#### Senator Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

1	FIRST HOME INVESTMENT ZONE ACT
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5	House Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts the First Home Investment Zone Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>enacts the First Home Investment Zone Act;</li> </ul>
13	<ul> <li>defines terms;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>allows a municipality to create a first home investment zone to:</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>provide affordable, owner-occupied housing;</li> </ul>
16	encourage mixed use development;
17	<ul> <li>encourage strategic and efficient land use planning;</li> </ul>
18	<ul> <li>improve access to opportunities; and</li> </ul>
19	<ul> <li>increase opportunities for home ownership;</li> </ul>
20	<ul> <li>allows a first home investment zone to capture tax increment to finance the</li> </ul>
21	objectives of a first home investment zone;
22	<ul> <li>provides certain requirements regarding housing density, affordability, development</li> </ul>
23	size, and other characteristics of a first home investment zone;
24	<ul> <li>requires the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee to review and approve</li> </ul>
25	first home investment zone proposals; and

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26	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
27	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	None
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 502
34	63N-3-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
35	63N-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
36	63N-3-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
37	ENACTS:
38	63N-3-1301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	63N-3-1302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	63N-3-1303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	63N-3-1304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	63N-3-1305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	63N-3-1306, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	63N-3-1307, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	63N-3-1308, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46 47	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
48	Section 1. Section <b>59-2-924</b> is amended to read:
49	59-2-924. Definitions Report of valuation of property to county auditor and
50	commission Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Calculation of certified tax
51	rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget Notice provided by the
52	commission.
53	(1) As used in this section:
54	(a) (i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance with
55	this chapter.
56	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:

57	(A) interest;
58	(B) penalties;
59	(C) collections from redemptions; or
60	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is semiconductor
61	manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County
62	Assessment.
63	(b) "Adjusted tax increment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
64	17C-1-102.
65	(c) (i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
66	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
67	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
68	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
69	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
70	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
71	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls
72	of the taxing entity.
73	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate year
74	end taxable value of personal property that is:
75	(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
76	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
77	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
78	(d) "Base taxable value" means:
79	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined in
80	Section 11-58-102;
81	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
82	the same as that term is defined in Section 11-59-207;
83	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
84	in Section 17C-1-102;
85	(iv) for an authority created under Section $63H-1-201$ , the same as that term is defined
86	in Section 63H-1-102;
87	(v) for a host local government, the same as that term is defined in Section $63N-2-502$ ;

88	[or]
89	(vi) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
90	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown upon
91	the assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in Section
92	63N-3-602[ <del>.</del> ]; or
93	(vii) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 13, First
94	Home Investment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last
95	equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-1301.
96	(e) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the highest year
97	end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
98	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for a previous calendar year that begins on or after January 1,
99	2015, adjusted for taxable value attributable to:
100	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity;
101	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the commission
102	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property; or
103	(iii) a change in value as a result of a change in the method of apportioning the value
104	prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the commission in an administrative rule or
105	administrative order.
106	(f) (i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
107	(A) zero; or
108	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
109	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and personal
110	property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
111	current year, adjusted for current year incremental value.
112	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of a
113	change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the
114	commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
115	(g) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property
116	tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.
117	(h) "Community reinvestment agency" means the same as that term is defined in
118	Section 17C-1-102.

119	(i) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
120	(i) zero; or
120	(ii) the sum of:
121	(A) locally assessed new growth;
122	<ul><li>(A) locally assessed new growth; and</li><li>(B) centrally assessed new growth; and</li></ul>
123	<ul><li>(C) project area new growth or hotel property new growth.</li></ul>
125	(j) "Host local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section
126	63N-2-502.
127	(k) "Hotel property" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502.
128	(l) "Hotel property new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that
129	is no longer provided to a host local government as incremental property tax revenue.
130	(m) "Incremental property tax revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
131	Section 63N-2-502.
132	(n) "Incremental value" means:
133	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the amount calculated by
134	multiplying:
135	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
136	that is located within a project area and on which property tax differential is collected; and
137	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax differential that is
138	paid to the authority;
139	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
140	an amount calculated by multiplying:
141	(A) the difference between the current assessed value of the property and the base
142	taxable value; and
143	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax augmentation, as
144	defined in Section 11-59-207, that is paid to the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority;
145	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the amount calculated by
146	multiplying:
147	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
148	located within a project area and on which tax increment is collected; and
149	(B) the number that represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is
177	(2) the number that represents the adjusted tax merement from that project and that is

paid to the agency;

151	(iv) for an authority created under Section $63H-1-201$ , the amount calculated by
152	multiplying:
153	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
154	located within a project area and on which property tax allocation is collected; and
155	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax allocation from that
156	project area that is paid to the authority;
157	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter
158	3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount calculated by multiplying:
159	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
160	that is located within a housing and transit reinvestment zone and on which tax increment is
161	collected; and
162	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to the
163	housing and transit reinvestment zone;
164	(vi) for a host local government, an amount calculated by multiplying:
165	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the hotel
166	property on which incremental property tax revenue is collected; and
167	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the incremental property tax revenue
168	from that hotel property that is paid to the host local government; [or]
169	(vii) for the State Fair Park Authority created in Section 11-68-201, the taxable value
170	of:
171	(A) fair park land, as defined in Section $11-68-101$ , that is subject to a privilege tax
172	under Section 11-68-402; or
173	(B) personal property located on property that is subject to the privilege tax described
174	in Subsection (1)(n)(vii)(A)[-]; or
175	(viii) for a first home investment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
176	13, First Home Investment Zone Act, an amount calculated by multiplying:
177	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
178	that is located within a first home investment zone and on which tax increment is collected;
179	and
180	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to the

