Senator Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

1	FIRST HOME INVESTMENT ZONE ACT
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5	House Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts the First Home Investment Zone Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 enacts the First Home Investment Zone Act;
13	 defines terms;
14	 allows a municipality to create a first home investment zone to:
15	 provide affordable, owner-occupied housing;
16	• encourage mixed use development;
17	• encourage strategic and efficient land use planning;
18	• improve access to opportunities; and
19	• increase opportunities for home ownership;
20	 allows a first home investment zone to capture tax increment to finance the
21	objectives of a first home investment zone;
22	 provides certain requirements regarding housing density, affordability, development
23	size, and other characteristics of a first home investment zone;
24	 requires the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee to review and approve
25	first home investment zone proposals; and

26	here to show one
26	 makes technical changes.
27	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
28 20	None
29 20	Other Special Clauses:
30	None
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 502
34	63N-3-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
35	63N-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
36	63N-3-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 357
37	ENACTS:
38	63N-3-1301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	63N-3-1302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	63N-3-1303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	63N-3-1304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	63N-3-1305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	63N-3-1306, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	63N-3-1307, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	63N-3-1308, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	63N-3-1309, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	
48	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
49	Section 1. Section 59-2-924 is amended to read:
50	59-2-924. Definitions Report of valuation of property to county auditor and
51	commission Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Calculation of certified tax
52	rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget Notice provided by the
53	commission.
54	(1) As used in this section:
55	(a) (i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance with
56	this chapter.

57	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:
58	(A) interest;
59	(B) penalties;
60	(C) collections from redemptions; or
61	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is semiconductor
62	manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County
63	Assessment.
64	(b) "Adjusted tax increment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
65	17C-1-102.
66	(c) (i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
67	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
68	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
69	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
70	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
71	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
72	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls
73	of the taxing entity.
74	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate year
75	end taxable value of personal property that is:
76	(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
77	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
78	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
79	(d) "Base taxable value" means:
80	(i) for an authority created under Section $11-58-201$, the same as that term is defined in
81	Section 11-58-102;
82	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
83	the same as that term is defined in Section 11-59-207;
84	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
85	in Section 17C-1-102;
86	(iv) for an authority created under Section $63H-1-201$, the same as that term is defined
87	in Section 63H-1-102;

88	(v) for a host local government, the same as that term is defined in Section $63N-2-502$;
89	[or]
90	(vi) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
91	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown upon
92	the assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in Section
93	63N-3-602[.]; or
94	(vii) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 13, First
95	Home Investment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last
96	equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-1301.
97	(e) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the highest year
98	end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
99	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for a previous calendar year that begins on or after January 1,
100	2015, adjusted for taxable value attributable to:
101	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity;
102	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the commission
103	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property; or
104	(iii) a change in value as a result of a change in the method of apportioning the value
105	prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the commission in an administrative rule or
106	administrative order.
107	(f) (i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
108	(A) zero; or
109	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
110	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and personal
111	property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
112	current year, adjusted for current year incremental value.
113	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of a
114	change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the
115	commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
116	(g) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property
117	tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.
118	(h) "Community reinvestment agency" means the same as that term is defined in

119	Section 17C-1-102.
120	(i) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
121	(i) zero; or
122	(ii) the sum of:
123	(A) locally assessed new growth;
124	(B) centrally assessed new growth; and
125	(C) project area new growth or hotel property new growth.
126	(j) "Host local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section
127	63N-2-502.
128	(k) "Hotel property" means the same as that term is defined in Section $63N-2-502$.
129	(1) "Hotel property new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that
130	is no longer provided to a host local government as incremental property tax revenue.
131	(m) "Incremental property tax revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
132	Section 63N-2-502.
133	(n) "Incremental value" means:
134	(i) for an authority created under Section $11-58-201$, the amount calculated by
135	multiplying:
136	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
137	that is located within a project area and on which property tax differential is collected; and
138	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax differential that is
139	paid to the authority;
140	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
141	an amount calculated by multiplying:
142	(A) the difference between the current assessed value of the property and the base
143	taxable value; and
144	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax augmentation, as
145	defined in Section 11-59-207, that is paid to the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority;
146	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the amount calculated by
147	multiplying:
148	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
149	located within a project area and on which tax increment is collected; and

150	(B) the number that represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is
151	paid to the agency;
152	(iv) for an authority created under Section $63H-1-201$, the amount calculated by
153	multiplying:
154	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
155	located within a project area and on which property tax allocation is collected; and
156	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax allocation from that
157	project area that is paid to the authority;
158	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter
159	3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount calculated by multiplying:
160	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
161	that is located within a housing and transit reinvestment zone and on which tax increment is
162	collected; and
163	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to the
164	housing and transit reinvestment zone;
165	(vi) for a host local government, an amount calculated by multiplying:
166	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the hotel
167	property on which incremental property tax revenue is collected; and
168	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the incremental property tax revenue
169	from that hotel property that is paid to the host local government; [or]
170	(vii) for the State Fair Park Authority created in Section 11-68-201, the taxable value
171	of:
172	(A) fair park land, as defined in Section $11-68-101$, that is subject to a privilege tax
173	under Section 11-68-402; or
174	(B) personal property located on property that is subject to the privilege tax described
175	in Subsection (1)(n)(vii)(A)[-]; or
176	(viii) for a first home investment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
177	13, First Home Investment Zone Act, an amount calculated by multiplying:
178	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
179	that is located within a first home investment zone and on which tax increment is collected;
180	and

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181	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to the
182	first home investment zone.
183	(o) (i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
184	(A) zero; or
185	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real property the
186	county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the previous year,
187	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real property the county
188	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted
189	for current year incremental value.
190	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
191	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal, or
192	another adjustment;
193	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption for a
194	primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
195	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
196	Assessment Act; or
197	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
198	Farming Assessment Act.
199	(p) "Project area" means:
200	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined in
201	Section 11-58-102;
202	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
203	in Section 17C-1-102; or
204	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is defined
205	in Section 63H-1-102.
206	(q) "Project area new growth" means:
207	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, an amount equal to the
208	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax differential;
209	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
210	an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer provided to the Point of the
211	Mountain State Land Authority as property tax augmentation, as defined in Section 11-59-207;

