)] (36) "Vertical construction costs" means the additional costs associated with
167	construction above four stories and structured parking to achieve enhanced development in the
168	housing and transit reinvestment zone.
169	Section 2. Section 63N-3-603 is amended to read:
170	63N-3-603. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a housing and transit
171	reinvestment zone.
172	(1) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal created under this part shall
173	promote the following objectives:
174	(a) higher utilization of public transit;
175	(b) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of
176	moderate income housing plans;
177	(c) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
178	communities near public transit facilities;
179	(d) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
180	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
181	(e) conservation of water resources through efficient land use;

(f) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;

(g) encouraging transformative mixed-use development and investment in transportation and public transit infrastructure in strategic areas;

- (h) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
 - (i) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities; and
- (j) increasing access to child care.

- (2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality or public transit county that initiates the process to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone as described in this part shall ensure that the proposal for a housing and transit reinvestment zone includes:
- (a) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least 10% of the proposed dwelling units within the housing and transit reinvestment zone are affordable housing units;
- (b) at least 51% of the developable area within the housing and transit reinvestment zone includes residential uses with, except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), an average of 50 dwelling units per acre or greater;
 - (c) mixed-use development; and
- (d) a mix of dwelling units to ensure that a reasonable percentage of the dwelling units has more than one bedroom.
- (3) A municipality or public transit county that, at the time the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal is approved by the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee, meets the affordable housing guidelines of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development at 60% area median income is exempt from the requirement described in Subsection (2)(a).
- (4) (a) A municipality may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a commuter rail station, and a public transit county may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a public transit hub, that:
 - (i) subject to Subsection (5)(a):
- (A) (I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A)(II), for a municipality, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a commuter rail station;
- 212 (II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 213 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, with an opportunity zone created pursuant to

214	Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code, does not exceed a 1/2 mile radius of a commuter rail
215	station located within the opportunity zone; or
216	(III) for a public transit county, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a public transit
217	hub; and
218	(B) has a total area of no more than 125 noncontiguous acres;
219	(ii) subject to Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a maximum of 80% of each
220	taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25 consecutive
221	years on each parcel within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment amount approved
222	in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and
223	(iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
224	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in
225	Subsection (6).
226	(b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
227	reinvestment zone at a light rail station or bus rapid transit station that:
228	(i) subject to Subsection (5):
229	(A) does not exceed:
230	(I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) or (III), a 1/4 mile radius of a bus
231	rapid transit station or light rail station;
232	(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than
233	150,000 that is within a county of the first class, a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located
234	in an opportunity zone created pursuant to Section
235	1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code; or
236	(III) a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located within a master-planned
237	development of 500 acres or more; and
238	(B) has a total area of no more than 100 noncontiguous acres;
239	(ii) subject to Subsection (4)(c) and Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a
240	maximum of 80% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no
241	more than 15 consecutive years on each parcel within a 30-year period not to exceed the tax
242	increment amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and
243	(iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
244	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in

Subsection (6).

- (c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a municipality at a bus rapid transit station, if the proposed housing density within the housing and transit reinvestment zone is between 39 and 49 dwelling units per acre, the maximum capture of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year is 60%.
- (d) A municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 in a county of the first class as described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A)(II) and (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) may only propose one housing and transit reinvestment zone within an opportunity zone.
- (e) A county of the first class may not propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone that includes an area that is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, until the project area is dissolved pursuant to Section 17C-1-702.
- (5) (a) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a commuter rail station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the limitations described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
- (b) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a light rail or bus rapid transit station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the limitations described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
- (6) The notice of commencement of collection of tax increment required in Subsection (4)(a)(iii) or (4)(b)(iii) shall be sent by mail or electronically to:
 - (a) the tax commission;
 - (b) the State Board of Education;
 - (c) the state auditor;
- (d) the auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is located;
 - (e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the housing and transit reinvestment zone; and
 - (f) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.

(7) (a) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at light rail stations is eight in any given county.