181	first home investment zone.
182	(o) (i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
183	(A) zero; or
184	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real property the
185	county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the previous year,
186	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real property the county
187	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted
188	for current year incremental value.
189	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
190	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal, or
191	another adjustment;
192	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption for a
193	primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
194	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
195	Assessment Act; or
196	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
197	Farming Assessment Act.
198	(p) "Project area" means:
199	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined in
200	Section 11-58-102;
201	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
202	in Section 17C-1-102; or
203	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is defined
204	in Section 63H-1-102.
205	(q) "Project area new growth" means:
206	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, an amount equal to the
207	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax differential;
208	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
209	an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer provided to the Point of the
210	Mountain State Land Authority as property tax augmentation, as defined in Section 11-59-207;
211	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, an amount equal to the

212	incremental value that is no longer provided to an agency as tax increment;
213	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, an amount equal to the
214	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax allocation; [or]
215	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
216	6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental value that
217	is no longer provided to a housing and transit reinvestment zone as tax increment[-]; or
218	(vi) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 13, First
219	Home Investment Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer
220	provided to a first home investment zone as tax increment.
221	(r) "Project area incremental revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
222	Section 17C-1-1001.
223	(s) "Property tax allocation" means the same as that term is defined in Section
224	63H-1-102.
225	(t) "Property tax differential" means the same as that term is defined in Section
226	11-58-102.
227	(u) "Qualifying exempt revenue" means revenue received:
228	(i) for the previous calendar year;
229	(ii) by a taxing entity;
230	(iii) from tangible personal property contained on the prior year's tax rolls that is
231	exempt from property tax under Subsection 59-2-1115(2)(b) for a calendar year beginning on
232	January 1, 2022; and
233	(iv) on the aggregate 2021 year end taxable value of the tangible personal property that
234	exceeds \$15,300.
235	(v) "Tax increment" means:
236	(i) for a project created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined in
237	Section 17C-1-102; [or]
238	(ii) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
239	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, the same as that term is defined in Section
240	63N-3-602[ <del>.</del> ]; or
241	(iii) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 13, First
242	Home Investment Zone Act, the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-1301.

243	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
244	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
245	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county
246	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing entity; and
247	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
248	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end values.
249	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of
250	each taxing entity:
251	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
252	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
253	(c) the certified tax rate; and
254	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
255	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
256	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity budgeted for the
257	prior year minus the qualifying exempt revenue by the amount calculated under Subsection
258	(4)(b).
259	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
260	calculate an amount as follows:
261	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
262	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
263	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
264	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
265	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(i) by the
266	average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for the equalization
267	period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar year;
268	(iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the product
269	of:
270	(A) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
271	(B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately
272	preceding the current calendar year; and
273	(iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an amount

274	determined by:
275	(A) multiplying the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
276	immediately preceding the current calendar year by eligible new growth; and
277	(B) subtracting the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) from the amount
278	calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iii).
279	(5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be
280	calculated as follows:
281	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) or (c), for a new taxing entity, the certified
282	tax rate is zero;
283	(b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
284	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
285	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
286	(ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
287	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in
288	Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(23);
289	(c) for a community reinvestment agency that received all or a portion of a taxing
290	entity's project area incremental revenue in the prior year under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 10,
291	Agency Taxing Authority, the certified tax rate is calculated as described in Subsection (4)
292	except that the commission shall treat the total revenue transferred to the community
293	reinvestment agency as ad valorem property tax revenue that the taxing entity budgeted for the
294	prior year; and
295	(d) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy
296	imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall be
297	calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
298	(i) a school levy provided for under Section 53F-8-301, 53F-8-302, or 53F-8-303; and
299	(ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative
300	orders under Section 59-2-1602.
301	(6) (a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be
302	imposed at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more
303	eligible judgments.
304	(b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in

305	Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate certified tax
306	rate.
307	(7) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use:
308	(i) the taxable value of real property:
309	(A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
310	(B) contained on the assessment roll;
311	(ii) the year end taxable value of personal property:
312	(A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
313	(B) contained on the prior year's assessment roll; and
314	(iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
315	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
316	(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible new
317	growth.
318	(8) (a) On or before June 30, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
319	(b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shall
320	notify the county auditor of:
321	(i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
322	(ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
323	(c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that
324	exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1.
325	(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through
326	electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and Taxation Interim
327	Committee if:
328	(i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end
329	taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
330	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental
331	value; and
332	(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year end
333	taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in
334	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
335	(b) For purposes of Subsection $(9)(a)(i)$ , the commission shall calculate an amount by

subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year
incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and personal property the
commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year,

adjusted for prior year end incremental value.

341 (c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by
342 subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission
343 assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, from the total
344 year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses
345 in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.

346 (d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet347 the requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).

348 Section 2. Section **63N-3-602** is amended to read:

**63N-3-602. Definitions.** 

350 As used in this part:

(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross
income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size.

354

(2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.

355 (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the356 assessment roll last equalized during the base year.

(4) "Base year" means, for a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, a
year beginning the first day of the calendar quarter determined by the last equalized tax roll
before the adoption of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.

360 (5) "Bus rapid transit" means a high-quality bus-based transit system that delivers fast
361 and efficient service that may include dedicated lanes, busways, traffic signal priority,
362 off-board fare collection, elevated platforms, and enhanced stations.