212	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, an amount equal to the
213	incremental value that is no longer provided to an agency as tax increment;
214	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, an amount equal to the
215	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax allocation; [or]
216	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
217	6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental value that
218	is no longer provided to a housing and transit reinvestment zone as tax increment[-]; or
219	(vi) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 13, First
220	Home Investment Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer
221	provided to a first home investment zone as tax increment.
222	(r) "Project area incremental revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
223	Section 17C-1-1001.
224	(s) "Property tax allocation" means the same as that term is defined in Section
225	63H-1-102.
226	(t) "Property tax differential" means the same as that term is defined in Section
227	11-58-102.
228	(u) "Qualifying exempt revenue" means revenue received:
229	(i) for the previous calendar year;
230	(ii) by a taxing entity;
231	(iii) from tangible personal property contained on the prior year's tax rolls that is
232	exempt from property tax under Subsection 59-2-1115(2)(b) for a calendar year beginning on
233	January 1, 2022; and
234	(iv) on the aggregate 2021 year end taxable value of the tangible personal property that
235	exceeds \$15,300.
236	(v) "Tax increment" means:
237	(i) for a project created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined in
238	Section 17C-1-102; [or]
239	(ii) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
240	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, the same as that term is defined in Section
241	63N-3-602[.]; or
242	(iii) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 13, First

243	Home Investment Zone Act, the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-1301.
244	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
245	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
246	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county
247	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing entity; and
248	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
249	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end values.
250	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of
251	each taxing entity:
252	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
253	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
254	(c) the certified tax rate; and
255	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
256	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
257	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity budgeted for the
258	prior year minus the qualifying exempt revenue by the amount calculated under Subsection
259	(4)(b).
260	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
261	calculate an amount as follows:
262	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
263	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
264	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
265	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
266	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(i) by the
267	average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for the equalization
268	period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar year;
269	(iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the product
270	of:
271	(A) the amount calculated under Subsection $(4)(b)(ii)$; and
272	(B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately
273	preceding the current calendar year; and

274	(iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an amount
275	determined by:
276	(A) multiplying the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
277	immediately preceding the current calendar year by eligible new growth; and
278	(B) subtracting the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) from the amount
279	calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iii).
280	(5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be
281	calculated as follows:
282	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) or (c), for a new taxing entity, the certified
283	tax rate is zero;
284	(b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
285	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
286	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
287	(ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
288	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in
289	Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(23);
290	(c) for a community reinvestment agency that received all or a portion of a taxing
291	entity's project area incremental revenue in the prior year under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 10,
292	Agency Taxing Authority, the certified tax rate is calculated as described in Subsection (4)
293	except that the commission shall treat the total revenue transferred to the community
294	reinvestment agency as ad valorem property tax revenue that the taxing entity budgeted for the
295	prior year; and
296	(d) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy
297	imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall be
298	calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
299	(i) a school levy provided for under Section 53F-8-301, 53F-8-302, or 53F-8-303; and
300	(ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative
301	orders under Section 59-2-1602.
302	(6) (a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be
303	imposed at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more
304	eligible judgments.

305	(b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in
306	Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate certified tax
307	rate.
308	(7) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use:
309	(i) the taxable value of real property:
310	(A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
311	(B) contained on the assessment roll;
312	(ii) the year end taxable value of personal property:
313	(A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
314	(B) contained on the prior year's assessment roll; and
315	(iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
316	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
317	(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible new
318	growth.
319	(8) (a) On or before June 30, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
320	(b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shall
321	notify the county auditor of:
322	(i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
323	(ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
324	(c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that
325	exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1.
326	(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through
327	electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and Taxation Interim
328	Committee if:
329	(i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end
330	taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
331	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental
332	value; and
333	(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year end
334	taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in
335	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.

336	(b) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(i), the commission shall calculate an amount by
337	subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
338	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year
339	incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and personal property the
340	commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year,
341	adjusted for prior year end incremental value.
342	(c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by
343	subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission
344	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, from the total
345	year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses
346	in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
347	(d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet
348	the requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).
349	Section 2. Section 63N-3-602 is amended to read:
350	63N-3-602. Definitions.
351	As used in this part:
351 352	
	As used in this part:
352	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
352 353	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross
352 353 354	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size.
352 353 354 355	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size. (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
352 353 354 355 356	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size. (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the
 352 353 354 355 356 357 	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size. (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year.
 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size. (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year. (4) "Base year" means, for a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, a
352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size. (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year. (4) "Base year" means, for a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, a year beginning the first day of the calendar quarter determined by the last equalized tax roll
 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 	As used in this part: (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size. (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year. (4) "Base year" means, for a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, a year beginning the first day of the calendar quarter determined by the last equalized tax roll before the adoption of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.

(6) "Bus rapid transit station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a
proposed station, stop, or terminal that is specifically identified in a metropolitan planning
organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit district's

367	five-year plan:
368	(a) along an existing bus rapid transit line; or
369	(b) along an extension to an existing bus rapid transit line or new bus rapid transit line.
370	(7) (a) "Commuter rail" means a heavy-rail passenger rail transit facility operated by a
371	large public transit district.
372	(b) "Commuter rail" does not include a light-rail passenger rail facility of a large public
373	transit district.
374	(8) "Commuter rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed
375	station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified in a metropolitan planning
376	organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit district's
377	five-year plan:
378	(a) along an existing commuter rail line;
379	(b) along an extension to an existing commuter rail line or new commuter rail line; or
380	(c) along a fixed guideway extension from an existing commuter rail line.
381	(9) (a) "Developable area" means the portion of land within a housing and transit
382	reinvestment zone available for development and construction of business and residential uses.
383	(b) "Developable area" does not include portions of land within a housing and transit
384	reinvestment zone that are allocated to:
385	(i) parks;
386	(ii) recreation facilities;
387	(iii) open space;
388	(iv) trails;
389	(v) publicly-owned roadway facilities; or
390	(vi) other public facilities.
391	(10) "Dwelling unit" means one or more rooms arranged for the use of one or more
392	individuals living together, as a single housekeeping unit normally having cooking, living,
393	sanitary, and sleeping facilities.
394	(11) "Enhanced development" means the construction of mixed uses including
395	housing, commercial uses, and related facilities.
396	(12) "Enhanced development costs" means extra costs associated with structured
397	parking costs, vertical construction costs, horizontal construction costs, life safety costs,