- (b) Within a county of the first class, the maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at bus rapid transit stations is three.
- (c) Within a county of the first class, the maximum total combined number of housing and transit reinvestment zones described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b) and first home investment zones created under Part 13, First Home Investment Zone Act, is 11.
- (8) (a) This Subsection (8) applies to a specified county, as defined in Section 17-27a-408, that has created a small public transit district on or before January 1, 2022.
- (b) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) shall, in accordance with Section 63N-3-604, prepare and submit to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity a proposal to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone on or before December 31, 2022.
- (ii) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) that, on December 31, 2022, was noncompliant under Section 17-27a-408 for failure to demonstrate in the county's moderate income housing report that the county complied with Subsection (8)(b)(i), may cure the deficiency in the county's moderate income housing report by submitting satisfactory proof to the Housing and Community Development Division that, notwithstanding the deadline in Subsection (8)(b)(i), the county has submitted to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity a proposal to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (c) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) may not propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone if more than 15% of the acreage within the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary is owned by the county.
- (ii) For purposes of determining the percentage of acreage owned by the county as described in Subsection (8)(c)(i), a county may exclude any acreage owned that is used for highways, bus rapid transit, light rail, or commuter rail within the boundary of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (d) To accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), if a county described in Subsection (8)(a) has failed to comply with Subsection (8)(b)(i) by failing to submit an application before December 31, 2022, an owner of undeveloped property who has submitted a land use application to the county on or before December 31, 2022, and is within a 1/3 mile radius of a public transit hub in a county described in Subsection (8)(a), including parcels that

307 are bisected by the 1/3 mile radius, shall have the right to develop and build a mixed-use 308 development including the following: 309 (i) excluding the parcels devoted to commercial uses as described in Subsection 310 (8)(d)(ii), at least 39 dwelling units per acre on average over the developable area, with at least 311 10% of the dwelling units as affordable housing units; 312 (ii) commercial uses including office, retail, educational, and healthcare in support of 313 the mixed-use development constituting up to 1/3 of the total planned gross building square 314 footage of the subject parcels; and 315 (iii) any other infrastructure element necessary or reasonable to support the mixed-use 316 development, including parking infrastructure, streets, sidewalks, parks, and trails. 317 Section 3. Section **63N-3-605** is amended to read: 318 63N-3-605. Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee -- Creation. 319 (1) For any housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed under this part, or for a 320 first home investment zone proposed in accordance with Part 13, First Home Investment Zone 321 Act, there is created a housing and transit reinvestment zone committee with membership 322 described in Subsection (2). 323 (2) Each housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall consist of the 324 following members: 325 (a) one representative from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity, designated 326 by the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity: 327 (b) one representative from each municipality that is a party to the proposed housing 328 and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone, designated by the chief executive 329 officer of each respective municipality; 330 (c) a member of the Transportation Commission created in Section 72-1-301; 331 (d) a member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district; 332 (e) one individual from the Office of the State Treasurer, designated by the state 333 treasurer; 334 (f) one member designated by the president of the Senate; 335 (g) one member designated by the speaker of the House of Representatives; 336 (h) one member designated by the chief executive officer of each county affected by 337 the housing and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone;

(i) one representative designated by the school superintendent from the school district affected by the housing and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone; and
 (j) one representative, representing the largest participating local taxing entity, after the

committee.

municipality, county, and school district.

- (3) The individual designated by the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity as described in Subsection (2)(a) shall serve as chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
- (4) (a) A majority of the members of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee constitutes a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
- (b) An action by a majority of a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is an action of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
- (5) (a) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the analysis described in Section 63N-3-604, and after the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality or public transit county to submit the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee, the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each of the entities described in Subsection (2) of the formation of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
- (b) For a first home investment zone, the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall follow the procedures described in Section 63N-3-1304.
- (6) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene a public meeting to consider the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
- (7) (a) The proposing municipality or public transit county shall present the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee in a public meeting.
 - (b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
- (i) evaluate and verify whether the elements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in Subsections 63N-3-603(2) and (4) have been met; and
 - (ii) evaluate the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone relative to the analysis