(6) "Bus rapid transit station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a
proposed station, stop, or terminal that is specifically identified in a metropolitan planning
organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit district's
five-year plan:

1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 268

367 (a) along an existing bus rapid transit line; or 368 (b) along an extension to an existing bus rapid transit line or new bus rapid transit line. 369 (7) (a) "Commuter rail" means a heavy-rail passenger rail transit facility operated by a 370 large public transit district. 371 (b) "Commuter rail" does not include a light-rail passenger rail facility of a large public 372 transit district. 373 (8) "Commuter rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed 374 station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified in a metropolitan planning 375 organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit district's 376 five-year plan: 377 (a) along an existing commuter rail line; 378 (b) along an extension to an existing commuter rail line or new commuter rail line; or 379 (c) along a fixed guideway extension from an existing commuter rail line. (9) (a) "Developable area" means the portion of land within a housing and transit 380 381 reinvestment zone available for development and construction of business and residential uses. 382 (b) "Developable area" does not include portions of land within a housing and transit 383 reinvestment zone that are allocated to: 384 (i) parks; 385 (ii) recreation facilities; 386 (iii) open space; 387 (iv) trails; 388 (v) publicly-owned roadway facilities; or 389 (vi) other public facilities. 390 (10) "Dwelling unit" means one or more rooms arranged for the use of one or more 391 individuals living together, as a single housekeeping unit normally having cooking, living, 392 sanitary, and sleeping facilities. 393 (11) "Enhanced development" means the construction of mixed uses including 394 housing, commercial uses, and related facilities. 395 (12) "Enhanced development costs" means extra costs associated with structured 396 parking costs, vertical construction costs, horizontal construction costs, life safety costs, 397 structural costs, conveyor or elevator costs, and other costs incurred due to the increased height

398	of buildings or enhanced development.
399	(13) "First home investment zone" means the same as that term is defined in Section
400	<u>63N-3-1301.</u>
401	[(13)] (14) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section
402	59-12-102.
403	[(14)] (15) "Horizontal construction costs" means the additional costs associated with
404	earthwork, over excavation, utility work, transportation infrastructure, and landscaping to
405	achieve enhanced development in the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
406	[(15)] (16) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means a housing and transit
407	reinvestment zone created pursuant to this part.
408	[(16)] (17) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means a housing and
409	transit reinvestment zone committee created pursuant to Section 63N-3-605.
410	[(17)] (18) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in
411	Section 17B-2a-802.
412	[(18)] (19) "Light rail" means a passenger rail public transit system with right-of-way
413	and fixed rails:
414	(a) dedicated to exclusive use by light-rail public transit vehicles;
415	(b) that may cross streets at grade; and
416	(c) that may share parts of surface streets.
417	[(19)] (20) "Light rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal or a
418	proposed station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified in a metropolitan
419	planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit
420	district's five-year plan:
421	(a) along an existing light rail line; or
422	(b) along an extension to an existing light rail line or new light rail line.
423	[(20)] (21) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is
424	defined in Section 72-1-208.5.
425	[(21)] (22) "Mixed use development" means development with a mix of multi-family
426	residential use and at least one additional land use.
427	[(22)] (23) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
428	[(23)] (24) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.

429 [(24)] (25) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
430 17C-1-102, except that the agency may not provide and the person may not receive a direct
431 subsidy.

432 [(25)] (26) "Public transit county" means a county that has created a small public
433 transit district.

434 [(26)] (27) "Public transit hub" means a public transit depot or station where four or
435 more routes serving separate parts of the county-created transit district stop to transfer riders
436 between routes.

437 [(27)] (28) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by
438 the first year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax
439 boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established.

[(28)] (29) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary created as described in
Section 63N-3-604, based on state sales and use tax collection that corresponds as closely as
reasonably practicable to the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary.

443

[(29)] (30) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between:

(a) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the
sales and use tax base year by the sales and use tax from the area within a housing and transit
reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area
from which sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and

(b) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue that was generated from that samearea during the sales and use tax base year.

450 [(30)] (31) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is generated from the tax
451 imposed under Section 59-12-103.

452 [(31)] (32) "Small public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in
453 Section 17B-2a-802.

454 [(32)] (33) "Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section
455 59-1-201.

456

[(33)] (34) "Tax increment" means the difference between:

(a) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from
the area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit
reinvestment zone proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the

460	current assessed value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section
461	59-2-924; and
462	(b) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
463	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
464	Section 59-2-924.
465	[(34)] (35) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
466	17C-1-102.
467	[(35)] (36) "Vertical construction costs" means the additional costs associated with
468	construction above four stories and structured parking to achieve enhanced development in the
469	housing and transit reinvestment zone.
470	Section 3. Section 63N-3-603 is amended to read:
471	63N-3-603. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a housing and transit
472	reinvestment zone.
473	(1) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal created under this part shall
474	promote the following objectives:
475	(a) higher utilization of public transit;
476	(b) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of
477	moderate income housing plans;
478	(c) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
479	communities near public transit facilities;
480	(d) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
481	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
482	(e) conservation of water resources through efficient land use;
483	(f) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
484	(g) encouraging transformative mixed-use development and investment in
485	transportation and public transit infrastructure in strategic areas;
486	(h) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as
487	described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
488	(i) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities; and
489	(j) increasing access to child care.
490	(2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality or

491 public transit county that initiates the process to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone
492 as described in this part shall ensure that the proposal for a housing and transit reinvestment
493 zone includes:

494 (a) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least 10% of the proposed dwelling units
495 within the housing and transit reinvestment zone are affordable housing units;

496 (b) at least 51% of the developable area within the housing and transit reinvestment
497 zone includes residential uses with, except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), an average of 50
498 dwelling units per acre or greater;

499

(c) mixed-use development; and

(d) a mix of dwelling units to ensure that a reasonable percentage of the dwelling unitshas more than one bedroom.

(3) A municipality or public transit county that, at the time the housing and transit
reinvestment zone proposal is approved by the housing and transit reinvestment zone
committee, meets the affordable housing guidelines of the United States Department of
Housing and Urban Development at 60% area median income is exempt from the requirement
described in Subsection (2)(a).