398	structural costs, conveyor or elevator costs, and other costs incurred due to the increased height
399	of buildings or enhanced development.
400	(13) "First home investment zone" means the same as that term is defined in Section
401	<u>63N-3-1301</u>
402	[(13)] (14) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section
403	59-12-102.
404	[(14)] (15) "Horizontal construction costs" means the additional costs associated with
405	earthwork, over excavation, utility work, transportation infrastructure, and landscaping to
406	achieve enhanced development in the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
407	[(15)] (16) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means a housing and transit
408	reinvestment zone created pursuant to this part.
409	[(16)] (17) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means a housing and
410	transit reinvestment zone committee created pursuant to Section 63N-3-605.
411	[(17)] (18) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in
412	Section 17B-2a-802.
413	[(18)] (19) "Light rail" means a passenger rail public transit system with right-of-way
414	and fixed rails:
415	(a) dedicated to exclusive use by light-rail public transit vehicles;
416	(b) that may cross streets at grade; and
417	(c) that may share parts of surface streets.
418	[(19)] (20) "Light rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal or a
419	proposed station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified in a metropolitan
420	planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and the relevant public transit
421	district's five-year plan:
422	(a) along an existing light rail line; or
423	(b) along an extension to an existing light rail line or new light rail line.
424	[(20)] (21) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is
425	defined in Section 72-1-208.5.
426	[(21)] (22) "Mixed use development" means development with a mix of multi-family
427	residential use and at least one additional land use.
428	[(22)] (23) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.

429 [(23)] (24) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. 430 $\left[\frac{24}{24}\right]$ (25) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section 431 17C-1-102, except that the agency may not provide and the person may not receive a direct 432 subsidy. [(25)] (26) "Public transit county" means a county that has created a small public 433 434 transit district. 435 [(26)] (27) "Public transit hub" means a public transit depot or station where four or 436 more routes serving separate parts of the county-created transit district stop to transfer riders 437 between routes. 438 $\left[\frac{(27)}{(28)}\right]$ (28) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by 439 the first year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax 440 boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established. 441 [(28)] (29) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary created as described in 442 Section 63N-3-604, based on state sales and use tax collection that corresponds as closely as 443 reasonably practicable to the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary. 444 [(29)] (30) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between: 445 (a) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the 446 sales and use tax base year by the sales and use tax from the area within a housing and transit 447 reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area 448 from which sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and 449 (b) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue that was generated from that same 450 area during the sales and use tax base year. 451 [(30)] (31) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is generated from the tax 452 imposed under Section 59-12-103. 453 [(31)] (32) "Small public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in 454 Section 17B-2a-802. 455 [(32)] (33) "Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section 456 59-1-201. 457 [(33)] (34) "Tax increment" means the difference between: 458 (a) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from 459 the area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit

460	reinvestment zone proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the
461	current assessed value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section
462	59-2-924; and
463	(b) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
464	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
465	Section 59-2-924.
466	[(34)] (35) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
467	17C-1-102.
468	[(35)] (36) "Vertical construction costs" means the additional costs associated with
469	construction above four stories and structured parking to achieve enhanced development in the
470	housing and transit reinvestment zone.
471	Section 3. Section 63N-3-603 is amended to read:
472	63N-3-603. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a housing and transit
473	reinvestment zone.
474	(1) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal created under this part shall
475	promote the following objectives:
476	(a) higher utilization of public transit;
477	(b) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of
478	moderate income housing plans;
479	(c) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
480	communities near public transit facilities;
481	(d) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
482	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
483	(e) conservation of water resources through efficient land use;
484	(f) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
485	(g) encouraging transformative mixed-use development and investment in
486	transportation and public transit infrastructure in strategic areas;
487	(h) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as
488	described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
489	(i) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities; and
490	(j) increasing access to child care.

- 491 (2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality or
 492 public transit county that initiates the process to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone
 493 as described in this part shall ensure that the proposal for a housing and transit reinvestment
 494 zone includes:
- 495 (a) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least 10% of the proposed dwelling units
 496 within the housing and transit reinvestment zone are affordable housing units;
- 497 (b) at least 51% of the developable area within the housing and transit reinvestment
 498 zone includes residential uses with, except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), an average of 50
 499 dwelling units per acre or greater;
- 500 (c) mixed-use development; and
- (d) a mix of dwelling units to ensure that a reasonable percentage of the dwelling unitshas more than one bedroom.
- (3) A municipality or public transit county that, at the time the housing and transit
 reinvestment zone proposal is approved by the housing and transit reinvestment zone
 committee, meets the affordable housing guidelines of the United States Department of
 Housing and Urban Development at 60% area median income is exempt from the requirement
 described in Subsection (2)(a).
- (4) (a) A municipality may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a
 commuter rail station, and a public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
 reinvestment zone at a public transit hub, that:
- 511 (i) subject to Subsection (5)(a):
- 512 (A) (I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A)(II), for a municipality, does not
 513 exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a commuter rail station;
- (II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, with an opportunity zone created pursuant to Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code, does not exceed a 1/2 mile radius of a commuter rail station located within the opportunity zone; or
- 518 (III) for a public transit county, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a public transit 519 hub; and
- 520
 - (B) has a total area of no more than 125 noncontiguous acres;
- 521 (ii) subject to Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a maximum of 80% of each