369 described in Subsection 63N-3-604(2). 370 (8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone 371 committee may: 372 (i) request changes to the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal based on the 373 analysis, characteristics, and criteria described in Section 63N-3-604; or 374 (ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal. 375 (b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the 376 housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal, the municipality or public transit county 377 proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone shall ensure that the area of the proposed 378 housing and transit reinvestment zone is zoned in such a manner to accommodate the 379 requirements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in this section and the 380 proposed development. 381 (9) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is approved by the committee: 382 (a) the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone is established according to the 383 terms of the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; 384 (b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the 385 housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and 386 (c) each affected taxing municipality is required to participate at the same rate as a 387 participating county. 388 (10) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal may be amended by following 389 the same procedure as approving a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal. 390 Section 4. Section **63N-3-1301** is enacted to read: 391 Part 13. First Home Investment Zone Act 392 **63N-3-1301.** Definitions. 393 (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by 394 households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross 395 income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size. 396 (2) "Base taxable value" for each tax increment collection period triggered within a 397 proposed first home investment zone area, the calendar year prior to the calendar year the tax

increment begins to be collected for those parcels triggered for that collection period.

(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.

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400	(4) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.
401	(5) "Dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.
402	(6) "Extraterritorial home" means a dwelling unit that is included as part of the first
403	home investment zone proposal that:
404	(a) is located within the municipality proposing the first home investment zone but
405	outside the boundary of the first home investment zone;
406	(b) is part of a development with a density of at least eight units per acre;
407	(c) is not located within an existing housing and transit reinvestment zone or an area
408	that could be included in a housing and transit reinvestment zone;
409	(d) has not been issued a building permit by the municipality as of the date of the
410	approval of the first home investment zone; and
411	(e) is subject to a deed restriction requiring the home to be owner occupied for no less
412	than 25 years.
413	(7) "First home investment zone" means a first home investment zone created in
414	accordance with this part.
415	(8) "Home" means a dwelling unit.
416	(9) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means the same as that term is defined in
417	Section 63N-3-602.
418	(10) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means the housing and transit
419	reinvestment zone committee described in Section 63N-3-605.
420	(11) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in
421	Section 72-1-208.5.
422	(12) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
423	(13) "Owner occupied" means private real property that is:
424	(a) used for a single-family residential purpose; and
425	(b) is occupied by the owner of the real property.
426	(14) (a) "Project improvements" means site improvements and facilities that are:
427	(i) planned and designed to provide service for development resulting from a
428	development activity;
429	(ii) necessary for the use and convenience of the occupants or users of development
430	resulting from a development activity; and

431	(iii) not identified or reimbursed as a system improvement.
432	(b) "Project improvements" does not mean system improvements.
433	(15) "State Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section
434	<u>59-1-201.</u>
435	(16) (a) "System improvements" means existing and future public facilities that are
436	designed to provide services to service areas within the community at large.
437	(b) "System improvements" does not mean project improvements.
438	(17) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
439	(i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from
440	the area within a first home investment zone designated in the first home investment zone
441	proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed
442	value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and
443	(ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
444	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
445	Section <u>59-2-924.</u>
446	(b) "Tax increment" does not include property tax revenue from:
447	(i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2);
448	<u>or</u>
449	(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4).
450	(18) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
451	Section 5. Section 63N-3-1302 is enacted to read:
452	63N-3-1302. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a first home
453	investment zone.
454	(1) A first home investment zone created pursuant to this part shall promote the
455	following objectives:
456	(a) enabling and expanding housing options, including affordable housing and for sale
457	owner-occupied housing;
458	(b) encouraging efficient development and opportunities for home ownership by
459	providing housing options, including affordable housing and for sale, owner-occupied housing
460	(c) improving availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of
461	moderate income housing plans;

462	(d) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
463	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
464	(e) conservation of water resources through efficient land use;
465	(f) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
466	(g) encouraging transformative mixed-use development;
467	(h) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as
468	described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
469	(i) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities;
470	(j) increasing access to child care; and
471	(k) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
472	communities and access to roadways, public transportation, and active transportation.
473	(2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality or
474	county that initiates the process to create a first home investment zone as described in this part
475	shall ensure that the proposal for a first home investment zone includes:
476	(a) subject to Subsection (3), a minimum of 30 housing units per acre in at least 51% of
477	the developable area within the first home investment zone;
478	(b) a mixed use development;
479	(c) a requirement that at least 50% of the total of both owner-occupied homes within
480	the first home investment zone and extraterritorial homes include a deed restriction to ensure
481	the homes remain owner occupied for at least 25 years from the date of original purchase;
482	(d) a requirement that at least 20% of the homes inside the first home investment zone,
483	and at least 20% of the extraterritorial homes are:
484	(i) deed restricted to be owner occupied for no less than 25 years from the date of
485	original purchase; and
486	(ii) deed restricted to be affordable housing owner occupied for no less than 25 years
487	from the date of original purchase; and
488	(e) a requirement that at least 12% of homes within the first home investment zone that
489	are not owner occupied remain affordable housing for at least 25 years.
490	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), to satisfy the requirements described in Subsection
491	(2)(a), a first home investment zone may include an extraterritorial home to count toward the
492	required density of the first home investment zone by:

493	(i) (A) taking the total number of extraterritorial homes related to the first home
494	investment zone; and
495	(B) adding the total number under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A) to the number of homes
496	within the first home investment zone; and
497	(ii) dividing the total described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) by the total number of
498	developable acres with the first home investment zone.
499	(b) Extraterritorial homes may account for no more than half of the total homes to
500	calculate density within a first home investment zone.
501	(4) (a) If a municipality proposes a first home investment zone, the proposal shall
502	comply with the limitations described in this Subsection (4).
503	(b) A first home investment zone may not be less than 10 acres and no more than 100
504	acres in size.
505	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), a first home investment zone is
506	required to be one contiguous area.
507	(ii) While considering a first home investment zone proposal as described in Section
508	63N-3-1305, the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may consider and approve a
509	first home investment zone that is not one contiguous area if:
510	(A) the municipality provides evidence in the proposal showing that the deviation from
511	the contiguity requirement will enhance the ability of the first home investment zone to achieve
512	the objectives described in Subsection (1); and
513	(B) the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee determines that the deviation
514	is reasonable and circumstances justify deviation from the contiguity requirement.
515	(iii) The first home investment zone area contiguity is not affected by roads or other
516	rights-of-way.
517	(d) (i) A first home investment zone proposal may propose the capture of a maximum
518	of 60% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25
519	consecutive years within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment amount approved in
520	the first home investment zone proposal.
521	(ii) A first home investment zone proposal may not include more than three tax
522	increment capture periods or triggers.
523	(iii) Subject to Subsection (4)(d)(iv), a municipality shall ensure that the required

524	affordable housing units are included proportionally in each phase of the first home investment
525	zone development.
526	(iv) A municipality may allow a first home investment zone to be phased and
527	developed in a manner to provide more of the required affordable housing units in early phases
528	of development.
529	(e) If a municipality proposes a first home investment zone, commencement of the
530	collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the first home investment zone, is triggered
531	by providing notice as described in Subsection (5).
532	(f) A municipality shall ensure that each home required to be owner occupied within a
533	first home investment zone and each extraterritorial home include a deed restriction to prohibit
534	use as a short-term rental for at least 25 years.
535	(g) A municipality shall ensure that affordable housing within a first home investment
536	zone and related extraterritorial homes that are reserved as affordable housing are:
537	(i) not clustered within and are spread throughout the overall development; and
538	(ii) are of the same level of quality as all other homes within the development.
539	(h) A municipality shall ensure that at least 80% of extraterritorial homes included in a
540	first home investment zone proposal are single-family detached homes.
541	(5) Notice of commencement of collection of tax increment shall be sent by mail or
542	electronically to the following entities no later than January 1 of the year for which the tax
543	increment collection is proposed to commence:
544	(a) the State Tax Commission;
545	(b) the State Board of Education;
546	(c) the state auditor;
547	(d) the auditor of the county in which the first home investment zone is located;
548	(e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the first home
549	investment zone;
550	(f) the assessor of the county in which the first home investment zone is located; and
551	(g) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
552	(6) A first home investment zone proposal may not include a proposal to capture sales
553	and use tax increment.
554	(7) Within a county of the first class, the maximum total combined number of first