507 (4) (a) A municipality may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a
508 commuter rail station, and a public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
509 reinvestment zone at a public transit hub, that:

510

(i) subject to Subsection (5)(a):

511 (A) (I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A)(II), for a municipality, does not
512 exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a commuter rail station;

(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than
150,000 that is within a county of the first class, with an opportunity zone created pursuant to
Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code, does not exceed a 1/2 mile radius of a commuter rail
station located within the opportunity zone; or

517 (III) for a public transit county, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a public transit518 hub; and

519 (B) has a total area of no more than 125 noncontiguous acres;

(ii) subject to Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a maximum of 80% of each
taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25 consecutive

522 years on each parcel within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment amount approved 523 in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and 524 (iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the 525 housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in 526 Subsection (6). 527 (b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit 528 reinvestment zone at a light rail station or bus rapid transit station that: 529 (i) subject to Subsection (5): 530 (A) does not exceed: (I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) or (III), a 1/4 mile radius of a bus 531 532 rapid transit station or light rail station; (II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 533 534 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located 535 in an opportunity zone created pursuant to Section 536 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code; or 537 (III) a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located within a master-planned 538 development of 500 acres or more; and 539 (B) has a total area of no more than 100 noncontiguous acres: 540 (ii) subject to Subsection (4)(c) and Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a 541 maximum of 80% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no 542 more than 15 consecutive years on each parcel within a 30-year period not to exceed the tax 543 increment amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and 544 (iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the 545 housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in 546 Subsection (6). 547 (c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a 548 public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a municipality at 549 a bus rapid transit station, if the proposed housing density within the housing and transit 550 reinvestment zone is between 39 and 49 dwelling units per acre, the maximum capture of each 551 taxing entity's tax increment above the base year is 60%. 552 (d) A municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000

553	in a county of the first class as described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A)(II) and (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) may
554	only propose one housing and transit reinvestment zone within an opportunity zone.
555	(e) A county of the first class may not propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone
556	that includes an area that is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102,
557	and created under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, until the project area is dissolved
558	pursuant to Section 17C-1-702.
559	(5) (a) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a commuter rail station, if a
560	parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as part of the
561	housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the limitations described
562	in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
563	(b) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a light rail or bus rapid transit
564	station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included
565	as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the
566	limitations described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
567	(6) The notice of commencement of collection of tax increment required in Subsection
568	(4)(a)(iii) or (4)(b)(iii) shall be sent by mail or electronically to:
569	(a) the tax commission;
570	(b) the State Board of Education;
571	(c) the state auditor;
572	(d) the auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is
573	located;
574	(e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the housing and
575	transit reinvestment zone; and
576	(f) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
577	(7) (a) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at light rail
578	stations is eight in any given county.
579	(b) Within a county of the first class, the maximum number of housing and transit
580	reinvestment zones at bus rapid transit stations is three.
581	(c) Within a county of the first class, the maximum total combined number of housing
582	and transit reinvestment zones described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b) and first home
583	investment zones created under Part 13, First Home Investment Zone Act, is 11.

584 (8) (a) This Subsection (8) applies to a specified county, as defined in Section 585 17-27a-408, that has created a small public transit district on or before January 1, 2022. 586 (b) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) shall, in accordance with Section 587 63N-3-604, prepare and submit to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity a proposal 588 to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone on or before December 31, 2022. 589 (ii) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) that, on December 31, 2022, was 590 noncompliant under Section 17-27a-408 for failure to demonstrate in the county's moderate 591 income housing report that the county complied with Subsection (8)(b)(i), may cure the 592 deficiency in the county's moderate income housing report by submitting satisfactory proof to 593 the Housing and Community Development Division that, notwithstanding the deadline in 594 Subsection (8)(b)(i), the county has submitted to the Governor's Office of Economic

595 Opportunity a proposal to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone.

(c) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) may not propose a housing and transit
reinvestment zone if more than 15% of the acreage within the housing and transit reinvestment
zone boundary is owned by the county.

(ii) For purposes of determining the percentage of acreage owned by the county as
described in Subsection (8)(c)(i), a county may exclude any acreage owned that is used for
highways, bus rapid transit, light rail, or commuter rail within the boundary of the housing and
transit reinvestment zone.

(d) To accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), if a county described in
Subsection (8)(a) has failed to comply with Subsection (8)(b)(i) by failing to submit an
application before December 31, 2022, an owner of undeveloped property who has submitted a
land use application to the county on or before December 31, 2022, and is within a 1/3 mile
radius of a public transit hub in a county described in Subsection (8)(a), including parcels that
are bisected by the 1/3 mile radius, shall have the right to develop and build a mixed-use
development including the following:

(i) excluding the parcels devoted to commercial uses as described in Subsection
(8)(d)(ii), at least 39 dwelling units per acre on average over the developable area, with at least
10% of the dwelling units as affordable housing units;

(ii) commercial uses including office, retail, educational, and healthcare in support ofthe mixed-use development constituting up to 1/3 of the total planned gross building square

615	footage of the subject parcels; and
616	(iii) any other infrastructure element necessary or reasonable to support the mixed-use
617	development, including parking infrastructure, streets, sidewalks, parks, and trails.
618	Section 4. Section 63N-3-605 is amended to read:
619	63N-3-605. Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee Creation.
620	(1) For any housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed under this part, or for a
621	first home investment zone proposed in accordance with Part 13, First Home Investment Zone
622	Act, there is created a housing and transit reinvestment zone committee with membership
623	described in Subsection (2).
624	(2) Each housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall consist of the
625	following members:
626	(a) one representative from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity, designated
627	by the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
628	(b) one representative from each municipality that is a party to the proposed housing
629	and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone, designated by the chief executive
630	officer of each respective municipality;
631	(c) a member of the Transportation Commission created in Section 72-1-301;
632	(d) a member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district;
633	(e) one individual from the Office of the State Treasurer, designated by the state
634	treasurer;
635	(f) one member designated by the president of the Senate;
636	(g) one member designated by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
637	(h) one member designated by the chief executive officer of each county affected by
638	the housing and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone;
639	(i) one representative designated by the school superintendent from the school district
640	affected by the housing and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone; and
641	(j) one representative, representing the largest participating local taxing entity, after the
642	municipality, county, and school district.
643	(3) The individual designated by the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity as
644	described in Subsection (2)(a) shall serve as chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
645	committee.