522 taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25 consecutive years on each parcel within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment amount approved 523 524 in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and 525 (iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in 526 527 Subsection (6). 528 (b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit 529 reinvestment zone at a light rail station or bus rapid transit station that: 530 (i) subject to Subsection (5): 531 (A) does not exceed: 532 (I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) or (III), a 1/4 mile radius of a bus 533 rapid transit station or light rail station; 534 (II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located 535 536 in an opportunity zone created pursuant to Section 537 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code; or 538 (III) a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located within a master-planned 539 development of 500 acres or more: and 540 (B) has a total area of no more than 100 noncontiguous acres; (ii) subject to Subsection (4)(c) and Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a 541 542 maximum of 80% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 15 consecutive years on each parcel within a 30-year period not to exceed the tax 543 544 increment amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and 545 (iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the 546 housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in 547 Subsection (6). 548 (c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a 549 public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a municipality at 550 a bus rapid transit station, if the proposed housing density within the housing and transit 551 reinvestment zone is between 39 and 49 dwelling units per acre, the maximum capture of each 552 taxing entity's tax increment above the base year is 60%.

553 (d) A municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 554 in a county of the first class as described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A)(II) and (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) may 555 only propose one housing and transit reinvestment zone within an opportunity zone. 556 (e) A county of the first class may not propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone 557 that includes an area that is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, until the project area is dissolved 558 559 pursuant to Section 17C-1-702. 560 (5) (a) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a commuter rail station, if a 561 parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as part of the 562 housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the limitations described 563 in Subsection (4)(a)(i). 564 (b) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a light rail or bus rapid transit 565 station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the 566 567 limitations described in Subsection (4)(b)(i). 568 (6) The notice of commencement of collection of tax increment required in Subsection 569 (4)(a)(iii) or (4)(b)(iii) shall be sent by mail or electronically to: 570 (a) the tax commission; 571 (b) the State Board of Education; 572 (c) the state auditor; 573 (d) the auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is 574 located; 575 (e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the housing and 576 transit reinvestment zone; and 577 (f) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity. 578 (7) (a) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at light rail 579 stations is eight in any given county. 580 (b) Within a county of the first class, the maximum number of housing and transit 581 reinvestment zones at bus rapid transit stations is three. 582 (c) Within a county of the first class, the maximum total combined number of housing 583 and transit reinvestment zones described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b) and first home

584 investment zones created under Part 13, First Home Investment Zone Act, is 11. 585 (8) (a) This Subsection (8) applies to a specified county, as defined in Section 586 17-27a-408, that has created a small public transit district on or before January 1, 2022. 587 (b) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) shall, in accordance with Section 588 63N-3-604, prepare and submit to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity a proposal 589 to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone on or before December 31, 2022. 590 (ii) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) that, on December 31, 2022, was 591 noncompliant under Section 17-27a-408 for failure to demonstrate in the county's moderate 592 income housing report that the county complied with Subsection (8)(b)(i), may cure the 593 deficiency in the county's moderate income housing report by submitting satisfactory proof to

the Housing and Community Development Division that, notwithstanding the deadline in
Subsection (8)(b)(i), the county has submitted to the Governor's Office of Economic

596 Opportunity a proposal to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone.

(c) (i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) may not propose a housing and transit
reinvestment zone if more than 15% of the acreage within the housing and transit reinvestment
zone boundary is owned by the county.

(ii) For purposes of determining the percentage of acreage owned by the county as
described in Subsection (8)(c)(i), a county may exclude any acreage owned that is used for
highways, bus rapid transit, light rail, or commuter rail within the boundary of the housing and
transit reinvestment zone.

(d) To accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), if a county described in
Subsection (8)(a) has failed to comply with Subsection (8)(b)(i) by failing to submit an
application before December 31, 2022, an owner of undeveloped property who has submitted a
land use application to the county on or before December 31, 2022, and is within a 1/3 mile
radius of a public transit hub in a county described in Subsection (8)(a), including parcels that
are bisected by the 1/3 mile radius, shall have the right to develop and build a mixed-use
development including the following:

(i) excluding the parcels devoted to commercial uses as described in Subsection
(8)(d)(ii), at least 39 dwelling units per acre on average over the developable area, with at least
10% of the dwelling units as affordable housing units;

614

(ii) commercial uses including office, retail, educational, and healthcare in support of

615	the mixed-use development constituting up to 1/3 of the total planned gross building square
616	footage of the subject parcels; and
617	(iii) any other infrastructure element necessary or reasonable to support the mixed-use
618	development, including parking infrastructure, streets, sidewalks, parks, and trails.
619	Section 4. Section 63N-3-605 is amended to read:
620	63N-3-605. Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee Creation.
621	(1) For any housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed under this part, or for a
622	first home investment zone proposed in accordance with Part 13, First Home Investment Zone
623	Act, there is created a housing and transit reinvestment zone committee with membership
624	described in Subsection (2).
625	(2) Each housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall consist of the
626	following members:
627	(a) one representative from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity, designated
628	by the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
629	(b) one representative from each municipality that is a party to the proposed housing
630	and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone, designated by the chief executive
631	officer of each respective municipality;
632	(c) a member of the Transportation Commission created in Section 72-1-301;
633	(d) a member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district;
634	(e) one individual from the Office of the State Treasurer, designated by the state
635	treasurer;
636	(f) one member designated by the president of the Senate;
637	(g) one member designated by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
638	(h) one member designated by the chief executive officer of each county affected by
639	the housing and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone;
640	(i) one representative designated by the school superintendent from the school district
641	affected by the housing and transit reinvestment zone or first home investment zone; and
642	(j) one representative, representing the largest participating local taxing entity, after the
643	municipality, county, and school district.
644	(3) The individual designated by the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity as
645	described in Subsection (2)(a) shall serve as chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone

646	committee.
647	(4) (a) A majority of the members of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
648	committee constitutes a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
649	(b) An action by a majority of a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
650	committee is an action of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
651	(5) (a) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the
652	analysis described in Section 63N-3-604, and after the Governor's Office of Economic
653	Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality or public transit county to
654	submit the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit
655	reinvestment zone committee, the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each
656	of the entities described in Subsection (2) of the formation of the housing and transit
657	reinvestment zone committee.
658	(b) For a first home investment zone, the housing and transit reinvestment zone
659	committee shall follow the procedures described in Section 63N-3-1304.
660	(6) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene
661	a public meeting to consider the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone.
662	(b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to
663	Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
664	(7) (a) The proposing municipality or public transit county shall present the housing
665	and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee
666	in a public meeting.
667	(b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
668	(i) evaluate and verify whether the elements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone
669	described in Subsections 63N-3-603(2) and (4) have been met; and
670	(ii) evaluate the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone relative to the analysis
671	described in Subsection 63N-3-604(2).
672	(8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone
673	committee may:
674	(i) request changes to the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal based on the
675	analysis, characteristics, and criteria described in Section 63N-3-604; or
676	(ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.