555	home investment zones and housing and transit reinvestment zones described in Subsections
556	63N-3-603(7)(a) and (b) is 11.
557	(8) A municipality may not propose a first home investment zone in a location that is
558	eligible for a housing and transit reinvestment zone.
559	Section 6. Section 63N-3-1303 is enacted to read:
560	63N-3-1303. Process for a proposal of a first home investment zone.
561	(1) Subject to approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as
562	described in Section 63N-3-1304, in order to create a first home investment zone, a
563	municipality that has general land use authority over the first home investment zone area, shall:
564	(a) prepare a proposal for the first home investment zone that:
565	(i) demonstrates that the proposed first home investment zone will meet the objectives
566	described in Subsection 63N-3-1302(1);
567	(ii) explains how the municipality will achieve the requirements of Subsection
568	63N-3-1302(2);
569	(iii) defines the specific infrastructure needs, if any, and proposed improvements;
570	(iv) defines the boundaries of the first home investment zone;
571	(v) includes maps of the proposed first home investment zone to illustrate:
572	(A) proposed housing density within the first home investment zone;
573	(B) extraterritorial homes relevant to the first home investment zone, including density
574	of the development of extraterritorial homes; and
575	(C) existing zoning and proposed zoning changes related to the first home investment
576	zone;
577	(vi) identifies any development impediments that prevent the development from being
578	a market-rate investment and proposed strategies for addressing each one;
579	(vii) describes the proposed development plan, including the requirements described in
580	Subsections 63N-3-1302(2) and (4);
581	(viii) establishes a base year and collection period to calculate the tax increment within
582	the first home investment zone;
583	(ix) describes projected maximum revenues generated and the amount of tax increment
584	capture from each taxing entity and proposed expenditures of revenue derived from the first
585	home investment zone:

586	(x) includes an analysis of other applicable or eligible incentives, grants, or sources of
587	revenue that can be used to reduce the finance gap;
588	(xi) proposes a finance schedule to align expected revenue with required financing
589	costs and payments;
590	(xii) evaluates possible benefits to active transportation, public transportation
591	availability and utilization, and air quality; and
592	(xiii) provides a pro-forma for the planned development that:
593	(A) satisfies the requirements described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(2) and (4); and
594	(B) includes data showing the cost difference between what type of development could
595	feasibly be developed absent the first home investment zone tax increment and the type of
596	development that is proposed to be developed with the first home investment zone tax
597	increment; and
598	(b) submit the first home investment zone proposal to the Governor's Office of
599	Economic Opportunity.
600	(2) As part of the proposal described in Subsection (1), a municipality shall:
601	(a) study and evaluate possible impacts of a proposed first home investment zone on
602	parking within the municipality and first home investment zone; and
603	(b) include in the first home investment zone proposal the findings of the study
604	described in Subsection (2)(a) and proposed strategies to address parking impacts.
605	(3) (a) After receiving the proposal as described in Subsection (1)(b), the Governor's
606	Office of Economic Opportunity shall:
607	(i) within 14 days after the date on which the Governor's Office of Economic
608	Opportunity receives the proposal described in Subsection (1)(b), provide notice of the
609	proposal to all affected taxing entities, including the State Tax Commission, the county
610	assessor, cities, counties, school districts, and metropolitan planning organizations; and
611	(ii) at the expense of the proposing municipality as described in Subsection (5),
612	contract with an independent entity to perform the gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b).
613	(b) The gap analysis required in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall include:
614	(i) a description of the planned development;
615	(ii) a market analysis relative to other comparable project developments included in or
616	adjacent to the municipality absent the proposed first home investment zone;