646	(4) (a) A majority of the members of the housing and transit reinvestment zone $(4)$
647	committee constitutes a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
648	(b) An action by a majority of a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
649	committee is an action of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
650	(5) (a) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the
651	analysis described in Section 63N-3-604, and after the Governor's Office of Economic
652	Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality or public transit county to
653	submit the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit
654	reinvestment zone committee, the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each
655	of the entities described in Subsection (2) of the formation of the housing and transit
656	reinvestment zone committee.
657	(b) For a first home investment zone, the housing and transit reinvestment zone
658	committee shall follow the procedures described in Section 63N-3-1304.
659	(6) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene
660	a public meeting to consider the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone.
661	(b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to
662	Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
663	(7) (a) The proposing municipality or public transit county shall present the housing
664	and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee
665	in a public meeting.
666	(b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
667	(i) evaluate and verify whether the elements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone
668	described in Subsections 63N-3-603(2) and (4) have been met; and
669	(ii) evaluate the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone relative to the analysis
670	described in Subsection 63N-3-604(2).
671	(8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone
672	committee may:
673	(i) request changes to the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal based on the
674	analysis, characteristics, and criteria described in Section 63N-3-604; or
675	(ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
676	(b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the

677	housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal, the municipality or public transit county
678	proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone shall ensure that the area of the proposed
679	housing and transit reinvestment zone is zoned in such a manner to accommodate the
680	requirements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in this section and the
681	proposed development.
682	(9) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is approved by the committee:
683	(a) the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone is established according to the
684	terms of the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal;
685	(b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the
686	housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and
687	(c) each affected taxing municipality is required to participate at the same rate as a
688	participating county.
689	(10) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal may be amended by following
690	the same procedure as approving a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal.
691	Section 5. Section 63N-3-1301 is enacted to read:
692	Part 13. First Home Investment Zone Act
693	<u>63N-3-1301.</u> Definitions.
693 694	<u>63N-3-1301.</u> Definitions. (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
694	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
694 695	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross
694 695 696	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.
694 695 696 697	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> </ul>
694 695 696 697 698	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> </ul>
694 695 696 697 698 699	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(4) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> </ul>
694 695 696 697 698 699 700	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(4) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(5) "Dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> </ul>
694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(4) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(5) "Dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(6) "Extraterritorial home" means a dwelling unit that is included as part of the first</li> </ul>
694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(4) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(5) "Dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(6) "Extraterritorial home" means a dwelling unit that is included as part of the first home investment zone proposal that:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>694</li> <li>695</li> <li>696</li> <li>697</li> <li>698</li> <li>699</li> <li>700</li> <li>701</li> <li>702</li> <li>703</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(4) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(5) "Dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(6) "Extraterritorial home" means a dwelling unit that is included as part of the first home investment zone proposal that:</li> <li>(a) is located within the municipality proposing the first home investment zone but</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>694</li> <li>695</li> <li>696</li> <li>697</li> <li>698</li> <li>699</li> <li>700</li> <li>701</li> <li>702</li> <li>703</li> <li>704</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by</li> <li>households with a gross household income equal to or less than 120% of the median gross</li> <li>income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size.</li> <li>(2) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(3) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(4) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(5) "Dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.</li> <li>(6) "Extraterritorial home" means a dwelling unit that is included as part of the first home investment zone proposal that:</li> <li>(a) is located within the municipality proposing the first home investment zone but outside the boundary of the first home investment zone;</li> </ul>

708	(d) has not been issued a building permit by the municipality as of the date of the
709	approval of the first home investment zone; and
710	(e) is subject to a deed restriction requiring the home to be owner occupied for no less
711	than 25 years.
712	(7) "First home investment zone" means a first home investment zone created in
713	accordance with this part.
714	(8) "Home" means a dwelling unit.
715	(9) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means the same as that term is defined in
716	<u>Section 63N-3-602.</u>
717	(10) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means the housing and transit
718	reinvestment zone committee described in Section 63N-3-605.
719	(11) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in
720	<u>Section 72-1-208.5.</u>
721	(12) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
722	(13) "Owner occupied" means private real property that is:
723	(a) used for a single-family residential purpose; and
724	(b) is occupied by the owner of the real property.
725	(14) (a) "Project improvements" means site improvements and facilities that are:
726	(i) planned and designed to provide service for development resulting from a
727	development activity;
728	(ii) necessary for the use and convenience of the occupants or users of development
729	resulting from a development activity; and
730	(iii) not identified or reimbursed as a system improvement.
731	(b) "Project improvements" does not mean system improvements.
732	(15) "State Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section
733	<u>59-1-201</u> .
734	(16) (a) "System improvements" means existing and future public facilities that are
735	designed to provide services to service areas within the community at large.
736	(b) "System improvements" does not mean project improvements.
737	(17) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
738	(i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from

739	the area within a first home investment zone designated in the first home investment zone
740	proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed
741	value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and
742	(ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
743	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
744	<u>Section 59-2-924.</u>
745	(b) "Tax increment" does not include property tax revenue from:
746	(i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2);
747	<u>or</u>
748	(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4).
749	(18) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
750	Section 6. Section 63N-3-1302 is enacted to read:
751	63N-3-1302. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a first home
752	investment zone.
753	(1) A first home investment zone created pursuant to this part shall promote the
754	following objectives:
755	(a) enabling and expanding housing options, including affordable housing and for sale,
756	owner-occupied housing;
757	(b) encouraging efficient development and opportunities for home ownership by
758	providing housing options, including affordable housing and for sale, owner-occupied housing;
759	(c) improving availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of
760	moderate income housing plans;
761	(d) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
762	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
763	(e) conservation of water resources through efficient land use;
764	(f) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
765	(g) encouraging transformative mixed-use development;
766	(h) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as
767	described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
768	(i) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities;
769	(j) increasing access to child care; and