677	(b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the
678	housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal, the municipality or public transit county
679	proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone shall ensure that the area of the proposed
680	housing and transit reinvestment zone is zoned in such a manner to accommodate the
681	requirements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in this section and the
682	proposed development.
683	(9) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is approved by the committee:
684	(a) the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone is established according to the
685	terms of the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal;
686	(b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the
687	housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and
688	(c) each affected taxing municipality is required to participate at the same rate as a
689	participating county.
690	(10) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal may be amended by following
691	the same procedure as approving a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal.
692	Section 5. Section 63N-3-1301 is enacted to read:
693	Part 13. First Home Investment Zone Act
694	<u>63N-3-1301.</u> Definitions.
695	(1) "Affordable housing" means:
696	(a) for homes that are not owner occupied, housing occupied or reserved for occupancy
697	by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross
698	income of the applicable municipal statistical area for households of the same size; or
699	(b) for homes that are owner occupied, housing that is priced at 80% of the county
700	median home price.
701	(2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
702	(3) "Base taxable value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.
703	(4) "Base year" means the same as that term is defined in Section $63N-3-602$.
704	(5) "Developable area" means the same as that term is defined in Section $63N-3-602$.
705	(6) "Dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.
706	(7) "Extraterritorial home" means a dwelling unit that is included as part of the first
707	home investment zone proposal that:

708	(a) is located within the municipality proposing the first home investment zone but
709	outside the boundary of the first home investment zone;
710	(b) is part of a development with a density of at least six units per acre;
711	(c) is not located within an existing housing and transit reinvestment zone or an area
712	that could be included in a housing and transit reinvestment zone;
713	(d) has not been issued a building permit by the municipality as of the date of the
714	approval of the first home investment zone; and
715	(e) is required to be owner occupied for no less than 25 years.
716	(8) "First home investment zone" means a first home investment zone created in
717	accordance with this part.
718	(9) "Home" means a dwelling unit.
719	(10) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means the same as that term is defined in
720	Section 63N-3-602.
721	(11) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means the housing and transit
722	reinvestment zone committee described in Section 63N-3-605.
723	(12) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in
724	Section 72-1-208.5.
725	(13) "Mixed use development" means the same as that term is defined in Section
726	<u>63N-3-603.</u>
727	(14) "Moderate income housing plan" means the same as that term is defined in
728	<u>Section 11-41-102.</u>
729	(15) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section $10-1-104$.
730	(16) "Owner occupied" means private real property that is:
731	(a) used for a single-family residential purpose; and
732	(b) required to be occupied by the owner of the real property for no less than 25 years.
733	(17) "Project area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
734	(18) "Project area budget" means the same as that term is defined in Section
735	<u>17C-1-102.</u>
736	(19) "Project area plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
737	(20) (a) "Project improvements" means site improvements and facilities that are:
738	(i) planned and designed to provide service for development resulting from a

739	development activity;
740	(ii) necessary for the use and convenience of the occupants or users of development
741	resulting from a development activity; and
742	(iii) not identified or reimbursed as a system improvement.
743	(b) "Project improvements" does not mean system improvements.
744	(21) "State Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section
745	<u>59-1-201.</u>
746	(22) (a) "System improvements" means existing and future public facilities that are
747	designed to provide services to service areas within the community at large.
748	(b) "System improvements" does not mean project improvements.
749	(23) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
750	(i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from
751	the area within a first home investment zone designated in the first home investment zone
752	proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed
753	value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and
754	(ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
755	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
756	<u>Section 59-2-924.</u>
757	(b) "Tax increment" does not include property tax revenue from:
758	(i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2);
759	or
760	(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4).
761	(24) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section <u>17C-1-102</u> .
762	(25) "Unencumbered annual community reinvestment agency revenue" means tax
763	increment revenue received by the agency for purposes identified in Title 17C, Limited
764	Purpose Local Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act, that:
765	(a) have not been designated, set aside, or restricted for future qualified uses as
766	approved under a project area plan and project area budget related to a specific project area;
767	and
768	(b) do not have a date certain by which the tax increment revenues will be used.
769	Section 6. Section 63N-3-1302 is enacted to read:

770	63N-3-1302. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a first home
771	investment zone.
772	(1) A first home investment zone created pursuant to this part shall promote the
773	following objectives:
774	(a) encouraging efficient development and opportunities for home ownership by
775	providing a variety of housing options, including affordable housing and for sale,
776	owner-occupied housing;
777	(b) improving availability of housing options;
778	(c) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
779	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
780	(d) conserving water resources through efficient land use;
781	(e) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
782	(f) encouraging transformative mixed-use development;
783	(g) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as
784	described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
785	(h) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities;
786	(i) increasing access to child care; and
787	(j) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
788	communities, street and path interconnectivity within the proposed development and
789	connections to surrounding communities, and access to roadways, public transportation, and
790	active transportation.
791	(2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality or
792	county that initiates the process to create a first home investment zone as described in this part
793	shall ensure that the proposal for a first home investment zone includes:
794	(a) subject to Subsection (3), a minimum of 30 housing units per acre in at least 51% of
795	the developable area within the first home investment zone;
796	(b) a mixed use development;
797	(c) a requirement that at least 25% of homes within the first home investment zone
798	remain owner occupied for at least 25 years from the date of original purchase;
799	(d) for homes inside the first home investment zone, a requirement that at least 12% of
800	the owner occupied homes and 12% of the homes that are not owner occupied are affordable