617	(iii) an evaluation of the proposal and a determination of the adequacy and efficiency
618	of the proposal;
619	(iv) an evaluation of the proposed tax increment capture needed to cover the system
620	improvements and project improvements associated with the first home investment zone
621	proposal and enable the proposed development to occur, and for the benefit of affordable
622	housing projects; and
623	(v) based on the market analysis and other findings, an opinion relative to the
624	appropriate amount of potential public financing reasonably determined to be necessary to
625	achieve the objectives described in Subsection 63N-3-1302(1).
626	(c) After receiving notice from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity of a
627	proposed first home investment zone as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the county assessor,
628	in consultation with the State Tax Commission, shall:
629	(i) evaluate the feasibility of administering the tax implications of the proposal; and
630	(ii) provide a letter to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity describing any
631	challenges in the administration of the proposal, or indicating that the county assessor can
632	feasibly administer the proposal.
633	(4) After receiving the results from the analysis described in Subsection (3)(b), the
634	municipality proposing the first home investment zone may:
635	(a) amend the first home investment zone proposal based on the findings of the
636	analysis described in Subsection (3)(b) and request that the Governor's Office of Economic
637	Opportunity submit the amended first home investment zone proposal to the housing and
638	transit reinvestment zone committee; or
639	(b) request that the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity submit the original
640	first home investment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
641	(5) (a) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may accept, as a dedicated
642	credit, up to \$20,000 from a municipality for the costs of the gap analysis described in
643	Subsection (3)(b).
644	(b) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may expend funds received from a
645	municipality as dedicated credits to pay for the costs associated with the gap analysis described
646	in Subsection (3)(b).
647	Section 7. Section 63N-3-1304 is enacted to read:

648	<u>63N-3-1304.</u> Consideration of proposals by housing and transit reinvestment zone
649	committee.
650	(1) A first home investment zone proposed under this part is subject to approval by the
651	housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
652	(2) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the
653	analysis described in Section 63N-3-1303, and after the Governor's Office of Economic
654	Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality to submit the first home
655	investment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee, the
656	Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each of the relevant entities of the
657	formation of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as described in Section
658	<u>63N-3-605.</u>
659	(3) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene
660	a public meeting to consider the proposed first home investment zone in the same manner as
661	described in Section 63N-3-605.
662	(b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to
663	Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
664	(4) (a) The proposing municipality shall present the first home investment zone
665	proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee in a public meeting.
666	(b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
667	(i) evaluate and verify whether the objectives and elements of a first home investment
668	zone described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(1), (2), and (4) have been met; and
669	(ii) evaluate the proposed first home investment zone relative to the analysis described
670	<u>in Subsection 63N-3-1303(2).</u>
671	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone
672	committee may:
673	(i) request changes to the first home investment zone proposal based on the analysis,
674	characteristics, and criteria described in Section 63N-3-1303; or
675	(ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
676	(b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the first
677	home investment zone proposal, the municipality proposing the first home investment zone
678	shall ensure that the area of the proposed first home investment zone is zoned in such a manner

679	to accommodate the requirements of a first home investment zone described in this section and
680	the proposed development.
681	(6) If a first home investment zone is approved by the committee:
682	(a) the proposed first home investment zone is established according to the terms of the
683	first home investment zone proposal;
684	(b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the
685	first home investment zone proposal; and
686	(c) each affected taxing entity is required to participate at the same rate.
687	(7) A first home investment zone proposal may be amended by following the same
688	procedure as approving a first home investment zone proposal.
689	Section 8. Section 63N-3-1305 is enacted to read:
690	63N-3-1305. Notice requirements.
691	(1) In approving a first home investment zone proposal the housing and transit
692	reinvestment zone committee shall follow the hearing and notice requirements for proposing a
693	first home investment zone as described in this section.
694	(2) Within 30 days after the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee approves
695	a proposed first home investment zone, the municipality shall:
696	(a) record with the recorder of the county in which the first home investment zone is
697	located a document containing:
698	(i) a description of the land within the first home investment zone;
699	(ii) a statement that the proposed first home investment zone has been approved; and
700	(iii) the date of adoption;
701	(b) transmit a copy of the description of the land within the first home investment zone
702	and an accurate map or plat indicating the boundaries of the first home investment zone to the
703	Utah Geospatial Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505; and
704	(c) transmit a copy of the approved first home investment zone proposal, map, and
705	description of the land within the first home investment zone, to:
706	(i) the auditor, recorder, attorney, surveyor, and assessor of the county in which any
707	part of the first home investment zone is located;
708	(ii) the officer or officers performing the function of auditor or assessor for each taxing
709	entity that does not use the county assessment roll or collect the taxing entity's taxes through