770	(k) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
771	communities and access to roadways, public transportation, and active transportation.
772	(2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality or
773	county that initiates the process to create a first home investment zone as described in this part
774	shall ensure that the proposal for a first home investment zone includes:
775	(a) subject to Subsection (3), a minimum of 30 housing units per acre in at least 51% of
776	the developable area within the first home investment zone;
777	(b) a mixed use development;
778	(c) a requirement that at least 50% of the total of both owner-occupied homes within
779	the first home investment zone and extraterritorial homes include a deed restriction to ensure
780	the homes remain owner occupied for at least 25 years from the date of original purchase;
781	(d) a requirement that at least 20% of the homes inside the first home investment zone,
782	and at least 20% of the extraterritorial homes are:
783	(i) deed restricted to be owner occupied for no less than 25 years from the date of
784	original purchase; and
785	(ii) deed restricted to be affordable housing owner occupied for no less than 25 years
786	from the date of original purchase; and
787	(e) a requirement that at least 12% of homes within the first home investment zone that
788	are not owner occupied remain affordable housing for at least 25 years.
789	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), to satisfy the requirements described in Subsection
790	(2)(a), a first home investment zone may include an extraterritorial home to count toward the
791	required density of the first home investment zone by:
792	(i) (A) taking the total number of extraterritorial homes related to the first home
793	investment zone; and
794	(B) adding the total number under Subsection $(3)(a)(i)(A)$ to the number of homes
795	within the first home investment zone; and
796	(ii) dividing the total described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) by the total number of
797	developable acres with the first home investment zone.
798	(b) Extraterritorial homes may account for no more than half of the total homes to
799	calculate density within a first home investment zone.
800	(4) (a) If a municipality proposes a first home investment zone, the proposal shall

801	comply with the limitations described in this Subsection (4).
802	(b) A first home investment zone may not be less than 10 acres and no more than 100
803	acres in size.
804	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), a first home investment zone is
805	required to be one contiguous area.
806	(ii) While considering a first home investment zone proposal as described in Section
807	63N-3-1305, the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may consider and approve a
808	first home investment zone that is not one contiguous area if:
809	(A) the municipality provides evidence in the proposal showing that the deviation from
810	the contiguity requirement will enhance the ability of the first home investment zone to achieve
811	the objectives described in Subsection (1); and
812	(B) the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee determines that the deviation
813	is reasonable and circumstances justify deviation from the contiguity requirement.
814	(iii) The first home investment zone area contiguity is not affected by roads or other
815	rights-of-way.
816	(d) (i) A first home investment zone proposal may propose the capture of a maximum
817	of 60% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25
818	consecutive years within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment amount approved in
819	the first home investment zone proposal.
820	(ii) A first home investment zone proposal may not include more than three tax
821	increment capture periods or triggers.
822	(iii) Subject to Subsection (4)(d)(iv), a municipality shall ensure that the required
823	affordable housing units are included proportionally in each phase of the first home investment
824	zone development.
825	(iv) A municipality may allow a first home investment zone to be phased and
826	developed in a manner to provide more of the required affordable housing units in early phases
827	of development.
828	(e) If a municipality proposes a first home investment zone, commencement of the
829	collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the first home investment zone, is triggered
830	by providing notice as described in Subsection (5).
831	(f) A municipality shall ensure that each home required to be owner occupied within a

832	first home investment zone and each extraterritorial home include a deed restriction to prohibit
833	use as a short-term rental for at least 25 years.
834	(g) A municipality shall ensure that affordable housing within a first home investment
835	zone and related extraterritorial homes that are reserved as affordable housing are:
836	(i) not clustered within and are spread throughout the overall development; and
837	(ii) are of the same level of quality as all other homes within the development.
838	(h) A municipality shall ensure that at least 80% of extraterritorial homes included in a
839	first home investment zone proposal are single-family detached homes.
840	(5) Notice of commencement of collection of tax increment shall be sent by mail or
841	electronically to the following entities no later than January 1 of the year for which the tax
842	increment collection is proposed to commence:
843	(a) the State Tax Commission;
844	(b) the State Board of Education;
845	(c) the state auditor;
846	(d) the auditor of the county in which the first home investment zone is located;
847	(e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the first home
848	investment zone;
849	(f) the assessor of the county in which the first home investment zone is located; and
850	(g) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
851	(6) A first home investment zone proposal may not include a proposal to capture sales
852	and use tax increment.
853	(7) Within a county of the first class, the maximum total combined number of first
854	home investment zones and housing and transit reinvestment zones described in Subsections
855	<u>63N-3-603(7)(a) and (b) is 11.</u>
856	(8) A municipality may not propose a first home investment zone in a location that is
857	eligible for a housing and transit reinvestment zone.
858	Section 7. Section 63N-3-1303 is enacted to read:
859	63N-3-1303. Process for a proposal of a first home investment zone.
860	(1) Subject to approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as
861	described in Section 63N-3-1304, in order to create a first home investment zone, a
862	municipality that has general land use authority over the first home investment zone area, shall:

863	(a) prepare a proposal for the first home investment zone that:
864	(i) demonstrates that the proposed first home investment zone will meet the objectives
865	described in Subsection 63N-3-1302(1);
866	(ii) explains how the municipality will achieve the requirements of Subsection
867	<u>63N-3-1302(2);</u>
868	(iii) defines the specific infrastructure needs, if any, and proposed improvements;
869	(iv) defines the boundaries of the first home investment zone;
870	(v) includes maps of the proposed first home investment zone to illustrate:
871	(A) proposed housing density within the first home investment zone;
872	(B) extraterritorial homes relevant to the first home investment zone, including density
873	of the development of extraterritorial homes; and
874	(C) existing zoning and proposed zoning changes related to the first home investment
875	zone;
876	(vi) identifies any development impediments that prevent the development from being
877	a market-rate investment and proposed strategies for addressing each one;
878	(vii) describes the proposed development plan, including the requirements described in
879	<u>Subsections 63N-3-1302(2) and (4);</u>
880	(viii) establishes the collection period or periods to calculate the tax increment;
881	(ix) describes projected maximum revenues generated and the amount of tax increment
882	capture from each taxing entity and proposed expenditures of revenue derived from the first
883	home investment zone;
884	(x) includes an analysis of other applicable or eligible incentives, grants, or sources of
885	revenue that can be used to reduce the finance gap;
886	(xi) proposes a finance schedule to align expected revenue with required financing
887	costs and payments;
888	(xii) evaluates possible benefits to active transportation, public transportation
889	availability and utilization, and air quality; and
890	(xiii) provides a pro-forma for the planned development that:
891	(A) satisfies the requirements described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(2) and (4); and
892	(B) includes data showing the cost difference between what type of development could
893	feasibly be developed absent the first home investment zone tax increment and the type of

894	development that is proposed to be developed with the first home investment zone tax
895	increment; and
896	(b) submit the first home investment zone proposal to the Governor's Office of
897	Economic Opportunity.
898	(2) As part of the proposal described in Subsection (1), a municipality shall:
899	(a) study and evaluate possible impacts of a proposed first home investment zone on
900	parking within the municipality and first home investment zone; and
901	(b) include in the first home investment zone proposal the findings of the study
902	described in Subsection (2)(a) and proposed strategies to address parking impacts.
903	(3) (a) After receiving the proposal as described in Subsection (1)(b), the Governor's
904	Office of Economic Opportunity shall:
905	(i) within 14 days after the date on which the Governor's Office of Economic
906	Opportunity receives the proposal described in Subsection (1)(b), provide notice of the
907	proposal to all affected taxing entities, including the State Tax Commission, the county
908	assessor, cities, counties, school districts, and metropolitan planning organizations; and
909	(ii) at the expense of the proposing municipality as described in Subsection (5),
910	contract with an independent entity to perform the gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b).
911	(b) The gap analysis required in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall include:
912	(i) a description of the planned development;
913	(ii) a market analysis relative to other comparable project developments included in or
914	adjacent to the municipality absent the proposed first home investment zone;
915	(iii) an evaluation of the proposal and a determination of the adequacy and efficiency
916	of the proposal;
917	(iv) an evaluation of the proposed tax increment capture needed to cover the system
918	improvements and project improvements associated with the first home investment zone
919	proposal and enable the proposed development to occur, and for the benefit of affordable
920	housing projects; and
921	(v) based on the market analysis and other findings, an opinion relative to the
922	appropriate amount of potential public financing reasonably determined to be necessary to
923	achieve the objectives described in Subsection 63N-3-1302(1).
924	(c) After receiving notice from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity of a

925	proposed first home investment zone as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the municipality, in
926	consultation with the county assessor and the State Tax Commission, shall:
927	(i) evaluate the feasibility of administering the tax implications of the proposal; and
928	(ii) provide a letter to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity describing any
929	challenges in the administration of the proposal, or indicating that the county assessor can
930	feasibly administer the proposal.
931	(4) After receiving the results from the analysis described in Subsection (3)(b), the
932	municipality proposing the first home investment zone may:
933	(a) amend the first home investment zone proposal based on the findings of the
934	analysis described in Subsection (3)(b) and request that the Governor's Office of Economic
935	Opportunity submit the amended first home investment zone proposal to the housing and
936	transit reinvestment zone committee; or
937	(b) request that the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity submit the original
938	first home investment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
939	(5) (a) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may accept, as a dedicated
940	credit, up to \$20,000 from a municipality for the costs of the gap analysis described in
941	Subsection (3)(b).
942	(b) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may expend funds received from a
943	municipality as dedicated credits to pay for the costs associated with the gap analysis described
944	in Subsection (3)(b).
945	Section 8. Section 63N-3-1304 is enacted to read:
946	63N-3-1304. Consideration of proposals by housing and transit reinvestment zone
947	committee.
948	(1) A first home investment zone proposed under this part is subject to approval by the
949	housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
950	(2) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the
951	analysis described in Section 63N-3-1303, and after the Governor's Office of Economic
952	Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality to submit the first home
953	investment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee, the
954	Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each of the relevant entities of the
955	formation of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as described in Section

956	63N-3-605.
957	(3) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene
958	a public meeting to consider the proposed first home investment zone in the same manner as
959	described in Section 63N-3-605.
960	(b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to
961	Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
962	(4) (a) The proposing municipality shall present the first home investment zone
963	proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee in a public meeting.
964	(b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
965	(i) evaluate and verify whether the objectives and elements of a first home investment
966	zone described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(1), (2), and (4) have been met; and
967	(ii) evaluate the proposed first home investment zone relative to the analysis described
968	in Subsection 63N-3-1303(2).
969	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone
970	committee may:
971	(i) request changes to the first home investment zone proposal based on the analysis,
972	characteristics, and criteria described in Section 63N-3-1303; or
973	(ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
974	(b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the first
975	home investment zone proposal, the municipality proposing the first home investment zone
976	shall ensure that the area of the proposed first home investment zone is zoned in such a manner
977	to accommodate the requirements of a first home investment zone described in this section and
978	the proposed development.
979	(6) If a first home investment zone is approved by the committee:
980	(a) the proposed first home investment zone is established according to the terms of the
981	first home investment zone proposal;
982	(b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the
983	first home investment zone proposal; and
984	(c) each affected taxing entity is required to participate at the same rate.
985	(7) A first home investment zone proposal may be amended by following the same
986	procedure as approving a first home investment zone proposal.