801	housing; and
802	(e) a requirement that at least 20% of the extraterritorial homes are affordable housing.
803	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), to satisfy the requirements described in Subsection
804	(2)(a), a first home investment zone may include an extraterritorial home to count toward the
805	required density of the first home investment zone by:
806	(i) (A) taking the total number of extraterritorial homes related to the first home
807	investment zone; and
808	(B) adding the total number under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A) to the number of homes
809	within the first home investment zone; and
810	(ii) dividing the total described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) by the total number of
811	developable acres with the first home investment zone.
812	(b) Extraterritorial homes may account for no more than half of the total homes to
813	calculate density within a first home investment zone.
814	(4) (a) If a municipality proposes a first home investment zone, the proposal shall
815	comply with the limitations described in this Subsection (4).
816	(b) A first home investment zone may not be less than 10 acres and no more than 100
817	acres in size.
818	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), a first home investment zone is
819	required to be one contiguous area.
820	(ii) While considering a first home investment zone proposal as described in Section
821	63N-3-1305, the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may consider and approve a
822	first home investment zone that is not one contiguous area if:
823	(A) the municipality provides evidence in the proposal showing that the deviation from
824	the contiguity requirement will enhance the ability of the first home investment zone to achieve
825	the objectives described in Subsection (1); and
826	(B) the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee determines that the deviation
827	is reasonable and circumstances justify deviation from the contiguity requirement.
828	(iii) The first home investment zone area contiguity is not affected by roads or other
829	rights-of-way.
830	(d) (i) A first home investment zone proposal may propose the capture of a maximum
831	of 60% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25

832	consecutive years within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment amount approved in
833	the first home investment zone proposal.
834	(ii) A first home investment zone proposal may not propose or include triggering more
835	than three tax increment collection periods during the applicable 25-year period.
836	(iii) Subject to Subsection (4)(d)(iv), a municipality shall ensure that the required
837	affordable housing units are included proportionally in each phase of the first home investment
838	zone development.
839	(iv) A municipality may allow a first home investment zone to be phased and
840	developed in a manner to provide more of the required affordable housing units in early phases
841	of development.
842	(e) If a municipality proposes a first home investment zone, commencement of the
843	collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the first home investment zone, is triggered
844	by providing notice as described in Subsection (5).
845	(f) A municipality may restrict homes within a first home investment zone and related
846	extraterritorial homes from being used as a short-term rental.
847	(g) A municipality shall ensure that affordable housing within a first home investment
848	zone and related extraterritorial homes that are reserved as affordable housing are spread
849	throughout the overall development.
850	(h) A municipality shall ensure that at least 80% of extraterritorial homes included in a
851	first home investment zone proposal are single-family detached homes.
852	(i) A municipality shall include in a first home investment zone proposal:
853	(i) an affordable housing plan, which may include deed restrictions, to ensure the
854	affordable housing required in the proposal will continue to meet the definition of affordable
855	housing at least throughout the entire term of the first home investment zone; and
856	(ii) an owner occupancy plan, which may include deed restrictions, to ensure the owner
857	occupancy requirements in the proposal will continue to meet the definition of owner
858	occupancy at least throughout the entire term of the first home investment zone.
859	(j) A municipality shall include in the first home investment zone proposal evidence to
860	demonstrate how the first home investment proposal complies with the municipality's moderate
861	income housing plan and general plan.
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862 (5) Notice of commencement of collection of tax increment shall be sent by mail or

863	electronically to the following entities no later than January 1 of the year for which the tax
864	increment collection is proposed to commence:
865	(a) the State Tax Commission;
866	(b) the State Board of Education;
867	(c) the state auditor;
868	(d) the auditor of the county in which the first home investment zone is located;
869	(e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the first home
870	investment zone;
871	(f) the assessor of the county in which the first home investment zone is located; and
872	(g) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
873	(6) A first home investment zone proposal may not include a proposal to capture sales
874	and use tax increment.
875	(7) A municipality may not propose a first home investment zone in a county of the
876	first class if the limitation described in Subsection 63N-3-603(7)(c) has been reached.
877	(8) A municipality may not propose a first home investment zone in a location that is
878	eligible for a housing and transit reinvestment zone.
879	(9) A municipality may not propose a first home investment zone if the municipality's
880	community reinvestment agency, based on the most recent annual comprehensive financial
881	report, retains cash and cash equivalent assets of more than 20% of ongoing and unencumbered
882	annual community reinvestment agency revenue.
883	Section 7. Section 63N-3-1303 is enacted to read:
884	63N-3-1303. Process for a proposal of a first home investment zone.
885	(1) Subject to approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as
886	described in Section 63N-3-1304, in order to create a first home investment zone, a
887	municipality that has general land use authority over the first home investment zone area, shall:
888	(a) prepare a proposal for the first home investment zone that:
889	(i) demonstrates that the proposed first home investment zone will meet the objectives
890	described in Subsection 63N-3-1302(1);
891	(ii) explains how the municipality will achieve the requirements of Subsection
892	<u>63N-3-1302(2);</u>
893	(iii) defines the specific infrastructure needs, if any, and proposed improvements;