710	the county;
711	(iii) the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity;
712	(iv) the State Tax Commission; and
713	(v) the State Board of Education.
714	Section 9. Section 63N-3-1306 is enacted to read:
715	63N-3-1306. Payment, use, and administration of tax increment from a first home
716	investment zone.
717	(1) A municipality may receive and use tax increment and first home investment zone
718	funds in accordance with this part.
719	(2) (a) A county that collects property tax on property located within a first home
720	investment zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, distribute to the municipality any
721	tax increment the municipality is authorized to receive up to the maximum approved by the
722	housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
723	(b) (i) Tax increment paid to the municipality are first home investment zone funds and
724	shall be administered by an agency created by the municipality within which the first home
725	investment zone is located.
726	(ii) Before an agency may receive first home investment zone funds from the
727	municipality, the municipality and the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement with
728	terms that:
729	(A) are consistent with the approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
730	committee; and
731	(B) meet the requirements of Section 63N-3-1302.
732	(3) (a) A municipality and the agency shall use first home investment zone funds
733	within, or for the direct benefit of, the first home investment zone, related extraterritorial
734	housing, and for the benefit of affordable housing projects.
735	(b) If any first home investment zone funds will be used outside of the first home
736	investment zone there must be a finding in the approved proposal for a first home investment
737	zone that the use of the first home investment zone funds outside of the first home investment
738	zone will directly benefit the first home investment zone or related extraterritorial homes.
739	(4) In accordance with Subsection 63N-3-1302(4)(e), a municipality shall use the first
740	home investment zone funds to achieve the purposes described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(1)

741	and (2), by paying all or part of the costs associated with the first home investment zone and
742	extraterritorial homes, including:
743	(a) project improvements;
744	(b) system improvements; and
745	(c) the costs of the municipality to create and administer the first home investment
746	zone, which may not exceed 2% of the total first home investment zone funds, plus the costs to
747	complete the gap analysis described in Subsection 63N-3-1303(2).
748	(5) First home investment zone funds may be paid to a participant, if the agency and
749	participant enter into a participation agreement which requires the participant to utilize the first
750	home investment zone funds as allowed in this section.
751	(6) First home investment zone funds may be used to pay all of the costs of bonds
752	issued by the municipality in accordance with Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds,
753	including the cost to issue and repay the bonds including interest.
754	(7) A municipality may create one or more public infrastructure districts within the city
755	under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, and pledge and utilize the first
756	home investment zone funds to guarantee the payment of public infrastructure bonds issued by
757	a public infrastructure district.
758	Section 10. Section 63N-3-1307 is enacted to read:
759	63N-3-1307. Applicability to an existing first home investment zone or community
760	reinvestment project.
761	If a parcel within a first home investment zone is included as an area that is part of a
762	project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created under Title 17C, Chapter
763	1, Agency Operations, that parcel may not be triggered for collection unless the project area is
764	dissolved pursuant to Section 17C-1-702.
765	Section 11. Section 63N-3-1308 is enacted to read:
766	63N-3-1308. Tax increment protections.
767	(1) Upon petition by a participating taxing entity or on the initiative of the housing and
768	transit reinvestment zone committee creating a first home investment zone, a first home
769	investment zone may suspend or terminate the collection of tax increment in a first home
770	investment zone if the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee determines, by clear
771	and convincing evidence, presented in a public meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment

772	zone committee, that:
773	(a) a substantial portion of the tax increment collected in the first home investment
774	zone has not or will not be used for the purposes provided in Section 63N-3-1306; and
775	(b) (i) the first home investment zone has no indebtedness; or
776	(ii) the first home investment zone has no binding financial obligations.
777	(2) A first home investment zone may not collect tax increment in excess of the tax
778	increment projections or limitations set forth in the first home investment zone proposal.
779	(3) The agency administering the tax increment collected in a first home investment
780	zone under Subsection 63N-3-1306(2)(c), shall have standing in a court with proper
781	jurisdiction to enforce provisions of the first home investment zone proposal, participation
782	agreements, and other agreements for the use of the tax increment collected.
783	(4) The agency administering tax increment from a first home investment zone under
784	Subsection 63N-3-1306(2)(c) which is collecting tax increment shall follow the reporting
785	requirements described in Section 17C-1-603 and the audit requirements described in Sections
786	17C-1-604 and 17C-1-605.
787	(5) For each first home investment zone collecting tax increment within a county, the
788	county auditor shall follow the reporting requirement found in Section 17C-1-606.
789	Section 12. Effective date.
790	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.