987	Section 9. Section 63N-3-1305 is enacted to read:
988	<u>63N-3-1305.</u> Notice requirements.
989	(1) In approving a first home investment zone proposal the housing and transit
990	reinvestment zone committee shall follow the hearing and notice requirements for proposing a
991	first home investment zone as described in this section.
992	(2) Within 30 days after the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee approves
993	a proposed first home investment zone, the municipality shall:
994	(a) record with the recorder of the county in which the first home investment zone is
995	located a document containing:
996	(i) a description of the land within the first home investment zone;
997	(ii) a statement that the proposed first home investment zone has been approved; and
998	(iii) the date of adoption;
999	(b) transmit a copy of the description of the land within the first home investment zone
1000	and an accurate map or plat indicating the boundaries of the first home investment zone to the
1001	Utah Geospatial Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505; and
1002	(c) transmit a copy of the approved first home investment zone proposal, map, and
1003	description of the land within the first home investment zone, to:
1004	(i) the auditor, recorder, attorney, surveyor, and assessor of the county in which any
1005	part of the first home investment zone is located;
1006	(ii) the officer or officers performing the function of auditor or assessor for each taxing
1007	entity that does not use the county assessment roll or collect the taxing entity's taxes through
1008	the county;
1009	(iii) the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity;
1010	(iv) the State Tax Commission; and
1011	(v) the State Board of Education.
1012	Section 10. Section 63N-3-1306 is enacted to read:
1013	<u>63N-3-1306.</u> Payment, use, and administration of tax increment from a first home
1014	investment zone.
1015	(1) A municipality may receive and use tax increment and first home investment zone
1016	funds in accordance with this part.
1017	(2) (a) A county that collects property tax on property located within a first home

1018	investment zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, distribute to the municipality any
1019	tax increment the municipality is authorized to receive up to the maximum approved by the
1020	housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
1021	(b) (i) Tax increment paid to the municipality are first home investment zone funds and
1022	shall be administered by an agency created by the municipality within which the first home
1023	investment zone is located.
1024	(ii) Before an agency may receive first home investment zone funds from the
1025	municipality, the municipality and the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement with
1026	terms that:
1027	(A) are consistent with the approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
1028	committee; and
1029	(B) meet the requirements of Section 63N-3-1302.
1030	(3) (a) A municipality and the agency shall use first home investment zone funds
1031	within, or for the direct benefit of, the first home investment zone, related extraterritorial
1032	housing, and for the benefit of affordable housing projects.
1033	(b) If any first home investment zone funds will be used outside of the first home
1034	investment zone there must be a finding in the approved proposal for a first home investment
1035	zone that the use of the first home investment zone funds outside of the first home investment
1036	zone will directly benefit the first home investment zone or related extraterritorial homes.
1037	(4) In accordance with Subsection $63N-3-1302(4)(e)$ , a municipality shall use the first
1038	home investment zone funds to achieve the purposes described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(1)
1039	and (2), by paying all or part of the costs associated with the first home investment zone and
1040	extraterritorial homes, including:
1041	(a) project improvements;
1042	(b) system improvements; and
1043	(c) the costs of the municipality to create and administer the first home investment
1044	zone, which may not exceed 2% of the total first home investment zone funds, plus the costs to
1045	complete the gap analysis described in Subsection 63N-3-1303(2).
1046	(5) First home investment zone funds may be paid to a participant, if the agency and
1047	participant enter into a participation agreement which requires the participant to utilize the first
1048	home investment zone funds as allowed in this section.

1049	(6) First home investment zone funds may be used to pay all of the costs of bonds
1050	issued by the municipality in accordance with Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds,
1051	including the cost to issue and repay the bonds including interest.
1052	(7) A municipality may create one or more public infrastructure districts within the city
1053	under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, and pledge and utilize the first
1054	home investment zone funds to guarantee the payment of public infrastructure bonds issued by
1055	a public infrastructure district.
1056	Section 11. Section 63N-3-1307 is enacted to read:
1057	63N-3-1307. Applicability to an existing first home investment zone or community
1058	reinvestment project.
1059	If a parcel within a first home investment zone is included as an area that is part of a
1060	project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created under Title 17C, Chapter
1061	1, Agency Operations, that parcel may not be triggered for collection unless the project area is
1062	dissolved pursuant to Section 17C-1-702.
1063	Section 12. Section 63N-3-1308 is enacted to read:
1064	63N-3-1308. Tax increment protections.
1065	(1) Upon petition by a participating taxing entity or on the initiative of the housing and
1066	transit reinvestment zone committee creating a first home investment zone, a first home
1067	investment zone may suspend or terminate the collection of tax increment in a first home
1068	investment zone if the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee determines, by clear
1069	and convincing evidence, presented in a public meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment
1070	zone committee, that:
1071	(a) a substantial portion of the tax increment collected in the first home investment
1072	zone has not or will not be used for the purposes provided in Section 63N-3-1306; and
1073	(b) (i) the first home investment zone has no indebtedness; or
1074	(ii) the first home investment zone has no binding financial obligations.
1075	(2) A first home investment zone may not collect tax increment in excess of the tax
1076	increment projections or limitations set forth in the first home investment zone proposal.
1077	(3) The agency administering the tax increment collected in a first home investment
1078	zone under Subsection 63N-3-1306(2)(c), shall have standing in a court with proper
1079	jurisdiction to enforce provisions of the first home investment zone proposal, participation

- 1080 agreements, and other agreements for the use of the tax increment collected.
- 1081 (4) The agency administering tax increment from a first home investment zone under
- 1082 <u>Subsection 63N-3-1306(2)(c)</u> which is collecting tax increment shall follow the reporting
- 1083 requirements described in Section 17C-1-603 and the audit requirements described in Sections
- 1084 <u>17C-1-604 and 17C-1-605.</u>
- 1085 (5) For each first home investment zone collecting tax increment within a county, the
- 1086 county auditor shall follow the reporting requirement found in Section <u>17C-1-606</u>.
- 1087 Section 13. Effective date.
- 1088 This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.