894	(iv) defines the boundaries of the first home investment zone;
895	(v) includes maps of the proposed first home investment zone to illustrate:
896	(A) proposed housing density within the first home investment zone;
897	(B) extraterritorial homes relevant to the first home investment zone, including density
898	of the development of extraterritorial homes; and
899	(C) existing zoning and proposed zoning changes related to the first home investment
900	zone;
901	(vi) identifies any development impediments that prevent the development from being
902	a market-rate investment and proposed strategies for addressing each one;
903	(vii) describes the proposed development plan, including the requirements described in
904	<u>Subsections 63N-3-1302(2) and (4);</u>
905	(viii) establishes the collection period or periods to calculate the tax increment;
906	(ix) describes projected maximum revenues generated and the amount of tax increment
907	capture from each taxing entity and proposed expenditures of revenue derived from the first
908	home investment zone;
909	(x) includes an analysis of other applicable or eligible incentives, grants, or sources of
910	revenue that can be used to reduce the finance gap;
911	(xi) proposes a finance schedule to align expected revenue with required financing
912	costs and payments;
913	(xii) evaluates possible benefits to active transportation, public transportation
914	availability and utilization, street connectivity, and air quality; and
915	(xiii) provides a pro-forma for the planned development that:
916	(A) satisfies the requirements described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(2) and (4); and
917	(B) includes data showing the cost difference between what type of development could
918	feasibly be developed absent the first home investment zone tax increment and the type of
919	development that is proposed to be developed with the first home investment zone tax
920	increment; and
921	(b) submit the first home investment zone proposal to the Governor's Office of
922	Economic Opportunity.
923	(2) As part of the proposal described in Subsection (1), a municipality shall:
924	(a) study and evaluate possible impacts of a proposed first home investment zone on

925	parking and efficient use of land within the municipality and first home investment zone; and
926	(b) include in the first home investment zone proposal the findings of the study
927	described in Subsection (2)(a) and proposed strategies to efficiently address parking impacts.
928	(3) (a) After receiving the proposal as described in Subsection (1)(b), the Governor's
929	Office of Economic Opportunity shall:
930	(i) within 14 days after the date on which the Governor's Office of Economic
931	Opportunity receives the proposal described in Subsection (1)(b), provide notice of the
932	proposal to all affected taxing entities, including the State Tax Commission, cities, counties,
933	school districts, metropolitan planning organizations, and the county assessor and county
934	auditor of the county in which the first home investment zone is located; and
935	(ii) at the expense of the proposing municipality as described in Subsection (5),
936	contract with an independent entity to perform the gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b).
937	(b) The gap analysis required in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall include:
938	(i) a description of the planned development;
939	(ii) a market analysis relative to other comparable project developments included in or
940	adjacent to the municipality absent the proposed first home investment zone;
941	(iii) an evaluation of the proposal and a determination of the adequacy and efficiency
942	of the proposal;
943	(iv) an evaluation of the proposed tax increment capture needed to cover the system
944	improvements and project improvements associated with the first home investment zone
945	proposal and enable the proposed development to occur, and for the benefit of affordable
946	housing projects; and
947	(v) based on the market analysis and other findings, an opinion relative to the
948	appropriate amount of potential public financing reasonably determined to be necessary to
949	achieve the objectives described in Subsection 63N-3-1302(1).
950	(c) After receiving notice from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity of a
951	proposed first home investment zone as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the municipality, in
952	consultation with the county assessor and the State Tax Commission, shall:
953	(i) evaluate the feasibility of administering the tax implications of the proposal; and
954	(ii) provide a letter to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity describing any
955	challenges in the administration of the proposal, or indicating that the county assessor can

956	feasibly administer the proposal.
957	(4) After receiving the results from the analysis described in Subsection (3)(b), the
958	municipality proposing the first home investment zone may:
959	(a) amend the first home investment zone proposal based on the findings of the
960	analysis described in Subsection (3)(b) and request that the Governor's Office of Economic
961	Opportunity submit the amended first home investment zone proposal to the housing and
962	transit reinvestment zone committee; or
963	(b) request that the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity submit the original
964	first home investment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
965	(5) (a) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may accept, as a dedicated
966	credit, up to \$20,000 from a municipality for the costs of the gap analysis described in
967	Subsection (3)(b).
968	(b) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may expend funds received from a
969	municipality as dedicated credits to pay for the costs associated with the gap analysis described
970	in Subsection (3)(b).
971	Section 8. Section 63N-3-1304 is enacted to read:
972	63N-3-1304. Consideration of proposals by housing and transit reinvestment zone
973	committee.
974	(1) A first home investment zone proposed under this part is subject to approval by the
975	housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
976	(2) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the
977	analysis described in Section 63N-3-1303, and after the Governor's Office of Economic
978	Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality to submit the first home
979	investment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee, the
980	Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each of the relevant entities of the
981	formation of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as described in Section
982	<u>63N-3-605.</u>
983	(3) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene
984	a public meeting to consider the proposed first home investment zone in the same manner as
985	described in Section 63N-3-605.
986	(b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to

(b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to

987	Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
988	(4) (a) The proposing municipality shall present the first home investment zone
989	proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee in a public meeting.
990	(b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
991	(i) evaluate and verify whether the objectives and elements of a first home investment
992	zone described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(1), (2), and (4) have been met; and
993	(ii) evaluate the proposed first home investment zone relative to the analysis described
994	<u>in Subsection 63N-3-1303(2).</u>
995	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone
996	committee may:
997	(i) request changes to the first home investment zone proposal based on the analysis,
998	characteristics, and criteria described in Section 63N-3-1303; or
999	(ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
1000	(b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the first
1001	home investment zone proposal, the municipality proposing the first home investment zone
1002	shall ensure that the area of the proposed first home investment zone is zoned in such a manner
1003	to accommodate the requirements of a first home investment zone described in this section and
1004	the proposed development.
1005	(6) If a first home investment zone is approved by the committee:
1006	(a) the proposed first home investment zone is established according to the terms of the
1007	first home investment zone proposal;
1008	(b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the
1009	first home investment zone proposal; and
1010	(c) each affected taxing entity is required to participate at the same rate.
1011	(7) A first home investment zone proposal may be amended by following the same
1012	procedure as approving a first home investment zone proposal.
1013	Section 9. Section 63N-3-1305 is enacted to read:
1014	<u>63N-3-1305.</u> Notice requirements.
1015	(1) In approving a first home investment zone proposal the housing and transit
1016	reinvestment zone committee shall follow the hearing and notice requirements for proposing a
1017	first home investment zone as described in this section.

1018	(2) Within 30 days after the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee approves
1019	a proposed first home investment zone, the municipality shall:
1020	(a) record with the recorder of the county in which the first home investment zone is
1021	located a document containing:
1022	(i) a description of the land within the first home investment zone;
1023	(ii) a statement that the proposed first home investment zone has been approved; and
1024	(iii) the date of adoption;
1025	(b) transmit a copy of the description of the land within the first home investment zone
1026	and an accurate map or plat indicating the boundaries of the first home investment zone to the
1027	Utah Geospatial Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505; and
1028	(c) transmit a copy of the approved first home investment zone proposal, map, and
1029	description of the land within the first home investment zone, to:
1030	(i) the auditor, recorder, attorney, surveyor, and assessor of the county in which any
1031	part of the first home investment zone is located;
1032	(ii) the officer or officers performing the function of auditor or assessor for each taxing
1033	entity that does not use the county assessment roll or collect the taxing entity's taxes through
1034	the county;
1035	(iii) the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity;
1036	(iv) the State Tax Commission; and
1037	(v) the State Board of Education.
1038	Section 10. Section 63N-3-1306 is enacted to read:
1039	63N-3-1306. Payment, use, and administration of tax increment from a first home
1040	investment zone.
1041	(1) A municipality may receive and use tax increment and first home investment zone
1042	funds in accordance with this part.
1043	(2) (a) A county that collects property tax on property located within a first home
1044	investment zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, distribute to the municipality any
1045	tax increment the municipality is authorized to receive up to the maximum approved by the
1046	housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
1047	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), tax increment paid to the
1048	municipality are first home investment zone funds and shall be administered by the

1049	municipality within which the first home investment zone is located.
1050	(ii) A municipality may contract with an agency, county, or a housing authority to
1051	administer tax increment and the first home investment zone, ensure compliance with first
1052	home investment zone requirements, and administer deed restrictions.
1053	(iii) Before an agency may receive first home investment zone funds from the
1054	municipality, the municipality and the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement with
1055	terms that:
1056	(A) are consistent with the approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
1057	committee; and
1058	(B) meet the requirements of Section 63N-3-1302.
1059	(3) (a) A municipality and the agency shall use first home investment zone funds for
1060	the benefit of the first home investment zone and related extraterritorial housing.
1061	(b) If any first home investment zone funds will be used outside of the first home
1062	investment zone there must be a finding in the approved proposal for a first home investment
1063	zone that the use of the first home investment zone funds outside of the first home investment
1064	zone will directly benefit the first home investment zone or related extraterritorial homes.
1065	(4) In accordance with Subsection 63N-3-1302(4)(e), a municipality shall use the first
1066	home investment zone funds to achieve the purposes described in Subsections 63N-3-1302(1)
1067	and (2), by paying all or part of the costs associated with the first home investment zone and
1068	extraterritorial homes, including:
1069	(a) project improvements;
1070	(b) system improvements; and
1071	(c) the costs of the municipality to create and administer the first home investment
1072	zone, which may not exceed 2% of the total first home investment zone funds, plus the costs to
1073	complete the gap analysis described in Subsection 63N-3-1303(2).
1074	(5) First home investment zone funds may be paid to a participant, if the agency and
1075	participant enter into a participation agreement which requires the participant to utilize the first
1076	home investment zone funds as allowed in this section.
1077	(6) First home investment zone funds may be used to pay all of the costs of bonds
1078	issued by the municipality in accordance with Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds,
1079	including the cost to issue and repay the bonds including interest.

1080 (7) A municipality may create one or more public infrastructure districts within the city 1081 under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, and pledge and utilize the first 1082 home investment zone funds to guarantee the payment of public infrastructure bonds issued by 1083 a public infrastructure district. 1084 Section 11. Section 63N-3-1307 is enacted to read: 1085 63N-3-1307. Applicability to an existing first home investment zone or community 1086 reinvestment project. 1087 If a parcel within a first home investment zone is included as an area that is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created under Title 17C, Chapter 1088 1089 1, Agency Operations, that parcel may not be triggered for collection unless the project area 1090 funds collection period, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, has expired. 1091 Section 12. Section 63N-3-1308 is enacted to read: 1092 63N-3-1308. Tax increment protections. 1093 (1) Upon petition by a participating taxing entity or on the initiative of the housing and 1094 transit reinvestment zone committee creating a first home investment zone, a first home investment zone may suspend or terminate the collection of tax increment in a first home 1095 1096 investment zone if the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee determines, by clear 1097 and convincing evidence, presented in a public meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment 1098 zone committee, that: 1099 (a) a substantial portion of the tax increment collected in the first home investment 1100 zone has not or will not be used for the purposes provided in Section 63N-3-1306; and 1101 (b) (i) the first home investment zone has no indebtedness; or 1102 (ii) the first home investment zone has no binding financial obligations. 1103 (2) A first home investment zone may not collect tax increment in excess of the tax 1104 increment projections or limitations set forth in the first home investment zone proposal. (3) The agency administering the tax increment collected in a first home investment 1105 1106 zone under Subsection 63N-3-1306(2), shall have standing in a court with proper jurisdiction 1107 to enforce provisions of the first home investment zone proposal, participation agreements, and 1108 other agreements for the use of the tax increment collected. 1109 (4) The agency administering tax increment from a first home investment zone under

- 1110 Subsection 63N-3-1306(2) shall follow the reporting requirements described in Section
- 1111 <u>17C-1-603</u> and the audit requirements described in Sections <u>17C-1-604</u> and <u>17C-1-605</u>.
- 1112 (5) For each first home investment zone collecting tax increment within a county, the
- 1113 county auditor shall follow the reporting requirement found in Section 17C-1-606.
- 1114 Section 13. Section **63N-3-1309** is enacted to read:
- 1115 <u>63N-3-1309.</u> Boundary adjustments.
- 1116 If the relevant county assessor or county auditor adjusts parcel boundaries relevant to a
- 1117 first home investment zone, the municipality administering the tax increment collected in the
- 1118 first home investment zone may make corresponding adjustments to the boundary of the first
- 1119 <u>home investment zone.</u>
- 1120 Section 14. Effective date.
- 1121 This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.